TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

MEN'S RAIN coats

So closely do they resemble the fine Spring Overcoats that one can scarcely distinguish the difference. The fabrics are light, soft and porous to the air, but not to water; nor are they hot, stuffy or have that smell like mackintoshes—but they are water-proof. How's it done? Well, that's the maker's secret—all we know is that the yarn is prepared some way so that when woven into cloth it sheds water like a duck's back. Broad shouldered, long, loose and easy fitting—tan and gray mixed—price here is only.....

$15

RAGLANS $15.00

Mackintoshes—If you can't afford the Rain Coats. Here's a new stock of Hodgman's Mackintoshes at—

$4.95 $8 $10 $12

Men's Rubber Coats $2, $2.50, $3 and $4.95.
Boys' Rubber Coats.....$1.50 and $2.25.

Oil Clothing, Rubber Leggins, Rubber Hats, Rubber Blankets, Rubber Boots for Men and Boys.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

$2850 Will buy fine 8-room house with stone foundation, cemented cellar, hot water heat, electric light, hardwood finish and all modern conveniences. Look this up.

$5000 Will take a fine house on East First street, 8 rooms, hot water heat, stone foundation, electric light, hardwood floors, mantels, open plumbing, laundry, full lot.

Call and let us show you those nice lots of ours near the Normal School.

We have some special snaps out near 57th avenue west. It will pay you to look these up. Call at once and yet particulars.

Stryker, Manley & Buck, TORREY BUILDING

FOR RENT.

We have some good furnished houses and flats in East End.

No. 5515 London road, 6 rooms, city water, $15 per month.

Beautiful 10-room house, has hot water heat, hardwood finish, modern conveniences.

412 Twelfth Ave. east; seven rooms, modern conveniences, at $22 a month.

1907 East Superior street, nine rooms, modern conveniences.

Offices in Mesaba block.

Money to loan in any amount at 5 per cent.

Youth and Old Age

Meet oftentimes now on the common ground of wearing glasses. The trouble is that people use their eyes for close work more than nature ever intended. In case of any trouble consult an oculist or reliable optician. We have had 13 years experience in testing eyes, and have thousands of satisfied customers in Duluth and vicinity.

3 West Sup. Street. **C. D. Trott,** Manufac'ng Optician.

DO YOU RENT

—If so, your monthly rent will give you a home. We have an eight room house at Lester Park on street car line. Bath and closet—water and sewer.....$2400
$250 cash—balance in monthly payments. ***Little & Nolte***

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 733, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

WARSHIPS AFFECTED

Machinists' Strike at the Union Iron Works Delays Progress on the Two Cruisers California and South Dakota.

San Francisco, May 22.—In this city the machinists' strike remains practically unchanged. A few additions to the ranks of the strikers have been made by the walkout of a number of molders. The manufacturers are emphatic in their statements that they will not accede to the demands.

Absolute order has so far obtained in the strike of the machinists here. Thirteen shops have agreed to the workmen's demands. The Fulton & McCormack Iron works have been virtually closed by the strike of the molders employed in those places. Moulders in other shops did not strike because, they say, the movement has not yet received the sanction of their national body in Cincinnati. Bishop Nichols of the Episcopal church, at the request of the leaders, called on President Scott of the Union Iron works, Capt. W. H. Taylor president of the Edison Iron works and one or two more of the employers, with a view to arbitration, but his mission was unsuccessful. Secretary Eisler, who represents the International association, states that no shops were unionized yesterday, although it was the men's hopes concerned in the strike that such a result might be obtained.

"We have been in conference," said Secretary Eisler, "and the results indicate a peaceful solution of the difficulty."

Henry T. Scott, of the Union Iron works, said the employers are ready and willing to hold a conference with the men who are employed by the Union Iron works or other places affected.

"We are not bound to build the armored cruisers California and South Dakota at our yards," said Mr. Scott. "It is possible for us to have both ships built at the Bath, Cramps', Newport News or a dozen other shipyards where the men have not struck. The strike may result in the government withholding contracts for ships."

Washington, May 22.—The navy department continues to receive word from shipyards where warships are building, concerning the pendency of strikes. In this connection it appears that the Union Iron works, at San Francisco, has under construction two armored cruisers, the California and the South Dakota. These are built under the acts of 1899 and 1900, each of which acts has a provision reciting:

"The aforesaid vessels shall be built on or near the coast of the Pacific ocean or in the waters connected therewith," provided their cost is not 4 per cent above the lowest accepted bid for the other vessels provided for in the acts." The contract states that the vessels shall be constructed in accordance with the provisions of these acts of congress. It also contains a provision "that this contract shall not, nor shall any interest herein, be transferred by the party of the first part to any other person or persons."

WENT AGROUND.

Sound Steamer on Shore But Floated Later.

Lyme, Conn., May 22.—The steamer Hartford of the Hartford and New York line ran aground on Calves Island, at the mouth of the Connecticut river this morning while slowly picking her way through a dense fog. At present she is stuck fast and it is impossible to tell what damage has been done. There is little danger, however, to the passengers, all of whom have remained on board. A tug has been sent for and an effort will be made to free the steamer from her position.

The steamer Hartford was floated at 11 o'clock and will proceed at once on her way to New York. She suffered only slight damage.

GERMAN STEAMER ASHORE.

Perim, May 22.—The German steamer Ascania from Hiogo, April 5, via Singapore April 20, for Hamburg, is ashore on Azalea reef. She has eight feet of water in her forehold.

DEVOURED

Three Children Eaten By a Big Black Bear.

First Crushed to Death In Bruin's Embrace.

Pittsburg, May 22.—A Job, W. Va., special says: To be crushed to death in the embrace of a monster black bear and their little bodies afterwards mangled and partly devoured was the frightful fate that befell the three young children of E. P. Porterfield, a mountaineer residing about twelve miles southeast of this place. The remains were found yesterday by a searching party which had been out since Sunday evening. The party included John Weldon, a Maryland hunter, who within a few minutes after the discovery of the bodies shot and killed the bear in a neighboring tree. The children were Mary, aged 3; Willie, aged 5; and Henry, aged 7. Shortly after noon Sunday they left home to gather flowers in a clearing near their home. Nothing more is known, but it is supposed that they wandered into the woods and, becoming lost, continued on their way until they were overtaken by the bear in the dense forest three miles from their parents' home.

FLOODS IN TENNESSEE

High Water Causes Loss of Life and Great Damage to Property In the Eastern Part of the State.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—Many streams in Eastern Tennessee are reported out of their banks and five persons are reported to have lost their lives.

A bridge over the Watauga, near Bristol, was wrecked last night, stopping traffic to the East on that route over the Southern railroad. At Embreeville, the Southern railroad bridge also was partially wrecked, stopping traffic on the Embreeville branch.

The Tennessee is high and rising rapidly. Those reported dead are: Unknown man, dropped dead from fright at Elizabethtown. Three Hill children, at Ripley's island, drowned in the destruction of their home. Thomas Jerald, at Tate Hill, believed to have been rowned in the flood from the Chuckv river, which carried away his store.

IOWA PROHIBITIONISTS

State Convention Held at Des Moines and Arrangements Made For Conducting a Strong Campaign.

Des Moines, May 22.—When the Prohibition state convention met here today Rev. W. L. Ferris, of Cherokee, was chosen permanent chairman, with remaining temporary officers made permanent. Adoption of the resolutions committee report occupied the morning session.

After being in session for thirty-six hours the state central committee presented its formal report to the convention this morning, which provided for the plan of conducting the coming campaign and the collection of funds to pay the necessary expenses. The plan provides for the establishment of headquarters in Des Moines, the employment of a superintendent of campaign at a salary of $1200, and the assessment of 25 cents upon each prohibition voter in the state. The report was adopted.

Resolutions commending congress for passing the anti-canteen law, demanding the overthrow of the liquor traffic, favoring equal suffrage, denouncing the mulct law and demanding observance of Sunday laws were passed.

THE CANTEEN

Call For Reports on Effects of Its Abolishment.

New York, May 22.—The Times says: Gen. Brooke has sent out an order to all commandants of posts in the department of the East to send to him on Sept. 1 a complete report of the results which have ensued upon the abolition of the army canteen. Officers say that these reports will show beyond cavil that intemperance has largely increased under the new regime, and it is predicted that the next congress will give serious consideration to the real situation as it has developed.

GLOVER SAFE.

Former Congressman Has Reached Home Safely.

Victor, Colo., May 22.—Former Congressman John M. Glover, of St. Louis, who was reported to have been drowned in the flood which swept down the West Beaver valley, has reached his home safely. His horse was drowned.

IN HARMONY

Pennsylvania and New York Central Will Protect Their Interests.

New York, May 22.—The conference just held between A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania railroad, W. K. Vanderbilt and N. McK. Twombly and other dir ectors of the New York Central and the Grand Central station, led to report that a successor to S. R. Callaway was the subject under discussion. This was denied last night. It is now said that the wsetern situation—that is the control of Union Pacific and Northern Pacific—was under discussion. It is understood that the Pennsylvinia and New York Central will act in harmony in protecting their interests in the Western territory, just as they act in harmony in the East. The Pennsylvania is practically in control of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad now, and will, it is said operate it in harmonious relations with the Union Pacific and Chicago & Northwestern, both of which are practically Vanderbilt roads. It is also said that the Morgan-Hill scheme in Northwestern territory is viewed by these interests with disfavor.

WHITEMAN.

Alonzo J. Is at the Ryan Hotel In St. Paul.

St. Paul, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Alonzo J. Whiteman, formerly state senator from Duluth and during the boom days in the Zenith city one of its real estate princes, is at the Ryan hotel today. Mr. Whiteman now registers from Dansville, N. Y., that being his present home. This is the former senator's first visit to his former state in a considerable time. His visit surprised some of his old friends, as only last Thursday he was arrested in New York city, being released on bail subsequently, however.

IN GOLD.

Provision Which Will Double China's Import Duties.

Berlin, May 22.—It is authoritatively announced that the powers will agree to require the present Chinese import duties to be paid in gold which is equivalent to doubling the duties. The same payment will also probably be required in the case of the salt and opium tax. Germany is apparently averse to interfering with the likin duties since they are too complicated, requiring too much administrative machinery and too much mixing in the international affairs of China.

Officials here admit the powers are likely to divide into two groups upon the method of settlement, some following Great Britain in favor of a loan and others supporting payment through increased revenues. It is not expected, however, that a disagreement will disturb the present harmonious action.

TO RECOUNT VOTES.

Commission Asked In the Topeka Case.

Topeka, Kan., May 22.—Following the decision of the state supreme court yesterday, seating Hughes, the Republican candidate for mayor and ousting Mayor Parker (Dem.), attorneys for the latter today, filed quo warranto proceedings in the supreme court, asking that a commission be appointed to recount the votes.

SHANNON SUSPENDED

Duluth Boy Among the Disciplined West Point Cadets.

Six Are Suspended Without Pay For Nearly a Year.

Five Cadets of the Second Class Have Been Expelled.

Washington, May 22.—The names of the cadets who have been dismissed from the military academy at West Point as a result of the recent disturbances there are as follows: Henry L. Bolby, John A. Cleveland, Trangett F. Teller, Raymond A. Linton and Birchie O. Mahaffey. All these cadets are of the second class.

The dismissed are from the following states: Bolby, Nebraska; Cleveland, Alabama; Teller, New York; Linton, Michigan; Mahaffey, Texas.

The following cadets have been suspended: Olan C. Aleshire, Illinois; Benjamin F. McClellan, Mississippi; James A. Shannon, Minnesota; Charles Telford, Utah; all of the second class. Also Thomas N. Gimperling, Ohio, and Harry Hawley, New York, of the third class.

These cadets are suspended without pay until April 1, 1902.

James A. Shannon, mentioned in the above list as one of the cadets suspended without pay for a year, is a Duluth boy, being a son of Charles E. Shannon, of this city. He was one of te witnesses called at the Booz investigation.

The order of dismissal is signed by Secretary Root, and states that it is issued "by direction of the president, upon recommendation of the superintendent of the military academy." The same language is used regarding the suspensions. There was no court-martial of these cadets, but under the law the secretary has the power to dismiss or suspend cadets upon recommendation of the superintendent. A board of officers in this particular case was appointed, which made a thorough examination of the disturbance. The board reported the facts to the superintendent and he made his report and recommendations to the secretary of war, and upon this report the secretary acted.

FOR CONTROL.

Yerkes Will Resume Negotiations For London Underground Railways.

New York, May 22.—Mr. Yerkes' arrival in England will be a signal for the renewal of negotiations for the control of underground electric transit in London, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. There has been mysterious speculation of some kind going on in the district and metropolitan railroad rumor mongers persist in the statement that Mr. Yerkes has obtained control of one of these railroads, and is bent upon buying up the other for an American syndicate. There is no authentic information. There will be more gossip, followed by contradictions as soon as Mr. Yerkes resumes operations. There can be little new legislation for the electric companies at this session. hTe report of the commission on vibrations is encouraging, so far as it goes, but all new projects are in suspense.

OMINOUS

Were Statements of Lord Raglan Regarding English Conscription.

New York, May 22.—An ominous statement on the subject of conscription was made by Lord Raglan, the under secretary for war, last night, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Speaking at the United Service club he said that Englishmen must not be frightened at the idea of conscription. There were only two ways of getting men for the army—they could pay them and make their lot comfortable, or they could press them, and paying them had already been declared impracticable.

In this connection, it is interesting to note tha: the militia ballot has just been put into operation in Guernsey to strengthen the local militia. Guernsey is only a portion of the British empire where conscription is in force.

AN AUDIENCE.

Von Waldersee Wants to Be Received By Chinese Court.

Shanghai, May 22.—Reports have been received from Pekin to the effect that Field Marshal Von Waldersee has informed the Chinese that his troops will not leave Pekin until the court returns and he himself is received in imperial audience.

The French have withdrawn from the Shan Si expedition and the English have refused to take any part in it. It is probable, therefore that the Germans will be compelled to go alone. In spit of constant and threatening difficulties, Count Von Waldersee, single handed, continues to maintain the prestige of foreigners in this part of China.

WRECKED

Shamrock II Loses Mast and All Her Sails.

King Edward Was on Board the Challenger.

London, May 22, 3:55 p. m.—During the race between the two Shamrocks and the Sybarita, in the Solent today, a sudden squall struck the yachts. The topmast of the Shamrock II was carried away and then her mainmast went by the board, carrying all her sails with it and leaving her practically a wreck. The topsail of the Shamrock I was also carried away in the squall.

The disaster was witnessed by King Edward, who was the guest of Sir Thomas Lipton on board the Erin at the time. No one was injured on board the yachts.

London, May 22, 4:13 p. m.—King Edward went on board the challenger after all, prior to the start, and had a miraculous escape from being killed.

Southampton, May 22.—The cup challenger, with King Edward and a party on board, was totally dismasted today by a squall off Cowes, Isle of Wight. The king, who was on deck, had a miraculous escape. The topmast, mainmast and bowsprit were broken short off.

Southampton, May 22.—The interest shown in the event by King Edward added a special zest to today's trial of the Shamrocks. His majesty, who was accompanied only by his personal attendants, was met at the pier by Sir Thomas Lipton and W. G. Jameson. They entered a launch and proceeded to the Erin. The visit was quite informal, a few additional policemen on the pier being the only evidence of anything unusual. Although it was originally intended that the king should sail on board the challenger, it was pointed out that there was a considerable element of danger when a lightly-built racer was hard driven, so the program was changed and it was decided that his majesty should witness the race from the Erin. Immediately after the king boarded the Erin she started in the wake of the yachts, which were already en route for the starting line.

Ryde, Isle of Wight, May 22.—The yachts were sent today over a triangular course similar to one of the America's cup series. The entrance into the race of the yawl Sybarita added to the interest taken in the contest, especially as the fresh weather and course were both in favor of the yawl, placing th captains of the two Shamrocks under the necessity of driving their boats at full speed, in order to make any creditable showing against the outsider, and promising King Edward, an opportunity of witnessing what promised to be the smartest race of the series.

There was a fine fresh, easterly breeze driving a short, white-tipped sea up the channel when the three yachts set their club topsails, shortly after noon, and proceeded to the starting point.

There was some delay in establishing a starting line. The wind freshened considerably, and blew 12 to 13 knots, with the prospect of magnificent racing. King Edward, desiring to take a more active part in the proceedings than was possible from the deck of the Erin, was taken on board the challenger, accompanied by Sir Thomas Lipton and two ladies.

The preliminary starting signal was given from the Erin. While the yachts were maneuvering for the start, a squall came without the slightest warning, and the bowsprit of the challenger was carried away short. The extra strain thus thrown on the topmast proved too much for the spar. It whipped, broke and doubled off to leeward, carrying the whole weight of the jackyard and gear over the side in a terrible tangle. Almost as the topmast fell, the great steel mainmast, weighing more than two tons, and carrying spars and gear weighing an additional three or four tons, swayed for a moment and then, almost by a miracle, plunged over the side into the water, with the ripping, tearing sound of breaking wire and tearing gear in the air.

The members of the royal party were seated on deck, close to the companionway. The king was showing keen pleasure, watching the fight which Capt. Sycamore was making for advantage at the start. The yacht was racing along at a formidable angle, and the sloping deck, with a mere fringe of rail, seemed a rather perilous position for the visitors. As the wreckage swept the deck it was most astonishing that no one was injured. For a moment or two the situation appeared to be very grave. The king maintained his composure. Most of the head men went overboard.

Within five seconds of the disaster, the Shamrock I bore around to render assistance, when she, in turn, was caught by thes quall and her gaff and topsail spars collapsed, leaving her helplessly crippled. The press tug following the racers ranged alongside the helpless yachts and a torpedo boat in the vicinity and the Sybarita sent boats to the scene. But, in answer to a hail, Capt. Sycamore sent the reassuring message that all on board had escaped without injury. As soon as possible, the king and party were transferred to the Erin and later the king, accompanied by Sir Thomas Lipton, landed at Southampton, from which place his majesty will proceed to London.

Meanwhile, the crews of the racers set about clearing away the wreckage. Owing to the unwieldly nature of the spars and gear, it was found impossible to get them on board, and they were cut away and allowed to sink, after buoys had been placed to mark the places where the wreckage sank. The yachts were then towed back to Hythe, there to await a decision as to what shall be done towards repairing them.

TO RETURN SATURDAY

Official Announcement That the Presidential Party Will Leave San Francisco For Washington on That Day.

San Francisco, May 22.—Mrs. McKinley's condition has improved so rapidly that official announcement has been made that the president expects to start for Washington on Saturday. This morning Mr. McKinley remained at home attending to official business. In the afternoon he will be the guest of the California commandery Knights Templars at a drill and reception to be given in his honor in the Mechanics' Pavilion. All the previously announced plans of the Templars will be carried out, with the exception that the president will not ride in the parade.

Tonight President McKinley will be present at the Mechanics' Pavilion during the competitive drill of ele Leagus of the Cross cadets for a medal awarded by Archbishop Riordan to the company making the best showing.

This afternoon there will be a reception by the Century club to the cabinet ladies.

Secretary Hay has abandoned his idea of returning to Washington immediately. It has been definitely decided that all members of the cabinet shall remain here till the departure of the president. Meanwhile official business will be transacted in the same manner as though the members of the presidential family were at their desks in Washington.

VERGE OF REVOLUTION

Troublous Times In Servia Certain to Result In the Overthrow of the Obrenovitch Dynasty, Always Hated.

New York, May 22.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Vienna says: Servia is on the verge of a revolution. The Obrenovitch dynasty, always hated, is certain to be overthrown now because of what is regarded as a swindle in which both the king and queen were involved. For Alexander is showing strength for the first time in his life and has repelled all suggestions from the cabinet that he divorce his queen.

Republicans are holding meetings in many towns and have issued a manifesto calling upon the people to rise and drive the royal swindlers into exile.

The Pan-Slavs, probably backed by Russia, are reviving the old plan to unite Servia and Montenegro under the rule of Prince Nicholas. Another faction is arbitarating the right of Prince Karageorgevit to the throne, while another is standing by the present king and queen.

The Belgrade correspondents of the Vienna papers give different versions of recent events, according as their affiliations are with one party or another, and it only from the actual facts on which all agree that an opinion can be found.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

One For Lafayette F. Robinson of Duluth.

Washington, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Pensions have been granted: Original—Lafayette F. Robinson, of Duluth, $6. Increase—George W. Mopes, of Long Prairie, $32.

TO THE PHILIPPINES.

Washington, May 22.—Maj. Gen. Henry C. Corbin, adjutant general of the army, will sail for the Philippines on the transport Hancock, which leaves San Francisco June 25. He intends to make a general inspection of the military conditions in the islands.

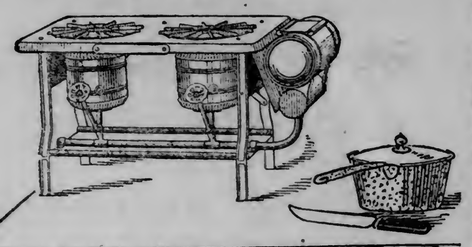
LALLANCE DEAD.

Huntington, W. Va., May 22.—Peter Lallance, for many years editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, died here today.

Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stoves

Save Time, Fuel and Temper.

Absolutely reliable, safe.



ALWAYS READY

You turn a valve right under your hand on the front of a WICKLESS BLUE FLAME OIL STOVE and you have a hot fire at once (with the heat concentrated in the cooking). The smaller sizes are handy for light housekeeping, summer cottages or camps, laundries, etc.

WICKLESS BLUE FLAME Oil Stoves

are made in many sizes, with ovens and all conveniences.

WE SHOW THEM IN THREE SIZES:

No. 1— $4.50, No. 2— $6.50, No. 3— $8.00

We guarantee these stoves to give perfect satisfaction if operated according to printed instructions which accompany every stove.

Kelley Hdw Co.

N. B.—Just because it's raining today is no reason you won't need garden hose this summer. See the seamless hose we guarantee before you buy

AT WEST DULUTH

Alderman L. A. Barnes, who went with the members of the board of public works and committee of the city council to look up the different kind of brick pavements used in other cities, returned this morning from a visit at Galesburg, St. Louis and St. Paul. He says the trip was a very instructive one, and the committee will have some useful information to present to the council regarding the different grades of brick. Mr. Barnes met Governor Van Sant in St. Paul and the latter assured him that he would be in Duluth Saturday noon to attend the Republican club banquet at the Great Eastern hall Saturday evening. Mr. Barnes tried to see Senator Clapp, but he was out of the city on business. His business partner, however, told Mr. Barnes that the senator was planning on being present at the banquet and had made his plans accordingly. The decoration committee began this morning getting the hall decorated for the event, and the room will present a very pretty appearance on Saturday night.

OFFERS THE BEAR.

O. J. Simons, of West Duluth, has offered to the park board through Commissioner Burnside his pet black bear cub to be placed in the new Fairmount park site to form one of the features of attraction for visitors the coming summer. The offer was made this morning and Dr. Burnside has not yet had an opportunity of taking the matter up with the board, but it is very likely that Mr. Simons' offer will be accepted, providing satisfactory arrangements can be made for the animal's care while out in the park. The cub is about five months old and is a little beauty, so far as it is possible for a bear to lay claim to beauty. It is playful, and has on numerous occasions been the center of attraction for crowds of children and many grown people, when taken out for exercise and allowed to climb a telephone pole.

WELL SATISFIED.

The authorities are quite convinced that the decomposed remains of the man found hanging to a tree on the Thompson road the other day are those of John Nelson, who left his home at the Steel Plant, West Superior, last November, and of whom nothing has been heard since. His son came over with some friends yesterday to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms at West Duluth, and to Mr. Reilly described very minutely the clothing worn by Nelson when he disappeared. The description is said to tally closely with that of the clothing found on the body of the suicide. John Nelson is said to have been addicted to the liquor habit, and had left home on other occasions without letting his family know where he was for some time, so they had not worried about his absence this time. Nelson worked on a coal dock and had some property. His son says he had about $54 on his person when he left home, but none was found on the body of the suicide. The remains will be exhumed today for the purpose of identification by the clothing, and if found to be those of Nelson, will be taken to Superior for burial.

FORMERLY LIVED HERE.

Word has been received in West Duluth of the death of Mrs. Mary Walter Grosse, at Madisonville, Ohio, Wednesday, May 15. She was the wife of Christian Grosse. Mr. and Mrs. Grosse formerly resided at West Duluth and left for Madisonville about five years ago. They were both well known here and had many friends, as they were leaders in social events when they made their home here. The Madisonville Sun prints the following regarding Mrs. Grosse's death:

"The deceased was born in Madisonville, Nov. 25, 1858, in a house that stood where the Masonic hall is now located, and has lived here all her life save five years that the family resided in Duluth, Minn. She was united in marriage Nov. 18, 1885, to Christian Grosse, who still survives her. Four children were born to them, but only one remains, a boy of 10 years. The deceased had been ailing for the past nine months, so that death was not unexpected. She bore her sufferings with remarkable fortitude and patience, and two weeks ago said she was anxious to go, and even selected the text, 'Thy will be done,' to be used at her funeral service. Death could have no fears for one who had lived such an honorable, upright life as she had done. The funeral took place on Friday from the home of her father, C. Zingerle."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Joseph LaFlame has returned from Cass Lake, where he was a passenger on the ill-fated steamer Shadow on which the fireworks exploded on the night of May 17 and several lives were lost. He said it was a terrible affair and one that he will never forget, standing by the rail of the steamer and seeing people drown without being able to render assistance.

Andrew Wilson, of New Duluth, is getting ready to ship about sixty teams to Texas that will be used on railroad contract work by the Burke Bros., of West Superior. This firm has a contract of about 800 miles of railroad in Texas, and will then do railroad work in Utah.

A boy has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Peterson, of Sixty-first avenue west and Bristol.

The 13-year-old son of F. D. Hazeltine, of Sixtieth avenue west, is very sick with diphtheria.

The West Duluth Grocers' association has decided to close at noon on Decoration day.

A very enjoyable dancing party was given in the Great Eastern hall last evening by the West Duluth Junior baseball team.

Frank Coates lost a finger on a saw at the Duncan & Brewer company's mill yesterday.

Ladies' and gentlemen's shoes shined at Lauermann's.

For fresh milk and cream try the Murray Bros. company butter store, 521 Central avenue, corner Grand.

Pioneer newstand is now located at 405 Central avenue, opposite Silvey block.

Pure druge and wall paper, at Olanders', 228 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

BURROWS STORE.

Aqua-proof Rain Coats— Just the garment for weather like that of today. Light as any Spring Overcoat and in the Kitchener, King Edward and New Kote styles. Prices—

$10 $15 $20

M. S. Burrows

SERIOUS CHARGE

Stanley of Blue Light Saloon Is In Trouble.

Accused of Enticing a Young Woman From Her Home.

Police Think the Place More Notorious Than Ever.

Cumulative anguish is visible with the naked eye in the face of R. A. Stanley today. He is the saloon keeper who some weeks ago agreed to take the notorious Blue Light saloon and conduct it on a high ethical plan. Instead of promoting the onward march of culture, however, he was pulled off a train last night and placed under arrest on a very serious charge. Today he is behind the grating at police headquarters, and the authorities are making every effort to have him sent over the road.

Stanley is accused of enticing a pretty West End girl from her home, and after keeping her over his saloon for several weeks, inducing her to start for Barnum to enter a resort he recently purchased there. They were getting on the Northern Pacific train at 11 o'clock last night when a friend of the girl pulled her off the train. Stanley held the girl by one arm and the woman friend pulled vigorously at the other. The trouble attracted the attention of Officer Frank Schulte, who promptly placed Stanley under arrest.

The girl is 17 years of age and gives her name as Bliss Swanstrom. This, however, is not her correct name, and in view of the fact that she comes from a very respectable West End family, the police have decided to suppress her true name.

The girl says Stanley has been entertaining her for several weeks. Last evening she was visiting with Carrie Nelson, who keeps a confectionary store near the saloon, when Stanley called her out. He told her he wanted her to go to Barnum and enter a dance hall. She refused, and he said that she could not have her clothing till she agreed to. The clothing referred to was locked up in the saloon. Finally the girl agreed to go, and some person told Carrie Nelson of ot. She hurried to the Union depot just in time to prevent their taking the 11:10 train.

Owing to a technicality it is not thought that Stanley can be prosecuted under the law against the "procuring of women." However, from evidence collected since his arrest the police are convinced that his saloon at 716 West Superior street has been conducted in a more glaring manner than in the palmy days of the notorious "Blue Light," and charges will be preferred against him for keeping an immoral resort. The grand jury does not meet till next September and for that reason the prosecution will be made under the city ordinance.

Bliss Swarstrom says that Stanley told her that he had several other young girls from the West End who had agreed to enter his dance hall at Barnum.

A Month's Test Free

If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 62, for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, express paid Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE EVIL EYE."

At the Lyceum Friday and Saturday Charles H. Yale's great scenic spectacle, "The Evil Eye," will be seen in all of its pristine glory, together with several new features which have been added for this season. The company numbers fifty people, and is exceptionally strong in its vocalists, among the well-known performers being Miss Mayme Mayo, Miss Lora Lieb, Charles A. Loder, Artie Borani, Tommy Elliott, Charles Flynn and John Guilmette. The Phasey troupe, the electric ballet, the disappearing rooms, the revolving windmill and all of the other special features will be put on in Mr. Yale's best style.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

May Music Festival.

Everything looks favorable for the complete success of the first May music festival of Duluth. Dozens of cities, east and south, have had their annual May festival for years, and they have been a source of pride, as well as of profit and pleasure. Duluth has of late years been recognized as possessing an unusually great number of capable musicians and amateurs, and for the first time in her history it has been made possible to unite in a common great enterprise. Altogether it will be an event out of the common and will deserve and receive the largest possible patronage as a matter of public interest.

The price of admission has been put within the means of everybody and the program has been planned with the utmost care, so as to provide selections that are popular as well as meritorious artistically.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

EVIDENCE OF GUILT.

Suspected Bank Blower Takes His Life.

Cambridge, Mass., May 22.—Fred C. Foster, of Cambridgeport, who was under suspicion in connection with the explosion which wrecked the Cambridgeport bank here yesterday, committed suicide by shooting today, in presence of a police officer who had called on Mr. Foster to make inquiries in connection with the case. Foster was 43 years old.

Foster had a wife and three children. He had been under surveillance, the police say, since yesterday afternoon, when it became known that he had presented a check at the bank calling for $1100, for which he had no funds in the bank.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it, though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.

GOLD FOR FRANCE.

New York, May 22.—Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. will ship $500,000 gold on the French steamer tomorrow.

All the rage with pretty girls, handsome dames and society ladies. Satin-Skin Cream and Powder are your best friends. 25c. Leading stores.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

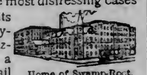
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

ALL INVITED.

Whole Northwest Asked to Duluth's Fourth of July.

All Northern Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan may participate in Duluth's magnificent Fourth of July celebration. The spirit of expansion has caught the promoters of the project, and today handsomely arranged invitations are being scattered over the Northwest requesting all towns, societies and organizations to join with the people of Duluth in one of the most stupendous celebrations.

Mayor Hugo this morning called attention to the fact that the different orders and citizens generally should not leave the celebration entirely to the committees. He urges that all take hold and expects every lodge in the city, as well as many from outside the city, in line for the parade on July 4.

It is understood that special rates will be made from the iron range towns and from the Dakotas and Western Minnesota. Assurances have been received of special rates by lake and rail from the copper country.

Secretary Frank Crassweller, of the parade committee, this morning sent out the following invitation to many lodges, military and semi-military organizations throughout the Northwest:

"As you have already observed from the public press, Duluth proposes to hold on July 4, 1901, a grand celebration of the independence of the United States.

"Everything has been prepared to make the event the most notable, combining an 'old-fashioned Fourth' with all the unique forms of entertainment suggested by modern genius.

"There will be the naval parade, horse races, laying of the cornerstone of our new library, patriotic ceremonies, rowing regatta, picnics galore, immense display of fireworks, dancing and everything to amuse, instruct and entertain our guests.

"But of first importance is the monster parade, to take place in the morning, which will exceed in magnitude anything ever before attempted in the Northwest.

"We would most cordially invite you as an organization to participate in this feature of the event. We want everybody to come, with flags and banners flying. If you have uniforms, please wear them, and bring your band.

"The committee on parade will accept your presence as a special favor, and the other committees will see that the first Independence day of the century remains for many years in your memory as one of exceeding pleasure and gratification.

"Kindly advise the committee at an early date of your acceptance, the probable number of men you will have in line, also as to uniforms, banners and bands, that suitable places may be reserved for your organization."

FIRE AT DENVER.

Denver, May 22.—Fire today destroyed the factory and warehouse of the Eaton-Ritchell company, manufacturers of tinware, occupying nearly half a block at Fifteenth and Wynkoop streets. Estimated loss $125,000, fully insured. Lieut. William Kuhn was severely burned by an explosion of paints and several other firemen were slightly injured.

FUNERAL OF MRS. GAGE.

Chicago, May 22.—The funeral of Mrs. Lyman J. Gage, wife of the secretary of the treasury, was held today in the chapel at Rose Hill cemetery in this city. The services were strictly private. Rev. Dr. N. D. Hillis officiated. Supplementary services of a brief nature were conducted at the open grave.

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

Blood Humors

It doesn't make any difference whether you believe in the modern theory and speak of the causes of diseases as referable to germs, microbes or bacilli, or whether you use the older and better understood terms of "humors" and "blood diseases"—Hood's Sarsaparilla cures them all.

It cures scrofula, salt rheum or eczema, catarrh, rheumatism, malaria and all other blood poisons; nervous troubles, debility and that tired feeling.

This is not merely modern theory; it is solid up-to-date fact.

"Salt rheum on my hands so severe I had to wear gloves most of the time, and could not shut my thumb and finger together, was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. A. O. SPAULDING, North Searsport, Me.

"My three months old boy was cured of a very bad case of scrofula by Hood's Sarsaparilla." WM. H. GARNER, West Earl, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's—be sure to get Hood's.

CHURCH POLITICS

The Morning Business of the Presbyterian General Assembly.

Various Committee Reports on Overtures Were Acted Upon.

Report of Committee on Foreign Missions Was Presented.

Philadelphia, May 22.—The commissioners of the Presbyterian general assembly found much business awaiting them this morning, and the rapidity with which the various matters were disposed of evidenced the assembly's intention to have for consideration as little unfinished business as possible after the settlement of the creed revision question. The regular order called for the report of the committees on foreign missions, publication and benevolence, and the report of Rev. Richard S. Holmes, of Pittsburg, on his mission of raising money to pay the indebtedness on the Presbyterian building in New York. The building is said to have cost the church $1,772,337. The debt has been reduced one-half and Dr. Holmes is endeavoring to secure this sum by appeal to wealthy individuals, to congregations, church societies and pastors.

The first matter to come up before the assembly at the morning session was the report of the committee on church politics, presented by Rev. Dr. George T. Purvis, of New York, chairman. The report contained decisions on overtures submitted by various presbyteries. An overture from the Chicago presbytery authorized for the appointment of a committee to reconsider the form of so called Westchester overture and to frame such an amendment to the form of government as shall provide for the restriction of voting in presbyteries to those ministers who represent churches or are actively engaged in the service of the church. The committee decided that as the so-called Westchester overture had been overwhelmingly defeated at the last general assembly, it was not deemed advisable to again submit it to the presbyteries. An overture from the Brooklyn presbytery, asking permission to erase from the roll the names of two ministers whose whereabouts have been unknown for the past twenty-five years, was favorably acted upon by the committee. Rev. Dr. John W. Dinsmore, of California, chairman of the judicial committee, reported that the committee had acted upon a number of cases. Among them was the appeal of John E. Dayton and others of the Church of the Covenant, Williamsport. A factional disturbance in the church resulted in the locking out of the pastor. The assembly decided that as the case affected the constitution of the Presbyterian church, it should be tried and issued according to the provisions of the book of discipline.

Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, stated clerk, reported the vote of the various presbyteries upon overtures referred to them by the assembly of 1900. Among those overtures was one defining the ministerial membership in presbyteries which was rejected. By a vote of 198 to 114 congregations were given permission to elect their pastors as pastors emeritus when they are prevented by age from performing their duties. By a vote of 187 to 18, the presbyteries decided that candidates for the ministry shall not be licensed to preach until one year after graduation. Rev. Dr. James D. Moffatt, president of Washington and Jefferson college, presented the report of the committee on foreign missions which recommended: "That pastors and sessions adopt some systematic plan whereby every church member may be induced to make at least an annual contribution to foreign missions; that the plans inaugurated to secure a martyrs memorial fund, the annual interest of which shall be employed in supporting the successors of the noble men and women who laid down their lives in Pao Ting Fu, be commended to the various organizations and to individuals contributing to our foreign missions, that we rejoice to learn that the civil authorities and particularly the president of the United States, have made earnest effort to secure in reconstructed China, that kind of religious liberty we enjoy in our own land; that we urge the raising of not less than $1,000,000 for the ordinary work of the board."

The following minute was incorporated in the report:

"We record our profund sorrow upon the intelligence which has reached us during the sessions of this assembly of the death of the Rev. Malthie D. Babcock, D.D., a member of the board and express to his bereaved family and church, our sympathy and our prayers for the sustaining power of the holy spirit."

Robert E. Speer, of New York, secretary of the board of foreign missions, in addressing the assembly on the report, denounced the critics who placed the blame for the Boxer uprising on the shoulders of the missionaries. In this connection, he said:

"Since the troubles in China, the church has been the subject of malignant and venamous criticism. It is true that some of this criticism is the result of ignorance and we could afford to pass it by unnoticed, were it not for the fact that even here in the highest court of our church it has had its effect. Our missionaries have been caracterized perniciously potent, boorish and ignorant of existing conditions in China to the extent of being responsible for the Boxer uprising.

"I have the written statement from the brother-in-law of Minister Wu that, had the missionaries been let alone, no troubles would have broken out in the Chinese empire. He also defends the missionaries as China's only friends.

"I challenge you to find in any of the newspapers charges, true or false, against the missionaries of our church. They have borne themselves through all these troubles without reproach."

Rev. Albert Miller, of Poa Ting Fu, Rev. J. S. Whiting, of Pekin, and Howard Campbell, of Laos, also spoke in behalf of foreign missions. Recess.

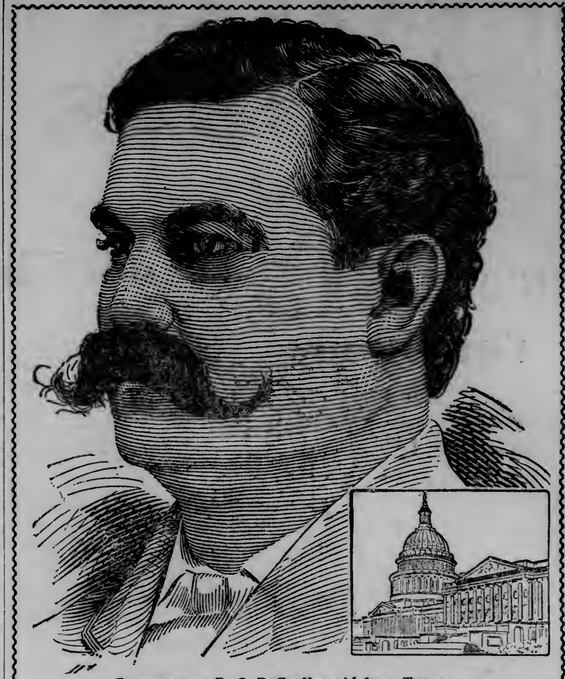
STACY IS DEAD.

Dies Before Being Released on Parole.

G. A. Stacy, who was sent to Stillwater in February, 1899, to serve four years for burglary in the third degree, is dead at the penitentiary from an abcess of the lungs. Stacy was arrested for stealing a cow at Hermanstown during the winter of 1898-99, and was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree and for burglary in the third degree in connection with the same offense. A peculiar feature of the case was that one jury acquitted him of stealing the cow, but another convicted him of breaking into a barn in Herman to steal it. The evidence was practically the same in each case. Stacy was in bad shape physically when he left here owing to the excessive use of cigarettes. He was paroled a short time ago from the prison, but was too ill to leave it, and he died before the prison doors opened to release him.

A TEXAS CONGRESSMAN

Recommends Pe-ru-na as a Permanent Cure for Catarrh and as a Grand Tonic.



Congressman R. C. DeGraffenreid from Texas.

Congressman R. C. DeGraffenreid, of Longview, Texas, gives his endorsement to Peruna, the great catarrh remedy, in the following letter:

Hotel Wellington,
Washington, D. C.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Gentlemen—"After the use of Peruna for a short time I am convinced that it is all you claim for it. It is a grand tonic and I can recommend it as a safe and permanent cure for catarrh."

R. C. DeGraffenreid.

Sore throat has many names. Some call it catarrh of the pharynx. It is also called chronic tonsilitis. Follicular pharyngitis is the name that doctors delight to call it, as they generally prefer the longer words. Public speakers and preachers are so prone to have sore throat that it is sometimes called preachers' sore throat.

It makes little difference what name we call it—just plain sore throat is hard enough to bear without indulging in long names. Chronic sore throat generally begins by a scratching sensation in the throat, and there may be a little dryness or constant desire to keep swallowing. Painful swallowing and hawking is sure to come later if nothing is done for it.

Sore throat is almost certain, after it has become chronic, to gradually extend downward to the lungs. When this happens, consumption is often the result.

The time to cure sore throat is in its early stages. A bottle or two of Peruna is sure to put a stop to the whole thing. If Mr. Charles D. Smyth, whose testimonial appears here, had used Peruna at the beginning of his trouble, he would have been saved years of sickness caused by neglecting to use Peruna in time.

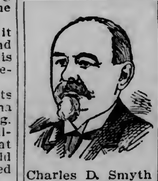
Charles D. Smyth, of Angel's Camp, Cal., says: "Chronic catarrh in the head, nose and throat has been a source of trouble and annoyance to me for more than ten years. I have used all such medicines as came under my notice as a catarrh cure without any help to me except at times by some, only a temporary relief, but no cure.

"Peruna is a sure cure. There are no substitutes for Peruna. There are no other remedies that are just as good. Insist upon having Peruna. Peruna never fails. It is an old, well-tried remedy.

"My physician, to whom I applied, did not do any better. My troubles became worse and my suffering increased instead of improving.

"Loss af appetite, sleep and flesh, besides continual coughing and pain, showed too plainly that my case was a desperate one. I lost almost all faith in the so-called catarrh cures, when I read about Peruna, and concluded to try this as a last resort.

"Thanks to Dr. Hartman's invention, I now enjoy as good health as I ever did—sleep soundly, have excellent appetite, and having gained in weight more than I ever did in my life. I have used nine bottles of Peruna and no other medicine,' to effect my cure, and I can most sincerely recommend it to a suffering humanity afflicted as I have been."—Charles D. Smyth.



Charles D. Smyth

No other remedy is so widely known and so universally used for sore throat, coughs, colds, la grippe and all other catarrhal diseases.

Address the Peruna Medicine company, of Columbus, Ohio, for a handsomely illustrated free book on catarrh. It treats of the many phases and stages of winter catarrh and their cure.

PRESBYTERIANS

Assembly of United Church at Des Moines.

Des Moines, May 22.—The forty-third general assembly of the United Presbyterian church of North Americ.a will convene here this evening. Suggested changes in the creed have aroused much interest in the session. The presbytery of Lake Penn, has prepared a memorial which will be submitted as a substitute for the present membership covenant and also for the substitute proposed by the committee appointed a year ago. Sessions of the assembly will occupy all of this week and a portion of next. Saturday afternoon, an informal reception will be tendered the delegates at the capitol by Governor Shaw.

The opening address of the assembly will be delivered this evening by Dr. J. P. Sankey, of Rochester, N. Y., who is the retiring moderator. On Thursday, reports of various boards will be heard and in the evening there will be a general conference on the subject "A Living Church and Its Leaders." On Friday afternoon fraternal delegates from kindred denominations will speak and Friday evening will be heard the annual memorial service for ministers of the church who have died during the year. On Monday evening there will be a conference on the subject "A Living Church and thhe Business Methods." Rev. J. B. Ross, of Kansas City, will speak on "Social Methods." Rev. R. W. Nairn, of Kirkwood, Ill., on "Evangelistic Methods."

A committee appointed last year, to prepare a report upon the revision of the creed or testimony of faith with regard to members of the church joining secret orders has made its report public and will be submitted to the convention tomorrow. It states that "there does not appear that there exists in the church, such a demand for a change in our testimony against secret societies as would justify the sending down in overture the article under consideration." However, purpose of securing uniform observance of the rules, adoption of the following resolution is recommended.

"That while the fifteenth article of our testimony defines in a manner sufficiently explicit the general law of our church on the subject of secretism, sessions possess and are expected to exercise a wise discretion in the administration of the law, dealing with such cases as may arise upon their merits and such a way as may best promote 'God's glory' and the peace and prosperity of the church."

The balance of the report takes up the consideration of the form of questions to be submitted to candidates for admission to the church.

Baby's Diary.

A unique and handsome publication wherein to record the important events in baby's life has just been issued by Borden's Condensed Milk company, 71 Hudson street, New York. It is not given away, but is sent on receipt of 10 cents.

MET LOUBET.

J. Pierpont Morgan Has Brief Interview With President.

Paris, May 22.—The audience which J. Pierpont Morgan had with President Loubet last evening was quiet and unceremonious. It was prompted by the desire of Mr. Morgan to thank M. Loubet for the decoration of the cross of the Legion of Honor bestowed on him at the beginning of the year. The visit, however, was wrapped in the deepest mystery, the French authorities fearing it might be connected in some way with Mr. Morgan's financial schemes. The interview lasted a few minutes. Mr. Morgan's expressions of thanks being followed by the exchange of a few commonplace remarks.

PHILIPPINE LAWS.

Regulations Concerning Government of Islands.

Manilla, May 22.—The Philippine commission has passed the weather bureau act and also has voted a loan of $2500 for each province to help pay the expenses until the land taxes are available. These loans are payable at the end of 1902. The commission has imposed a registration tax of one peso annually on all males over 18, excepting soldiers. Non-payment of the tax disqualifies from voting and involves a penalty of one hundred per cent which can be enforced by the sale of the delinquent's goods and chattels.

The provincial treasurers have been made land registrars, pending the enactment of the system of land registration.

Deputies and clerks appointed by the provincial officers are exempted from civil service rules till March.

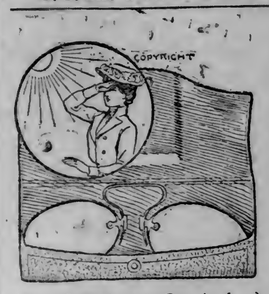
FROM DIAZ.

The Mexican President Sends Congratulations.

Buffalo, May 22.—The following telegram from President Diaz, of Mexico, was received today by Mr. Buchanan, director general of the Pan-American exposition:

"Permit me to be one of the first to present my congratulations, through you, to worthy people of Buffalo, and justly to felicitate them upon their activity in inaugurating the first exposition with which American civilization salutes the twentieth century."

F. D. DAY & CO. F. D. DAY & CO. F. D. DAY & CO.



—A CASE FOR—

GLASSES

You wonder what is the matter with your eyes when they burn, smart and pain, and when the letters blur when you are trying to read. You need properly adjusted glasses that have been fitted to your sight by an expert optician. We can make your sight as good as in its youth of freshness when you wear a pair of glasses fitted by us.

F. D. Day & Co.

Graduate Opticians.

315 West Superior St.

(See Our $1.00 Spectacles.)

INSPECT THE BRICK

Council Committee Returns From Its Paving Investigation.

Lucky Number Seven Takes a Prominent Place.

Found Many Varieties In Use at St. Louis.

Seven city officers, after inspecting seven different kinds of brick paving, laid in seven cities, in seven different ways, are certain that they can pick out the proper vitrified brick for Superior street.

The committee of seven returned from its junketing trip last night after journeying as far south as St. Louis, Mo. While the seven have little to say of the trip individually or collectively, it is understood that when the proper time comes they will spring much information on their colleagues on the respective quality of seven different varieties of brick that came under their observation.

At Galesburg, Ill., the committee of seven went through the extensive plant of the Purington Paving Brick company. It is said to be the largest in existence. This concern turns out 90,000,000 bricks a year and always keeps about 18,000,000 in stock. Here the committee made a thorough study of brick in all its stages and conditions. They saw it just being manufactured and they saw it where it had been down for twenty years. Most of the streets of Galesburg are paved with this company's brick and the committee of seven was greatly impressed with the beauty and uniformity of the streets.

One prominent resident of that city informed the committee that the brick had been down in front of his home for twenty years and had not cost him a cent for repairs. They were also told that the first year is the critical period for a brick pavement. If it stands the racket for the first year it is likely to stand it for many years to follow.

The best results were obtained in Galesburg by putting down a sand cushion of four inches and then putting flat brick on top of that. To this is then added another inch of sand and the bricks laid edge up.

The committee heard down there that there were forty miles of vitrified brick paving in St. Louis, laid by practically all concerns and under practically all conditions. They journeyed down to old Missouri, and turned themselves over to the street commissioner of St. Louis. He and a prominent street paving contractor showed them round the city very courteously.

It was here that the committee of seven saw seven kinds of brick laid seven different ways in one city, though altogether they saw it in seven cities. There was brick manufactured in Brazil, Ind.; Athens, Ohio; Evansville, Ind.; Des Moines, Iowa; Terre Haute, Ind.; St. Louis and Galesburg, Ill.

It is reported that the committee is unanimous on Galesburg brick as the best, though the trip has not converted many to the brick idea. There are other kinds of paving—but not for Superior street this year.

CONDUCTORS.

Some of Them Come Up From St. Paul.

While the special excursion that was planned for the head of the lake by the conductors attending the convention at St. Paul, did not materialize, still the conductors did not pass the city up entirely, for about twenty-five of them with their ladies, came up from St. Paul in a special car attached to the regular Northern Pacific train out of that city last evening. Some of the party got off at West Superior, but same to Duluth today. The rest of the party registered at the Spalding and planned on a sight-seeing trip about the city today. The weather has not been propitious for this amusement, with rain and fog all day, but the visitors made the best of it and enjoyed themselves as far as circumstances would permit. The visit is said to be due to the efforts of Canductor Dan Hickey of the Northern Pacific road, who was a member of the transportation committee and had charge of the party that came to Duluth. Mr. Hickey was presented by the conductors with a very handsome ring in appreciation of his efforts on the committee and in providing pleasure for the delegates. Following is the list of those registered at the Spalding:

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Drew, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Eagy, of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Maybee and daughter, of Toledo; Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Hammond, of Montgomery, Ala.; Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Fitzgerald, of Fort Worth, Tex.; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Veeder, Mandan, N. D.; Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Gramm, of Harrisburg; S. F. Sabler, of Little Rock; Mrs. G. L. Sabler, of Minneapolis; Mrs. L. G. Sawyer and two children, of Minneapolis; Miss Kate Corcoran, of Toronto, and Mrs. Gage, of White Bear.

Postponed till Thursday evening, May 23, opening dance at Oatka auditorium.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

To Success in the five-cent cigar trade is our already successful and popular Alaskan Nuggets.

The Young Ladies' Card club will be entertained next Monday afternoon by Mrs. James C. Geggie, of 221 Fifteenth avenue east.

Big dance, Lester Park, tomorrow evening.

Dr. J. A. Smeallie has removed his suite of offices to 313-315-317 New Jersey building.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

Professor Ourat, by request, will give a party at Lester, Monday, the 27th.

The street railway company ran one of the new double truck cars out last evening for the first time for a trial trip. It worked satisfactorily in every way and was greatly admired by all who saw it. They will be put on the lines about June 1.

Andrew Sweeney was given fifteen days in jail this afternoon for stealing $2 from George Ebert.

The case against Sam Yulemstein, of New Duluth, charged with selling liquor to minors, and which has been pending in the municipal court for several months, was dismissed this afternoon on payment of $7 costs.

The following births were reported at the health office today: To Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Beekman, 2301 West Third street, a girl; to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Quist, 2830 Huron street, a girl.

Samuel Brooks has begun suit in district court against the St. Paul Trust company and others to clear title to the s½ of the nw¼ of section 15, 50-14. Greene & Wood are the attorneys.

Tom Reed cigars is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

A marriage license has been issued to Fred A. Stetz and Hulda S. Johnson.

Circle No. 5 St. Paul's church, will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. William Smith, 222 Third avenue west.

The opening dance of the campers at the Oatka Beach auditorium, which was to have been held this evening, has been postponed until Thursday evening, on account of inclement weather.

Nothing has been done yet by Manager Kusell toward opening the Pavilion at the head of the incline railway on Seventh avenue west. Mr. Kusell's contract does not call for the opening before the latter part of June, and it is not considered likely that he will attempt to open for the season much before that date.

Postponed till Thursday evening, May 23, opening dance at Oatka auditorium.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. William S. Bishop, of this city, have taken a cottage at Excelsior, on Lake Minnetonka, for the summer. Mrs. Bishop and family will go down early next month.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Greene left last evening for a visit in St. Paul.

E. L. Hemenway, of St. Paul, is a guest of the Spalding today.

M. J. Woodard, of the Tower Lumber company, arrived in the city this morning from Watertown, Wis.

W. E. Greene, of Cleveland, is in the city on a business trip.

Mrs. G. H. Campbell, of St. Ignace, Mich., is visiting friends in the city today.

S. M. Campbell, the La Pointe Indian agent, arrived from Ashland this morning.

John O. Winton, of Milaca, Minn., is in the city today, a guest of the St. Louis.

O. H. Gates and Robert Filewood, of Tower, are business callers in the city today.

Free at Max Wirth's

Sample boxes of Wirth's Red Liver Pills free for the asking.

ALL GONE.

Last of American Troops Left Pekin Amid Enthusiasm.

Pekin, May 22.—The last of the American troops here, with the exception of the legation guard, left Pekin at 7 o'clock this morning. The headquarters staff departed at 10 o'clock. In spite of the early hour and the long distances they had to march, all the bands of the British troops escorted the Ninth United States infantry from the temple of agriculture to the depot, where a band awaited the troops. All the British generals and staffs and all the officers off duty were present. The scene was one of great enthusiasm.

As the later train left a great crowd was present to wish Gen. Chaffee farewell.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of Mason City & Fort Dodge Railroad.

St. Paul, May 22.—A Fort Dodge, Iowa, special to the Dispatch says: President A. B. Stickney, General Manager S. C. Stickney and Secretary Wight, of the Chicago Great Western road, are in the city to attend the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mason City & Fort Dodge road today. Among the directors elected was J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern. The directors elected were J. J. Hill, J. W. Colt, Arthur S. Fairchild, Myron T. Herrick and H. A. Hutchins.

LADIES' AUXILIARY

Of Railway Conductors Have Elected Officers.

St. Paul, May 22.—The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Order of Railway Conductors closed their session this afternoon, after electing the following officers: Grand president, Mrs. P. J. Moore, Toledo, Ohio; grand vice president, Mrs. C. P. Hodges, Cleveland; grand secretary-treasurer, Mrs. W. E. Higgins, Columbus, Ohio; grand senior sister, Mrs. B. F. Wiltze, Philadelphia; grand junior sister, Mrs. J. C. McCall, St. Paul; chairman grand executive committee, Mrs. Perry C. Callahan, Jackson, Tenn.; member grand executive committee, Mrs. E. B. Tracy, Pasadena, Cal.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

IS READY FOR PLAY

Ball Team to Open the Season This Week.

Three New Players Have Reported For Duty.

Make-Up of the Team Is Considered Excellent.

Three of the new players of the Duluth ball team reported for duty this morning. They shape up like winners and appear as full of ginger as the Chicago city council of jobbery. The newcomers are: Connors, third base; Cameron, first base, and Hall, an outfielder. All are from down in Wisconsin, where they have been working all winter.

The arrival of this trio completes the Duluth team, with the exception of Jack Revoir. The French-Canadian was to have wired yesterday for his transportation, but up to a late hour today Manager Hansell had not heard a word from him. His latest letter, written from Marshfield, Wis., was to the effect that the Duluth management could depend on his coming. The position here, however, may not remain open much longer as there are several ambitious young twirlers anxious to sign.

In case Revoir does not report for the opening series with Superior on Saturday and Sunday, Glenney may do the pitching. Sturgeon, a new man, will be seen behind the bat. He caught for the Big Duluth team last Sunday and made a very favorable impression among those that saw him work. Cameron will play first base. He played formerly on the university of Minnesota team and made quite a reputation as an infielder. He is handy with the stick and is said to be a good all round player. Goldie, will probably be seen at second in the opening games. He is a veteran baseball player and so far has scarcely received a fair trial in Duluth, though he has played here for a couple of seasons. He did good work out in the North Pacific coast league this season.

Shephard will be at his old position at short. He is in good condition this season and the indications are that he will put up his customary dashing game. Connors will be on third. He is said to be a wonder. Either Randall or Olson will play left field. Randall is the hard hitting all round player of the Big Duluth team. He is a good outfielder, but his particular forte is his ability to hit. Olson will be remembered by fans as the little blond third baseman who was given a trial by Superior last season. He is developing into a fast outfielder.

Bill Lambert will play center field, and from indications of form he will play the position as never before. He is certainly a phenomenal fielder, and his game last Sunday with the Duluth Fashions indicates that he may do considerable hard hitting this season. Hall, the new outfielder, will cover right field and fight the sun's rays. This is probably the hardest position to play, owing to the sun. The new fielder is a fast man, however, and should prove an invaluable acquisition.

The only thing that is troubling the players at present is the cold, disagreeable weather. If it keeps up they will have little opportunity for practice before Saturday.

Manager Hansell is getting the grounds in condition with a road scraper and dynamite. Stumps will be removed from along the side lines and the diamond will be put in the best possible shape.

There will be no crowding the side lines by spectators this season. The diamonds will be wired off and spectators will either have to go to the bleachers or grand stand.

Fay Carlyle's Funeral.

Fay Carlyle, the young woman who committed suicide yesterday morning at 237 St. Croix avenue, was buried at Forest Hill this morning in a drizzling rain. The funeral was held from Stewart's undertaking rooms at 9 o'clock. It was attended by a few friends.

Although every effort has been made to locate the unfortunate woman's relatives in Saginaw no word was received from there at a late hour today.

Forfeited His Bail.

Harvey Clow, proprietor of the gambling house raided by the police on the night of May 10, forfeited $50 bail by not appearing in police court this morning.

The morning after the raid Clow forfeited the money, but he claimed that he lost it under false pretenses as he was told to appear in court at a later hour which he did. The forfeiture was declared null and he was to have appeared in court this morning to stand trial, but he did not turn up and the bail was again declared forfeited.

Postponed till Thursday evening, May 23, opening dance at Oatka auditorium.

KILLED.

James Shoemaker, Prominent Citizen of Mankato, Is Dead.

St. Paul, May 22.—A special to the Dispatch from Mankato, Minn., says: James Shoemaker, president of the board of trade for a term of years and one of Mankato's prominent citizens for over forty years, was killed by the cars in the Omaha yards today. Two cars passed over him. Mr. Shoemaker was past 77 years of age. He was one of the original settlers in Mankato. He was one of the defenders of New Ulm at the time of the Indian outbreak in 1862, and was mayor of Mankato when the thirty-eight Indians were hanged here under Gen. Sibley.

ELECTION APPROVED.

West Point, Miss., May 22.—The Cumberland general assembly today approved the election of Rev. J. H. Miller a home mission secretary and directed the early employment of a foreign secretary.

Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, the household remedy.

PECULIAR FEATURE

Effort to Introduce Hearsay Testimony of Dead Man.

Has Come Up In the Virginia Fire Cases.

Its Admission Is Contested By Opposite Side.

An attempt to introduce the testimony of a dead man is a peculiar feature of the Virginia fire case now on trial before Judge Dibell in district court. The attempt was made to get his evidence in at second-hand, that is to say through hear-say testimony. The point is a novel and interesting one, and, according to some attorneys, an entirely new one.

The testimony is important in the case if it is admitted, as it touches the responsibility for the fire that burned the business section of the city of Virginia, June 7, 1900. In the case on trial, and in others pending, the plaintiffs claim that the fire started from the mill of the Moon & Kerr Lumber company. The company claims that it was a separate fire, and that it came from the butcher shop of the plaintiff in this case, and was due to the fact that the butchers went away and left a kettle full of boiling fat on the fire, and that the kettle boiled over and the fat caught fire.

The butcher that was frying out the fat is dead, but this morning Neil McCloude, who knew the man, was put on the stand to testify to a conversation that he had with the butcher before his death. This was objected to by Mr. Washburn on behalf of the plaintiff.

W. W. Billson, on the part of the defendant, was about to state what he proposed to prove by this witness, but Mr. Washburn objected to a statement. Mr. Bilson stated, however, that he expected to show that McCloude had a talk with the butcher, in which the latter, in effect, said that he was responsible for the fire that burned the business portion of the village.

The defense claimed that this testimony was admissible because it was an exception to the general rule excluding hearsay evidence. It was claimed that a statement against the interests of the party making it was admissible. After the argument the court expressed the belief thatt he testimony was proper, but Mr. Washburn asked for time in which to look the matter up further. He said that the proposition was preposterous, and that the text books contained ample proof of that. As to authorities, he said that he did not know that anyone had ever offered such testimony before, and he was surprised that so learned a counsel should offer it seriously in this case.

Judge Dibell gave Mr. Washburn to this afternoon to make a further argument on the question.

The case is nearing an end. At noon the defendant was nearly through, and it was certain that all of its testimony would be in before adjournment tonight. There will be some rebuttal that will not take very long, and the case will get to the jury by tomorrow evening or Friday morning.

The adjournment this noon was to 3 o'clock this afternoon, in order to give time for some of the witnesses to come down from the range.

In Judge Cant's court the case of H. F. Rehbein against Vincent & McClure was still on trial, but it was due to go to the jury this afternoon.

GOOD SHOOTING.

Some Excellent Work at Championship Meet.

Springfield, Ill., May 22.—W. R. Crosby, of O'Fallon, Ill., today won the championship trophy and a purse of $1000 on the grounds of the Illinois Gun club and established a record that is believed to be without precedent. Crosby killed 109 birds straight. The match, which began yesterday, showed three men tied last night with 100 each. Gilbert missed his 108th bird today while H. J. Sconce failed to get his 103d bird. When Crosby killed the 109th he was, therefore, declared the winner.

Members of the all-American team participated in various matches and showed excellent form. They will start tonight for New York, whence they will sail for London at once, to meet the crack English trap shooters, June 11.

Former Mayor Thomas Marshall, of Keithsburg, Ill., will captain the team, which is as follows:

W. R. Crosby, O'Fallon, Ill.; Fred Gilbert, Spirit Lake, Iowa; Frank Parmalee, Omaha; Rollo Heikes, Dayton; J. A. R. Elliot, Kansas City; Jack Fanning, San Francisco; C. W. Budd, Des Moines; R. Morrill, Milwaukee; C. M. Powers, Decatur, Ill.; E. H. Tripp, Indianapolis, and Ed Banks, New York.

FOUR ESCAPED.

Successful Jail Delivery at Grand Forks.

St. Paul, May 22.—A Grand Forks, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: In a jail delivery here last night four prisoners escaped. Two of them were blind piggers from Nason county and the others were the Bassenella brothers, held for the murder of Axel Anderson, whom they shot in a box car near Merrifield a few weeks ago. They sawed through the floor and escaped through the sewer. None of the men have yet been located.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Tendered President Reception at San Francisco.

San Francisco, May 2.—A reception to President McKinley by the Knights Templar was the feature of the presidential program for today. The reception, which was held in Mechanics' pavilion, was preceded by a parade of knights from all parts of the state. Gen. W. L. Barnes presided at the pavilion and introduced the guests of the day. A chorus of 150 knights chanted the Lord's prayer.

President McKinley responded with a stirring speech, after which nearly 12,000 voices sang "America" to the waving flags. President McKinley received as a souvenir of the occasion, a handsome silk flag enclosed in a case of morocco, bearing emblems of the order.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Beautiful Hats at $5 and $6

Made in our own workrooms—and just as jaunty as many of the higher priced sorts—We've made a study of the popular kinds and at popular prices with the result that our work people are kept busy nights trying to keep up with their orders. Over forty new styles at $5.00 and $6.00 will be ready for tomorrow's trade.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

BARROWS' SENTENCE

Dishonorably Discharged and Imprisonment For Five Years.

Dishonorable Discharge for Boyer and One Year In Jail.

Both Will Eventually Be Brought to Leavenworth, Kas.

Manilla, May 22.—The correspondent of the Associated Press is informed that the following approved sentences will soon be promulgated: Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, Thirtieth volunteer infantry, late depot quartermaster of the department of Southern Luzon, who was charged with embezzlement and selling government property, to be dishonorably discharged and to undergo five years' imprisonment.

Lieut. Frederick Boyer, Thirty-ninth infantry, former depot commissary at Calamba, on Bay lake, on similar charges, to be dishonorably discharged and to undergo a years' imprisonment.

Both Barrows and Boyer eventually will be removed to Leavenworth prison, Kansas.

CONGRESS OF MOTHERS.

Business of Annual Session at Columbus.

Columbus, Ohio, May 22.—At today's session of the National Congress of Mothers the national treasurer, Mrs. Hardin W. Masters, of Lewiston, Ill., presented her report.

Mrs. Birney's report as president of the congress showed that the movement of the Mothers' congress is widespread and the outlook encouraging.

The reports of the following committees were then read: Executive, finance, educational, domestic, science press and program.

Reports of delegates regarding the work in various states showed great enthusiasm. The convention then adjourned until tomorrow morning. This afternoon a reception was given the delegates by the club women of Columbus at the Ohio state university. Invitations for the next meeting have been extended by Charleston, S. C., Atlantic City, N. J., and Milwaukee.

UNSTATISFACTORY

Was the Meeting of the Foreign Ministers.

Pekin, May 22.—The foreign ministers' meeting today was very unsatisfactory. No power was willing to accede to the American demand for the reduction of the indemnity to £40,000,000, though Great Britain recognizes the advisability of some reduction. There will be another meeting tomorrow.

THE BAPTISTS.

Third Days' Session at Springfield Meeting.

Springfield, Mass., May 22.—The third day's session of the May anniversary of the Baptist church was devoted to meetings of American Baptist Publication society. hTe treasurer's report showed a considerable deficit for the year. After the announcement of the various committees, Rev. Dr. B. L. Whitman delivered an address on "Work for the New Century."

At a business meeting of the Women's Baptist Home Mission society, reports of the various committees were read and

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Beautiful Tailored Suits at $15 and $10.

$15 reduced from $17.50, $19.50, $22.50 and up to $27.50.

$10 reduced from $12.50, $15.00 and $17.50.

A CLEAN-UP of several lines—not to be reordered—but one and two of a kind—in all of this season's best styles and colors and of the best materials—all jackets are silk lined—and all skirts with new flare—all sizes.

ETON and BLOUSE Jackets Reduced.

Tan, castor and black Etons of fine Venetian cloth, silk lined, self colored silk trimmings—regular price $7.50—at only $5.75.

Tan, castor, blue, black Etons of fine covert cloth, taffeta silk lined, with bands of stitched taffeta all round, fancy embroidered edges—regular price $9.50—at $7.50.

Eton and Blouse Jackets in fine broadcloth and imported covert cloth; also some fine serges—colors tan, blue brown, castor and black, regular prices $14.50 and $12.50—at $9.50.

Wash Goods—Reduced.

12½c Dimity for 9c—

A very firm material, yet sheer and will give splendid service—our popular 12½c quality at 9c.

25c Ginghams for 18c—

Odds and ends—32-inch Zephyr Silk Ginghams—Scotch Zephyrs—25c goods at 18c.

Shirt Waist Material at One-fourth Off—

Some very choice goods, such as Linen Ginghams, Oxfords and Scotch Ginghams—regular price $1.25—special, per waist length—88c.

An excellent assortment of New Ginghams for children's dresses at 10c.

—Wash Goods—first floor—left.

Dress Goods.

Special Prices for Thursday.

At 35c—Reduced from 50c and 60c—

About 15 pieces, plain and fancy—all wool and mixtures—they are very cheap at 35c.

—Fifth Table—Dress Goods Aisle.

At 75c—Reduced from $1.00 and $1.25—

Black and colored Cheviots, Granites, Grenadines and Fancies. It will pay you to look these up—at 75c a yard.

At $1.35—Reduced from $2.00—

Heavy Skirtings—No such values in heavy skirtings have been shown in this market—all wool and 56 inches wide. Don't wait till all the best colors are gone.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Mrs. J. N. Crow, president of the society and Miss Mary G. Burdette, corresponding secretary were nominated for re-election.

INDEMNITY.

President Gives the Matter Thought While In West.

San Francisco, May 22.—The president and Secretary Hay have been in constant communication with Washington during all their journey west. Dispatches from foreign embassies have been continually arriving and the Chinese situation has received special attention. The president has been anxious lest the difficulties thrown in the way of an arrangement by the demands of some powers might lead to indefinite delay and a consequent increase of indemnity to be exacted. The points to be settled are, first, the total amount of the indemnity and the share of each power; second, the method of payment; in regard to the first point, the president has constantly endeavored to moderate the demands of the powers to an amount which China might pay without financial ruin or territorial dismemberment. He has thought that $200,000,000 was the maximum amount indicated by the best authorities consulted, and he has proved his willingness of this government to make every sacrifice in the interest of theinterrity of China and the restoration of normal relations by cutting down our already moderate claim one-half if the powers would make proportionate reduction.

These propositions have not been accepted by the other governments, though Great Britain has shown a disposition to a considerate treatment of the matter. As to the method of payment, it is understood that there are various propositions before the conference of ministers in Pekin. One is a loan to be contracted by China, guaranteed by the powers, which it is thought might be floated at 4 per cent with a commission of 5 or 6 per cent; another is a loan, not guaranteed, which would probably require an enormous commission and a heavy rate of interest, some 7 per cent. Neither of these propositions were acceptable to the president.

Two weeks ago, he proposed that each of the powers should accept, for its share of the indemnity, the bonds of China at par and with interest at 3 per cent, provision for meeting interest and for eventual payment being taken from the likin, the salt duties and increased import taxes. Mr. Rockhill has now been instructed to urge these views anew upon the attention of his colleagues. The attitude of the British government, as set forth in the recent speeches of its representatives in parliament, indicate that Great Britain, though not willing to go so far as this country in moderating the demands of the payment, is inclined to accept measures which, if adopted, may bring the negotiations to a conclusion.

TO TAX PULLMAN COMPANY.

Lansing, Mich., May 22.—The house today, by unanimous vote, passed a bill taxing the Pullman Palace Car company, 3 per cent on their gross earnings in this state.

SPENDTHRIFT.

Probate Court So Adjudges Former Princess de Chimay.

Chicago, May 22.—Clara Rigo, formerly Princess de Chimay, nee Ward, of Detroit, was declared a spendthrift and incapable of managing her property in the probate court here today. Thomas R. Lyons, her uncle, was appointed conservator of her estate, and filed a bond of $100,000. He alleged that since she came into her property, in 1894, his niece has spent $400,000, in addition to an annual income of from $35,000 to $50,000. Lyons produced proof that his niece concurred in believing a conservator necessary.

The present action, according to statements of Mr. Lyons to the jury, was precipitated by the demand in February last from Egypt for $50,000 to pay the woman's accumulated debts. These had accrued in two years. This bill was the largest ever presented. Her previous record had been the spending of 100,000 francs, in Paris in six weeks. All of these bills, Mr. Lyons, as trustee, had to settle out of the principal of the woman's fortune.

When the debts in Egypt were discovered, Mr. Lyons arranged a meeting with his niece in London. She then acknowledged that she was incapable of resisting the temptation of buying whatever she wanted.

GAME POSTPONED.

Milwaukee, May 2.—Milwaukee-Baltimore game postponed. Wet grounds.

Skin affections will readily disappear by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Look out for counterfeits. If you get DeWitt's you will get good results. It is the quick and positive cure for piles. Max Wirth.

An Admitted Fact

Real Estate, Financial Men and Merchants

ALL SAY

That Quickest and Best Results Are Obtained by Advertising in the

Evening Herald!

SINGULAR MISTAKE

Decision In Cedar Island Lake Case Incorrectly Reported.

Murphy, Dorr, et al, the Complainants Were Winners.

Judge Lochren's Ruling Affirmed By Court of Appeals.

A singular and unusual error was made at St. Paul Monday by the St. Paul Dispatch in reporting the decision of Judge Sanborn, of the United States circuit court of appeals, in the case of Simon J. Murphy et al against P. H. Kirwin et al, the Cedar Island lake case. This same report was wired out by the Associated Press and is the one which was given in the Duluth papers yesterday. It stated that Judge Lochren's decision has been reversed and that the settlers, so-called, meaning those individuals who have located on the land between the lake shore line, which appeared on the original government plat, and the actual line, had won out. As a matter of fact, Judge Lochren's ruling was affirmed and the decision is for Murphy et al. This information is given in a notice to M. H. Stanford, of this city, attorney for Murphy et al, from John F. Jordan, clerk of the court of appeals. There can therefore be no doubt as to its authenticity.

This case is one of the most interesting that has ever come up in this county and has been stubbornly fought on both sides. It has had a number of sensational side issues lately, too, that have made it even more conspicuous than it was. This last phase, the incorrect report of the decision, will bring it more fame. The manner in which the error arose is hard to fathom, but it probably grew out of confusion over the use of the term settlers. As generally understood around here the term as used in the case applies to the men who are now on the land claiming it by virtue of settlement, but who have not yet proved their title. As a matter of fact Simon J. Murphy and his associates derive their asserted rights from patents issued to individuals who made homstead entries on the land. They did not buy from them direct, but the land found its way to them through that means. Therefore the term settlers has been frequently used in the case to mean the individuals who were the first to go on the land.

There has been a great deal of misunderstanding as to the facts and the merits of the case. It is undoubtedly very generally supposed that Murphy, Dorr and others, who are claiming the land, bought the land according to the government plat which showed the lake much larger than it actually is and therefore got much more than they paid for. Mr. Murphy's testimony was that he bought the land upon a stumpage basis at $1.65 per 1000 feet, which was the ruling price at that time, and that the estimators' figures included the timber clear up to the actual shore of the lake. He asserts; therefore, that he paid for the timber now claimed by the present settlers on the land. Murphy, Dorr and others purchased other land in this same township, 57-17, from the government and Judge Lochren found in his ruling that other lakes in the same township had been platted as land and that they had bought as lands areas much larger than Cedar Island lake that were really nothing but water.

The proceeding which is now before the court is an action which was instituted by the settlers. They sought to obtain a resurvey of the land and the secretary of the interior ordered P. H. Kirwin, United States surveyor general to make it. Murphy, Dorr et al, brought an action to restrain this and thus the United States is the defendant in the suit.

Judge Lochren held that the negligence or unfaithfulness of the employes of the government in making plats or surveys, cannot entitle the government to shift the loss onto an innocent purchaser who has bough; and received title on the representations of the plat of the government according to which the land is offered for sale, and that the government is bound by its own plat and the land department has no right to meddle with the land or cast doubt on the titles which the government conveyed. It was admitted in the case that all the land had been sold according to the plat and conveyed to the purchasers by patents referring to the plat.

Judge Lochren further said:

"In the present case the official plat shows the bank of Cedar Island lake, a large permanent body of still water, as one of the boundaries of each of the fractional lots here in dispute. This is a natural unchangeable monument and boundary, to which courses, distances and quantities must all give way. The purchasers of these fractional lots from the government, and later, their vendees, the complainants, going upon the ground with a copy of the official map before purchasing would not find section corners, nor any interior lines in the township; for the evidence shows that nothing of the kind was marked or designated on the ground. The only monument or boundary visible was the bank of Cedar Island lake; and with that boundary fixed and plain, they would form their judgments as to the location, character and value of the land, and as to the value of the timber thereon, which they were purchasing; as well as of the riparian rights belonging to and parcel of the land.

"The proposal of the land department now is to take summary possession of this very portion of these lands which the patentees and their vendee, the complainants, were able to locate with certainty, from the only fixed and visible boundary, and with reference to the value and desirability of which, including the riparian rights, the purchases were made; and allow the same to be now entered by prowling squatters. If the United States has still any valid claim to any portion of these lands the title to which they have conveyed away by patent, they should first establish such claim in a court of justice; and if they can recover any portion of these lots it is quite certain that it will not be the part which the land department now proposes to take; the very part, including riparian rights, which the patentees and complainants were shown by the plat to be the lands which they were purchasing and which they examined with a view of purchasing, and in fact did purchase and pay for. The evidence shows, as is above stated, that the riparian rights upon this lake were considered by complainants as an important element of value in making their purchase."

With reference to the government's recourse Judge Lochren said:

"If the government has any right or equity to have such patents corrected because of error or mistake it must apply to a court, having jurisdiction for that relief. And in such case, from the showing made in this suit the title of the complainants to such portions of such lots as border on said lake, as a permanent visible boundary will be the least assailable."

Exterminate The Breed!

That's the only way to get rid of bed bugs. The use of

Max Wirth's Bed Bug Killer

will secure a complete and final riddance of the pest.

Only 25c a Bottle at

Max Wirth's Drug Store,

13 West Superior St.

MARIE STUART.

A Favorite of the Dramatic Stage in Leading Roles.

Miss Marie Stuart, who is so favorably known for her dramatic success in leading roles, wrote from Philadelphia on Jan. 2, 1901: "I have never used any other medicine since I discovered the value of Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky. It rests my tired nerves and keeps me in perfect health, despite my continual physical and mental strain."

MISS STUART.

Miss Stuart's only medicine is Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky.

Stars, prima donnas, public speakers, clergymen, lawyers and all public men and women like Miss Stuart are subject to severe physical and mental strain. The fact that they uniformly use Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky to fortify themselves against and to aid them go through periods of hard work and excitement, is the strongest possible proof that Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky is the best tonic and stimulant.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky cures nervousness and indigestion; gives power to the brain, strength and elasticity to the muscles and richness to the blood. It positively cures consumption and all throat and lung troubles. It is a promoter of good health and longevity. Makes the old young; keeps the young strong. It is absolutely pure and contains no fusel oil. Government medicine stamp marks the genuine. All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1.00 per bottle. Medical book sent free to anyone who writes the Duffy Malt Whisky company, Rochester, N. Y.

THEY DELAY.

Superior Aldermen Will Ask Street Railway For Information.

The proposed new street railway track on Belknap street was a subject that was up in the West Superior council meeting last night and while some of the fire-eaters in that body were for taking all manner of dire measures against the company, cooler counsel prevailed and a resolution was passed requesting the company to tell the council what it is going to do on Belknap street. Since the company has distributed new rails, ties and piles of gravel along the street, the presumption is that it intends to make some improvements, but the council would not be satisfied on that score.

In the matter of the threatened proceedings for the annulment of the company's franchise in West Superior, the company has been granted an extension of time in which to file its briefs. This extension has been given, it is said, on account of the withdrawal from the case of Senator Spooner, who was supposed to represent the street railway company's interests. The briefs will now be prepared by Ross, Dwyer & Hile, of West Superior. City Attorney McKay will say nothing further on the matter, except that he is awaiting developments.

First May Music Festival.

2—Grand Concerts—2.

High School Auditorium, Wednesday and Friday evenings, May 29 and 31.

Admission at either concert 25 cents.

Reserved seats 25c extra.

INSPECTED.

Company A Put Through ---Makes a Good Showing.

Company A went through the annual spring inspection at the Armory last night with flying colors. Capt. W. W. Price, assistant inspector general of the First brigade, was well pleased with the work as were many friends of the company watching the inspection from the galleries. Capt. Eva presented a company of forty enlisted men and two officers. Many of the enlisted men were recruits which makes the showing all the more satisfactory.

The manual, and company, platoon and squad movements were well performed. The books of the company, kept by First Sergt. Broadbridge called for special praise from the inspecting officer.

This evening Capt. Price will inspect Company C. It is expected that a large crowd will take in the inspection.

New Service to St. Louis—Via "The Milwaukee" Line.

Commencing Sunday, May 19, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul will inaugurate through sleeping car service between the Twin Cities and St. Louis.

The sleeper will be carried daily on the train leaving Minneapolis 7:50 a. m. and St. Paul 8 a. m., arriving St. Louis at 7 o'clock the following morning.

The route is via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Iowa Central and Wabash railways, making a very direct line—passing through a very interesting portion of the country.

CULLEN ADMITTED

Being Guilty of Circulating Libel Regarding Gen. Corbin.

Case Has Attracted Much Interest For Over a Year.

Gen. Corbin Generously Decided Not to Demand Punishment.

Washington, May 22.—Orlan C. Cullen, a former St. Paul boy and nephew of O. O. Cullen, a prominent citizen of the Minnesota capital, yesterday pleaded guilty to circulating libelous printed statements against the military record and character of Maj. Gen. H. C. Corbin, adjutant general United States army.

The case is one that has attracted much interest in military circles for more than a year.

When Corbin's name was first mentioned for promotion to the rank of major general, and a bill introduced in congress to promote him, printed circulars appeared in Washington reflecting most severely on Corbin's military record and his character as a gentleman.

These circulars were traced to Cullen, and he created something of a sensation around the committee room of congress, claiming his ability to prove the contents of the circulars.

But an investigation developed that the statements contained in the circular, one of which was that Gen. Corbin, when in command of a colored regiment, ran away from a fight, were false, and yesterday Cullen asked for clemency although he would not admit that he was the author of the circulars.

The most he would say was he sent the circulars to prominent senators and representatives.

In view of his plea of guilty, and in consideration of his high family connections, Gen. Corbin decided not to press the case, and the sentence of Cullen was, therefore, suspended upon his giving bond to be more circumspect in the future.

At the court rooms many military officers were present, also Senators Tillman, Blackburn and Gear.

Some years ago Cullen figured in a sensation in Washington, when he produced what purported to be the original will of Judge Advocate General Holt, who served during Lincoln's administration.

This will had the signatures of Gens. U. S. Grant and W. T. Sherman as witnesses and Cullen claimed he found it among the papers of his father.

It created great commotion among the Holt heirs, and the contest was settled outside the courts.

Cullen and his family have a fine country seat at Warm Springs, Va., where they give annual entertainments.

Gen. Corbin regards his vindication to be now complete, and his magnanimous action is to be commended.

It is said that Cullen never possessed the personal confidence of Gen. Miles, as he claimed, but through the feelings which were known to exist between Miles and Corbin Cullen was able to make something of a showing.

HAD TROUBLE.

Capt. Barker Was Afflicted With Heart Disease.

It has been learned since the sudden death of Capt. Charles S. Barker, the dredge man, yesterday afternoon, that the immediate cause of his death was heart failure. Capt. Barker has been treated for heart trouble for three or four years and his physicians had notified both himself and his family that his death was likely to occur at any time. No arrangements had been made for his funeral, this morning, but it was expected that interment will be made in Duluth.

Capt. Barker was 53 years old at the time of his death and was born in Syracuse, N. Y. He came West when a young man and first worked for his father, who was a dredging contractor. Capt. Barker did a great deal of work at the Sault before he came to Duluth. He was a member of Keystone chapter, Palestine lodge and the Duluth Commandery.

There is, of course, more or less speculation among the marine men as to what will become of Capt. Barker's dredging business. A stock company was formed recently, but this was a mere matter of formality for various reasons, Capt. Barker holding practically all the stock. He managed his own affairs without any assistance. The new dredge company has a large number of heavy contracts outside of the regular government contract and the speculation is whether the plant and equipment will be sold outright to some other dredge man or an attempt will be made to carry out the work by the estate.

An American Waterway.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The Chicago boat, the Northwestern, lighters at Buffalo, and from there perforce diverges into Canadian channels. The excursion through the great lakes of the President of the United States, who cannot, perforce ends at Buffalo. These should be made object lessons of the need of an American deep waterway, which after seven years' effort, we have fully surveyed and considered, and are now ready to present for a favoring public opinion and action.

Effort should be concentrated on the Niagara way as the first and experimental section, including Ontario commercially as it is naturally in the chain of the great lakes. This need involve only 11.6 of actual canal and nine locks, and will on 21-foot basis pass the 800-ton freighter in nine hours from Erie into Ontario and extend the inland deep water transportation system so much nearer New York and the seaboard.

No waterway in the world has so much business in sight. No country in the world would still allow Niagara whose waters have been turned to every use but that of commerce to remain, for want of this bit of waterway, a block on navigation. So far as commerce is concerned they plunge today in uselessness, as they did when the first man-bearing canoe paused timidly at their roar. We can "hear the West (our lakes) a callin'" these waters might bring us the freightage of your Argosies.

JOHN A. COLLIER WRIGHT.
Rochester, N. Y., May 15.

Found at Last. The Ideal Dress Shield.

Corona Dress Shields are a positive boon. This shield is made of a newly discovered material which is white, soft and light, perspiration-proof, and can be washed, boiled and ironed. You will find it only at our store.

Your Mail Order Is Filled the Day We Receive It.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

We are Sole Agents for

BUTTERICK PATTERNS

NONE BETTER KNOWN.

Triumph of Economy In the Suit Section. Good fortune certainly awaits prompt comers for Ladies' Tailor Suits—for never in our experience have such high class garments been coupled with such small prices. To illustrate more fully:

At $6.95 *Suits of excellent Cheviots and Homespuns in the* pleasing Eton and Bolero shapes — jackets are silk lined—skirt cut with that graceful effective flare—$10 and $12 is the regular price.

At $15.50 *$25 suits from the makers' samples—$23 and $25* suits from our own peerless stock—exceptional suits of fine material—made by first-class men tailors—crisp, fresh suits and gowns that are worth one-third to one-half more than we ask—all styles fabrics and trimmings.

Cheviot Dress Skirts at $4.50 *Instead of $6.00 and* $6.50—of good Cheviot—Oxford Gray in color—some trimmed with black Taffeta—cut with flare—well lined—perfect hanging—have been $6 and $6.50—tomorrow they go at $4.50.

Silk Waists at $3.95 *Don't think that because the price* is small that it's an ordinary value, the regular price is $5—it's made of good black Taffeta with novel corded effect in front and back—Bishop sleeve and narrow cuff—tomorrow at $3.95.

$10 Eton Jackets at $6.50 *We'll take $3.50 less than* the regular price to have you take these tomorrow—only a few of them and we want them to go quick—stylish Etons of Broadcloth in tan shades—at $6.50 instead of $10.00.

Muslin Underwear.

Four hints from the best undermuslin stock in Duluth—where the ordinary prices are as low as the much advertised "sale prices" of others.

Corset Covers at 25c—*Marguerite full* front covers of good Cambric—neatly trimmed with lace and embroidery.

At 50c—*Extra full front corset covers of excellent* Cambric and and Nainsook—over 10 styles to choose from—daintily trimmed with lace and insertion—you'll see no better elsewhere at 75c.

Drawers at 50c—*Of extra good Cambric*—with 6-inch flounce of fine India linen with clusters of fine tucks and rows of hemstitching—a 75c drawer at only 50c

Muslin Petticoats at 75c—*In a variety of styles—made* of good muslin with cambric flounce—lace embroidery and cluster tuck trimmed—the same quality widely advertised at 89c—our price 75c

Toilet Articles. *Bona Fide Bargains for Thursday Traders.*

At 19c—*Tappan's 35c Grandiosa* Handkerchief extracts in all floral odors—only 19c oz.

At 15c—*25c Bottles concentrated* Florida Water.

At 15c—*25c Cans Royal* tooth powder—patent stopper.

At 15c—*25c Tooth Brushes,* prophylactic shape.

At 15c—*25c Japanese Bristle* nail brushes.

At 21c—*39c Triplicate Mirrors*—decorated backs.

At 25c—*35c fine Cherry back* hair brushes.

At 10c—*25c boxes of Soap*—Oatmeal, Glycerine, Russian Rose, Lilac or Violet soaps—good toilet soaps usually 25c, box of 3 cakes—tomorrow 10c.

Underwear—High qualities, lower prices.

At 10c *Women's 15c Sleeveless Vests of pure white Richelieu* rib—extraordinary values at the price—on sale tomorrow at 10c.

At 15c *Women's pure white Sleeveless Vests—prettily trimmed* with colored lace and tape—blue, pink, lavender, etc.

At 25c *Women's 35c high neck vests—long or short sleeve—in* pure white or cream—perfect fitting—faultlessly made—plain or lace trimmed—pants to match—on sale tomorrow at only 25c.

More Millinery Surprises.

The weekly recurrence of our matchless "special day and special feature" that is making this the phenomenal millinery business of Duluth. Tomorrow we have these special values—especially designed and made for this day sale.

At $3 *You can see hats in other* stores at $5.00 that do not approach these $3 ones in style or make—and this $5 millinery is the rival of the usual $7.50 hat—We give you a choice of all the most "wanted" shapes in new straw webbings and pretty braids—trimmed in flowers and foliage and chiffon—in colors or black effects—it's a saving chance for really fine millinery at a most reasonable price **At $5**

Thursday will be a display of new "Shirtwaist and "Tailor-made" Hats, Legborns and Gainsborough effects.

Hosiery—Extra Values *that hint of many others that* are to be found here.

At 12½c *Women's fast black or tan hose—40 gauge—very* elastic—a 20c stocking at 12½c.

At 25c *Women's 35c fast black Stockings—high spliced heels and* toes—white sole—Hermsdorf dye—very elastic and serviceable.

At 25c *Children's "Black Cat" Stockings—the strongest and best* wearing in the world—will outwear all others—all sizes, 5 to 10.

In the Dress Goods Department.

At 69c *Priestley's $1.25 Black Wool Grenadines. Here is* the bargain of the season. The genuine Priestley wool Grenadines 40 to 42 inches wide—never sold for less than $1.00 and $1.25. It's a trade transaction of moment that lets us sell these $1.25 Grenadines to you at 69c

28 inch Wool Challies at 28c. Handsome challies in all the spring colors of blue, gray, lilac, green, etc—Persian and floral designs—with half inch satin stripes running through. Regular 50c Challies here tomorrow at 28c

At 39c—*50c All Wool Challies—31 inches, neat polka dot design* —black dots on green, turquoise, gray, tan, etc., or black with red dots. Regular 50c value—only 39c.

At 50c—*All Wool Challies—Beautiful summary colors in Oriental* and floral designs—31 inches—all the new fashionable colors. Real value 65c. Monday only 50c.

Special at $1.00—44 inch $1.25 Prunellas—gray, brown, blue—42-in. $1.25 Poplins, red, green, brown, etc.—48-inch $1.25 French Serge—hard finish $1.00

Do not be deceived About the genuine Cachemire Taffeta Silk

It is here and here only—look for this name

Cachemire Taffeta

on the paper cover of the silk.

We have both kinds of silk here—one our own genuine Cachemire Taffeta in all the new colors—a silk of body and texture and 24 and 27 inches wide and the other a flimsy light-weight "Flannel Taffeta"—a poor counterfeit of ours and sold under the delusive name of "Cashmere" Silk. We want you to see them both together **and see the difference—our price is no more than others ask for the flimsy imitation.**

Patent Medicines.

At 29c—*Hunyadi Janos mineral* water, usually 40c.

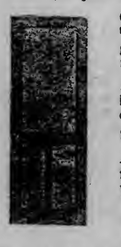
At 72c—*Lydia Pinkham's* Blood Purifier—usually $1.00.

At 39c—*Bottle Kickapoo Indian* Sagwa, usually sold at 50c.

At 15c—*Box of Ayer's Pills* usually 25c.

Warm Weather Things in the Daylight Basement.

YOU DO YOURSELF an injustice if you fail to keep in touch with this underprice basement offerings—and frequent visits cannot fail to be valuable to you—come tomorrow and see these—



Screen Doors *1½-inch thick, extra heavy* Norway Pine, painted green, 4 panels, all sizes, worth $1.00, choice tomorrow only 75c

*Fancy Doors, strong and well made, fin*ished in natural color, all sizes, worth $1.75, choice only $1.25

Spring Hinges—per pair only 8c

Adjustable Screen Windows, made of hardwood—finished in natural color. We can fit any size window from 20-inches to 37 inches wide. Prices for Thursday 35c and 25c

Hammocks *What a pleasing variety of these* summer necessities we have here—The price range is broad enough to include all styles and suit all tastes—65c to $5.00. Take this for a sample and come in and see the others.

Full size Hammock with fancy color, full size bed concealed spreader; pillow with 8-in. valance and fringe, would be cheap at $1.50—Thursday's price $1

Porch Seats *500 Japanese* Porch seats—something everybody should have. Thursday only 5c

Garden and Lawn Hose.

No excuse for a dried burnt lawn or garden or for even having a leaky hose at these prices. It's a positive saving of from 10 to 20 per cent for you—thus:

10c quality goes at, per foot 6½c
12c quality goes at, per foot 10c
15c quality goes at, per foot 12c
18c quality goes at, per foot 15c
Every foot guaranteed.

Hardwood Hose Reels, worth 95c. Thursday only 69c

Combination Nozzles for straight stream or any size spray. Thursday only 45c

Croquet Sets Standard make — 4 balls at 59c; 6 balls at 79c; 8 balls at 89c

Paint Dept. *Ready mixed house and floor paint,* strictly guaranteed—30 colors to choose from, worth $1.48. Thursday, per gallon only $1.00

Family paints—½ pint cans, all colors, per can only 9c

BAPTIST PREACHER HOT.

To Leave the Ministerial Body at Chicago.

Chicago, May 22.—Disgusted with the treatment that he received from the members of the Baptist ministers' association, Rev. Stephen B. Dexter, pastor of the Humboldt Park church, has decided to resign from that body. His resignation will be handed in at the next meeting of the organization and until its members agree to listen to the report upon the evils resulting from the abolishment of the canteen he will refuse to participate in any of their deliberations.

The resignation of Dr. Dexter is the result of his attempt to investigate the conditions at Fort Sheridan before and after the abolishment of the sale of liquor at the post exchange. Monday he submitted his report to the Baptist ministers of Chicago, who had instructed him to make the investigation.

Hardly had he commenced to read his report, which opened with the statement that he believed the canteen ought to be re-established, than he was interrupted. Against his earnest protests resolutions were passed by the ministers' association declaring that the abolishment of the canteen had been a good thing and protesting against Dr. Dexter's course in giving out interviews to the contrary. All this was done before Dr. Dexter could make his report. After the resolutions had been passed he again started to read the statistics which he had so carefully prepared, and again he was silenced, this time by the chairman of the conference ruling that all further discussion on the canteen question was out of order.

Failing in his efforts to secure a consideration of his report and denounced by his brother ministers, the clergyman left the meeting. At his residence Dr. Dexter announced his determination to resign as a member of the conference. This resignation will not affect his standing as a member of the Baptist church.

FINED FIVE HUNDRED.

Punishment For a "Masher" at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., May 22.—William Whalen, 23 years old, was fined $500 in police court yesterday for "mashing." The complaining witness was Miss Kate Danwaiter, reputed to be the handsomest shop girl in Kansas City. Miss Danwaiter testified that as she was leaving the store where she is employed she was accosted by Whalen, who tried to force his attentions upon her.

"These working girls as well as others more favored by fortune must have the protection of the laws," said the court in passing sentence. "I propose to grant them the fullest protection that lies in my power, and to impose the maximum penalty when proven guilty. I shall fine you, Whalen, $500, and that's what all mashers will get in this court."

MAN HE SLEW

A Brother of Sheriff, Prosecutor and Judge.

Charleston, W. Va., May 22.—Henry C. Cassidy, wanted in Martin county, Kentucky, for the murder of Joseph M. Kirk about two years ago, has been captured in Clay county by Deputy United States Marshal Dan Cunningham. The Cassidys and Kirks compose rival factions, and the murderd man was a brother of the present sheriff, prosecuting attorney and county judge of Martin county. The killing of Kirk by Cassidy occurred near Eden after the latter had first been waylaid, so it is alleged, and escaped with his life, but had a thumb shot off. Cassidy surrenederd quietly, but asked for protection from any violence in Kentucky. Four hundred dollars reward was offered for his capture.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Sampson: I believe women should be treated same East as West. How is that? Why, give them Rocky Mountain Tea, the greatest spring blessing women can have. 35c. Ask your druggist.

New parasols

Parasol makers have kept step to fashion's tuneful march, and this season vie with the makers of hats, costumes, and shoes, in producing the most finished dress elegance ever created----this exhibition (the largest in the city) reflects the best, the daintiest----its a rare style show----all the new features of handles, trimmings, mountings and shapes are authentic here----tomorrow the assortment is at its best----the prices are the lowest.

Fancy China Silk Parasols---- deep borders--crook natural handles, tassels **$1.50**

Satin Foulard Parasols----very fancy--all colors--22-inch size---------- **$1.98**

Fancy Silk Parasols--deep chiffon ruffle--all colors--on sale at---------- **$2.25**

Ladies' Chiffon Parasols--black or white--beautiful--on sale at---------- **$4.50**

Coaching Parasols--new pastel shades--covers to match--large silk bow on handle--the newest, most fashionable parasol of the season---------- **$4.25**

Golf Parasols--in every color--very fancy--golf tipped ribs--golf handles--very stylish— **$4.75**

PANTON WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

We Court Comparison!

THE KEEN spirit of rivalry created by comparison strengthens a store's strong points and brings to public view the weaker ones. Our supremacy in the retail arena is generally acknowledged, and deferentially recognized by the trade----To those watching affairs, it is amusing to observe how closely our prices and sales are watched and imitated by other stores----We set the price notch--others try to meet it----seldom are as good qualities offered elsewhere for the same prices----once in a while a store leaves the path of following our lead and advertises a sale of goods on which we have not quoted prices----of course they are ignorant of our prices----then the contrast of our methods with those of others is vividly brought to light----rarely are our regular prices met by "special" sale prices of others----haven't you found this true ?

Every housekeeper in Duluth, Superior, and surrounding country will be interested in this store's doings during the next three days----each department has positive instructions to make the lowest prices of the year----the response has been generous----not every special doing or price is in the paper----but every department is offering very special inducements----the praise of this sale and the good bargains offered will be on the lips of every woman who enters our doors. It's a three days' sale of surpassing interest and economy----worthy of patronage.

Shirt waists

The comfortable shirt waist has Dame Fashion's most cordial endorsement, much to the joy and comfort of womankind----the shirt waist will be uppermost in the minds of the feminine world the next four months----Tomorrow and the balance of the week the prettiest of this season's modes, in exclusive and popular styles will be exhibited here----the prices and the varieties (the most pleasing west of Chicago) will make these three days long remembered----It's the ONLY perfectly complete assortment in the city (prices range from 49c to $7)----Appreciative women are coming **here** for their waists----**to headquarters**----Mail orders will be filled at these prices----be sure to send **size** and **color** desired.

Percale Waists--in becoming shades--lovely patterns--perfect in fit and splendidly finished---------- **49c**

Very Special--Gingham and Scotch Zephyr Washable Waists--in plain colors and fancy stripes--some tucked and stitched, others plain tailored--some have the large white revere effect, now coming into general favor----- **98c**

New Wash Waists----Made of sheer white lawn--exquisitely trimmed--beautifully finished--$3.75, $3.50, $3.00, $2.75 and---------- **$2.50**

New Wash Waists--made from fine grass linen, a very cool, airy, comfortable material because of its open mesh--plain or elaborately trimmed, to suit your fancy--cuffs and collars are soft--98c $1.50, $2 $2.50, $3, $3.50, up to------ **$7.00**

Another Silk Waist Sale---we offer the balance of those $5 and $6 silk waists which created such a sensation last Saturday, at $2.85--this time they are shown in the waist department--all colors and sizes--In addition we place on sale all our colored taffeta silk waists that formerly sold at $6.50 to $7.50 at **$4.98**

A shoe sale

So great has been the increase of our shoe business this spring that the firm have highly praised the shoe manager, because of this he is feeling exceptionally good, and as a result he is celebrating by giving some exceptionally generous bargains for Thursday. If grand values will draw a large crowd—we will have a crowded shoe department tomorrow.

Ladies' Patent Leather Lace Boots--With extension welt soles--dull kid tops—or light flexible soles and fancy cloth tops—all sizes and widths—every pair guaranteed worth from $3.00 to $3.50—Thursday only---------- **$1.99**

Ladies' Tan Lace Boots--wide, medium or narrow toe--light or heavy soles—very swellest designs—all sizes and widths—exceptionally good values at $3.00--the price on Thursday only---------- **$2.39**

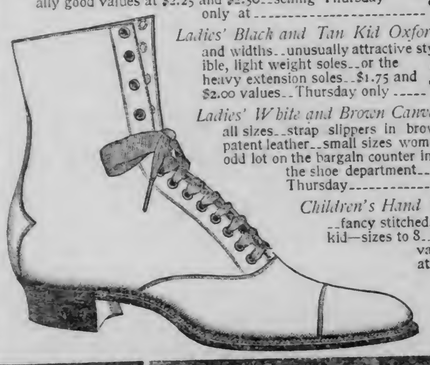
Ladies' Fine Kid Boots--all sizes and widths--a big special lot of over eight styles--in lace or button--fancy cloth or plain kid tops--new stock and strictly up-to-date styles--every pair exceptionally good values at $2.25 and $2.50--selling Thursday only at---------- **$1.69**

Ladies' Black and Tan Kid Oxfords--all sizes and widths--unusually attractive styles--soft, flexible, light weight soles--or the heavy extension soles--$1.75 and $2.00 values--Thursday only ---- **$1.35**

Ladies' White and Brown Canvas Oxfords--all sizes--strap slippers in brown, black and patent leather--small sizes women's shoes--an odd lot on the bargain counter in the shoe department--Thursday---------- **59c**

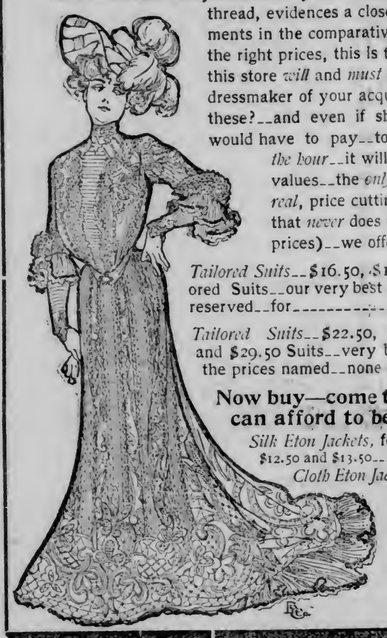
Children's Hand Turned Shoes--fancy stitched, spring heels, kid—sizes to 8--90c value at - -- **59c**

Infants--hand turned, sizes to 5-- - **45c**



The Suit Sale of the Hour

Speaking of ready-made garments....there are indifferent makes----good makes, better makes, best makes----and worse---ours are **best**---each stitch and every tuck--every curve and every angle, every fiber and every thread, evidences a close attention to detail displayed by garments in the comparatively few houses--for the right goods and the right prices, this is the right place--every garment that leaves this store *will* and *must* fit you as if made to your measure--what dressmaker of your acquaintance can make garments as well as these?--and even if she could, consider how much more you would have to pay--tomorrow we will inaugurate the *suit sale of the hour*--it will be the only sale offering truly *sensational* values--the *only* sale where bargains are *genuine*, saving *real*, price cutting *bonafide* and *liberal*--this is the house that *never* does things by *halves* (unless it is to give half prices)--we offer for this sale—



Tailored Suits--$16.50, $18, $18.50 Tailored Suits--our very best garments--none reserved--for---------- **$12.50**

Tailored Suits--$22.50, $24.50, $27.50 and $29.50 Suits--very best garments at the prices named--none reserved------- **$19.50**

Now buy—come to headquarters—no other store can afford to be so liberal.

Silk Eton Jackets, formerly selling at $10.00, $11, $12.50 and $13.50---choice for---------- **$7.50**

Cloth Eton Jackets--silk lined--formerly selling for $6.50 up to $8---now------ **$4.98**

Dress Skirts--fine taffeta silk ---$12.50 values for---------- **$7.50**

$8 and $9 Dress Skirts--fine wool cheviot and venetian cloth, brown, blue and black---to close---------- **$4.98**

Wrappers--of good calico--dark colors--deep flounce--75c values--for-- **55c**

Wash fabrics

On the threshold of summer, just before the wearing season, we offer the most elaborate display of fine and medium grade Wash Fabrics ever shown in this city----the lines are now in the fullness of their beauty----tomorrow they will be in the prime of their price attractiveness----we are abundantly able to cope with the crowds that will greet these special bargains----mail orders filled at these prices----samples cheerfully furnished.

Soie Ecletant--a beautiful, soft, clingy weave--drapes lovely--one of those fabrics that puzzles experts to detect from real silk, so closely does it resemble the genuine--solid colors with satin stripes---------- **75c**

Broche Rayure Soie--a handsome weave--with satin stripes--overlaid with rich embroidery and sprinkled with roses and flowers--making a charming effect--special at---------- **49c**

Pongee de L'Exposition--rich, silky, beautiful, popular, splendid--usually sells for 35c--special Thursday at------ **19c**

Satin Finished Foulards--dainty summer patterns--blue, old rose, lavender, and black and white--special---------- **15c**

Pine Apple Swiss with Loraine finish--a finish peculiar to itself--handsome line of patterns and color combinations--meeting with wide favor--special price here at---------- **25c**

Matting, rugs

Several Circumstances make it possible for us to *undersell* and *out-sell* all competition--notwithstanding ostentatious boasts about greatest assortments, etc., of other stores, people who buy don't have to be told that our assortments are not only the *most complete* in the city, but our *varieties and selections are easily the most pleasing*--doing by far the largest carpet business in the city we can *AFFORD* to be the *most liberal* in prices--this is what helps us to grow so rapidly--here are some special carpet-size rug values for tomorrow--

Wilton Velvet Rugs--Best quality--9x12 feet--regular $40.00 rugs for---------- **$32.50**

Wilton Velvet Rugs--best quality--8-3x10-6--regular $35.00 quality for---------- **$27.50**

Reed's Axminster Rugs--9x12--$35.00 quality for $27.50--8-3x10-6--$30.00 quality for-------- **$24.00**

Smith's Axminster Rugs--9x12--regular $25 value for $19.50--8-3x10-6, $22.50 value for ------ **$17.50**

Special Matting Sale--China Matting--fancy patterns--regular 18c grade--our price ---------- **12½c**

China Matting--plain white, regular 20c grade for---------- **15c**

China Matting--extra heavy and jointless--25c grade for---------- **19c**

Special Lace Curtain Sale.

Brussells' Net Curtains, regular price $5--this sale price--per pair--only------ **$3.75**

Brussells' Net Curtains, regular price $5.50--this sale price--per pair---------- **$4.98**

Battenburg Curtains--hand worked--regular price $6.00--sale price--per pair **$4.75**

Battenburg Curtains--hand worked, reg price $8, at **$6.25**

Hat sale

A second best hat is a profitable investment, saving its cost by saving the wear of the best one--tomorrow we shall have ready 100 trimmed hats--$5 grades--especially fine, pretty, practical and attractive--made in the swellest shapes, of good materials--trimmed with lace, foliage, and chiffon--the price tomorrow should sell 'em all--choice for------- **$2.95**

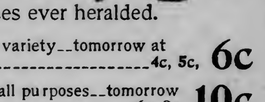
Stunning Gainsborough Hat--(like illustration)--trimmed with the finest materials--best Italian combed ostrich plumes--price---------- **$35.00**

We can duplicate this hat, in exact shape and effect, with cheaper materials for half this price.

New Shirtwaist Hats--the nattiest creations brought out this season--a typical young lady's hat--dressy and comfortable--trimmed with pretty fancy silks, curled quills, breasts, and velvet ribbons--nowhere else such lovely qualities and charming productions for only $2.50 to $7.00.

Wall papers.

We want buyers without number to take away this endless variety of charming spring wall papers--tomorrow we inaugurate another brilliant sale, affording opportunities for money saving never enjoyed outside this wall paper department--the grandest array of low prices ever heralded.



Artistic Chamber Patterns--a large variety--tomorrow at per roll ----4c, 5c, **6c**

Pretty Designs in Gilts suitable for all purposes--tomorrow selling at, per roll----6c, 8c, **10c**

Beautiful Tapestry Effects--in dark colorings--at, per roll----10c, 12c, **20c**

Embossed and Silk Finished Papers--beautiful, new, clever designs ----15c, 20c, **25c**

New Parlor Papers--in floral and convention patterns--something to suit the most exacting tastes--tomorrow selling special at, per roll----20c, 25c, **30c**

Charming Effects in Lace--pompadour stripes--at, per roll----25c, 30c, **40c**

Solid Oak Art Grilles and Room Mouldings at factory prices--tomorrow and every day.

Silk sale.

65c per yard for Flannel Taffetas---19 inches wide---a better quality than sold for 85c elsewhere on Superior street--Our leader tomorrow for---------- **55c**

Crepe de Chene--24 in. wide--regular $1.25 quality--special for this sale tomorrow---------- **89c**

Silk sale.

Flannel Taffetas---98c for Flannel Taffetas--called by one of our competitors "Cashmere" taffetas---theirs is simply a jobber's name for an inferior quality of the original manufacturer's name, "*Flannel Taffeta*"--all the new spring shades offered here at **98c**

Bargain Counter No. 1.

Fancy White Goods--hair line stripe dimity--fancy stripe dimity--plain India Linons--White Piques--worth up to 20c--everybody will be wonderfully interested in this sale--it presents a remarkable saving--price for Thursday--20c White Goods for---------- **10c**

Mrs. McCann is demonstrating Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit on this counter the balance of this week.

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Neckwear—Advance showing summer styles Pique and Lawn Ties, Collars, Stocks--19c, 25c and----- **35c**

Handkerchiefs---100 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs--5c quality--Thursday, 3c each--per dozen---------- **30c**

50 doz Ladies' White Lawn Handkerchiefs, hemstitched, regular 7c quality--per dozen-------- **55c**

Bargain Counter No. 3.

25c Corsets--25 dozen ventilated summer corsets--dainty red and white stripes--strong front steels--straight front effects--French models--daintily lace trimmed--sizes 18 to 26--never such corsets for --------- **25c**

Colored goods.

All our short lengths of kerseys, serges, venetians, skirtings, broadcloths, whipcords, plaids, etc--all new spring styles--values up to $2.65--special price for Thursday is only -------- **79c**

Black wool goods

58 inch unfinished worsteds, extra fine, strong quality--$3.00 grade at--- **$2.25**

50 inch Black Panne--beautiful soft, velvet finish--$3.50 grade at------ **$2.75**

48 inch Black Peau de Soie--beautiful silk finished--$2.50 grade at------- **$1.98**

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 22.—The barometer is low in the lake region and districts lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains, and high off the New England and California coasts. It is somewhat warmer over North Atlantic states and the eastern lake region, and cooler over Western Lake Superior and Rocky mountain districts. Light to heavy rains fell over the lake region, Central valleys, Southeastern states and the extreme Northwest. The winds in the lake region are fresh in force; northern on the north shore of Lake Superior and generally southerly elsewhere, with fog at Duluth, Houghton and Milwaukee.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	76	Memphis	72
Battleford	58	Miles City	90
Bismarck	80	Milwaukee	52
Boston	52	Minnelosia	86
Buffalo	78	Modena	62
Calgary	50	Montgomery	74
Charleston	76	Moorhead	80
Chicago	54	New Orleans	78
Cincinnati	64	New York	68
Davenport	62	North Platte	72
Denver	82	Oklahoma	82
Detroit	60	Omaha	72
Dodge City	78	Pittsburg	70
Duluth	72	Port Arthur	60
Edmonton	54	Portland	62
El Paso	84	Prince Albert	58
Escanaba	62	Qu'Appelle	80
Galveston	78	Raid City	78
Green Bay	58	San Francisco	62
Havre	68	Santa Fe	74
Helena	48	Shreveport	76
Houghton	68	Spokane	58
Huron	76	St. Louis	66
Jacksonville	82	St. Paul	70
Kamloops	52	Sault Ste. Marie	64
Kansas City	66	Swift Current	74
Knoxville	66	Washington	70
La Crosse	64	Williston	66
Los Angeles	68	Winnemucca	64
Marquette	58	Winnipeg	80

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time), today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Showers tonight and probably Thursday. Slightly warmer Thursday afternoon or night. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 22.—Forecasts: For Minnesota, Wisconsin and North and South Dakota—Local showers tonight and Thursday.

Upper Lakes—Fresh variable winds, mostly southwesterly on Michigan and Huron. Scattered showers tonight and Thursday.

Italian Success In Foreign Lands.

The large number of Italian immigrants arriving in this country is causing comment in certain quarters and some go so far as to advocate the checking, at least, of immigration from all sources. It is said, however, by those who are in a position to know that Italians are really desirable immigrants. Their condition in their native country is such that they are grateful for improved conditions elsewhere. The best example of Italian success in a foreign country is found in the Argentine Republic. The climate of that republic favors not only the Italian's physical development, but the social conditions to which he was accustomed in the old country. Argentina is an Italy under reversed conditions. In the European Italy there are more people than there is room for; in the South American Italy there is more land than the people know what to do with. At the present time there are only about four persons to the square mile, the present population being about 4,000,000, one-fourth of whom are Italians. In Buenos Ayres, a city of 600,000 people, one-third are Italians. They came into the country in recent years so poor that in most cases they would not be allowed to land in the United States, and the wealth of Italian commercial firms in Buenos Ayres is now computed at $150,000,000. In the rural districts one man out of every eight is a landed proprietor. They found their knowledge of vine growing and winemaking useful in their new homes, and in three provinces the wine product averages 23,000,000 gallons a year. Italy is beginning to realize the advantages of successful emigration. Families who made sacrifices to send one or more members into the new world are now lifted out of the poverty of home life by the regular remittances of devoted sons and daughters.

The Financial Condition of Havana.

The finances of Havana have been investigated by a commission appointed for the purpose and there has been found a woeful lack of ability in the handling of the city's affairs. The commission finds that the indebtedness of the city is $12,255,961. The average yearly expenses, outside of public instruction and some other items which are defrayed by the state, are $2,250,000. The cost of placing a loan of $15,000,000, in addition to the expense of existing loans and counting in the sinking fund, both of which amount to about $600,000, should be about $1,300,000. Consequently, the commission says, the city could afford to raise the necessary loan, although at present the revenue of the city is only about $1,900,000. This could be easily increased, the report argues. At present the tax on private property yields $580,000 on an assessed income of $5,280,000. This appears to be a very low assessment, because out of 18,400 houses on which taxes are assessed 9770 are mortgaged to the extent of $92,074,214 and these mortgages are paying 8 per cent interest. The report says that after making all due allowances the assessed income of Havana property should be $10,000,000, or $1,200,000 a year. The water rates also should yield about $800,000 instead of $340,000 as at present. This estimate is based on the fact that at present only 11,950 houses take water when there ought to be 20,000. In summarizing the whole situation the report says that Havana, with new assessments and proper administration, should be able to raise $3,300,000 annually without trouble.

AN AMERICAN WATERWAY

John A. Collier Wright, of Rochester, N. Y., writes to The Herald urging that a determined effort should be made at once to push the subject of a deep waterway from the great lakes to the Atlantic ocean through American territory. His idea is that the initial effort should be concentrated on the Niagara way as the first and experimental section, opening up a deep waterway between Lakes Erie and Ontario. There would be required a canal only 11½ miles in length with nine locks, and Mr. Wright says that with a 21-foot canal the passage could be made by a 8000-ton freighter in nine hours. This route has already been surveyed by a commissioner of engineers appointed by the government, and the project has been pronounced thoroughly feasible. What is now needed is to induce congress to make an appropriation for the construction of the canal. If the senators and representatives from the Northwest will join hands with those from all the states along the great lakes, undoubtedly sufficient influence could be exerted to secure an appropriation for this project which is of vastly more importance to a large section of the American people than is the isthmian canal.

The opening of direct communication between the great lakes and Liverpool by a fleet of steamers sailing from Chicago has been heralded as a great step forward. These vessels have to go via the Canadian canals, but that route is only a makeshift, taking only 14-foot vessels. What is needed is a 21-foot ship canal, and it should be constructed, if possible, through American territory. If this be not done in the near future there will be further deepening of the Canadian waterways and the opening of the Georgian bay route, with the result that a large part of our commerce will be diverted to Canadian channels.

THE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

The Minneapolis Journal says: "The Duluth Herald's remedy for the disadvantage which the independent mine owner suffers is fair rates on the railroads. The only guaranty of fair rates on the railroads is a reliable railroad commission. Does The Duluth Herald feel quite sure at this time that we have that kind of a commission?"

The Herald must confess it is not sure that the present railroad commission is reliable, but it is hoping that its fears are not well founded. Perhaps a majority of the commissioners at least will decide to act fairly in the matter of iron ore freight rates, although so far they have not shown a disposition to do so. The recent expression of public opinion, however, may have a salutary effect. The Herald is inclined not to wholly condemn the commission until it shows its hand more clearly. Perhaps it may redeem itself.

EVIDENCE AND INTOLERANCE.

Is the world becoming more liberal in its views? Are individuals becoming more tolerant of the opinions of others? Is Christian charity gaining a foothold as the guiding principle in the lives of men? We all believe in evolution; even the orthodox church has at last accepted the theory, although it claims its right to interpret it according to its dogmas. All believe that man is slightly evolving into a better and more reasoable being, yet when there are exhibited, in conversations of those to whom all look for temperance and charity, naught but intemperance and malice, faith in our theories of life is rudely shaken.

A few weeks ago a delegation of ministers from the churches of Chicago took upon themselves the task of investigating the current report that the abolition of the army canteen increased rather than diminished drunkenness in the army posts. With commendable consideration these ministers, headed by Dr. Parkhurst, called upon the officers at Fort Sheridan and asked for information. When it was given they gave the officers to understand that they did not want that kind of information. They were after information that would sustain the anti-canteen law. They informed the officers that there was less drunkenness since the canteen had been excluded by law, and intimated that all men who held differently were liars. What their report was does not matter. The whole proceeding was a farce of the most disgraceful kind.

Rev. Stephen B. Dexter of the Humboldt Park church was chosen to perform a similar investigation for the Baptist Ministers' association. He did so and appeared before the association to make his report. He had proceeded like an honest man and secured evidence of the facts. These facts led him to believe that the army canteen ought to be re-established. Monday last he was called upon for his report. He arose to give it, but unfortunately began with the statement that he believed the canteen ought to be re-established. At this point he was interrupted by the association, which, against his protest and his demand to be heard, passed a resolution declaring that the abolishing of the canteen had been a good thing. When later Dr. Dexter attempted to read his report and give the facts on which he based his conclusions, he was informed by the presiding officer that the incident was closed and no report would be received by the association. Is this not intemperance carried to the verge of insanity?

The Presbyterian general assembly, now in session in Philadelphia, has placed itself on record as condemning the Sunday papers and the policy of opening the Pan-American exposition on the first day of the week. We do not burn heretics at the stake, neither do we hang witches, but there is no telling what an assembly which will denounce Sunday papers as tending to immorality would do if it had the power. This Sabbatarian tendency smacks too strongly of medieval times to give the believers in moral evolution much confidence in their optimistic theories.

Ten days ago a minister of this city took The Herald to task for stating what it deemed to be the truth regarding the conditions in China. No one will deny the reverend gentleman the right to express his opinion regarding anything that appears in this or any other paper, but when any man, be he in the pulpit or out of it, assumes a monopoly of all knowledge and denounces all as malicious liars who do not happen to agree with him, he is not placing before the world a very high example of the Christian gentleman. We all may be mistaken sometimes, and the world expects from those who assume to guide the erring a degree of temperance and fairness a little beyond the average human.

Aside from the glaring injustice and contempt for common principles of right exhibited in the above incidents, there is also the question of policy. Nothing will bring the church into contempt so quickly as an exhibition of injustice and intolerance. No investment pays so well as one in charity and temperance and justice. It pays as an investment among business men; how much better should it pay for those who deal in morals? It is to be hoped that this spasm of intolerance and uncharitableness will pass like a summer shower.

LODGE, THE JINGOIST.

Senator Lodge and Vice President Roosevelt took occasion, at the formal dedication of the Pan-American exposition, to jolly the representatives of the South American republics with wild and wooly remarks about the Monroe doctrine. Do not these celebrated gentlemen know that these South American statesmen appreciate the fact that the Monroe doctrine is a back number? Do they not know that all the world knows that, when the treaty of Paris was ratified by the senate and became a part of the great book of international law, the United States as a nation abandoned the principle on which Mr. Monroe stood when he announced the future policy of the United States? It is a little tiresome to hear such men as Roosevelt and Lodge attempt to befool others with such a transparent piece of jingoism.

It is well enough to assure our Southern neighbors of our sympathy, and let them understand that Uncle Sam's fleet is at their disposal should there be any concerted attempt to subjugate any one of them. But a United States senator should not give voice to such tommyrot as this: "A place of arms in the Caribbean sea would be a menace to the Nicaraguan canal and to every South American state. Therefore, under no conditions, under no stress of circumstances can the smallest island, or the most barren promontory on either continent ever be ceded or sold to one of the great powers of Europe." One does not know whether to laugh at the burlesque, or to become indignant that such an ignoramus should retain a seat in the United States senate. "A menace to the Nicaraguan canal?" In the language of the street urchin, "wouldn't this jar you?"

Mr. Roosevelt was more considerate of the feelings of those present. He did not treat them as children or idiots. He confined himself to a statement that he believed with all his heart in the Monroe doctrine. Just what it is now would puzzle the adroit Mr. Roosevelt to define, but no doubt Teddy takes it on faith, as the people do some of the stories of his prowess in Cuba. This talk about the Monroe doctrine is good campaign thunder—it keeps the minds of the people away from the attempt to force upon the nation the cherished colonial system of insular government. The Chicago Inter-Ocean, commenting on the speech of Lodge, said: "It was not only the voice of the administration at Washington, but the voice of the United States senate and the voice of the American people." The Inter-Ocean comment was timely to cap the speech of the learned senator. For blithering idiocy they have no rivals.

Statisticians at Washington say that in a very short time the Philippine islands, Porto Rico and Hawaii will be able to supply a large proportion of the coffee needed in the United States. Brazil now exports coffee to the United States to the amount of about $35,000,000 yearly, other countries furnishing a lesser amount. As coffee has not been a home product, it has not recently been subject to a tariff. The American people consume, one year with another, about 800,000,000 pounds a year. The importations of the nine months of the current fiscal year were 617,343,368 pounds. Of this quantity, 565,000,000 pounds came from Brazil; from other parts of South America the importations were 73,000,000 pounds; from the East Indies, 11,000,000 pounds, and from the West Indies, 5,000,000 pounds. Central American states also send us a large amount. It has been suggested that a duty be imposed on the importation of coffee with a view of shifting the trade from foreign countries to our own possessions.

Miss Helen Deshler is the young woman, who broke the bottle of champagne over the bow of the battleship Ohio as she slid into her natural element. A few weeks ago Miss Deshler had never been heard of outside her own circle of acquaintances. This week her picture, good, bad or indifferent, has been printed in hundreds of newspapers and her name is familiar to all. Great is the power of the press.

Dispatches say that the whole of the population of the village of Sologna, in Italy, including the public officials, is about to emigrate to the Argentine and to continue the community in exactly the same manner in that country under the name of New Sologna. Rents must have become due all at the same time.

Advocates of government ownership of railroads are using the recent events on Wall street as an argument in support of their contention. It is noted that while Northern Pacific securities fluctuated between 170 and 1000, United States bonds were scarcely affected at all.

The Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune notes that one significant difference between a monarchy and a republic is that the ruler of the former is kept busy while on his travels dodging bombs and bullets, and the president of the latter, upon like occasion, is equally occupied dodging buds and blossoms.

A Michigan postmaster sought to prosecute a man for using Pan-American stamps on letters, claiming the stamps to be crude forgeries. He is now in the woods, striving to get out of range of the jeering throng.

A defect was found in the Shamrocks's keel when she was on dry dock, and it was remedied. The principal trouble with the Shamrock, however, was not fixed. Her main defect seems to be her lack of speed.

Sherry is no longer popular at the English court and 5000 bottles of the queen's old wine is to be sold at auction. Brandy and soda and champagne are the popular beverages of King Edward.

It is reported that the formation of trusts in Japan is prevented by a scarcity of money. But why do they want money? A little wind and water will be sufficient.

If one of our dashing American typewritists had ever had a chance to operate a typewriter in Turkey, the sultan would never have barred the machines.

A Vandalia, Ill., woman insists that she is dead and should be prepared for burial. It is a pity some of the has-been politicians do not imitate her example.

The Chicago News says the only way a grand opera company can make money in that town is to play "Uncle Tom's Cabin" every other night.

Count Boni de Castellane having survived an attack of appendicitis will now tell the French chamber of deputies how to do business.

When a wave of reform against gambling has struck Helena, Mont., there is hope of other towns being reformed.

Oklahoma, with nearly 400,000 population, has claims to statehood that even party exigency should not deny.

An Arkansas man has started a kangaroo ranch. His business will undoubtedly keep him on the jump.

An Indianapolis man who has sixty-two boils can justly claim to be the modern Job.

Perhaps the ticket will be Hanna and Addicks. But it might lose Delaware.

Botanists say the potato may become extinct. We have the cabbage left.

The new Shamrock continues to be second in fact as well as in name.

Spain is planning to build some warships. She needs them.

BREEZY CHAFF.

Chicago Post: "You mustn't say 'wash dresses' any more."

"What must I say?"

"'Tub gowns.'"

Philadelphia Press: Tess—I begin to realize that Im getting old.

Jess—What makes you think so?

Tess—Three different brutes-to-be have asked me to be their bridesmaid.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Don't you talk to your husband over the 'phone?"

"Never. When I have anything of importance to say to my husband I want to get near him."

Chicago Tribune: "I've often wondered," said Cholly, "how so many fellahs I know manage to get well off, while I'm always poor."

"Perhaps," replied Miss Pepprey, "it's because so many people amuse themselves at your expense."

Philadelphia Press: "It's surprising the pot and kettle should alone call each other names."

"It's so easy for them to get hot."

"Possibly, but with a broil on in the kitchen I'd naturally think the gridiron would be in it."

Chicago Post: "Harry is so absent-minded; he went up to dress for a party once and went to bed instead."

"I'm; that looks to me like a fine case of presence of mind."

CLEAR THE WAY.

Men of thought! be up and stirring
Night and day;
Sow the seed, withdraw the curtain,
Clear the way!
Men of action, aid and cheer them,
As ye may!
There's a fount about to stream,
There's a light about to beam,
There's a warmth about to glow,
There's a flower about to blow;
There's a midnight blackness changing
Into gray!
Men of thought and men of action,
Clear the way!

Once the welcome light has broken,
Who shall say
What the unimagined glories
Of the day?
What the evil that shall perish
In its ray?
Aid the dawning, tongue and pen;
Aid it, hones of honest men;
Aid it, paper, aid it, type,
Aid it, for the hour is ripe;
And our earnest must not slacken
Into play.
Men of thought and men of action,
Clear the way!

Lo! a cloud's about to vanish
From the day;
And a brazen wrong to crumble
Into clay.
Lo! the Right's about to conquer,
Clear the way!
With the Right shall many more
Enter, smiling, at the door;
With the giant Wrong shall fall
Many others great and small,
That for ages long have held us
For their prey.
Men of thought and men of action,
Clear the way!

—CHARLES MACKAY.

AN AGE OF INK.

Of all the ages ever known,
Of Brass or Bronze, of Brick or Stone,
The blackest and the worst, I think,
Is this pestiferous Age of Ink.

In volume vast the torrent pours,
Its volume blocking all outdoors;
And fed and fattened as it flows
Mayo arose, bowed assent and remained
standing until the letter was finished.

It was a confession of Tom Mayo, stating that not one of the articles that had appeared over his name during the past year was from his pen, but the work of his sister, Barbara, who was also the author of the prize story they had just heard. He no longer intended to sail under false colors, and, as his fault had been a public matter, he desired, as far as possible, to make public his confession and restitution.

When the letter was finished, there were loud and prolonged calls for Barbara, who trembling with emotion, refused to respond. Alice leaned over and whispered a few words. Then Tom lifted his sister in his arms and carried her before the now insanely clamorous throng. As he stood before the footlights, with Barbara's fair head upon his shoulders, he tenderly smoothed back her curls that they might see the lovely face of her whose laurels he had stolen.

The audience had now thrown off all restraint. It seemed as if pandemonium had broken loose, and amid the bravos, smiles and tears and a shower of roses, Tom carried Barbara back to her chair.

"Three cheers for Tom Mayo!" cried a boy in the gallery. They were given with a will.

As Mayo was carrying Barbara to his carriage he felt a light touch upon his shoulder. It was Alice.

"I dare not hope for your forgiveness," he whispered.

"What you have done tonight," she said, smiling through her tears, "is more to me than if you had written the 'Great American Novel.' As she leaned over his shoulder to kiss Barbara goodnight her face was dangerously near his, and Tom—well lovers are pretty much the same the world over, after all.

Ragtime Must Go.

Baltimore American: Now a trust is to be formed in music to bar out all melody below a certain standard and so purify and elevate public taste. But as long as Solomon is dead, it will be hard to select an arbiter of taste who will please everybody.

DAILY STORY.

Tom Mayo's Prize Story.

BY JOSEPH BAUGHER.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

Tom Mayo and his sister Barbara were well off in this world's goods. They had all that wealth could purchase, save health for Barbara, and the hand of Alice Holmes, whom Tom Mayo loved. She had already given him her heart, but refused to marry him until he ceased being a drone.

"You are like 'the lilies of the field, you toil not, neither do you spin,'" she laughingly said to him one day. "Go to work," she added, banteringly. "Don't depend on your income; make a living, and I'll marry you."

"But what am I good for?" he said wearily.

"Put your collegiate education to some account. Write; earn your bread by the sweat of your brain," she replied.

"I'll think it over and decide tonight; and, Alice, if I succeed—only a little—will you marry me?"

"Yes, if you honestly try."

That night Barbara, young and lovely of face, but crippled in form, wheeled her chair to her brother's desk, where he sat writing.

"It's no use; I'll never make a writer, my dear Barbara," he sighed. And, throwing his pen down, he told her of Alice's mandate.

"Try, try, Tom; and I will help you all I can."

"I will, little sister." And they worked far into the night.

Mayo suddenly became a surprise to his friends, and the world in general. During the twelve months following his advent in the field of literature, he turned out, week after week, stories, essays and editorial leaders, bringing him a sum that nearly equaled his income.

"I suppose you have entered in competition for the grand prize offered by the —— Magazine?" said a friend to Mayo at the Journalist club one night.

"Yes, the affair ends tomorrow evening in a very dramatic manner. The prize story is to be read on the Music Hall stage; immediately after the winner's name will be announced. As for myself, I wish the thing could be done more quietly."

"Oh! I hope you will win, Tom," said Alice on the eve of the award She was radiantly hopeful, but he seemed to take no pleasure in his prospects for success.

"You have proved the mettle of your pasture, Tom—your 'a'ma mater' is already proud of you."

"That's more than I am of myself," he said sadly as he kissed her goodnight.

She could hardly understand him, but attributed his gloomy condition to Barbara's health, which was fast failing.

"What are you thinking of, little sister?" he said when he arrived at their rooms. He leaned over her chair and pressed his cheek to hers. "What do those blue eyes see in the fire? Do the sparks from yonder grate carry your message to the stars?"

"I see you and Alice, Tom, happy; so happy. I see a small creature—she looks like me, only she is straight and well formed, and you call her Brabara. Others come, but none supplant her. I see her writing, spelling out her words in her first story. She brings it to you; now you show it to Alice, who kisses the dear, misspelled words. O, Tom, how happy you will be; and Tom, when I am gone, you will no longer write; Alice will not ask it, for your invention will have brought you fame; because you are an inventive genius, Tom."

"I shall take you to the hall tomorrow, little sister," said Tom, ignoring the compliment. "You, Alice and I will sit on the stage together and hear the prize story read; and Barbara, darling, I will be praying all the time that the story may not prove to be mine."

"Not yours; O Tom!"

"A little sooner or later, what difference does it make?" he said to himself, and then he rang for Barbara's maid. After his sister had left him he walked the floor till dawn.

The hall was crowded and the stage filled with representatives of literature and art. Several speeches, interspersed with music, were made, but all interest was centered on the program's finale—the prize story, and the revelation of the author's name.

When that time came, the reader was introduced, and, after a few preliminaries, began.

He read distinctly and clearly. His enunciation was perfect, every word penetrating the uttermost corner of the hall. Throughout the reading of the story, there was not the slightest ripple of applause. The reader seemed inspired, enthralling the audience with the magic of his theme.

When he had finished, he took his seat amid a silence almost painful. Someone coughed: the spell was broken; a mighty wave went up, like a tempest, that increased in volume as it was prolonged. Someone called for the author.

"Author! Author! Author!" they cried, rising to their feet, waving handkerchiefs and hats.

Alice and Barbara sat side by side, smiling and happy. Just back of them was Mayo, pale and trembling—the story was his.

The chairman arose, lifting his hand for silence; but the crowd was not to be easily subdued, and it was only when he held up before them a large envelope that they understood, and the plaudits ceased as suddenly as they had begun.

The chairman handled the envelope aggravatingly slow, but the crowd was not to be trifled with; and, seeing the danger of another outburst, he quickly opened it, withdrew a small slip of paper, and with it a letter, which he glanced at and laid upon the table.

The name "Author! Author!" came the calls again.

The chairman read it, but in a voice so low it was not heard beyond ten rows from the stage.

"Louder! Louder! Louder!" they cried. And for a second time he read from the slip, so all could hear, the name of—"Barbara Mayo."

"Oh, Tom! how could you, how could you?" sobbed Barbara as Tom offered his congratulations.

In the meantime murmurs of surprise—almost of disappointment, swept through the audience. Only here and there was there a faint applause when the name had been called.

Taking advantage of the lull the chairman walked to the footlights and said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, I have a communication here which I am requested by Miss Mayo's brother to read. Before doing so, however, I wish to ask Mr. Mayo if he is now of the same mind as when he wrote this letter?"

Mayo arose, bowed assent and remained standing until the letter was finished.

It was a confession of Tom Mayo, stating that not one of the articles that had appeared over his name during the past year was from his pen, but the work of his sister, Barbara, who was also the author of the prize story they had just heard. He no longer intended to sail under false colors, and, as his fault had been a public matter, he desired, as far as possible, to make public his confession and restitution.

When the letter was finished, there were loud and prolonged calls for Barbara, who trembling with emotion, refused to respond. Alice leaned over and whispered a few words. Then Tom lifted his sister in his arms and carried her before the now insanely clamorous throng. As he stood before the footlights, with Barbara's fair head upon his shoulders, he tenderly smoothed back her curls that they might see the lovely face of her whose laurels he had stolen.

The audience had now thrown off all restraint. It seemed as if pandemonium had broken loose, and amid the bravos, smiles and tears and a shower of roses, Tom carried Barbara back to her chair.

"Three cheers for Tom Mayo!" cried a boy in the gallery. They were given with a will.

As Mayo was carrying Barbara to his carriage he felt a light touch upon his shoulder. It was Alice.

"I dare not hope for your forgiveness," he whispered.

"What you have done tonight," she said, smiling through her tears, "is more to me than if you had written the 'Great American Novel.' As she leaned over his shoulder to kiss Barbara goodnight her face was dangerously near his, and Tom—well lovers are pretty much the same the world over, after all.

Ragtime Must Go.

Baltimore American: Now a trust is to be formed in music to bar out all melody

Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

Prominent real estate men will answer this question in the Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what N. J. Upham has to say about it next Saturday.

ENEMIES OF THE BIRDS.

David City, Neb., Press: Between the vanity of woman who has headgear to decorate, and the boy marksman, who knows nothing of kindness, mercy or utility, the birds of the country seem doomed to extermination. Until the sparrows came it was almost impossible to raise plums in Nebraska, because of caterpillars, but the parrows cleaned them out and now we can grow plums. All over the country orchardists are complaining that the fruit business is doomed to destruction if the persecution of birds is not stopped. Scientists tell us that if all the birds were to disappear the human race would soon follow, as the insect world would increase so rapidly as to destroy all vegetation. One is not mindful of how much of this wanton destruction of birds is going on until it is brought home to them. A pair of robins have concluded to raise a family in the top of a pole wigwam in our yard. There is hardly a Saturday passes that some boys are not trying to kill those robins, and it makes this editor want to almost commit murder. That pair of robins are actually worth more to humanity than many of these same bird murdering boys will ever be to their own kind. Haven't we no sense, even if we haven't any hearts? A man may have no heart and yet protect that which is useful to him.

What Business Is.

Philadelphia Record: Here is the opinion of the New York merchants who form the Sphinx club: Business consists of but two things, which are equally important. The first is to have something that the people want, and the second is to let people know it. That the newspaper offers the best medium of communication with the largest number of people is apparent from the fact that the most successful business men rely chiefly on the newspaper for advertising.

A Problem at Home.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Though the "ark of liberty is moving out into the great ocean," there are lots of fellows on land who are not allowed to vote, though they have lived in their states the requisite length of time, and are over 21 years of age. They live in the Southern states, and they are for the most part colored. The inhibition is put on the ground that these men are unfit for the franchise, and this idea is entertained by Republicans and Democrats both. Thirty-five years after the close of the civil war and the liberation of the slaves by an amendment to the constitution of the United States the serious question of what to do with the masses of the men liberated appears to be just taken up in earnest. There is a sudden realization of the theory that some measure of education ought to be a condition of voting. The problem is large enough without going beyond our borders for more of it. We have a tremendous school on hand already.

Big Gun For Big People.

Philadelphia Ledger: The new 16-inch rifled gun, which is now about completed, will gratify the American taste for big things and will do to brag about, but will be of very little practical utility so far as results are concerned. It can send a shell twenty-one miles, but there is no certainty that it could hit a mountain at that distance, while the chance that it could hit a hostile ship is infinitesimal, as it would have to shoot at an obstacle below the horizon line, and, therefore, its aim would have to be directed by a system of signals, which would probably be hard to maintain in the presence of an enemy. In practical use, the range of the gun would probably be limited to the range of sight, and this could be attained by guns built at much less cost, but more effective for destructive purposes.

Pension Grafters at Work.

Philadelphia North American: The pension attorneys are sharing in the general prosperity following the war with Spain. Commissioner Evans has been looking into the methods and has found a remarkable condition of affairs, particularly in San Francisco, where the troops from the Philippines are held pending muster out. The attorneys have sent their "runners" into the Presidio to solicit business and established a system of spotting about the railroad offices, where the soldiers apply for transportation. They have even offered special inducements to applicants in the way of free medical examinations. The great abuse has been the filing of claims before the men were actually discharged. The unfortunate part of the business is that the unscrupulousness of the attorneys discredits the whole pension system and that worthy veterans suffer through no fault of their own.

Tea Better Than the Pipe.

Philadelphia Times: Instead of a smoking concert, had it been a tea party, at which Gen. Chaffee spoke, in China, '76 reasons might have suggested different sentiments.

Everything Coming Our Way.

Portland Oregonian: We can grow all our coffee in Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines, says the treasury department. Then when we have arranged to grow all our tea in the South, all our sugar in the West and the Philippines, and make all our own manufactures, what shall we buy of Europe in exchange for exports, and what use will there be for a merchant marine?

And Means the Same.

San Francisco Bulletin: "Our policy," President McKinley is quoted as saying, "is to keep what we started with and hold all we honorably get." That of most other powers is much simpler: "Keep what we've got and get all we can."

The Indiana Oracle.

Indianapolis Sentinel: We shall be much surprised if Senator Beveridge returns from Russia without confirming every theory he now holds in relation to that country.

No Telltale Tint.

Senator Mason has announced that he is a candidate for re-election, and it is noticed that the senator managed to do it unblushingly.

No Need of Personal Contact.

Baltimore American: Senator Hanna knows what a fickle thing a boom is without a personal experience with one.

Voice of Experience.

Syracuse Herald: "Is Cards a Curse?" inquires the Troy Press. It depends a good deal on how the cards run.

CHURCHES AND NEWSPAPERS.

Brooklyn Eagle: The Rev. Dwight E. Marvin, D.D., preached a sermon at Asbury Park last Sunday in which he talked of the church as a business center and naturally made some reference to legitimate advertising methods and to the relations which should and should not exist between churches and newspapers.

"Churches do not advertise as they should," said Dr. Marvin. "Twenty-five years ago a simple announcement in the local paper was considered sufficient by most business men. Today the successful merchant feels it incumbent to take more space and advertise more carefully and attractively, yet the church has not changed, but still retains the custom of former years and contents itself with brief statements of services in the column of cubrch notices found in the Saturday paper. This, in the matter of advertising alone 'the children of this world are wiser than the children of light.' Churches that spend money in advertising not only in the daily papers, but through various methods employed in business, are making themselves known and reaching the people.

"There should be honor in churches. The church is no charitable institution, begging for worldly patronage, asking for support, and giving nothing in return. It is God's earthly business center, where bestows upon men the greatest gifts. Some churches make themselves repulsive to straightforward, clear-headed business men because of their methods that are small and degrading. If a church society gives an entertainment and sells tickets, returning an equivalent for that which is charged, it acts in a businesslike way, and does nothing that it need be ashamed of. But when it forces tickets on business men on pain of losing trade, it simply goes into the blackmailing business and deserves to receive the condemnation of the community. Any church has the right to expect the support of the daily press.

"The newspaper is the church's handmaid to assist in advancing the divine kingdom, but it has no right to ask for all kinds of complimentary notices and reviews of insignificant meetings and entertainments as puffs. This, too, is degrading. I have come in business contact with a large number of publishers in my life, and I have generally found them businesslike, courteous and willing to act generously toward the churches, but I have found few churches that have shown themselves willing to advertise to any great extent or speak good words for the daily paper.

"It should be thoroughly understood that the publisher of a daily paper is under no obligation to advertise the church without pay or spread its fame and receive therefor only criticism. As a vendor of news and an educator of the people he is under obligation to tell the news, speak the truth and teach morality, but that does not put him under bonds to print paragraphs lauding the minor activities of the church."

Now Let John Be Good.

Washington Star: Senator Quay is quoted as saying that he will never again run for office. Perhaps Mr. Wanamaker may think it wise to refrain from irritating Mr. Quay and tempting him to change his mind.

A Notable Example.

Washington Post: The sultan of Turkey should understand that there is such a thing as becoming too gay in the postal business. Let him look at the case of Mr. Rathbone, for instance.

Opening For an Argument.

St. Paul Globe: President Schurmann declares that the collapse of the Philippine war is due to the election of McKinley. Now wait until we hear from the friends of Funston.

A Mislaid Purchase.

Atlanta Journal: By the way, what has become of a young Filipino named Aguinaldo, whose capture was recently purchased for seven cigars? But what is fame, anyway.

WAR STAMPS REQUIRED.

Washington, May 22.—Internal Revenue Commissioner Yerkes has decided that a broker must, at the time of taking an order from a customer, issue a memorandum thereof and affix stamps representing 2 cents for every $100 or fraction of the value, and when he transmits this order to another person in the same business the latter must issue a memorandum thereof also and affix the requisite amount of stamps.

It makes no difference that there is only one transaction or trade, each broker or special agent in this line of business, described in the third paragraph of section 8 of the war revenue act, is required to affix the same amount in stamps.

This decision was rendered in connection with the case of the Christie Grain and Stock company, of Kansas City, which has been claiming that its business was practically that of a board of trade. This will compel Christie's correspondents, as well as the Christie company, to pay the tax of 2 cents per $100.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.
Friday and Saturday, May 24 and 25,
CHAS. H. YALE'S
Kaleidoscopic Mechanical Spectacular Surprise,
THE EVIL EYE
Or, The Many Merry Mishaps of Nid, and the Weird, Wonderful Wanderings of Nod.
Management of the author, Sidney R. Ellis, with all its wealth of novelty and sumptuous surroundings. Great cast, including Chas. A. Lode, Mayme Mayo, Tommy Elliott and the Brothers Borani, the famous Phasey Troupe, the wonderful Electric Ballet. All the marvelous features and novelties which have made this play and productions.
Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.
W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.
EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.
A Star Company of Vaudeville Features.
Go with the Crowds.

LADIES' SHOES SHINED FOR 5c.

SUMMER SHOES FOR LADIES.

Tomorrow's Special Prices:

Ladies' $3.50 Oxfords, made in Russia Calf, patent leather or vici kid, heavy welt or hand turn sold 18 styles---- **$2.50**

100 pairs Ladies' $3 dress patent leather, cloth top, lace shoes. Special price tomorrow---------- **$2.48**

Ladies' $3.00 vici—vesting stay, lace or heavy sole vici street shoes—tomorrow at---------- **$1.98**

Ladies' $3.50 fine vici, welt sole shoes, new shapes, lace or button, all sizes, tomorrow at---------- **$2.25**

80 pairs Misses' $1.25 kid shoes in lace, at-- **98c**

120 pairs Child's kid shoes —guaranteed all solid, at **69c**

Kulture Shoes.
The best in the World for the price
$3.50

The Famous Shoe Store
111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

MARITAL TROUBLE

Charge Against Mrs. Otto L. Tosetti Reveals Family Unhappiness.

Loss of Mrs. H. D. Lingle's Diamonds Causes a Sensation.

Three of Best Known Families In Chicago Are Involved.

Chicago, May 22.—Behind a story telling of the loss of diamonds valued at $800 or $1000, owned by Mrs. Hiram D. Lingle, at the Great Northern roof garden, is another. It is a story that involves three of the best known and wealthiest families in the Middle West.

Mrs. Hiram D. Lingle, loser of the diamonds, lives at Lingle Heights, Lafayette, Ind. Formerly she lived at Hoopeston, Ill. She is closely related by marriage to the Studebakers of South Bend, Ind. Mrs. Otto L. Tosetti, wife of a son of the millionaire brewer, is one of the principal actors in the story.

Mrs. Tosetti was accused of stealing Mrs. Lingle's diamonds, but the charge against her was not pushed. The accusation was made that Mrs. Tosetti took the gems, left by their owner on the side of a basin in the washroom of the Great Northern roof garden Sunday night, May 5. How Mrs. Tosetti came to be singled out as the guilty one appeared later, when it became known that Mr. Lingle signed a blank warrant presented to him by Detective Corbus, ne having no knowledge that Mrs. Tosetti was to be accused.

Mrs. Tosetti herself denied indignantly the charge, and even before any attempt was made to formally arrest her she arranged for bondsmen and signified her intention to fight for a vindication. So far as the law and her friends are concerned she is vindicated, for even Mr. Lingle, who was made to stand sponsor for the accusation, declares that he does not think she took the diamonds.

Another peculiarly unfortunate feature of the case was that the charge was made at a critical period in the married life of Mr. and Mrs. Tosetti. She had long been unwelcome in his family, for what reason, only those in the Tosetti home can know. Young Tosetti's future as a business man and his fortune were in danger. He and his wife talked frankly of the matter, and it had been agreed that for his sake they were to separate, she burying her own feelings and mortification, he abiding by the force of circumstances over which he had no control.

But when this charge of theft was made against his wife, Tosetti manfully defended her. He is now in Washington, where he went to represent the Anheuser-Busch Brewing company of St. Louis. Mrs. Tosetti has left the city and it is not known where she is. It is understood that she will sue for a divorce, and that her husband will not stand in the way of her securig a decree.

In connection with the events surrounding the diamond episode, Tosetti told his friends that Lingle undertook to force him to recant certain things said by him, and that Lingle drew a revolver to clinch the argument. Lingle denies this most emphatically.

It was the sequel of a day's jollity, in which the Tosettis and the Lingles participated. With them was a Fred Bookman, of New York. At the palm garden of the Auditorium Annex the waiters were kept on the run to supply the demand for wine at the particular table occupied by the party.

Shortly before nightfall of this fateful Sunday the whole party went in carriages to the apartments of the Lingles at the Majestic hotel, there to beguile more time in wine drinking. Then they went to the Great Northern roof garden.

Here it was still more wine, but with the addition of a dinner. At a certain juncture, about 8 o'clock, says Mrs. Lingle, she says she went into the ladies' washroom, accompanied by Mrs. Tosetti. Here she took off her rings, she alleges, washed her hands and left the apartment and with Mrs. Tosetti rejoined the party.

Back into the Lingle apartments below the five repaired and more wine was ordered and consumed. About 10 o'clock a move was made to the Bismarck restaurant, on Randolph street. It was here, according to Mrs. Lingle, that she discovered her loss. In pulling off her gloves Mrs. Lingle, in affrighted tones, announced that she had lost her rings. It occurred to her that she had taken them off at the roof garden, and all sped back to that point as fast as carriages could drive them. Of course there wa sno trace of them. It was a public washroom for ladies, and hundreds had been in and out of the apartment since Mrs. Lingle had dipped her dainty fingers into the washbasin.

Condolences and commisserations were showered upon Mrs. Lingle, and heroic efforts made by the whole party to forget the incident in more wine. It was late that morning before the members of the party retired. Bookman drove to the Annex, the Tosettis to the Morrison, and the Lingles to their rooms at the Majestic.

The man Bookman, in the meantime, was weighing heavily upon the mind of Mr. Tosetti. Mrs. Tosetti had inadvertently introduced Mr. Bookman to Mr. Tosetti under an other name—a name Tosetti recalled as that of a man for whom he had anything but friendly feelings. It dawned on Tosetti that unwittingly he had been introduced to and helped wine, dine and entertain a man who, in his academic career at Heidelberg, he would have called out. He taxed Mrs. Tosetti with his misgivings and fears, and a scene followed. The upshot of it was that Tosetti ordered his wife to pack her belongings and go.

Mrs. Tosetti, protesting mildly the while, packed her trunks and, with her maid, moved over to the Majestic hotel—on the same floor with the Lingles.

Monday morning found Mrs. Tosetti and the Lingles occupying adjoining rooms in the same hotel when Detective Frank Corbus, armed with a warrant for the arrest of Mrs. Tosetti, rapped at the door of the room that lady was occupying.

"You are charged with stealing Mrs. Lingle's diamonds," in mock pleasantry explained Corbus to the woman, "and I will have to arrest you."

Mrs. Tosetti asked for time, and telephoned her husband at the Morrison. The latter responded in haste, and then ensued another scene.

Tosetti made for the rooms of the Lingles and found them both in. He demanded an explanation and got one. He took umbrage at some of the details and responded in kind. Tosetti says Lingle drew a revolver and demanded that he take back what he had said.

Tosetti says he would not recant, but instead plunged on top of Lingle, revolver and all. A struggle ensued, in the course of which Tosetti, while unable to wrest the revolver away from Lingle, did manage to get the index finger of his right hand in back of the trigger, rendering the weapon harmless for the nonce. Thus locked, the pair wrestled around the room for a time, Mrs. Lingle enlivening the proceedings by hysterical cries for help. Porters finally separated the pair, and Clerk Langdon got the revolver away long enough to denude it of its cartridges.

It appeared that Lingle had complained to Capt. Colleran of the stolen diamonds. Corbus had been assigned to find the thief. Lingle had signed a blank warrant and the detectives had done the rest. Tosetti, not knowing the angles of the justice system, naturally supposed that Lingle was the accuser of his wife, whereas the real accuser was Corbus.

On Sunday Otto Tosetti left for Washington, to assume the position of business manager for Anheuser-Busch. He left his wife with the understanding that he would oppose no action for divorce instituted by her, and promising to provide for her.

Sunday evening Mrs. Tosetti was missing. She had moved her effects to the Hotel Morrison, and all the information obtainable at that hostelry was to the effect that "Mrs. Tosetti left the city suddenly at 8 o'clock Sunday evening."

As for young Tosetti, he said that he had concluded to call a halt to the whole matter. He had been cut off by his father, and had concluded to accept a position offered him by the Anheuser-Busch Brewing company to take charge of their business at Washington.

"I shall agree to a separation, because no matter how unpleasantly it will affect me, I know that it will conciliate my whole family. On this bit of cold-blooded philosophy I am going to throw up my hands. I do not agree with my wife that this is a conspiracy to separate us engineered by my family. The loss of the diamonds, the subsequent issuance of the warrant, the tussle with Lingle and his revolver, and all the other incidents and deails are but the natural sequences of an overindulgence in wine.

"Mrs. Tosetti has between $15,000 and $18,000 worth of diamonds, and what she should covet in Mrs. Lingle's cheap stones is something beyond me and any one who knows Mrs. Tosetti. All I know is that my family refuses to receive my wife, that I have been cut off short, and that, in order to please the majority of those who are near and dear to me, I am going to immolate myself unselfishly long enough to forget and outlive everything."

Ernst Tosetti, the millionaire brewer and father of Otto Tosetti was seen by a reporter, who related the story told by his daughter-in-law.

The elder Tosetti shrugged his shoulders and set down a glass of beer he was about to drink.

"That woman!" he said, smiling. "I don't know anything about it, and I don't intend to get in any row With that woman. See my lawyer, Joseph Muhlke, and he will talk for me. I have nothing further to say."

While Mr. Tosetti smiled on the reporter it was evident that he was considerably annoyed when he learned that his daughter-in-law had broken into print even as a defendant in a charge of larceny. When questioned further Mr. Tosetti again referred the reporter to his attorney.

That certain it is a woman was accused of theft, even while being torn by fate from the arms of her husband. And he defended her.

Rummage Sale.

By the ladies of the First Methodist Church at LaVaque's old store, 12 West Superior Street,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

HACKENSACK MEADOWS.

Large Tract of Land Sold For $3,000,000.

New York, May 22.—It is announced that the large tract of land known as the Newark and Hackensack meadows, the sale of which had been rumored for some time, has at last changed hands, the price paid being about $3,000,000, and the nominal purchaser being Henry T. Sprague, a lawyer. The names of the real purchasers were not made known, but it was generally believed that the tract had been acquired for the Vanderbilt interests. Mr. Sprague declined to specify the details accompanying the deal.

Mr. Sprague is a director of the Terminal railroad of Buffalo and a director in the St. Lawrence and Adirondack railroad, in both of which the Vanderbilts are interested. Mr. Sprague was also formerly a partner of H. W. Webb. The Newark meadows, one of the most famous tracts of land in this vicinity, were formerly owned by the Tike estate. The property is for the greater part unmarsh land, capable of perfect drainage, and consists of about 4000 acres, lying between Newark and Jersey City. The roadbeds of several railroads cut through the meadows.

One of the latest financiers to be attracted by the idea of utilizing the tract was P. D. Armour, who went so far as to have maps made showing city blocks and docks and a belt railroad to connect all points of the intended town. The negotiations fell through and the property has been in the market ever since.

EPISCOPALIANS.

Business of Iowa Diocesan Convention.

Des Moines, May 22.—The principal feature of today's session of the Episcopal diocesan convention for the state of Iowa was the missionary meeting, held this morning, at which Bishop Morrison, Rev. Joseph Rushton, of Chicago, and Miss Lillie Crimmer, of Shanghai, were the leading speakers. Miss Crimmer told of the work in China and the loss of church property in the Boxer outbreak.

Simon Cassady, of Des Moines, treasurer for the diocese, reported that he had on hand $102,069 in the various funds of the church, of which $58,659 is for indigent and infirm clergymen. W. C. Harbach, treasurer of the board of missions, reported that collections during the year were $7160, and expenditures $6005.

STONED POLICE.

Rioters at Alexandrovsky Collide With Authorities.

London, May 22.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg, dated May 21 says: The strikers at the Obuchoff Iron works, at Alexandrovsky, in this vicinity, had a collision with the authorities yesterday. Some 3500 rioters stoned the police, injuring twelve of them. The police were reinforced by soldiers, who fired three volleys, killing two men and wounding seven. One hundred and twenty persons were arrested.

DON'T WORRY

about your clothes. We do the worrying to find the *best* and what will *please*. The present offer and saving is as unusual as it is timely:

Spring suits

Our splendid assortment of perfect fitting, handsome patterns of Spring Suits at the popular prices of—

$10 and $12

are an eye-opener to everyone who takes the trouble to look them over.

Children's Combination Overalls Suits; all sizes from 4 to 8 years------ **50c**

Just opened a fine line of nightshirts —splendid values at 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

C. W. ERICSON,
Reliable Clothier,
219 West Superior Street

ATTACKS RAKE-OFF

New York Fire Department and Chief Scannell Arraigned.

Go-Between Gets Twenty-Five Per Cent on All Purchases.

Only Those Who Employed W. L. Marks Could Make Sales.

New York, May 22.—The Evening Post, in an article by Franklin Matthews, which is entitled "Tammany Plunder," exposes how money is made by the connivance of city officials out of city contracts for supplies. The fire department is particularly dealt with in this article, and it is charged that a go-between has got 25 per cent on all purchases made for the department, and that the city has had to pay this.

For example, hose offered at 75 cents per foot has been refused, and the same kind bought for $1 per foot on the understanding that this middleman, whose name is given as W. L. Marks, would receive the 25 cents difference. Mr. Matthews in his article says in part:

"The excessive cost of the fire department in New York leads naturally to a consideration of the management of affairs of that department under Tammany rule. Within a few months charges, emanating from the office of the controller of the city of New York, have been made of scandalous mismanagement in the purchase of supplies for that department, particularly of fire engines and of hose.

"It has been charged that only those manufacturers who employed W. L. Marks could sell their stuff to the city, and that Marks, having the friendship of Fire Commissioner Scannell, was enabled to receive a commission on these sales, known in Tammany parlance as a rake-off; and that, further, because of this state of affairs the city in some cases has had to pay increased and extravagant prices for supplies.

"Both Scannell and Marks have denied with heat that there was any collusion between them, and have defied any person to prove it. They are shrewd men, and the person who attempts to declare them guilty of criminal action would, indeed, be bold. Nevertheless, only part of the story of the purchase of supplies has been told in the public prints. What I have to say upon this subject, let it be understood, is based absolutely and entirely upon documents now in the possession of certain authorities of the city of New York, and also, in every instance, upon formal statements made to those authorities in the presence of witnesses.

"In all the advertisements of the fire department for supplies certain standard makes of goods, or equal thereto, are invariably called for. It is charged that for the standard makes, of which Marks is agent, openly recognized as such by M. Scannell, as I shall show, even if it requires a second call for estimates. Marks is an open agent—I might say, as the documents will prove, the undesired agent in some cases—of several companies and firms.

"Among the concerns whose interests he has advanced are the La France Fire Engine company, the American Steam Fire Engine company, the Akron Rubber company, the Voorhees Rubber company, the Fabric Hose company, and the B. F. Goodrich company.

"From these companies the city within one year purchased supplies worth $214,000, on all of which, according to the sale of these concerns, Marks got the heads of these concerns, Marks got a commission of 25 per cent. In 1900 the fire department purchased 89,000 feet of hose. Marks' firms and companies received the contracts for 83,000 feet and one other concern got a contract for the other 6000 feet.

"On May 10, 1900, bids were asked for 15,000 feet of 'White Star' hose, or equal thereto, and for 10,000 feet of 'Conqueror' hose, or equal therto. There had been a falling price in the market for para rubber, but the Akron company, which furnished the 'White Star' brand, and the Voorhees company, which furnished the 'Conqueror' brand, each increased the price of these goods from 75 to $1.10 a foot.

"Marks was the agent of both of these companies, and they paid him a commission on all they sold to the city. Unexpectedly there were other bidders for these contracts. They were the Gutta Percha Rubber company, the Peerless Rubber company, and the Manhattan Ruber company. They offered hose 'equal therto' at the old price and even at still lower prices.

"Agent Marks evidently thought that something must be done, and the commissioner, because the goods offered by the unexpected bidders had never been subjected to a departmental test,' decided that it was 'for the public interest,' to reject all the bids and calls for new ones.

"There are five makers of fire engines in the United States—the LaFrance company, the American Fire Engine company, the Amoskeag company, the Watrous company, and the Thomas Manning company. Only the La France and the American companies sell engines to New York city. Marks is the agent of both. Up to 1899 Marks was associated in his business with one Castle and they called themselves the M. Powers company. They had a difference of some kind and each gave notice to firms and companies supplying goods to the New York Fire department that he was the proper agent through whom to sell goods.

"William Paick, the general manager of the LaFrance company, and Charles T. Silsby, the treasurer of the American company, were perplexed by the situation. Each wanted to sell goods to the New York fire department and each knew, as he has stated in so many words in the presence of witnesses, that the only way to do so was through an agent, or go-between, to whom Commissioner Scannell was not hostile. These two men thereupon went one night to Mr. Scannell's house to learn what they were to do about it. According to a statement made by Mr. Paick in the office of Controller Coler before witnesses, Scannell said to them: 'I am not in the habit of talking about matters of this kind, but I will not do any business with Mr. Castle.'

"According to a statement made by Mr. Silsby, Scannell said that he did not care to have any business done with his department through Mr. Castle, but that 'Mr. Marks was all right,' that afterward the American company entered into a contract with Mr. Marks, and that subsequently, up to the present time, the American company had received an equal share of the patronage with the La France company from the fire department of the city of New York. Shrewd business men know how to take a hint usually.

"It is pertinent to add that Mr. Silsby said in the controller's office that after having done business directly with the fire department for years, to be obliged at this time to employ a middleman to continue that business was distressing, but that his company was powerless in the matter if it desired to sell its engines to the city.

"Look now at the transactions in hose. H. C. Corson, vice president of the B. F. Goodrich company, of which the Akron Rubber company are a part, said in the controller's office in 1900 that he had employed Marks at the suggestion of A. T. Bell, the New York manager of the company. Marks made the same representations to them that he did to the fire engine makers.

"Mr. Corson said that hose sold to the city at $1 a foot was sold really to Marks for 75 cents a foot—that is to say, for all the hose they sold to the city for $1 a foot they gave a rebate to Marks of 25 cents a foot. Mr. Corson said that they would be glad to sell to the city at the same price they sold to Marks, but it was a fact that they could not sell direct to the city. He also said that on the hose on which Marks received a profit of 25 per cent because he was the recognized go-between, the Goodrich company made only 10 percent profit, 5 of which went to the New York office and 5 to the factory."

THE DAKOTAS.

Deputy Sheriff's Fierce Fight With a Madman.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sisseton—An insane man by the name of George Jennings, residing six miles northeast of this city, attacked Deputy Sheriff La Bott with a razor. The deputy stumbled and fell to the ground and instantly the madman was upon him, razor in hand. The deputy's assistant came to the rescue and received an ugly cut across the wrist The crazy man was finally disarmed and ordered to surrender but refusing to do so, the deputy fired a charge of bird shot at him, wounding him in the hand and thigh, which caused him to throw up his hands. Jennings imagines himself a Pinkerton detective and that it is his duty to arrest everybody in sight. He was brought to this city, where his wounds were dressed.

Aberdeen—Harold Barker, of Ipswich, a pupil of the Minneapolis Central High school, arrived here suffering with a well-developed case of smallpox, pustules being formed on his face and body. He boarded at the Colonnade, 1121 First avenue south. When questioned by the health authorities he claimed he had consulted doctors in Minneapolis, who said the rash of which he complained was the result of over-heating. It transpires that the doctors to whom he referred were of the faith cure cult, and are said to have advised him not to seek medical aid. Many people were exposed in the sleeper in which he traveled, and the authorities have had the car fumigated.

Sioux Falls—A life prisoner in the Sioux Falls penitentiary named George Johnson has become insane, and it is probable he will soon be removed to the state hospital. He imagines that he owns the penitentiary and is much concerned about the high expense of maintaining it. He is particularly impressed with the amount of food the convicts eat, and is possessed of deep alarm as to his ability to pay for the food.

Milhank—Stephen Matuszczak, who came to this locality a few months ago, and who has gone by the name of Harry Holt, and who was frightfully injured by a premature discharge of dynamite while blasting, died Monday night His brother, John Matuszczak, came here from Clintonville, Wis., and will take the remains back home for interment. The dead man was about 21 years of age and had a wife and child at Clintonville.

Pierre—Land Commissioner Eastman has returned from a tour of the northeastern part of the state. He looked over the Taylor property held by the state and reappraised a portion of it, increasing the valuation 25 per cent With the present advance in land values, the "Taylor lands," which were taken only because there was nothing else to turn into the state at the time of the failure, will go much farther toward reducing the amount of loss than it was ever supposed they would.

The people of Fort Pierre have begun retaliation against the quarantine established by the board of health of this county against Stanley county and are refusing to accept any goods from wholesale houses in this city. Committees have been appointed to devise some adequate relief, by which will throw the resumption of business between the two towns.

Yankton—The county commissioners have instructed the county attorney to settle with the bondsmen of A. W. Petterson for $5521.65, the county retaining all claims against the Yankton Savings bank, which will realize about $2000, each party to bear costs.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The city council is negotiating with Holden, an Aberdeen well driller for the deepening of the city well. The well is 1470 feet deep and flows a 6-inch stream but the pressure is not great enough, and it is thought that by drilling deeper a stronger flow can be secured.

Fargo—The officials have arrested four men who are supposed to know something of the disappearance of Charles Melquist, the Fargo butcher. They were seen with the wheel on which Melquist rode out of Fargo and they will be asked to explain how it came into their possession. They claim to be working men and say they were out hunting their way West. They were arrested at Valley City and the hearing has been postponed so the records of the quartet can be investigated.

Grand Forks—The grand lodge of the Degree of Honor for the states of North and South Dakota and the grand lodge of the Fifth district, W. of this state met Tuesday morning in joint session in Odd Fellow's hall and listened to the address of welcome by J. F. Williams on behalf of the mayor. The response was made by Mrs. Kate Blewett, of Jamestown, the grand recorder of the Degree of Honor. Supreme Master Workman Walker also made a very fine address at the joint meeting.

THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Cubans Deemed to Have Accepted Congress' Terms.

Washington, May 22.—In the opinion of officials who have studied the results at Havana, the Cubans have, to all intents and purposes, accepted the provisions of the Platt amendment. It is held that the modifications suggested in the majority report of the Cuban convention do not attack the spirit of the Platt amendment. It is explained that it never was expected that the Cubans would adopt the resolutions passed by congress in so many words.

On the contrary, the president was vested with some discretion in the matter, and he is authorized to recognize the Cuban republic, provided the new government, by a solemn act, recognizes each of the separate principles insisted upon by congress.

The majority report of the Cuban convention, it is said, does not really modify the Platt amendment in any way, but is almost, in so many words, a fair resume of the explanations of the resolutions of congress as given to the Cuban commissioners by Secretary Root and by the president himself. Each of the additions in the majority report is intended simply to allay the fears of fanatical patriots in Cuba.

These explanations, or protocols, as they are called, by diplomats, are merely an extension of the principle laid down by congress. The concession of naval stations is admitted, and the right of the United States to intervene in case of actual disorder is nowhere denied.

It rests with President McKinley alone to decide when the conditions imposed by congress have been met by the Cubans. It is said by those who understand his position that the majority report in the Havana convention will meet with his approval, and the prediction accordingly is made that when congress meets in December the president will be able to report the peaceable establishment of the republic of Cuba substantially on the lines laid down by congress last March.

STRICTURE

"I cure Stricture without Cutting or Dilating. Thus avoiding the horrors of surgery."

MASTER SPECIALIST.

My original and strictly modern treatment for Stricture cures the disease without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery. It is the only treatment that should ever be used, and the only one recommended by the legions of men who have recently been cured by it. It acts immediately and directly upon the Stricture, dissolving it completely, and dislodging all diseased tissue which comes away in strips or shreds-like fiber, allaying all irritation and inflammation, and leaving the canal entirely free from obstruction and in a sound, healthy condition.

I cure also to stay cured VARICOCELE, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, RUPTURE, KIDNEY AND URINARY DISEASES, and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted the best years of my life. I make no charge for private counsel, and give to each patient a **legal contract** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our offices, write your symptoms fully.

Consultation free and Confidential

REFERENCES—Best banks and leading business men in this city.
OFFICE HOURS—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association
No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

IN MICHIGAN.

The Body of Ishpeming's Missing Man Found In Bay.

Escanaba—The body of Dan J. Sullivan, a traveling salesman for Nelson, Morris & Co., was found in the bay Tuesday afternoon. His home is in Ishpeming and he has been missing a month.

The Searkey Dredge company, of Milwaukee, has, entered into a contract with the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company for the handling of 80,000 yards of sand at and near the latter's new coal dock, now in course of construction at Escanaba immediately north of No. 4 ore dock, and the work was commenced last week. The start was delayed somewhat, one of the two dredges being in dry dock at Sturgeon Bay for several days last week, but now the contract will be speedily executed and coal will be arriving over the immense new dock in July, if not before.

Iron Mountain—An Italian miner, Perdo Bondonic, was instantly killed at the fifth level of the Loretto mine at Iron Mountain. He was ascending to the surface in a bucket and, at the fifth level, something, it is supposed, fell from above, striking him on the head and causing instant death. The fatality is shrouded in mystery. Bondonic was a young unmarried man.

The officers of Iron Mountain made an unusually large haul of drunk and disorderly characters, making eight arrests. The capacity of the jail was taxed and the city justices were busy for a couple of hours meting out punishment to the offenders. No fines were paid and, as the county jail was well filled, all the sentences were suspended. The offenders were mostly men who had been employed on railroad construction for some time.

Sault Ste. Marie—For an hour and ten minutes George Kelly, a laborer on the water power canal at the Soo, lay on a railroad track with his right leg crushed between the track and a steam shovel, and he bore the torture without a murmur. The men who witnessed the accident say that Kelly's nerve during the ordeal was marvelous. The injured man was employed in turning up a jack under a steam shovel in the canal intake. A sudden slide of earth threw the steam shovel almost upon him and he was securely caught. His leg was crushed to a shapeless mass from the knee down and he was compelled to lie across the tracks for seventy minutes until the shovel could be moved.

WILL IS CONTESTED.

Reputed Author of the "Breadwinners" Left Estate.

Urbana, Ill., May 22.—An attempt has been made to break the will of the late Ida May Harris, the reputed author of "The Breadwinners." An objection was made in the county court of Champaign county by her father, B. F. Harris, Sr., and brother, H. P. Harris, to the probation of the will and codicil on the grounds of mental incapacity, incident to the illness attending delirium.

The objectors are represented by Gere & Philbrick, of Champaign; Judge John E. Payne, of Chicago, and Cunningham & Boggs, of Urbana. The proponent attorney, J. L. Ray, of Champaign, is represented by Royal Wright, of Urbana, and Wolfe & Savage, of Champaign.

As the estate papers will not be examined until after the probation of the will, no additional light has been shed on Miss Harris' claims to the authorship of "The Breadwinners."

It developed during the testimony of Dr. H. C. Howard, her attendign physician, that Miss Harris had for several days previous to her death been under the influence of codeine, a strong narcotic. Three grains had been administered at one time, though one-quarter of a grain ordinarily produced sleep.

Miss Mary B. Harrison, a professional nurse, stated that several days before making the will Miss Harris had complained of seeing animals run about the room. Miss Harrison believed that the woman's mental condition made her incapable of dictating a will.

Throughout the testimony the objectors hinted at undue influence which they allege was brought to bear on Miss Harris. The case has been continued until tomorrow.

The will which is being contested makes no provisions for her near relatives, most of whom are cut off without a cent. A 440-acre farm in Champaign county is bequeathed to Henry Payne Harris, a cousin; $10,000 goes to a Champaign park for the purchase of a bronze statue, and $20,000 is left to the Burhan hospital, with an additional $4000 for the erection of a ward for consumptives.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anyhody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

For a Summer Trip

You cannot do better than to visit the East. Scenically and historically it is rich in interest, and with the added attraction of the Pan-American exposition, at which you have the privilege of stopping on tourist tickets reading over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway—an ideal vacation may be spent. Our publication, "Lake Shore Tours," a copy of which will be sent on application, contains outline maps of a number of the choicest and most popular trips, with rates. Chautauquans will be interested in the opening of our new and direct line to this famous recreative and educational resort. "Book of Trains" gives full information concerning our very complete passenger service to the East. Address W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott arcade, St. Paul, Minn. F. M. Byron, G. W. A., Chicago.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF St. Louis.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the Matter of the Receivership of the Manufacturers' Bank of West Duluth, Minnesota, insolvent:

On reading and filing the petition of C.E. Peaslee, the receiver of the above named insolvent bank, wherein it is shown that a full and correct account and statement to date, of his receivership has been made and filed with this court, showing the amount of moneys received by said receiver, and the amount disbursed by him, together with the amount of money on hand, and a list of the remaining assets in his hands, and the estimated value thereof, and praying for the allowance of said account, and the fixing by the court of the compensation of the said receiver;

It is ordered, That the question of the allowance of said account and the fixing of the compensation of said receiver, be heard before this court at a special term thereof, to be held at the court house in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on Saturday, the 15th day of June, A. D. 1901, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

It is further ordered, That notice of said hearing be served upon the creditors of said insolvent estate, by publishing this order for three weeks, once in each week, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper published at Duluth, Minnesota, and by mailing to said insolvent and to each of the known creditors of said insolvent bank, a copy of this order at least twenty days before the time of said hearing.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, May 21, 1901.

By the Court,
WM. A. CANT,
Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-22-29-June-5—1901.

GET STRONG

Vinol Makes Weak People Strong.

WE GUARANTEE IT WILL DO SO.

WE KNOW OF NO TONIC OR REBUILDER LIKE IT.

Vinol does create strength.

We know that and have proved it in many instances.

The reason Vinol rejuvenates and strengthens a person is that it acts directly upon the stomach, strengthening and toning up this great vital organ and enabling it to obtain for itself, from the food that is taken into it, the elements which are required to make firm healthy flesh and muscle tissue, sound bone structure and pure healthy blood.

Vinol does this in a scientific way and is enabled to do it because it contains, dissolved in a delicate mild wine, in a highly concentrated state, the active principles of cod-liver oil.

Vinol does not contain any of the grease that formerly characterized cod-liver oil, hence is free from all the objectionable features which made it impossible for patients to take or retain that vile-smelling remedy into their stomach.

Vinol in its favorable action upon the stomach and other organs of the body acts also in a beneficial way upon the nerves and brain, and will be found to be invaluable to brain workers as well as body workers.

The following letter is from a well-known authoress. It reads as follows:

"I wish to acknowledge the receipt of the Vinol and testify to its great benefits. Since taking it I am much improved in health, and during the intense heat of last August I should not have been able to continue in my literary work if it had not been for the strengthening properties of Vinol. Yours in gratitude."—ELLA STARR, 106 W. 82d St., N. Y. City.

We wish any one suffering from weakness, a demoralized condition of the nerves, or a susceptibility to wasting diseases, to call on us and hear what we have to say in regard to Vinol.

Try it on our recommendation, and if you find it does not do everything we claim for it, we will gladly refund to you the amount you have paid us.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 Superior St. West, Corner Fourth Avenue

STATE LANDS.

Sale of Large Amount Takes Place Thursday.

The sale of state lands that has been advertised will take place at the court house tomorrow morning beginning at 9 o'clock. The advertised list includes a large amount of land, but a part of it is claimed by the Duluth & Iron Range road, and the railroad company has posted notices warning people against purchasing at the sale.

Some of the land offered for sale has been sold before, but the purchasers have failed to keep up the interest payments, so the land has reverted to the state. Such purchasers can get the land out of the sale by paying their delinquent interest with the penalties.

Ample time is allowed in which to pay for lands purchased at this sale. Only 15 per cent has to be paid down, and the balance may be paid in forty years, with interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, payable on June 1 of each year.

NEW ROUTE.

Duluth Men Interested In a New Seaboard Line.

Several Duluth men are interested in the announcement that the Canadian parliament had granted a charter to the Canadian National Railway and Transportation company. G. G. Barnum, P. S. Anneke and John Millen are among the incorporators. The proposed route of the new lake and rail line will be an all-water route from Duluth to the Atlantic except seventy miles across from Collingwood on Georgian bay to Toronto on Lake Ontario. Lake Erie and Lake St. Clair are cut out altogether. This will be shorter than the all water route, and 100 miles less of rail haul. The only disadvantage will be that bulk will have to be broken at both of the ports connected by the railroad. The company plans to have a regular fleet for transportation between Duluth and Collingwood, and another fleet between Toronto and the coast. The upper fleet will be composed of larger vessels than the lower one. The coast port will be somewhere in Nova Scotia.

To Make a Change.

It is expected that the Eastern Minnesota Railway company will begin next week to have its engines and train crews on the ore haul lay over at Allouez bay. This is for the purpose of facilitating matters in handling the ore and prevent any loss of time. Previously the engines on the ore route have pulled their trains to Saunders, cut off and run into West Superior, while a switch engine took the train from Saunders to the ore dock on Allouez bay. The Eastern is hauling ore very steadily now, and the movement from its dock down the lake is quite brisk.

If people only knew what we know about Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, it would be used in nearly every household, as there are few people who do not suffer from a feeling of fullness after eating, belching, flatulence, sour stomach or water-brash, caused by indigestion or dyspepsia. A preparation such as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which, with no aid from the stomach, will digest your food, certainly can't help but do you good. Max Wirth.

WILL NOT BE DONE

Council Not Disposed to Order Wires Underground.

Many Property Owners Would Like to See It Done.

Aldermen Return From Their Brick Paving Junket.

Many property-owners have expressed a desire to have all the poles taken off Superior street and the wires put under ground in the area to be covered by the paving improvements.

City officers are not inclined to take this up at this time, however, owing to the additional expense of a conduit system, and possible delay in getting the street paved, and for the reason that in ordering wires underground the city might recognize the existence of the Duluth Telephone company.

Last evening the Superior council ordered all wires to be put under ground within six months, and there are many Duluthians that would like to see the council here take the same action. With the monster telephone and telegraph poles off the sidewalk it would add nearly two feet to the width of the walk, and besides that, it is claimed, the general appearance of the street would be greatly improved.

At present the city has not sufficient money to put in a subway, but it is possible that the Northern Subway company which holds an unused franchise might be induced to put in the system. In any event it would probably cause delay in the street paving and that it is what the city officers are at present endeavoring to avoid.

The city's junketing party which has been away since last Friday getting pointers on vitrified brick paving, returned last night. The party consisted of Alderman Cromwell, of the Third ward; Alderman Johnson, of the Fifth ward; Alderman Barnes, of the Seventh ward; Alderman Cochrane, of the Eighth ward, and Commissioners Wilson, Butchart and Martz, of the department of public works. Whitney Wall, of the firm of J. D. Howard & Co., who was so largely instrumental in getting the vitrified brick petition through, was also in the party.

The party left here Friday and inspected paving in St. Paul and Minneapolis arriving at Galesburg, Ill., on Saturday, where it was shown through the plant of the Purvington Paving Brick company. This company is at present the strongest bidder for the Superior street material. Saturday night the party left Galesburg and went to St. Louis, Mo., where more paving was examined. The stay in St. Louis was short and the junketors arrived in St. Paul again on Monday, where they spent most of yesterday looking up other paving.

Members of the party say that they saw some very fine brick paving, though a majority of them were not particularly impressed with vitrified brick as compared with other kinds of paving.

The bids for the Superior street paving will be opened by the department of public works on next Monday. It looks as if the Galesburg company would be enabled to make the best rate to the contractors. It is said that the freight charges would put the St. Louis product out of the competition as it would the Canton brick.

AN ADVANCED AGE.

Judge Ensign's Mother Dies, Age 90.

Mrs. R. S. Ensign, mother of Judge J. D. Ensign, died yesterday afternoon at Ashtabula, Ohio, at the age of 90 years. Judge Ensign was at her bedside when the summons came, having gone to Ashtabula ten days ago in expectation of this end. Notwithstanding Mrs. Ensign's age all her faculties remained with her until she died, and until her recent illness she was uncommonly active. Dr. R. S. Ensign, her husband, died about four years ago at an advanced age.

Mrs. Ensign was well known here. Ever since Judge and Mrs. Ensign came to Duluth to live it had been the custom, until recent years, for the old people to visit them each summer, so they became acqualinted with most of the early settlers. Those who knew them were grieved to hear of Mrs. Ensign's death.

LOSES BUT ONE TRIP.

Bon Ami Will Go Out Thursday.

The steamer Bon Ami will lose but one trip by her accident of last Saturday, as stated Monday. She will be ready to go out on her regular time at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, when she will go to Port Arthur. The damage to the boat was very slight, the forefoot being split a trifle.

Capt W. H. Singer, manager of the White Line Transportation company, says that he is negotiating for another boat to take the place of the Bon Voyage, which was burned on the south shore. The new vessel will be speedy and first class in every respect.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Sent Free To Men

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They

A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M.
Medical Director.

cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the Institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 656 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

THE CROPS.

Weekly Reports For North Dakota and Minnesota.

North Dakota is feeling the need of rain in some sections of the state. There have been local showers, but not the general rains that have been wanted. There is no serious danger as yet from drouth, however. Minnesota weather is very good although rain is also needed for grasses, etc., rather more than for wheat. The North Dakota crop report for the week ending Monday is as follows:

"The fore part of last week was cool, followed the latter part by very warm weather, which continues. With the exception of light scattered showers there has been no precipitation, and the wheat is ten days ago in expectation of this end. Notwithstanding Mrs. Ensign's age all her faculties remained with her until she died, and until her recent illness she was uncommonly active. Dr. R. S. Ensign, her husband, died about four years ago at an advanced age.

Mrs. Ensign was well known here. Ever since Judge and Mrs. Ensign came to Duluth to live it had been the custom, until recent years, for the old people to visit them each summer, so they became acqualinted with most of the early settlers. Those who knew them were grieved to hear of Mrs. Ensign's death.

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FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

HAS BEEN DEPOSITED

The Collateral For Entire Northern Pacific First Lien Bonds.

Its Exact Nature Has Not as Yet Been Learned.

Kuhn, Loeb & Company Have Secured Stock Under Par.

New York, May 22—The Tribune says: Bankers affiliated with the Harriman syndicate say that collateral for the entire $100,000,000 Union Pacific first lien convertible 4 per cent gold bonds of 1901, recently authorized, application for listing which has been posted at the stock exchange, has already been deposited by the Union Pacific, but the exact nature of this collateral cannot be learned. It is understood that the $75,000,000 of Southern Pacific stock purchased in February with the proceeds of $40,000,000 of the bonds represents part of it, and it is assumed that the Northern Pacific stock recently bought, aggregating at least $78,000,000 par value, according to the statements of Union Pacific interests, will also be deposited as collateral security. No estimate can be formed of the total amount paid by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for their Northern Pacific holdings, although it is believed on good authority that they secured most of their prefered stock at well under par.

A provision exists, it is said, by which a substitution of collateral may be affected; so that if the whole amount of Northern Pacific stock bought shall be turned in as collateral, part of the companies' property originally covered by the mortgage may be withdrawn from that obligation. It is the opinion in the street that $60,000,000 bonds, if sold at par, as were the $40,000,000 which were disposed of at the time of the Southern Pacific purchase, would not meet the cost of the Northern Pacific shares bought by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. The suggestion is, therefore, heard that possibly some arrangement may have been made for the sale of part of those stockholdings in the St. Paul and the Northwestern, the safeguarding of the interests of which was declared to be partly the object of Mr. Harriman and his associates in buying for control of the Northern Pacific.

NEW PLAN.

The Protestant Episcopal Church May Copy Church of England.

New York, May 22.—There is a definite movement on foot in the Protestant Episcopal church to divide the United States into provinces and establish over each province an archbishop as the head of the church in that section. From the archbishops it is planned to elect a metropolitan, who shall be the executive and constitutional leader of the church in America.

This plan, it is expected, will be considered at the next general convention of the Episcopal church, which will meet in San Francisco in October. The idea has been discussed in the church for many years, but the present plan is the outgrowth of the recent controversy which arose out of the consecration of the venerable Reginald Heber Weller, Jr., as bishop coadjutor of Fond du Lac, Wis., on Nov. 8 of last year. In that ceremony, by direction of the consecrating bishop, the Right Rev. C. C. Grafton, of Fond du Lac, many unusual rubrics were inserted in the service and unaccustomed vestments were worn by the officiating prelate.

It is through the columns of the Living Church, published in Milwaukee, in the issue just out, that the new plan for the reorganization of the church is set forth.

According to the scheme as outlined by the Living Church, and which is believed to be inspired, the country will be divided into seven provinces, with an archbishop for each, as follows:

New England and New York—Eleven dioceses.

Pennsylvania, New eJrsey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia—Nine dioceses.

Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida—Eight dioces and two missionary districts.

Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee and Kentucky—Nine dioceses and two missionary districts.

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin—Twelve dioceses.

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska (including that portion of Wyoming lying in the district of Laramie) North and South Dakota—Six dioceses and four missionary districts.

Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah, Colorado Arizona, New Mexico and Alaska—Four dioceses and nine missionary districts.

The archbishop, under the new regime, would be the tangible head in every section, but his powers, prerogatives and duties would be definitely set forth by canon law and by long precedent in the church at large, and in particular in other branches of the Anglican communion. The new plan aims to take many ideas from the Church of England.

VIOLATED POSTAL LAWS.

Democratic Postmasters In Tennessee In Trouble.

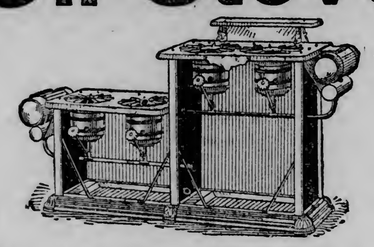
Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—A sensation in Tennessee politics is the arrest of Hugh H. Grouchenour, a prominent Democrat, and three companions, all of Greene county, charged with a violation of Uncle Sam's postal laws and with defrauding the government into being an unwilling subscriber to the Democratic campaign fund in Tennessee at the recent November election—an instance of the government unwittingly going against the president, who was a candidate for re-election. Grouchenor, it is said, went to the three men in question, who were Democratic postmasters, and proposed that they subscribe to the Democratic campaign fund, and in return he would mail Democratic campaign literature through their postoffices, fourth class affairs. This was a direct fraud on the government, according ta the postal laws, and the arrests followed. Grouchenor claims it is political persecution and that the Republicans are at the bottom of it.

XII A Six O'clock Start XII

—for an eight o'clock breakfast.
An eleven o'clock start
—for a one o'clock lunch.
A four o'clock start
—for a six o'clock dinner.

This is the time table of a woman who cooks with a coal or wood fire. It's a needless *waste of time.*
The woman who uses a

Wickless
BLUE FLAME
Oil Stove



can do her work in one-quarter of the time and do it without fuss or muss. She never has to wait for a slow fire; no fuel to carry; no ashes to take up. Her meals are better because rightly cooked. Her health is better because she works in comfort. Her expenses are less because the Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove is cheapest in operation. Absolutely safe. Burns ordinary kerosene, without wicks and causes neither smoke, smell nor soot.

Made in various sizes. If your dealer *does not* have them, write to the nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

VI VI

MINNESOTA BUILDING.

Many People to Attend Dedication at Buffalo.

Buffalo, May 22.—Commissioner Harlan P. Hall of Minnesota and Director General Buchanan of the Pan-American exposition have arranged the details for the dedication of the Minnesota state building on June 18. Big delegations are expected to come from St. Paul and Minneapolis in special trains and Commissioner Hall assures Director Buchanan that Minnesota intends to make the dedication the biggest affair of the kind in the history of the fair.

The delegation will arrive in Buffalo via the Grand Trunk, on June 17, and go to Statler's hotel, where they will make their headquarters. They will be headed by Governor Van Sant, who will have as his guest for the day Governor Odell of New York, who has been invited to come to Buffalo for the dedication. On the morning of June 18 the delegation headed by the governors will march from their hotel to the Temple of Music, on the exposition grounds, where the dedicatory exercises will take place.

Following the exercises in the Temple of Music, the delegation will repair to the Minnesota building, where appropriate festivities will be in order.

In thee vening a reception to the newspaper press of Buffalo will be given. Other guests of the governor of Minnesota will be present. Commissioner Hall left for Minnesota soon as these details were arranged. An entire wing of the big Statler hotel has been leased to entertain the 1000 Minnesota people expected.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Gen. William Kapus, of Portland, Ore., killed himself with a revolver during a fit of temporary insanity. He was 66 years of age. He was prominent in the affairs of Oregon and Washington for many years. In 1890 Gen. Kapus was United States consul at Sydney, Australia. During the civil war he was disbursing officer for Oregon and Washington, and served in Montana and Utah as lieutenant of the Thirteenth infantry.

In the suit of Rudyard Kipling against George Putnam's Sons for infringement of a copyright on the "Outward Bound" edition of Kipling's works, Judge Lacombe, in the United States circuit court at New York, took the case from the jury, directing a non-suit. This decides the suit in favor of the Putnams.

Engaged to throw Ed Atherton, Denny Gallagher and Otto Felton each twice within an hour of wrestling time at Buffalo, Nouroulah, the big Turk, succeeded in disposing of his opponents in a little over thirty minutes, and many thought that he might have done the trick a trifle sooner had he been disposed to urge himself.

The Minnesota state high school board met at the capitol Tuesday and reorganized under the new law, electing Dr. C. M. Jordan, of Minneapolis, chairman; Superintendent Olson, secretary, and President Northrop of the state university, examiner. George B. Alton and A. W. Rankin were re-elected inspectors of high and graded schools respectively.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 3.
At Brooklyn—St. Louis, 11; Brooklyn, 5.
At Boston—Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 1.
At New York—New York, 2; Pittsburg, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 9; Denver, 3.
At Omaha—Kansas City, 6; Omaha, 3.
At St. Paul—Colorado Springs, 7; St. Paul, 3.
At Des Moines—Des Moines, 6; St. Joseph, 5.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cincinnati	32	14	3	.636
New York	18	11	7	.611
Pittsburg	22	12	10	.542
Philadelphia	24	13	11	.542
Boston	19	9	10	.474
St. Louis	23	10	13	.435
Brooklyn	21	9	12	.492
Chicago	27	10	17	.370

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	24	17	7	.708
Chicago	23	16	7	.696
Baltimore	17	11	6	.647
Washington	19	12	7	.632
Boston	18	8	10	.444
Milwaukee	23	8	15	.348
Philadelphia	20	6	14	.300
Cleveland	24	6	18	.250

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	17	13	4	.765
St. Joseph	17	10	7	.588
Minneapolis	16	9	7	.563
St. Paul	17	9	8	.529
Colorado Springs	16	8	8	.500
Omaha	16	7	9	.438
Denver	16	6	10	.375
Des Moines	16	5	11	.313

CABLE FLASHES.

It is officially announced that Queen Draga today resumed her place at the royal table.

President Errazuriz of Chile has had another severe attack of paralysis. His case is considered to be very serious.

The village of Aurenza has been partly destroyed by an avalanche. The number of fatalities is not yet known, but already fifteen corpses have been recovered.

Justus Lyman, of Chicago, a private in the Second United States artillery, who was sentenced to four years imprisonment by the Cuban courts for killing a policeman, escaped from the guard house shortly after the order was issued to transfer him to the jail.

The trial of Harold Crowley, of Lockport, N. Y., son of ex-Congressman Crowley, and a former employe of the postal department, on a charge of misappropriating postal funds, was concluded at Ponce Saturday night after lasting two days. He was sentenced to four years' hard labor. It is probable that an appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

DIED AT CROOKSTON.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles B. March, manager of the Red River Lumber company at Akeley, accompanied by his wife and little son, arrived in Cass Lake from Akeley Monday evening on a hand-car. Mr. March received a telegram stating that Mrs. M. R. Brown, mother of Mrs. March, had died at Crookston. There was no train leaving Cass Lake for Crookston, so Mr. March remained in Cass Lake during the night, leaving for Crookston yesterday. Mrs. Brown was the wife of ex-Mayor Brown, of Crookston.

DENIED BY PETTIGREW.

No Presidency of Any Railroad Offered Him.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 22.—In an interview which appears in the Sioux Falls Press, ex-Senator Pettigrew denied that he has been offered the presidency of the Northern Pacific or any other railroad. No such position will be offered to him, he says, and he would not accept an offer if made. He will devote the rest of his days to the building up of his own state, and will continue to advocate the political ideas held by him during the last session of congress.

For a stiff neck there is nothing better than a free application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It quickly relieves the stiffness and soreness, effecting a complete cure. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

IT IS THE MORROW

Rest as You Ride
THE MORROW
Coaster Brake

Guarantees you *Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling.* Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.

You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.

100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all dealers. *Booklet Free.*
Eclipse Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y.

Duluth Brass Works,
Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING
HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

BROU'S INJECTION.
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 5 days; no other treatment required.
Sold by all druggists.

CARBUNCLES AND BOILS

SYMPTOMS OF BAD BLOOD

There is a popular belief that every boil is worth many times its weight in gold, and the sufferer patiently, even cheerfully, endures the pain under the mistaken idea that these little tormentors are health promoters; that they thin the blood when too thick, and cleanse and cool it when too hot or too rich. On the contrary, boils and carbuncles are evidence of blood poverty, or a fearfully depraved condition of that fluid. There may be no external evidence of bad blood until the warm days of spring set in motion the sluggish circulation and the pent-up impurities, unable to escape through the natural outlets, gather near the surface of the skin, and a Carbuncle or a Boil is the result. When the blood is burdened with an undue amount of this impure matter, the Boils come in greater number, eat deeper into the surrounding flesh, and, being nearly always located on a bed of nerves, cause the most intense suffering. Robust and apparently healthy people are subject to Boils, and there is always some hidden agency at work within the blood and system that will eventually undermine the health, but those whose constitutions are broken down by previous sickness or other causes, are most often the unhappy victims of Boils and Carbuncles. Exposure to the deadly malaria destroys the red corpuscles and reduces the blood to such a weak and watery condition that it succumbs to the boil-producing poisons, and the pale and sallow sufferer is continually nursing one or more of these feverish and painful eruptions. A harmless Boil is sometimes the precursor of dreaded Cancer, and too often the best evidence of a deranged condition of the kidneys or chronic liver trouble, brought on by lack of nutritious blood; or it may develop into a running abscess or ugly eating sore, causing years of suffering, and often terminating fatally. To seek relief from the inflammation and pain produced by these terrifying eruptions through the application of local remedies is natural and right, but this method of treatment does not prevent others coming, or bring the slightest relief to the disease-burdened, deeply poisoned blood. Only a thorough regeneration and building up of the depreciated blood can bring about a lasting cure of Carbuncles and Boils and prevent their reappearance.

DANGEROUS CARBUNCLES.

Mr. J. B. Scott, a resident of Hazelhurst, Miss., writes: "S. S. S. cured a malignant carbuncle on my neck which the doctors had been unable to bring to a head. As soon as I began to use S. S. S. I was relieved of pain and the dreadful carbuncle got entirely well. My skin is clear, sound and smooth, and I am well today through using S. S. S. I am 65 years old."

BANEFUL BOILS.

Mr. R. M. Pratt, Cave, S. C., says: "For twenty years I was afflicted with boils and carbuncles, part of the time being unable to work or sleep. Several doctors treated me and I tried numerous blood remedies, but received no benefit. During the summer of 1898 I was persuaded to try S. S. S. A few bottles cured me entirely and I have had no return of these painful pests."

S. S. S. restores to the old blood all its lost properties, re-invigorating and giving it the healthy red color that only pure, fresh blood can have, and through this new blood strength and vigor comes to the bodily organs; the skin resumes its functions, and impurities of whatever character are taken up and filtered out of the system in nature's way.

SSS

S. S. S. is made exclusively of roots and herbs selected for their wonderful purifying and tonic properties. It cures blood poison diseases of all kinds, whether acute or chronic. No matter how long the poison may have been in the blood, S. S. S. removes every vestige of it, thus insuring a faultless circulation and healthy body.

Those subject to boils or any skin eruption, old sores or ulcers, are asked to write our physicians all about their disease, and any information or advice wanted will be cheerfully and promptly given without any cost to the patient whatever. A valuable book on Blood and Skin Diseases sent free. **THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.**

ALL THREE SIGHTLESS

Strange Blindness That Struck Three Brothers In Maine.

Mysterious Visitation Without Any Disease or Known Cause.

Has Furnished Food For Gossip Throughout the Country.

Boston, May 22.—A mysterious blindness has struck down in succession at the same age, and without any disease or known cause, the three sons of John Littlefield, of Kennebunk, Me. William O., the youngest, has just been stricken. William Littlefield is a tall, splendidly formed athlete, the admiration of his fellow-townsmen and the idol of the summer visitors.

This strange visitation of Providence upon the three youngest of the family, to the exclusion of all the rest, has furnished food for gossip throughout the country. For in all three cases the blow has fallen suddenly and without warning, and at almost precisely the same epoch in the life of each.

James was fate's first victim.

Scarcely had the latter reached his 27th year when, without any previous warning of any affection of the optic nerve, the first blow fell. A quick, sharp pain across the forehead, a blinding blue light before his eyes—that had been all, and his vision had gone forever.

Doctors were called—specialists. They could give no hope. What has caused the loss of sight they were not prepared to state.

The second son, John, some three or four years after, in the latter part of his 28th year, lost his vision in almost precisely the same manner.

The youngest son, William, had by this time just reached his majority.

With a premonition that he could not escape the fate of his two brothers, he determined to see life and nature in their fullest before his time arrived. A member of a well-known bicycle club, he traveled throughout the country on his wheel.

While canoeing with some friends, that same sharp pain which his brothers had suffered shot through his head. He looked up at the sun, but he could no longer see it.

CAUGHT RED-HANDED.

Woman Operating a "Blind Tiger" In Georgia.

Newnan, Ga., May 22.—The officials of Coweta county are on a still hunt for Mrs. Susan Foster, a beautiful woman, who was caught red-handed operating a blind tiger, and who made a smooth escape from the justice's court room in this county. Her home, some distance remote from any settlement, was raided and a quantity of corn whisky, brandy and beer was confiscated. She was a woman of singular beauty, but was taken into custody and brought to Senoia. Not wishing to cause her any further shame, the authorities decided to lock her for the night in the justice's court room with a trustworthy bailiff as guard.

About midnight the officer yielded to his weariness and fell asleep. Mrs. Foster, seizing her opportunity, stole the key from his pocket, climbed out of a high window to avoid any unnecessary noise, locked the door on the sleeping bailiff and made her escape. Every effort to recapture her has proven futile, and it is supposed that some of her numerous admirers are shielding her.

This is not Mrs. Foster's first offense, as she was convicted some months ago on the same charge. She had a large number of customers in spite of the fact that this is a dry county, and on Sundays her home was one of the most popular resorts in this section. Men that had engaged in illicit whisky selling admitted that they could not elude the officers, but Mrs. Foster seemed to have little difficulty on this score, and operated for months at a time without molestation.

A PECULIAR AILMENT.

A Microbe Over an Inch Long Developed.

Indianapolis, May 22.—Some time ago, while Mrs. L. H. Schullmeyer, of this city, was strolling in her yard, accompanied by her little daughter, she noticed a toad stool of rank growth and, fearing the children might get hold of it, plucked and crushed it. There was a slight abraison on her little finger. Within a few days a peculiar inflammation developed.

Mild remedies were applied, but as the month passed the injury continued to increase, and finally physicians became interested because it developed what is known as "blastomycetic dermatitis," of which there are only nineteen cases of record in the world, three of which originated in this city. Dr. Robert Hester, of Logansport, while attached to the medical staff of the Central Indiana hospital, discovered the first, and Dr. A. W. Brayton, of this city, the second, while the third is now under the care of Dr. Brayton and Dr. W. T. S. Dodd.

In this case a portion of the serum was placed in a culture tube by Dr. Dobbs, and in an incredible short time developed a germ over an inch in length, known to the medical profession as belonging to the yeast plant. This plant is now occupying the attention of bacteriologists the world over, because of the theory that the yeast plant is first cousin to cancer, even if not directly responsible for the disease.

BIG SALARY

Induced Callaway to Quit the New York Central.

New York, May 22.—When Samuel R. Callaway, in explanation of his resigning his position as president of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company to accept the presidency of the American Locomotive company, remarked: "It was purely a matter of money with me," his friends say that he expressed a simple truth. They add that Mr. Callaway, after thirty-eight years devoted to railroad business, during which he forced his way to the front rank, has succeeded in accumulating a fortune of not more than $25,000. This is the more remarkable in view of the fact that Mr. Callaway is a man of quiet tastes and with his family lives in a modest manner.

"I have been a salaried man all my life," Mr. Callaway said, explaining his move, "and Mr. Fisk's offer appealed to me for the reason that I felt it due to my family to make the best of my opportunities. I have never speculated—am just a plain plodder—and when this proposal was made to me I considered it as any business man would. I leave the Central with many personal regrets."

As president of the American Locomotive company Mr. Callaway will receive a salary of $60,000, which is a long lift over the salary paid him by the New York Central. Those who know the man cannot but wish the salary was many times that amount.

Mr. Callaway is 51 years old. He is one of the most competent men in the railroad business in the United States.

IS SHE INSANE?

Peculiar Story of Girl From West Superior.

Milwaukee, May 22.—Georgie Ross told a queer story in police court, and in consequence she will be examined as to her sanity. She was arrested by Detective Rooney on a charge of the larceny of a small sum of money. She claimed to be from West Superior, and said that she came to Milwaukee five days ago. She engaged board at a house on Oneida street, and told the proprietor that she had several large trunks at the North-Western depot, and had about $100 worth of goods coming from Gimbel Bros.' store. During her residence of one day at this place she stole $1, according to the complaint against her. She left the boarding place without making the expected display of trunks and went to work on Cedar street. Here, it is alleged, she stole a small amount of change and returned to her first boarding place, where she was arrested. Her actions were so peculiar that it was thought wise to examine her as to her sanity. She is quite well dressed and intelligent looking.

The least in quantity and most in quality describes DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills for constipation and liver complaints. Max Wirth.

INDIAN SCHOOLS

Department of Indian Education to Meet at Detroit.

Congress of Indian Educators at Buffalo During July.

Summer Schools at Hampton, Pine Ridge and Puyallup.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The agents and superintendents of the various Indian schools of the country have been notified recently by Acting Commissioner A. C. Tenner, office of Indian affairs, that aside from the meeting of the department of Indian education at Detroit, Mich., there will be a congress of Indian educators at Buffalo, N. Y., and summer schools at Hampton, Va., Pine Ridge agency, S. D., and Puyallup agency, Washington. It is the desire of the Indian bureau that agents and superintendents urge their teachers to attend, in order that they can keep abreast of the times in educational methods and thus raise the standard of the schools.

The department of Indian education will meet at Detroit July 8-13, and the sessions will be devoted to round table discussions, practical work, and in attending the meetings of the National Educational association.

A rate of one fare (plus $2 membership fee) to Detroit and return has been granted by the railroads, with diverse routes and stop-over privileges on the going and returning trips. The dates of sale in the various passenger association territories will be three consecutive dates, such as will enable the passenger to reach Detroit by the usual train service between noon of July 6 and noon of July 9, and for return leaving Detroit not later than July 15, with provision that tickets may be extended for return at any date not later than Sept. 1, by depositing the same with the joint agent at Detroit on or before July 12 and paying a deposit fee of 50 cents.

From July 15 to July 20 the congress of Indian educators will be in session at Buffalo, N. Y., when questions of vital importance in Indian education will be discussed.

The steamship lines have offered a rate of $4 from Detroit to Buffalo and return. This will afford a delightful trip on the lake, and make it possible to study the Indian exhibit at the Pan-American exposition, and to visit Niagara Falls, and the many points of interest in and about Buffalo.

The authorities at Detroit and Buffalo will spare no pains to provide abundant facilities for accommodating all persons with comfortable and economical entertainment.

In view of the value to the school service of these meetings, it has been decided to detail such of the agency and school employes as can be spared from their work and desire to attend (except employes of day schools who have vacation during July and August) to such of the local summer schools as they may choose, and to the meetings of the department of Indian education and the congress of Indian educators, under the regular pay of their respective positions.

Mr. Tenner asks, in this connection, that the names of the employes wished for detail be ascertained and reported to the office of Indian affairs as soon as possible. He also requests that the details should include the time required in proceeding to the meeting, the time spent at the meeting and the time necessary for the return of the respective employes.

Mr. Tenner states that it must be distinctly understod that no indebtedness will be incurred or allowed by the government for the expenses of such detailed employes.

* * *

According to a European newspaper report received at the state department from Vice Consul General Mason, alarm is expressed concerning the development of certain textile industriess in this country.

The Confectionair, a prominent newspaper of the old country, is of the opinion that Europeans should strongly fight against being pushed out of their own market by the underbidding of American industries.

This paper states that the importation of American goods into Europe is becoming steadily more dangerous.

"Even in fancy articles, in which the European market has set the styles for the entire world," states this paper, "the American manufacturers are beginning to compete with European. British calico prints are also receiving competition from America. As we hear, travelers of a known American house have offered cotton stuffs in England with much success, and the London authorities declare them to be tasteful and worth their price.

"The house in question is that of William Simpson Sons & Co., Philadelphia, one of the largest manufacturing and printing factories of cotton that exist in the country."

* * *

Consul G. Sie Reyndal, of Beirut, in a recent communication to the state department, says:

"Owing to the financial crisis which Beirut is at present experiencing, there has been a considerable decrease in the business of commission houses, and they are the agencies which in this country conduct nearly all the trade with foreign lands. The most extensive importers inform me that their dealings with local merchants have been reduced materially. The gathering of the silk and grain harvests in May and June is likely to afford some relief.

"Although there has been a lull in actual business transactions, nothing has been able to check the voluminous correspondence which, for the last year or two, has been carried on between Syrian mercantile house and American exporters. The Trade Index, Peck's Buyers' Index, and American Exporter have proved a great help to this consulate in promoting trade, and it is suggested that more copies of these valuable publications might be advantageously distributed in Beirut and other Syrian towns where attempts are being made to open a way for American products and manufactures.

"A recent resurvey of the local field has proved very gratifying not so much on account of the increased volume of business done with the United States as on account of the general interest manifested by commission firms and merchants here in regard to American products. It should be borne in mind that, except sewing machines, practically no American goods reached this market until within the last two or three years, and the trade is, therefore, yet in its infancy. Quite a number of commision agents and firms are in correspondence with or awaiting shipments from American manufacturers and shippers, which tends toward the increasing of our trade.

"Another encouraging sign is the prospective appearance on the scene of American traveling salesmen, something unknown in the commercial annals of Syria. A representative of the American Steel and Wire company has already been here, and I am credibly informed that two other commercial travelers from the United States are bound for this place. Commercial travelers representing various branches of American industry should visit this city once or twice a year, carrying with them full lines of samples. They will be able to get along very well in Beirut, even if they know no other language than English."

In a recent communication from the consul, he adds: "It affords me great pleasure to say that one of the two commercial travelers referred to in my previous report has been here and is much pleased with his visit, although the total amount of the orders secured by him at Beirut and Damascus did not exceed $3860. I learn that the orders taken were chiefly for leather, hardware, mechanics' tools and lamps."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

RUHLIN-JEFFRIES.

Prospects Good For a Match Next August.

New York, May 22.—Prospects are good for a fight for the championship of the world next August between Champion James J. Jeffries and Gus Ruhlin, in San Francisco. The Californian has been in the city for several days resting after his theatrical tour, and announces that after he has had a rest he will be ready to start for San Francisco. Billy Madden, manager of Ruhlin, arrived in New York last week and at once visited Jeffries. Madden said:

"Gus Ruhlin is very anxious to fight, and we are waiting on Jeffries to agree to terms and a date. When I saw the champion he said he was willing to fight, but wants big money. I think we can get it in San Francisco. On behalf of Ruhlin I have accepted an offer from the National Sporting club of $5 per cent of the gross receipts and $500 for expenses. I am sure Jeffries and Ruhlin can draw a $30,000 to $35,000 house. The champion has not yet accepted this offer, but I think he will, unless something better is proposed."

Ruhlin is now at Dyker's Heights, and spends his leisure time playing golf and taking long walks to be in good condition.

Madden is anxious to get a fight for Denver Ed Martin and offers to back the colored man for a side bet of $1000 a side against any man in the world, barring Jeffries and Ruhlin.

A Very Remarkable Remedy.

"It is with a good deal of pleasure and satisfaction that I recommend Chamberlin's Colic, Choler and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Druggist A. W. Sawtelle, of Hartford, Conn. "A lady customer, seeing the remedy exposed for sale on my show case, said to me: 'I really believe that medicine saved my life the past summer while at the shore,' and she became so enthusiastic over its merits that I at once made up my mind to recommend it in the future. Recently a gentleman came into my store so overcome with colic pains that he sank at once to the floor. I gave him a dose of this remedy, which helped him. I repeated the dose, and in fifteen minutes he left my store smilingly informing me that he felt as well as ever." Sold at Boyce's Drug store.

SUBSCRIPTION ISSUE CLOSING.

We will close our

3 CENT

subscription issue of stock at

6 o'clock p. m. Saturday, May 25

Thereafter no stock will be sold for less than

5 CENTS!

Parties desiring to secure stock at our subscription price should write or call at once. All parties who have spoken for stock in this issue must pay for and secure certificates before the date above given.

Nevada Paraffin OIL COMPANY,

318 West Superior Street. **St. Louis Hotel.**

FREE TILL CURED

For the next thirty days will treat all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES of MEN absolutely FREE, except a small charge for medicine only. Call and investigate. THIS MEANS WHAT IT SAYS. Don't run after Fakirs, new fads and would-be Specialists. Call and get a scientific opinion and diagnosis of your case before applying elsewhere. Remember I have been in business thirty years, three years in Duluth, and have a record of 15,000 cases cured. Many of which I have permission to refer to.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

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This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pain in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The person suffers are not cured by Doctors in because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

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SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, 11th Judicial District.

Charles O. Baldwin, Plaintiff,

vs.

Lizzie Howard, sometimes known as Lizzie Kerr, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a decree and judgment entered in the above entitled action on the 7th day of May, 1901, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Friday, the 21st day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All the interest of the defendant Lizzie Howard, sometimes known as Lizzie Kerr, whether leasehold interest or otherwise, in and to the following described premises, situated in the county of St. Louis, Minnesota, to-wit: All that part of lot nine (9), in block two (2), in the Industrial Division of Duluth, which lies within seventy-seven feet of St. Croix avenue, being the easterly seventy-seven feet of said lot nine (9), in said block two (2), according to the recorded plat thereof, as such interest existed upon the 27th day of September, 1890, as was the same has since been increased or enlarged, together with all her interest in the frame dwelling house thereon situated, as the same existed on the 27th day of September, 1890, or as the same has since been increased or enlarged.

Dated May 7th, 1901.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT, Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.

By V. A. DASH, Deputy Sheriff of said County.

ALBERT BALDWIN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-8-15-22-29-June-5-12-1901.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of four hundred and one and 50-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John O. Hole, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to H. Nordstrom, mortgagee, bearing date the eighth day of July, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Saint Louis and state of Minnesota, on the tenth day of July, 1890, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 43 of mortgages, on page 595.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said H. Nordstrom, mortgagee, to Wirt H. Cook, by written assignment dated the twentieth day of April, 1901, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the sixth day of May, 1901, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 186 of mortgages, on page 12, said Wirt H. Cook being now the owner and owner of record thereof, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one (1), two (2) and three (3), and northwest quarter of the northeast quarter (nw¼ of ne¼) of section eight (8), in township sixty-three (63) north of range seventeen (17) west, containing one hundred sixty-six and 25-100 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Saint Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Saint Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-second day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred one and 50-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 8, A. D. 1901.

WIRT H. COOK, Assignee of Mortgage.

W. D. BAILEY, Attorney for Assignee, 500 Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-8-15-22-29-June-5-12-1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 7th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of James O'Laughlin, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of James O'Laughlin, deceased, late of St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, being granted to Amelia O'Laughlin,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 13th day of August, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 7th day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,

W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

J. P. MORROW, Attorney.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-8-15-22-1901.

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LITTLE CHANGE

Wheat, Though Weak Early, Rallies Toward the Close.

Rains In the West Cause Heavy Selling at Opening.

Good Demand Develops On the Break---Higher Cables.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 22.—The weather seemed to be the ruling influence in the wheat market at the opening today and with reports of rains over the sections that have been in greatest need of it, there came a weak feeling. The decline was moderate, however, and the principal selling in Chicago was reported to be by Phillips and his crowd who have been conspicuous buyers for several days. Liverpool closed at an advance of 1¼@1½d higher. The opening was steady and the market seemed inclined to be stronger but the flood of selling orders carried it down. The decline was stubborn, however, and there seemed to be plenty of wheat wanted on the break. Toward the close there was a sharp rally. There were sensational reports of damage in Kansas due to insects. The cash demand for wheat at Duluth was fair and about 15 loads of wheat were worked for export. Minneapolis reported a poor cash demand, the mills not taking any wheat. The seaboard reported export sales of 18 loads. Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 202 cars, against 152 last week and 243 last year. Chicago receipts, 37 cars, none of contract grade.

Primary receipts of wheat were 439,000 bus, last year 262,000 bus. Shipments 321,417 bus, last year 415,437 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 626,698 bus.

Trading in futures was fairly active. July wheat opened ½c off at 74¾c, sold at 74¾c at 9:32, reacted to 74¾-⅝c at 10:50, firmed up to 74⅝c at 11:09, sold at 74½c at 12:45, at 74⅝c at 1:05 and closed on sales at 74⅞c, an advance of 1¾c. Chicago advanced the same amount and Minneapolis closed unchanged.

Corn receipts were very heavy today, aggregating 1,201,267 bus, against 290,440 bus. Shipments 867,564 bus, last year 669,549 bus. The clearances were 260,129 bus. New York reported 30 loads of corn worked. The May price of corn in Chicago weakened like today but July was only ¼-¼c off. There was no change in the price at Duluth.

May flax was off 6c today. October was up 1c. Rye was up 1½c and other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard—Cash and May, 77¾c; to arrive, 77¾c; September, 72c. No. 1 northern—Cash and May, 74⅝c; to arrive, 74⅜c; September, 71c; July, 74¾c. No. 2 northern, 70¾c. No. 3 spring, 69⅝c. Oats—29½-29¾c. Rye, 51½c. Flax—Cash, to arrive and May, $1.70; September, $1.31; September Northwestern, $1.32; October, $1.30. Corn, 41½c; May, 42c.

Car inspections—Wheat, 9; corn, 3; oats, 1; rye, 3; flax, 19. Receipts—Wheat, 39,547; corn, 3989; rye, 1202; flax, 14,005. Shipments—Wheat, 188,982; corn, 129,909; oats, 2639; rye, 73,300; flax, 2465.

SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1,000 bus $0.77¾
No. 1 northern, 1 cars 74¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 74⅜
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 74⅜
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 74½
No. 1 northern, 4 cars 74⅜
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 74⅜
No. 1 northern, 4 cars 74⅜
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 73¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 70¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 70⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car 72½
No. 2 northern, 1 car 72¾
No. 3 spring, 5 cars 69⅝
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.63

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Duluth and Minneapolis.

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First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Steady Followed By Reaction.

Chicago, May 22.—Wheat opened steady on higher cables, but reacted on selling, due to heavy rains in the West. July opened unchanged to ⅝c higher, at 73⅜c to 73¾c, and eased off slowly to 73c. Local receipts were 37 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 02 cars against 152 last week and 243 a year ago.

July wheat touched 72¾c, but rallied and closed steady ⅛c higher at 73⅛c.

Corn was heavy on the increased receipts. July opened a shade lower at 45c and fell to 44⅝@44½c. May opened ⅛c higher at 50c, and under the same influence that controlled July sold down to 47c. Local receipts were 568 cars, 229 of contract grade.

July corn touched 44½c, but closed fairly steady, ⅛@⅜c lower at 44⅞c. May corn closed 1½c lower at 48c.

Oats were steady, but dull. July opened a shade lower, at 28⅝@29c. Local receipts were 208 cars.

Provisions were weak on heavy receipts at the yards. July pork opened 2½c lower, at 14.95 and sold to $14.75. July lard opened 2½c lower, at $8.17½, and sold to $8.12½. July ribs opened 2½c lower, at 7.97½ and sold down to $7.95.

Close: Wheat, May, 74⅛@¾c; July, 73½c. Corn, May, 48c; July, 44⅞c. Oats, May, 30½c; July, 28⅞c. Pork, May, $14.65; July, $14.77½; September, $14.75. Lard, May, $8.17½; July, $8.15; September, $8.17½. Ribs, May, $8.22½; July, $7.95; September, $7.92½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.71; No. 1, $1.71; May, $1.70; September, $1.30. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 76c; No. 3 red, 71@75c; No. 2 hard winter, 73½@74½c; No. 3 hard winter, 72@73½c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 3 spring, 69@74c. Corn, No. 2, 47@48c; No. 3, 43½@44c. Oats, No. 2, 30@34c; No. 3, 30c. Rye, May, 53c; July, 52c. Barley, cash, 42@56c. Timothy, September, $3.45. Clover, cash, $9.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 22.—Rains are reported this morning in Minnesota and light showers in the Dakotas. On this the wheat market was easier early, but developing no material selling pressure, the scalping interest was disposed to work the long side. Some modification of previous high estimates of crop conditions in the Southwest continue to come, but so far form nothing like a general complaint. Export business is very moderate, although clearances continue fair. General speculative interest is slow. Primary receipts 439,000 bus, against 320,000. Shipments 821,000 bus, against 471,000 bus.

The corn market was dull and a shade easier. The predominence of local speculative operations in making the market for some time past has decreased general interest, and the volume of trade is much reduced. Receipts are still liberal at this point and likely to continue so for the balance of the month. Shipping demand is not much of a factor and is supplied by local concessions. Crop conditions are generally regarded as favorable.

The oat market is steady and only moderately active. The weather is regarded as favorable for the crop, but the crop situation is regarded as unfavorable.

The provision market is easier. Receipts of hogs large at all Western points, and prices at the yards are 5c lower. There was some selling of product by speculators, who bought yesterday. Shipping demand continues good.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, July wheat, 72¾c.
Puts, July wheat, 72½-¾c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 73¾-¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

July—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	74⅜B	72⅝-½	73⅜@¾	79½
High	74¾	72½	73¾	79½
Low	74¼ -⅜	72	72⅞	79⅛
Close	74⅜	72⅝-½	73½B	79¼A
September—				
Open	70⅝B	69¾A	71⅜	76⅜
High	.71	69½-⅝	71⅜	76⅜
Low	70¾A	69	70⅜	75⅞-76
Close	71B	69½-⅝	71⅛	76⅝A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats July.	Corn. July.	Pork July.
Open	28⅝@28⅞-29	46¾	$14.95
High	28⅞-29	46¾	14.95
Low	28½	44½	14.75
Close	28⅞	44⅞	14.77

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 22.—Wheat, cash 72¾c; July, 72⅜@¾c; September, 69½@⅝c. On track, No 2 hard, 74¾c; No. 1 northern, 72¾c; No. 2 northern, 70@¾c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 22.—Wheat, May, 80¼c; July, 79¼c. Corn, May, 49½c; July, 48¾c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report all horses sold today were retailed out to local consumers. The exceptional strong demand which characterized the market, in contrast with the reports of an extreme scarcity of horses in the country gave a strong tone to prices on all grades. Drafters and delivery horses of the best quality were leading in demand. Values:

Drafters, extra ..... $155@190
Drafters, choice ..... 135@150
Drafters, common to good ..... 125@135
Fair horses, extra ..... 120@135
Farm horses, choice ..... 105@120
Farm horses, common to good ..... 65@ 75
Mules ..... 125@165

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 22.—Cattle, receipts, 16,500. Generally steady. Good to prime steers, $5.10@5.75; poor to medium, $4.00@5.05; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00; cows, $2.90@4.70; heifers, $2.90@4.85; canners, $2.25@2.90; bulls, $2.90@4.40; calves, $3.50@6.50; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.40; Texas bulls, $2.75@3.85. Hogs, receipts today, 39,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 2150. Weak. Top, $5.90; mixed and butchers, $5.60@5.87½; good to choice heavy, $5.75@5.90; rough heavy, $5.60@5.70; light, $5.50@5.82½; bulk of sales, $5.72½@5.82½. Sheep, receipts, 18,000. Slow. Good to choice wethers, $4.30@4.60; fair to choice mixed, $4.00@4.40; Western sheep, $4.30@4.60; yearlings, $4.50@4.75; native lambs, $4.50@5.75; Western lambs, $5.00@5.75. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 5431; hogs, 29,280; sheep, 14,113. Shipments—Cattle, 1099; hogs, 3822; sheep, 1465.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	19½@	20
Creamery, tubs	19 @	19½
Dairies, fancy	16 @	17
Dairy, fair	14 @	15
Packing stock	11 @	12

EGGS.

Fresh	11½@	12

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream, new	12 @	12½
Twins, full cream, old	11 @	12
Full cream, young America	13 @	
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13 @	
Primos	6 @	6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	19 @	20
Fancy white clover in jars		
strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	15 @	17
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	14		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8

FRUITS.

Strawberries, 24-quart cases	2 75	@	3 00
Apples, eating	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
California lemons	3 00	@	3 25
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@	4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Halloween, 60-lb box	3 50	@	3 80
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7	@	7½
California navel oranges	3 00	@	3 25
Seedling oranges	2 50	@	2 75

OLD VEGETABLES.

Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10	@	12
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	45	@	48
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	4 00

FRESH VEGETABLES.

New Florida celery, bunch	1 00	@	1 25
Mushrooms	45		
Lettuce, per box	75	@	1 20
Green onions, per dozen	20		
Green peas, per bus	1 75		
Pie plant, per lb	1½	@	2
Cucumbers, hot house	50	@	1 00
Spinach, bus	50	@	60
Radishes, round, per doz	25	@	30
Radishes, long, per doz	25	@	30
Asparagus, green, per doz	50	@	75
Pineapple, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Tomatoes, per basket	60	@	65
Egg plant per doz	2 50		
Beets, per dozen bunches	70	@	75
Carrots, per doz bunches	75		
Turnips, per doz bunches	70	@	75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	2 50	@	3 00
Wax beans, per box	2 25	@	2 50
New potatoes, per bus	3 00	@	3 25
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½@		4
Choice, per lb	3 @		3½

LIVE POULTRY.

Chickens	11	@	12
Turkeys	10	@	11
Ducks	10	@	11
Geese	8	@	9

MEATS.

Mutton	8½@		9
Lamb	9 @		9½
Veal, good	8		
Veal, fancy	9		
Beef, dressed	6½@		7½
Hogs	5		
Pork loins	8		

BRAN AND SHORTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50

GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

Corn, car lots sacked	50
Corn, less sacked	31
Hay, upland	15 00
Hay, timothy	17 00
Feed, No. 1	18 00
Feed, No. 2	18 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 22.—Butter firm. Creamery, 14@19½c; dairy, 11@16c. Cheese, easier. Twins, 9¼c; young Americas, 10@10½c; cheddars, 9c; daisies, 9½c. Eggs, cases returned, 10¾c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 22.—Butter receipts, 5743 packages; steady; creamery, 15@19c; factory, 11@13c. Cheese, receipts, 1800 packages; quiet; fancy large colored, 8c; fancy large white, 8¾c; fancy small colored, 8¼c; fancy small white, 8¾c. Eggs receipts, 14,002 packages; steady; Western, uncracked, 11½@12¾c; Western, selected, 13@15c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Wednesday, May 22.

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. *Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Cloudy	78	50	.08
Campbell	Cloudy	80	54	.19
Crookston	Cloudy	80	54	.0
Detroit City	Cloudy	80	52	.08
Grand Meadow				T
Montevideo	Raining	80	48	.64
Minneapolis	Cloudy	80	52	.46
New Ulm				
Park Rapids	Cloudy	68	52	.0
Winnebago City	Cloudy	70	44	.32
Worthington	Cloudy	68	50	T
Devils Lake	Cloudy	82	50	.0
Langdon	Clear	84	44	.0
Larimore	Cloudy	82	50	.0
Lisbon	Cloudy	78	52	.16
Pembina	Pt cldy	86	52	.0
Aberdeen	Pt cldy		44	.14
Millbank	Cloudy	80	52	.06
Mitchell	Clear	80	50	.0
Redfield	Cloudy	78	52	.01
Bismarck	Pt cldy	84	48	.0
Duluth	Raining	72	44	.12
Huron	Cloudy	76	52	.02
La Crosse	Raining	64	52	.18
Moorhead	Cloudy	76	56	.02
St. Paul	Cloudy	68	54	.52
Winnipeg	Clear	84	52	.0

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. *Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	24	60	50	.48
Columbus	17	54	56	.84
Des Moines	14	70	50	.06
Indianapolis	11	62	52	.10
Kansas City	20	70	50	.10
Louisville	17	66	52	.44
Minneapolis	18	78	50	.08
Omaha	12	66	48	.0
St. Louis	12	66	48	.14

REMARKS.

Copious to heavy showers fell over nearly all districts. Warm weather continues during Tuesday over the greater portion of the Minneapolis district.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

THE RAT KANGAROO.

While looking over bananas in one of the rooms of his commission house, at 1624 Market street yesterday, G. G. Liebhardt was startled to see a small animal about the size of a squirrel climbing rapidly up one of the walls, says the Denver News. He watched it until it secluded itself in a corner of the ceiling and then called a conference of the help of the house. The employes were all under the impression that it might be a dangeorus tropical visitor so were shy about approaching it. Mr. Liebhardt, thinking he would give it a "run for its money," secured a ladder and took the animal in tow by the tail. This member measured about a foot. The animal itself is scarcely more than five inches long. It has a snout like a bear and bright, shiny brown fur. In a small pouch over its stomach were tucked about half a dozen of its young, which were hardly bigger than tiny lizards. In some attitudes it has a striking resemblance to a miniature kangaroo. When it is approached by anyone it hisses like a snake.

A great many odd animals and reptiles are found in various banana bunches that come to the commission house. The consignment which brought the latest animal freak is from Costa Rica. Several parties who saw the "prankish" little object say it is a member of the family of kangaroo rats.

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First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	123
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Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	31	...
Copper Crown of Ariz.	1	.25	...
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DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Market Was Sluggish During Greater Part of Session.

Closing Was Steady and Only Slightly Below the Best.

Strength of Erie and Wabash Regarded as Significant.

New York, May 22.—Opening prices showed changes divided between gains and losses. In most cases, they were fractional. Union Pacific lost 1¼, and Southern Railway pfd, and Erie first pfd, Reading and Rubber, about 1 point. Hocking Valley jumped 2 points on the declaration of the first dividend on the stock. One hundred shares of Northern Pacific sold at 171, compared with 156½ on yesterday's last sale. Dealings were on a very small scale all around.

Prices moved up generally after the opening under the impetus of an active demand for various low-priced stocks. These comprised the Erie, Reading, Toledo, St. Louis & Western, Chicago, Terminal and Colorado Coal stocks and Wabash issues which were benefited from 1 to 2 points. Hocking Valley pfd, St. Paul, Techison, Sugar, Amalgamated Copper, Louisville, Missouri Pacific, North American, Union Pacific and Wheeling & Lake Erie first pfd all showed strength. The rise brought prices of many stocks above yesterday's close. Prices were below the best at 11 o'clock and trading was very dull.

Prices yielded in sympathy with Union Pacific, which dipped below 102. Other stocks were in a measure affected by the resumption of gold exports. Recessions from the best prices, reached a point in some of the earlier strong stocks. The malding stocks advanced 2@3¾ points, American Car and Leather com, also were bought on a rising scale, the former gaining 2 points. Bonds were strong.

Erie came to the advance to 14¼c and awakened the market slightly from its apathy. Chesapeake & Ohio was marked up 1⅞ and Norfolk & Western and Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville 2 points each. There were one or two recoveries approaching a point, and Rock Island recovered its loss, but the market generally continued very sluggish. The uncommon strength of Erie and Wabash was called significant in stock exchange gossip. The closing was dull but steady and only slightly below the best.

STOCK.	Open. High.	Low.	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	147¼ 148½	147	147¾
Amalg. Copper	114½ 115¾	114⅜	115½
Am. Tobacco	126½ 126⅞	126⅛	126⅛
Atchison, com	77½ 78½	77⅝	78
Atchison, pfd	98 98	98	98
Brook. Rap. Tran	75½ 76¼	75½	76
C., M. & St. P	161½ 162⅜	161½	162
Erie	38¾ 41½	38	41¾
U. S. Steel pfd	44¼ 44⅞	44¼	44½
U. S. Steel pfd	93 93½	92⅜	93⅜
B. & O.	104⅝ 105	104¼	104¼
L. & N.	103 103¾	102⅞	103
Manhattan	114 114½	113¾	113⅞
Mo. Pacific	104 105	104	104
Nor. Pacific, com	171 171	169	169
Nor. Pacific, pfd	98 98	98	98
People's Gas	115 115¾	114¾	115¼
Rock Island	153½ 154	153⅛	154
So. Pacific	47⅜ 47⅛	47⅜	47⅛
Tenn. & C. I	59¾ 60¾	56¾	56⅞
U. S. Leather, pfd	13 14¼	13	13⅜
Union Pacific, pfd	88⅜ 89¼	88⅛	88⅞
Union Pacific, com	102⅛ 103¼	101⅞	102
Western Union	92¼ 93	92¼	92⅝
Chicago-Gt. West	21⅝ 21⅝	22¼	22¼
Wis. Central	19⅜ 21½	19¼	21⅜
Southern Railway	30 30¼	29½	30

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 22.—Cotton opened steady, 3 points higher to 3 lower and then became very feverish owing to contradictory reports concerning the July position. Constant fear of inflation and another bear panic kept shorts uneasy and held the market well up to the opening basis. While the new crop options were naturally inclined toward lower prices, they held up in sympathy with the strength in near months. July opened at 7.76 and worked to 7.77; then sagged a few points under room profit taking. October was the only new crop month which received more than passing attention.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8¾; middling gulf, 8¾; sales 1000 bales.

Cotton futures closed steady: May, 7.57; June, 7.60; July, 7.66; August, 7.22; September, 7.03; October, 6.95; November, 6.94; December, 6.93; January, 6.95; February, 6.96.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, May 22.—Consols for money, 94; for the account, 94 1-16.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 22.—Close, wheat steady, 1½@1¾d higher. July, 5s 11¾d; September, 5s 10¾d. Corn steady, unchanged to ¼d higher. July, 3s 11½d; September, 3s 11⅝d.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 22.—Bank clearings, $27,561,070; balances, $3,012,520; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, 25c premium.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 22.—Money on call, steady, at 4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83½@4¾ for demand and at $4.84¾@$4.85 for 60 days. Posted rates, $4.85@$4.89; commercial bills, $4.84@4½; silver certificates, nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 48¾c. Government bonds, steady, refunding 2s, registered and coupon, 106¼; 3s, registered and coupon, 109; new 4s, registered and coupon, 137¾; old 4s, registered and coupon, 113½; 5s, registered and coupon, 103¾.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14	14½
Allouez	2¾	3
Anaconda	47½	48
Arcadian	16½	17½
Arnold	2½	3
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	30	32
Baltic	41	42
Bingham	22	23
Boston and Montana	420	425
Butte and Boston	107½	110
Calumet and Hecla	830	840
Centennial	28	28½
Centennial Eureka	38	39
Copper Range	103½	104½
Dominion Coal	6½	7½
Franklin	35	36
Humboldt	17	18
Isle Royale	30	50
Mass	47	47½
Michigan	15½	16
Mohawk	6½	7½
Mayflower	38	38½
Old Colony	2	2½
Old Dominion	4	..
Osceola	31	32
Parrot	37	38
Rhode Island	52½	53
Santa Fe	4	4½
Tamarack	7½	
Tecumseh	320	325
Tri-Mountain	1½	2
Utah	41	43
United States	29	29¼
Victoria	19	20
	4	..

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MEDAL GOLF.

Preliminary Round in the Metropolitan Golf Championship.

Rye, N. Y., May 22.—The preliminary round of medal play in the Metropolitan golf championship tournament at the Apawamis Golf club's links was begun today with forty-six players. Thirty-two of these will qualify for the match play, rounds to be played during the remainder of the week. The course, which is one of the longest in the United States, the playing length being 6219 yards, was in fair condition. C. B. MacDonald, of Meadowbrook, and Findlay S. Douglas, of Nassau, were paired and halved the first holes in fives. Walter J. Travis, the amateur champion, who was playing with Robert F. Matthews, of the home club, missed a short put on the first green and took six for the first hole.

The scores as a rule were rather high in the first half of the qualifying turn. The best card turned in was that of Charles H. Seley, of Weeburn, Conn. Seeley played a very strong game, and were it not for a very bad lie on his drive for the eighteenth hole, his ball being buried in a very soft spot of ground, he would have done at least two strokes better. His card read: Out, 565, 736, 436—45. In, 554, 555, 456—44—89.

LIBRARY AT CLOQUET.

Site For a Building Has Been Donated.

Cloquet, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cloquet is to have a permanent library building and reading room. A fine site has been donated to the library board by the Cloquet Lumber company, and the board is planning to erect a brick structure thereon, which will be a credit to the place.

A church social was held at the residence of Mrs. O. B. Harriman last Friday evening, and was largely attended. A unique feature of this social was that it was absolutely free of charge and everybody who cared to come was heartily welcomed.

Work will soon be commenced on the new Catholic church building. The parish has secured a block of land in the central part of the town and the plans contemplate an expenditure of from $15,000 to $20,000.

The village council held their regular monthly meeting on Monday evening. The most important item of business was the entering into a contract with a firm of engineers to prepare plans for erecting a pumping station and constructing a system of sewers. Cloquet does not propose to be left behind, as far as public improvements are concerned, and the present council is made up of go-ahead, progressive men, who are planning for the future as well as the present.

The directors of the First National bank, of Cloquet, have inaugurated a savings bank in connection with their regular banking business, and to accommodate their patrons, propose to open the bank from 7 to 8 o'clock on Saturday evenings.

Peter Moody, the barber, has been a very sick man for the last ten days, but is slightly better.

Decoration day is to observed at the First M. E. church next Sunday. In the morning the pastor, Rev. J. W. Heard, is to preach a special sermon, and in the evening a platform meeting will be held, at which Professor Reed, Rev. Heard and W. H. Skemp are to deliver patriotic addresses.

MAKES FIRE.

In the American Museum of Natural History can be seen some new and interesting household utensils from the Arctic regions, says the New York Herald.

They belong to a hitherto unknown race of Eskimo dwelling on a bleak and supposedly uninhabited island in the north end of Hudson bay. These people have been termed a lost tribe from their primitive condition and mode of life.

One of the most startling objects found among their effects was a crude and primitive fire drill, used to start a flame. This ancient method of producing fire by friction is the same that was used 1000 years ago. A stick of wood swiftly turned in a slot under a steady pressure produces a cone of dust, which gradually springs into a blaze.

Over "The North-Western Line."

The "Twilight Limited" daily at 4:30 p. m. for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater.

The "Chicago Fast Mail" daily at 5 p. m. for Eau Claire, Marshfield, Wausau, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Milwaukee and Chicago. Parlor cars, dining cars, Pullman sleepers.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Tug Zenith Strikes Bank and Sunk at Missabe Docks.

The Crew Were Active and Escaped With Wet Feet.

Damage Is Slight and Boat Will Be Out Shortly.

The tug Zenith of the Union Towing and Wrecking company rolled over at the Missabe docks at 12:10 o'clock today and sank in twenty feet of water. She has no injuries, and can be raised without difficulty, little the worse for the accident.

The barge Australia was being placed at the west side of No. 3 dock, the tug Zenith at the head and the tug Superior at the stern. Just as the vessel was being placed alongside the dock for a load of ore, the Zenith ran upon the bank upon which the docks rests, near the outer end, and rolled over. She rested with one side out of water and her deck almost vertical for a few moments. All of the crew but the cook were on deck, and they scrambled upon the high side of the tug in a very active manner. The cook was below, and he had a harder climb but got out all right. The only injury to the members of the crew was a wetting as the water came around caused by the splashing of the water against the hull of the tug.

The tug Superior came up immediately and took off the crew and the tug slipped down the bank, filled and sank in water about twenty feet deep. She will be raised immediately and as she sustained no damage in the accident, she will be in for service again very shortly.

THE FREIGHT SITUATION.

Cleveland, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Vessel owners did not expect they would be able to maintain the single trip rates established on ore and coal when navigation opened, but the market now certainly tends toward an advance rather than a decline. The action of some of the big shippers in making more ore contracts at 80 cents yesterday, has greatly strengthened the situation.

BROKE HER SHAFT.

Sheboygan, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The tug Gladiator was towed into the harbor today, with a broken shaft, the result of striking a sunken log off Forty-Mile Point last night. The Gladiator had in tow a large raft from Sheboygan to Detroit.

BUSINESS IS SMALL.

Chicago, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two or three cargoes of wheat were on the market at 1½ cents, but otherwise, the amount of business in sight was small. Little is expected for the rest of the month.

SUNK IN LAKE ERIE.

Amherstburg, Ont., May 22.—The steamer S. J. Macy, laden with coal, struck an obstruction near Southeast shoal, lake Erie, Monday and immediately settled upon the bottom in seventeen feet of water. Steam pumps have been placed on board by the wrecker Wales. The coal cargo of the Macy is consigned to Green Bay.

TO RECOVER A PIG-IRON CARGO.

Detroit, Mich., May 22.—Harris W. Baker, a local diver, will leave for Lake Michigan June 20, next, where he will make an attempt to get 600 tons of pig iron from the sunken schooner William Home, which went down off Seul Choix point in ninety feet of water during a storm in

THE FANCIES OF DAME FASHION

Four O'clock Receptions Becoming More Dressy---Novelties In Summer Dress Goods---Black Gowns Trimmed With White.

The 4 o'clock reception is becoming a more and more dressy function, and for those announced at the last of the season very charming gowns in embroidered crepe de chine, all-over lace and grenadine are worn, as well as foulards, taffetas and other silken fabrics. Low-necked dresses with square or V opening are worn by those who can support the trying effect of the decollete accompanied by a picture hat. Elbow sleeves assert themselves confidently, and in their wake follows the mitten so long demode.

For garden party hats, fruits and berries are chosen regardless of season. Grapes are used profusely in millinery, those of the very deepest purple having the preference.

A capeline in bright, gold-colored straw is turned up in front by a bunch of vine leaves in different shades of green, lightly powdered with gold, and purple fruit. Underneath it are fixed two narrow bands of black velvet carried round so as to rest on the brim and fastened together at the back by a large, round, dull-gold chased button. The fashion of trimming hats with cordons or wreaths of flowers is maintained, but, instead of making this of one variety, the wreath is often composed of a number of small posies set side by side.

The market is flooded with novelties in muslins and other cotton goods. We shall see a great many charming summer costumes made of Swiss muslin with brocbe spots. These differ from the old, inasmuch as the spots are smaller, more closely woven and almost square. One line has brocbe spots in black, navy blue, dark green or red on ecru or white ground, interwoven with a thick white thread, forming stripes or crossbars.

Printed Swiss muslins divide favor with organdies. The former have spotted grounds; the latter striped or plain. Those with plain grounds are the more dressy of the two. A new line in broad width organdies have a large scroll pattern consisting of roses or other large flowers on one side, only intended as a border for the edge of the skirt.

The fashion of trimming white gowns with black lace is reversed in many of the newest French models, particularly in the mousseline de soie and organdie toilets, which are designed for attire at fashionable watering places. French women always favor wearing the light tone next to the skin, and a black mousseline with white lace trimming on the corsage will be found much more becoming and dainty in appearance than the richest white gown with black lace decorations. When the French woman needs to put on a touch of black she uses velvet, which, for instance, appears at the upper edge of the collars of all the new foulards and Louisines.

* * *

Some dressmakers are making fuller skirts and skirts with plaits, but it is a question whether they will take; still they are adapted to thin summer fabrics. In some of the new skirts one finds a polonaise effect, but without the inconvenience of a double skirt. The following toilets, chosen from among the latest models, are made with these and other fashionable skirts. The first is a dress of figured liberty, with a very glossy finish. It has a shaped skirt, cut wide enough at the top to be full all around and rather more at the back. In front there is a narrow breadth folded in so as to form a flat plait. This is untrimmed, but the vest of the skirt is decorated with twelve rows of purple velvet ribbon, three-inch wide bands, then three a little narrower, an interval and then three again of the wider width, surmounted by three of the narrower. It is completed by a short bolero and full chemisette in foulard trimmed with velvet.

Another dress of cerise colored grass lawn, worked with small white spots. Three shaped flounces ornament the skirt, each edged with white cambric work, and there is a bolero of this underneath another shorter one of the spotted muslin, mounted on a chemisette of the latter material. The sleeves are of the small Bishop form.

A charming summer gown is of blue linen, with a bolero coat, a waistband of black velvet fastened at the back with a wide, sparkling buckle. With this is worn a big black hat, loaded with red popples. Apple green glace silk tucked all over and worn with a deep sailor collar of white hand-embroidered mull is about the prettiest thing a pale blonde could wear. A deep girdle of pink satin liberty should accompany this waist.

* * *

The up-to-date woman's toilet table is now gay with ribbon bows. The fad has seized the French women to revive the eighteenth century style of attaching ribbons to everything in their boudoir, says a Paris letter: The silver comb, the brush, the scent bottles—all have a coquettish little bow fastened to them to match in color that of the furnishings of the room. Some women go to great lengths to carry out the idea and when possessed of Louis XVI or empire rooms endeavor to secure ribbons of the epoch or clever imitations of them. The combination of silver and gold is most in favor for toilet articles. The silver is stamped into the gold, and the color is a dead, bronze-like gold. There are many novelties in designs introduced by the new art, though the classic designs of the past are most in favor.

Prince George of Greece has just ordered a magnificent set of toilet articles. The designs were first made in plaster by competent artists and submitted to his royal higness. Later they ere executed in silver. The designs were simple, with roses worked in, and the principal ornament the royal initials surmounted by the closed crown. The prince did not address himself to a great jeweler on the Rue de la Paix, but directly to the artists who originate and design the work for the Rue de la Paix houses, showing that his royal highness knows something about economy and purchases with discretion, gaining at least a third of the price by avoiding the Rue de la Paix. The aids-de-camp of foreign sovereigns are famous hands at bargains and know the ways of Paris better than Parisians themselves.

Underwear is now a great factor in the realy well-dressed woman's trousseau. The history of the exquisite lingerie now in vogue in France is less ancient than that of any other part of woman's wearing apparel. Until the fifteenth century French women wore heavy, rough spun linen chemises, and only upon the arrival of Isabelle de Bavaria was luxury in underwear introduced into France. Once the French women had adopted fine lingerie, however, they were so proud of it that they had their gowns made to show the exquisite laces of their chemises.

Valenciennes lace, the real lace, is most in favor for trimming, there is really nothing else to replace it, and for effect and durability it possesses no equal.

* * *

An extravagant fashion in underwear possible in France, where hand labor is at a minimum price, is to have the ribbons for underwear run through real buttonholes made in the linen or batiste, but the effect is exceedingly pretty and uncommon.

There are any number of new forms for all kinds of underwear. One of the prettiest fashions is the bolero corset cover, almost entirely of lace, and fastened with a bow of ribbon.

Several smart new designs in collars have just been introduced. One was of black velvet, high, and fastening in the back. It was ornamented with a series of buckles, in diamonds when the wearer's purse permits, or buckles in different colored gold when the purse is more limited, or even with silver with colored enamel. Equally smart was a cherry colored cravat, trimmed with gilt aiguillettes and still another in pompadour silk with the same ends. The combination of velvet and silk is also a favorite combination for stocks.

A pretty stock was recently made for Mme. Eloff, the granddaughter of President Kruger, who is in black, although not in deep mourning. It was of black velvet, high, with two points, and was stitched with heavy white silk. If the stitching had not been noticed upon close examination the effect was that of tiny white silk cording. In front was a seven-loop bow of narrow black velvet with long ends hanging down and finished in silver aiguillettes.

The ensemble was black and white in appearance and adapted to half mourning.

* * *

The hand bag is becoming more and more fashionable in Paris, and some exquisite models are shown in fancy silks and velvet. The bright pompadous or Louis XV and Louis XVI silks are chosen for evening and the velvet for the street bags. These bags can be made at home and are simplicity itself to fabricate. This is a good model: Cut out a round or oval piece of cardboard, rather stiff, about the size of a small saucer. Cover it with the silk chosen for the bag. To cover neatly, lay the cardboard on a piece of the silk doubled, and cut out two similar rounds or ovals, a little larger than that of cardboard. Place between the silk and cardboard, turn the edges of the silk neatly inside, and overcast the two silk oval or round pieces together, with the cardboard between them. This, when completed, forms the bottom of the bag. Next cut a strip of silk, double and twice as long as is necessary to go around the oval or round piece. The silk strip should be as wide as the depth of the hand bag is desired. Overcast the strip of double silk, which has been previously fulled, to the bottom of the bag, the edges of the latter and the edges of the silk being neatly held together, only requiring a silk cord to hide the stitching. Put a drawing ribbon or cord around the top of the bag, and it is ready for use. The same bag in velvets admits of embroidery in silk or jet, or, when the bag is in silk, the designs in the silk may be satisfactorily outlined in gilt, silver, or colored paillettes.

The up-to-date bag has endless capacity and can contain nearly everything from an address book to smelling salts.

A pretty way of utilizing old-fashioned silver bag tops or clasps is by adjusting them to new bags, which is a way in which the houses which are making specialties of bags are utilizing old stocks. The trick is easy and worth a trial.

* * *

Hand work, of the most elaborate description, is a leading feature of dress this season. Appliques, embroideries, tucks, strappings and stitchery of all sorts appear on all garments, and dressmaking is more costly than ever.

The simplest phase of this expensive fancy is in many rows of machine stitching done directly on the garment, in silk, either in the same color as that of the cloth or in a contrast, in one color, in two, three and sometimes in a dozen, which include all the hues of the rainbow. Then there are bands, strappings is the present name for them, and the variation of bands which the French call "baguettes," i. e., straps which are carved more or less, sometimes merely a crook, sometimes a scroll.

As for appliques, they are legion, and may be either simple figures stitched on to form a border or intricate designs, wrought with all manner of cunning needlework. There is a new departure in the introduction of white or corded gowns; instead of using white braids or bands, the collar and cuffs and the shaped flounce will be of white, almost covered with parallel rows of narrow bands of the dress material or braid of the same shade, with a line of white showing between each row. This is not only new, but it has the advantage that the white trimming is protected and keeps fresh much longer than the raised

Two or three old fashions of a comparatively recent period reappear. One of these is the yoke shirtwaist, which for the last two years has been a "back number;" another the return of the checked and dotted foulard silks, which, although nothing can be prettier or more comfortable for warm weather, have met with small favor during the last five years.

A RUMCHUNDA WAIST.

The rich colorings and general becomingness of the Rumchunda squares make them greater favorites than ever this summer for dressy waists. The beautiful model shown above has a ground of white liberty satin with figures in oriental colorings. The stock and tie is of the same satin. Courtesy of John Forsythe.

SICK HAIR

Few people realize that their hair is sick when it shows signs of falling and that in its feeble way it is crying for nourishment. If your hair is failing or dry or turning gray it is very evident that it is not enjoying good health; therefore, the only intelligent thing to do is to treat it.

Give it medicine and not dye. Dye is a relic of barbarism, and should be shunned by all refined people, aside from the vulgarity of the act. All hair dyes are injurious, and it is an impossibility to make a hair dye that is not, as nitric of silver, lead, sulphur, copper and other poisonous minerals compose their ingredients. Civilization has progressed in the last decade so effectively that the hair can now be restored to its natural color without dye.

Mme. M. Yale's Hair Tonic

is a life-giving fluid to the hair, and the only remedy on record in the history of the world that has the power to restore the natural color of gray hair. It is a medicine that strengthens and invigorates—giving circulation to the natural coloring fluids and action to the oil ducts. It tones up the debilitated nerve force and STOPS HAIR FALLING in twenty-four hours.

IT CURES DANDRUFF,

makes hair grow on bald heads, softens dry, harsh hair; gives gloss and richness to the natural color, produces a luxurient growth and is a positive cure for all manner of hair and scalp diseases. Scientifically compounded by the great woman chemist, Mme. M. Yale, after her formula from her analysis of the human hair.

RESTORES FADED HAIR.

July 22, 1900.

Madam Yale,—Your Hair Tonic is all that it is recommended to be. From long and severe illness my hair had become faded and dead; before I had used one bottle the natural color and lustre were restored. It has a marvelous effect on faded hair.

LENA M. EARLE, Maquoketa, Iowa.

For blondes and brunettes, children and adults—as pure as the hair itself. Sold at $1.00 per bottle. Manufactured only by MME. M. YALE, Beauty and Health Specialists, 189 Michigan ave., Chicago.

We carry a full line of all of Madame Yale's Remedies and are her Duluth agents.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic, 89c.

PANTON & WHITE CO. THE BIG GREENHOUSE STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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PIE-MAKING SECRETS.

Forming a hasty conclusion from a review of the average family dinner table of today, it would seem that pie-making has become almost a lost art. But when we meet such an array of facts as are given from anyone of the "pie factories" in our large cities, we are convinced that the popularity of this form of table delicacy is not threatened to any great extent. And it is evident that the "great pie belt" has expanded very rapidly within comparatively few years.

THE PIE EATERS.

The class of people who demand pie, and are willing to pay for good pie are, surprising as it may seem, not to be found in the majority in farming or country districts, but, contrary to all hygienic teachings, in our largest cities; and are those who are chiefly engaged in indoor occupations and who lead partial if not entirely inactive lives. We have been taught to look upon pie as a promoter of dyspepsia and its kindred evils; and truly, he who partakes of some of the pastries under this head, has just cause to rue his temerity; for there is nothing more likely to develop a disposition to view the world through blue spectacles, than a diet of pie crust that is a composition of sodden, half-cooked starch and indigestible grease.

PIE-MAKING A SCIENCE.

With a demand for this kind of food comes the necessity of self-preservation. Therefore the product must be good, not only in the sense that it is pleasing to the taste, but good as a food and sustenance; as it, right or wrong, constitutes in a large part the midday meal of a large majority of our working classes. The use of pie as a dessert is not so common as in former times perhaps. This is owing to the fact that many people realize that pies are frequently compounds that are too hearty for ordinary digestion when they follow a substantial meal; and another reason is, that until within recent years only lard and butter were available as shortening in pie crust, and these were too often of inferior quality and always unwholesome, and under the manipulation of an untrained cook were made the agent to create the common complaint, indigestion.

In this age of specialties, however, even pie-making has been reduced to a science; and in such establishments as we have mentioned, the work is entrusted to experts only; consequently the "factory pie," if it be constructed according to these scientific principles, and only good and wholesome materials used, is less dangerous to the health of the consumer than a home made article, greasy, sodden and pale.

HOME-MADE PIE.

There is no reason why the home cook should not excel the manufacturer; and there are certain kinds of pies that the fastidious eater, as well as he who regards health as paramount to mere eating, will wisely insist on having made at home, or forego the pleasure of eating them.

There is in the minds of most Americans, whatever their sentiments regarding the eating of pastry in general, a weakness for at least one kind of pie. Doubtless the greatest favorite is the fresh cherry pie, such as mother used to make; particularly if that blessed mother lived in the country where the fruit grew luscious and plentiful.

WHOLESOME PIE.

To many this term will seem a misnomer, and we admit that there is reason for skepticism in many cases; but why condemn pie without a hearing, more than the white potato, the steak? In fact any other food article that is commonly and daily consumed. Any one of these may be, by bad cooking, made as unwholesome and hurtful to good digestion as the tabooed pie. Even more so in fact; for though the pie crust may be made of not too digestible materials, if fruits enter into the combination the growth and is a positive cure for all manner of hair and scalp diseases. Scientifically compounded by the great woman chemist, Mme. M. Yale, after her formula from her analysis of the human hair.

gastric juices have an ally that will assist in disposing of the unwelcome visitor. All foods composed of inferior and badly cooked materials are a menace to health, whether it be pie or potatoes; so whether you regard pie in the light of a luxury and only for an occasional indulgence, or consider it a convenient and satisfying food for a midday lunch, it must be made of wholesome materials and with due regard to its digestibility.

Do not make the mistake of considering a pie crust made with too little shortening as healthier than a crust that is light, tender and flaky; for the crust that is tough and heavy must be hurtful.

WHAT MATERIALS TO USE.

The secret of good pie crust, tender, flaky and digestible, is so simple that it is no secret at all, but depends on materials selected as much as their putting together and baking. Flour and shortening being the two principle factors; they must be of the best; we do not mean that they must necessarily be expensive, but the best adapted for the purpose. You cannot use "any flour" or one you select as special recommended for bread-making only, and expect to have a tender, flaky crust; neither can you use animal fats and expect to have a perfectly digestible pastry. But you are not obliged to purchase a flour and shortening for the especial purpose of making pastry, for if you make a wise selection you can obtain both these materials so prepared as to be suitable for general cooking and baking; and while having the best, because the most wholesome, you have, at the same time, the unexpensive, an obvious fact to all housewives who know anything of the nature of the various food products on the market.

PUTTING THE MATERIALS TOGETHER.

The flour should be thoroughly sifted before measuring and then sifted again with the salt. A small quantity of baking powder is sometimes used, principally in what are called raised crusts, for meat pies and in a plain pie crust when it must be made as quickly as possible and sufficient time cannot be given to roll and fold the paste. The shortening and the water must be as cold as possible and the mixing done with a spatula or flexible knife; the hands must never be used. In summer time, use the coolest place in the house for making your pies, not only to insure success in the work, but coolness for yourself.

If possible, let all paste stand in a cool place for several hours after it is made, and if closely covered it will be greatly improved by keeping it in the refrigerator for several days. This is a great saving of time for the busy housewife, as she can make up sufficient quantity when time will allow, to last for several days, and in warm weather, when fresh fruit pies are possible, they should be eaten in a very short time after being made and not allowed to stand until the juices soak into the crust. In making even the plainest crust, you will obtain better results by mixing part of the shortening in the flour and when the paste is mixed, cutting it into equal parts, rolling out, spreading with the remaining shortening over each piece, dredging with flour, then laying one piece of paste on top of the other and rolling out from you to a thin sheet, folding in the sides and ends and rolling again. It is the folding and rolling lightly which gives the flakiness to the crust and makes it more digestible.

The paste must be soft enough to roll out without much pressure or you will press out the air enfolded in the layers of paste.

FILLING THE CRUSTS.

As you put the paste in the pie plates set them in a cool place until ready to fill, but do not let them stand with the filling in them before going into the oven unless you wish to have a sodden crust.

Before filling the bottom crust brush with the white of egg and sprinkle with a little flour and sugar. For fresh fruit pies, dredge the top of the fruit with flour after adding sugar. This will prevent the lower crust from being soggy and the juices from running out.

Do not grease pie plates. This has a tendency to make the crust heavy and soggy and there is no necessity for greasing a pie plate if the crust is properly made; they may be dusted with flour or very fine bread crumbs to prevent the crust from sticking if the plates are not smooth.

The oven heat for pies must be kept at a steady temperature throughout. Test it before the pies go in by holding your hand in the oven while you count twenty rather slowly. The filling in your pies must, of course, be taken into consideration, as some fruits require more time than others for cooking. The oven must not be too hot for very juicy fruits as the rapid boiling of the juices will cause them to run out if they can possibly escape.

Plenty of air holes should be made in the upper crust; this allows the escape of steam without breaking the edges of the pie and thus allowing the juices to escape.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Thursday.

BREAKFAST

Prune Toast, Whipped Cream,
Broiled Bacon,
Potatoes Hashed in Cream,
White Muffins, Coffee.

LUNCH.

Potato and Lamb Turnovers,
Asparagus Salad,
Fruit, Cake.
Tea.

DINNER.

Beef Broth,
Egg Croquettes, Cheese Sauce,
Macaroni and Tomatoes,
Fruit Salad,
Wafers, Coffee.

Friday.

BREAKFAST.

Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Eggs a la Buckingham,
Pot[illegible] offee.
Broil[illegible] Tartare,
[illegible]

Cocoa.

DINNER.

Onion Soup,
Planked Shad, Mashed Potatoes,
New Beets, Cold Slaw,
Strawberry Croquettes, Hard Sauce,
Coffee.

Saturday.

BREAKFAST.

Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Liver and Bacon, Stewed Potatoes,
Rolls, Coffee.

LUNCH.

Hamburg Steaks, Swiss Salad,
Hot Rolls, Stewed Fruit,
Cereal Coffee.

DINNER.

Split Pea Soup,
Breaded Lamb Chops, Peas,
Mashed Potatoes, Stewed Cabbage,
Tomato Mayonnaise,
Caramel Custards, Coffee

Sunday.

BREAKFAST.

Fruit,
Panned Fish, Dressed Cucumbers,
Creamed Potatoes,
Waffles, Maple Syrup.
Coffee.

DINNER.

Consomme,
Smothered Chicken, Brown Sauce,
New Potatoes, Asparagus,
Spring Salad,
Strawberry Pudding, Cream,
Coffee.

TEA.

Sardine Sandwiches, Olives,
Tomato and Cucumber Salad,
Strawberries, Cake,
Cocoa.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

(No attention paid to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written).

Mrs. A. P. C. wishes a recipe for smoked salmon toast.

(No attention given to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written).

Mrs. L. H. Harris writes: Having fully appreciated the columns under your supervision, I beg permission to ask if you will give me the recipe for "crumb cream?" It is a delicious dessert and I am certain the appearance of its formula would be greatly appreciated by all the readers of your valuable department.

The "crumb cream" I have reference to is made of grated sponge cake, whipped cream and chopped nuts, but do not know what other ingredients are used or how it is prepared or proportioned. If you will kindly give this your consideration I will feel greatly indebted to you.

CRUMB CREAM.

Cover a fourth of a package of gelatine with a quarter of a cup of cold water and soak until the gelatine is very tender, from ten to twenty minutes. Whip half a pint of double cream to a stiff, dry froth, and turn it into a basin; set the basin in cracked ice, sprinkle over the cream a quarter of a cup of powdered sugar, a teaspoonful of vanilla and two tablespoonfuls of sherry, if wine is used. Then fold in carefully and lightly a half pint of sifted stale cake crumbs, sponge, lady fingers or macaroons, add quarter of a cup of cream to the gelatine and dissolve over hot water; let it cool sufficiently and then strain the gelatine slowly into the whipped cream mixture stirring carefully all the time. When the mixture begins to thicken sprinkle over it and fold in, half a cup of finely-chopped nuts. Pour into a mold and set at once in a cold place. Serve with a garnish of macaroons and jelly, or any fruit compote.

When gelatine puddings are to be kept for any length of time before serving it is better to add a little less gelatine than called for in the formula or the dessert may be too stiff to be delicate and dainty.

COOKING BEEFSTEAK.

A. S. writes: I have with interest been following your articles and find them helpful for housekeeping. I would like to have you inform me how beefsteak should be prepared so that it is nice and tender, or the many different ways it can be prepared. How is it prepared in an ordinary restaurant? Can you tell me?

Space will not allow us to answer your inquiry as fully as you desire in our present issue, but we will shortly publish an article which will cover the subject more thoroughly and give you the information you desire.

If, however, you wish to utilize steaks that do not come from the most tender parts of the beef, round steak may be made quite tender in the following way, or in fact any part of the beef cut as a steak: Lay the steak on a platter, make a dressing of two parts salad oil and one part vinegar; moisten the steak well with this, on both sides, pressing it down into the fibers with a wooden spoon without starting the juices from the meat; pour on a little more of the mixture and press it in, then set the steak in a cool place over night and you will find on broiling your steak that it is tender. You may not relish the flavor of olive oil on the steak, so use the plain salad oil which is delicate in flavor and will not be noticeable on the meat. These steaks must, of course, be broiled.

BROWN SUGAR FROSTING.

Mrs. W. D. F. writes: Inclosed please find 10 cents for which please send me one copy of your booklet of holiday dinners. I would like a recipe for orange and nut salad.

I have tried your recipes for brown sugar frosting, with only partial success. It was too sticky when cut; can you tell me how to remedy it so it will cut smooth and yet be soft as icing should be?

I enjoy this column very much.

You probably did not boil the sugar long enough. It must form a thread when dropped slowly from a spoon. Or you may not have beaten it long enough. Do not use beet sugar as that will make your icing sticky. I use this icing a very great deal and it is delicious, cuts firm and yet is soft. If you do not succeed in the second trial kindly let me know; also state which brown sugar icing you used, as we have two.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures biliousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded, 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

van Houten's Cocoa

contains more digestible nourishment than the finest Beef tea. For Breakfast, Luncheon, or Supper, it is unequalled.

Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

Nerves like this become steady Nerves like this when you eat

The Food Granola

Nervous disorders are aggravated by heavy, pasty or harsh, burned grain foods. *Granola* is thoroughly cooked, sterilized and digested. It is ready for instant use. *Eat Granola and Live.* Live well and be well while you live. Every package of genuine Granola bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Sold by all grocers. Beware of imitations.

Drink Caramel Cereal and Sleep Well—it leaves the nerves *Strong.* Caramel Cereal is the only substitute for coffee that has an actual food value. Send 3 cents for Granola sample to

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co. BATTLE CREEK, Mich.

Encompass Your Health with

WESSON VEGETABLE · ODORLESS COOKING OIL

Sold by all grocers. Try it.

Being vegetable no possibility of disease is carried with it as with animal fats. It is superior to choice (melted) Butter and Lard because it is richer, more digestible, goes further, is more conveniently handled and costs less

COMPASS STALLION HEALTH FRYING PAN LARD WATER

Send 4 cents in stamps for our new cook book.

WESSON PROCESS COMPANY - - PHILADELPHIA

Gratitude and Sympathy

Joplin, Mo., March 25, 1900.

It is with gratitude to you and sympathy for suffering women that I write this. I miscarried September 15th, and flooding followed. Three doctors attended me but did me no good. I had almost given up hope of recovering, when on December 12th, my husband brought home a Ladies' Birthday Almanac, in which I saw a testimonial from a lady afflicted like myself. I immediately got a bottle of Wine of Cardui and commenced taking it. From the first dose it seemed to help me. When I began I could not sit up. Some times I could not raise my head to take a drink without help. The doctors said I would have to undergo an operation as soon as I had strength to stand it. Thanks to Wine of Cardui, I am well without an operation and weigh 123 pounds, which is more than I ever weighed before. I have done all my own work since January 15th. Mrs. T. H. ELLIOTT.

Hundreds of women are slipping into untimely graves who would be well and happy if some one would induce them to take a bottle of

WINE OF CARDUI

That is the way Mrs. Elliott's life was saved when she suffered miscarriage and her strength was ebbing away on account of the terrible flooding which followed. The Wine brought her speedy relief and eventually restored her to perfect health. And now she can do all her own work. The doctors could not help Mrs. Elliott. They suggested "operation". Wine of Cardui has completely cured nine out of every ten cases of female troubles arising from disordered menstruation or from the accidents of pregnancy or childbirth. It fits a woman for every duty of life. No suffering woman should give up hope until she has given Wine of Cardui a trial. All druggists sell $1.00 bottles.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

The Saturday Herald IS THE SUNDAY PAPER IN THE IRON RANGE TOWNS..... REMEMBER THIS IN PLANNING YOUR ADVERTISING.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

We Must Dispose of This Property at Once.

$250 Lots in Lester Park—50x140 feet..... $250
$650 Lots in Endion—50x140 feet..... $650
$1200 Double corner on East Fifth street..... $1200
$4700 Fine modern residence—with 50 foot lot—East First street
$3000 Modern house—with 50 foot lot—at Lakeside—worth $6000.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

EAST END LOTS.

$300—For a lot near the Normal school.
$400—For a lot on Center street.
$400—For a lot on Jefferson street.
$1200—For a corner lot on London road.
$1250—For a lot on East Superior street.
$700—For a lot on Fourth street.
$750—For a lot on Third street.

These lots are all 50x140 feet. Easy terms can be made if desired. For sale by

George H. Crosby,
166 Providence Building.

STATUS OF STRIKE

Number of Machinists Out Estimated at Forty Thousand.

Expect Ninety Per Cent Will Be Back By Monday.

Situation Remains Unchanged In Many of the Cities.

Washington, May 22.—President O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists estimates that the number of machinists engaged in the strike today is 40,000. He claims to be informed of the situation. "Next Monday," he says, "fully 90 per cent of the men who went out will be back to work with demands granted. The other 10 per cent are mostly on the Pacific coast and in several Ohio cities. San Francisco is the only place where we look for a protracted strike. The situation there is good, but the strike may cover several weeks. No important developments are reported at Cincinnati, though about fifteen firms have signed the agreements. The situation also is unchanged at Hamilton, Dayton and Alliance, Ohio, and Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. Reports from all other sections indicate that negotiations are progressing and that agreements are in sight."

President Mulholland of the Allied Metal Trades' association, comprising the semi-skilled men in machine shops, has notified the machinists' headquarters here that he is ready to order out his men whenever the latter body deems it necessary. The strike leaders, however, do not care to involve any more men in the movement than is necessary, and the indications are that there will be no general augmentation of the force of the strikers by the allied men.

Kansas City advices indicate that nine firms there signed today, leaving approximately 300 men still out. All of the fourteen firms in Hoboken, N. J., have signed. In Buffalo twenty-two firms are reported as having made agreements with the strikers. At Sharon, Pa., the Continental Iron company has signed, and the Hazelton Iron works and the Janesville Iron works, at Hazelton, Pa., have made the concessions. Mr. O'Connell will not attend the conference in New York tonight between district No. 2, National Metal Trades' association (the employers' association), and district No. 15, of the Machinists' association.

TIMBER SALE.

Weyerhaeusers Pick Up a Tract of Thirty Millions.

Another good-sized timber deal on the north shore has been closed up through Kenneth McDonald, of this city. P. Culligan, the Alpena, Mich., lumberman, has sold to the Weyerhaeuser interests 330,000,000 feet of pine in Lake county. This timber is located in the midst of some other owned by other head of the lake owners, including the Nester estate and the Split Rock Lumber company. The price is said to be $4 a thousand. The deal is considered a good one by local timber men. It is not known what disposition the Weyerhaeusers will make of the new purchase. There is no railroad into the timber of this section, except that of the Split Rock Lumber company, which operates to the lake shore, and it is possible that the timber will be held until a road is built into the district in the interests of the other large timber owners before it is sent to mill. If it is cut now it will have to be towed to Duluth and then loaded on to cars, unless the logs should be cut on contract at the local mills. A few years ago the same timber would have brought about $1.50 a thousand.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

$2800 Takes 7-room modern house in heart of the city.
$3000 Takes 50 feet on East Third street with two large houses.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 Palladio Bldg.

WILL BUY OR SELL ALICE A. New telephone **1150**

Will sell:

500 shares Blue Grass..... 17½c
1000 shares Ramona..... 25c
1000 shares Randolph..... 5c
1000 shares Golden Star..... 8½c

M. C. FRENCH,
212-213 Trust Building. Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

119 Tenth avenue east—Six-room flat, bath, hot and cold water, steam heat, janitor service, etc.
Flat No. 2, over 13-15 East Superior street; steam heat, water, electric light, etc. Central location.
1105 Fifty-first avenue east; five rooms, pleasant location, $8.
Flats in Wieland flats, four rooms, water, steam heat, etc.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT— 7-room house in East End; water, sewer, etc.; per month..... **$20**

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building

NOTICE!—
The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Zenith Building and Loan association will be held at the office of the secretary, at 8 o'clock p. m., June 3rd, 1901, in the Hunter block, Duluth, Minn., to elect a president, vice president, and nine directors for the ensuing year and to transact any other business which may come before the meeting. Chas Smith, Secretary.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 299 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

NO MORE BULLETINS.

Mrs. McKinley Well on Road to Recovery.

San Francisco, May 22.—Secretary Cortelyou has ceased issuing regular bulletins about Mrs. McKinley's health, but he stated this morning that she had a very good night and was sitting up today. It has been definitely decided that the president and party will leave here Saturday next. They will go direct to Washington and no stops will be made, except those made necessary by railroad arrangements.

The president will review the troops at the Presidio at 10 o'clock tomorrow.

FOR A FEW HOURS.

Gen. Barr Held Position of Judge Advocate General.

Chicago, May 22.—After occupying but a few hours, the position of Judge Advocate General of the United States army, with the rank of brigadier general, Thomas F. Barr, retired from the service today at his own request. Age would have obliged him to retire next November and this obligation was anticipated to permit Col. J. W. Clous to retire in a higher rank.

ALLEGED SWINDLERS.

Securing Jury For Their Trial at Chicago.

Chicago, May 22.—Work of securing a jury to hear evidence in the alleged attempt at insurance swindling in which is involved the mysterious death of Marie Defenbach, Aug. 27 last, was begun in the circuit court here today before Judge Tuley. Frank H. Smiley pleaded guilty, but Dr. August M. Unger and F. Wayland Brown, the other defendants, pleaded not guilty. The indictment charges conspiracy to defraud insurance companies in connection with policies issued on the life of Marie Defenbach.

ROOSEVELT TO ATTEND.

Cripple Creek, Col., May 22.—Vice President Roosevelt will, it is announced, visit this city during the latter part of June after the annual encampment of the Rough Riders, to be held at Colorado Springs, June 23-25. Victor and other points in the district also will be visited by the vice president.

CLAIM AGENTS MEET.

Cleveland, May 22.—The annual convention of the National Association of Claim Agents opened here today, with about 75 delegates present. The members are railway claim agents, general solicitors, claim attorneys and claim workers. Annual reports of officers and other business of a routine nature occupied today's session.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers search the remotest parts of the bowels and remove the impurities speedily with no discomfort. They are famous for their efficacy. Easy to take, never gripe. Max Wirth.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

FLAT—SEVEN ROOMS — STEAM heat; appointments first class.

STORE ROOM—BEST LOCATION on Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BUSINESS or residence property. Any amount and lowest rates.

FIRE INSURANCE CAREFULLY written in best companies.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

50-foot lot South Street Endion..... **$260**
Lot on street car line and 38th Ave. W. upper side..... **$350**
8-room house West Duluth..... **$600**
House No. 2901 West 2nd Street..... **$1500**
50-foot lot Helm's Addition..... **$475**

Acre lots in West End cheap. 84 houses in all parts of the city. 10 lots on Park Point. Money to loan.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.,—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 20, 1901. Work, Second degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 27, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 22, 1901. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. degrees. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 4, 1901. Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMUROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SANTON, 108 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3rd st. 'Phone 1256

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

LOST.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—Yesterday, from herd above boulevard; one red cow, 6 years old, straight, stubby horns, tips sawed off, paint on right side. Will give reward for return to 1818 West Second street.

LOST—SUNDAY, ON THE WAY TO OR inside the Presbyterian church, lady's glasses. Please return to Herald office.

LOST—SATURDAY, LADY'S BLACK kid glove. Reward for return to Herald office.

LOST—SATURDAY MORNING, LADY'S umbrella between Fifteenth avenue east and High school. Call 668-3 old phone.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—19x21 WALL TENT, FIFTY-third and Ramsey street; Bird store.

FOR SALE—A FINE BEDSTEAD AND springs. 326 West Second street.

FOR SALE—1000 SHARES OF BLUE Grass Oil stock at a bargain. Address A. R., Herald office.

$400 WILL BUY 40-ACRE FARM CLOSE to city. Good buildings, twenty acres timothy and clover, twenty acres hardwood. A. A. Holt, 506 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE—ALL OR PART OF 5000 shares of "Alice A" stock. Address M 67, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FINE PAIR Fairbanks floor scales; capacity, two tons. Inquire 19 East Superior street.

BUY YOUR NEW OR SECOND HAND engines, boilers, sawmills, planing mills and second hand machinery and supplies of us. We can save you money. Harris Machinery Co., J. U. Durant, Mgr 1011 Washington Ave, Se., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT IN A new town on the iron range; centrally located; suitable for hotel, store or saloon. Address Mrs. J. M. Keogh, Sparta, Minn.

FOR SALE—NICE FOUR ROOM COTtage on Park Point. Inquire "Camp Merry Mac."

FOR SALE—CELERY PLANTS, 50 cents per 100. Jacob Dryke, Woodland.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND CALIgraph typewriter and desk for sale cheap. Inquire St. Louis county bank.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seven room flat centrally located, within walking distance of business section. For full particulars address P. O. Box 679, Duluth.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, GOOD RANGE. 1513 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—HOUSE BOAT, STEAM yacht, reversible hoisting engine and a complete machinery outfit for 40-foot steam yacht. For particulars address P. O. Box 12, Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE OR RENT—RESTAURANT. No. 7 Nineteenth avenue west.

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, ALmost new, cheap. Call afternoons or evenings. 1213 East Fourth street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

VIOLIN, MANDOLIN, GUITAR, FLUTE, piano. Ch. Trautvetter, 3 over BigDuluth.

MEDICAL.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot. Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First street.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 219 First avenue east.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, ACcounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. F 99, Herald.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY, 711-712 Palladio building.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 599.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT—We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Sup street Established 1883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—FIVE GIRLS TO SEW BY machine. Call overall factory, Fifth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FIRST-CLASS skirtmaker. Apply 503 Burrows block.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CASH AT Waverly restaurant. 514 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housekeeping; one who sleeps at home preferred; small family. Mrs. Robert A. Webster, 514 First avenue west.

ALL THE RAGE WITH PRETTY girls, handsome dames and society ladies, Satin-Skin Cream and Powder are your best friends. 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR TWO weeks. Mrs. Merchant, 414 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, and care of children. 231 West Fifth street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL AT 507 WEST Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT WOMAN FOR general housework. Call forenoons. 1210 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Flat B, Ashtabula flats.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; no washing; one who can go home nights preferred. 31 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework for couple. Call morning if possible. Baldwin flats—Flat 5.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings, 5302 West Main street, West Duluth.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—STONE MASONS AND stone cutters; wages 40 cents per hour, ten hours a day. 427 West Michigan street.

DOUBLE-ENTRY BOOKKEEPER wanted; give experience, references and salary expected. Address H 10, Herald.

WANTED—AN EDGERMAN. APPLY at mill tonight. Hubbard & Vincent.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY — ONE grader and tallyman at sawmill; one lumber piler. No. 10 Mesaba block.

WANTED—TWO GOOD, RELIABLE painters. W. W. Wheeler, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—TWO PAPER HANGERS. 325 East Eighth street.

WANTED—GOOD HOUSE PAINTER. 1721 East First street.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, present complete outfit of tools, include board and guarantee good wages after only two months practice. Catalogue and particulars free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

ACTIVE MAN BY LARGE MANUFACturing house to work at home, $36 in cash paid for twelve days' trial; promotion and permanent position if satisfactory. Address Daniel B. Shepp, 723 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS MEN for the linen and wash goods department. Apply at once to Panton & White.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO WORK ON dairy farm and deliver milk. Take Woodland car. Woodland dairy.

YOUNG MAN, do you wish to rise higher in the world? Learn how. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 5-6-7 New Jersey building, Duluth. Open evenings.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in office. Has had experience in insurance and other line of business; can furnish best of references. Address T 37, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer and stenographer by lady with five years' experience. Can furnish reference. Address M 37, Herald.

WANTED—BY GIRL, PLACE TO DO general housework. Call or address 2832 Twenty-ninth avenue west and Huron street.

WANTED—SITUATION IN CITY BY young man. Can furnish best of references. Address B 78, Herald.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS (FINLANDers), want work, either in hotel or laundry. Answer, Miss Sofia Harje, Box 399, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS IN THE CITY by two young men, 22 and 23. Best of references. Address T 95, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING. SCRUBBING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—GOOD, RELIABLE AGENT in your locality at once. Three to five dollars a day, sure to anyone willing to work and industrious. Write today for sample to American Manufacturing company, 8 East Chestnut street, Columbus, Ohio.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING. C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

TRAINED NURSE.

TRAINED NURSE. 327 EAST SUPErior street.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Articles of Incorporation OF DULUTH REAL ESTATE CO.

We, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have organized by adopting the following articles of incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Duluth Real Estate Company." The principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota. The general nature of the business of said corporation shall be to loan money upon real estate, personal or other security; to negotiate and effect loans of money for other persons and corporations for a compensation; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and certificates of indebtedness, both for itself and as agents for others; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in bonds, notes, mortgages, stock of other corporations, and other property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, release and compound mortgages and other obligations; to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, real, mixed and personal property, in the state of Minnesota, state of Wisconsin and elsewhere, both for itself and as agents for other persons and corporations; to act as agent for other persons and corporations in the management, improvement, purchase and sale of property, and in the collection of rents and revenues therefrom, for a compensation; to act as agent for fire insurance companies; and in general to perform, execute and do all and singular acts and business necessary and proper to be done, executed and performed in carrying on a general real estate and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of commencement of said corporation shall be the first day of May, A. D. 1901, and the period of continuance of said corporation shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in at such times and in such amounts, and in such a manner as the directors shall determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00).

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are:
Franklin J. Pulford, Duluth, Minnesota.
Calvin F. How, Duluth, Minnesota.
Benjamin W. How, Sauk Centre, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors are:
Franklin J. Pulford.
Calvin F. How.
Benjamin W. How.
Said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the office of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the second Monday in January, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m.; the time to hold all subsequent meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation and the full management of all its affairs shall be vested in the above named board of directors until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, and thereafter shall be vested in a board of not less than three or more than nine directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually by the stockholders at the annual meeting.

There shall also be the following officers of said corporation, who shall perform such duties and who shall have such power as may be prescribed by the board of directors and who shall be elected annually by the board of directors at the annual meeting held immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders:
A president.
A vice president.
A treasurer.
A secretary.

Any two of said officers, except the president and vice president, may be held by the same person at the same time. The directors and said officers of said corporation shall hold their respective offices for one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

The following persons shall act as officers of said corporation until the first annual meeting of the stockholders:
Franklin J. Pulford, president.
Benjamin W. How, vice president.
Calvin F. How, secretary and treasurer.

ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into one thousand (1000) shares of the par value of fifty dollars ($50.00) each.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our names and affixed our seals this 17th day of April, A. D. 1901.

FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, (Seal.)
CALVIN F. HOW, (Seal.)
BENJAMIN W. HOW. (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in the presence of—
E. Ingalls.
Saide McLennan.
L. H. Gray.
R. M. Clement.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

Before me a notary public within and for said county, this 17th day of April, 1901, personally appeared Franklin J. Pulford and Calvin F. How to me personally known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

EDMUND INGALLS.
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF STEARNS—SS.

Before me a notary public within and for said county, this 18th day of April, 1901, personally appeared Benjamin W. How to me personally known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and he acknowledged to me that he executed the same as his free act and deed.

A. F. KLUGE.
Notary Public, Stearns County Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMEN OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1901, at 10 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z 12 of Incorporations on page 617.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record May 10, 1901, at 11 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book M of Miscellaneous, page 622.

A. LOFGREN,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK,
Deputy.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 2819 West Third street; strictly modern. J. H. Whitely, 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace; ten rooms. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; gentleman preferred. 2021 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM with bath. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; will allow light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM MODern. 125½ Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms at 327 East Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, FLAT 2, BUFFALO flats. F. C. Smith, 206 Palladio building.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM WITH BOARD, 725 EAST FIRST street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD suitable for two. 228 Second avenue west, corner Third street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

PASTURE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HORSE PASTURE AT Spirit Lake. Telephone 3060.

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED—TO RENT FOR THE SUMmer; small soda fountain. Address Soda, Herald.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. Telephone 315.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, ROW BOAT WITH place for two pairs of oars. B. F. Gilbert, 431 West Michigan street.

WILL BUY PINE IN ITASCA, ST. Louis and Lake counties. Maginnis & Bull, 526 and 527 Manhattan building.

TRANSIT WANTED—TO BUY OR rent, light transit. Address C., care Herald.

WANTED—A PETERBORO CANOE IN good condition. State size. Address B 83, Herald.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a.m.
for Two Harbors, Grand Marais Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p.m.
for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Mgr.,
2 Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10 00 m	
7 15 pm	Ar...Virginia...Lv	7:35 am	
7 40 pm	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:30 am	
7 20 pm	Ar...Ely...Lv	7:10 am	

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†12 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.
J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 30 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave		Arrive
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	* 4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

8 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	*2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
†7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	†8 30 am
*8 25 am	Copper Country Local.	*8 00 pm

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1901. | TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

These Sideboards

$9.85

Made of solid hardwood in golden oak finish with fine mirror, nicely carved, well constructed and finished. In fact, it's the sort sold in the usual store for $15 or more.

OUR TERMS:

$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month	YOUR
$35.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month	
$40.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month	CREDIT
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month	
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month	IS
$75.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month	
$85.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month	GOOD.
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month	

French&Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.

IT'S THE SAME STORY

with so many. They do not think seriously of

Fire Insurance

until the property is destroyed. Then there is nothing to insure. Why not take time by the fore lock? Rates are not reduced by procrastinating. Tomorrow may bring a fire. Let us write the insurance you need today.

GRAVES-MANLEY AGENCY

Insurance and Bonds,

Torrey Bldg. 1st floor, Duluth.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED SHARES OF

Calumet & Arizona

in lots of 5 shares or more at $30 a share

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

ONLY BUTTER MADE IN DULUTH.

SEPARATOR CREAMERY

Primus

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED BY,

BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, - DULUTH, MINN.

BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

FINE STATIONERY.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store

323 West Superior Street.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY!

100 Lots in Lakeside for Sale

on Monthly Payments without Interest.

W. VAN BRUNT, 8 Exchange Building.

Would be pleased to write your **FIRE INSURANCE** Representing only millionaire companies.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Building.

Invitations, Announcements, Visiting Cards, Etc., Printed and Engraved.....

Best work at Right Prices. Zenith 'Phone 336. Long Distance 367-3. *Peachey & Lounsberry, 15 2nd Ave. W.*

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 735, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

KILLED STONEHOUSE.

Ten of His Murderers Arrested and Tried.

Boston, May 23.—Rev. W. S. Ament, D. D., of Pekin, the missionary of the American board now in Washington, has received a letter under date of April 29, from his associate missionary in the North China mission, Rev. George D. Wilder, of Tien Tsin, which gives an account of the massacre of Dr. Joseph Stonehouse, of the London Missionary society. Mr. Wilder says:

"About ten of Mr. Stonehouse's murderers have been arrested and tried. Some of them confessed. One of them helped to kill one of the North China missionaries of the American board and wife last fall. This whole gang was in the affair of Mr. Stonehouse. We have not heard of any punishment being inflicted."

THEIR CREED

Warm Talk at Presbyterian Assembly.

Revision the Topic of Heated Debate.

Philadelphia, May 23.—The important question of revising the creed which for the past two years has been agitating the Presbyterian church came before the general assembly today, and a lengthy debate on the subject is expected. Last week the report of the special committee on revision, of which the Rev. Dr. Charles A. Dickey, of this city, is chairman, was made the order for 9 o'clock today, with the additional condition that the discussion should not be interrupted by other business until the commissioners had reached some definite conclusion. The committee was appointed by the assembly at St. Louis last year. The controversy regarding revision has led to the formation of three groups among the 640 commissioners to the general assembly. First, there is the conservative group, composed of those opposed to any change whatever in the doctrinal standards of the church. Then there is a party desirous of setting aside the confession of faith as not truthfully expressing the belief of the church. Between these stands the centrists, who favor maintaining the old confession with a few modifications, and who desire the adoption of a clear "declarative" statement, setting forth the most important doctrines and laying special emphasis upon the love of God for mankind, and on the work of the Holy Spirit. The commissioners have had ample time to study the committee's report, and when Moderator Minton called the assembly to order today all were fully prepared for a thorough and intelligent consideration of the subject. In answer to the questions submitted to the presbyteries, 50 asked the assembly to dismiss the whole subject, 1 was undecided, 4 said they neither desired a revision nor a supplemental statement nor the dismissal of the whole subject, and of the 233 presbyteries, 15 in the United States and 16 in foreign lands failed to respond. Of the remaining presbyteries, nearly two-thirds of the whole number ask for some change in the creedal statement, 47 desire a revision of the confession, 11 an explanatory statement, 1 revision and an explanatory statement, 52 a supplemental statement, 15 revision and a supplemental statement, 1 an explanatory statement and a supplemental statement, 14 a substitute creed, 1 an alternative creed and 6 some change not specified.

Fully an hour before the doors of Calvary church were opened crowds thronged the entrance, and when the doors were opened the galleries were soon filled. After the opening hymn, "Come Thou, Almighty King," prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. David S. Kennedy, of Allegheny, Pa., who invoked the divine aid in the momentous questions before the assembly. The debate on revision was delayed by the report of the committee on bills and overtures and other matters of some importance to the assembly. Rev. Dr. Asa S. Fisk, of Washington, D. C., offered a resolution congratulating President McKinley upon the prompt recovery from an apparently fatal illness of Mrs. McKinley, and offering thanks to God at the prospect of her early return to her home. The resolution was adopted.

Dr. Roberts, stated clerk, announced that the committee had still two days' business to be disposed of after the revision question is settled. The order of the day, the reading of the report of the special committee on revision, came before the assembly at 10 a. m.

Rev. Dr. Dickey, chairman of the committee, before reading the report, said:

"If it had not been foreordained that the revision movement was to come to pass in 1900, you would no doubt be where I am in 1901. This is my obligation by no choice of my own. The last general assembly, in its kindness, as it thought, named me chairman of the committee which I had already named. I say this little word that the commissioners may know I am here by appointment and not by request."

Dr. Dickey then proceeded to read the report and was closely followed by all the commissioners, who held copies.

(Continued on Page 2.)

CADETS ARE EMPLOYED

Dismissed West Pointers Secure Positions With Asphalt Company and Will Go to Venezuela and Elsewhere.

Washington, May 23.—The five West Point cadets dismissed yesterday—Bolby, Cleveland, Keller, Linton and Mahaffey—will not appeal for clemency to the war department. They have entered the service of the New York and Burmudese Asphalt company. This came about through Gen. Francis Greene, one of the officials of the trust. He communicated with the war department this morning, and informed Secretary Root that the five young men had called upon him in a contrite and repentant state of mind, asking for his advice and assistance in shaping their future. They stated that no turpitude was involved in anything that was charged against them, and Gen. Greene, apparently, was of the same opinion for, after hearing their stories he proposed to Secretary Root to employ the young men in the service of the asphalt company. Secretary Root promptly responded that the war department had no objection, and that it was true there was no charge touching the integrity of the boys, but only a technical violation of discipline. So one of the young men will go immediately to Venezuela, Gen. Greene having taken them into his service, and the others will be disposed of according to the engineering needs of the company.

PERILS OF THE DEEP

Bottle Picked Up at Sea Contained Message Saying the Steamer Croft Was Sinking In the Middle of Atlantic.

London, May 23.—A bottle which was picked up at Granton today contained a mesage saying that the steamer Croft, with all hands, was sinking in mid-Atlantic. The British steamer Croft, of the Arrow line laden with grain and general merchandise sailed from New York, Jan. 25, 1899, for Leith and Dundee, with a crew of twenty-five men, and was never again heard of. She has long since been posted as missing at Lloyds.

Hamburg, May 23.—The mail steamer Reichstag, of the Dutch East Africa line, of this city, was in collision yesterday with the Hamburg-American liner Fuerst Bismarck, near Brunshauser, and has returned to Hamburg. The Fuerst Bismarck was not damaged and will sail today for New York, according to schedule.

SENSATIONAL

Developments Concerning Management of Several German Banks.

Berlin, May 23.—The meeting at the Neu-Strelitz yesterday of the stockholders of the Mecklenburg-Strelitz mortgage bank was stormy and sensational. The bank is a creation of the Pommeranian mortgage bank, whose directors were arrested Saturday. Yesterday's meeting showed a similar state of affairs, as in the case of the Prussian Actien bank and Deutsche Grunschuld bank, circumventing the law against lending upon improved property by making heavy loans to sub-companies speculating in real estate. The meeting showed that most of the loans were secured by second mortgages, the Pommeranian bank holding the first mortgages. The bank loaned 21,000 marks in 1899 on land in the Berlin suburb of Pankow, which the Immobilien Verkehrls bank, a real estate speculative creation of the Pommeranian bank, bought in 1898, for 3,000,000 marks. An attempt was made yesterday to oust the directors, but it failed. The shares obligation of the above banks have fallen heavily. The other mortgage banks were not affected.

IN RUSSIA.

Lively Demonstration By Striking Workmen Near St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, Tuesday, May 21.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The Obouk-hoff armor plate ordnance works, a government institution, midway between St. Petersburg and Schlusselbourg, was the scene of a riotous demonstration and severe fighting between soldiers, mounted gendarmes and strikers today. Workmen numbering several thousand men struck on Monday. The windows of the factory on the Schlusselboug road were smashed and the gendarmes fired on the strikers, killing several and wounding many according to reports given by local witnesses to a correspondent of the Associated Press. The soldiers were patrolling the district in couples when the scene was visited this afternoon. The Chaussee was lined for long distances by idle workmen. The eight-hour movement is, apparently, spreading rapidly.

DISCUSS TAXATION

At Conference Called By the National Civic Federation.

Address By Prof. Seligman Outlining Objects of Conference.

Papers on General Property Tax and Taxation of Farmers.

Buffalo, May 23.—The conference on taxation called by the National Civic federation, held in the rooms of the Historical society, was called to order by Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman, of Columbia university, general committee chairman, who introduced Mayor Diehl. The mayor welcomed the delegates and extended the freedom of the city to the visitors.

Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman delivered an address outlining the object of the conference.

Professor Seligman said in part:

The calling of this—the first national conference on taxation—is a matter of the highest significance. It shows that the national conscience has been awakened and that the whole country is now permeated by the conviction that we are confronted by a grave problem. Why should this be so? What are the causes of the existence of this problem? In the first place, the burdens of taxation are now being felt. The growth of Democracy has brought with it new conceptions as to the duty and function of government. Expenditures which would have appalled our fathers seem to us reasonable and necessary. To hope to remove the problem of taxation by cutting down expenditures is vain. Economy we must indeed have, but not parsimony. The ideal of expenditure is not to expend little, but to spend well. The population of New York city today is about the same as that of the entire country at the beginning of the present government. Yet whereas New York spends about 100,000,000 a year, the expenditures of the United States began at $1,000,000 and even during the first decade of its existence under the present constitution averaged only about $8,000,000 a year. In the federal government whereas since 1880 the population has increased twenty fold—from 4,000,000 to 80,000,000—the expenditure has increased 150-fold, from $4,000,000 to $600,000,000. In state and local finances the figures are still more striking. New York State spent in 1796 less than $150,000; it spent in 1900 $25,000,000, or 166 times as much. New York city spent in 1800, with a population of 60,000 souls, a little over $100,000. By 1900 its population had increased to sixty times, but its expenditures had increased 1000 times. The burdens are beginning to be felt.

The second cause is the transition to be referred to in a moment, and which has brought about a growing differentiation of classes; and the third reason is inequality of pressure, which because of its increase of burden and this differentiation of classes, has been accentuated. The practical inequality of taxation, more than anything else, is responsible for the feeling which has led to this conference.

The real problems with which we are called upon to deal are those of state and local taxation. They are the important problems for three reasons: First, because the local burdens greatly transcend in importance to those of the nation; secondly, because our local taxes and primarily direct taxes and are thus consciously felt by the citizens; third, because the questions of principle are far more delicate and complicated. To those who have not given a careful study to the question, it may come as a surprise to be told of the inevitable dependence of methods of taxation upon general economic conditions. Every change in the economic structure of society brings with it an alternate in the methods of taxation.

It will be asked what are these economic changes which call for an alteration of fiscal methods. The changes which have taken place during the past few decades are three in number: First, the transition from the agricultural to the industrial stage; second, the growth of corporate enterprise; third, the broadening of the market and the disappearance of the state lines in business activity.

First, the transition to the industrial state. For many decades our country was an agricultural community. Differences of wealth were slight, and what capital existed was invested either in land or in commercial enterprises connected with the marketing of the raw produce. Secondly, the growth of corporate enterprise. Business corporations are a modern institution. With us it was not until about 1850 that corporate activity assumed any importance at all. Just as individuals were then placed by unions of individuals, so now, whether we like it or not, small corporations are being replaced by unions of corporations into huge enterprises that are popularly called trusts. Thirdly, industry is no longer confined to merely local limits. Commercial interests have overstepped the boundaries of any one commonwealth. An unequal tax on the farmer in one state may make it difficult for him to sell his product in the world market. An unjust tax upon the manufacturers or business man may drive him out of the business in that state; an unfair tax on the corporation may cause it to move to another state. Action by any one commonwealth inevitably reacts upon its neighbor. Business has become national; and even international; fiscal methods framed on the old assumption that business is local are bound to create injustice and dissatisfaction.

One note of warning, however, must be sounded. When we speak of economic transitions, we must remember that our country constitutes a huge empire whose sections are still in varying stages of economic progress. Mississippi is vastly different from Massachusetts; South Dakota is not the same as Pennsylvania. A system of taxation may still work fairly well for an agricultural community and may be entirely unsuited for its industrial neighbor. Yet even here it must be remembered that in Mississippi and South Dakota, as well as in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, we find the railroad, the telegraph, the electric light, and the bank—i. e. some of the agencies of a complex modern society in the midst of a new and pioneer, or still primitive economic community. This in so far as certain economic institutions are common to the whole country, the problem is everywhere the same; in so far as other economic conditions are fundamentally dissimilar, the problem itself is different.

Let us now apply these considerations to the practical questions. Everywhere in this country the chief reliance for revenue is the general property tax. There is no doubt that in most respects this responds in theory to the ideal of the community. The difficulty arises when we attempt to realize this ideal amid the complications of modern society. So far as property consists in real estate, indeed, no one raises any fundamental objection. Yet even here there are minor difficulties, which often become of considerable practical importance. The unequal assessment of real estate which sometimes assumes the proportions of a scandal, is above all due to the mad race of the local assessor to diminish the obligations of the county to the state by

(Continued on Page 8.)

SUICIDED

Bresci, Murderer of King Humbert, Is Dead.

Strangled Himself With Rope of Blanket.

Rome, May 23.—Bresci, the assassin of the late King Humbert, has committed sqicide at the penitentiary of Santo Stefano. Bresci recently had been suffering from extreme excitement, declared to be from remorse. Tuesday night he made a rope from his blankets and strangled himself. On the wall of his cell the word "Vengeance" was scratched with his bloody thumb nail.

Bresci's violence last week culminated in his attacking a jailer, in consequence of which he was placed in a straight jacket. Later the prisoner feigned docility in order to secure an opportunity to commit suicide, which he accomplished by hanging himself with an improvised rope attached to the ceiling. In the earlier days of his imprisonment Bresci resented orders to keep silent, and threatened to kill himself.

THE CREW IS DISGUSTED

Sailors of Shamrock II Are Bitterly Disappointed In the Boat and Not One Has a Good Word For the Craft.

Southampton, May 23.—So far as can be ascertained the hull of the cup challenger is not injured, but she will be docked for a thorough examination. Sir Thomas Lipton, George Watson and W. G. Jameson visited the boat today and decided that six weeks would be sufficient to put the crippled yacht again in racing trim, and that it will probably be necessary to ask for a delay in the days of the cup race for this length of time.

In their opinion most of the other spars were quite heavy enough, and the whole trouble arose from the breaking of a shroud and the bobstay fastenings. Sir Thomas Lipton takes the accident philosophically, but the comments of the men show that this culminating misfortune, coming on top of the minor accidents which have happened at nearly every trial, has quite taken the heart out of the crew. Past mishaps, which were glossed over at the time of occurrence are now magnified and not one of the hands has a good word to say for the boat. It is now admitted that all are bitterly disappointed with her form as against the old boat, and the general hope is expressed that Sir Thomas Lipton will decide to build a new yacht before sailing off his challenger.

THE TICKET PUNCHERS

Railway Conductors Adopted Home Proposition, Voted the Raising of Immediate Relief Fund and Elected Grand Officers.

St. Paul, May 23.—The twenty-eighth session of the grand division, Order of Railway Conductors, will complete its business today, and most of the delegates will leave St. Paul this evening. The unfinished business includes only the election of the minor officers of the grand division and the selection of the next convention city. Cincinnati is likely to be chosen.

E. E. Clark, who has held the office of grand chief conductor since 1890, Assistant Grand Chief Conductor A. B. Garretson and Grand Secretary and Treasurer W. J. Maxwell were re-elected.

The convention adopted the home proposition, the relief fund resolution, and passed the amendment providing that all delegates to the grand division be paid $6 per day by the grand division and the total expense levied pro rata against the membership. The convention voted to appropriate $25,000 for a building fund for the home and to levy an annual maintenance assessment of 25 cents on each member. For the immediate relief fund it was decided to levy an assessment of $1 per capita, which will make a fund of nearly $26,000.

Charles H. Wilkins, of Chicago, was this morning elected grand senior conductor by the Order Railway Conductors. He won out over three opponents on the first ballot. The three men that were up against him were Delegates Starcher, of West Virginia; Leach, of Michigan, and Osbourne, of Ohio.

JUSTICE MAY BE DONE

Order Issued at Last For Removal of Capt. Carter's Alleged Fellow Conspirators to Savannah For Trial.

New York, May 23.—Judge Addison Brown, of the district court, signed an order today for the removal of Capt. Benjamin D. Greene, John F., Edward H. and William T. Gaynor to Savannah, Ga., for trial on charges of conspiracy with Oberlin M. Carter, formerly a captain in the United States army, to defraud the government in connection with the work on harbor improvements at Savannah and other points in the South. Judge Brown granted the defendants five days in which to file bonds for their appearance for trial at the United States circuit court in Savannah in August next. Capt. Greene and John F. Gaynor were held in $25,000 bail each and Edward H. and William T. Gaynor $10,000.

RELENTED.

Kaiser Reinstates Von Bruening Who Married Mrs. McKay.

New York, May 23.—According to the World a private cablegram received recently in Washington announces that the kaiser has relented in the case of Adolph von Bruening, who was dismissed from the German diplomatic corps on the occasion of his marriage to Mrs. Marion Treat McKay, at one time the wife of Gordon McKay.

Mr. von Bruening has been assigned to the German diplomatic establishment at Tangier, Morocco, as first secretary. He was formerly in the German embassy at Constantinople.

The wedding took place in Washington at the bride's home in April, 1899, and was attended by many distinguished persons. Mr. von Bruening took his bride immediately to Berlin and there both endeavored to propitiate the emperor, but in vain. The bridegroom was at once relieved of his post, and was off the diplomatic list from that time until now. German officials say that the kaiser and the ambassador objected to the marriage principally because Mrs. McKay is several years older than her husband and she was a divorcee. The von Bruenig family is one of the wealthiest and most important in Germany and the kaiser wished the young heir to marry one of his own countrywomen.

MACHINISTS STRIKE.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 23.—Twenty-five machinists employed at the Bessemer plants of the Republic Iron and Steel company, went on strike this morning, demanding that the company sign the international agreement. The men have been working ten, eleven and twelve hours a day. A conference will be held tomorrow.

STANLEY ARRAIGNED.

He Is Held For Examination on May 31.

New York, May 23.—Dr. Kirke Stanley, the masseur arrested in connection with the death of Father Phillips, has been arraigned before Coroner Bausch and his examination set for May 31. The bail was reduced to $5000. Stanley was taken back to the Tombs in default of bail.

AFTER TEN YEARS

Russian Woman Runs Down a Recreant Husband.

Oshkosh, Wis., May 23.—Mrs. Joseph Suhorski, a native of Russia, arrived in this city yesterday and located her truant husband, who left her in the old country ten years ago. For several years she had not heard from him and finally decided to look him up. Suhorski was married eight months ago to a Miss Magdalene Polich and his wife has now applied for a warrant on a charge of bigamy. The husband at first refused to recognize his first wife, but later admitted he was her husband.

Columbia Chainless

$37.50

Brand new wheels—go at exactly **one-half** their regular price, which is $75.00. Only four left—two Ladies' and two Gents'. Make a point to be one of the lucky ones and obtain one of these Chainless.

THE G. C. STEELE CO

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

226-228 West Superior St., Duluth.

THEIR CREED

(Continued From Page 1.)

A the request of Dr. Dickey, Dr. Roberts, the stated clerk, read the minute on the death of Gen. Harrison, adopted by the committee at its last meeting in Pittsburg. It was accepted as a supplemental report and adopted by a rising vote.

A minority report signed by Rev. Dr. McKibben, of Cincinnati, and E. W. Humphrey, of Louisville, was read by Dr. McKibben. In presenting the report, Dr. McKiben said he would like to say a word regarding the spirit which prevailed at the meetings of the committee. He declared that sensational reports had appeared in the newspapers which were without one iota of truth. Dr. McKibben said the meetings of the committee were conducted under the most harmonious conditions. On motion of Rev. Dr. James D. Moffatt, of Washington, Pa., presbytery, the reports were received.

Rev. Dr. Samuel J. Niccolls, of St. Louis, moved that as the first recommendations in both reports were similar, those recommendations be adopted. Dr. Dickey claimed that, under the rules of the assembly, he and Dr. McKibben were entitled to speak on their reports before any motions were presented.

Dr. Niccolls said he made the motion in the interest of fairness. The main issue, he said, was the appointment of a committee whose instructions were to come later and he believed that by adopting the first recommendation, the assembly would have the whole report in better shape for consideration.

Rev. John De Witt, of Princeton, sprang to his feet and addressing Dr. Niccolls said:

'How do you know we want to appoint a committee. Suppose we want to dismiss the matter?"

Dr. Moffatt moved a substitute motion to adopt the whole of the majority report. Several amendments were offered, but there was so much confusion that Dr. Niccolls withdrew his motion. Dr. Moffatt then moved to adopt the majority report. An amendment was offered to substitute the majority report.

Before the last motion was put Dr. George D. Baker, of Philadelphia, offered the following:

"Whereas, the vote of the presbyteries on credal revision indicates an utter lack of unanimity as to what should be done in the matter, and,

"Whereas, this lack of unanimity means a protracted period of controversy and unrest in case the movement for revision be persisted in, and

"Whereas, the disturbance of the confession of faith would be in the way of union or reunion with other churches now holding this symbol unimpaired, which union is earnestly desired and prayed for, therefore,

"Resolved, that this general assembly deems it inexpedient to proceed further in the matter of revision at this time, and it hereby dismisses the whole matter."

The reading of the resolution brought forth much excitement. There were loud calls for Dr. Dickey to speak on the resolution. Before he got started on his subject, however, a point of order was raised against discussion of the resolution to indefinitely postpone. To expedite matters, Dr. Baker changed the wording of his resolution, as originally written, by striking out the words "indefinitely postpone" and substitute the word "dismisses."

This gave Dr. Dickey his chance to speak. He presented a brief history of the work of the committee, and said he would anticipate some objections to be made to the majority report. He heard that there was unfairness shown on the part of some one. He denied the assertion, and said he had never been imposed upon with a more serious duty than that which the last assembly placed upon him. In appointing the committee he did what he thought was best for the peace prosperity and progress of the church. Dr. Dickey told how he pleaded with several ministers to become members of the committee. When he referred to the declination of Dr. John De Witt, of Princeton seminary, the latter interjected:

"And you pleaded most eloquently." In speaking on the question of dismissal he said:

"Now is the accepted time to settle the matter."

Dr. Dickey made an eloquent appeal to the assembly to settle the question finally. He was followed by Dr. McKibben, on behalf of the minority report. At the conclusion of the latter's address, the assembly, at 12:20, took a recess till 2:3 o'clock.

Dr. McKibben said it was certain that a majority of the presbyteries favored the credal change, but in his opinion the church is determined that no change shall be made which shall touch a single fundamental doctrine. No new creed is desired, he said, as only fourteen presbyteries had voted for that proposition.

Dr. McKibben said the confession should be made clear on the subject of elect infants. It should be demonstrated to this generation, he said, that God's grace lays hold in the act of death and glorifies the infant into transformation when it takes the child from its mother's heart. Dr. McKibben asked that the resolution be voted down, and made a passionate appeal against the adoption of recommendation B of the majority report. The recommendation calls for a brief summary of the reformed faith, bearing the same relation to the confession which the shorter catechism bears to the larger catechism of the Presbyterian Church of England. He strongly urged recommendation C, which asks for the preparation of amendments to several chapters of the confession of faith, either by modification of the text or by declaratory statement, so as to more clearly express the mind of the church, with additional statements concerning the love of God for all men.

REPORTS.

Were the Feature of Session of United Presbyterian Assembly.

Des Moines, May 23.—When the general assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America reconvened today, Rev. J. H. Thompson, president of the Tarkio college, of Tarkio, Mo., was chosen moderator. Reports were submitted from the various auxiliary societies of the church.

The board of education, in submitting its report, asked the assembly for an appropriation of $33,000 for the coming year. During the past four years the receipts of the board were $22,323 and expenditures the same. Fifty-two students received aid.

In the annual report of the board of foreign missions a statement was given of the receipts during the year of the sum of $162,721, of which $156,836 was expended. The committee assk for an appropriation this year of $162,624, of which $65,000 is to go to India, $70,000 to Egypt, $5000 to Soudan, the balance to be devoted to home missionaries and salaries. In the foreign mission field the resignations of Rev. Ralph E. Carson, of Egypt, and Rev. W. K. McFarland, of Egypt, were reported. Nine new missionaries were appointed during the year.

The board of freedmen's missions reports that the total receipts were $55,514 and that there is a balance of $1666 on hand. With regard to extending the work of missions into Cuba recommended by the general assembly, the board reports its belief that such a course is not wise at present.

The Women's General Missionary society reported contributions during the year of $37,478 and disbursements of $31,700. The society supports thirty-nine women in the missionary field and maintains a boarding school for girls in Upper Egypt.

WAS FIRST PRESIDENT.

Marthinus Wessels Pretorius Dead at Johannesburg.

Johannesburg, Transvaal Colony, May 23.—Marthinus Wessels Pretorius, first president of the Dutch African republic, the title of which was changed in 1858 to the South African republic, died May 19 at Potchefstroom, Transvaal colony, after two days illness.

REACHING OUT.

Union Lead and Oil Company Wants Linoleum.

New York, May 23.—The Journal of Commerce says: It is reported that the Union Lead and Oil company, which is now planning the acquisition of the American Linseed Oil company, will also acquire a large number of linoleum and oil cloth concerns. The report cannot be confirmed, but it is known that a deal is in progress for the consolidation of the linoleum interests. There are intimations that if the consolidation is accomplished it will be closely allied with, if not controlled, by the capitalists back of the Union Lead and Oil company.

BUYS THE ARAGON.

The Steel Trust Secures the Famous Mine.

Milwaukee, May 23.—A special to the Journal from Norway, Mich., says: The Aragon mine here has been purchased by the United States Steel corporation for $2,500,000. The Bessemer ore it produces is said to be equal to any in the country. Ohio parties held most of the stock in the mine which has been open for twelve years.

KELOET IN ERUPTION.

Batavia, May 23.—The volcano of Keloet is in eruption. The lava is threatening the Blitar coffee plantations and has endangered Kediri. The district is in total darkness.

TAKEN PRISONERS.

Caracas, Ve., Wednesday, May 22.—(Via Haytian cable.)—Celestino Peraza and his followers have been taken prisoners near Ciudad, Bolivar.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

GUN CLUB AFFAIRS

The Details of Memorial Day Shoot Are Arranged.

One Hundred Birds Decided on For Badge Shoot.

John Nelson Makes Great Score---He Is Challenged.

Despite the brisk wind which blew a fine mist across the traps, there was some very fine shooting at the grounds of the Central Gun club yesterday afternoon. John Nelson, with his new mascot, only missed 2 birds out of 85. In the shoot for the diamond badge he broke 49 out of a possible 50, missing the sixteenth pigeon. He also won the Wells-Annis event by breaking 24 out of a possible 25, missing the twentieth. In the 10-bird practice shoot the ex-alderman broke everything that left the traps, no matter how difficult the angle or how thick the fog.

It is the third time that Mr. Nelson has won the diamond badge by a score of 49 and the eighth time he has won it in competition. Dr. Spratley, of St. Paul, won the badge once by breaking 50 straight, which is one better than Nelson's record, and Levy Fulton, of West Superior, won it once by a score of 49.

In yesterday's shoot A. A. Farrington and D. H. Kennedy, of Superior, were second to Nelson, breaking 43 birds each. In the Wells-Annis event, New, of Floodwood, was second with 23 and Farrington was third with 22. It was close shooting in this event.

There was an important meeting of the Central Gun club last evening, at which final arrangements were made for the big Memorial day shoot. The event of this shoot will be the contest for the permanent ownership of the diamond badge. Only those that have won the beautiful trophy in competition are eligible for the final contest. From present indications there will be twelve competitors, as follows: John Nelson, Warren Mendenhall, Ben Thomas, Thomas Storey, Dr. Day, Loud, all of Duluth; Dr. Spratley, St. Paul; Louis Eisenach, of Ely; J. D. Finn, Levy Fulton, Dwight H. Kennedy and H. Bnerrens, of Superior.

At the meeting last night the finance committee for the Memorial day shoot was chosen as follows: Paul Sharvy, Ben Thomas, A. A. Farrington and F. E. Berry. The committee on program for the tournament consists of Dr. Day and John Nelson.

It was decided that the shoot for the final possession of the diamond badge should be a 100-bird event, to be shot down in strings of 25 birds. Besides the regular fee for the diamond badge event, an entrance fee of $6 will be charged, so that there will be a sweepstakes to compete for as well as the badge. The highest man will win the medal, the second highest will get 50 per cent of the sweepstakes, the third 30 per cent and the fourth 20 per cent.

This afternoon D. H. Kennedy, of West Superior, challenged John Nelson to shoot for the diamond badge again next Sunday afternoon. The shoot will take place on the Central Gun club's grounds on Thirty-second avenue east and the lake shore.

If You Have Rheumatism

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, express paid. If cured pay $5.50. If not it is free

Rummage Sale.

By the ladies of the First Methodist Church at LaVaque's old store, 12 West Superior Street,

Friday and Saturday. Open Saturday Night.

ANSWERS.

Butler-Ryan Company Responds to Patent Infringement Suit.

The Butler-Ryan company has filed its suit brought against it by the Lake Superior Tile company in which it was claimed that the defendant company had built and used a sand scow which infringes upon a patent obtained by William Osborn and transferred to the plaintiff. The Butler-Ryan company claims that the sand scow it used was not built with any intention of infringing upon the Osborn patent, and also that it does not, being not in any sense similar to it. The sand scow which the company was operating is described and it is alleged that in making it no devices were used that were not in common use at least two years before the Osborn patent was granted. It is also asserted that the hopper shaped scow complained of was not used and that the method of removing the sand from the scow was entirely distinct from the Osborn method.

It is further claimed that the sand scow idea was not new when it was patented by Osborn, but had been in use on the lakes before that. Capt. Barker and Capt. McDougall are represented as having used it, and it is also alleged that Capt. McDougall secured a patent in 1888 for a sand scow similar to the one the defendant used.

CAPT. BARKER'S FUNERAL.

Held Today at Superior—His Estate.

The funeral of the late Charles S. Barker was held this afternoon from the residence on John avenue, West Superior. The services were under the auspices of the Masons and were most impressive, Rev. Palin Saxby, of St. Alban's Episcopal church, officiating. The remains will be placed in the vault at Forest Hill cemetery at Duluth, and will later be sent East for interment. The pall bearers were all personal friends of the deceased. They were H. H. Grace, A. W. Horton, W. R. Fanning, D. S. Culver, T. B. Mills, A. L. Gilmore, C. H. Sloeum and Myron Reed. A number of Duluth Knights Templar were at the funeral, having special cars to take them over and back.

Capt. Barker's will is said to provide that one-third of his estate shall go to his widow, and a third each to his son and his daughter, who reside in Duluth. This does not include the real estate, which is said to be in the name of Mrs. Barker, but is understood to include the dredging plant and other property. As executrix, Mrs. Barker will continue the dredging business until such a time as it can be advantageously disposed of. There is a report to the effect that the papers turning the dredging business over to a stock company have never been signed, thus leaving the property in the same condition as though no company had ever been formed. It is considered more likely than ever now that Capt. Barker's plant will be taken into the dredge trust being formed on the lakes.

If the woman at work should make answer to the other woman, she might, perhaps, say: "You never had to scrub and clean when your back ached so that it seemed that every movement would break it in two." It's bad enough for a woman to suffer. But when she must suffer and slave at the same time she reaches the limit of her endurance.

Weak women who have been made strong by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, recommend it to others as a godsend. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"I have been ailing some time now, being troubled with female weakness," writes Mrs. Wm. H. Johnson, of Avondale, Chester Co., Pa. "Every month I would have to lie on my back. I tried many different medicines and nothing gave me relief until I began Dr. Pierce's medicines, using two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and two of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' These medicines have cured me. When I began your treatment I was not able to do very much, but now I do the work for my family of nine, and feel better to-day than I have for a year."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness and sick headache. They do not create the pill habit.

MASQUERADE BALL

Given for the benefit of the Degree Team of Court Eastern Star 86, U. O. F., at Hunter's Hall,

Friday Evening, May 24th.,

Tickets 25 Cts.

A VERDICT.

Rehbein Gets an Award ---Virginia Case Progressing.

The jury in the case of Henry F. Rehbein against Vincent & McClure returned a verdict giving the plaintiff $600 this morning. The jury went out yesterday afternoon and reached an agreement last night at 7 o'clock. Rehbein asked for $1240.

The Virginia fire case is still on today, but it is expected that the jury will have it by tomorrow. The plaintiff was putting in rebuttal testimony at noon today, and it was thought that the arguments would be reached this afternoon.

Judge Cant and a jury this morning took up the personal injury suit of Henry Stevens against the Clark-Jackson Lumber company. Stevens was working in the company's mill last October when he was caught by a set-screw in the shafting and injured. He claims that the company was negligent in not complying with the law requiring dangerous bits of machinery to be protected.

SWITCHMEN.

Committee on Good and Welfare Makes Report to Convention.

Milwaukee, May 23.—The committee on good and welfare of the United Switchmen of North America presented its report to the convention today. The report recommends that the Switchmen's Journal be consolidated with the national headquarters. The Journal is now issued from Omaha and the national headquarters are located in Buffalo. There promises to be a lively fight for supremacy between the supporters of these two cities. The convention took a recess until tomorrow to await the reports of other committees.

LONDON RACES.

The Winners of the Various Running Events.

London, May 23.—J. Cannon's Mephistopheles, ridden by Lester Reiff, won the Hopeful stakes at the Doncaster spring meeting Monday. C. S. Newton's Veneer, with Maher up, was second.

Six horses ran. T. A. Roberts' Heir Male (L. Reiff) won the Londresborough handicap stakes. J. Rowson's Lorenza (J. Reiff) was second and H. F. Clayton's Yankee Done was third.

C. Schleslinger's the Wivern (Maher) won the Doncaster spring handicap of 500 sovereigns. J. Rowson's Sospello (L. Reiff) won the Portland stakes.

BRIGHTER GOLF.

Rye, N. Y., May 23.—Bright sunshine combined with a fairly brisk wind helped to dry out the soggy links of the Apawamis Golf club today. The pleasant change in the weather put the players in good spirits as they started off in the first round of eighteen holes match play. The first pair were Walter J. Travis, the amateur champion, and M. M. Singer, of the Fox Hills club, of New Jersey.

DEMANDS GRANTED.

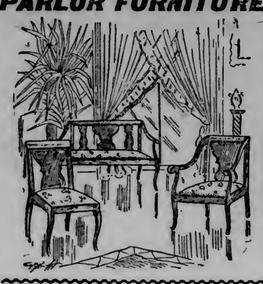
Detroit, May 23.—The lock plant of the American Car and Foundry company today acceded to the demands of its fifty-eight striking machinists and also instituted a fifty-four-hour week for its 2000 other employes.

It is a Fact

That we can save you money on anything you may need in Hardware or House Furnishings if only given an opportunity to show you our stock and quote our low prices on the same. To those "just looking around" our store offers new features of interest every day, in the constant receiving of fresh up-to-date goods.

PARLOR FURNITURE Is a line in which we can suit the most fastidious and prices so reasonable. Fancy carved, roomy and comfortable suites in Velour and Tapestry Upholsterings. Prices from—

$24.00 Up to $70.00



PARLOR TABLES in solid oak, golden finish, some in the new colonial designs, part in the most modern conceits. Prices range from $1 up to $12. A solid oak Center Table, brass feet with glass ball for **$5.00**

Library Tables—**$6.00, $8.00, $10.00**

Special Bargains for Every Day in the Week. See our Hand Bills.

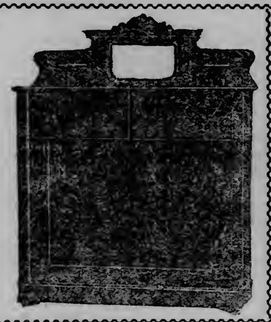
Folding Beds.....

A complete stock of the best manufacturers—in Ash and Oak—prices up to—

$40.00

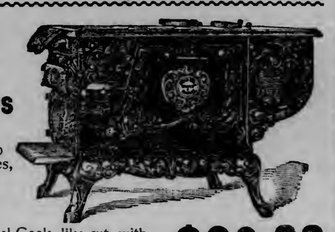
A handsome Oak Folding Bed, flaked golden finish—like cut, with mirror,

$24.00



Steel Cook Stoves

Preferred by some to steel ranges, and prices are not so high. "Golden Coin" Steel Cook, like cut, with reservior, for coal and wood, oven 18x21 inches, for ---------- **$26.00**



Same without reservoir, **$20.00.** Moore's Steel Cook Stoves, burn coal, prices at **$21.00** and **$24.00.**

To Our Customers: We close at **6:30 a. m.** every day except Mondays and Saturdays, and the 10th, 15th and 20th of each month. We do this in justice to our clerks and ask customers to help us in bringing in a "shorter day" movement.

Yours for trade, **R. R. FORWARD & CO.**

2110-2112 West Superior St., Duluth. **"HARDWARE HUSTLERS."**

THE DAKOTAS.

Freddie Gebhard Joins the Sioux Falls Gun Club.

Sioux Falls—Fred Gebhard, the New Yorker, who is at present a resident of Sioux Falls, does not propose that time shall hang heavily on his hands, and has joined a gun club, which has just been organized. At the meeting at which the organization was perfected, steps were taken to entertain the visitors and marksmen who will be in Sioux Falls next month to attend the annual shooting tournament of South Dakota. The exact date for the tournament has not been fixed as yet, but will be determined in the near future. R. R. Stevenson was elected temporary secretary of the club. Regular officers will be elected the last of the month.

Canton—L. H. Larson, cashier of the defunct Canton State bank, made another assignment to Attorney C. B. Kennedy. He says he is authorized by the board of directors to assign the bank and all its property to Mr. Kennedy in trust. This is in opposition to the will of the depositors, who signed a petition to have Attorney J. V. Conklin appointed.

Milbank—At the special election to vote on the question of issuing $5000 of bonds for an additional school building there was a majority of one vote in favor. Out of a voting population of nearly 400, only 76 votes were cast—39 for to 38 against. Under the circumstances there is some question as to whether the board of education will feel justified in attempting to float bonds. The amount would only be sufficient to erect a frame building and the popular sentiment favors a brick, even if costing more.

Aberdeen—Over 315,000 gophers were killed in Brown county during the bounty season ending the 20th. The total amount paid for bounties was $6300.

De Smet—The new state board of agriculture is hard at work arranging for the state fair to be held at Yankton, Sept. 9-13. The premium list has been revised and the premiums in the live stock, dairy and agricultural departments largely increased. Several new departments have been added, one of the most important being the educational department, under the supervision of Professor Chilcott, of the state agricultural college. Premiums will be offered for the work of the students at the various educational institutions.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The county superintendent of health has removed the quarantine from the Warren and Harvey residences in Spiritwood. A young man named Erb is now the only patient in the town, and he is nearly recovered. Miss Klett, who resides near Cleveland, is convalescent, and quarantine will be raised shortly.

The Northern Pacific is having trouble in securing right-of-way for the extension west of Oberon. Some of the settlers are asking $25 or more an acre. They have had to drive twenty-five or thirty miles to market, but as soon as a railroad line is proposed they put up the price of the land.

Hannah—Ellie, the 16-year-old daughter of William Dickson, living two miles south of Hannah, met a horrible death Wednesday morning. She and a younger sister got into a pony cart with a back to the seat, when the vicious pony jumped forward, throwing the girl's foot into the wheel. She fell back, her leg bending over the axle and her head dragging on the ground till life was extinct. She was one of the most popular young ladies in the county.

Dickinson—John R. McDonald, arrested in April on a charge of cattle stealing, gave a cash bond of $2500 Wednesday, and was a happy man for about five minutes, when he was re-arrested and lodged back in the old cell. The move was a complete surprise to McDonald and his attorney. After a brief consultation McDonald gave himself up to the original charge and had the $2500 returned to his friends.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

IN MICHIGAN.

Canadian Soo Has Established Quarantine on American Side.

Sault Ste. Marie—The Canadian Soo has begun a small pox quarantine against this place and is enforcing it. At the Canadian ferry dock an inspector is stationed who permits nobody to land unless in possession of a certificate of vaccination, or who can show scars.

Calumet—James MacNaughton, manager of the steel trust's Menominee range mines, has been appointed general manager of the Calumet and Hecla to succeed S. B. Warriner. The deal was made in Chicago Sunday when President Agassiz and other officials came to terms with MacNaughton. It is understood he also takes the place of S. B. Whiting.

Hancock—The issue of bonds in the sum of $25,000 was ratified at the special election held at the Hancock village hall. The vote was very light, the total being 79, of which only eight were cast in the negative. The money which the bonds will bring will be used to pay for the new pump now on the ground and to build the pumping station. Bids will at once be advertised for and it is the intention to rush the work of construction. Hancock will have a splendid waterworks system when the improvements are completed.

The blockade at the Mineral Range road's coal docks at Hancock, where eight coal boats were tied up at the same time, all arriving practically at once because of the recent ice jam at Lake St. Clair, has been raised.

Houghton—When miners employed at the Kearsarge and Wolverine properties were on their way to work, they found the body of a man, subsequently identified as that of John Mutimakki, laying in the road leading to the Wolverine. Mutimakki was an employe of the Wolverine, and the supposition is that during the night while walking along the high board walk at the side of the road he fell, striking on his head and sustaining fatal injuries. However, an investigation of the case is to be made by the authorities and a post mortem examination has been decided upon. Several bad bruises were noticed about the head.

Resolutions.

Whereas, it has pleased the Almighty God to remove from our midst our beloved neighbor, Alfred Clement,

Be it resolved, that we extend to his bereaved family our most sincere sympathy in their great affliction. As members of Zenith Camp No. 7221, M. W. A., we feel that we have lost a true friend and neighbor, one who was beloved and respected by all for his sterling qualities.

Be it further resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this camp, a copy presented to his family and a copy published in the columns of the Duluth Evening Herald. Signed,

W. A. RIDDLE,
JOHN C. RIX,
MARK JOLLYMORE,
Committee.

TRANS-MISSISSIPPI.

Commercial Congress Official Call Has Been Issued.

Cripple Creek, Col., May 23.—An official call for the twelfth session of the trans-Mississippi commercial congress, to be held in this city July 16 to 20 inclusive, has just been issued by E. R. Moses, of Great Bend, Kan., chairman of the executive committee. Representation is provided for as follows: The governor of each trans-Mississippi state or territory may appoint ten delegates; the mayor of each city one delegate and one additional delegate for each 50,000 inhabitants, provided, however, that no city shall have more than ten delegates. Each county may appoint one delegate through its executive officer; every business organization one delegate and one additional delegate for every fifty members, provided, however, that no such organization shall have more than ten delegates. Governors of states and territories, members of the United States congress, ex-presidents of this congress are ex-officio delegates, with all privileges of delegates except those of voting.

MAYOR FINED.

Zanesville Executive Was Found Guilty of Contempt.

Zanesville, O., May 23.—Judge Frazier of the common pleas court today assessed a fine of $200 and costs upon Dr. J. L. Holden, mayor of Zanesville, for contempt of court, in the recapturing of the city patrol wagon by force after the sheriff had seized it upon an execution. The chief of police and five patrolmen, who were charged with having performed the act under the mayor's orders were assessed costs in their respective cases.

OHIOANS AT DENVER.

Denver, May 23.—Governor Nash, of Ohio, and party, on route East from California, were entertained in this city today by the Buckeye club and the Elks.

Artists' Concert

Given at the First PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Friday Evening, May 24, at eight o'clock. Tickets 50 Cents.

Free Trip to the Pan-American Exposition....

Providing you buy your drugs at—

Boyce's Drug Store

And can guess the number of pills in the big case in the window of the store. Call in and have it explained to you.

The people are disgusted with imitations of

Caramel Cereal

the successor to COFFEE which is used at the Battle Creek Sanitarium.

Brown Mallough & Son

West Duluth Cash Grocers.

WE WANT.. to do something special this week to usher in the periods of rush, hustle and prosperity in West Duluth. To that end we bring every ounce of power to bear on a few

RECORD MAKING LEADERS

as quoted below:

GRANULATED SUGAR—100-lb sack	$6.15
SWEET DAIRY BUTTER—fresh from the churn, 2 lbs for	35c
NEW-LAID EGGS—2 dozen for	25c
RICE—4 lbs nice unbroken Japan Rice for	25c
SANTA CLARA PRUNES—medium-sized, 6 lbs for	25c
SOAP—Santa Claus, Lenox or Jackson Soap—8 bars for	25c
ROYAL SODA CRACKERS—excellent quality, by box, a lb.	6½c
PICNIC HAMS—First quality—guaranteed—per lb	9c
NICE MIXED BACON—by the piece—per lb	11c
SUGAR CORN—high grade—4 cans, only	25c
STRING BEANS—4 cans, only	25c
PUMPKIN—3-lb size—4 cans, only	25c

Another cargo of TEAS AND COFFEES.

CHASE & SANBORN'S 60c Japan Tea (only sold here) Friday and Saturday—per lb	50c
CHASE & SANBORN'S 50c Japan Tea; Friday and Saturday—per lb	40c
CHASE & SANBORN'S 30c Mocha and Java Coffee; Friday and Saturday—per lb	25c

BEST-OF-ALL FLOUR—The name implies the quality—Friday and Saturday only—

Per 98-lb sack— $1.98 Per 49-lb sack— $1.00

Everything seasonable in fruits and vegetables in abundance; prices as usual the lowest.

Brown Mallough & Son

AT WEST DULUTH

Memorial day exercises will be held generally at the school buildings in the city tomorrow afternoon, except the high school. Fine literary and musical programs have been arranged at the Irving, Fairmount, Longfellow and Oneota schools. Appropriate exercises will also be held at the schools of New Duluth and Fond du Lac. The following committees of Grand Army men have been detailed to attend the exercises at the schools in this end of the city:

Oneota—F. H. Barnard, J. H. Triggs, J. G. Rodinson.

Longfellow—C. T. Clement, Robert Stone, George K. Swan.

Irving—C. W. Farrington, J. C. Cook, William S. McCormick, C. S. Weaver.

Fairmount—E. H. Smith, R. D. McKinley, W. W. Scott.

Smithville—Nicholas Hettinger.

New Duluth—M. H. Miller, Andrew Wilson.

Fond du Lac—Jonas Strause, D. W. Bishop.

DIED FROM EFFECT.

John Makki, a Finlander, died at the Red Cross hospital in West Duluth yesterday from a sudden and severe attack of pneumonia, contracted by jumping into the bay at the foot of Fifth avenue west about midnight Monday. Makki had been drinking heavily, and walked off the dock, being rescued by the crew of the tug Fiske. He was first taken to the police station, but his condition was such that medical treatment was needed, and he was taken to the hospital. The funeral will be held this afternoon from Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms at Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The marriage of Miss Hulda S. Johnson and Fred A. Spetz will take place this evening, at 8 o'clock, at the Swedish-Lutheran church in West Duluth. The ceremony will be followed by a reception, and Mr. and Mrs. Spetz will begin housekeeping at 2528 West Second street. The groom is a member of the West Duluth fire department.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Parsons will leave in a few days for a visit in the East, during which time they will attend the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

Dr. H. W. Green is making a short visit among relatives in St. Paul.

A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Peterson, of 325 Sixtieth avenue west, May 21.

Several lumber boats are loading at West Duluth lumber docks. There is some complaint of a scarcity of lumber shovers.

Ladies' and gentlemen's shoes shined at Lauermann's.

For fresh milk and cream try the Murray Bros. company butter store, 521 Central avenue, corner Grand.

Sampson: I believe women should be treated same East as West. How is that? Why, give them Rocky Mountain Tea, the greatest spring blessing women can have. 35c. Ask your druggist.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.

West Duluth.

You are Earnestly Invited

To visit or store and take note of our prices for

Friday and Saturday.

In the following departments:

DRESS GOODS,
SILKS AND VELVETS,
WASH FABRICS—
In Percales, Ginghams and Prints,
WHITE GOODS,
LACES,
EMBROIDERIES.
Special values in
RIBBONS and FACE VEILINGS.
See our Ladies' KID GLOVES and SILK MITTS.
Ladies' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear.
We have just opened a new line of MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
Ladies' Waists, special at 25c each.
One lot Ladies' Waists, 50c each.
Several dozen Ladies' Waists on sale at 75c each.
Latest out in white and fancy Waists at $1.50.

Millinery—

We show a full stock of Ladies' Trimmed Hats at lowest prices. We trim hats to suit our customers in any style desired. Misses' and Children's Straw Hats and Lace Bonnets.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.

STANLEY IS LUCKY

Gets Off With a Fine of One Hundred Dollars.

Law Would Not Reach Him On Stronger Charge.

Police Will Keep Close Watch of His Movements.

R. A. Stanley, proprietor of the "Blue Light," who was brought under the fierce white light of police publicity yesterday, got out of his trouble today with comparative ease. Although there was overwhelming evidence to prove that he enticed a young West End girl from her home and was taking her to a dance hall at Barnum, there is a technicality in the state law which prevented prosecution on that charge. He was arraigned yesterday afternoon under the city ordinances, charged with conducting a disreputable place over his Bowery saloon. To this he entered a plea of not guilty, but this morning, acting on the advice of an attorney, he changed his plea and was fined $100 and costs.

He did not have the $100 handy, but friends went out skirmishing for the money with which to pay the fine. He was still behind the bars at a late hour this afternoon, but was confident that the money would be forthcoming.

It was claimed that Stanley had contracted with several other young girls to go to Barnum, but the police are watching the case very carefully, and it is not probable that his original plan will be carried out successfully.

NOT KNOWN.

An Ely Man Arrested But He Knows Not Why.

Joseph H. Dennis, a prominent young man of Ely, was arrested as he stepped from the Duluth & Iron Range train at noon today. The arrest was made on the strength of a telegram received from the chief of police of Ely, saying that he had a warrant for Mr. Dennis.

The prisoner, his attorney and the police are much concerned as to the cause of his arrest. Mr. Dennis says he knows of nothing that he has done to get him in trouble. The police department was unable to get in telegraphic communication with the Ely authorities, and this afternoon Mr. Dennis' attorney had little better success with the long-distance telephone.

The police department has considerable difficulty with the police authorities of the range towns, who wire here to arrest persons coming down on passenger trains, but fail to state the cause for arrest. Should the prisoner put up any kind of a legal fight he could gain his liberty, as in nine cases out of ten, where the local authorities arrest a range man from the train, they are unable to tell why they are making the arrest.

Mr. Dennis is a well-dressed man, 26 years of age and had $75 in his pockets when searched at headquarters. He claims to be a nephew of John Pengilly.

Late this afternoon the police department received a rather ambiguous telegram which leads to the belief that Mr. Dennis is wanted in Ely for desertion. He has a divorce suit now pending in the district court.

AT MANILLA.

Maj. Sears Writes From the Philippine City.

James L. Owen, of the United States engineer's office has received a letter from Maj. C. B. Sears, dated at Manilla, April 17. In part it is as follows:

"I reached here April 15, but did not land until yesterday, owing to delay on the transport service. I did not get away from San Francisco until March 15, or two weks later than I expected, which time might as well have been spent in Duluth. We had a very pleasant and quick trip, twenty-seven and a half sailing days, considering the vessel and route. We stopped nearly two days in Honolulu, and I saw Mr. Traphagen, who appears to be doing well there. We spent a day in Guam, where I found my board had finished the field work and left for Manilla two weeks before, having adjourned to meet in San Francisco to complete their report. After chasing them across the Pacific I caught up with them here, and now I am in a quandry as to whether I will go back with them to San Francisco. Being a board organized by act of congress, my duty with it takes precedence of my other orders, but I do not care to go back right away. I was senior officer on the Indiana, and had my choice of state rooms having a large one all to myself and the top seat at the table. The boat rolled on her beam ends for nearly two weeks in a cross sea but being a good sailor this affected my temper only and did not affect my stomach. I think I shall like the town here very much, say for two years, when no doubt I shall be glad to get back."

You cannot guess the age of ladies using Satin-Skin Cream and Powder, for these give to all a "sweet sixteen" complexion. Leading stores.

Plat Commission Meeting.

To whom it may concern: There will be a meeting of the plat commission of St. Louis county held at the office of the county surveyor, 613 Palladio building, Monday, May 27, at 1 o'clock p. m. Plat Chrisholm, situated in section 21, township 58, range 20.

CHARLES P. FRANK,
Secretary Plat Commission.

PROVE IT ANY TIME.

By the Evidence of Duluth People.

THE DAILY EVIDENCE CITIZENS RIGHT HERE AT HOME SUPPLY IS PROOF SUFFICIENT TO SATISFY THE GREATEST SKEPTIC. NO BETTER PROOF CAN BE HAD. HERE IS A CASE. READ IT:

Mr. A. Elmer, of 331 Fifth street east, says: "A heavy, dull persistent aching pain through my loins was most distressing for I could not rest well and no position seemed comfortable. I tried a great many different times to get relief, but no medicine I could find gave me any material benefit. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store and used it. I obtained relief right away and since then I have never had them fail to relieve me promptly whenever I had a slight recurrence say from catching cold or straining myself."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Polkinghorn, of Ely, arrived in the city today, on their wedding trip, and left this afternoon for Ishpeming, Mich. They were married at Ely last evening and according to friends that came into the city with them this morning, their friends at Ely gave them a most enthusiastic send-off when they left this morning.

J. E. Thomas, of Ely, arrived in the city this morning with the remains of a young man who was drowned in Fall lake, while driving logs, about three weeks ago. The body was recovered yesterday, and is being sent back to the decedent's old home in Pembroke, Canada.

George Loser and Ed Shea, two heavyweights engaged to revive the fighting game, on the Bowery yesterday afternoon. Both were smashing desperately when Detective Irvine and Officer Tully placed them under arrest. Both were sentenced to ten days at hard labor this morning. George Fox, recently released from Stillwater, was in court charged with drunkenness. He was given ten days.

Two Austrians en route from New York to Sparta had an odd experience on the Bowery at noon today. Having a little time to wait over for their train both concluded to get a shave. They went into a 10-cent barber shop and were each charged 25 cents for a shave. They reported the matter to the police and the department set about to collect their change for them.

To Success in the five-cent cigar trade is our already successful and popular Alaskan Nuggets.

Professor Ourat, by request, will give a party at Lester, Monday, the 27th.

Reserved seats for May festival at Chamberlain & Taylor's, Monday morning.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Nels Olson and Emily Pearson, W. S. Kearns and Minnie McLean and to Emery Roy and Virginia Profontaine.

Loretta Richards, aged 40, has begun suit in district court against William D. Richards, aged 40, for a divorce on the ground of desertion. They were married in Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 26, 1896, and the desertion is alleged to have taken place May 2, 1900. John P. Morrow is the attorney.

Joseph Leibinger and Earnest Saubs, two small school boys were in police court this morning charged with assaulting another small boy. The court found them guilty of the assault, gave each a severe reprimand and continued sentence for a period of thirty days.

The funeral services over the remains of Frank Church, a resident of Park Point, who died in a lumber camp at Drummond, Minn., after an illness of only a few hours, was held in the Bethel this afternoon at 2 o'clock, interment in Forest Hill cemetery.

The juvenile cavalry troop for the Fourth of July celebration is an assured fact. A number of promising young riders met Capt. Boyd at the city hall yesterday afternoon and made the preliminary arrangements. Each boy at the meeting yesterday promised to bring a recruit to the troop and the first drill will take leave on London road next Wednesday after school, if the weather permits.

Tom Reed cigars is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Crandall will leave tomorrow evening for New York, where Chief Crandall will attend the annual convention of police chiefs.

Miss Georgia Kennedy, of Eau Claire, is visiting relatives in this city.

Mrs. C. Johnson and family have returned from Ashland where they have been visiting for the past two weeks.

H. H. Day, of Bemidji, is a business caller in the city today.

William L. Fox, of Detroit, Mich., was a guest of the St. Louis today.

George L. Davidson, of Ashland, is in the city this afternoon.

D. W. Powell, the Marquette contractor, was a business caller in the city today on his way back from Two Harbors.

W. J. Power, of Hibbing, is a guest of the St. Louis today.

Mrs. Fay and daughter, of Tower, visited friends in the city last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Ryan, of Detroit, Mich., are visiting friends in the city.

Gen. J. L. Topham, of St. Paul, is in the city today, on his return from a trip on the range.

Charles Schaeffer, agent for the Duluth & Iron Range road at Ely, was a visitor in the city today.

Taking Examinations.

Secretary Southwarth of the state board of examiners in law is examining a class of applicants for admission to the Minnesota bar in St. Paul. Among the young men taking the examination are the following Duluthians: E. G. Gridley, H. L. Drake and E. P. Kirby.

A Northeast Gale.

Duluth has been in the midst of a brisk northeast gale today. It began during the night and the wind steadily rose, reaching its high point this morning at about 9 o'clock, when it registered forty-three miles an hour. Forecaster Richardson this morning expected it to continue all of today and tonight, dying out sometime tomorrow. The weather map this morning showed Duluth yesterday to be the coldest station reporting, out of about fifty stations.

Secured a Writ.

The Hutchinson Bevier interests secured a writ of restitution in the municipal court this afternoon to force L. R. Lerch off the disputed property near the corner of First street and Third avenue west. The writ was placed in the hands of a court officer and served late today—so late, in fact, that the Lerch interests were unable to announce future action.

TALKS BACK

State Auditor Dunn Gives a Warning Too.

A Hot Roast For the Iron Range Railroad.

State Auditor R. R. Dunn held the advertised sale of state lands at the court house this morning, and in opening it he passed a few hot shots to the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, which had posted notices warning people against buying certain lands that had been advertised by him for sale.

In reply to that warning he warned people against buying lands from the railroad company, and said that if they did they would buy a lawsuit, for the state would dispute the title. He also said that if anybody cut any timber off those lands claimed by the railroad they would be prosecuted for trespass.

The disputed lands were not sold, for the reason that County Auditor Halden had been unable to hire anybody for the $3 per day allowed by the laws to appraise them, and they could not be sold without being appraised. The only lands sold, therefore, were the unsold school lands that headed the advertised list.

"The Duluth & Iron Range road," said Mr. Dunn, in opening the sale, "has advertised, warning people not to buy some of these state institution lands included in the advertised list, because it claims them by a decree of the United States court. The road has the decree all right, but knowbody except the road itself knew anything about it until February. They have warned people not to buy from the state. I warn you not to buy from them. If you do you will buy a law suit. I want to say, also, that anybody cutting timber off those lands will be prosecuted for trespass. I have no feeling against the road; I have none against any road; but it has taken a little undue advantage of the state. That, of course, will be for the courts to determine afterward.

"I have seen deeds given by the Duluth & Iron Range for land it had never even selected. It had no decree, or patent, or anything to show for it. If a common man deeded land he did not own he would probably be arrested for obtaining money under false pretenses; but I suppose a railroad company is authorized to do such work.

"There will be an end to this kind of business some time, and then there will be a reaction and a strong one."

After the sale a Herald reporter asked Mr. Dunn for a further explanation of the dispute over the state institution lands.

"It will be remembered," he said, "that the United States court decided against the state in the suit on the swamp land grant. There was a verbal ruling first, and later there was a written one. The state institution lands in dispute were not in that suit at all, that we know of, but we found out in February that the decree included about 50,000 acres of them, as the road claims. It is, there all right, but how it got there I don't know. The state's attorney knew nothing about it. I knew nothing about it, and I do not believe Judge Lochren knew anything about it. The matter is not ended yet, by any means, and it will go into the courts again before long.

"The modesty of the Duluth & Iron Range road catches me. I am only surprised that it did not claim all of the school lands as well. It must have been an oversight."

The sale was not a very active one, though most of the land was sold for the appraised valuation.

Mr. Dunn will be here until tomorrow, and at 9 o'clock tomorrow he will open a sale at Carlton of Carlton county lands.

MAY BUILD.

Some Michigan Street Propositions Being Figured On.

E. W. Peet, of St. Paul, is in the city figuring on the erection of a building on West Michigan street near the corner of Third avenue. The property is owned by the Mutual Life Insurance company and adjoins that upon which the Cabot building is to be erected, next the Swift Packing company's place. The deal for the erection of the building has not been concluded, but if it goes through it will be occupied by a large wholesale company already established here. The building planned is to have a frontage of fifty feet and run to the railroad track in the rear, with a height of three stories.

It is said that another owner is figuring with a wholesale business house outside of the city for the erection of a building on the fifty feet adjoining the property which Mr. Peet represents. If all of these deals go through it will mean the improvement of a considerable portion of that block.

Found a Buried Treasure.

A man in a small town in New Jersey recently found a buried treasure in his yard, which no doubt had been left there by one of Capt. Kidd's famous crew. A fortunate find, indeed, and sufficient to enable him to live happily the rest of his days, provided, of course, he has good health. To obtain good health there is no medicine like Hostetter's Bitters. It sets things right in the stomach and regulates the bowels. If you are nervous and worn out you should try it. It will brace you up. It is a splendid tonic and will cure all stomach, liver and kidney disorders. Give it a trial and you will not be disappointed, but be sure to get the genuine.

SOME SALES.

Considerable Lumber Is Taken In Last Few Days.

The present week has witnessed a little stir in the local lumber market. W. H. Gilbert, of the Red Cliff Lumber company, has just made one of the best sales of the season, having disposed of 1,000,000 feet of newly cut lumber, No. 3 and better, for $18 a thousand. Ninety per cent of the purchase price is paid down and the balance when the lumber is ready to ship, which will not be for forty or fifty days. About two months ago Mr. Gilbert disposed of another lot of No. 3 and better at $17.50 a thousand. So far as can be learned these figures have marked the top notch in prices this spring for that grade of lumber. A sale has been made of about 1,800,000 feet of the J. B. Kehl stock to Cleveland parties and another of 2,800,000 of the Bates & McDonald stock to the American Lumber company, of West Superior. C. R. Ash negotiated the sales.

Today G. A. Potter made a sale of about 300,000 feet of No. 5 boards to a local lumber firm. Mr. Potter has recently returned from a flying trip through the East, where he found the lumber market in excellent condition. While there is a quietness in the market as compared with the Western markets, still the demand for lumber is steady in the East and the retailers are getting fair prices.

There is a large number of Eastern lumbermen and buyers in the city from the East today, some of whom were here last February. One or two of the visiting buyers have stocks here that were bought earlier in the season that they wish to look over, and others are here for the purpose of replenishing depleted stocks in their Eastern yards. It is expected that there will be a good movement of lumber during the next ten days.

Among the lumbermen registered at the Spalding today are: Jacob Mortensen, of Chicago; P. S. Humphrey, of North Tonawanda; F. G. Fassett and J. D. Robinson, of Buffalo; A. T. Cook, of Saginaw; H. J. Brock, of Buffalo, and T. E. Door, the Saginaw timberman. E. Richardson, of the local lumber firm of Richardson & Avery, returned today from a three weeks' visit at Saginaw, Mich. D. Wittenberg, Jr., and M. C. Woodard, of Tower, are among the range lumbermen calling in the city today.

TO THE RANGE

Party of Conductors Is Coming and Will Go There.

The railway conductors' convention at St. Paul has been brought to a close, and it is expected that another excursion of the conductors and their families will arrive in the city this evening. They will have two coaches attached to the rear of the Omaha train that reaches the city about 10 o'clock this evening. Arrangements have been completed this afternoon for an excursion for the conductors to the range tomorrow, when they will be given an opportunity to view some of the mines. The excursion party will be in charge of George L. Woollen, of this city, and Fred Peas, of the Omaha road. The conductors will leave Duluth on a special train over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. A run will be made to Biwabik, the visitors will inspect the Fayal mine and return to Duluth at 3:40 o'clock in the afternoon. The visitors will return to St. Paul on the Twilight limited tomorrow afternoon. The return trip from the range tomorrow afternoon will be made over the Duluth & Iron Range road. Superintendent John W. Kreitter, of the Missabe road will also accompany the party.

Free at Max Wirth's

Sample boxes of Wirth's Red Liver Pills free for the asking.

CUP RACES.

Sir Thomas Lipton Asks They Be Postponed to October.

Southampton, May 23.—Sir Thomas Lipton has asked that the cup races be postponed until the first week in October.

TANNER DEAD.

Former Governor of Illinois Died Suddenly at Springfield.

Springfield, Ill., May 23.—Former Governor John Riley Tanner, died suddenly at 2:45 o'clock this afternoon at the Leland hotel, in this city, from rheumatism of the heart.

Governor Tanner had been confined to his room since his return from Chicago, last Sunday. Rheumatism of the left side developed but the case was not considered in the least serious. He felt much worse this afternoon and Dr. J. N. Dixon was called about 2:30. He found the governor dying.

Governor Tanner had various offices beside that of governor, the principal ones being member of the Illinois house, United States marshal of the southern district of Illinois, state treasurer and assistant at the United States sub-treasury at Chicago. For many years he was a member of the Republican state central committee and chairman of that body. He was a candidate for United States senator against Senator Cullom.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

SITUATION BRIGHTER

Many Additions Made to the Striking Machinists.

Many Firms Have Also Signed the Union Agreements.

Believed That Nearly All the Men Will Be at Work Soon.

Washington, May 23.—Several hundred additions to the ranks of the strikers, two score or more firms signing the agreement with the men, leaving approximately 30,000 or 35,000 men still out, and possible material accessions to the roll of strikers in the course of the day, is the machinists' strike situation in brief throughout the country today. While several railroads have adjusted their difficulties, trouble with other roads is imminent. President O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists, who is directing the strike, holds that the situation is getting brighter, and that next Monday morning will witness the resumption of work by the great majority of the men who went out. President Mulholland of the Allied Metal Trades' association telegraphed from the headquarters of that organization in Toledo today that he had issued orders to his men at various points to join the strike in those shops where the employers are still holding out against the demands of the machinists. This is liable to add materially to the force of the strikers. Mr. O'Connell said today that the strike might extend to the seaboard air line today. This would involve several hundred men in different shops.

The reports today show that 700 men have struck at Thompsonville, Conn., 50 at Marquette, Mich., and 100 at Frankfort, Ind.

These figures give approximately the firms which have signed the agreements and whose men are now back at work:

All firms at Quincy, Ill., involving 200 men; Baltimore, one firm, 80 men; Beverly, Mass., one firm, 50 men; Lynn, Mass., one firm, 28 firms there; Athol, Mass., 300 men; Morgan Engineering works, Alliance, Ohio, 200 men; New Carlisle, Pa., two firms; Rochester, N. Y., three firms; Indianapolis, two firms; Boston, Mass., three firms, involving 225 men. None of the large concerns in Cincinnati have yet given in, though unofficial advices to headquarters here report several firms as agreeing to sign. None of the big concerns in San Francisco have signed and no indication of yielding has been received from there.

The headquarters of the strike will be shifted Saturday to Tononto, where the convention will open June 3.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

MUCH BETTER

Mrs. McKinley's Health Is Now Greatly Improved.

San Francisco, May 23.—After a good night's rest, Mrs. McKinley awoke refreshed and smilingly told the president that the program scheduled for today need not be curtailed on her account. Accordingly President McKinley went to the home of Irving M. Scott, where he had breakfast. Immediately afterwards, he attended a reception given by the heads of the general departments in this city. He then went to the Presidio, where he reviewed the troops, including the regiments which have recently returned from the Philippines. After lunch, he met a number of newspaper men and heartily thanked them for the sympathetic manner in which they had treated the illness of Mrs. McKinley.

At 2 p. m., the president attended a reception by the Union League club, and an hour later was welcomed by the Ohio society at the Palace hotel. He was then given a reception by the Assembled pioneers of California, veterans of the Mexican war and native sons of the Golden West.

Tonight the president will meet the Grand Army veterans and the Loyal legion.

TO AVOID STRIKE.

Chicago & Northwestern Officials Confer With Men.

Chicago, May 23.—Officials of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad company today conferred with the machinists in an effort to prevent a threatened strike on that road. The company offered to grant shorter hours, buta would concede no greater advance than 5 per cent. The men demand 12½ per cent increase. Another meeting will be held tonight or tomorrow. Tomorrow a conference will be held between representatives of the local machinists and the Metal Trade associations in an attempt to reach an agreement over hours and wages. Should no agreement be reached, the machinists here threaten to join the general strike.

SERIOUS CHARGES.

Winnipeg, Man., May 23.—William Vickers, living three miles from Swan River, has been arrested on suspicion of having poisoned his new born babe and of being criminally responsible for the death of the mother.

DAM BROKEN.

Fort Collins, Col., May 23.—It is reported that the dam at Chamber's lake, fifty miles above Fort Collins, has broken, owing to the high water in the Cache La Pondre river. Damage done to crops, irrigating ditches and bridges, will amount to thousands of dollars. Inhabitants of the bottom lands, have been driven form their homes.

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Instruction and Section. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Patented
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions in valuable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 210 Times Bdg., New York.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Umbrellas!

Black or colors, plain or mounted handles—on sale at

$1.25 to $15.00.

The best line in the city.

Special.

Congo handles—sterling tipped, fast color, Gloria at

98c

Mackintoshes!

$3.50 to $12.50.

Cravenette (Waterproof) Coats.

Odorless—half silk lined, velvet collar

$18.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

ARCHITECTS.

Members of Architectural League Meet at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 23.—The delegates to the third annual convention of the Architectural League of America began their convention in this city today. Representatives were present from the following organizations: The Cleveland Architectural club, the Chicago Architectural club, the Cincinnati Chapter of Architecture, the Detroit Architectural club, the Architectural League of New York, the T-Square club of this city, the Pittsburg Architectural club and the Pittsburg Chapter of the American Institute of Architecture, the St. Louis Architectural club, the Eighteen club of Toronto, the Washington Architectural club, the Architects club of the university of Illinois, the Memphis Architectural club, the Milwaukee Architectural club and the Toledo Architectural club.

Today was devoted to sightseeing. Tomorrow sessions will be held in Houston hall at the university of Pennsylvania.

WOUNDED ONE.

Waverly Citizen Drove off Four Bank Burglars.

Waverly, Ohio, May 23.—Four men who attempted to burglarize the First National bank and the postoffice during the night were driven off by Dr. W. T. Wallace, who lives on the second floor of the bank building. He was awakened by the noise of crashing glass and fired on the men as they were about to enter the building. The robbers returned the fire, but one of their number was wounded and they fled, leaving a trail of blood.

Duluth Souvenirs.

If you want a Duluth souvenir, published by Improvement association, address J. Heilman, general delivery, postoffice.

COLDS

The quickest relief for a cold is by Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

You will find the edge taken off in a night; and, in three or four days, you'll be wondering whether that cold amounted to anything anyhow.

That's relief. If you tackle it quick, the relief is quick; if you wait, the relief won't come—you know how colds hang on.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 22nd, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Margret Wood, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Margret Wood, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Alexander P. Wood.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered that the 26th day of August, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 22nd day of May, A. D 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-23-30-June-6-1901.

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 23.—The barometer is low over Iowa and Massachusetts, and high over Northwest Canada. Pressures are rising over the lake region, the Northwest and Rocky mountain slopes. The 24-hour temperature changes have generally been slight. Copious rains have fallen over most districts north of the fortieth parallel. Fair weather is the rule this morning over Lake Erie, the Ohio valley and Southern states. High northeasterly winds prevail on Western Superior, elsewhere in the lake region they are generally fresh southerly. Storm northeast warnings are displayed on Lake Superior. Fog prevailed this morning at Duluth and Marquette.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	92	Miles City	88
Battleford	78	Milwaukee	64
Bismarck	76	Minnedosa	68
Boston	84	Modena	68
Buffalo	68	Montgomery	82
Calgary	54	Moorhead	62
Charleston	80	New Orleans	84
Chicago	66	New York	68
Cincinnati	72	North Platte	56
Davenport	74	Oklahoma	80
Denver	68	Omaha	68
Detroit	68	Pittsburg	68
Dodge City	78	Port Arthur	56
Duluth	58	Portland	56
El Paso	88	Prince Albert	64
Escanaba	54	Qu' Appelle	78
Galveston	78	Rapid City	70
Green Bay	62	San Francisco	60
Havre	52	Santa Fe	84
Helena	46	Shreveport	84
Houghton	62	Spokane	66
Huron	70	St. Louis	76
Jacksonville	90	St. Paul	60
Kamloops	72	Sault Ste. Marie	64
Kansas City	66	Swift Current	68
Knoxville	78	Washington	72
La Crosse	64	Williston	64
Los Angeles	76	Winnemucca	64
Marquette	58	Winnipeg	72
Memphis	78		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Slightly warmer tonight and Friday; brisk to high northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 23.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Showers tonight; Friday generally fair. Minnesota—Rain tonight with cooler in west portion; Friday partly cloudy. North and South Dakota—Showers tonight; Friday generally fair. Lakes Michigan and Huron: Brisk and possibly high southerly winds, becoming variable Friday; showers and thunder squalls. Lake Superior—Brisk to high east shifting to north winds; rain tonight and Friday. Hoist storm northeast warnings 10 a. m.

Sir Thomas Lipton and King Edward.

If it were not for the fact that the Shamrock II has proved to be an unlucky boat from the time of her launching, it might be said that the presence of King Edward on board was responsible for her last mishap. From all reports the king invited himself to witness the trial race between the two Shamrocks and as soon as intimated the invitation was warmly seconded by Sir Thomas Lipton. As originally arranged the king was to spend Tuesday night on the Erin as the guest of Sir Thomas and elaborate plans were made for his reception. The dispatches of yesterday do not show that the arrangement was carried out as far as the Erin was concerned and if it was not, it was probably due to the acrimonious comment made in London over the fact that the first private person chosen as a host for the king should be the socially unknown Lipton. Sir Thomas, however, made every preparation for the reception of his royal guest on his steam yacht. A cabin plan of the Erin was furnished the king, and he chose to occupy one of Lipton's private deck cabins as a sleeping chamber and the other as a retiring room. Both were wholly refurnished at the king's request. A special chef was engaged from London and the menus of all meals were submitted to the king and in some cases revised by him. The Erin was bought by Sir Thomas Lipton two years ago purposely for the cup races. He lived upon her in New York harbor while Shamrock I was vainly striving to "lift" the America's cup, and intends to do so again next August, when Shamrock II is scheduled to race for the cup. The Erin is as large as a steamship—300 feet long—and is one of the most magnificent of yachts. She was built four or five years ago for an Italian count, and Sir Thomas Lipton bought her for $375,000, a figure said to be much below her real value. Her saloon and other rooms are beautifully decorated and sumptuously furnished. The influence of Sir Thomas Lipton over the king is well known, as he speaks of the sovereign quite unaffectedly, though without undue familiarity, and displays delight in spending money for his luxury and comfort. That appeals very directly to the king's heart. The unfortunate ending of the king's visit is to be regretted, but the fact that no one was injured makes the event far less serious.

How Prohibition Works In Maine.

The present working of the Maine prohibitory law has been brought to notice by the complaint of the police respecting the enormous number of pocket peddlers in Portland. Single drinks put up in convenient form are carried by these men who have every pocket loaded with the little flasks and sell them to anyone having the price. At present there is a rigorous enforcement of the law in Cumberland county. A citizen of Worcester, Mass., tells the Gazette of that city a rather interesting story. He has been making a trip through the state, and he says that without doubt Portland has never in its history seen a dryer time than since the first day of January, when Sheriff Pearson assumed the duties of his office with an earnest purpose to stamp out the sale of alcoholic liquors in that city. Making a little personal investigation on his own account, he met one day a party of friends, among whom was a member of the Portland police, who said that the conditions were worse then when a hundred barrooms were run wide open under directions from the city marshal. He declared, moreover, that all kinds of dives had been started because there was a great deal of profit in the business, when prices went up so high, and there were so many pocket peddlers on the streets that they did not know what to do with them. There are just as many drunks as before, but they are worse ones, because they are acquired on the horrible stuff that is mixed for the Maine trade. Lewiston stands in the center of a population of 100,000 within a radius of ten miles. Here the old conditions prevail. "Dozens of saloons, with all the paraphernalia of a Boston barroom, are doing business on the principal street." They do not have any signs out or display any bottles in the windows, but as they stand close upon the sidewalk the fragrance of their stocks in trade exhales upon the passersby, and they need no better advertisement. In Bangor, of course, there is not even a pretense of enforcing the law, "but regulations are issued by the chief of police as to the hours the bars shall be opened and as to their conduct." These statements bear the marks of trustworthiness and probably represent the conditions as they exist.

WEST POINT REBELLION.

The fact that a Duluth boy is one of the six cadets suspended for a year without pay for participating in the acts of insubordination at West Point has naturally directed the attention of people here specially to the state of affairs at the military academy. In addition to those who were suspended, five cadets were dismissed from the academy, which means that they cannot re-enter that institution except by a special act of congress in regard to each case, and it is hardly likely that this legislation will be secured. The cadets have evidently richly deserved the punishment that has been meted out to them, and those who have been merely suspended have reason to be thankful for the leniency accorded to them. The sentences were affirmed by the secretary of war, after a careful investigation, and the people will be inclined to accept Mr. Root's decision as entirely just.

The fact is that a condition of riot and insubordination has existed at West Point, and the restoration of discipline was necessary even if it had required the dismissal of one-half or more of the cadets in the academy. The particular offense of those found guilty by the board of inquiry consisted in training the big "sunset" gun upon the house of Col. Mills, the superintendent. It was participated in by nearly every cadet at the academy. The feeling against Col. Mills was prompted by his determination to suppress hazing in all forms, as required by the law passed at the last session of congress. The young men who are being fed, clothed and educated at West Point at the public expense seemed to think that they were not required to obey the laws, and that the superintendent should wink at their violations of the injunction against hazing. Col. Mills has insisted that they shall not throw things at one another during meal time, smuggle forbidden articles of drink and diet into their quarters, pull the "plebes" out of their cots at midnight and drag them, tied in a blanket, over the rough places in the campus, and indulge in other merrymakings that bring joy to the hearts of these sportive nurselings of Mars. Because Col. Mills reduced one of their officers to the ranks, the members of the undergraduate class broke out into open rebellion, trained a cannon on the superintendent's house, and demanded that he either resign the command of the institution instanter, or take the consequences. Col. Mills put the insubordinates under arrest, a board of inquiry was convened, and the result is the dismissal of five cadets and the suspension of six.

Probably there will be an effort made through the politicians to have Col. Mills removed from the command at West Point, but it is hoped that the president and the war department will back up the superintendent, who has demonstrated that he is the right man in the right place. Rowdyism and hazing, which are synonymous, should not be tolerated at West Point.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Last year the common council of Chicago appointed a commission of seven citizens to investigate the question of urban transportation by street railways and inquire into and report upon "the feasibility and practicability of the municipal ownership of street railways and the terms and conditions under which this ownership may be established." The report of this commission embodies a bill to be presented to the next state legislature, in which provision is made for submitting the queation of municipal ownership of street railway and other franchises to a popular vote.

The proposed scheme, which may be of some interest to people in Duluth who have given attention to the subject of municipal ownership, is this: Ordinances granting franchises are to be passed in the usual way, and are to go into effect in sixty days, unless in the meantime 10 per cent of the voters petition for submitting such ordinances or any one of them, to a popular vote, the question of public ownership being involved for settlement at the polls. A great deal of machinery is provided for carrying out this design, but the basic principle is that each municipality—for the law is to be a general one, and apply to other cities as well as Chicago—shall settle the question for itself and rely upon its own resources.

Professor Laughlin, among others, makes some pointed objections to this idea of municipal ownership. He suggests, for instance, that "it may be a question whether it is worse for private corporations to bribe aldermen to obtain franchises or for unprincipled politicians to exploit for their own advancement and enrichment the property owned by a municipality." Evidently Professor Laughlin has a poor opinion of the moral character and civic virtue of the average politician, and he is not far from being correct. However, it looks as if public ownership of street railways is to be tried in Chicago and the experiment will be watched with interest.

GOVERNOR ALLEN REPORTS.

The belief that the administration expects a favorable decision from the supreme court on the question of colonial governments involved in the insular cases now pending is strengthened by the report of Governor Allen, of Porto Rico. This report bears evidence of being cooked for a special dinner. It consists of no statistics from which the people may form opinions, the present deplorable condition of the island is wholly ignored and the simple statement made that a year of careful study of the conditions which obtain in Porto Rico leads the writer to the conclusion that a colonial form of government like those of the British, Dutch and Danish West Indies is the most feasible. The insincerity of the report is shown in the fact that the colonial governments of the foreign possessions named are as different as the governments of Russia and the United States. Governor Allen did not take the trouble to determine the conditions of the islands lying adjacent to Porto Rico or he would have discovered that while the Dutch and French colonies are prosperous, those of England are more than bankrupt—a large part of the inhabitants suffering from actual want, notwithstanding the fact that "they can lie in a hammock and pick a banana with one hand and dig a sweet potato with their toes," as Allen so glibly remarks.

This bold recommendation, from a subordinate official of the administration, that the express letter of the constitution be violated and a new and unlawful government set up on American territory, shows that the administration is determined to push its theory of colonial government to the utmost extreme. And it seems, further, that there is an understanding that the decisions in the insular cases, when they are handed down, will support the administration. Every person will dislike to even think that the supreme court would lend itself to such a scheme, but the withholding of the opinion and the fixing up of reports to pave the way for a certain policy, look very much as if there was a pretty good understanding. The Herald sincerely trusts that this impression is not correct.

GRAVE CHARGES.

The gossip following the stock panic in Wall street has brought out some grave charges against the management of New York's big banking institution, the City bank. They are that Mr. Stillman, the president of the bank, after Mr. Morgan had sailed for Europe, supplied the Harriman or Union Pacific crowd with funds for the now famous raid on Northern Pacific control; that on Wednesday, the day before the panic, he loaned out in Wall street a sum of money said to equal $30,000,000; that on Thursday the bank called in loans right and left, thus tremendously accelerating the downward rush of values, and that he refused to join the syndicate other bankers hastily improvised to come to the rescue of the market with some $20,000,000. That the City bank would not or did not join in the combined effort to prevent a general smash seems to be generally admitted.

The other charges of deliberate effort to wreck the market appear in print without substantiation. They are decidedly too serious to merit great notice as they stand. Such a power for evil, however, exists with any banking institution of resources equal to those of the City bank, and may be exercised within the bounds of law at any time. And the same may be said of the larger of the country's multi-millionaires, who, by selling property for cash and locking the money up, could send panic and disaster throughout the commercial world. The only public safeguard, says the Springfield Republican, is that of the self-interest of the bank or the multi-millionaire; and it is easily conceivable that circumstances might arise in the case of either which would overcome scruple and start vaulting ambition on a course of wreck and ruin for others.

Mr. Stillman has been credited with a desire to build up his bank so that it will hold the same high place in this country that the Bank of England does in the United Kingdom, but if there is any truth whatever in these charges, he is not a safe man to be given such extensive power.

The census of Ireland this year reveals the gratifying fact that the falling off of the population has been checked. The census of the last decade showed an unprecedented slump in the rate of decrease. For five decades previously the rate of decrease had progressively declined. In 1851 the rate was 19 per cent; in 1861 it was 11 per cent; in 1871, 6 per cent, and in 1881, 4 per cent; but in 1891 it was 9 per cent, or double that of the previous decade. The present census shows that the decrease was only 5 per cent, which, although greater than that of 1881, is only a little more than one-half of the decade from 1881 to 1891.

Gen. J. C. Bates, just returned from the Philippines, says that the Mohammedan Islanders who recognize the sultan of Jolo "differ from the other natives of the islands in the fact that they do not desire independence." This means that the other natives want independence, which, says the Springfield Republican, places Gen. Bates quite at odds with President McKinley, as the latter has figured in his recent inaugural and other addresses. The general needs to be taken in hand and instructed pleasantly, but firmly, that our troops are, and have been, in the islands to protect the "loyal millions" against the "disloyal thousands."

The London Spectator has adopted an excellent word to describe the great capitalist or syndicate whose aggressions in railroads or stocks bring on a panic. The word is plain, simple "nuisance"—and it were better with the word "common" before it. Just apply the legal theory of the "common nuisance" to various kinds of modern situations not only in high finance, but in labor wars, such as Albany had last week, and the general public may fare better.

The British authorities at Cape Town have suppressed "The Boers in War," by Howard C. Hillegas—which gives the experiences and observations of an Englishman who, knowing the Boers before, saw the war with their forces. This act is a confession of judgment.

There is really something amusing in the fact that a man who at one time managed the finances of the nation has become a bankrupt with debts of $747,008 and not one cent of assets. Yet this is the condition of ex-Secretary of the Treasury Foster.

A California medical expert went searching for the cancer germ and found it. It also found him and now he is doing as well as can be expected after being carved up by the surgeons. The next man who finds the cancer germ should shoot it on the spot.

The mishap to the Shamrock II was so serious that her owner has intimated it may be necessary to postpone the races for the America's cup. This is to be regretted but it may give Sir Thomas Lipton a chance to get a new and faster boat.

The total population reported by the census bureau, within a radius of fifty miles of New York city hall, is set down at 5,192,297; and it is estimated that of this population 36 per cent is foreign born.

The latest addition to the list of daily newspapers in Minnesota is the Fairmont Sentinel, published at Fairmont, Martin county, by Day & Aldrich. It presents a good appearance and deserves success.

Many newspapers evidently understand that the Younger brothers have been paroled. This is not the case. The state board of pardons has not taken up the matter as yet.

The designs for the new protected cruiser St. Louis have been stolen, but so far no one has accused Pat Crowe of carrying them off.

Based on its new directory figures, Chicago is now claiming a population of 2,074,000, which is about 64,000 greater than last year.

King Edward will probably stay on shore hereafter when the yachts are racing.

"Lon" Whiteman still possesses an undiminished stock of nerve.

HIS WIFE

Took Minister's Place and Sternly Arraigned Church Members.

Williamsport, Tenn., May 23.—Mrs. Mary E. Frey, wife of Rev. P. I. Frey, pastor of the East End Baptist church, Sunday, during the absence of her husband, took his place in the pulpit and preached two great sermons. In the evening she arraigned the churches of the land for the modern day methods employed.

"Ministers," she said, "are building institutions, churches elaborating on their music in order to draw the people, yet the results are not satisfactory and the tide of iniquity surges on and people stumble over the church into hell. The church has largely lost her power for witnessing. There are 1,500,000,000 of souls in the world who have never heard that Christ died for them The world by degrees has crept into the church until it is difficult to tell a church member from a nonprofessor. Many church members run to theaters, operas, play cards, dance, drink wine, follow the fashions of the world, cheat and lie. The church holds fairs, festivals, bazars, private theatricals, anything, any way, nowadays, to get money. Imagine Paul saying to Peter: 'Peter, we had better get up an ice cream festival to pay the expenses of the church in Corinth!'"

In conclusion she said: "There are people in these days just as much possessed with devils as they were in apostolic times, and we need some Paul, some Peter, to cast them out."

CHUM SHOT

By West Virginian Youth During a Theatrical Performance.

Clarksburg, W. Va., May 23.—The Traders Grand Opera house here was the scene of one of the most distressing accidents that ever occurred in this city. The Van Dyke and Eaton Stock company was putting on a play in which a "Wild West" cowboy scene with much shooting and fireworks was a leading feature. The company in this scene had been reinforced by a dozen or more young men of the Actors' club, a local social and dramatic organization.

By some mischance a revolver given to Luther Moore, son of a prominent business man, and himself an amateur of considerable talent, contained one loaded cartridge. While the fusilade was at its height and young Moore and W. J. McClung, who was Moore's chum, were aiming and shooting at each other across the stage, McClung fell dead. The bullet from Moore's pistol had entered and pierced his heart. No one for a moment suspected he was hurt till the red life stream colored his clothing and the stage.

Moore and McClung are both about 22 years old and of the best families. Moore is heartbroken. It is the second accidental shooting trouble he has been in, having been a member of a party when Vale Feughner was killed a year ago. The coroner decided no inquest was necessary and gave a certificate of accidental death.

ALDERMANIC CICERO.

Magnificent Oratory of a Gotham City Father.

New York, May 23.—Alderman James J. Bridges, poet, philosopher and orator, delivered a wonderful address before the board of aldermen Tuesday evening. It was a fair sample of New York aldermanic oratory. The subject under discussion was the delay in acting on the Brooklyn tunnel project. hTe following paragraph will illustrate the alderman's fervid style:

"Mr. Chairman, I stand here before this here honorable body with the favorable report of the tunnel to Brooklyn as applied for by the rapid transit board of this honorable body. Now I want to tell these here people who has come here for to hear what I has got to say on this here proposition the reason why this here committee of which I am the honorable presiding officer could not get this matter acted on sooner if they wanted to. Now, it seemed like at that first public hearing which we accorded to the people that they were heart and soul for the tunnel which the rapid transit commission has demonstrated was the best. They all raised up in masses and demanded that this report which we wur then erbout to pass on and which was as new as a springtime flower, should be made favorably.

In closing he said:

"It is beyond the human brain of any man to know what some men will concoct with that brain of theirs for the simple purpose of vilifying this board."

DAILY STORY.

VAN WERT'S PROPOSAL

BY DAVID LOWRY.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller).

Arthur Van Wert was drawing one glove carelessl between his fingers. Miss Stapleton was glancing down sidewise at his hands. Both were silent when they heard Hal Raymond laugh. Raymond was sitting near the door. Miss Van Wert was glancing around at her brother. If a close observer had seen the glance Miss Van Wert shot at her brother he or she would have divined that Miss Van Wert was apprehensive.

They had just returned from the play.

Miss Stapleton and Miss Van Wert had declared it was one of the most preposterous things they had ever witnessed. The gentlemen (doubtless moved by one impulse), out of pure contrariness insisted that they saw nothing unreal in the performance.

Then the talk ran on dresses, the latest gossip concerning engagements and predictions of engagements. When the carriage turned from the door and the ladies sat down with their heads freed of their hats half the late announcements were disposed of. It was then the couples found themselves apart. Miss Van Wert was at one end of the room, her bosom friend at the other.

Arthur Van Wert could not avoid glancing around when Raymond laughed, but he was intent upon an object he had set his heart on. If any one had seen Miss Stapleton's nervous movements as he bent towards her no words would have been necessary. The lady's high color and the gentleman's ardent expression said more than words.

Miss Stapleton heard her friend say: "Some things are not easily demonstrated." Somehow the words convicted her. She felt her cheeks burning. It was well that the light was softened and that Mr. Van Wert could not see her face just then.

"Admitted," Mr. Raymond replied quickly. Then Miss Van Wert and Raymond sauntered across the room. Arthur Van Wert and Miss Stapleton heard the murmur of their voices as they turned into the alcove—they were lost to sight. But this is what happened. Miss Van Wert confided it to Miss Stapleton with blushes after extracting a solemn promise that the latter must never, never repeat it to a living soul. How it came to me its nobody's concern. You may infer that I got it from Arthur Van Wert, who doubtless got it from Miss Stapleton after he had suddenly surprised her about two weeks later looking surreptitiously at his photograph Whereupon, the wretch instantly grew bold and insisted upon her acceptance of his hand and fortune.

'Such a ridiculous play," said Miss Van Wert. Raymond smiled. He had brought the subject up again deliberately. He liked to see Miss Van Wert hold her head back, and flashing resentful glances at him.

"Once more. Why is it ridiculous?"

"The idea of a self-respecting woman saying such things to a young man!"

"Well, but remember, she is a mere villager. She has seen nothing of the world and—"

"As if that made any difference." The lady's head was held up stiffly; her eyes flashed fire.

"You admit that she loved the young man. The author was compelled to marry off the second couple also."

There was no answer.

"But with a man who was misled all through as this poor fellow was two years."

"What has that got to do with it? If it had been 200 years."

"Miss Van Wert, you are hardly fair. Remember the young lady in this case was saddened by the trouble they had all been involved in. She had no friend to consult—nobody to—"

"You are not serious,' Miss Van Wert turned squarely around and met his eyes without a tremor.

"Well, but let us suppose—"

"It isn't supposable." Then thinking she had displayed more impatience than the subject warranted, she laughed.

"I see. You are looking at it from the author's point of view. If I wrote a play with such a scene as that—but I wouldn't. It's too absurd to think of."

"You admit it isn't easy for an author to bring about the result aimed at in this case."

"There is where we disagree. If it should be really necessary to marry the second couple—" She paused and laid the flower she held in her hand on a table near her. The listener immediately picked it up. She affected not to see it and continued: "If it were really imperative, I would never have the lady say, as Theresa does, 'I love you, Harry.'"

"But how would you? Pardon I would like to know by what means you would convey to the audience? How would you demonstrate her love, then?"

Miss Van Wert merely shrugged her shoulders. She might as well have uttered her thought and Raymond saved her the trouble.

"I know I am stupid—more stupid than usual tonight. That's the reason I want to be enlightened—the reason you should enlighten me."

"Let us change the subject. I fancied Sally Wharfold was prettier than I ever saw her tonight. It does one good to meet her."

"Here now is a young lady nature made to brighten the life of one man. He, poor fellow, never suspected she cared an iota for him and just because the playwright makes her speak in a way the dunce could not fail in an emergency—"

"I see I may as well end it." She drew a long breath, looked up at the ceiling, down on the floor, then around the alcove as if seeking inspiration.

"You don't find what you want?" He smiled mischievously. "It isn't so easy after all. Inspiration does not lie around loose."

"Well, no—not in matters of mere sentiment."

Miss Van Wert toyed with her face. He remarked that it was worn daintily. It was in keeping with her rare complexion. How well beautiful things became her he said mentally. Aloud he uttered one word—"Well?"

"It seems to me if I were an author and writing a story or a play with a lady—especially a young lady like Theresa in it, I could find a way to make the man comprehend without making her as bold as Theresa is."

"How?"

"Why, instead of having her make that utterly impossible speech one could easily have her advise him to turn to another. That would arouse him."

"Yes, he needs arousing in the play."

"He would probably not meet with success if he did act on the advice—and she might be aware of that. Then he would 'report progress' as all committees do when they don't do anything."

"And then?"

"How tiresome you are tonight, Mr. Raymond."

She stood up. The gentleman also stood up quickly.

"I am interested in these details. After all it must be largely a matter of detail."

"I've lost all patience with you, Mr. Raymond. As if any woman could, in any circumstances human mind can conceive, either in a play or story permit a man to perceive the truth until she knows she is loved."

"Nothing short of a passionate declaration of love will satisfy you, Miss Van Wert." He leaned forward suddenly. "You do not need that. You know my every thought, every hope, centers on you."

Miss Van Wert sat down suddenly.

"Would such a speech as that excuse Theresa in your eyes if she acknowledged she loved the man who appealed to her?"

"Please let me get up."

Raymond was holding both her hands now.

"When you give me your answer; not before."

"Do you think it is fair to trap a person this way?" She looked up at him appealingly. All the resentment that made her piquant had left her.

"And there I sat like a fool until he made me give him his answer," she confided to Miss Stapleton the next day. "Whether I proposed to him or he proposed to me I've never been able to decide."

Even Teddy Couldn't Escape.

Baltimore American: It begins to look as if Roosevelt had really been vice presidented.

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We supply all the latest and correct ideas for exclusive wedding and other stationery.

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Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

Prominent real estate men will answer this question in the Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what N. J. Upham has to say about it next Saturday.

YACHT CLUB ULTIMATUM.

Mr. Lawson's Independence Must Fly Its Pennant.

Boston, May 23.—It is still up to Thomas W. Lawson to say whether or not his sloop Independence shall be allowed to compete with the Constitution and Columbia in the trial races for the selection of a defender of the America's cup. The committee of the New York Yacht club having the matter in charge has informed Mr. Lawson in the most courteous language that unless he agrees to fly the New York Yacht club flag at the truck of the Independence by transferring some interest in his boat to a member of that club he cannot enter the craft in the trial races. Up to the present time Mr. Lawson has refused to do this, and it is understood that he informed the committee of his refusal more than a week ago.

From the talk in yachting circles here, it is believed that the Boston owner still has an opportunity to change his mind and his friends are urging him to make either C. H. W. Foster or Charles Francis Adams, Jr., a part owner of the Independence, thereby bringing the Independence within the conditions imposed by the New York Yacht club.

What Mr. Lawson hopes to do now is to prove to the world that his boat is the fastest American craft afloat. She will have the opportunity of testing her speed qualities against the Constitution and Columbia at Newport early in July and possibly later in some of the races along the sound. If the Boston boat does prove to be superior in particular of speed, then Mr. Lawson believes that public opinion will compel the yacht club to allow him to enter his boat in the trial races and compel her selection as the vessel to defend the cup against the challenger.

WOMAN MADE FORTUNE.

Located Coal Field and Sold at Big Profit.

Philadelphia, May 23.—Miss Martha Walk, who presides over the Northern Home for Friendless Children here, is a financier of no mean repute. Years ago she read that the future would find the coal supply exhausted, and as a reward for her memory and her activity in locating new coal fields she is richer today by a fortune of between $350,000 and $400,000.

Miss Walk remembered a region in Indiana county that she had known in her girlhood, which she felt positive ought to produce the black diamonds. Acting upon this belief she communicated with Col. John W. McCaughey, of Indiana county, and interested him in her scheme. The colonel went over the territory, but did not grow enthusiastic. His lack of enthusiasm did not deter her, and, securing a week's leave of absence in February last, she went up to Indiana county. Notwithstanding the disagreeable weather she went over the land in five townships, examining the formations and sampling the rock found. Within a week she satisfied herself that coal of the best quality and in enormous quantities lay hidden beneath the snow. Within another week she had options upon 20,000 acres in the heart of the district, and her friends became interested in about 40,000 acres more, all secured at the option price of $30 to $40 an acre. The lands lay in Young, Blacklick, Center, White and Armstrong townships.

Getting her options in good shape she returned to Philadelphia and proceeded to market them. A number of New York operators became interested. Surveyors were sent into the region, a syndicate was organized, with a result that it took Miss Walk's 40,000 acres off her hands at an advance of $10 an acre, and is negotiating for a second lot which she controls.

The BILIOUSTINE

A clever satire which originally appeared in

BERT LESTON TAYLOR'S "Line-o-Type or Two" Column

on the editorial page of the CHICAGO TRIBUNE, attracting wide attention. Every reader acquainted with the East Aurora output will enjoy reading and want to possess a copy of this unique booklet.

Fra McGinnis and the Boy Grafters will be famous the world over. Send at once if you wish to own a copy. They will quickly command a premium.

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AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Friday and Saturday, May 24 and 25.

CHAS. H. YALE'S

Kaleidoscopic Mechanical Spectacular Surprise,

THE EVIL EYE

Or, The Many Merry Mishaps of Nid, and the Weird, Wonderful Wanderings of Nod.

Management of the author, Sidney R. Ellis, with all its wealth of novelty and sumptuous surroundings. Great cast, including Chas. A. Loyle, Mayme Mayo, Tommy Elliott and the Brothers Borani, the famous Phaser Troupe, the wonderful Electric Ballet. All the marvelous features and novelties which have made this play and production.

Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

ARE YOU WORN OUT?

Mull's Grape Tonic

Will revive and build you up.

Makes Brain Power.
Gives Strength and Elasticity to the Muscles and richness to the blood.
Promotes Good Health.
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Makes the old young.
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Grapes, Fruits and health giving Herbs are combined in Mull's Grape Tonic, the only remedy of its kind and accepted above everything else in the treatment of General Debility — Overwork—Profound Depression and Exhaustion and the ills attending a worn out and run down system.

Thousands of men, women and children attest to its goodness and laud it for its wonderful curative powers.

You are invited to test its merits. Get a large bottle for 50c, almost as large as the $1 size of other remedies. One bottle is sufficient for the test. Every dose is worth a dollar to your health. Yours truly,

YOUR DRUGGIST.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer relieves the body of all aches and pains. Rub it on or drink it. 25c.

BAD TASTE IN YOUR MOUTH

A Coated Tongue Cured with Cascarine.

That bad taste in your mouth, bad coated tongue, that sallow complexion, means that your liver and stomach are out of order and that you need for your system a tonic laxative. If you have gas on the stomach, why not cure it? Some of these days it will ruin your health by causing some dangerous disease. That uncomfortable feeling in your stomach and abdomen causes your headache, your vomiting and your depression. "That feeling," if you allow it to continue, will make you an invalid for life, and no remedy will do you any good. Cascarine will cure you if you will follow the directions on the bottle, and you will be on the road to recovery in a short time. Cascarine is made from roots, herbs, barks, plants and berries, nature's true remedies. It stimulates the secretions, improves the appetite, purifies the blood and tones up the system in general. Don't take pills or tablets for your troubles; they are very injurious. The stomach is too delicate an organ to take remedies that gripe and upset it. Remember Cascarine is pleasant to take and will agree with you. It cures constipation, dyspepsia, stomach and bowel complaints. At your druggist, 50 cents per bottle. Rea Bros. & Co., manufacturers, Minneapolis, Louisville and New York.

We will send free to any address a valuable booklet on diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels and one week's sample treatment, for 10 cents in stamps to cover postage.

WILL BE SPIRITED

Contest For Superior Street Paving to Be Lively.

A Number of Duluth Contractors Figuring on It.

Something of Specifications That Have Been Prepared.

The bids for paving Superior street with vitrified brick will be opened next Monday by the board of public works, and will be submitted to the council that evening for action. There will undoubtedly be a large number of contractors who will put in figures on the work, and the city will not want for competition. A number of the city contractors are figuring on the work, and some from outside the city are expected to make a try for it.

There are some contractors who have thought the time a little short for getting figures in, but most of them make no complaint and say that there is ample time to get figures. There are a number of manufacturers who are anxious to get the contract of furnishing the brick, and they are furnishing prices to the contractors. It is said that about four concerns have already been represented here. The prominence which the Galesburg, Ill., concern has taken by reason of the trip of the aldermen to that city and other points, does not mean that the manufacturers of that city will have any monopoly of the situation. A Canton, Ohio, brick concern is anxious to furnish the brick and is in a position to give close figures by reason of having a lake haul, which means a cheaper freight rate than can be obtained by those companies which have to depend on an all rail haul. It is the freight rate which bars out many of the companies which might otherwise compete. The St. Louis companies, for instance, cannot get in because of the rate. There are several concerns at Des Moines, Iwa, that are anxious to get in on the Duluth contract, and they will undoubtedly be able to get a freight rate that will enable them to.

The contractors who are figuring on the work unanimously pronounce the specifications for the work which have been prepared in the city engineer's office to be very complete and exact in every detail. They say there cannot possibly be any chance of misunderstanding or confusion with respect to any feature of the work, so comprehensive and clear are the specifications.

The brick is to be laid with a Portland cement filler. This will make the pavement practically a solid sheet, although the grooves between the bricks will not be filled up to the height of the brick. This operation of filling the crevices with Portland cement will make the work much slower than otherwise; that is, traffic on the street will be interrupted for a considerable period. The specifications require that the pavement shall be left for from ten to fourteen days after the filler is put in before it shall be used. It is probable that the contractor who does the work will be required to do one side of a block at a time; that is, he will be required to pave from the center of the street railway track space to the curb line on one side of a block and have that ready for use before he tears up the other side.

It is also specified that the contractor shall work in harmony with the street railway company, which will at that time be replacing its present track with a new one. The character of the track which the company will lay is indicated by drawings. They show that the old ties will all be taken up and a bed of concrete put down on either side, in which the rail will be laid. A stringer of 3-8-inch iron will hold the rails at the standard distance.

The city has also provided for determining the exact cost of the pavement between the street railway company's tracks. It is specified that the company is to take up its ties and place the concrete foundation in that part of the street in as good condition as that on the balance of the street. The contractor is to specify in his bid the cost of paving the street railway portion of the work and that of paving the balance of the street. This will make perfectly clear the street railway company's share of the cost.

During the progress of the work it is possible that street railway traffic on Superior street will be interrupted somewhat, though the company will make an effort to delay traffic as little as possible. It is hardly possible to lay a concrete bed and new rail, however, without some delay and inconvenience.

Every Dollar...

WE GIVE

the printer tells something to your profit. Every Piano we name is named because it is worth naming—every price we print is given because worth printing. Every offer we make is worth making—it's worth telling you. Today it's the

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You can depend on a Piano that we are willing to guarantee.

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Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

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COMPANY C

Present Large Company at the Annual Inspection.

Company C put up a remarkably good inspection at the Armory last evening. Capt. Little presented a company of fifty-five enlisted men and three commissioned officers. There was only one man absent.

The company did unusually well and the members, as well as many friends, will wait anxiously for the ratings of Capt. Price, the assistant inspector general.

Yesterday afternoon Capt. Price inspected the company quarters, books and equipment. He said afterwards that he found everything in perfect order.

Last night's inspection finished the work with the Duluth companies. Capt. Price left at once for St. Paul. The officers and enlisted men are well pleased with his system of inspection as well as the man himself. He is one of the oldest and most able officers of the guard. He was a member of the examining board when Maj. F. E. Resche went before it to take his caxmination for the second lieutenancy of Company C.

First May Music Festival.

2—Grand Concerts—2.

High School Auditorium, Wednesday and Friday evenings, May 29 and 31.

Admission at either concert 25 cents.

Reserved seats 25c extra.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE EVIL EYE."

The operatic extravaganza, Charles H. Yale's "The Evil Eye," under the management of the author, Sidney B. Ellis, will be here Friday and Saturday evenings. This year the forces have been supplemented by the engagement of a number of very strong drawing cards, and Mr. Yale has gone into the field for comic opera for several of his stars. A noted composed has revised the pretty music of "The Evil Eye" and has added several new numbers, which have already been very widely praised. The new songs will be sung by Miss Mayme Mayo, Charles A. Loder, Miss Lora Lieb, Charles Flynn and the great Phasey troupe.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

THE BOOKS SHOW IT

County Records Indicate Healthy Condition of Duluth Realty.

Comparison With Serious Situation of a Few Years Ago.

This Summer Will See All Back Taxes Settled.

"There is not a better indication of the healthy condition of Duluth and of Duluth real estate," said a county officer yesterday afternoon, "than that offered by the county's books. Four or five years ago, before the first forfeited tax sale, conditions at the court house were frightful. You will remember that in those days taxes were higher than they are now. They were getting higher every year and, as they piled up more and more, property fell out of line and quit helping to keep the city, county and school district going.

"Several big corporations owning real estate were making a practice of fighting taxes on one pretext or another. Every year they put in answers and fought the taxes in the courts on various ingenious pretexts. Attorneys were kept busy figuring out these pretexts, and while none of them were upheld by the courts, some of them were a credit to the ingenuity of the attorneys that devised them.

"In those days holders of real estate were losing their grasp and letting property go for taxes. There was a constantly growing list of property that had absolutely quit paying taxes, and that was not expected to resume right away. The more property failed to pay taxes the greater the expense of collection and the greater the share of property that continued to pay. This thing was going in a vicious circle that was crowding more property out of the paying list and adding more taxes upon paying property every year. The delinquent lists were prodigious, and they grew to be larger than the paying lists.

"Then, just in the nick of time, things changed. The forfeited tax law was passed, and this permitted the cleaning up of the heavy taxes on a large amount of property. Before the sale the county board made an offer by which much property was cleaned up up to date. This left money in the treasury. The balances in defunct banks, which had been carried as an asset, were cleaned off the books and charged up to profit and loss.

"Then, when the taxes were becoming a little less mixed, things generally began to pick up here. Slowly there grew a demand for Duluth real estate again, that has had a slow but steady growth for a couple of years, and that is still growing. The demand for property made owners anxious to clean up the taxes. They were cleaned up. When all back taxes were clear, it was easy to keep up the current taxes, for when all property was paying the expenses had a larger distribution, and was, therefore, lower on each individual property.

"Now conditions are completely changed. The two forfeited tax sales that are coming this summer will completely wipe off the books practically all back taxes. Current taxes are being paid right up to the handle, and except a few lots in worthless additions that are not paid, the collection amounts to practically the whole levy. The demand for property keeps up this condition, and from a condition of chaos order is almost completely attained."

An Athletic Meet.

The field meet of the Northern Wisconsin Interscholastic Athletic association will take place at Ashland, Wis., on Saturday, and the athletic management of the West Superior high school has arranged for a special train over the Northern Pacific road to convey the Superiorites. About 100 are going from the Superior schools, and the matter has been taken up with the members of the Duluth high school, many of whom have signified their intention of attending the event. The special train will leave the Duluth Union depot about 6:15 Saturday morning. On the return trip the train will leave Ashland about 7:30 o'clock in the evening.

Band Concert and Dance.

The Third infantry band, formerly the Duluth City band, will give its annual concert and dance at the Armory next Tuesday evening. There will be a concert during the early part of the evening, and the band will render a number of fine selections, and afterward there will be dancing.

Leave your orders for floral designs for Memorial Day. Prices that cannot be duplicated.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Special notice.

In addition to these Bargain Friday specials we continue the sale inaugurated for Thursday and advertised in Wednesday's Herald.

BARGAIN FRIDAY.

Ladies' fine hosiery.

Ladies' Hermsdorf Black Cotton Hose---medium weight and double sole--high spliced heel--extra long--excellent selling stockings at 25c--Bargain Friday the price will be--- 17½c

Art dept.

Battenberg Braid in the Art Department--piece of 36 yards--Bargain Friday ----- 30c

Drug department.

Dupont's Cold Cream--splendid for Sunburn, tan and freckles--25c jar Friday- 15c

Kirke's Violet Water--50c size Bargain Friday---------- 35c

Euthymol Tooth Paste--special Bargain Friday---------- 15c

Coke's Dandruff Cure--$1.00 size Bargain Friday---------- 67c

Cudahy's "Rex" Beef Extracts--50c jar Bargain Friday---------- 35c

Kirke's Green Oil--25c jar Bargain Friday---------- 17c

Cream Lucca Olive Oil--one-half pint bottle Bargain Friday ---------- 18c

Notions.

Spool Silk in black only--A. B. C.--regular 5c spool--Bargain Friday two for ------- 5c

Button Hole Twist in black only--Bargain Friday 6 for---------- 5c

Pin Sheets--neatly put up--all sizes--sell regularly at 10c a sheet--Bargain Friday 5c

Adamantine Pins--Nos. 2, 3 and 4--always 2c a paper--Bargain Friday---------- 1c

Book department.

Elizabeth and her Garden; Soldiers of Fortune; The Adventures of Francois; Under the Red Robe; Sentimental Tommy; Barabbas; Sherlock Holmes; Choir Invisible; The Merry Men; The Gadfly; Agatha Webb; Hon. Peter Sterling; The Sowers; Celebrity; Prisoner of Zenda; all of them cloth bound—published at 75c; Bargain Friday---------- 40c

Basement.

Fancy glass salads, vases, rose bowls, jelly dishes, celery vases—all tints and combinations of tints—a table full of them—choice Bargain Friday at, each---------- 25c

Bread Knives—"Quick cut" bread knives made of steel with black enameled handles—one to a customer Bargain Friday at each 5c

Colored taffetas.

69c black and colored Taffeta Silks—Bargain Friday ---------- 39c

Linings.

Glove finished Cambrics—best quality—Bargain Friday---------- 3½c

Huck towels.

Huck Towels—hemmed and red borders—100 dozen—12½c quality—limit 1 dozen to a customer—Bargain Friday at each---------- 8c

Summer corsets.

Summer corsets with fancy colored straps—new straight front effects—French models—daintily edged with lace—short over the hips—2 side steels—75c value—Bargain Friday at only---------- 25c

Stationery department.

1000 packages of 5c envelopes--square or oblong shape--small or large--Friday----- 3c

Writing Tablets--a large and fine quality paper--selling regularly at 15c--Friday-- 7c

Ladies' sailor hats.

Ladies' Sailor Walking Hats, Children's Caps and Straw Sailors--new goods and best styles worth up to $1.50--Bargain Friday on Bargain Counter No. 1-- at----- 95c

Men's fancy shirts.

Men's Fancy Summer Shirts --counter stock --soft bodies-- attached collars and cuffs or detached cuffs--slightly soiled from handling--but just as good a shirt as can be bought anywhere at 75c and $1.00--no exchanging--Bargain Friday---------- 29c

New shirt waists.

Made of fine silk finished Scotch Ginghams--trimmed and tucked--soft collars--Bishop sleeves bought to sell at $2.00--on sale Bargain Friday at------ ---------- $1.49

Muslin underwear.

Women's Muslin Gowns, trimmed with embroidery and lace--empire style--best of make and full generous sizes---69c value--Bargain Friday---------- 49c

Oil cloth.

Oil Cloth for floors; worth up to 35c a yd., in pieces 1 to 10 yards; per yard---------- 17c

Wash goods.

Beautiful Cotton Challies—handsome summer colorings and patterns—Bargain Friday; a yard---------- 3c

FOR FARGO.

Commercial Travelers to Leave---Band Goes With Them.

There is nothing slow about the Duluth commercial travelers. Two hundred of them leave for Fargo this evening on a special train. They are not only traveling in style, but they are taking the Third Infantry band with them.

The special train will consist of three sleeping cars, a buffet car, a chair car and a combination baggage car. It will leave the Union depot at 5:30 tonight in charge of Cal Stone, assistant general passenger agent of the Great Northern road. The run to Fargo will be made with as few stops as possible and it may be in record-breaking time. The special will pick up two additional cars at Crookston and Grand Forks.

After the convention of the commercial travelers in Fargo the Duluth special will start for home Sunday morning. Dinner will be served at Bemidji and the travelers are expected back in this city on Sunday evening.

The regular delegates from the Zenith council to the travelers' convention are: P. J. Reimer, W. M. Donaldson, Henry Gujer, and A. H. Overman.

MACHINISTS.

Those at Superior Have Asked For More Pay.

So far as can be learned there has been no intimation of a strike among the local machinists in sympathy with the machinists' strike now going on all over the country. The only demand that has been made for increased wages in any of the shops at the head of the lakes is said to have been made by the machinists in the round house of the Eastern Minnesota company, at West Superior. Some days ago these machinists demanded an increase from $2.50 per day to $3.25 a day, which wages the men say the Great Northern company is paying in its round houses farther west. The machinists in the round house have no organized union, and up to the present the company has made no reply to the request. In the Eastern Minnesota company's car shops the machinists are being paid $2.80 per day, and there has been no demand for an increase. Most of the men in the car shops are members of the union.

SOUTH DAKOTA CROPS.

Some Need of Rain But Not Urgent.

The report for the week ending Monday of the South Dakota crop service is as follows:

"The temperature during the week averaged considerably above the normal and the last four days were quite warm in the afternoon; several nights were also warm. The rains that occurred were local and mostly light, but some limited localities received good showers. There are scattered localities in the middle and northern and Black Hills counties where rain is needed, but the need is not pressing except in the Black Hills and some middle Missouri valley counties, though a good general rain would be beneficial.

"Generally, wheat, oats, barley and rye are in thrifty condition and stooling nicely, with good color, but some scattered fields are weedy. Winter rye is heading in southern counties, which is considerably ahead of the time of heading last year.

"Corn planting is nearing completion, and in some southern counties this work is about finished. The early planted is generally up and growing, but in the dry localities the late planted awaits more moisture for germination. In most eastern localities growth was rapid the latter part of the week.

"Flax and millet seeding are well advanced, and the early sowing of both crops is showing well."

ELECTION.

Jay Cooke's Water Power Company Holds Annual Meeting.

At the annual meeting of the St. Louis Water Power company in West Superior yesterday, the old board of directors and officers were elected. The directors are as follows: J. M. Butler and H. Harding, Philadelphia; M. S. Bright, H. S. Butler and James Bardon, Superior; Charles A. Coxe, Carlton; James McIntyre, Eau Claire; Henry E. Butler, Philadelphia; Frank E. Kennedy, Duluth. At a subsequent meeting the directors elected J. M. Butler, president; C. A. Coxe, secretary, and James Bardon, general manager. Aside from the election of officers little business came up at the meeting.

The improvement by the Weyerhaeuser people at Cloquet for the purpose of using the St. Louis river water power for the motive power of the paper mills at Cloquet has nothing to do with the power owned by Jay Cooke, and the developments intended by the Weyerhaeuser syndicate do not contemplate any transmission of power to Duluth or Superior. The Weyerhaeuser syndicate has formed the St. Louis River Power and Improvement company, which is capitalized at $100,000.

AT SCHOOLS.

G. A. R. Veterans Will Hear Exercises---Memorial Day Program.

In all the city schools tomorrow there will be appropriate Memorial day exercises. Lessons in patriotism will replace the ordinary program of study. The school rooms will be decorated, and veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic will visit each institution. At the high school the Memorial exercises will begin promptly at 9 o'clock in the morning. In the other schools the hour set for the exercises is 2 in the afternoon.

The following is a revised detail of the civil war veterans assigned to the various schools:

High school—C. Evans Holt, C. W. Farrington, M. W. Bates, Rev. S. P. Long, S. F. White.

Washington—Jacob Laux, J. H. LaVaque, W. B. Phelps.

Jefferson—Col. C. H. Graves, Robert J. Clemens, R. W. Mars.

Endion—M. W. Bates, Asa Dailey, J. D. Holmes, L. Robinson.

Franklin—William H. Smallwood, William H. Stuntz, E. A. Tyler.

Jackson—H. C. Osterhaut, Rev. S. P. Long, E. G. Chapman.

Bryant—Rev. J. Kimball, William S. Woodbridge, John Gates.

Emerson—U. A. Burnham, J. N. Barnard, F. W. Streeter.

Adams—J. O. Milne, J. R. Randall, J. G. Forward, H. H. Hawkins.

Madison—William A. McDonald, J. W. Bull, A. N. Hopkins.

Lincoln—William G. TenBrook, D. W. Scott, C. W. Harvy.

Webster—S. F. Boyce, William F. Davy, L. W. Palmer.

Oneota—F. H. Barnard, J. H. Triggs, J. G. Robinson.

Longfellow—C. T. Clement, Robert Stone, George K. Swan.

Irving—C. D. Farrington, J. C. Cook, William S. McCormick, C. S. Weaver.

Monroe—S. W. Clark, J. B. Flack, H. C. Helm.

Glen Avon—William P. Strickland, C. Evans Holt.

Duluth Heights—S. F. White, Frank B. Miller.

Park Point—H. C. Kendall, George W. Danielson, Amos Daniels.

Fairmount—B. H. Smith, R. D. McKinley, W. W. Scott.

Smithville—Nicholas Hettinger.

New Duluth—M. H. Miller, Andrew Wilson.

Fond du Lac—Jonas Strause, D. W. Bishop.

Lakeside—V. S. Wilkinson, Charles McNamara, James A. Grey.

Lester Park—S. W. Higgins, O. H. Lucken.

Colbyville—Thomas Brian, Durgan Evans.

Last evening arrangements for the observance of Memorial day, May 29, were practically completed by the committee of the G. A. R. Rev. Harry Knowles, of the West End, will be the orator of the occasion. The exercises will take place in the Armory in the morning at 10:30. The following program will be rendered:

Music ..... Band.

Grand Army Ritual Memorial Service In charge of U. A. Burnham, commander W. A. Gorman post.

Music ..... Quartet.

Reading—"Lincoln's Memorial Address" ..... F. H. Barnard.

Music ..... Quartet.

Address—"Speaking for Spanish-American Veterans" ..... Rev. S. P. Long.

Music ..... Band.

Address ..... Rev. H. W. Knowles.

Music ..... Quartet.

At the First Methodist church next Sunday morning, there will be special memorial services attended by the G. A. R. and auxiliary organizations in a body.

AT CASS LAKE

Plans to Celebrate the Fourth---The School Election.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—A mass meeting of the citizens of Cass Lake was held at Strawbridge hall Tuesday afternoon, to decide whether or not the village should have a celebration on July 4. A. G. Bernard acted as chairman of the meeting and H. E. Reed was secretary. The sentiment of the meeting was that the village should appropriately observe the day. With that end in view the following committees were appointed, the same to have full charge of the affair: A. G. Bernard, chairman; H. E. Reed, secretary-treasurer; finance committee, A. Lessard, F. W. Smith and Mayor James Cardle. It is the intention of the committee to have two or more brass bands in attendance from outside points, and one of the principal attractions of the day will be a baseball game, for which a purse of $25 will be hung up for the winners. Steamboat and rowboat races, log-rolling contests, swimming matches, etc., the whole to conclude with a magnificent display of fireworks, will be included in the program of the day.

The special meeting of the electors of school district No. 3 (which includes only the organized portion of the village of Cass Lake), to elect a board of education for the district, was held at Strawbridge hall Tuesday evening. There was a warm contest for membership on the board, and after the votes were counted it was found that the following had been elected: C. C. Hastings, B. A. Strawbridge, C. E. Leeman, J. F. B. Nells, William Redmond and Joseph W. Robinson. This board will serve till the annual meeting, which will be held in July.

COMING WEST.

Land Commissioner Hermann to Visit Duluth Next Month.

Washington, May 23.—Binger Hermann, commissioner of the general land office, will make his annual trip West next month. The commissioner said today that it was his purpose to visit the Duluth and Crookston land offices, and also spend a day or two in St. Paul.

It seems to be settled that Hermann is to retain his position, since he has secured the personal backing of Senator Mitchell. Had it not been for Hermann's candidacy for senator before the Oregon legislature, Mitchell would not have been elected. Hermann made a shrewd move in deadlocking the legislature and making Mitchell's election possible. The latter, who has served eighteen years in the senate, is a strong man, and the administration will need him. Hence he is in a position to ask and obtain Hermann's appointment.

Schlitz

beer is the beer of civilization. Go to any part of the earth where mankind values purity, and you will find Schlitz beer is the recognized pure beer.

For fifty years the Schlitz agencies have followed white men's conquests.

They are twenty years old in South Africa.

Schlitz beer was famous in Siberia before a railroad was thought of.

When Japan and China first began to awake, Schlitz beer was advertised in their newspapers.

Almost as soon as Dewey captured Manila 216 carloads of Schlitz were sent there.

Today Schlitz agencies so dot the globe that when it is midnight at one it is noonday at another.

The quality by which Schlitz beer has won distinction has been its absolute purity. Every physician the world over will recommend Schlitz, the beer that made Milwaukee famous.

'Phone 355, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Ave., Duluth.

The Beer of Civilization

Do You Travel?

IN-ER-SEAL

With a supply of biscuit in an In-er-seal Patent Package, a man may start from torrid Florida; cross the dusty plains of Texas; climb the snowy mountains of Colorado; brave the drought of the great American Desert; follow the rainy Pacific to frozen Alaska and in the Klondike make a meal on fresh, crisp biscuit. Wherever you go you can have your biscuit fresh and crisp if you get them in the In-er-seal Patent Package.

When you order Soda, Graham, Long Branch, Milk and Oatmeal Biscuit, Vanilla Wafers, Ginger Snaps and Saratoga Flakes, insist on getting those which come in the In-er-seal Patent Package. Don't take a substitute. Look for the In-er-seal trade mark design at the end of the box.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Do You Know

JELLYCON

Makes delicious dessert? No cooking, no baking, only a minute's labor. Delicious flavors — Lemon, Orange, Peach, Strawberry, Raspberry, Wild Cherry (delicious with cold meats.)

WHEAT IS ERRATIC

Has a Sharp Bulge Early and Then a Decline.

Cash Demand Strong and Considerable Wheat Worked.

Damage From Hessian Fly In Ohio and Indiana.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 23.—The wheat market ruled quite strong during the early part of the session this morning, although there was practically nothing in the news to cause such a condition. About the only bullish piece of news was a report that damage by Hessian fly has been caused to the crop in Ohio and Indiana. On the other hand the cables were of an indifferent character. Liverpool closing unchanged to ½d lower, and there were liberal rains in the Southwest were the winter wheat crop has needed moisture. The cash demand was the strongest feature of the market and this undoubtedly gave its firm tone. The news from Germany, too, was somewhat bullish. New York reported 53 loads of wheat worked for export. At Duluth, 6 loads were worked. Later in the morning the market turned weak and declined as sharply as it had advanced. The weakness in corn at Chicago made its influence felt in wheat, too. There was more talk today of a New York interest in wheat. News from Kansas is of a varied character. One day the crop is enormous, and the next, only half that of last year. This wire was received from Topeka today:

"Kansas record-breaking crop of wheat is made. Expert grain men agree the total yield will not fall short of 100,000,000 bus, 20,000,000 over last year. Harvest will begin in Southern Kansas about June 10, and will continue till July 15. About 15,000 extra men will be employed."

Referring to the growing wheat crop and reports of damage by drouth and insects, the Modern Miller has this to say:

"Farmers can suffer a moderate decline in the condition of the plant and still harvest one of the largest crops ever raised. If the present promise is maintained and if the wheat is safely harvested, it will mean an output that must bring down the prices of wheat and flour to about the lowest ever experienced. This will assure a big trade to American millers as they will be in a position to compete successfully for the world's trade."

Primary receipts of wheat were 280,196 bus, last year, 380,355. Shipments, 763,114; last year, 256,628. Clearances of wheat and flour were 173,788 bus.

There was fairly active trading in futures on the Duluth board. July wheat opened unchanged at 74⅞c, sold at 74⅝ at 9:46, advanced to 74⅝c at 10:30, eased off to 74⅛c at 11:25, reacted to 74¾c at 12:20, and closed at 74⅞c, a decline of ¼c. Chicago declined ⅜c and Minneapolis, ¼c.

Cash sales were but a few cars, and the July price was paid.

Corn at Chicago was very weak today and the May option took a great drive downward, going to a full cent under the July price. Billips was a liberal seller of May. The May price opened at 47½c, and sold down to 43¼c. July closed ⅜c off.

May flax closed 1¼c up at Duluth today. Rye was of ½c. Other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77¼c; to arrive, 77¼c; May, 77¼c; September, 75¾c. No. 2 northern, cash, 74½c; to arrive, 74½c; May, 74¼c; September, 70¾c; July, 74½c. No. 2 northern, 70¼c. No. 3 spring, 66¼c. Oats, 29½@29⅝c. Rye, 54c. Flax, cash, $1.74½c; to arrive, $1.74½c; May, $1.74½; September, $1.31; September Northwestern, $1.32; October, $1.30. Corn, 41¼c; May, 42c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 43; oats, 4; rye, 5; flax, 17. Receipts—Wheat, 12,131; corn, 766; oats, 285; flax, 15,894. Shipments—Wheat, 313,317; corn, 132,256; barley, 30,684.

SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 hard, wheat, 1 car	$ 0.77¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	74⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	74⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	74¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72⅝

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Developed an Unaccountable Strength.

Chicago, May 23.—Wheat developed strength today for which the news could not account, cables being indifferent and the crop in the full enjoyment of liberal moisture. July opened unchanged to ¼c lower at 73½@73⅝c, advanced to 73⅝c, sold off to 73½@¾c and then rose to 73⅞c. Ohio and Indiana made claims of damage from Hessian fly. Local receipts were 30 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 266 cars, against 198 last week and 433 a year ago.

After touching 73⅝@74c, July declined to 72⅞@73c and closed ⅜c lower at 73½c.

Corn ruled quiet and easier on receipts and favorable weather. July opened ⅜@½c lower at 44½@44⅝c, sold off to 44@43⅝c, rallied to 44¾c and again declined to 44¼c. Receipts were 724 cars, 282 of contract grade. May was neglected, opening ½c lower at 47¾c and selling to 46c.

Corn close was weak, July ¾c lower at 44¼c and May, ⅜c down at 43¼c.

Oats were affected by the corn easiness. July opened ¼c lower to unchanged at 28⅝@28⅞c and cold to 28½c. Receipts were 284 cars.

Provisions were dull, but steady in sympathy with a strong hog market. July pork opened 5c higher at $14.82½; July lard 2½@5c up at $8.17½@8.20, and July ribs 5c improved at $8.06.

Close, wheat, May, 73⅞c; July, 73¼c. Corn, May, 43¼c; July, 44¼c. Oats, May, 29½c; July, 28⅜c. Pork, May, $14.67½; July, $14.72½; September, $14.70. Lard, May, $8.15; July, $8.10@8.12½; September, $8.12½. Ribs, May, $8.27½; July, $7.95@7.97½; September, $7.92½. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.48; No. 1, $1.48; May, $1.48; September, $1.30; October, $1.26. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 75@75c; No. 3 red, 71@75c; No. 2 hard winter, 74¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 73@73½c; No. 1 northern spring, 74¾@75¾c; No. 2 northern spring, 74¾@75¾c; No. 3 spring, 70@73¾c. Corn, No. 2, 43½@45c; No. 3, 42@44c. Oats, No. 2, 29½@29c; No. 3, 29c. Rye, No. 2, 52c; July, 52c. Barley, cash, 49@53c. Timothy, September, $3.42. Clover, cash, $9.50.

PHILLIPS CLOSES OUT.

Chicago, May 23.—After many weeks of inflation May corn today sold at 43c a bus—5c lower than yesterday's close. The decline was under liquidation by Phillips who disposed of 3,500,000 bus in the pit, believed to represent the last of his holdings.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 23.—The wheat market sould up early to 74c on light offerings and some crop damage reports. The latter, however, were not sufficient to sustain the advance. These unfavorable reports are coming mainly from the eastern half of Kansas. They are said to be due to the development of Hessian fly. There are a few scattered reports also from Indiana expressive of apprehension from the same cause. As we have repeatedly called attention to the fact that the Hessian fly was in the wheat last fall and that presence covered pretty much the whole winter wheat section we are, of course, on the lookout for the appearance of damage from that cause. So far, we dont think it sufficient to become an important factor, but the spring is backward and it takes warm weather to develope them. The next two weeks ought to tell the story. The sentimental reports and good export business, 66 loads being reported taken. The official German report is said to indicate a wheat crop of forty millions and the crop of France 40 million under the average. This report had but little effect on foreign markets.

The tone of the corn market was weak. The continued large arrivals and the uncertain feeling in regard to the condition of out inspection which led the directors two days ago to declare the receipts of one home large again, frightened the longs and created a selling pressure in May corn. Receipts continue large and the market is without support. Liberal export business has been done at the decline.

Oats were lower than yesterday's close. Market quiet and steady. The easiness is in sympathy with corn.

Provisions were steady and firm. There is a squeeze in May ribs with deliveries on May contract so far small. Receipts of hogs, 30,000; against 75,300. Shipments meats 1,839,000, against 1,000,000; lard 906,000, against 1,377,000; pork 66, against 958.

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	437,900	39,967
Philadelphia	40,000	42,300
Baltimore	35,050	
Toledo	4,350	4,100
Detroit	4,950	
St. Louis	28,000	67,000
Boston	261,530	39,703
Chicago	54,000	281,000
Milwaukee	25,000	1,800
Minneapolis	157,140	19,000
Kansas City	48,000	59,200
Duluth	12,131	313,317

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork July.
Open	28¾	44½@44⅝	$14.82
High	28⅝	44½	14.82
Low	28¼	44	14.70
Close	28⅜-¾	44¼ B	14.72

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

July—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	74⅝A	73¾-¼	73½@73⅝	79¼
High	74⅞	73⅝-¾	74	79½
Low	74⅝	72	72⅝	78⅜
Close	74⅛B	72⅛-¼	73¼A	79A
September—				
Open	71B	69¾	69⅞	76¼
High	71	69½	71	76⅜
Low	70⅝B	68⅝	70¼B	75¾-⅞
Close	70⅜B	68⅞	70½A	76A

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, July wheat, 71⅞c bid to 71⅜c asked.
Calls, July wheat, 73½-⅝c to 72½c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 72⅜c bid.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 23.—Close, wheat, May, 80½c; July, 79. Corn, May, 49¼c; July, 48½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 23.—Close, wheat, quiet, unchanged to ¼d lower. July, 6s 11¼d; September, 5s 10¾d. Corn, quiet, ¼@½d lower. July, 3s 10¾d; September, 3s 10⅞d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 23.—Close, wheat, cash, 72½c; July, 72⅛@¼c; September, 68¾c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 23.—Cattle receipts, 9000; actice, 10@15c higher; butchers' stock, steady; Texans, steady; good to prime steers, $5.30@6.00; poor to medium, $4.25@5.20; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.00; cows, $2.90@4.70; heifers, $2.90@4.90; canners, $2.10@2.90; bulls, $3.00@4.40; calves, $4.25@5.50; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.40; Texas bulls, $2.75@3.50. Hogs receipts, 29,000; tomorrow, 22,000; left over, 3325; active, strong, to 5c higher; top, $5.50; mixed and butchers, $5.05@5.37½; good to choice heavy, $5.30@5.50; rough heavy, $5.05@5.25; light, $5.00@5.35; bulk of sales, $5.25@5.37½. Sheep receipts, 14,000; steady; good to choice wethers, $4.40@4.65; fair to choice mixed, $4.15@4.40; Western sheep, $4.40@4.65; yearlings, $4.50@4.75; native lambs, $4.50@5.85; Western lambs, $5.00@5.35. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 16,240; hogs, 40,823; sheep, 17,925. Shipments—Cattle, 3171; hogs, 6850; sheep, 1223.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report trade steady and active. Heavy team horses constituted the bulk of the outlet at strong prices. Drivers and delivery horses moved likewise satisfactory. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@185
Drafters, choice	135@ 150
Farm horses, extra	115@ 140
Farm horses, choice	100@ 125
Farm horses, common to good	65@ 75

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112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
Local Stocks, etc.—			
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	123
First Nat. Bk. Superior	100	...	96
Parry Sound Copper	1	.45	...
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	31	...
Copper Crown of Ariz.	1	.25	...
Zenith Oil Co.	1	.12¼	
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	...
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Pennsylvania Iron and Steel Co.

Stock For Sale.

Marcus W. Bates, 4 Ex. Building.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Thursday, May 23.

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. **Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Cloudy	58	48	.16
Campbell	Cloudy	68	40	T
Crookston	Cloudy	70	50	.26
Detroit City	Cloudy	62	48	.0
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	64	49	.42
Montevideo	Cloudy	68	52	.32
Minneapolis	Cloudy	69	50	.30
New Ulm	Cloudy	68	52	.34
Park Rapids				
Winnebago City	Cloudy	68	44	.12
Worthington	Cloudy	70	52	.18
Devils Lake	Cloudy	68	50	T
Langdon				
Larimore	Cloudy	62	46	.04
Lisbon	Raining	66	50	.01
Pembina	Cloudy	66	50	.02
Aberdeen	Cloudy	70	44	T
Millbank	Cloudy	70	52	.04
Mitchell	Raining	84	54	.30
Redfield	Pt cldy	76	54	.08
Bismarck	Cloudy	76	52	.0
Duluth	Raining	49	41	.52
Huron	Pt cldy	70	54	.20
La Crosse	Cloudy	64	52	.64
Moorhead	Cloudy	62	52	.06
St. Paul	Cloudy	60	54	.20
Winnipeg	Cloudy	72	52	.14

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. **Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	23	70	54	.06
Columbus	18	74	52	.0
Des Moines	12	74	54	.30
Indianapolis	11	74	52	.0
Kansas City	17	70	54	.50
Louisville	11	76	54	.0
Minneapolis	18	68	50	.14
Omaha	13	74	54	.16
St. Louis	12	73	60	.04

REMARKS.

Copious showers fell in all districts except the Ohio valley. Cooler weather prevails over the greater portion of the Minneapolis district.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T Indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market: in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	19½@		20
Creamery, tubs	19	@	19½
Dairies, fancy	16	@	17
Dairy, fair	14	@	15
Packing stock	11	@	12
EGGS.			
Fresh	11½@		12
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	12	@	12½
Twins, full cream, old	11	¾	12
Full cream, young America	13	@	
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@		13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	12	@	
Primos	6	@	6½
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	19	@	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@		13
Golden rod	15	@	17
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 10	@	2 15
Common, hand-picked, bus	1 90	@	2 00
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	14		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS			
Strawberries, 24-quart cases	2 75	@	3 00
Apples, eating	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
California lemons	2 00	@	2 50
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@	4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7	@	7½
California navel oranges	3 00	@	3 25
Seedling oranges	2 50	@	2 75
OLD VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10	@	12
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	45	@	48
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
New Florida celery, bunch	1 00	@	1 25
Mushrooms, per lb	45		
Lettuce, per box	75	@	1 20
Green onions, per dozen	20		
Green peas, per bus	1 75		
Pie plant, per lb	1½@		2
Cucumbers, hot house	90	@	1 00
Spinach, bus	50	@	60
Radishes, round, per doz	25	@	30
Radishes, long, per doz	25	@	30
Asparagus, green, per doz	50	@	75
Pineapple, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Tomatoes, per basket	50	@	65
Egg plant, per doz	2 50		
Beets, per dozen bunches	70	@	75
Carrots, per doz bunches	75		
Turnips, per doz bunches	70	@	75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	2 50	@	3 00
Wax beans, per box	2 25	@	2 50
New potatoes, per bus	2 00	@	2 25
Cauliflower, per doz	1 50	@	2 00
Mint, per bunch	25		
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@	3 75
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½@		4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Chickens	11	@	12
Turkeys	10	@	11
Ducks	10	@	12
Geese	8	@	9
MEATS.			
Mutton	8½@		9
Lamb	9	@	9½
Veal, good	8		
Veal, fancy	9		
Beef, dressed	6½@		7½
Hogs	5		
Pork loins	9		
BRAN AND SHORTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots sacked	50		
Oats, car lots sacked	31		
Hay, upland	15 00		
Hay, timothy	17 00		
Feed, No. 1	18 00		
Feed, No. 2	18 50		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 23.—Butter firm; creamery, 14@15½c; dairy, 11@15½c. Cheese, dull; twins, 9@9¼c; young Americas, 10@10½c; cheddars, 9c; daisies, 9c. Eggs, fairly steady; loss off, cases returned, 11c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 23.—Butter, receipts, 6106 packages. Steady. Creamery, 15@19c; factory, 11@13c. Cheese, receipts, 6769 packages. Dull. Fancy large colored, 7½@8c; fancy large white, 8¼@8½c; fancy small colored, 8½c; fancy small white, 8¾c. Eggs, receipts, 12,398 packages. Steady. Western ungraded, 11½@12½c; Western selected, 13@14c.

The unprecedented, successful results accomplished by Rocky Mountain Tea is due to the fact that it never fails to cure them that use it this month. 35c. Ask your druggist.

DECLINES IN STOCKS

Followed Early Strength Owing to Selling By Tired Holders.

Weakness of Erie Kept the Market Under Its Influence.

Closing Weak and Showed Wide Losses on the Day.

New York, May 23.—Opening prices of stocks showed strength for most of these that were strong in yesterday's market. Others showed fractional declines. Change did not reach a point in any case and dealings were small except in Erie, in which first sales were of 8000 shares at 41½ to 41, compared with 41¾ last night.

Erie maintained its dominant position in the market and blocks of 1000 to 5000 shares changed hands frequently on the up grade, the price rising to 42¾. The first preferred sold 1¼ above the opening, while the second preferred ruled 1½ over yesterday's close. Other coolers rose in sympathy. Lackawanna gained 8 and other coolers over a point. A demand for sugar, Biscuit, Amalgamated Copper, Pressed Steel Car, Metropolitan, Toledo, St. Louis & Western, and Colorado Southern, first preferred, caused quick advances of 1 to 2 points. Northern Pacific sold 11 points higher at 171 on one transaction of 100 shares. Railroad stocks were quiet and the grangers and trunk lines were heavy.

Southwestern became more active and higher when Missouri Pacific was marked up to 103¾. Not much impression was made on prices of other railroad stocks. Rallies reacted below 42 on offerings by the traders, but worked up to near 43 before noon. Single blocks of 5000 to 8000 shares were recorded. Some of the specialties were under pressure, including Lead, Linseed, Consolidated Gas and United States Steel. Consolidated Gas rallied to 1½ above yesterday. Northern Pacific soured to 166 on purchases of 100 and 200-share lots with variations of from 4 to 10 points between sales. A break of 1½ in Canada Pacific unsettled the market before noon. Bonds were firm.

The apathy of the demand for stocks brought selling from tired holders in which professional bears joined. Erie dropped 2¾ below the best and prices generally touched the low point of the day. Declines in a number of important stocks reached 2 to 3¼ and Chicago Great Western preferred lost 3¼ and leased preferred and Lackawanna 4 each. Northern Pacific sold at 205. Missouri Pacific rallied quite strongly and Continental Tobacco advanced 2¾, from the early low level. The continued weakness of Erie kept the market under its influence. The closing was moderately active and weak and showed some wide losses on the day.

STOCK.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Sugar	148	148¾	146	146
Amalgam. Copper	115½	117½	115	115
Tobacco	126	126⅝	126	126
Atchison com	78	78⅝	77¾	77¾
Atchison pfd	99¾	99¾	97	97
Brooklyn Transit	76¾	76¾	75¾	75¾
C. M. & St. P	161⅞	162½	159¾	160
C. B. & Q	196	196	196	196
Erie	41½	42⅜	39⅝	39⅞
U. S. Steel com	44⅜	44⅝	43½	43½
U. S. Steel pfd	93¼	93⅝	92½	93¼
B. & O	104	104	102¾	103½
L. & N	102½	103	101½	101½
Manhattan	114	115¼	113¾	113¾
Missouri Pacific	101	103¾	103½	103½
N. P. common	171	205	171	205
N. P. preferred	97½	97¼	97¾	97½
People's Gas	115¼	115½	113¾	113¾
Rock Island	154¾	154¾	152½	152¾
Southern Pacific	47⅞	48⅜	46¾	47
T. C. I	56½	56½	56¾	56¾
Leather preferred	13¼	14⅜	13¼	13⅜
Union Pacific pfd	88¾	88⅞	88	88
Union Pacific com	102¾	103	100½	100¼
Western Union	92½	92½	92	92
Great Northern	178	178	178	178
Wisconsin Central	21⅞	21⅞	20	20
Great Western	23¾	23¾	22	22
Southern Railway	29⅝	30	29	29

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Buying Suspended In London Stock Exchange.

London, May 23.—The stock exchange committee for general purposes decided today to suspend the buying in of Northern Pacific shares until July 10.

The Northern Pacific decision was arrived at, partly to give the bears an opportunity to settle, and partly, with the idea that the Morgans and Hugh Hogan & Co., will arrive at some arrangement prior to June 10, by which the cears will be allowed to settle satisfactorily. Clinton H. Dawkins, a partner in the house of J. S. Morgan & Co., pointed out to a representative of the Associated Press, how hard it was for the dealers, to find the original bears, that he thought the extension of time might be regarded as being a practical advantage to those interested, as small quantities of stock probably will dribble in before June 10 and possibly many of the bears should be able to make terms. He said he knew nothing of an pending arrangement between his firm and Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and this seemed the view of the other leading houses.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14	14½
Allouez	2¾	3
Anaconda	49	50
Arcadian	16	17
Amalgamated	116½	...
Arnold	2½	3
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	30	32
Baltic	41	42
Bingham	23	23½
Boston and Montana	430	435
Butte and Boston	109	
Calumet and Hecla	820	830
Centennial	28½	28½
Centennial Eureka	29	30
Copper Range	49	50
Cochiia	6	6½
Dominion Coal	34	35
Elm River	4	4½
Franklin	16½	17½
Humboldt	30	50
Isle Royale	16	16½
Mass	15¾	16
Michigan	6½	7½
Mohawk	37½	38
Mayflower	1¾	2¼
Old Dominion	31½	32
Osceola	87	88
Parrot	58	59
Quincy	165	175
Rhode Island	4	4½
Santa Fe	7	7½
Tamarack	325	330
Tecumseh	1¾	2
Tri-Mountain	43½	44
Trinity	31½	32
United States	19⅜	19½
Victoria	4	4½
Wolverine	56¼	57
Washington	25	50
Wyandot	1¼	1¾

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 23.—Money on call 4@4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83¾@4.83½ for demand and at $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83@4.83½. Silver certificates nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59¾c; Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¾; 3s registered and coupon, $1.09; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.37½; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.13½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.05¾.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 23.—Cotton opened steady, unchanged to 1 point lower, with July at 7.65. Immediately after the call there was a rise to above last night's closing on covering. But as Liverpool and New Orleans did not respond the buying quickly subsided and July fell to 7.60 and August to 7.18. Then a fresh covering movement developed which rallied prices to the opening basis in a few minutes. Liverpool turned firm and rose rapidly to the best level of the day. Reports concerning the July "deal" were still very vague and unsatisfactory. Trading was chiefly for the account of the "talent" with July shorts at times very much alarmed over their unenviable position.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 8¼c; middling gulf, 8¾c; sales, 93 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. May, 7.67; June, 7.69; July, 7.74; August, 7.24; September, 7.04; October, 6.97; November, 6.96; December, 6.95; January, 6.96; February, 6.97.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, May 23.—Consols for money, 94; for the account, 94 1-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 23.—Bank clearings, $28,557,561; balances, $2,267,235; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, 15c premium.

AT CLOQUET.

Truant Boy From Indian School at Tower Is Captured.

Cloquet, Minn., May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The superintendent of the Indian school at Tower, Oliver H. Gates, was in Cloquet yesterday looking up a truant scholar. He found him and started back to the school with him, very much against the will of the boy and the parents' wishes. It seems the boy left his home last summer and went to the school without the consent of his parents. He complains bitterly of harsh treatment and insufficient food received at the school.

Dr. Robert Forbes, presiding elder of the Duluth district, M. E. northern conference, passed through here yesterday on his way to Floodwood to hold a quarterly conference.

Work on the Brooks-Scanlon new mill is being pushed rapidly. The first floor is completed and today they commenced raising the second floor. It is expected that sawing will commence in September. In another year this Cloquet suburb will have a population of 500 souls. In this connection it may be added that William Dunlap, the old pioneer of Carlton county, and late Cass Lake hoomer, has returned to his first love. William has platted a quarter section or so of land owned by him near the new mill site, proposes to move his store and stock from Cass Lake onto the new addition and make a second fortune. He says that property in Cloquet is his property in St. Paul, because it pays four times as much interest on the investment, and so considers himself a public benefactor in allowing outsiders to participate in his profits.

Isaac Sumerfield was a visitor in Duluth Tuesday.

John O'Brien's 7-year-old boy is very sick with bronchial trouble.

Little Harry McKinnon, the eldest son of our village president, is under the weather with tonsilitis and kidney trouble.

I. Munler, the shoeman, made a fly-ing business trip to the Zenith City yesterday.

The High Schol cadets drilled Tuesday evening. The boys look soldier-like in their new uniforms and make a creditable appearance on the parade ground.

Free rural delivery for the Midway district will be an accomplished fact in the near future.

FLOOD LOSS.

High Waters Do Great Damage In Eastern Tennessee.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 23.—Floods pouring into the Tennessee river from the swollen streams of upper East Tennessee caused the former to reach a stage of thirty-three feet above low water mark. This is the highest stage in twenty-six years. Having received notice thirty-six hours beforehand, the river men were able to protect themselves from serious loss. Many industries along the river front will suffer, however, and all the lowlands are submerged. This, together with the stoppage, temporarily, of traffic, will entail quite a loss. Authenticated reports from the northeastern part of the state show that thirteen lives were lost.

The financial loss was heaviest at Elizabethtown, where nearly 100 homes were destroyed, causing losses amounting to $250,000. At Watauga the damage is estimated at $150,000.

Fifteen costly bridges of stone and steel were swept away.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 23.—Damage to the Knoxville division of the Southern railroad, by the floods, proves more disastrous than at first reported. Communication to the East, by way of Asheville, is expected to be established today, however. The Tennessee river is above the danger line at all points east. Many manufacturing plants here and at other points will be forced to close down. Corn and wheat crops have been completely ruined.

SUSTAINED CLERK.

A Decision In Celebrated Pennsylvania Case.

St. Paul, May 23.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Late yesterday afternoon the supreme court announced its ruling on the motion of the Montana Ore Purchasing company to require the clerk of the court to approve the $35,000 additional bond furnished by the Delaware Surety company in the celebrated Pennsylvania case, sustaining the action of the clerk in disapproving the bond. The court also ordered that the respective parties to the controversy may present additional reasons, if any, to the court why the court should or should not approve the bond, fixing Monday next at the time for hearing.

FINANCIAL.

OLDEST! SAFEST! BEST!

WALL STREET

Money Will Earn Big Monthly Returns.

The Investor's Fund pays semi-monthly

The oldest established in America. No certificate holder has ever lost a cent. Payments made to all subscribers every 15 days. No trouble. No delay. Money refunded on demand. Write today for particulars, free to any address.

C. F. MACKEY & CO., Hudson Building, New York.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Tug Tempest Was Sunk In Ashland Harbor.

A Bad Jam of Grain Vessels In the Duluth Harbor.

Eighteen Boats Awaiting Cargoes and More Are Coming.

The tug Tempest, of Duluth, was sunk in Ashland harbor this morning, and Fireman Jones had a narrow escape from drowning. The siphon became plugged and the tug filled with water and sank while moored to the Commercial dock. Fireman Jones, of Escanaba, was aboard asleep, and he went to the bottom with the tug. He was rescued from his perilous position in the hold by friends.

JAM AT ELEVATORS.

Gale and Press of Boats Makes Grain Loading Slow.

There is a jam of vessels awaiting grain cargoes in the harbor, and it will probably continue until the northeast gale lets up. Today there were eighteen vessels in port for grain cargoes, and more were expected

SUBSCRIPTION ISSUE CLOSING.

We will close our

3 CENT

subscription issue of stock at

6 o'clock p. m. Saturday, May 25

Thereafter no stock will be sold for less than

5 CENTS!

Parties desiring to secure stock at our subscription price should write or call at once. All parties who have spoken for stock in this issue must pay for and secure certificates before the date above given.

Nevada Paraffin OIL COMPANY,

318 West Superior Street. St. Louis Hotel

QUESTION OF WAGES

Enters Largely Into the Iron and Steel Trade.

Machinists' Strike If Extended May Curtail Foundry Operations.

Trade However Continues Excellent at Present Time.

Cleveland, May 23.—The Iron Trade Review this week says: The machinists' strike may have an important influence on the iron and steel situation, though at this writing it cannot be measured. Reports given out from the union machinists' headquarters at Washington indicate only temporary interruptions at many points, but at Cincinnati, Milwaukee, Philadelphia, Dayton, Ohio, San Francisco and at the machine tool centers of New England, a very considerable number of men are on strike, and trade prospects are that of some of these points the shut downs may be drawn out.

Foundry operations will be curtailed if the product of the foundries cannot be finished, and to that extent there will be a reduction in the consumption of pig iron while the struggle lasts. Coupled with the recent disturbance in Wall street, the machinists' strike will accent the quietness that has come upon the iron market in the month, and may prolong the waiting mood of buyers.

Wage questions are coming up for settlement in the foundry trade also, and within a few weeks the rolling mill scales in bar sheet and tin plate mills, governed by the Amalgamated association agreement, will be matters of conference between makers and men. Demands for increased wages are in the air, and the immediate future of the iron trade will turn upon the spirit in which the wage situation is met. If advances are made in rolling mill wages, manufacturers will be inclined to hold present market prices, but, as always, consumption and productions will be the arbiters of prices, unless consolidations and pools should be unwise enough to attempt to make the market by main strength.

Leaving out contingencies referred to, the situation at the moment finds its strength in the enormous consumption in progress, having at its base the unusual prosperity of the railroads and agricultural implement manufacturers. Both trades and industries bid fair to have a continuance of the large demand upon them, in view of the excellent character of crop reports up to this time. Car orders continue to be of large volume, and there is no sign that the railroads can lessen the scale of their equipment purchases for months to come.

Gentlemen!
QUALITY
When you buy your next cigar be sure our Red Box Trade Mark is on the box it comes in.
WINECKE AND DOERR'S
RED BOX
GUARANTEES QUALITY
The above trade mark insures the smoker against poor cigars. All good cigars have it on their labels. Ask your dealer for a cigar guaranteed by our trade mark.
TAKE NO OTHER.

THE REPORT

Made By Colonel Mills Concerning the West Point Cadets.

Washington, May 23.—The following is the report of Col. A. L. Mills, superintendent of the West Point military academy, upon which was based the action of the secretary of war dismissing the five cadets and suspending six others for a year. Col. Mills says:

"I have the honor to report that at dusk on the evening of April 16, 1901, immediately after the dismissal of the battalion of cadets on its return from supper, a large number of cadets became engaged in an insubordinate demonstration directed at the superintendent of the military academy. The demonstration took place in the main sally port of cadet barracks; then in the area of the barracks; in the sink, on the plain, north of barracks, and finally in front of the supper quarters. It consisted of cheers, ending with the names of two recently punished cadets, several profane yells directed at the superintendent, and the removing of the reveille gun from its accustomed place to a position on the plain in front of the superintendent's quarters, at the door of which the muzzle was pointed.

"The pretext for this demonstration was a punishment awarded Cadet Robert R. Ralston, second class, in orders published at parade that evening. The actual cause, as established by the testimony of cadets under oath, taken by a board of officers convened the following morning, and which has made a long and exhaustive investigation into the affair, was the resentment of a group of insubordinate cadets of the second class at measures taken by the superintendent to enforce the law forbidding hazing.

"When the civilian candidates reported at the military academy for the March entrance examinations, it became evident that members of the fourth class were disposed to improperly interfere with them. On March 1 Cadet J. B. Richardson was detected molesting one and was punished. On March 27, 1901, Cadet Lieut. Myron S. Crissy, second class, was punished for 'bracing' fourth class men in the manner condemned in the report of the congressional investigating committee, in session here last winter. On April 18, 1901, Cadet Robert R. Ralston, second class, was punished for a flagrant neglect of duty.

"The evidence taken before the board shows that the group of cadets referred to, resenting the first and second of the above punishments, began to engage in secret meetings, in which the superintendent's actions were criticized and condemned, ugly terms were applied to him before other cadets. The evidence shows that the demonstration was first proposed in the ranks at parade, immediately after the order punishing Ralston was published, by three cadets prominent in the group, and the arrangements for it were completed in the mess hall at supper.

"I have read carefully all the evidence taken by the board of investigating officers. It supports the findings and shows that considerable has yet to be accomplished to implant in cadets the essentials of good discipline when matters concerning the proper treatment of new cadets are concerned. This is a task which has engrossed my attention for many months and in endeavoring to attain the desired end and secure from cadets a reasonable regard for the obligations under which they serve, the measures resorted to have covered the several fields of personal representation and persuasion, published orders and warning punishments of different grades of severity. Punishments also which have seemed to have accomplished the end in view have been invariably remitted for dismissal been invariably remitted when the fact became plain."

The superintendent then gives the names of cadets recommended for dismissal and suspension and adds:

"Of these cadets those belonging to the second class have all been prominent in the subordinate group of cadets to which reference has been been made. Cadets Gimperling and Hawley were engaged last summer with other cadets of the third class in a disrespectful demonstration against an officer. The punishment awarded the participants was remitted on the voluntary expression of regret from the class for the matter and its promise to abstain for the future from such affairs.

"With reference to the other cadets who participated in the affair adequate punishment can be awarded them here. Many undoubtedly had no intention of being insubordinate in their action and each will be dealt with accordig to his conduct, taking this fully into consideration.

"There are other subjects, such as class meetings and similar matters which the evidence and findings show require attention. These will receive careful attention here and other steps will be taken within the powers of the superintendent to break up class organizations as factors in discipline. The main issue, however, is clear and has no particularly new phases. It is simply a reaction within the present second class which perpetrated the hazing outrages of 1899, and in which the turbulent element, always strong in it, has gotten control of the better element—a fact which has been materially aided by the removal of the restraining influences of the first class by its early graduation. The fact, also, that the second class was on furlough last summer, and has not, therefore, had the benefit of going through a camp where violent hazing did not exist, has made it possible for the insubordinate element to control the whole class.

"I believe it is necessary for the discipline of the corps of cadets that the leaders in the insubordination be separated from the academy for good. To permit them to remain under any promise of reformation would, in my judgment, be a mistake and might involve very serious consequences. The academy cannot afford to have any repetition of hazing or other outbreaks. The present demonstration plainly exhibits among its leaders a total lack of appreciation of their responsibilities and obligations, entirely inexcusable among cadets finishing their third year at the academy."

CLAIMS SHE WAS LIBELED.

Young Lady Pictured In a Corset Advertisement.

New York, May 23.—Miss Helen Grantley, by her counsel, Leon Laski, today began suit in the supreme court against Weingarten Bros., manufacturers of corsets to recover $50,000 damages for alleged libel. The plaintiff sets forth in her complaint that the defendant company published and circulated a picture of her which was used to advertise their corsets.

The advertisement, Miss Grantley said, consisted of "A three-quarters size picture of a woman in a partial state of undress, being colored so that her arms were bare and her underskirt and corsets were visible and exposing parts of her bosom, which picture included the head and face of the plaintiff herein, and which picture was intended to, and did convey to the public the idea or impression that it was a picture of the plaintiff herein, taken in such state of undress.

KEPT SECLUDED.

Peculiar Vow Taken and Observed By a Widow.

New York, May 23.—Mrs. Hester S. Thorp, a widow of 72 years, who died of old age at Fushing, L. I., faithfully observed a vow she took soon after her marriage, at an early age, never to go out of her front gate. She would go out in the small garden of her home, but nothing could induce her to go near the fence and look up and down the street. Although railroad trains and trolley cars ran within a few blocks of the woman's home, she never saw either. She never saw the town hall, built in Flushing nearly half a century ago. Her husband died about a year ago, leaving an estate xalued at $4000 and most of it went to relatives in Mount Vernon.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

PROFESSES INNOCENCE

Widow of Dr. Joseph Barnes Denies Serious Charges.

Not Implicated In Poisoning of Her Insane Husband.

Conspiracy to Get Life Insurance Alleged By Prosecution.

Jacksonville, Ill., May 23.—Mrs. Mary Barnes, widow of Dr. Joseph Barnes, who is supposed to have been poisoned in the insane hospital here, has arrived in the city from Edina, Mo., in the custody of an officer.

Mrs. Barnes, who is a professional nurse, was engaged in nursing a sick woman in Edina when arrested. She is charged with having guilty knowledge of her husband's death. She professes innocence. Ferguson, the negro who is supposed to have administered the poison to Dr. Barnes, is in jail here. The woman denies all knowledge of the negro or the manner or cause of her husband's death.

The theory of the prosecution is that there was a conspiracy to obtain the $3000 insurance on Dr. Barnes' life.

Joseph Barnes died May 7 after a series of severe convulsions, about a half hour after the departure of a stranger who had called to see him. The nature of the convulsions was entirely different from those resulting from insanity, and aroused the suspicion of the attending physician. Previous to the post-mortem a careful examination was made of the room in which the deceased had seen the stranger, a colored man from Quincy, who gave the name of William Winn, and who bore a letter of introduction purporting to come from Mrs. M. E. Hill, of Monticello, a sister of Mr. Barnes.

The letter contained a request that Mr. Barnes be allowed to see the negro, who was an old friend of the family. As is always done in similar cases, the visitor was allowed an interview of perhaps half an hour. He was then let out of the visiting cell and departed. Nothing was suspected until after the death of Mr. Barnes, when the visiting cell was examined. The letter which the negro brought and which purported to come from Mrs. M. E. Hill, sister of Mr. Barnes, is beyond question a forgery.

DESERTER.

Left Spanish Army But May Be Returned and Shot.

New York, May 23.—A deserter from the Spanish army to avoid fighting the Americans in an unjust cause and a wanderer for three years in consequence, Juan Viadin Maya finds himself on Ellis island in peril of being deported by the laws of the country for whose sake he had suffered so much. If he is returned to Spain he will very likely be shot as a deserter.

Maya came here on the French liner L'Aquitaine from Havre, but he came as a stowaway, and it is under this charge that he is held on Ellis island. It is hoped by the authorities there that some way may be found to permit his landing in America. Maya is a rosy-cheeked, dark-haired, dark-eyed chap, aged 27. He was born in San Andres de Patomar, Spain, of poor parents.

He joined the army and was attached to the first company of the First battalion of Aragon, garrisoned at Barcelona. He had served three years almost, when, in 1898, he heard that his battalion was to be sent to Cuba to fight the Americans.

"I did not wish to fight against the Americans," he said. "I did not think the cause of Spain against the Cubans a just one, and I believed the Americans were right in interfering. I had a furlough soon after the news of our going to Cuba came and I took advantage of it to desert.

"Last January I went to Paris on foot, suffering much privation on the way. I had saved 325 francs, which would have taken me to New York, if I had come then, but I wanted to earn more and come in good shape. I could not get work and my money dwindled.

"When I reached Havre finally I had only 15 francs left. But I had heard much of the war in the Philippines and thought to enlist in the American army. I stowed away, but was found last Thursday in the round up of the steerage passengers.

"The officers were kind to me. The captain ordered that I be allowed to remain with the passengers, but be not allowed to escape in New York.

"I hope, oh, I hope, they will not send me back. I came here to fight for America. Surely America will not send me to death—the death of a deserter."

PROBATE JUDGE CHARGED

By Attorney With Alienation of Wife's Affections.

Coshocton, Ohio, May 23.—The filing of a suit in the court of common pleas, wherein George Helter, an Indianapolis attorney, charges Probate Judge Thomas C. Roche with alienating his wife's affections, and asks damages in the sum of $20,000 has created a sensation in social circles. The woman has signed a confession. The couple were married in 1894 and have no children. Helter was formerly a school teacher, when he married Miss Louisa Stocker, of Port Washington. He was a buggy salesman, and later was admitted to the practice of law in Indiana. The recreant wife has gone to the home of her mother in Tuscarawas county.

CABLE FLASHES.

The British battleships Caesar and Empress of India and the second-class cruiser Gladiator were ordered to Salonica Wednesday afternoon. It is rumored that the departure of the warships is in connection with the postal difficulties between the ambassadors of the powers and the government of Turkey.

Count Von Waldersee, in a dispatch from Pekin, says Li Hung Chang having decided to take energetic action against the Boxers along the line of demarcation, his generals are now operating in conjuction with Gen. Bailloud and Capt. Knoerzer.

Munoz Rivera, the financial leader of Porto Rico, sailed on the steamer Philadelphia for New York to establish in that city a paper which will defend the island's interests.

The affliction from which Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian dramatist and poet, has recently been suffering, is now diagnosed as partial paralysis of the larynx. His voice is practically gone. He walks, using a cane, with much difficulty and speaks only a few words consecutively. His general health is now improving, but he requires complete rest.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 3.
At New York—New York, 2; Pittsburg, 1.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 1.
At Brooklyn—First game, Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 4. Second game, Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 6; Washington, 5.
At Chicago—Philadelphia, 9; Chicago, 5.
At Detroit—Boston, 9; Detroit, 5.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Omaha—Kansas City, 9; Omaha, 8.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 13; Denver, 3.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 3; Colorado Springs, 1.
At Des Moines—St. Joseph, 10; Des Moines, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cincinnati	26	15	8	.652
New York	19	12	7	.632
Philadelphia	25	14	11	.560
Pittsburg	23	12	11	.522
Brooklyn	23	11	12	.478
Boston	20	9	11	.450
St. Louis	25	10	15	.400
Chicago	28	10	18	.357

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	25	17	8	.680
Chicago	24	16	8	.667
Baltimore	17	11	6	.647
Washington	20	13	7	.650
Boston	19	9	10	.474
Milwaukee	23	8	15	.348
Philadelphia	21	7	14	.333
Cleveland	25	7	18	.280

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	18	14	4	.778
St. Joseph	17	10	7	.588
Minneapolis	17	10	7	.588
St. Paul	18	10	8	.556
Col. Springs	17	8	9	.471
Omaha	17	6	11	.353
Denver	17	6	11	.353
Des Moines	17	5	12	.294

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Phillip Jack was drowned at the St. Paul Boom company's boom in the Mississippi river, near Pike's island, Wednesday. The young man was working among the logs when he dropped his pick. He jumped into the water to get it and landed between some logs. Before he could be aided he was forced under the water and drowned.

A steel and wire company was organized at Kokomo, Ind., not controlled by the steel trust. It has a capital of $1,500,000, and will construct a plant to employ 1500 operatives. All the shares have been taken.

Jones Lonsaway, a teamster, shot and killed Frank Riley, shipping clerk at the Russell, Morgan & Co.'s printing works at Cincinnati Wednesday afternoon. The shooting was deliberate and without warning, Riley being fired on while at work.

According to advices from Dawson of May 16, received by the steamer Cottage City, arriving at Port Townsend, the Yukon river, at Dawson, is clear of ice. On the afternoon of the 14th thousands of people were attracted to the river front by the cracking ice, which was heard for miles. The scene was awe inspiring, and business in Dawson was suspended.

Mayor Jones of Toledo, while attending police court, attempted to make a statement while another witness was on the stand, and the police judge promptly called the mayor to order and informed him that he was clearly in contempt of court.

Mrs. Maria Shuler, of Des Moines, will go to New York next month to prove herself the sister of Millionaire William Marsh Rice, who was recently murdered by his valet, Jones. Mrs. Shuler is a washerwoman. She has been in the business twenty-five years and is 75 years old.

WOMAN'S BEAUTY
Is her pride—and why not—is there anyone who does not admire a beautiful woman? Little does the average mortal know though what makes her grow old, lose her color, become wrinkled and cease to be attractive while still in youthful years. The true cause is this: the nervous system which feeds the tissues—provides energy to the entire body and promotes the circulation and digestion—loses its force through want of proper nourishment, and the beauty, health and strength of woman or man, begins at once to fade away.

PALMO TABLETS

restore the nerves to their proper functions, enabling them to rebuild the wasted tissues, and to thus restore the lines of grace, youth and beauty too. This remedy acts quickly, and in a few days produces a feeling of strength and buoyancy which is not obtained in any other way. Try Palmo Tablets for loss of weight, appetite or nerve vigor. It does the work.

Fifty cents per box, 12 boxes (guaranteed to cure), $5.00. Mailed anywhere. Send for Free Book.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Relief for the Gentler Sex

"Mother's Friend" is a special friend during the nine trying months before childbirth. It is a simple liniment of marvelous power, and, by its relaxation of the muscles, allays all nervousness, relieves distressing headaches, cramps and nausea.

It is a blessing in a bottle, robbing confinement of all its pain.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by all responsible druggists at $1.00 per bottle. If it cannot be found, we will send it by express prepaid anywhere in the United States upon receipt of price.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

We publish a book on "Motherhood" that every one of the gentler sex can have mailed free upon request.

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. **Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.**

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 767—Zenith

212 W. Superior St

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excess, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation. Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate, every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. $5 a box, 6 for $25 by mail. 50 CENTS

Imparts vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Restores small, undeveloped or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. A written guarantee, to cure Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES."
GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

THE LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

Operates the Finest Passenger Service in the South. The equipment is up to date, the road-bed without any equal and the time the fastest. Through trains of magnificent Coaches and Drawing-room Sleeping Cars between

Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville or St. Louis and Memphis, New Orleans, Pensacola, Jacksonville and St. Augustine.

Through the historical and scenic regions of Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida.

For descriptive matter, time-tables and maps, address

C. L. STONE, Gen. Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 7th AVE W. & MICHIGAN ST.

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 18, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Stewart, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Fanny S. Stewart, of said county,

It is ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth in said county on the 22nd day of October, 1901 at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 18th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
(Seal.) Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-9-16-23-1901.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles B. Benson, as Executor of the last will and testament of George E. Benson, Deceased, Plaintiff,

vs.

Daniel G. Willard, Lizzie T. Willard, William D. Willard, Louise R. Willard and Anna M. Willard, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 13th day of April, 1901, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the first day of June, 1901, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered seventy (70), West Second street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds, in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated April 17th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By VICTOR DASH,
Deputy.

McGIFFERT & HUNTER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-18-25-May-2-9-16-23-1901.

Every Afternoon at 5 The Herald is Sold by Newsboys on the Streets of West Superior

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

For Sale

WEST END.

$800—5-room house West 1st street.
$800—5-room house West 1st street.
$1200—5-room house West 2nd street.
$1300—7-room house West 1st street.
$1350—5-room house West 2nd street.
$1800—7-room house West 3rd street.
$1850—6-room house West 4th street.
$1000—30-foot lot on West Michigan st.
$1200—30-foot lot on West 3rd street.
$350—25-foot lot near West 3rd st.

FOR RENT.

Building on Michigan street, 3 stories and basement, heavy construction; has elevator and boiler for heat and power—suitable for manufacturing or commission.

Small building on West Michigan street, near Garfield avenue; store room on street level, and rooms above, $12 per month.

Modern residence, 1429 East Second street—nine rooms and bath, hardwood finish, hot water heat; gas and electric lights and city water, $40 per month.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

DISCUSS TAXATION

(Continued From Page 1.)

keeping down the nominal valuation. The separation of state from local revenue, the selection of different sources of revenue for each, of which I trust you will hear much more. Is the only avenue of escape, which is even now being sought for by our most progressive commonwealths.

But it is about personal property that the chief controversy rages. The change from the tangible personality of an earlier stage to the intangible personality of modern society has resulted in the gradual disappearance of personal property from the tax lists. We can help sympathizing with the farmers? Their personality is tangible, and they thus pay not only their own share but that of others as well. But although we sympathize with their complaints, can we approve of their remedy? The attempt to enforce the taxation of intangible personality has been tried again and again. It's only result has been to produce not revenues, but dishonesty. The enforcement of the personal property tax is converting us more and more into a nation of perjurers.

But if the personal property tax is unworkable and practically inequitable, is there not a method of reaching the owner of personality in an indirect manner? Here again our foremost commonwealths are pointing out the way. If you cannot reach the personality of a living man, you can reach that of a dead man. If you cannot reach the intangible property of the security holder you can reach the corporation which issues the security. We shall, I trust, hear much of the inheritance tax. I pass it by with the simple mention that here also are important questions to be solved; shall the inheritance tax apply to direct relatives, as well as to collaterals, shall the rate be proportional or progressive, and finally, shall the federal government continue, as it now does, to interfere with one of the growing resources of the commonwealths?

With the corporation tax we come to the knottiest part of the subject. How to make the corporation pay its share of the taxes, and yet not to burden it unduly, is the question of questions. Here the difficulties seem to be multiplied. To mention only a few of the points: What is the franchise of a corporation, and how shall it be estimated? Shall earning capacity or other criteria form the test of taxable ability? Shall we seek a method of assessment which, even though only roughly approximate, shall be certain, or a method, which while not subtle and delicate, involves arbitrariness? Shall all corporations be treated alike, or shall different classes be taxed at different rates? Shall pure business corporations be exempted or favored? Shall foreign and domestic corporations be assessed in the same way? Shall interstate corporations be treated according to a uniform rule? These are only a few of the points on which light must be thrown before we can even approach a satisfactory solution of the problem.

And finally, even though we may come to some understanding as to the principles and practice of the inheritance tax and the corporation tax, we are still confronted by the question whether some additional substitutes for the decaying personal property tax must not be provided. We must study the question of business taxation in general, and conclude how far a tax on the business man is really a tax on the purchaser; and how far the license system of the Southern states is to be regarded as a model or a warning. We must investigate the problem of the occupation tax, and decide as to how far a tax on the residence ocenied by the city man may not be considered a fair evidence of his ability to contribute to the local burdens.

Let us approach the problem in a spirit not of fanaticism, but of fairness.

May this meeting of the North and the South, of the East and the West bring about a dissemination of knowledge and a better understanding. May the labors of this conference be crowned with success and lead to a permanent organization which will keep before each one of our states the larger aspects of the problem and thus hasten the time when interstate comity and agreement will take the place of he present distrust and suspicion—when the present spasmodic and makeshift efforts at reform will give way to a movement based on the higher standpoints of sound principle and mutual co-operation.

The session was devoted to the discussion of general property tax and the taxation of the farmers with papers by State Senator James R. Garfield, of Ohio, and Max West, of the United States industrial commission.

BEWARE OF AN ASSASSIN.

President McKinley Warned By an Astrologer.

New York, May 23.—Gustav Meyer, the youngest astronomer and astrologer in America, who lives in Hoboken, telegraphed President McKinley in San Francisco yesterday as follows: "Your wife will live, but guard yourself against assassins during June."

Meyer foretold the election of President McKinley in the stars when Mr. Bryan's electric light and fireworks made Madison Square Garden a blaze of glory and received a cordial letter from the president's private secretary, thanking him. Said the youthful astrologer:

"Mind you, I don't say outright that the president will be assassinated in June. The stars don't tell that he will actually be killed, but they go a mighty long way toward showing that an attempt will be made upon Mr. McKinley's life, and it is nothing but prudence to notify him of this, which I have done by wire."

Meyer predicts that Mrs. McKinley will live at least until next February, March or April, but that she will have another severe attack of illness.

DEATH OF YOUNG MAN.

Caused By Playful Slap on the Neck.

Cleveland, May 23.—Daniel R. Ditterick, aged 26 years, son of A. A. Ditterick, of 623 Wodland avenue, is dead, from traumatic meningitis, caused by a slap on the neck.

Two weeks ago Ditterick, who was a member of Battery A, Ohio National Guard, attended the regular drill, when one of his chums struck him playfully on the neck. A few days later a severe pain was felt and this became so intensified that a physician had to be called, but medical aid proved of no avail. The parents of the dead man do not blame him for the death, as he himself is almost heartbroken over the sad death.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE - REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

***$1400*—No. 1425 West Superior St.**
Full lot and small house. This is a property that will bring in a good income if improved.

***$4200*—Modern eight-room house.**
Hardwood finish — furnace heat—new plumbing. No. 1517 East Fourth St. Easy terms.

***$6000*—No. 1531 East Third Street.**
Nine rooms—hardwood finish—beautiful location—all conveniences.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Money to Loan at Low Rates.

EAST END LOTS.

$200—For a lot near the Normal school.
$400—For a lot on Center street.
$400—For a lot on Jefferson street.
$1200—For a corner lot on London road.
$1200—For a lot on East Superior street.
$700—For a lot on Fourth street.
$750—For a lot on Third street.

These lots are all 50x140 feet. Easy terms can be made if desired. For sale by

George H. Crosby,
106 Providence Building.

FOR SALE.
25-foot lot 20th Avenue W. and First St.....***$900***
Two well located corner lots W. Duluth—each...***$400***

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

SPECIAL...

To close up a partnership we offer for sale 149 shares Pennsylvania Iron & Steel Co. stock at a bargain.
Come and see us.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.
50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.
Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

$3500 Takes 8-room modern house, corner lot, in East End.
$2500 Takes 7-room modern house in East End.
$5000 Takes 11-room modern house, East End, corner, hot water heat.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 Palladio Bldg.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

FLAT—SEVEN ROOMS — STEAM heat; appointments first class.

STORE ROOM—BEST LOCATION on Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BUSINESS or residence property. Any amount and lowest rates.

FIRE INSURANCE CAREFULLY written in best companies.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

50-foot lot South Street Endion	$260
Lot on street car line and 38th Ave. W. upper side	$350
8-room house West Duluth	$600
House No. 2901 West 2nd Street	$1500
50-foot lot Helm's Addition	$475

Acre lots in West End cheap. 84 houses in all parts of the city. 10 lots on Park Point. Money to loan.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

50 Houses and Lots
for sale on easy terms.

A house and lot valued at $1000 will be sold on the following easy terms:

$100 cash.
$500 on or before 5 years with 6% interest.
$400 to be paid with a monthly payment of $12.16 a month in 3 years.

We have sold 50 other properties on these liberal terms.

Chan. Smith,
2 First Ave. W., Hunter Blk.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$1500 8-room house, city water, fine condition; Piedmont ave., near Fourth street.
$3750—strictly modern 9-room house, centrally located; this is a bargain.
Four choice corners at 28th ave. west.
$450—Lots fronting Lincoln Park, on 26th avenue west, near 3rd street.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 3, 1901. Work, first degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 27, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 12, 1901. Work, degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

D.U.L.U.T.H COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 4, 1901. Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

IMPORVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY TO CANvass city for calling cards. Address Card Writer, care Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL OR woman by the day. Good cook. 221 Sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—A FINE BEDSTEAD AND springs. 326 West Second street.

FOR SALE—1000 SHARES OF BLUE Grass Oil stock at a bargain. Address A. R., Herald office.

FOR SALE—ALL OR PART OF 5000 shares of "Alice A" stock. Address M 67, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FINE PAIR Fairbanks floor scales; capacity, two tons. Inquire 19 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT IN A new town on the iron range; centrally located; suitable for hotel, store or saloon. Address Mrs. J. M. Keogh, Sparta, Minn.

FOR SALE—CELERY PLANTS, 50 cents per 100. Jacob Dryke, Woodland.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seven room flat centrally located within walking distance of business section. For full particulars address P. O. Box 679, Duluth.

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, ALmost new, cheap. Call afternoons or evenings. 1213 East Fourth street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

VIOLIN, MANDOLIN, GUITAR, FLUTE, piano. Ch. Trautvetter. Lover Big Duluth.

WANTED--TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, ROW BOAT WITH place for two pairs of oars. B. F. Gilbert, 431 West Michigan street.

WILL BUY PINE IN ITASCA, ST. Louis and Lake counties. Maginnis & Bull, 526 and 527 Manhattan building.

WANTED—A PETERBORO CANOE IN good condition. State size. Address B 83, Herald.

MEDICAL.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First street.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 Palladio building.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 599.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT—We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Sup street Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

YOU CANNOT GUESS THE AGE OF ladies using Satin-Skin Cream and Powder, for these give to all a "sweet sixteen" complexion. Leading stores.

WANTED—FIVE GIRLS TO SEW BY machine. Call overall factory, Fifth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FIRST-CLASS skirtmaker. Apply 503 Burrows block.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housekeeping; one who sleeps at home preferred; small family. Mrs. Robert A. Webster, 514 First avenue west.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT WOMAN FOR general housework. Call forenoons. 1210 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. 1039 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Flat B, Ashtabula flats.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; no washing; one who can go home nights preferred. 31 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework for couple. Call mornings if possible. Baldwin flats—Flat 5.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings, 5302 West Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FOUR RELIABLE BOYS TO distribute small books, work one week. Apply to F. F. Gerard at St. James hotel at 8 a. m.

WANTED—AT ONCE, YOUNG MAN stenographer and to help in office. Give age, name of last employer and experience; state salary wanted. Address X. Y. Z., Herald.

WANTED—STONE MASONS AND stone cutters; wages 40 cents per hour, ten hours a day. 427 West Michigan street.

DOUBLE-ENTRY BOOKKEEPER wanted; give experience, references and salary expected. Address H 16, Herald.

WANTED—TWO GOOD, RELIABLE painters, W. W. Wheeler, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—TWO PAPER HANGERS. 325 East Eighth street.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, present complete outfit of tools, include board and guarantee good wages after only two months' practice. Catalogue and particulars free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

GOOD SALARIES — Earn good wages while learning electrical engineering. Call or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 205-206 New Jersey Building, Duluth. Open evenings.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING OR SEWing by the day. 613 West First street.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in office. Has had experience in insurance and other line of business; can furnish best of references. Address T 37, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEper and stenographer by lady with five years' experience. Can furnish reference. Address M 37, Herald.

WANTED—BY GIRL, PLACE TO DO general housework. Call or address 2832 Twenty-ninth avenue west and Huron street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS (FINLANDers), want work, either in hotel or laundry. Answer, Miss Sofia Harjc, Box 399, Eveleth, Minn.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING. C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 696.

TRAINED NURSE.

TRAINED NURSE. 327 EAST SUPErior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PASTURE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HORSE PASTURE AT Spirit Lake. Telephone 3060.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3rd st. 'Phone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

LOST.

LOST—SUNDAY, ON THE WAY TO OR inside the Presbyterian church, lady's glasses. Please return to Herald office.

LOST—SATURDAY MORNING, LADY'S umbrella between Fifteenth avenue east and high school. Call 638-3 old phone.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Articles of Incorporation OF DULUTH REAL ESTATE CO.

We, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have organized by adopting the following articles of incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Duluth Real Estate Company." The principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota. The general nature of the business of said corporation shall be to loan money upon real estate, personal or other security; to negotiate and effect loans of money for other persons and corporations for a compensation; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and certificates of indebtedness, both for itself and as agents for others; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in bonds, notes, mortgages, stock of other corporations, and other property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, release and compound mortgages and other obligations; to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, real, mixed and personal property, in the state of Minnesota, state of Wisconsin and elsewhere, both for itself and as agents for other persons and corporations; to act as agent for other persons and corporations in the management, improvement, purchase and sale of property, and in the collection of rents and revenues therefrom, for a compensation; to act as agent for fire insurance companies; and in general to perform, execute and do all and singular acts and instruments necessary and proper to be done, executed and performed in carrying on a general real estate and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of commencement of said corporation shall be the first day of May, A. D. 1901, and the period of continuance of said corporation shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in at such times and in such amounts, and in such a manner as the directors shall determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00).

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are:
Franklin J. Pulford, Duluth, Minnesota.
Calvin F. How, Duluth, Minnesota.
Benjamin W. How, Sauk Centre, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors are:
Franklin J. Pulford.
Calvin F. How.
Benjamin W. How.

Said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the office of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the second Monday in January, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m.; the time to hold all subsequent meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation and the full management of all its affairs shall be vested in the above named board of directors until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, and thereafter shall be vested in a board of not less than three or more than nine directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually by the stockholders at the annual meeting.

There shall also be the following officers of said corporation, who shall perform such duties and who shall have such power as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected annually by the board of directors at the annual meeting held immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders:
A president.
A vice president.
A treasurer.
A secretary.

Any two of said officers, except the president and vice president, may be held by the same person at the same time. The directors and said officers of said corporation shall hold their respective offices for one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

The following persons shall act as officers of said corporation until the first annual meeting of the stockholders:
Franklin J. Pulford, president.
Benjamin W. How, vice president.
Calvin F. How, secretary and treasurer.

ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into one thousand (1000) shares of the par value of fifty dollars ($50.00) each.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our names and affixed our seals this 17th day of April, A. D. 1901.

FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, (Seal.)
CALVIN F. HOW, (Seal.)
BENJAMIN W. HOW. (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in the presence of—
E. Ingalls.
Sadie McLennan.
L. H. Gray.
R. M. Clement.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

Before me a notary public within and for said county, this 17th day of April, 1901 personally appeared Franklin J. Pulford and Calvin F. How to me personally known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

EDMUND INGALLS,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF STEARNS—SS.—

Before me a notary public within and for said county, this 18th day of April, 1901, personally appeared Benjamin W. How to me personally known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and he acknowledged to me that he executed the same as his free act and deed.

A. F. KLUGE.
Notary Public, Stearns County Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMEN OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 24 day of May, A. D. 1901, at 10 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z 12 of Incorporations on page 617.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record May 10, 1901, at 11 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book M of Miscellaneous, page 622.

A. LOFGREN,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK,
Deputy.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

WILL RENT No. 1905 DINGWALL street, for thirteen months, for $169. Call at above number.

FOR RENT—GOOD SIX ROOM HOUSE with woodshed and barn, at Woodland Park. Inquire Capt. E. Brown, Winona street, Woodland.

BOARDING HOUSE FOR RENT. Address "Agent," care Herald. Immediately.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE. 2809 West Third street; strictly modern. J. H. Whitely, 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace; ten rooms. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, modern, $6. 305 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT — FRONT FURNISHED room. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO WELL FURNISHED rooms cheap. 1109 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; gentleman preferred. 2021 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM with bath. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; will allow light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM MODern, 125½ Tenth avenue east.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM WITHOUT BOARD. 725 EAST Fourth street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED—TO RENT FOR THE SUMmer; small soda fountain. Address Soda, Herald.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. Telephone 315.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a.m.
for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p. m.
for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Mgr.,
2 Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
RECORD PASSAGE 6 DAYS 20 HRS.
HIGH CLASS PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NEW GIANTIC TWIN SCREW
BOSTON and PORTLAND to LIVERPOOL.
Perfect service and table steadiness account of enormous size no steamer handsomer ships cross the Atlantic.
T. H. LARKE, GEN'L NORTHWESTERN AGENT.
127 SO THIRD ST. GUARANTY BLD'G MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	12 00 m
7 25 pm	Ar...Virginia...Lv	p.m.	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	p.m.	7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar...Ely...Lv	p.m.	7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
*1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 8 p. m. J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 20 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and Fast	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	* 4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

10 00 am	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*8 45 am
* 1 55 pm		†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm		†7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	*Daily †Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
†7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	†8 30 am
†8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	*8 00 pm

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

MEN'S STRAW HATS AND SERGE SUITS

Who will start the ball rolling? First one straw hat, then a dozen, then hundreds—in a day Superior street jumps from spring into summer.

That day is here—and the hats are ready. And the Serge Suits are just across the aisle.

After all, the weather sets the fashion.

Men's Serge Suits---
$10, $12, $15, $18 and $20

Men's Straw Hats---
50c, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3

Furnishings for Men

Negligee Shirts

Hundreds of them—all new and certainly the most fascinating colors and patterns ever shown. Come in and view the variety—see the new stripe effects in Madras and Cheviot cloths at $1.50 and $2.00—some are made with attached, others with separate cuffs. For those who wish to pay $1.00 for a shirt, here's a multitude of stripes and other neat, tasty patterns. From 50c to $2.00 our prices of Negligee Shirts range.

Belts

In all sizes and of every sort of leather that Fashion demands, from those good durable black ones with nickle buckles at 50c to the finest ones made of sealskin, with gold-plated buckles, which are priced at $1.00.

Fancy Half Hose

Original designs and new effects and combinations—in cotton, lisle thread and silk—our recent importations 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

STORE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 11 O'CLOCK.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. THE BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

FOR RENT!

Dwelling No. 1232 East Third street, all conveniences, furnace heat—$20.00 a month.

Two-story and basement brick building, No. 22 E. Superior street, freight elevator, steam heat. Will make repairs to suit tenant.

We have for sale a very desirable 9-room dwelling in Lester Park located on the lower side of London road. Description furnished on application.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 735, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

STRIKE UNCALLED FOR

President of the Central Federated Union Criticises the Men Who Struck on the New York Rapid Transit Tunnel.

New York, May 24.—Work on the rapid transit tunnel is practically tied up today. All the skilled labor of every form is idle, from One Hundredth and Eighth street down to the city hall, and only diggers or ordinary laborers are doing anything in the tunnel at all.

The strike arose out of a demand of the rock-drillers for $2.75 for an eight-hour day and 70 cents an hour for overtime. These demands were sent in yesterday to the various sub-contractors, and only those contractors above One Hundred and Eighth street met the agreement.

President Callas of the Central Federated union said: "I am surprised and pained that this thing should have occurred. I fear that the public will misunderstand it. The men on Central work had no grievance. I do not wish to be put in the position of criticizing the men I represent, but we had an agreement with Mr. McDonald that we would submit any question in regard to hours or pay to arbitration before ordering a strike, and I cannot conceive why the walking delegates should have taken this action."

MANILLA MAIL

Large Batch of Important Matter Received at Washington.

Washington, May 24.—About 600 pounds of Manilla mail was received at the war department today. The most important document received was the report of the Taft commission on the scheme of civil government for the Philippines, which it is expected will be put in operation about July 1, if approved by the president and Secretary Root. The document is large. The mail also brought the report of Gen. MacArthur upon the investigation made as to the connection of Col. Woodruff and other regular commissary officers with the frauds in the commissary department. This report, it is understood, exonerates Col. Woodruff, although some of his former subordinates are said to be criticised for lax methods.

PLAINS OF ABRAHAM.

Dominion Government Purchases Property For Quebec.

Montreal, May 24.—The question as to the ownership of the historic Plains of Abraham has at last been decided. The Dominion government has voted $80,000 for the purchase of the property from the nuns. The government will hand the property over to the city of Quebec to be converted into a public park.

DEBATING

Presbyterians Still Wrestling With Creed.

Able Arguments For and Against the Revision.

Philadelphia, May 24.—The debate on creed revision was continued by the Presbyterian general assembly today, and as was the case yesterday, Cavalry church was unable to contain the throngs who came to hear the discussion. Previous to the devotional exercises, Rev. Dr. John De Witt, of Princeton Theological seminary, announced that arrangements had been completed for the reception to the commissioners to Princeton tomorrow.

After the disposition of a few minor matters, Moderator Minton called for the unfinished business of yesterday. The moderator said he had found the sentiment of the asembly in favor of a full, free and fair presentation of the question, but suggested that the commissioners endeavor as far as possible to adhere to the rule of brevity, especially as the great ground had been staked out by the able speakers of yesterday.

Rev. Dr. David S. Kennedy, of Allegheny, Pa., yielded the floor to Judge E. W. C. Humphrey, of Louisville, who signed the minority report with Dr. McKibben.

Judge Humphrey urged the elimination from the committee's report of the clause recommending a brief summary of the reformed faith, bearing the same relation to the confession which the shorter catechism bears to the larger catechism, and formed on the general model of the consensus creed. He claimed it meant practically a new creed, and should not be concurred in as the presbyteries did not desire a new confession.

Dr. Kennedy followed with a forceful argument against revision. The way to break down the confession, finally, he said, is to go on making holes in it. "We stand united on the confession," continued Dr. Kennedy. "It is constructed from begining to end to be used for scientific purposes. It is the constitution of our church organization. The confession has been charged with failing to truthfully present the belief of the church. No one forced us to sign that confession. We did not sign it in ignorance, and I am sure not one of us signed it dishonestly. I repudiate the statement that the confession does not set forth the man side and personality of the Holy Spirit."

This brought Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson to his feet. "I beg your pardon," he said, "but if you refer to me, I did not say that."

Dr. Kennedy replied that while he might have misunderstood Dr. Johnson's words, he had received that impression. In conclusion, Dr. Kennedy said: "Our plea is that now is not the time for changes while the church is under fire. We are not living in a constitution-making age. After a fair, deliberate and free discussion, we find ourselves all divided up. Let us wait until God in his providence brings us to the time when we can agree on the questions at issue."

Rev. Dr. J. E. Moffatt, of Cumberland, Md., became eloquent in his appeal to the assembly for a change in the confession that would give a more even balance of truth. "The confession," he said, "is a man-made constitution, but it is not the word of God. And we are not discussing the word of God. If this question is voted down by this assembly, it will come to the front again until we give the church what it demands. I want to see side by side two great truths. First, the sovereignty of God, and above all his election of men; and, secondly, the freedom of man to church. I believe that God has elected all infants to salvation."

Dr. John DeWitt was next recognized by the moderator. There was a disposition by some of the commissioners to close the debate. As Dr. DeWitt took the platform there were cries of "Question." The Princeton professor paid a tribute to the high character of the debate, which has thus far been entirely free from acrimony and sarcasm. He said there was no danger of a division in the church, and he wanted it to go out to the world that no matter how they may differ on the Westminster confession, they stand united on the word of God. He spoke of the consistency of the beliefs of the church, which has stuck closer to the doctrines of the reformation than any other church.

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Warn Italy That Bresci's Death Will Cause Renewal of War.

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"Minister Zanardelli, Rome, Italy.—Against the execrable assassination just committed by the modern inquisitors of Italy the anarchists of New York protest with all their power, and notify you that they hereby inaugurate a renewal of the war. ANARCHISTS."

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Convention Elects Officers and Concludes Session.

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Second vice president, B. A. McCloskey, New Orleans.

Third vice president, E. T. Potts, Dover, N. J.

General secretary and treasurer, A. D. Wheeler, Buffalo.

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Constitution Does Not Follow the Flag.

Supreme Court's Important Decision.

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This decision, the most important that great tribunal has ever made, will be handed down next Monday.

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The framers of the constitution, in writing that clause, had no thought of its application to territorial possessions. No such question as is now presented had arisen in their minds. The clause: "All duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States," the court holds, was placed in the constitution as a result of the jealousies of the states which united in forming the nation. It was intended to prevent any state or combination of states securing advantage over another or others; to prevent the ports of one state gaining preference over those of another in the importation of goods. This rule of uniformity was made primarily for the states united, the court holds, not for territories then possessed and afterward acquired, and the constitutional requirement is satisfied as long as all duties on imports are uniformly imposed at all the ports throughout the United States. The advantage of the uniformity may be extended to territories and possessions not states and not members of the American union, but that is for congress to determine under the authority of the consttitution.

PLANS OF PRESIDENT

If Mrs. McKinley Is Strong Enough the Start For Washington Will Be Made on Saturday Morning.

San Francisco, May 24.—Secretary Cortelyou today made the following statement concerning the plans of the president:

The departure for Washington on Saturday morning will depend upon a conference of the physicians relative to Mrs. McKinley's condition. This conference will be held at noon today. If they decide that Mrs. McKinley is strong enough to stand the trip, the start will be made as scheduled, and there will be no stop over until Washington is reached. The president does not intend to leave his train. No side trips will be made, not even to Denver. The desire of the president and Mrs. McKinley is to return to the White House as soon as possible. The trip will not be made, however, on rapid time, but in rather a leisurely fashion, in order to lessen the burden for Mrs. McKinley.

The two trained nurses who have been in attendance upon Mrs. McKinley will accompany her to Washington.

Today will be much easier for all concerned than was yesterday. The president is down for two functions, leaving this evening free to rest and prepare for the journey home.

LOOTING CONTROVERSY

A More Acute Stage Among the Pekin Diplomats Which Brings Out Charges Against Alleged American Marauders.

New York, May 24.—A dispatch to the Herald from Pekin says: The last general meeting of the diplomatic corps was the scene of a more acute phase of the controversy over looting. The question was raised by diplomats friendly to Lady McDonald, who think a great injustice was done her by the supposed reference to her in one of Gen. Chaffee's letters upon the subject of looting.

Ministers of two European countries rose successively and made statements as to Lady McDonald's behavior on the day of the first visit of the allies to the forbidden city, which were practically identical. They were with her throughout the day, and declared that she left the palace without any plunder except a yellow rose plucked in the empress' garden.

"But," they said, "we did, however, witness one scene of looting, which, together with Lady McDonald, we tried, but unsuccessfully, to prevent. In the palace we met the wife of an American, accompanied by an American curio dealer. We suggested that the reception was exclusively for the members of the diplomatic corps, but she persisted in taking the curio dealer, whose expert opinion she wanted upon some of the empress' ornaments.

"Reaching the pavilion, the curio dealer said: 'Here, I am informed, most valuable porcelain is concealed.'

"In spite of the protests of Lady McDonald and ourselves, the wife of the American tried to open the cupboards. Finally she called an American soldier, who pried a cupboard open with his bayonet, whereupon, not wishing to assist at a scene we could not prevent, we withdrew."

The American representative at the meeting made no reply.

ARE HELD RESPONSIBLE

Dowie and Several Followers Arrested and Held For Grand Jury as Being Responsible For Death of Mrs. Judd.

Chicago, May 24.—John Alexander Dowie, "overseer of the Christian Catholic church," was arrested here today pursuant to the action of the coroner's jury, which has declared him "criminally responsible" for the death of Mrs. Emma Lucy Judd. H. Worthington Judd, a disciple of Dowie and husband of the alleged victim, also was arrested, having appeared at the criminal court building in company with Dowie. Both men were taken before Judge Tuley, who admitted them to bail. Henrika Bratsch and Mary B. Speicher, "maternity" nurses, who are said to have attended Mrs. Judd, were arrested last night and later released on bonds.

Mrs. Judd died a week ago at Dowie's Zion, after sixteen hours of suffering. Her infant also died, and on expert medical testimony before the coroner that the ordinary treatment given by medical practitioners would have saved her life easily, Judd, the two nurses, and Dowie are now held to await the action of the grand jury.

For Dowie and Judd bonds were fixed at $10,000 each, while the women were released on sureties of $5000 each.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Pensions Granted to Sixth District Residents.

Washington, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters were appointed today: Mildred, Cass county, C. B. Benjamin, vice M. G. Schnefield, resigned; Oakwood, Beltrami county, C. B. Roe, vice Amis Gill, resigned.

The following pensions have been granted: Reissue—William B. Hendrik, of Anoka, $17. War with Spain, increase—Paulinus G. Huhn, of St. Cloud, $8.

SITUATION GRAVE.

Action of Government at Barcelona Is Condemned.

Barcelona, May 24.—Although Barcelona elected three Republicans and four Regionalists, the government has placed only Monarchists at the head of the police. The greatest indignation and excitement prevails, and the situation is so grave that the civil governor has resigned. Should the government persist in proclaiming the Monarchists elected serious disorders among the Catalians are regarded as inevitable.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY PAGES

MEN'S STRAW HATS AND SERGE SUITS

Who will start the ball rolling? First one straw hat, then a dozen, then hundreds—in a day Superior street jumps from spring into summer.

That day is here—and the hats are ready. And the Serge Suits are just across the aisle.

After all, the weather sets the fashion.

Men's Serge Suits---
$10, $12, $15, $18 and $20

Men's Straw Hats---
50c, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3

Furnishings for Men

Negligee Shirts

Hundreds of them—all new and certainly the most fascinating colors and patterns ever shown. Come in and view the variety—see the new stripe effects in Madras and Cheviot cloths at $1.50 and $2.00—some are made with attached, others with separate cuffs. For those who wish to pay $1.00 for a shirt, here's a multitude of stripes and other neat, tasty patterns. From 50c to $2.00 our prices of Negligee Shirts range.

Belts

In all sizes and of every sort of leather that Fashion demands, from those good durable black ones with nickle buckles at 50c to the finest ones made of sealskin, with gold-plated buckles, which are priced at $1.00.

Fancy Half Hose

Original designs and new effects and combinations—in cotton, lisle thread and silk—our recent importations 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

STORE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 11 O'CLOCK.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

FOR RENT!

Dwelling No. 1232 East Third street, all conveniences, furnace heat—$20.00 a month.

Two-story and basement brick building, No. 22 E. Superior street, freight elevator, steam heat. Will make repairs to suit tenant.

We have for sale a very desirable 9-room dwelling in Lester Park located on the lower side of London road. Description furnished on application.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 735, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

STRIKE UNCALLED FOR

President of the Central Federated Union Criticises the Men Who Struck on the New York Rapid Transit Tunnel.

New York, May 24.—Work on the rapid transit tunnel is practically tied up today. All the skilled labor of every form is idle, from One Hundredth and Eighth street down to the city hall, and only diggers or ordinary laborers are doing anything in the tunnel at all.

The strike arose out of a demand of the rock-drillers for $2.75 for an eight-hour day and 70 cents an hour for overtime. These demands were sent in yesterday to the various sub-contractors, and only those contractors above One Hundred and Eighth street met the agreement.

President Callas of the Central Federated union said: "I am surprised and pained that this thing should have occurred. I fear that the public will misunderstand it. The men on Central work had no grievance. I do not wish to be put in the position of criticizing the men I represent, but we had an agreement with Mr. McDonald that we would submit any question in regard to hours or pay to arbitration before ordering a strike, and I cannot conceive why the walking delegates should have taken this action."

MANILLA MAIL

Large Batch of Important Matter Received at Washington.

Washington, May 24.—About 600 pounds of Manilla mail was received at the war department today. The most important document received was the report of the Taft commission on the scheme of civil government for the Philippines, which it is expected will be put in operation about July 1, if approved by the president and Secretary Root. The document is large. The mail also brought the report of Gen. MacArthur upon the investigation made as to the connection of Col. Woodruff and other regular commissary officers with the frauds in the commissary department. This report, it is understood, exonerates Col. Woodruff, although some of his former subordinates are said to be criticised for lax methods.

PLAINS OF ABRAHAM.

Dominion Government Purchases Property For Quebec.

Montreal, May 24.—The question as to the ownership of the historic Plains of Abraham has at last been decided. The Dominion government has voted $50,000 for the purchase of the property from the nuns. The government will hand the property over to the city of Quebec to be converted into a public park.

DEBATING

Presbyterians Still Wrestling With Creed.

Able Arguments For and Against the Revision.

Philadelphia, May 24.—The debate on creed revision was continued by the Presbyterian general assembly today, and as was the case yesterday, Cavalry church was unable to contain the throngs who came to hear the discussion. Previous to the devotional exercises, Rev. Dr. John De Witt, of Princeton Theological seminary, announced that arrangements had been completed for the reception to the commissioners to Princeton tomorrow.

After the disposition of a few minor matters, Moderator Minton called for the unfinished business of yesterday. The moderator said he had found the sentiment of the asembly in favor of a full, free and fair presentation of the question, but suggested that the commissioners endeavor as far as possible to adhere to the rule of brevity, especially as the great ground had been staked out by the able speakers of yesterday.

Rev. Dr. David S. Kennedy, of Allegheny, Pa., yielded the floor to Judge E. W. C. Humphrey, of Louisville, who signed the minority report with Dr. McKibben.

Judge Humphrey urged the elimination from the committee's report of the clause recommending a brief summary of the reformed faith, bearing the same relation to the confession which the shorter catechism bears to the larger catechism, and formed on the general model of the consensus creed. He claimed it meant practically a new creed, and should not be concurred in as the presbyteries did not desire a new confession.

Dr. Kennedy followed with a forceful argument against revision. The way to break down the confession, finally, he said, is to go on making holes in it. "We stand united on the confession," continued Dr. Kennedy. "It is constructed from begining to end to be used for scientific purposes. It is the constitution of our church organization. The confession has been charged with failing to truthfully present the belief of the church. No one forced us to sign that confession. We did not sign it in ignorance, and I am sure not one of us signed it dishonestly. I repudiate the statement that the confession does not set forth the man side and personality of the Holy Spirit."

This brought Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson to his feet. "I beg your pardon," he said, "but if you refer to me, I did not say that."

Dr. Kennedy replied that while he might have misunderstood Dr. Johnson's words, he had received that impression. In conclusion, Dr. Kennedy said: "Our plea is that now is not the time for changes while the church is under fire. We are not living in a constitution-making age. After a fair, deliberate and free discussion, we find ourselves all divided up. Let us wait until God in his providence brings us to the time when we can agree on the questions at issue."

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This decision, the most important that great tribunal has ever made, will be handed down next Monday.

The decision is in favor of the government, but by a divided bench. There was at least five individual opinions, but some of these are concurring opinions, expressing the views of the writers more fully and particularly than is done in the opinion of the majority. The court goes back to the period in which the republic was formed and the constitution framed and endeavors to ascertain what was the intent of the founders of the nation. The opinion of the majority of the court disposes of the uniform taxation clause of the constitution, which had been invoked by all the appellants in these cases, in the following manner:

The framers of the constitution, in writing that clause, had no thought of its application to territorial possessions. No such question as is now presented had arisen in their minds. The clause: "All duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States," the court holds, was placed in the constitution as a result of the jealousies of the states which united in forming the nation. It was intended to prevent any state or combination of states securing advantage over another or others; to prevent the ports of one state gaining preference over those of another in the importation of goods. This rule of uniformity was made primarily for the states united, the court holds, not for territories then possessed and afterward acquired, and the constitutional requirement is satisfied as long as all duties on imports are uniformly imposed at all the ports throughout the United States. The advantage of the uniformity may be extended to territories and possessions not states and not members of the American union, but that is for congress to determine under the authority of the constitution.

PLANS OF PRESIDENT

If Mrs. McKinley Is Strong Enough the Start For Washington Will Be Made on Saturday Morning.

San Francisco, May 24.—Secretary Cortelyou today made the following statement concerning the plans of the president:

The departure for Washington on Saturday morning will depend upon a conference of the physicians relative to Mrs. McKinley's condition. This conference will be held at noon today. If they decide that Mrs. McKinley is strong enough to stand the trip, the start will be made as scheduled, and there will be no stop over until Washington is reached. The president does not intend to leave his train. No side trips will be made, not even to Denver. The desire of the president and Mrs. McKinley is to return to the White House as soon as possible. The trip will not be made, however, on rapid time, but in rather a leisurely fashion, in order to lessen the burden for Mrs. McKinley.

The two trained nurses who have been in attendance upon Mrs. McKinley will accompany her to Washington.

Today will be much easier for all concerned than was yesterday. The president is down for two functions, leaving this evening free to rest and prepare for the journey home.

LOOTING CONTROVERSY

A More Acute Stage Among the Pekin Diplomats Which Brings Out Charges Against Alleged American Marauders.

New York, May 24.—A dispatch to the Herald from Pekin says: The last general meeting of the diplomatic corps was the scene of a more acute phase of the controversy over looting. The question was raised by diplomats friendly to Lady McDonald, who think a great injustice was done her by the supposed reference to her in one of Gen. Chaffee's letters upon the subject of looting.

Ministers of two European countries rose successively and made statements as to Lady McDonald's behavior on the day of the first visit of the allies to the forbidden city, which were practically identical. They were with her throughout the day, and declared that she left the palace without any plunder except a yellow rose plucked in the empress' garden.

"But," they said, "we did, however, witness one scene of looting, which, together with Lady McDonald, we tried, but unsuccessfully, to prevent. In the palace we met the wife of an American, accompanied by an American curio dealer. We suggested that the reception was exclusively for the members of the diplomatic corps, but she persisted in taking the curio dealer, whose expert opinion she wanted upon some of the empress' ornaments.

"Reaching the pavilion, the curio dealer said: 'Here, I am informed, most valuable porcelain is concealed.'

"In spite of the protests of Lady McDonald and ourselves, the wife of the American tried to open the cupboards. Finally she called an American soldier, who pried a cupboard open with his bayonet, whereupon, not wishing to assist at a scene we could not prevent, we withdrew."

The American representative at the meeting made no reply.

ARE HELD RESPONSIBLE

Dowie and Several Followers Arrested and Held For Grand Jury as Being Responsible For Death of Mrs. Judd.

Chicago, May 24.—John Alexander Dowie, "overseer of the Christian Catholic church," was arrested here today pursuant to the action of the coroner's jury, which has declared him "criminally responsible" for the death of Mrs. Emma Lucy Judd. H. Worthington Judd, a disciple of Dowie and husband of the alleged victim, also was arrested, having appeared at the criminal court building in company with Dowie. Both men were taken before Judge Tuley, who admitted them to bail. Henrika Bratsch and Mary B. Speicher, "maternity" nurses, who are said to have attended Mrs. Judd, were arresteed last night and later released on bonds.

Mrs. Judd died a week ago at Dowie's Zion, after sixteen hours of suffering. Her infant also died, and on expert medical testimony before the coroner that the ordinary treatment given by medical practitioners would have saved her life easily, Judd, the two nurses, and Dowie are now held to await the action of the grand jury.

For Dowie and Judd bonds were fixed at $10,000 each, while the women were released on sureties of $5000 each.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Pensions Granted to Sixth District Residents.

Washington, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters were appointed today: Mildred, Cass county, C. B. Benjamin, vice M. G. Schnefield, resigned; Oakwood, Beltrami county, C. B. Roe, vice Amis Gill, resigned.

The following pensions have been granted: Reissue—William B. Hendrik, of Anoka, $17. War with Spain, increase—Paulinus G. Huhn, of St. Cloud, $8.

SITUATION GRAVE.

Action of Government at Barcelona Is Condemned.

Barcelona, May 24.—Although Barcelona elected three Republicans and four Regionalists, the government has placed only Monarchists at the head of the polls. The greatest indignation and excitement prevails, and the situation is so grave that the civil governor has resigned. Should the government persist in proclaiming the Monarchists elected serious disorders among the Catalians are regarded as inevitable.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Knox Sailors and Walking Hats for Ladies.

Open Every Saturday Night in the Year Till 11.

M. S. BURROWS, PROP.

Our homelike Boys' and Children's department presents a most charming exposition of all that's dainty and fashionable for the little fellows—There is nothing equal to it in Duluth.

Exclusive Sellers in Duluth of Stein-Bloch Co.'s Suits and Overcoats.

The Nobby Stripe Suit.

This style is the correct dressers' selection from the many striking cuts introduced this season. It's decidedly the suit of the hour, and nowhere in Duluth will be found a showing that will compare with ours.

Our Swell Stripe Suits at $15 The military and regular sack styles. very shapely garments with perfect set to the broad,square shoulders. We show twenty styles from the pronounced to invisible stripes—equal qualities cost you $20.00 or more elsewhere—our price is---- -------- **$15**

Our Striped Serge Suits at $12.50 Blues, grays and other correct shades, with stripes in contrasting colors;also Scotch effects, in tweeds and cassimeres—suits of this high grade sell elsewhere at $16.50—our special low price is only---------- **$12**

Special Fine Black Suits at $10.00 Also serges and mixtures, all styles and some silk-faced garments included—suits of this high grade sell elsewhere at $15—our price is---- **$10**

Spring Top Coats at $9.50 Stunning garments, expressly designed for us to meet the demands of correct dressers. See the light and dark whipcords and coverts—also vicunas in Oxford grays, in short, medium and extra lengths, some silk faced, all with Skinner's best grade sleeve lining—these coats usually sell at much higher prices than we quote. Prices, $12.50, $10 and ---- **$9.50**

Knox Hats.

Dent's Gloves

Men's Pants. 500 pairs striped and checked worsteds, well made and very shapely—patterns that will appeal to men of taste, and qualities that sell here at $3.50—Saturday at------ **$2.50**

Men's Pants. Newest novelties in fancy worsteds and tweeds, swell patterns, shown by custom tailors as "exclusive" in this line—ready for you to put on, tomorrow at---- **$3.50**

Mens Umbrellas. A special lot of Men's Umbrellas, made of mercerized cotton that looks like silk and wears as well—they have steel rods, eight ribs, weichsel, boxwood, furze and horn handles—are worth $2.00 of any man's money—our price tomorrow---- ---------- **$1.50**

Negligee Shirts. Get ready for the hot weather that is surely coming soon, by selecting your shirts now while the assortment is complete. Never was such a variety shown in the city as we are showing this season;all good, desirable makes—prices range from--*50c to* **$5.00**

New Neckwear Windsors, Four-in-hands, Batswings and Butterfly shapes, in foulards, grenadines, baratheds and soft twill silks, that tie soft and fluffy—very swell and immensely popular in the East—large showing tomorrow- ------ **50c**

Underwear Medium weight wool and Merino Underwear—just the kind one needs in this climate. A special value, unskrinkable gray Merino, ***$1.00.*** Worsteds and Cashmeres of soft agreeable texture, ***$1.50.*** Union Suits that fit properly, in Merinos, Cotton and Lisle thread—$1.00 to---------- **$5.00**

Men's Spring Hats Dunlap Youman and other late blocks, cost $2.50 at exclusive hat stores—here for---------- **$1.35**

Boys' Spring Hats From latest shapes—any color you fancy—sold everywhere for $1.50—here for---------- **98c**

Burrows' Regent Shoes $3.50 Are made in all the popular shapes, in such a wide variety of styles that every taste can be suited. High or low cut, in tans, blacks and patent leathers, with light or heavy soles. Only one grade and only one price—$3.50. Burrows' Regent Shoes are proving a revelation to many men who are accustomed to paying $5 for their footwear. It doesn't take long to convince all who come here that they might just as well save the extra money.

Burrows Wear-well Shoes $2.50 Never disappoint—made by union labor with our strict orders that they equal in every way the $3.50 shoes sold by exclesive dealers—all shapes—all sizes---------- ***$2.50***

Hanan Shoes—best in the world for ***$5.00 and $6.00*** ***Dugan & Hudson's Shoes*** for boys, never wear out ***$1.50***

Grand Army Suits for Decoration Day.

CLOSING THE CASE

Arguments In Progress In Virginia Fire Case.

A Legal Battle That Has Elicited Much Admiration.

Eminent Counsel on Both Sides---Outcome Is Important.

The Virginia fire case was drawing near the close at noon today, and the outlook at noon was that it would reach the jury late this afternoon. In many respects the case is the most remarkable the district court has tried in a long time. The present suit is understood to be only a test case, and if the plaintiff, Ole Halvorson, wins, many other sufferers from the Virginia fire will seek to recover damages from the Moon & Kerr Lumber company, whose negligence, according to the theory of the plaintiff in this case, is responsible for the fire that burned the business section of the city June 7, 1900.

The point at issue is mainly a question whether there was but one source of fire at Virginia that day or two. If the fires all started from the Moon & Kerr mill, as the plaintiff claims, the matter is resolved into a question of whether the company was negligent in handling the refuse burner attached to the mill, and whether its negligence was such as to make it liable for damages. If, as the company claims, the fire that burned the city was a separate and distinct blaze, due to the carelessness of the plaintiff in this case or of his employes, the company will go free, and the waiting claimants will have to withdraw their proposed suits.

This is not the only point on which the parties differ. The claim is made by the defendant that the wind that day was blowing in such a direction that cinders went wide of the city, and that it was therefore impossible that the mill fire could have been communicated to the city. Some of the witnesses have testified to the fact that burning cinders flew over the city. This is claimed by the defendant to have taken place after the fire in town started, and it is asserted that they came from a slab pile that did not start to burn until after the fire in the city was started. The plaintiff, on the other hand, claims that the wind blew the cinders toward the city and that they started a fire on the roof of Halvorson's butcher shop that spread over the city.

Sixty-three witnesses have been examined in the case, and the trial has occupied nine days. And yet it has not been tedious, for aside from the intrinsic interest of the litigation itself, it has been in the hands of three of the ablest counsel of the Minnesota bar. J. L. Washburn has handled the case for the plaintiff, and John G. Williams and W. W. Billson have conducted it for the Moon & Kerr Lumber company. The result has been that the manner of conducting the case has been vastly admired not only by attorneys who have heard parts of it, but by outsiders who were able, notwithstanding the fact that their lack of technical knowledge prevented their appreciating the professional niceties that were there, to see that the trial went off with a smoothness that they had seldom seen before.

The arguments to the jury began yesterday afternoon and were continued this afternoon, and these, too, were of an exceptional nature, as might be expected from the attorneys who made them. A large number of attorneys and others listened to them throughout, and expressions of admiration were very frequent. The arguments were some of the ablest that have been heard in the district court, and there was every reason for the interest with which they were heard and the expressions of commendation that they brought forth.

John G. Williams began the argument for the defense yesterday afternoon, and W. W. Billson continued it this morning. Then J. L. Washburn took up the side of the plaintiff, and he was still arguing it ably and eloquently when court adjourned to this afternoon. It was expected that his talk would continue at least an hour longer, after which the courts' charge was to come. This would bring the case to the jury at a late hour this afternoon.

In Judge Cant's court the case of Stevens against the Clark-Jackson Lumber company was still on at noon. It was expected to get to the jury late this afternoon or tomorrow morning.

A Month's Test Free.

If you have Dyspepsia, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 91, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Express paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

GOOD REASON.

No Wonder Rue Was Mistaken For Burt Bellinger.

Deputy Sheriff H. N. Randall is back from Omaha, where he went on a wild-goose chase after Burton H. Bellinger, wanted here for forgery. He says that there could be no question that the man held there as Bellingor is not the man that is wanted, but that there is a remarkable resemblance between them, and there is no wonder that Rue was held by the police. They are both about the same size, both of light complexion, both have had rheumatism lately and acquired a limp from it; both have been in about the same line of business, and either one has committed acts making him a proper subject for suspicion. The papers stated that Bellinger might be found selling patent medicine, and Rue was found selling patent medicine, so this was another good reason why the Omaha police thought they had the right man.

Rue was somewhat alarmed at his capture. He was under arrest for beating a board bill, and he told Deputy Sheriff Randall that he had no idea of doing that. He said he had just been married, and that he was merely "showing his wife a good time."

While there Mr. Randall saw and talked with Callahan, the man who is charged with complicity in the Cudahy abduction.

WIELAND SHOE CO.

123 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Decoration Shoe and Slipper Sale.

Wieland's $3.50 Shoe For Men.

Black and new shades in tan—a comfortable, stylish and durable shoe, tomorrow at---------- **$3.50**

Men's high grade shoes—Stacy, Adams & Co., tan, brown and black, none but the best---------- **$5.00**

Men's fine shoes, kid or calf, at **$2.00 and $2.25**

Boys' steel clad shoes at **$1.50 and $1.25**

"Sorosis"—The $3.50 Shoe For Women.

In all leathers, turn or welt sewed shoes and oxfords—on sale tomorrow at---------- **$3.50**

Ladies' Oxfords, patent leather and patent kid---**$2.50 to $4.00**

Ladies' Oxfords and Shoes on sale at---------**$2.00 and $1.50**

Misses' patent kid, cloth top, lace, $2.50 grade at---------- **$2.00**

Misses' brown or black lace ---------- **$1.50**

Children's Slipper Sale.

Misses' and Children's Strap Sandals, bow and buckle, black or tan. Special price ------ 98c

Misses' red 2-strap sandals at--$1.00

Children's sizes ----------75c

Boys' Shoe Bargains—

$1.50 and $1.75 grade satin calf, sale price tomorrow at only---------- **$1.25**

Boys' bicycle shoes-----**$1 and $1.25**

Boys' lawn tennis shoes ---------**50c**

Young Ladies' Patent Slippers---------- **$1.50**

Misees' Patent Leather Slippers---------- **$1.25**

Children's Patent Leather Slippers---------- **$1.00**

Shoe Bargain.

Ladies' heel or spring heel $2.50 and $3 brown lace—sale price--------- **$1.98**

Children's tan or black, lace or button---------- ***$1.00***

Infants' Shoes------***50c and 75c***

Infants' Moccasins---***25c and 50c***

GOLFING.

The Third and Semi-Final Rounds at Apawamis Club.

Rye, N. Y., May 24.—The third and semi-final rounds of match play were on the program of the Metropolitan golf championship at the Apawamis club today. The weather was fine. It is the general opinion among the golfers here that the final tomorrow will be between Findlay S. Douglass, of the Nassau County club, and Walter J. Travis, of the Garden City club, the amateur champion of America. Each of these players has four wins to his credit out of the eight times they have met, and if they should meet again tomorrow there will be a grand game. A few weeks ago these two met in the final at Lakewood, N. J., and Douglass won by one up after having to play to nineteen holes. The four pairs in the third round started off in the following order today:

Walter J. Travis, Garden City, vs. Thomas T. Reid, Mont Clair; R. F. Mathews, Apawamis, vs. A. Sidney Carpenter, Lakewood; Findlay S. Douglass, Nassau County club, vs. C. B. McDonald, Meadow Brook, and Charles H. Seley, Weeburn club, Connecticut, vs. Duryea Emmet, Garden City.

In the first half of the Travis-Reid match the latter had the lead, being one up at the turn. Travis won the tenth. This evened the match and the next two holes were halved in fives. Travis won the next two and the fifteenth and sixteenth were halves in fives and fours, respectively. Travis won the match on the next hole, the seventeenth, a distance of 512 yards, in 6 to 7, defeating Reid by three up and one to play.

The match between Douglass and C. M. Donald, both ex-amateur champions, resulted in an easy win for Douglass by five up and four to play. A. Sidney Carpenter beat R. F. Mathews by one up after a very even game.

RATE WAR.

An Effort to Adjust Difficulties Is Being Made.

Chicago, May 24.—The joint committee of the trunk lines and Central Passenger association met here today, in an effort to adjust difficulties between the Wabash road and lines connecting with it on business west-bound from Kansas City. Should they reach an agreement or discover a basis on which rates may be restored, it probably will not be made public until evening. In railroad circles it is thought highly probable the costly war soon will be brought to a close. If the traffic managers shall be unable to agree, it is said the executive officers of the lines affected will take the matter in hand immediately, as it is said the competing roads are tired of fighting while scalpers reap the profit.

OUTLINED DEFENSE.

Chicago, May 24.—Counsel for F. Wayland Brown, one of the defendants in the Defenbach insurance conspiracy case, today outlined the defense to the jury in Judge Tuley's court. However guilty Smiley and Dr. Unger, the other defendants, might be, he said, Brown was innocent, and he declared his intention of putting this client on the stand to prove his assertion.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

ANCIENT SCORE.

Purcell's "Fairy Queen" Found at Last.

London, May 24.—The full score of Purcell's "Fairy Queen," which has been missing for 200 years, has been discovered in the library of the Royal Academy of Music. It was among a pile of manuscripts bequeathed to the academy by R. J. S. Stevens in 1837.

IS DENIED.

Statement That Von Waldersee Wanted Reception.

Berlin, May 24.—The statements in the London press that Count Von Waldersee has informed the Chinese authorities that he would not leave Pekin until the court returns and he has had an interview with Kwang-Su, are authoritatively denied. The officials here say that Von Waldersee will leave Pekin May 31, or a few days later, for Japan. It is uncertain whether he will return by way of the United States or via Shanghai. Germany is trying to charter vessels for the return of her troops. The first vessels can sail in about a fortnight. The German contingent remaining in the province of Pe Chi Li will be less numerous than the British and French forces.

TALKED TOO MUCH.

Farmer Kills Female Gossip and Suicides.

New York, May 24.—William Woodhull, a farmer residing at Laurel, L. I., shot and killed Martha Williamson, a neighbor, last night, and then committed suicide. Just what led to the tragedy has not yet been made clear, but it is said that the woman had been gossiping a good deal about Woodhull and a young lady living at Sayville, to whom he was engaged.

BANK SUSPENDS.

Montevallo, Ala., May 24.—The Shelby County bank, a small private institution, suspended payment today. A notice was posted saying the suspension is merely temporary and was caused by withdrawals of cash and failure to collect promptly. No statement is obtainable.

WON SALISBURY CUP.

London, May 24.—Foxhall Keene's Sinopi (Maher) won the Salisbury cup, value 300 sovereigns, at the Salisbury meeting today. Distance one mile and a half.

Beware of a Cough.

A cough is not a disease but a symptom. Consumption and bronchitis, bronchitis, which are the most dangerous and fatal disease, have for their first indication a persistent cough, and if properly treated as soon as this cough appears are easily cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven wonderfully successful, and gained its wide reputation and extensive sale by its success in curing the disease which cause coughing. If it is not beneficial it will not cost you a cent. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

THEY MADE UP

Anna Archer Quickly Changes Her Mind After Skipping.

A little breeze of originality was wafted up from St. Croix avenue early this morning, and helped freshen the routine laden atmosphere at police headquarters.

Anna Archer, alias many other things, a vivacious French girl of Junoesque proportions and midnight eyes, conceived and executed a novel method of separating herself from her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. Archer have apartments at 211 St. Croix avenue. Early this morning, after Mr. Archer had retired, Mrs. Archer slipped out of bed, took $50 from his clothing and, then locking him in the room, she quietly left the house, taking most of her clothing with her.

Some hours afterward Archer woke up. Missing his wife he tried to get out of the room, but was baffled at every turn. He finally grew desperate and hammered on the door. The noise attracted the attention of other persons in the house, and they let the desperate husband from the room. He ran wildly to police headquarters and told his troubles. He wanted to have his wife arrested for stealing the $50 from him, but later when an officer found her at the Union depot waiting for a train he agreed to drop the charges of larceny if she would go back to him. They arranged matters satisfactorily and the woman was not taken in custody.

A "BEERY" TIME.

Carrie Halverson and Others Get Gay.

As Carrie Halverson cruised about the offing of police court this morning, she hummed a little verse that sounded like:

"Oh, say, can you see by the dawn's early light,
The growler I rushed at the twilight's last gleaming—
Or did it take wings in the darkness of night—
Or was there a growler—or have I been dreaming?"

Miss Halverson visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Roderick Keel, Sixteenth avenue west and Michigan street, last night. They had a can of beer and a most blithesome time, till Officers Nelson and Olson interrupted. All three said they were guilty of disorderly conduct in police court, but they would not admit it for some time. Carrie Halverson said that the officer that made the charge was a grand, gloomy and peculiar somnambulist of a mighty dream, but she afterwards changed her mind. The trio got sentences of ten days each.

POOR BOARD ORDERS.

State Examiner Pope Will Consider Situation.

Public Examiner E. M. Pope was in the city for a short time this morning, and tomorrow he will meet with the members of the county poor board to talk over the manner of issuing orders on the poor fund. As stated by The Herald some time ago the law creating the poor board provides that orders on the poor fund are to be issued by the board direct on the county treasurer, and they do not go through the auditor's office, as all other county orders do. This prevents the auditor's office acting as a check on the treasurer's office, as the law requires, because the auditor's office gets no record of the poor expenditures. Thus at the end of a year the auditor's books would show the treasurer's office to be short the amount of the poor expenditures. An attempt will be made to get around this. Gen. Pope went to Two Harbors today to examine the public affairs of Lake county.

Ask For Donations.

Mayor Hugo this morning received a letter from Jacksonville, Fla., asking the city of Duluth to donate either food, clothing or money for the fire sufferers of that cuty. The letter was from C. E. Garner, chairman of the Relief association. He says that fully 10,000 are homeless, and the unfortunate citizens are desperately in need of assistance.

The mayor said that he would be glad if the people of Duluth could make donations, and that if it should be decided to respond to the appeal, proper persons would be selected to take charge of the donations.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

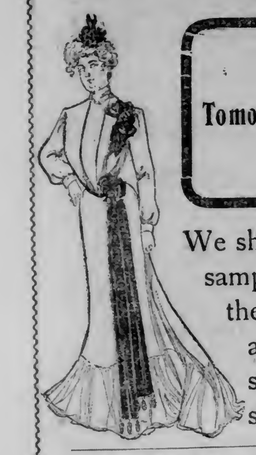
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

Breakfast Food Demonstration.

Mrs. McCann, the well known expert in cooking, and whose breakfast dishes, so long in use at Delmonico's and Sherry's, in New York, have made her famous, is in the city today, in the interest of the Shredded Wheat company, and will conduct a demonstration of shredded wheat biscuit at Panton & White's tomorrow. This is said to be the best of all the breakfast foods, and those who call tomorrow at the Glass Block will have its merits fully explained by Mrs. McCann.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Store Open Tomorrow Evening Until 10 o'clock.



Tomorrow

50 Elegant Tailor-made Suits formerly $27.50, $25.00, $22.50, $20 and $17.50—at - - $15

30 Fine Tailor-made Suits formerly $16.50, $15.00 and $12.50, at $10

We shall add many Suits tomorrow, making it the most important offering of Tailor-made Suits of the season—no soiled or much-handled samples, but goods from our regular stock—bought for our regular trade—and reduced in price as is customary with us each season as the lines become broken—one or two—at the most—of any one kind—every one of them made in the best possible manner—with all of the style and grace and fit for which our garments are famous. Some are trimmed, some richly plain, and are of this season's best colors—including Tan, Gray, Castor, light or dark Gray, Brown, Black, and Novelties—all of the Jackets are silk-lined—and of the swell styles and exclusive designs which prevail in our Suit Department.

$7.50 and $5.75
Silk Waists at $3.90.

We offer for tomorrow only fifty fine dress silk waists, made of best Taffetas (none of the trashy kinds) all made up in the very best manner in the season's newest styles, including all colors and black—all sizes, regularly $5.75 to $7.50 — on sale tomorrow only at—

$3.90

Two very important Dress Goods Items.

$1.00 and $1.50 Black Dress Goods for 75c. Twelve pieces, all wool and wool and mohair, twelve different styles, including broadcloths, grenadines, crespes, whipcords, fancy weaves—regular price $1 to $1.50 yard—tomorrow 75c yd.

$2.50 Broadcloths for $1.75—Genuine French broadcloths that sold for $2.50—in brown, tan and navy—also some heavier fine domestic cloths, same value, in gray and reseda—too many of these colorings—tomorrow $1.75 a yd.

New Neckwear for Women.

Automobile Ties 35c.

of fine White Dimity, with narrow colored border or plain—35c.

Of China Silk, with Persian border, all colors—50c.

Of Fine Lawn, Lace trimmed—75c.

New Satin Stocks and Bows—trimmed with Gold, Old Rose, Hello, Black and White—35c.

New Taffeta Stocks and Bows—trimmed with Velvet and Gold, Red, Blue, Pink, White—65c.

New Stocks of White Satin—L'Algion lapel and trimmed with gilt buttons and braid—75c.

New Velvet Stock Collars—Pink, Blue, Black and White, with four rows of gold—35c.

New Chenille Bows—with Gold spikes, Black, White, Pink and Blue—75c.

New White Chiffon "Pon-pon" Ties, with Gold tassels—50c.

New White Taffeta Stocks—trimmed with Black Velvet Ribbon and Gilt buttons—75c.

New Taffeta Stocks, with long Ties—beautifully stitched with Gold, White and Black—$1 and 75c.

We are also showing many new and exclusive high-class novelties.

Important Offerings in Tailored Jackets
The most remarkable values of the season.

$14.50 Imported English Covert Jackets at $7.50—
Tans and grays, lined with heavy taffeta—beautifully tailored—sold up to $14.50—on sale tomorrow at $7.50.

$12.50 Box Coats at $8.75—
Swell Box Coats of fine English Covert cloth in tan, gray and brown—satin lined—pearl buttons—velvet collar — perfect shape — $12.50 value—tomorrow at $8.75.

$9.50 Cloth Eton Jackets at $6.75—
Nobby styles in a variety of colors—silk lined—man tailored—bands of silk down each seam—$9.50 values—$6.75.

$9.50 Covert Cloth Box Coats Tomorrow at $5.75—
Splendidly tailored and lined throughout with silk serge—all sizes—$9.50 values—tomorrow at only $5.75.

High-Class TaffetaEtons Radically Reduced.

From $14.50 and $16.50 at $9.75
From $17.50 and $20.00 at $14.75

All made in the very best manner—beautifully all over tucked and embroidered—all richly lined with silk or satin.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Other Important Sales for Tomorrow.

Sale of women's and men's pure linen handkerchiefs.

Sale of Muslin Underclothes for women and infants' and children's dresses.

Sale of Women's plain and fancy 50c stockings at 39c.

Sale of Boys' and Girls' caps and Tams---50c kinds at 35c---65c kinds at 49c---all colors.

Sale of Silk and Fabric Gloves for women and girls.

Trimmed Shirt Waist Hats
At $1.75, $2.50, $3.25, $3.75, $4.75, $5.75.

With plain colored bands and quills---Persian bands of silk---taffeta effects and polka dot effects.

Trimmed Sailors and Walking Hats.
White, tan, black—at $1.75 in all of the season's newest shapes.

$3 and $6 Trim'd Dress Hats

Several dozen new and original styles await tomorrow's buyers—by far the best showing of original creations in the city—from our own workrooms.

Straw Sailors.
Jaunty styles in the season's best shapes—black or white bands—our special at 90c.
Knox shapes in rough braids, $2.50.

Girls' and Small Girls' Trimmed Hats.
White Leghorns, beautifully and tastefully trimmed for children—with chiffons, ribbons and flowers—at $2.50, $3.00 and $4.00.
All Chiffon Hats for Children, in white, pink and blue—at $2.50.

FIRST OF THE YEAR

Excursion Season Into Duluth Soon to Be Inaugurated.

First Will Come June 14 From Morris, Minn.

Another From Wahpeton Week Later---Long Time Limit.

The excursion season into Duluth will be inaugurated next month by two big excursions over the Northern Pacific road. The first excursion will start on June 14 from Morris, Minn., and the tickets will be good until June 16, inclusive. The second excursion will start from Wahpeton, N. D., a week later, June 21, and the tickets will also be good three days. The usual regular round trip fare from Morris, Minn., to Duluth, is $13.50, but the railway company has made an excursion rate of $2.50 for the round trip. The regular fare from Wahpeton is $12.50, but the excursion rates have been cut to $2.50. These excursions will draw from the rich farming communities in the vicinity of Morris and Wahpeton, as well as from the flourishing towns along the line, and it is expected that both excursions will average at least 1500 passengers each. Last season there was an excursion from Wahpeton and fully that number of visitors were in the city.

The time limit of three days that is given the excursionists this season is a new feature that will be very much appreciated by the merchants at the head of the lake, as the rule in previous years has been to make a short time limit on the excursion tickets and excursions arriving in the morning usually left in the afternoon. Under the new order of things the visitors will be given about three days in which to view the sights and it is pretty certain that the longer interval will prove an inducement for them to trade in the city.

Secretary T. E. Hill of the Duluth Improvement association has taken up the excursion business with his usual enthusiasm, and already is planning on various forms of amusement for the visitors that will come on these excursions. He has also made complete arrangements for the care and entertainment of the visitors, so that, no matter how large the crowd that comes, every one will receive proper attention. Last season Mr. Hill compiled through canvassers and had printed a complete list of the places in the city where beds were available, and the number of people that could be cared for. Before the excursionists arrive he will have the list revised and new accommodations added to the list. Mr. Hill will follow his custom of last season in engaging twelve or fifteen young boys familiar with the city to act as ushers to pilot the excursionists to the hotels and boarding houses. When the excursion arrived from Sioux City last season there were 1500 people brought here in the middle of the night, yet through the systematic arrangement adopted for caring for visitors, every one of them was located at a place to sleep within forty minutes after the train reached the city.

HERE TO STAY

B. C. Church Glad to Get Back to Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Church arrived in the city this morning from California, and are at the Spalding hotel. Mr. Church was formerly president of the Imperial Milling company, of Duluth, and shortly after the mill property was merged into the United States Flour Milling company, left for the West, seeking a new location. Mr. Church finally located at Asotin, Wash., a small inland town, where he purchased a 50-barrel mill and operated it for a little more than a year, when he sold back to the former owners, the place being a little too quiet and milling matters a little too slow for himself and members of his family. After disposing of the Asotin mill, Mr. and Mrs. Church went to California, where they have been staying since last January. Said Mr. Church this noon:

"We have come back to Duluth to make our home, and are very glad indeed to get back. I have been meeting old friends and acquaintances all the morning and they have given us a cordial welcome; in fact, it is just like coming home. I have not formed any plans for the future. Just at present the thing of most concern is to find a house to live in. The demand for houses and the scarcity of supply was something that impressed and astonished me. That is one of the best signs that Duluth is prospering. I am sorry to see the mills idle, but understand that a company has been incorporated and will operate them in the near future.

"Everything seems to be prospering along all lines of business in the West, but I would rather live in Duluth. The milling facilities of the coast states are not of the best, and operation is expensive because of the double haul, first of the wheat to the mills and then of the flour back to the coast. Seattle, of course, is a good point, on account of its location in connection with the trade with the Oriental countries, which is becoming something enormous."

Winners Are Named.

The names of the prize winners at the high school, in the contest that was instituted by the Humane society, were announced this morning by Professor C. A. Smith. Two subjects were offered to the students upon which to write compositions, the seniors and juniors having "Hunting With a Camera Versus With a Gun," and the sophomores and freshmen, "Care And Treatment of Draught Animals." Two gold medals were offered as prizes, Carson Smith, a senior, capturing one, and Miss Bessie Harsh, a sophomore, the other. Misses Scott, Markell, Phelps and Daly receiving honorable mention. The essays will be read this evening at the high school.

CONDUCTORS.

Thirty Up From St. Paul and Go to Range.

A delegation of about thirty of the railway conductors that have been attending the convention at St. Paul, accompanied by their families, arrived in the city last evening in a coach attached to the Omaha train. It was late when they arrived and the party went to the St. Louis hotel for the night. Fred Pease, senior conductor of St. Paul division No. 40, was in charge of the party. Early this morning the party left over the Missabe road for a visit to the mines at Biwabik, being joined by George L. Woollen, of the commpittee on transportation, and Superintendent Kreitter, of the Missabe company. The return from the range was made over the Duluth & Iron Range road this afternoon and the conductors' party left for St. Paul on the Twilight limited this afternoon.

LERCH TO SUE

Will Vacate Bevier Property and Sue the City.

R. S. Lerch will probably move off the Hutchinson Bevier property within a few days. He was served with papers of ejectment yesterday and now has negotiations pending for a new site.

Mr. Lerch will bring suit against the city for the action of the council in refusing to let him move his livery barn across First street, after having granted him that permission first. It is understood that he will sue for $9000 damages.

COMMISSIONERS HERE.

Messrs. Staples and Miller Visit Duluth.

J. G. Miller and C. F. Staples, of the state railway and warehouse commission, were in the city a few hours today, both leaving this afternoon, Mr. Miller for Two Harbors and Mr. Staples for St. Paul. Mr. Miller said that the visit of the two commissioners had no special significance; that they were up here to attend to private business matters and have a little talk with the heads of the departments. Mr. Miller said that Commissioner Staples would leave on Tuesday for California to attend a convention of the railway commissioners of the various states, and that he, himself, expected to be very busy at St. Paul during his colleague's absence. Mr. Miller expects to be in New Ulm tomorrow night. Both Mr. Miller and Mr. Staples have been urged by the local Republicans to remain in the city for the big banquet at West Duluth, tomorrow evening, and both expressed regret that their business matters would not allow it.

Jennings-Ritchie.

The marriage of Miss Frances M. Jennings, of Strathroy, Ont., Canada, and Dr. Arthur F. Ritchie, of Duluth, took place yesterday at Strathroy. There were no cards. It is understood that Dr. and Mrs. Ritchie will arrive in Duluth very soon.

ALL SAVED.

Excursion Steamer Run Ashore and Passengers Safely Landed.

Watertown, N. Y., May 24.—A special to the Standard from Ogdensburg says: The excursion steamer Empire State, one of the largest of the Folger line, has been beached near Brockville, Ont., and is resting with nine feet of water in her hold. The steamer has 500 excursionists on board, from Prescott and Brockville, bound for the Queen's birthday celebration at Kingston. The firemen left the port holes open and the water rushed in, extinguishing the fires. The boat was beached and her passengers landed safely.

MURDERED.

Body of Farmer Found Near Schenectady.

Schenectady, N. Y., May 24.—David Reynolds, a farmer, living two miles from this city, has been found dead. His head was smashed to a pulp with an ax, which was found nearby. Reynolds was miserly and wealthy, and it has always been believed he carried a large sum of money about him. When the body was found the boots were missing.

An Object Lesson.

The heavy northeast wind that has prevailed for the past two or three days has churned the water in this end of the lake in great style, and it is now, for a distance of about three miles or more out, about the color of the red clay soil that is found around Duluth. The invariable expression of everyone who viewed it today was one of satisfaction that Duluth has a pumping station far down the lake shore, and that the people of the city are not now drinking this discolored water.

The Coldest Place.

Duluth was the coldest place on the map again yesterday, that is on the map which is issued by the weather bureau. The maximum temperature recorded here was 44 degrees. The next coldest place was Calgary, Canada, with a temperature of 50 degrees, a full 6 degrees warmer than Duluth. Marquette was 8 degrees warmer than Duluth, or 52.

Dancing has lost some of its vogue, but doctors have come to its rescue and are prescribing it as a useful exercise. It is said that dyspeptic and anaemic patients, both men and women, have been advised to waltz at a moderate tempo at least thirty minutes a day.

When the nerves run down give up tea and coffee for a while and avoid stimulants of all sorts. Eat plenty of fruit, especially apples. Avoid worry and excitement as far as possible, and make your nights as long as you can. Remember that "nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep," is the very best medicine for those who are tormented with nerves.

Some English capitalists are putting alcohol into a new industrial product. Mixed with nitro-cellulose, such as collodion, and evaporated, the liquor assumes a jelly-like consistency which hardens on exposure. Cut into cubes, or pressed into ornamental shapes and perfumed, the substance is obtaining a considerable vogue as a heating agent for drawing room purposes. It burns with most powerful heat and leaves neither ash nor discoloration, and mixed with benzol it is being utilized for candles.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

To Success in the five-cent cigar trade is our already successful and popular Alaskan Nuggets.

The recital and dance which will be given by the Mozart club next Monday evening at the Armory for the benefit of the Women's and Children's home, will begin at 7:45 o'clock sharp, instead of 8 o'clock, as at first announced. Mrs. Day is anxious to get responses at once to the tickets that have been sent out.

A marriage license has been issued to Daniel Young and Freda Flintzer.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to George Francis MacKenzie.

Joseph Moss was sentenced to thirty-five days hard labor in the county jail today for stealing a quantity of underclothing from R. J. Dyer of the Leland hotel. Moss maintained that he had purchased the clothing, but the laundry marks and other points of identification were too much for him.

Professor Ourat, by request, will give a party at Lester, Monday, the 27th.

Tom Reed steers is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

Dr. J. A. Smeallie has removed his suite of offices to 313-315-317 New Jersey building.

The initial drill of the jouvenille troop of cavalry which is to participate in the Fourth of July celebration will be held next Tuesday evening, instead of Wednesday as announced in yesterday's paper.

The police department has received many complaints against the Paris Art association, a picture enlarging concern with offices in the Torrey building. The complaints come from outside the city as well as from many people of Duluth. The majority of the complaints are to the effect that the Art association has obtained possession of photographs which it insists on holding on to.

Free at Max Wirth's

Sample boxes of Wirth's Red Liver Pills free for the asking.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. E. W. Prophet and Mrs. John Prophet, mither of E. W. Prophet, left today on the Bon Ami for Port Arthur on a visit with relatives.

Franz Schultz returned yesterday from a visit to Cleveland, Chicago and other Eastern cities.

James R Wynne, vice president of the Martin, Bole & Wynne company, wholesale druggists of Winnipeg, is the guest of L. W. Leithhead, of Duluth, for a few days at the Kitchi Gammi club.

Mrs. Maud Ulmer-Jones and Mrs. Porteus, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city this morning. They will take part in the artists' recital at the First Presbyterian church this evening.

William Sauntry the Stillwater timberman was a visitor in the city today.

H W Jeffery and C. D. Bingham, of Pittsburg Pa are business visitors in the city this afternoon.

W. H. Teare and C. A. Nicola, of Cleveland are guests of the Spalding today.

Mrs. Edwin Ball and family, of Tower, left this city this afternoon for a visit at St. Paul.

L C. Titus of Grand Marais, came down from the north shore this afternoon

Charles W Ross of Buffalo, is a guest of the St. Louis

W. G. Ward of Altoona, is in the city this afternoon

Miss Ella Desmond and Miss Olive Reed, of Milwaukee Wis., are visiting friends in the city for a few days.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

NEW TRIAL

Granted to Albert Hoy, Convicted of Grand Larceny.

St. Paul, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—In all of the ten decisions handed down by the supreme court today there is but one reversal of the lower court. That is in the case of the State, respondent, vs. Albert Hoy, who was on trial in Duluth for grand larceny and was convicted. The judge, in his charge to the jury, said:

"You will not allow yourselves to be imposed upon nor led into the belief of unreasonable stories on the part of either the prosecution or of the defense. You must bear in mind the tendency on the part of the guilty, when accused of crime, to fabricate some story or stories which they think may effect their acquittal."

The defense appealed on the ground that this clause in the charge was a reflection upon the veracity of the defendant and had a tendency to discredit his testimony and prejudice the minds of the jurymen. A new trial is granted for this cause. Justice Brown wrote the opinion.

NO CHANGE

Will Be Made In the Latest Program For President.

San Francisco, May 24.—Mrs. McKinley continues to improve and no change of the previously announced program of the president's movements is likely to be made. President McKinley took breakfast today at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Morse. Here he met a few friends of Mrs. Morse, who is his niece. The remainder of the morning was devoted to the consideration of affairs of state. At noon the consular corps was received at the Scott residence, and after luncheon the president attended a reception given by the Sons and Daughters of the Revolution and the Loyal Legion at the Palace hotel. This was quite brief, and at its conclusion the president was driven to the United States transport dock, where he boarded a tug and crossed the bay to Oakland.

VERY MUCH ALIVE.

Col. Prentiss Ingraham, novelist, ex-Confederate officer, hero of several wars and an adventurous spirit generally, had the floor, says the Washington Star.

"Yes," he said, in response to an inquiry, "I was buried just back of a little church in Marietta, Ga."

"Alive?" asked a horrified listener.

"They didn't think I was at the time," laughed the colonel, "but let me explain. I was soldering then for the lost cause, and in the course of my duties I slipped away one night quite unbeknownst, as it were, to do some secret service work. The next morning a shell from a Federal gun came our way and exploded right in front of a man on my horse, with the result that there were only scraps of him left. Naturally enough, my friends thought it was I, as the horse was still recognizable, and they had a funeral at which I was the leading character, but did not even do a thinking part. My sisters were notified of my death and just back of the little church was a grave with a headstone bearing an inscription including my name and a date or two. Which was a good deal more than most soldiers got at that time. Of course, I didn't know anything about all this, and when my work was finished, which was in about ten days, I returned to camp. I got there about dusk and headed for a tent where we did our eating, such as it was, and the first man I met was Jake, our colored boy, who was going into the tent with a two-bushel basin of soup occupying both his hands.

"'Hello, Jake,' says I, never thinking about anything but the soup's savory smell.

"But Jake didn't say a word. He just stared at me for an instant, turned a grayish white and dove headforemost into the tent, hurling the soup basin before him and scattering its contents over a half dozen officers, sitting around a table. I was close on his heels, and as they looked up in surprise at the sudden shower of soup and the unceremonious entry of Jake, they saw me, and with a smothered sort of yell they began tumbling over each other, upset the table and the tent, and for the next ten minutes there was the blamdest mix-up you ever saw. I couldn't understand what it all meant, but I had sense enough to know that somebody would be hurt in the wreck unless help came pretty soon, and I took a hand at getting matters into shape. By doing this I had a chance to catch hold of an officer or two who couldn't get away, and when they found I wasn't a ghost they grew calmer and began to explain. That was easy enough you know, when things were quieter and we had pulled Jake out from the bottom and restored him to consciousness, for the darky had collapsed entirely. You know darkies have no use for ghosts.

"They told me the story of the man being killed on my horse, and thinking it was I they had buried me and had a real funeral sermon by a preacher, who lived in Marietta. Next day they showed me my grave, and it made me feel a little bit queer to do so. I wrote to my sisters explaining that the report of my death was a mistake, and they wrote me that they had gone into mourning for me, but I needn't worry on that account, as the black dresses could be trimed in colors and still be useful. You see, they were disposed to have fun with me when they found I was all right. What newspapers were in existence had nice notices of me, and the pleasant things said about me in letters of condolence to the family really made me quite satisfied that something had happened to call forth such expressions."

ELECTRIC FARMING.

The uses of electricity are daily enlarging. It seems some Russian scientists have been making interesting experiments in the effect of electricity in horticulture, or, as they term it, "electroculture." It has been proved that electrified seed germinates more rapidly than others, and also by burying in the one zinc plate and one copper plate, placed vertically and connected by a wire, that potatoes and other roots grown in the electrified space thus secured produce about three times the crop that others do in similar soil close by, but without the electricity. It is also applied to the ripening process and found to be successful.

CANARY STATISTICS.

About 250,000 canary birds are raised every year in Germany, and besides the 100,000 birds that are sent to America, the English market takes about 50,000 and the next best customers are Brazil, China, the Argentine Republic and Austria, to which country agents are sent with large numbers of birds every year.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

The best quote no more than the inferior kinds. Ask for ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at The Ideal Beer Hall.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Bargains in Pictures

Beautiful hand-colored Platino Photographs, sizes from 10 x 12 to 20 x 24. A rare opportunity to get these realistic pictures at exactly

HALF PRICE

Worth from $1.00 to $4.00

Saturday's Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00, and $1.25

DECKER'S 16 Second Avenue West

FIRST ON SUNDAY

No Ball Game Is to Be Played Until Then.

Grounds Too Wet to Permit a Game Saturday.

Revoir Seems to Be Still Coquetting With Hansell.

Owing to the cold, wet weather the opening of the baseball season has been postponed until Sunday. The initial game between Duluth and Superior was scheduled for tomorrow afternoon at Oneota Park, but the reign of Jupiter Pluvius has been supreme this week and the diamond and players are in no condition for a game tomorrow afternoon.

The men have been compelled to put in the week around the hotels, keeping in condition as best they could with light exercise. Manager Hansell had intended to use a scraper and dynamite on the Oneota Park field, but the weather even stopped this work.

Despite the inclement weather and dispiriting conditions there is considerable baseball enthusiasm in town, as indicated by the expressions of regret that the opening game had to be postponed. Many called up the management today and urged the playing of the game. The wind and sun today did much toward drying up the diamond, but the grounds are far from condition and so are the players. The men will put in today and tomorrow as best they can getting needed practice, and Manager Hansell promises to have the diamond and outfield in good condition for Sunday's game, providing Mr. Jupiter Pluvius don't get in some more of his coarse work in the shape of a penetrating drizzle or heavy fog.

Manager Hansell announces that there will be no crowding the players or rowdyism on the part of either players or spectators this year. During the past a certain element of the fans seem to have felt it incumbent on them to mingle in any and all arguments that might occur on the diamond. This season the spectators will be kept off the diamond by ropes and policemen.

It was Manager Hansell's intention to have Jack Revoir pitch Sunday's game for Duluth, but this morning he had not received word from the Frenchman, and it is probable that Glenney will do the twirling. Glenney is certainly as good a pitcher as there is up here and he is fully as good as Revoir. The teams will play as follows:

Duluth.		Superior.
Sturgeon	Catcher	Lee
Glenney	Pitcher	Augustine
Cameron	First base	McLeod
Goldie	Second base	Porter
Shepard	Shortstop	Duff
Connors	Third base	Mullaney
Randall	Left field	Hurley
Lambert	Center field	Baxter
Hall	Right field	Hanley

A STRIKE.

Men at Eastern Minnesota Ore Dock Go Out.

A strike was inaugurated yesterday morning among the men employed at the Eastern Minnesota company's ore dock at Allouez bay. The men were still out this morning and the dock tied up. At the request of the Eastern company the sheriff had several deputies on the premises to protect any men that the company might hire. It was claimed last night by the officials in charge of the docks that enough men would be secured today to keep the dock running to its full capacity. The Eastern has been employing about 140 men at the dock, and thus far this season has paid $1.75 per day. The men demanded $2, and went on strike when the company refused to pay. There is no union organization among the strikers, the strike being brought about by an agreement among the men. Superintendent Murrell at the dock says that the company will not have any trouble getting all the men necessary to operate the dock at $1.75 a day. There are several ore boats at the docks awaiting loads.

WARREN AT THE BRAKE.

Street Railway Superintendent Runs a Car.

There was great excitement on Superior street last night. Another of the new double-truck cars was given its trial spin. The car itself was sufficient to attract attention, but when the crowds saw who was handling the motor they forgot all about their storm troubles and performed feats in dodging that would have done credit to a resident of Brooklyn. The motorman was none other than Superintendent Warren. It was rumored that he was in training for a spin to Superior next Sunday in an armored car, but this rumor was not substantiated. The conductor on the car was Dispatcher Birdsall. The car did not take on passengers—making a quick, satisfactory run from the Twenty-sixth avenue west barn to Third avenue east.

EXPECT A CONFERENCE.

Superior Officials Will Talk to Lowry.

Thomas Lowry and President C. G. Goodrich of the Duluth-Superior Traction company were expected to arrive at Superior from Minneapolis today to see if some settlement of the present street car difficulty with the city administration of West Superior can be reached. No work has been commenced on the Belknap street line, and the city officials say that they would stop it were the work commenced. Those that are opposed to the single track to the East End believe that Mr. Lowry will favor the double track when he understands the circumstances.

TO READ THE PAPERS.

Contest Essays at the High School.

Tonight at the high school the reading of the essays that have ranked highest in the contest arranged by the Humane society will take place. This contest was instituted some time ago, and it was announced that the writer of the best paper would receive a medal. One subject was assigned to the freshmen and sophomores and another to the juniors and seniors. There will be several papers read this evening, those that rank highest being, of course, selected. The Humane society is anxious that there be a good attendance of parents and other interested. The movement toward inculcating humane ideas among the school children is growing all over the country, and especially in the East. In some cities it has taken great prominence, and great things are expected of it.

ARTISTS' CONCERT.

Two Minneapolis Singers to Be Heard.

This evening the artists' concert will be given at the First Presbyterian church. It will be conspicuous because of the appearance of Mrs. Maud Ulmer-Jones and Mrs. William Porteous, of Minneapolis. The program is a fine one as every musician will see at a glance. It is as follows:

Organ numbers ..... Mrs. McLean.
"Spring Song" ..... Pinsutti
Miss McKay, Mrs. Cutter, Mr. Walker, Mr. Gearhart.
Piano solo—"Concerto," op. 25 (last part) ..... Mendelssohn
Miss Kennedy.
"Jewel Song" from "Faust" ..... Gounod
Maud Ulmer-Jones.
"In This Retreat" (by request) ..... Dellbes
Miss McKay and Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Aria—"My Heart At Thy Sweet Voice," from "Samson and Delilah" ..... C. Saint-Saens
Mrs. Alma Porteous.
"Aux Italiens" (by request) ..... Meredith
Mrs. Alexander Duncan McRae.
2. "Barcarolle" ..... Gounod
b. "Afar in the Woods" ..... Kzenlf
c. "The Year's at the Spring" .....
Mrs. H. H. A. Beach
Maud Ulmer-Jones.
Solo—"Impromptu" ..... Kargonoff
Miss Kennedy.
A group of English songs—
a. "No More" ..... Henschel
b. "In My Garden" ..... Ellen Wright
c. "Violets" ..... Ellen White
d. "The Spring Is Here" .....
Miss Valerie White
Mrs. Alma Porteous.
"The Passage Birds" .....
Janewell Engen Hilbach
Mrs. James McAuliffe and Geo. Tyler.
"Lowe Is Lord of You and Me" ..... Chaminado
"Summer" .....
Maud Ulmer-Jones.

Jackson School Program.

This afternoon the scholars of the Jackson school are giving a Memorial day program. These programs are given in all of the schools. The Jackson school has always made a special effort in this direction and the program prepared for today is an excellent one. It is as follows:

Salute to the flag followed by "America" ..... School.
Prayer and remarks ..... Dr. Long.
Violin solo ..... Virginia Bean.
Speeches ..... G. A. R. representatives.
Flag drill followed by "Columbia" ..... Fifth and Sixth grades.
Recitation—"Our Duty" ..... Gabe Rachlin.
Song and verses ..... B First grade.
Sword drill ..... Fifth and Sixth grade boys.
Recitation — Bring Your Loving Thought" ..... Olive Hancock.
Song—"Our Flag Colors" ..... Kindergarten boys.
A vow ..... A Second grade.
Chorus—"Little Soldiers" ..... Primary grade.
Recitation—"Decoration Day" ..... Ruth Ringsred.
Flag exercises ..... A First grade.
Song—"Dixie Land" ..... Boys' chorus.
Scarf drill ..... A Third and Fourth grade girls.
Recitation—"The People Always Conquer" ..... Isi Mondschine.
Song—"Memorial Day" ..... Third and Fourth grades.

Bids Are Opened.

The bids for the erection of the superstructure of St. Luke's hospital, at the corner of Ninth avenue east and First street, were opened yesterday afternoon by the building committee, but no decision was reached. There will be another meeting this afternoon, at which time a recommendation to the board of directors may be formulated and at a meeting of the latter the matter will be finally acted upon and announced.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

Freimuth's Try us on mail orders. Freimuth's Orders filled day received. Freimuth's Samples gladly sent. Freimuth's

All interested in beautiful things in Graduation Costumes are cordially invited to see these specials tomorrow.

White Dress Goods and fancy fabrics.
Gloves and Handkerchiefs
Beautiful Fans in the center aisle.
Hats for Graduation Gowns on second floor.
Books and Jewelry for graduation presents.

Headwear for the Little Folks.

Baby Bonnets—Sweet, cute, dainty—use any adjective you wish—for all are effective—made of fine lawns and muslins—tricked out with all sorts of tucking, hemstitching, embroidery and frills—a grand display—tomorrow—with three special values—greatly underprice—at ..... **25c, 39c and 50c**

Children's Mexican Hats—These are the best Play Hats we've seen—wide brimmed—made of strong, serviceable straw and in pretty colors and shapes—
39c kind are now 25c
75c kind are now 50c

Misses' Street Hats of excellent Jumbo Straw with stylish Dent crown—turn down front brim—all colors—at only— **$1.00**

Muslin Wear

Women's Cambric Drawers—Lace trimmed—with two rows of hemstitching—regular 40c drawers—tomorrow—only **29c**

Empire Corset Covers—of excellent cambric, handsomely trimmed with embroidery—well made—50c covers—at only **35c**

Kimonas

Kimonas of good figured lawn—with white lawn yoke and collar and wide band on sleeve and at bottom—regular 75c Kimonas at— **48c**

Kimonas of very fine quality lawn, in pretty pink, blue and lavender—pretty embroidery on front and sleeves—a good $1.50 value at— **$1.00**

Umbrellas

This storm will clear, but there are others ahead—take advantage of these prices to be prepared for any shower that comes.

26-inch Gloria Silk cover Umbrella on paragon frame, steel rod—with many shapes in handles to choose—crooked or straight natural wood—with silk cord and tassel—it will be worth $2.00 to you in a rain; tomorrow buy it for **$1.25**

Taffeta and Union Silk covered Umbrellas—26-inch on paragon frame and steel rod—a wide range of choice in Princess and crook handles—of natural wood and gun metal—sterling silver mounted—it's a $2.50 umbrella at **$2.00**

Some Hosiery Values

That will make brisk trading in this section tomorrow.

Women's fast black Stockings—High spliced heel and toe—very elastic and equal to the usual 20c stockings in service—tomorrow—only **15c**

Women's fast black Hermsdorf dye stockings of real maco or lisle—white or black soles—high spliced heels and toes—the 35c grade at only **25c**

New lace lisle and open work striped stockings in an array of patterns and colors that is positively unsurpassed in this region, affording styles to suit all, at the remarkable price of only **50c**

Children's Hose

We have a complete line of the famous Musser Children's Cotton Hose—there are none that are as good as the Musser.

Children's fast black Stockings—very elastic—double knees and all sizes—at only **10c**

Boys' and girls' fast black stockings—made of fine maco cotton with double knee and sole—very elastic—regular 25c stockings at only **21c**

New Belts.

New Belts of plaited satin in the latest dip front effects—also of elastic silk with pretty and unique buckles and clasps—the 75c sort of belts—tomorrow at only **50c**

Patent Leather Belts lined with gray kid, novel and stylish, "bodice" shape—tomorrow at only **35c**

A Remarkable sale of Writing Paper

All the new society Stationery in the late finishes such as Kid, Satin, Parchment and Vellum, in the fashionable colors of pink, blue, French gray, lotus, white or cream—in pretty boxes containing 24 sheets and 24 envelopes at only—per box **25c**

VERY SPECIAL—50c boxes of Scotch Linen Paper, cream color, in either plain or ruled, correct "royal" size. This paper is made expressly to our order and only by large purchases are we able to sell 60 sheets and 60 envelopes of this excellent paper for **25c**

Toilet Articles and Requisites.

75c bottles Hagan's Magnolia Balm at only 59c
25c bottles Colgate's Pure Glycerine at only 15c
25c bottles Aromatic Smelling Salts at only 15c
25c cakes Kirk's Juvenile Soap at only 15c
25c bottle Sozodont at only 17c
50c boxes Java Rice Powder—the finest and most delightful face powder made at only **29c**

Tooth Brushes.

10c fine Japanese bristle tooth brushes at only 5c
25c extra quality bristle tooth brushes, pro-phylactic shape 15c
35c superior quality solid back tooth brushes with genuine French bristles at only **23c**

THE SALE OF SAMPLE TAILOR SUITS CONTINUES.....

More of those extra value makers' sample suits, which we bought at 1/3 to 1/2 less than the regular price. These figures tell you of the prices and the great savings:

SPLENDID SAMPLE SUITS that usually sell for $18.50 and $20.00—new and fashionable styles—they will go tomorrow at the little price of **$12.50**

$25 SAMPLE TAILOR SUITS in Eton, Bolero or new Vested effects—beautifully made and trimmed—these will be on sale tomorrow at only **$15.50**

$15 to $18 SILK ETONS AND BOLEROS AT $12.50—The most novel and clever designs in these chic jackets—including all the new effects of tucking, plaiting, etc.—both collarless and coat collar shapes—$15 and $18 jackets at only **$12½**

$12.50 SILK JACKETS AT $8.75—In Peau de Sole and Taffeta—corded, tucked, plaited and fancy trimmed—worth variously $11 and $12.50—we close them out tomorrow at **$8.75**

$9 SILK ETONS AT $5.75—Charming and stylish jackets in collarless effects of black Taffeta with neat silk braiding on front and sleeve, silk lined—choice tomorrow, $9 silk Etons at **$5.75**

$28 AND $30 SAMPLE SUITS—including new Princess effects—most fashionable in make and materials—tomorrow at **$20**

$32.50 AND $35 SAMPLE TAILOR SUITS—the very best examples of high class tailoring—all the new fabrics and trimmings—tomorrow only **$25**

$1.25 SUMMER WRAPPERS—In pretty and dainty striped patterns—made with full flounce on skirt—cut extra full in hip and skirt—very nicely made—tomorrow $1.25 wrappers only **$1.00**

$6.50 WALKING SKIRTS—Of excellent skirting in dark gray mixtures or in black—with heavy hem and rows of tailor stitching—just the thing for this rainy, sloppy weather—tomorrow **$4.50**

SHIRT WAISTS AT $1.00—Almost a score of different styles await your choice—each new and delightfully different—materials are white lawns or colored percales and fancy shirting fabrics. No better waists can be made up to sell for this price—tomorrow **$1.00**

A Saturday SHOE SALE

that does not need any trumped up excuse for its being held—these are new goods bought UNDERPRICE—a fortunate trade chance that we were quick to grasp and pass along to you. We can print but a few items—they will indicate the splendid values through the whole stock—for instance—

Women's $3 Vici Kid Shoes in all the new up-to-date shapes, in light and heavy soles—patent leather or kid tips—cannot be duplicated in the city for less than $3.00—on sale here tomorrow at—per pair **$2.39**

Women's $2.50 Shoes in new spring styles—light or heavy soles—patent or kid tips—all sizes—sale price **$1.98**

Women's $1.50 kid lace shoes—kid tips—good heels—all sizes—2½ to 8—a splendid shoe for camping, outing and vacation wear—sale price **98c**

Women's $1.25 two-strap Sandals—soft vici kid—leather heels—all sizes up to 8—we place them on sale Saturday at **79c**

Women's $2.00 hand-turned Oxford Ties in all the new shapes—all sizes—all widths **$1.50**

Women's $1.35 vici kid Oxfords in any size—flexible soles—patent kid tips—sale price **98c**

Women's 50c Serge Slippers—all sizes—on sale at **25c**

Misses' $1.25 Shoes in kid or calf—lace or button—black or tan—all sizes, 11 to 2—on sale at **98c**

Boys' $1.50 Calf Shoes—leather soles—clean, dressy goods—all sizes, 11 to 5½—on sale at **98c**

Childs' spring heel vici kid Shoes—patent leather tips—lace or button—sold everywhere for $1—sizes 8½ to 11—this sale **69c**

Same shoes as above—sizes 2 to 5—on sale at **57c**

Babies' 75c Red Shoes—sizes 2 to 5—on sale at **50c**

Babies' 50c Kid Shoes—lace or button—sizes 2 to 5 ..... **25c**

MEN'S Negligee SHIRTS.

A great showing—every one a select pattern specially chosen with regard to style and splendid service—

Men's handsome Shirts made of excellent Madras in the new summer colors and patterns—detached cuffs—our price only **$1.00**

Men's Fine Negligee Shirts of Madras and Percale in plain or plaited bosom styles—new and fancy colorings—detached cuffs—you will see no better shirts elsewhere at $1.75—also plain white Negligee Shirts with plaited bosoms—very swell and stylish shirts—our price **$1.50**

The Faultless make of soft shirts are as dressy and handsome as are made. They come in fine Madras and Cheviots in a pleasing variety of colors and patterns. For tomorrow we have an elaborate showing of these famous shirts at $1.75 and **$2.00**

Men's Neckties—Scarcely a pattern of the last shipment is left, but scores of new and pretty shapes are ready, including the new "tourist" shape, especially designed for wear with negligee shirts. You can have rare choosing tomorrow at 25c and **50c**

Men's Seamless Hose in gray mixed and black—a 15c value at only **10c**

Men's Black and Tan Hose—seamless and well made—an unusual value at only **12½c**

Summer Underwear.

There's no beating the values that are offered in this great department. It's the giving of such that has made it what it is and we always try to keep ahead of the past—thus:

Women's sleeveless vests of pure white cotton—neatly trimmed with lace and tape—the 18c quality at only **12½c**

Women's sleeveless vests of mercerized cotton—in Swiss or Richelieu rib with lace and tape trimming—some stores sell the same quality at 35c, our price only **25c**

Women's 65c vests of fine mercerized cotton in black, white, pink and sky blue, beautifully trimmed—our price only **50c**

Women's Union Suits.

*Extra quality union suits of good cot*ton, low neck, no sleeve, knee length, the usual 75c suit at only **50c**

High neck union suits in white or cream—with either long or short sleeves and knee or ankle length—85c union suits at only **65c**

Children's Underwear—Misses' Vests and Pants, the celebrated "Harvard" make, of pure white cotton, and finished with the same care as the women's garments—sizes 1 to 4—35c garments at only **25c**

Saturday Candy Specials—25c fresh hand made Parisian Creams in all the delicious flavors—tomorrow only 12½c
SNOWDRIFT—the new and delightful confection, stop and get a taste of it at the candy counter tomorrow—SAMPLES FREE.

HOUSEWARES Underpriced For Saturday

in the day-light basement. Read of these money saving prices for every day conveniences.

Screen doors 1½-inch thick, extra heavy Norway Pine, painted green, 4 panels, all sizes, worth $1.00, choice tomorrow only **75c**

*Fancy Doors, strong and well made, fin*ished in natural color, all sizes, worth $1.75, choice only **$1.25**

Spring Hinges—per pair only 8c

Adjustable Screen Windows, made of hardwood—finished in natural color. We can fit any size window from 20-inches to 37 inches wide. Prices for Saturday 35c and **25c**

Hammocks What a pleasing variety of these summer necessities we have here—The price range is broad enough to include all styles and suit all tastes—65c to $5.00. Take this for a sample and come in and see the others.

Full size Hammock with fancy color, full size bed concealed spreader; pillow with 8-in. valance and fringe, would be cheap at $1.50—Saturday's price **$1**

Porch seats 500 Japanese Porch seats—something everybody should have. Saturday only **5c**

Garden and Lawn Hose—

No excuse for a dried burnt lawn or for even having a leaky hose at these prices. It's a positive saving of from 10 to 20 per cent for you—thus:

10c quality goes at, per foot 6½c
12c quality goes at, per foot 10c
15c quality goes at, per foot 12c
18c quality goes at, per foot 15c

Every foot guaranteed.

Hardwood Hose Reels, worth 95c, only 69c
Combination Nozzles for straight stream or any size spray—price 45c

Croquet Sets—standard make—
4 balls at 59c
6 balls at 79c
8 balls at 89c

Paint Dept.—Ready mixed house and floor paint, strictly guaranteed—30 colors to from, worth $1.48—per gallon only **$1**

Family Paints—½ pint cans, all colors—per can only **9c**

Bargain Counter 1.
Corsets--unusual.

Corset values that are unusual, astonishing ...a sale unprecedented, without a counterpart...forcibly demonstrating this store's ability to secure inside figures on seasonable snaps such as no other concern in this city is capable of doing...hundreds have been sold during the past two days...all that's left will go tomorrow...lace trimmed, straight front, French model corsets...sizes 18 to 26...worth 75c...we will place them on sale tomorrow for---------- **25c**

☞ See window display.

May festival sale

PANTON AND WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

Bargain counter 2.
Ladies' neckwear.

A special display and sale extraordinary of ladies' summer Neckwear...affording the widest possible scope of new, popular, stylish ideas...the correct thing for every occasion...prices tempting beyond your highest expectations...every dainty effect in pique, chiffon, Mousseline, and silk...at prices ranging from 10c to---------- **$1**

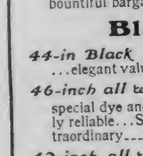
Ladies' plain hemstitched handkerchiefs...in linen, cambric ...beautiful qualities...on the bargain counter tomorrow, and you know they have to have abnormal merit to get a showing here...liberal discount on dozen quantities...25c, 20c, 15c, 10c, 7c, 5c and--------- **3c**

Ladies' unlaundered all linen initial handkerchiefs...on bar- gain counter 2, and they *must be phenomenal values*...special doz. price $1.37...half doz---------- **70c**

Bargain counter 3.
Umbrella specials.

You would never expect to buy Umbrellas so cheap...but even if the price is so ridiculously low, you'll have to carry these Umbrellas through many hard storms and seasons to wear them out... Saturday's specials are exceptionally tempting.

2000 Men's, Ladies' and Children's Black Umbrellas ...steel rods and natural handles...50c value, Saturday---------- **39c**



1000 Ladies' and Men's Gloria Umbrellas... steel rods, paragon frame, all assorted handles ...regular price $1.25...Saturday special---------- **95c**

Children's Fancy Parasols...all colors... and scalloped edges...our price is only---------- **9c**

White goods.

Fancy Figured White Piques, woven cords, 18c value...Saturday...per yard---------- **10c**

Fancy Figured White Dimities, the newest creations of the season...see them...Saturday at, per yard---------- **35c**

36-inch India Linons... imported, sheer and fine...25c values...Saturday---------- **19c**

Bedding.

New Silkoline Comforts knotted with worsted...large sizes...at $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 **$2.00**

Bed Spreads...full size fringed all around...on sale Saturday at— each---------- **$1.25**

72x90 Mohawk Sheets ...torn and ironed...sold everywhere at 60c...on sale here Saturday at---------- **49c**

Linens.

72-inch Cream Damask ...all pure linen, 75c value on sale Saturday at per yard---------- **58c**

72-inch Bleached Da- mask...all new designs...pure Irish Linen...will be placed on sale here Saturday at---------- **98c**

5-8 Napkins ... are full bleached...all pure linen---satin finish, $2.25 value...per doz. **$1.85**

Bargain counter 4.
Rugs, pillow tops.

Turkish Pillow Tops...they are lovely pillow covers. .oriental designs cleverly worked by hand by the premier fancy goods workers of the Orient...we secured this invoice at a great sacrifice, are enabled to offer tomorrow pillow tops worth $3.50 at **$1.75**

Imported Rugs...here is an assortment of genuine imported Oriental Rugs suitable for floor coverings, couch or table coverings...they are rich and elegant, of lasting quality...many of them are worth as high as $18.00 each ...you can have your choice Saturday for---------- **$9.75**

Some more about our mail orders.

We have an especially well equipped mail order department. It is now thor- oughly organized...ready for business and doing business. There is an unusually rapid and constantly growing patronage in our mail order dept. Buying by mail is a pleasure...it's economical too...that is if you buy here.

You know our location is a wonderful factor and advantage to people ordering goods by mail in this locality. We save you time, money and many annoyances caused by delays occasioned by dealing with merchants remote from your locality. We boast of our ability to fill your mail orders in such a short time that the goods are in your home before you could possibly get an order sent at the same time to Chicago, Milwaukee and the Twin Cities.

Begin today and send us a trial order. The goods will be in your home tomorrow for your examination or approval. It is the first order we are after. We never fail to sell again after we have once traded with you. Did you get our new Spring Catalogue? Just drop us a postal if you didn't. It should be in every home in the country. It contains 114 pages bristling with bargains of interest to every one. Mailed FREE.

Our May Festival Sale tomorrow...the last Saturday in May... finds every department on our three mammoth floors actively striving to swell the volume of sales to enormous proportions... the store will be packed to its capacity...every necessary preparation to efficiently and promptly wait on the enormous crowds has been attended to...this is an unusual sale...the prices are not only exceedingly low...but note carefully the class of merchandise offered...all seasonable; all first-class; all desirable.

May festival sale
Women's suits.

The tailor who cut these suits, and the manager who cut the prices, are both remarkably skillful in their respective arts... such boldness in price-making will be the occasion for a demonstration in the suit department tomorrow, when we offer

$12.50 tailored suits for---------- **$6.98**
$17.50 and $18.00 suits for---------- **$12.50**
$24.50, $27.50, $29.50 suits for---------- **$19.50**

Cloth Eton Jackets...choice from any of our $10.00, $12.50 and $13.50 Eton Jackets at only---------- **$7.50**

Jackets for Ladies and Misses...covert cloth and Venetian...silk lined...some Eton styles ...$8.00 values for---------- **$4.98**

Infants' wear.

Infants' muslin slips... dainty yoke, 35c and--------- **49c**

Infants' long slips or dresses... trimmed with lace and embroidery, 75c, 95c and---- **$1.25**

Infants long dresses of fine nain- sook, tucks and insertion in yoke... dainty ruffles over shoulders...$1.50 and--------- **$2.00**

Infants' long dresses, finest ma- terials, daintiest trimmings...$2.50, $3.50 and **$5.00**

Infants' Christening robes, made of fine lawn, rows of lace insertion around bottom, exquisitely finished and trimmed, price $5.00, $7.50, $10.50 and---------- **$11.**

May festival sale
Muslin Underwear.

Time for supplying your summer needs NOW...HERE...when garments of the reputed standard of character such as we *always* sell are being sold at these exceptionally low prices...this sale an extraordinary feature for tomorrow...

49c for Ladies' Muslin Gowns, empire style.

75c each for Ladies' Muslin Gowns, worth $1 and $1.25.

98c for Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Gowns, high, low, V, or square shapes, embroidery and lace trimmed, tucked and hemstitched twenty styles.

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $5 and $7.50 for fine American made Night Robes, suitable for Wedding trousseau.

$7.50, $10, $12 to $16 for finest French hand made Muslin Gowns, the choicest, most refined and elegant garments in the market adapted especially for the wedding trousseau.

75c to $16.50 for domestic and foreign made Underskirts.

20c to $7 for domestic and foreign made Drawers, the best possible values at the respective prices.

98c to $12.50 for domestic and foreign made Chemise.

May festival sale
Dress goods--linings free.

Linings to the amount of 95c will be given free with every dress pattern purchased here tomorrow for women's dress at 75c per yard or over...quality and style left to your own choosing. The announcement of the above without our making any further special inducements insures extraordinary activity in Dress goods Saturday, the last Saturday shopping day before Memorial...but look at this list of magnificent bargains!...do you wonder that we look for the mightiest crowds of the season...with these gigantic values and bountiful bargains adorning the full length and breadth of this great dress goods store?

Black and colored wool goods.

44-in Black Storm Serges ...elegant values...per yard---- **75c**

46-inch all wool French Serges... special dye and superb finish...thoroughly reliable...Saturday value extraordinary---------- **75c**

42-inch all wool English Batiste ...a fine sheer, fabric...a very popular cloth for summer dresses, and this is a splendid quality with an exceptionally fine finish...Saturday-- **75c**

54-in all wool blue and brown cheviot extra weight...woven from strong, stout wool...superior quality and extra weight...per yard---------- **75c**

50-in Pilot Cheviots...sponged and shrunk ... heavy goods ... regular $1.00 quality...our special price tomorrow---------- **89c**

50-inch Granites..extra strong qual- ties...beautiful colors in a wide variety...Saturday---- ---- ------ **89c**

Wash Goods; extra values tomorrow.

32-inch imported Madras ... this season's choicest patterns, colors and combinations...a high grade variety ..delicate patterns...ideal fabrics for shirt waists...values up to 65c for 35c values up to 45c for---------- **25c**

Batiste...50 pieces for this sale... ...every design a work of art...every pattern fascinating, stylish, beautiful...special for this sale------- **19c**

Genuine Imported Irish Dimities, more sheer than lawn, woven of finest spun cotton and made by the skilled operators of the Emerald Isle...from whence comes the best of the many varieties of Dimities.. these goods are especially fine----- **25c**

Allouette a Filet...a beautiful im- ported French fabric, sheer and dainty...new ..handsome Parisian designs..worth 25c...special Saturday---- --------- **15c**

Bargain counter No. 1.
Special!

Do not fail to try the elegant dishes prepar'd from the Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit which we are serving. A handsomely illustrated cook-book presented each purchaser.

May festival sale
Millinery

We are admittedly Millinery headquarters...a position earned through energetic efforts intelligently guided, offering at all times accepted, authentic styles at prices and profits that do not satisfy other dealers. Saturday will be an important day in the millinery department ...we have made extensive preparations for Memorial day...this is a splendid time to buy, for prices are way down.

$7.50 Trimmed Hats, fancy Tuscan braids and chiffon.. trimmed with flowers, chiffon, and fancy ribbons...also the popular Shirt Waist hat trimmed with fancy silks, quills, and breasts...trimmed in our own work rooms...special at --------- **$5.00**

$5.00 Trimmed Hats in black and all colors... trimmed with flowers, chiffon and fancy trimmings...shapes are good, styles authentic, the designing and making of a superior order... made in our own work rooms... special for Saturday---------- **$2.95**

Children's and Misses' Hats in leghorns, fancy straws, and silk mull...trimmed with flowers and chiffon and fancy silks...a wonderful selection for Memorial day... prices $1.50 to ---------- **$7.50**

Ladies' Sailors...advices from the East state that sailors are much in vogue for street and outing wear...Knox shapes... $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.25, $2.75, $3.75, **$4.25**

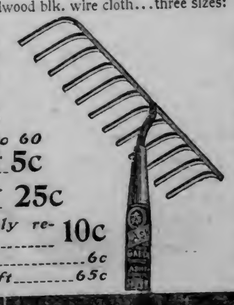
May festival sale
Screens, hammocks.

Some day summer will come to stay. the sun will beat down with a vigor and intensity that will make you seek some shady nook in which to string a comfortable hammock...before that time comes get your hammock all ready...we show a complete line of "Palmer" hammocks...they are best, or somebody else would sell them...prices range from $6.50 down...we offer a specially good 5-8 color, open weave, concealed spreader, Palmer hammock, 37x78 inches in size at---------- **79c**

Screen Doors..four panels...door complete ready to hang with spring, hinges, screws, knob and pull---------- **69c**

Screen Windows...adjustable, neatly constructed of hardwood blk. wire cloth...three sizes:

18 inches high, 20 inches closed, 33½ inches open ...23c
24 inches high, 20 inches closed, 33½ inches open...29c
24 inches high, 22 inches closed, 37½ inches open...35c



Wire Screen Cloth...all widths from 24 to 36 inches...black, cut to your measure, no extra charge... 24 inch, 26 inch, 28 inch...the Glass Block price is---------- **10c**

Poultry Netting...all widths from 12 inches to 60 inches...36 inch for Saturday, standard weight...per yd. only---------- **5c**

Rakes....malleable iron Garden Rakes....10- tooth 17c...12-tooth 19c...14-tooth---------- **25c**

Rubber Garden Hose...good grade, perfectly re- liable and warranted...P. & W.'s guaranteed, per foot---------- **10c**
Cheaper grades, like our competitors---------- **6c**

Hose Reels...made of hardwood...holds 100 ft---------- **65c**

Glove sale.

Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves, white and colors, pos- itively worth 75c...Saturday's price---------- **57c**

A new line of dollar gloves in all colors and sizes...Saturday---------- **$1.00**

A new shipment of Fownes' Dagmar Gloves... the best glove to be purchased at the price...all colors--- **$1.50**

Flowers for Memorial Day.

Decoration day next Thursday...you will want something extra fine and appropriate in floral designs, and don't forget flower headquarters...leave your orders early tomorrow.

Hardy Rosebushes, per bush---------- 15c
Tea, Bride, Bridesmaid, Meteor Roses, doz 75c
Lilly of the Valley---------- 50c
American Beauty Roses, doz---------- $1.50
All varieties of Carnations, per doz---- 35c
Tulips---------- to ---------- 50c
Fresh Ferns,

Drug department.

We lead in price cutting...our prices are the dread of high priced druggists.

Leithhead's Cream Dentifrice, 25c tubes---------- 15c
Armour & Co.'s Fine Art Toilet Soap...regular price 10...Saturday--7c
Bromo Seltzer, 10c bottles for---------- 6c
Warner's Lythia Tablets, 50c size for---------- 25c
Hood's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50c size for---------- 25c
Fletcher's Castoria, Saturday for---------- 25c

Stationery departm't { 5c bottles of Carter's Ink for ---------- / 5c bottles of Mucilage for---------- / 5c Pencil Boxes for---------- } **3c**

May Festival Sale
Shoes and Oxfords.

Tremendous reductions are made to make tomorrow's selling the most phe- nomenal of the year.

Ladies' Oxford Ties...Fine kid flexible soles...plain kid or fancy cloth tops.. new toes...patent tips...all sizes...actually worth $1.35 to $1.50... Saturday---------- **95c**

Ladies' Tan Oxfords...light summer weight...flexible, stylish, solid com- fort, and durable...dark or light shades...all sizes and widths...actually worth $1.75...Saturday---------- **$1.23**

Ladies' Fine Kid Lace Boots...up-to-date styles...cloth or kid tops...pat- ent or kid tips...light or medium weight soles...all sizes...actual value $1.75... Saturday---------- **$1.23**

Ladies' Ideal Patent Kid Lace Boots...swellest styles and finest work- manship...choice of four popular styles... actually worth $3.50...Saturday---------- **$2.45**

Misses' Spring Heel Tan Lace Boots...sizes to 2...the very newest, catchiest creations...light or heavy soles...medium or dark shades... positively worth $2.00...Saturday--------- **$1.35**

Misses' Hand Turned Spring Heel Sandal slippers...satin bows and ornaments in red, white, brown, pink, blue, patent leather and fine black kid...sizes to 2...Saturday---------- **95c**

Children's Sandals, same style as misses'...Saturday ----- **79c**

Infants' Sandals... Saturday---- ---------- **65c**

W. L. Douglas

63 Douglas Shoe Stores in American Cities Selling at One Profit

Factory Pay Roll for Labor only, $18,500 per week.
THE WORLDS LARGEST $3.50 SHOE FACTORY.
FAST COLOR EYELETS AND RODITE ALWAYS BLACK HOOKS USED EXCLUSIVELY.

$3.50 SHOES

UNION MADE

Men's Shoes Worth $5 for $3.50

If you have been paying $5.00 for shoes, a trial of W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes will convince you that they are just as good in every way and cost $1.50 less. We are the largest makers and retailers of men's $3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the United States.

The reason more W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because they are the best that can be made. They are made of the very best imported and American leathers. The workmanship is the best. They fit like custom made shoes. The style is the best and always up to date. We lead the fashions.

We have the largest $3.50 shoe business in the world, which gives us a great advantage in buying leather and materials at the very lowest cash prices. We produce our $3.50 shoes at less expense, because we make so many. We employ the best skilled Union labor that can be secured in the United States.

We sell direct from factory to wearer through our 63 stores in the large cities at one profit. The extra middleman's profit that others have to charge we add to the quality, and give to the wearers.

The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes, because the standard had always been placed so high that the wearers expect more for their money than they can get elsewhere. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers.

It is not alone the best leather that makes a first-class shoe—it is the brains that have planned the best style, lasts a perfect model of the foot, and the construction of the shoe. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes the best in the world for men.

Suffel & CO.
Agents for Duluth.
131 W. Superior St.

NEXT BEST METHOD

Railroads Should Be Taxed According to Their Valuation.

If Gross Earnings Apportionment Cannot Be Secured.

Comment From an Attorney on the Situation.

"The Herald hit the nail on the head," said an attorney yesterday afternoon, "when it said that if it is impossible to get an apportionment of the gross earnings taxes received from the railroads, as the members of the tax commission claimed, the thing to do is to quit taxing the roads that way and tax them according to the value of their property, the way other industries are taxed.

"Those misguided people who want to do away with a state tax by getting taxes in this manner into the state treasury, are doing a great injury to the cities, and if the cities do not prosper the state cannot well stand high in the roster of American commonwealths. One of the members of the tax commission when he was here said that if he could do so he would vote to do away with the entire state tax, because small as it is, it causes a rivalry in different counties to see which can dodge most of it by cutting their county valuations. He, of course, will bitterly oppose any attempt to let the cities get the share of the trailroad tax that is due them.

"The system is robbing and impoverishing the cities for the benefit of country districts, where taxes are light anyway and relief is not needed so much as it is in the cities where tax expenses are necessarily high. And because the members of the commission fear that the farmers will rise and oppose their tax bill if they incorporate in it a reform so obviously necessary as the apportionment of the gross earnings taxes, they will refuse to take any action upon it. When they admit that the present system is unjust, and when they were appointed to right present injustices in the tax laws, it does not look very courageous to refuse justice to the cities for fear their bill will be refused.

"I do not believe that the opposition would be so firm as they state, for it cannot be as united as the action of the cities ought to be. But if it is as strong as they have stated it, the only thing to do is to drop the gross earnings tax and tax the railroad property just as other property is taxed. The only object in having a gross earnings tax was that it was somewhat easier than having railroad property valued by local assessors in different counties would have different ideas of the worth of the property, and that it was encouragement to the railroads in days when it was necessary to coax railroads into the state. Now that is no longer necessary, and no matter what the method of taxation may be the railroads will have to stay here and more will come.

"Minnesota should therefore follow the advantage of Michigan, which is doing away with the gross earnings tax and assessing railroads on an ad valorem basis. The difficulty about the assessors is to be done away with by having a state tax commission—which Minnesota is to have also—to fix a value on the railroad property. There must be a relief to the cities, and if it does not come one way it must come another. If the gross earnings taxes cannot be apportioned, that system must be annulled and the railroads taxed on their value as other property is taxed."

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it, though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.

WILL PARTICIPATE.

Spanish-American War Soldiers to Decorate.

The soldiers of the Spanish-American war held a meeting last evening and made arrangements for the observance of Memorial day. The members of the local society will participate in the G. A. R. exercises in the morning and will assist in the decorating of graves. They will pay special attention to the Duluth soldiers who lost their lives in the recent war and in the Philippines. In the afternoon there will be special exercises at the Armory.

The following committees were appointed: Finance, Maj. F. R. Bidwell, W. S. McCormick and Hugo Halling; entertainment, A. E. Broadbridge, W. L. McLennan and C. E. French; decorations, W. L. Pierce, John P. Reid, O.W. Nelson, Henry A. Leidel, Capt. A. H. Wigdahl; parade, C. E. French, M. L. Reed, Garfield Blackwood.

LOST HIS CASH.

Duluth Man's Experience In Wicked Chicago.

John McNulty, of Duluth, is in trouble in Chicago. Three days ago he received a telegram from Chicago notifying him that an uncle had died and left him considerable money. He was advised to hasten to Chicago without delay and also told that he would be met at the depot by some person that would take him to the uncle's house.

He reached Chicago and was met by two men who said they would take him to his relative's late residence on the Northwest side. On the way they stopped in several saloons. McNulty was given a knockout potion and roobed of $90.

He is believed to be John McNulty, a bridge builder who has made his home in several Bowery hotels.

DUNN'S REPARTEE.

His Quick Retort to a Lumberman.

The quick Irish wit of State Auditor "Bob" Dunn took a shot at a prominent lumberman at yesterday's state land sale at the court house that aroused a sudden laugh. In going over the land that was being sold the state auditor struck a piece that had quite a bit of pine on it. He was not selling pine, however, so he passed over that section.

There was some demand that he put it on the market, however, as several jumbermen went there especially to bid on it. Mr. Dunn stuck to his refusal, however.

"Oh,come on!" said the prominent lumberman above mentioned. "Just try a forty of it, and if you don't like the way it goes you can pull it back!"

"Oh, go on!" said the state auditor. "If I sold you a forty you'd cut the whole section."

The crowd laughed at this sally. When the laughter was over the state auditor continued:

"Oh, I'm on to you fellows! I've known people to log for several winters on the same forty."

GREAT ARRAY OF TALENT.

Galaxy of Singers at the May Festival.

The most formidable array of singers ever brought together for one occasion in Duluth will be in evidence at the May festival next Wednesday and Friday, and the selections to be given are all of a character commensurate with the dignity of a festival. Miss Susanne McKay will sing the splendid soprano solo from Gounod's "Galila." Mrs. McAuliffe will sing Chaminade's brilliant "Summer." Mrs. Gaston Borch will, with Cyrill Tyler, sing portions of her husband's opera "Silvia," a sequel to "Cavallerie Rusticana." Miss Farrell will give the "Gypsy Song" from Carmen, Miss Rena Smith "The Swallows" by Cowen, and the more recent composition by Gerard Tonning "Arabian Love Songs," a song cycle, which was received with so much favorable comment a few weeks ago, will be sung by four favorite singers: Mrs. Cecilie Berryman, Miss Clara Hector, George Tyler and E. W. Prophet.

TREED BEATTY.

London, May 24.—Mrs. Arthur Tree, daughter of Marshall Field, of Chicago, was married Wednesday to Capt. David Beatty of the Royal navy.

TO VISIT WILLIAM.

The Hague, May 23.—Queen Wilhelmina and her husband will visit Emperor William of Germany, at Potsdam, from May 30 to June 1 at the emperor's invitation.

WOULDN'T SELL IT.

Her Pure and Clear Complexion Not For Sale.

A Cornell girl was put on a Grape-Nuts diet and discovered some facts. She says: "While a student at Cornell I suffered from improper diet. The banquets and other social functions—with their rich refreshments—served to completely upset a stomach already weak from rich pastry, highly-seasoned meats, and confections furnished by loving parents at home.

"I became irritable, nervous and my appetite became more and more capricious. Only rich, highly-seasoned food suited me, and this further wrecked my health. I was sallow, having lost my pink and white complexion. I became dull eyed and dull brained, the victim of agonizing dyspepsia and intestinal trouble.

"I was finaly forced to leave school and came home an irritable, wretchedly sick girl. The plainest food disagreed with me, and I bade fair to starve to death, when a physician advised my physician to put me on Grape-Nuts Food diet. To make a long story short, the transformation from wretched ill health to good health was marvelous. I liked the new food so well, and it agreed with my tortured stomach perfectly, regulated my bowels, my headaches left, and the color of the skin gradually grew better. In eight months I found myself rosy, plump and strong.

"I would not sell my clear complexion, bright eyes and general good feeling for the costliest, richest mess of Delmonican pottage."

"I returned to Cornell, finished my course, and can now study, think and live. The food that enabled me to regain my health I shall never forget." Name furnished by Postum Cereal company, limited, at Battle Creek, Mich.

ARE WIDOWS GOING OUT OF FASHION?

Some Reforms Are Suggested By Which They as a Class Should Be Suppressed---Opinions By Experts.

Fashionable New York society is threatened with an appalling and unprecedented famine—a dearth of widows. Of course, men still die and leave "relicts," but wealthy and distinguished men of Gotham have so arrived at a just appreciation of their rare privileges as husbands of the most captivating women on earth, that no self-respecting man of means and position ever dies now and leaves a young, rich, beautiful widow. Indeed, things in this direction have come to such a pass that it really seems as if some special law should be enacted to change things. Of course there are still "grass widows" dear me! yes! The crop of "grass widows" is luxuriant and increasing. As a distressed debutante remarked the other day, "there were widows to burn," and she "wished some one would start the conflagration."

This incendiary young woman, bloodthirsty as she appears, stated only the fact. What man with a plethoric bank account and transcendental social position has lately "shuffled off this mortal coil" and gone to a happier sphere, leaving a young and fascinating widow to mourn his loss? Not one—and the few widows that remained, as it were, "in stock," have proceeded to remate themselves with more or less satisfaction. Even the grass widows won't stay "grass widowed," but find pastures new with praiseworthy promptitude. Already in the past season shining examples have put into practice the time-honored advice to "try, try again," and each may lay the flattering unction to her soul that she has done well indeed. But to return—if not to our muttons—to the real, bonafide widow.

If she goes out of fashion, how can the world go on? Of course, there are the good, reliable widows, like delightful Mrs. Brockholst Cutting, stately Mrs. Joseph W. Drexel, Dresdenesque Mrs. Elizabeth Lawrence Gilman, elegant and erudite Mrs. Frank Leslie, charming Mrs. Fred J. Pearson, blonde and beautiful Marquise Lanza, magnificent Mrs. Van Rensselaer Cruger, superb Mrs. Theodore A. Havemeyer, dashing Mrs. Fred Neilson, startling Mrs. J. P. Kernochan, beautiful Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, the ever-entertaining, Mrs. Gouveneur Kortwright, the wealthy Mrs. John Vinton Dahlgren, elegant Mrs. William Post, the stately Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, and a few more, but still what a small proportion to the multitudinous maids and matrons who cut such a swath in swell society.

It seems impossible to satisfactorily account for this paucity of widows. Of course there is a remedy, but it is such a harrowing one, that I hesitate to propose it. Still as long as the world is, there must, should and will be widows, and to prolnce widows it is obviously necessary that some husbands should lie down and die. Nor will it answer that what "Chimmie Fadden" would call "any old husband" should dio. It must be one of wealth and high position, and he must leave a young and beautiful widow to mourn his loss presumably. This dying to make widows for other men savors both of heroism and martyrdom, and should allure many a millionaire to dream of such renunciation.

Only fancy what charms would surround the widows of Henry Clews, J. Pierpont Morgan, J. M. Waterbury, Hermann Oelrichs, Ogden Mills, Clarence Mackay, J. Hude Beekman, John Jacob Astor, and any scion of the house of Vanderbilt! Could imagination picture anything in the line of femininity more alluring? We have all heard how some clever French woman regretted that she had not been born a widow; it is always the French women who say these things that are at once clever and cynical. Of course it seems both crude and cruel to thus summarily dispose of husbands in the prime of life, in the highest flush of manhood, but then these matters need to be looked at from an absolutely impersonal point of view. Having conceded as we must do that such a sad and appalling state of affairs exists, it becomes not only judicious but imperative to find a remedy. Granted that there are too few widows in the smart circles of society, it becomes necessary in order to supply the demand to eliminate the husbands.

Having got thus far in our premises, it remains now only to await the action of some self-sacrificing millionaire who, in oredr to make a young, rich and beautiful widow, will remove himself to a presumably happier sphere, but while we await, even if we watch and pray, widows are growing scarcer.

Several famous and brilliant men, all of whom are past-masters in the knowledge of the proper and pretty qualities of women, have been questioned regarding the cause of the scarcity of widows and its remedy. Their opinions are valuable and interesting, if not particularly useful.

FACTS ABOUT COPPER.

Pamphlet Bearing on Douglas County Prospects.

The pamphlet published by the citizens' copper committee of Superior has been issued, and is a very attractive document, and sets forth the claims of the Douglas county copper fields in a very strong way. It was compiled by Kirby Thomas, manager of the Evening Telegram. The opinions of the geological experts who have investigated the region are succinctly given, there are maps of the territory, with formation, the location of the mines, etc., pointed ont, and many other matters of interest. A list of companies owning properties there and matters of interest concerning them are given, together with a statement of the amount of development work done by each. Altogether the work will be a valuable one to the copper interests of the county and cannot fail to attract much attention to the prospects of Douglas county for becoming a copper mining center.

The least in quantity and most in quality describes DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills for constipation and liver complaints. Max Wirth.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE EVIL EYE."

Charles H. Yale's "The Evil Eye" will be at the Lyceum tonight and tomorrow night. It is otherwise known as "The Many Merry Mishaps of Nid and the Weird Wonderful Wanderings of Nod." The scenery for the spectacle is carried in two special scenery cars, and a large force of men are necessary in placing it in position. Among the elaborate scenic devices are the Disappearing Rooms, the Revolving Wind-Mill, both of which are said to be among the most involved bits of stage mechanism ever devised. In addition to the electric ballet dancers, the Phasey troupe of English girl singers and dancers, and the large chorus, the company includes Charles A. Soder, Mayme Mayo, John Guilmette, Boranl and Elliot, Miss Lora Lieb, Charles Flynn, George W. Kerr and others.

Still Contesting.

The contest at Superior between the different sections of that city for the location of the library building goes merrily on and takes new phases constantly. Andrew Carnegie is not in any danger of having to give up his check for $50,000 for some time to come if the present deadlock keeps up. The citizens of that portion of the city known as Central Park are now after the building red hot. They have raised $5000 for the beautifying of the grounds if the board will locate the building on Union square, a piece of property already owned by the city at Central Park. The board has not yet made its decision as to a site.

THE POOR TURK.

Has a Few More Troubles of His Own.

Constantinople, May 24.—In consequence of the arrest of an Italian postal agent at Preveza, the Italian charge d'affaires has demanded immediate reparation from the porte. If this is not accorded, Italy will send warships to Prevenza to exact satisfaction.

The officials of the Ottoman embassy at Paris have telegraphed to the sultan, threatening to leave their posts unless their salaries are paid.

TO REORGANIZE.

Steel and Wire Company Discharges All Men.

Pittsburg, May 24.—Notices were posted today at the plant of the American Steel and Wire company, Neville Island, to the effect that on May 31 every man employed in the plant would be discharged and that on June 1 all the forces would be reorganized. It is understood that many of the present employes will be left out by the reorganization.

A new blast furnace will be completed this week and will be put in operation on June 1. This will give employment to at least 400 more men, making the total number employed about 700.

CARPETS and RUGS

A most excellent line comprised of the very best goods—such as Lowell, Bigelow, Worcester, etc.—all our patterns and colorings are exclusive—giving you far larger selections than can be obtained elsewhere. Our close buying in large quantities enables us to quote **lowest possible prices.**

French Wiltons,	Pro-Brussels,	Body Brussels,
Smith's Axminsters,	C. C. Ingrains,	3-Ply Ingrains,
Moquettes,	Bigelow Axminsters,	Extra Supers,
Tapestry Brussels,	Wilton Velvets.	Cotton Ingrains.

In RUGS we offer these fine quality art squares suitable for dining rooms, sitting rooms and chambers.

9x7-6 for ___$2.75 9x10-6 for__$3.50 9x12 for ___$4.25

THE G. C. STEELE CO

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHINGS
on payments made very easy.

226-228 West Superior St., Duluth.

What others advertise we sell better for less.

Women's Suits

reduced for tomorrow

THERE ARE so few dresses alike in these different lots that it is impossible to describe in detail. You would be sure to want the one we describe and would find it gone. Enough to say that the styles include every popular fashion of the season and every desirable cloth in staple, solid colors and in pretty light effects.

To describe in a general way we mention these particular bargains for tomorrow:

Ladies' Suits—made of best quality Venetian, Cheviot and Homespun—made in the latest style—some lined throughout with silk, others lined with Nearsilk—in black, brown, blue and tan—been selling for $25.00 and $30; tomorrow all go at the uniform price of---------- **$18.50**

Another lot—made of different cloths such as Homespuns, Cheviots—in blue, gray and black—Jackets all silk lined—have been sold up to $16.50 elsewhere—tomorrow they will go at one price---------- **$11.50**

Parisian Suit Com'y

CHAS. FREIMUTH, Mngr.

106 West Superior Street.

LUMBER FIRE

Dangerous Blaze at Mitchell & McClure Mill.

Loss Is Small But Possibilities Were Great.

Fire broke out early this morning in the lumber yard of the Mitchell & McClure company on St. Louis bay, at West Duluth, and destroyed about 500,000 feet of lumber. The fire was still burning this afternoon, but was under control shortly before noon.

The lumber burned was scoots and low grade shorts and belonged to a lot sold last winter by G. Fred Stevens to parties in New York. The original lot comprised about 625,000 feet, and the lumber was to have been shipped this summer. The burned lumber was fully insured and the loss is estimated at less than $5000.

The fire occurred in what is termed the land yard, several hundred feet east of the mill. The insurance on the lumber in this yard amounts to about $60,000, while the lumber on the docks, which is of the higher grades, is insured for about $300,000.

The fire was first discovered a few minutes before 7 o'clock, and an alarm was turned in to the West Duluth department. The whistles at the Mitchell & McClure, Merrill & Ring and St. Louis Lumber companies' mills were also blown to alarm the men working at the mills. A general fire alarm was sent to the departments in Duluth and four engines were quickly on the way to the fire. The mill crews did effective work before the departments arrived. Connections were made with the hydrants, streams were thrown from both the pump houses of the Mitchell & McClure and the Merrill & Ring company, while the lumber company's tug, the Ida Barrett, also had a stream playing on the fire. A fire tug from the West End which was dispatched as soon as the alarm was given, also did good service until the fire was under control. The West Duluth engine was the first to arrive and was soon throwing two good streams. The up-town departments had a long, hard run, and the fire, in spite of the determined efforts of the West Duluth department and the volunteers force among the men employed in the mills, had gained considerable headway and was burning fiercely when they got there. After the whole force was at work about twenty streams were turned on the blaze, and the efforts of the firemen were directed to keeping the blaze from spreading.

Six piles were entirely in flames when Chief Black reached the fire, but so effective and systematic was the fight waged that only two other piles caught fire. As is the usual case with a fire in lumber piles, it was very stubborn and there was a regular furnace in the center of some of the piles after streams had been played on them for an hour. A number of the pilers were set at work tearing down the piles in the vicinity of the burning lumber and in this way the flames were confined to some eight piles close together and against the tramway running through the yards. Nearly 200 feet of the tramway burned, the rails twisting and warping in various shapes under the intense heat. Most of the piles burned were reduced to huge beds of live coals.

It was a fortunate fire in many ways in that the wind, while very stiff, was blowing away from the mill and the docks. The rains of the past few days had dampened the sawdust and the tops of the other piles about the yard and the sparks from the burning lumber did not catch fire readily. Had the weather been dry for several days, or the wind in almost any other quarter, the damage would have been heavy. A fire on the dock with the wind in the quarter that it was this morning, would probably have meant the annihilation of the whole Mitchell & McClure plant, if not that of the Merrill & Ring plant, as well.

It is said that while the fire was in progress, it was suddenly remembered by some of the employes that three boxes of dynamite, used in the early spring to break up the ice in the slips, had been left stored under one of the lumber piles very close to the fire. One of the mill men crawled under the lumber, secured the dynamite and it was carried to a place of safety. Very few of the spectators knew of the incident. There would doubtless have been a scattering of the crowd had it been mentioned at the time the men were getting the explosive out of the way.

W. C. McClure, of the firm of Mitchell & McClure, and William Conklin, manager for the company's interests, were among some of the first to go out to the fire from Duluth. Mr. McClure said that the company might consider itself fortunate in receiving the effective service rendered this morning by the city fire department, as well as that of the tugs and employes of the mill.

This is the first serious mill fire that has taken place at the West Duluth lumber yards for a long time, and while greater in extent than the blaze at the Alger, Smith & Co. mill yards this spring, the lumber burned is not nearly so valuable.

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes Shined for 5c.

THE FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street.

Bicycle Shoes for all—prices very reasonable.

Swell Footwear at Low Prices

We are having a tremendous trade this season—the people have found that here they can find everything that is stylish, swell and up-to-date in footwear at a saving of from 50c to $1.00 on every purchase.

Here's Proof for Tomorrow:

Ladies' $3.50 Oxfords, made in Russia Calf, patent leather or vici kid, heavy welt or handturn sole, 18 different styles; tomorrow for only---------- **$2.50**

100 pairs Ladies' $3.00 dress patent leather, cloth top, lace shoes. Special price---- **$2.48**

Ladies' $3 vici, vesting stay, lace or heavy sole vici street shoe, at only---------- **$1.98**

80 pairs Misses' $1.25 kid shoes in lace, at only---------- **98**

200 pairs of Men's $3.00 vici kid shoes—black or tan; also calf, black or tan, heavy double sole, all sizes. Our sale price tomorrow ------ **$2.48**

76 pairs Boys' and Youth's $2 calf shoes, cruiser soles, made to wear, sizes 12 to 5½, at only ---- **$1.50**

150 pairs Boys' and Youth's $1.25 shoes, sizes 11 to 5½, tomorrow's price **98c**

THE.... Famous "Lookout" Shoe for Men $3.50

The acme of perfection in men's shoemaking and acknowledged by all to be the best shoe in the world at the price. Try a pair.

The Famous $2.50 Shoe for Men in

Tans and black—comfort giving lasts. Better than the much advertised $3.50 shoes.

MAY RETIRE.

Ambassador de Lome Is Likely to Hand In His Resignation.

Washington, May 24.—It is understood here that the determination of Senor Sagasta to remain at the head of the Spanish cabinet may lead to the retirement of Dupuy de Lome, well remembered in Washington as minister from Spain prior to the war, from his present post as Spanish ambassador at Rome. When the Silvela cabinet was formed after the war, Dupuy de Lome took the important position of under secretary of foreign affairs, and as such had much to do with the American minister, Mr. Storer, in negotiating the pending treaty and in establishing the relations of the two countries on a modern basis. About nine months ago he returned to the foreign service, and his rank of minister, held at Washington, was increased to that of ambassador to Rome. This apparently removed any embarrassments which may have arisen from the circumstances connected with the minister's departure from Washington. He is a prominent member of the Conservative party, and as Senor Sagasta's stay at the head of the cabinet insures a Liberal regime, it is thought he will pursue the course usual among diplomatic officials prominent in politics of tendering his resignation to the Liberal ministry.

THE ATTACK

On American Locomotives Not Taken Seriously By Miller.

Pittsburg, May 24.—Wilson Miller, president of the Pittsburg Locomotive works, does not take seriously the attack made on American locomotives in the English parliament yesterday. Sir Alfred Hickman, former president of the British Iron Trade association, quoted from the report of the inspector of Burmah railroads, which showed that the American locomotives in use there required more repairs and more coal than locomotives of British make.

Mr. Miller stated he was unable to understand the objections, as the American locomotives had been made on plans similar to the English with regard to fuel consumption and production of steam. It was true, he said, that American engineers and firemen were more extravagant with coal than their British brethren, because it was cheaper and more plentiful here. In English systems economy is the rule and premiums are offered for firemen raising the most steam power with the smallest amount of fuel. The question, however, was largely a personal one, relating to the firemen as even in this country, one fireman will use twice as much coal as another over the same road and same distance. The life of an American locomotive he believed to be greater than that of an English manufacture.

Reserved Seats For May Festival.

Reserved seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's from Monday morning.

SWINDLER

Is Said to Be Headed This Way From Louisville.

Word has been received that T. F. Gallagher, who recently left Louisville, Ky., after "doing" the people of that city to the amount of several thousand dollars, is headed for Duluth. Advices from Louisville state that one T. F. Gallagher came to that city from Chicago, where he was said to be worth $10,000. His plan is to send out circulars offering pieces of goods, either linen or silk, at one-half to one-tenth the market cost. Then he proceeds to sell other goods that ultimately check up short and appear at twice the price at which they were sold. While at Louisville he used a horse and buggy to make the rounds of his prospective customers, and had a companion. It is said that he selects his customers by means of the telephone lists.

DUE TO DRINK.

George Smith's Drowning Can Be Charged to Whisky.

Whisky was more responsible than water for the drowning of George Smith, of Buffalo, which occurred at the Duluth, Missabe & Northern ore docks shortly after midnight.

Smith, accompanied by two companions, had been up town all evening enjoying themselves. About 12:30 this morning they endeavored to make their way out to the steamer Queen City at the end of the ore dock. There is a walk the entire length of the dock, but at one point this walk turns rather sharply. It was extremely dark and stormy and the three sailors were under the influence of liquor. They missed the walk at the turn and all went into the water. Smith was unable to help himself and the other two were unable to help him. He was drowned in about eight feet of water.

The life saving crew went to the scene of the drowning this morning and recovered the body. It was removed to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms.

Smith was well known along the lakes as "Buffalo Dutch." He is about 29 years of age and unmarried. His relatives live in Buffalo.

Rummage Sale.

The rummage sale at No. 12 West Superior street continues till 10 o'clock Saturday night. There are a suit of plush parlor furniture, some bedsteads and mattresses and a quantity of clothing left yet.

The ladies who have not sent in their contributions for the rummage will please do so early tomorrow morning.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

Special Offer for Saturday

MAKE it a point to take advantage of these bargains for Wedding Presents.

"Silver Plate that Wears."

No. 216—BAKING DISH.

Finest quadruple silver-plated Baking Dish, sold regularly for $6.00—Saturday at--------- **$4.00**

For Saturday—We show in our window Solid Silver Cream Ladles, Bon-Bon Spoons, Sugar Spoons, Butter Picks and Sugar Tongs for---------- **$1.50**

F. D. DAY & CO., 315 W. Sup. St.

JEWELERS.

"Lowest priced house in the Northwest for fine goods."

THE TURF'S SEVEN AGES

From Foal to Disappointing Phenomenon, Finally Winding Up Hitched at Dawn of Day to the Milk Wagon.

The turf's a stage, and colts and fillies are merely players.

They have their good days and their off days, and each thoroughbred in his time is likely to break many hearts, the process being divided into seven ages.

At first the foal tenderly nursed as a child, fed on milk and warm water; then the weanling receiving his first introduction to oats and bran.

Next the thoroughbred figures as the yearling, and is the subject of marvelous tales of fast work by imaginative stable employes. As a 2-year-old the next period of the thoroughbred is witnessed and for the first time he faces the flag in an actual race.

Then as a 3-year-old he is likely to figure in the running of classic events, such as derbys and even handicaps for all ages.

Next he may figure as an exploded phenomenon headed for the Canadian circuit or even more obscure race tracks. And then if he's lucky and has a record which justifies such an assignment—to the stud.

Last scene of all that ends the career of the same horses of early promise—the dairy farm—sans speed, sans virility, sans friends—there be hitched at dawn of day to the milk wagon.

From the moment of his birth the thoroughbred racehorse enlists the most thoughtful care of skilled attendants.

Strange to say, the mare does not always take kindly to her foal, and for a few days the youngster is kept from the mother and fed on cow's milk and warm water.

Within three days the colt is able to gallop in a circle around its maternal relation. In nine days' time the colt is able to trot around the paddock, and is shortly after that permitted to mingle with other blue-blooded colts and fillies in pasturage. He responds readily to his mother's call, and even when racing with his fellows, obediently heeds the maternal signal.

The racing instinct is developed very early in life, and youngsters under two months old frequently "hook up" in a race around the field, covering the ground as fast as their little legs will carry them. They are given oats to nibble at preparatory to the weaning process, which occurs when they are about six months old.

It takes three days to wean a thoroughbred, and during this period the youngster lives on oats administered in quantities of a quart three times a day. During this perior the mother is naturally nervous, but as her offspring is kept out of her sight this feeling gradually wears off.

After being weaned the colt is schooled to the halter—the colt's halter, it is called—and it is a simpler affair than he is called upon to wear later on.

The grooming process preparatory to his being led to the sale then begins. With some reluctance the youngster submits to the curry comb and brush, the mane, which has an early tendency to grow on the wrong side, is set aright, and the highly-bred colt begins to show his lineage.

A month before he is put up at auction the colt is kept in the paddock most of the time. He is given nearly an hour's walk every morning and also at night after the sun goes down. The blacksmith trims his feet. Later he is shod for the purpose of protecting his hoofs.

If he becomes a yearling in the fall—officially he is never a yearling until the first of January following his birth—he is likely to compete for prizes at fairs held in his native county.

In Lexington, for instance, breeders think highly of the prizes offered for best-looking thoroughbreds at the annual fair given under the auspices of the Elks.

There is intense rivalry between the men in charge of the youngsters, and these horse valets have been known to bet a month's salary on the proposition that their particular pride would attract more attention from the judges than some rival youngster.

The best-looking yearlings do not always prove to be good racehorses. Probably as handsome a colt as ever was foaled was First Mate. He was a maiden as a 3-year-old, but perhaps the best maiden in training. Henry of Navarre, Halma, Ornament and Satsuma were other good-looking colts that would have brought good prices on their looks alone.

The annual sale of thoroughbred yearlings usually takes place in New York in June, and there is much excitement in Lexington a week or so before that time. Six men are in actual charge of each car of youngsters sent from Lexington, though frequently as many as a dozen men secure passage in these cars. Many a stranded actor, anxious to reach New York, has gladly accepted the hospitality of a trainer in this way.

Before he is turned over to the auctioneer each thoroughbred represents an outlay of at least $200 for his care and education. He may represent an outlay of $500 more if he be highly bred.

After he is knocked down to the highest bidder the youngster soon passes into the care of a trainer to be schooled in the ways of a racing machine.

With a couple of boys on either side of him, he is taught to walk properly, to "break" properly, to trot, to canter and to gallop, always under restraint at first.

Some yearlings are woefully and hopelessly clumsy, and they are discarded as unfit for association with embryo racehorses. The weeding-out process results in many a well-bred colt being declared a disappointment, lacking in speed and even the racing instinct.

If the colt is considered good enough to mingle with his kind he is turned out to gambol on the green until the spring and some times until the fall.

If every 2-year old knew exactly what was expected of him when he faced the flag many horse owners would be wealthier than they are today. But at that, 2-year olds are more consistent as a rule than their older brothers and sisters. A 2-year old of really high class has opportunities to make more money in this country than at any time during his racing career, as witness the case of Domino, who earned nearly 200,000 as a 2-year old, and even of Ballyhoo Bey, who only started twice last year, but earned as much money as President McKinley.

The sensational 2-year-old does not always prove the best of his age in the 3-year old division. For instance, there was Mesmerist, a grand 2-year old, who failed to make good the promise of his early youth.

Then there was Halma, who came from West a few years ago with a few Derbies to his credit,—but that's a sad story.

Passing from his 3-year old exploits into the handicap division the average thoroughbred becomes an exploded phenomenon.

Sad, but true nevertheless. Sometimes he breaks down in a race, throws a splint, or becomes incapacitated for racing through being jostled about, bumped into, interfered with, kicked or jumped upon, while conscientiously trying to "make good."

In the latter case he may be sent to the stud, for that is the reward which comes to all real good thoroughbreds. If not to the stud, the not necessarily aged but infirm racehorse may find employment in the service of a dairyman.

AT WEST DULUTH

Everything is in readiness for the grand banquet to be given by the West Duluth Republican club, at the Great Eastern hall, tomorrow evening, and the members of the club are awaiting the event in eager anticipation. The West Duluth Republicans lay claim to the affair being the most elaborate and important of the kind ever attempted in the city, and in confirmation of their statements point to the list of distinguished guests. Up to last evening over 200 tickets were out, and the only thing feared was that the demand for tickets could not be met, so numerous have been the requests from Republicans from all over the city. Governor Van Sant, Senators Nelson and Clapp and a delegation of other prominent political men from the Twin Cities will arrive in the city, at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, and an informal reception will be held at the Spalding for a few hours. Committeeman G. J. Mallory says the event tomorrow night will be the largest political demonstration ever held at the head of the lakes, and that a number of prominent Republicans on the range will be in the city for the event. It is figured that about 300 guests can be accommodated at the hall. The supper will be served by the ladies of the West Duluth M. E. church, and they will also have charge of the decorations, which are said to be very artistic.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

On Wednesday evening the United Workmen had initiatory ceremonies and twelve candidates entered the fold. After the initiation a banquet was held and a number of speeches made. Among the speakers were L. A. Barnes, W. A. Coyle, T. R. Mayo and Humphrey Jones.

E. Rock has sold out his restaurant stock to Joseph Cochrane.

Mrs. A. Nickerson and sister, Mrs. Roberts, will leave in a few days for Spring Green, Wis., where they have inherited property left them by an uncle.

Mrs. Myrick has been elected a delegate to represent the West Duluth hive, No. 73, L. O. T. M., at the convention in Mankato, June 3 and 4.

Wanted, twenty girls, Monday morning, at West Duluth Shirt factory.

Attend the Degree of Honor ice cream social and dance at Gilley's hall tonight. Tickets, 25 cents.

A girl was born unto Mr. and Mrs. James Davis, of 615 Fifty-seventh avenue west, on Thursday, May 23.

Memorial exercises are being held at the West Duluth schools this afternoon, and a large number of the parents of the pupils are in attendance. Details of G. A. R. men are visiting the schools and making short talks to the children.

Matters were rather quiet along Central avenue this morning, for everybody able to get away was present at the fire in the Mitchell & McClure yard.

For fresh milk and cream try the Murray Bros. company butter store, 521 Central avenue, corner Grand.

Pioneer newstand is now located at 405 Central avenue, opposite Silvey block.

MEN OBJECT.

Boiler Makers Would Not Repair Engine From Another Division.

Easton, Pa., May 24.—The boilermakers employed in the Lehigh Valley Railroad company's shops here, about 100 in number, struck today because they had been ordered to repair a locomotive wrecked on one of the upper divisions of the road.

The boilermakers at Buffalo and Wilkesbarre, where repair work for the upper division is done, are on strike, and the local men declare they would be faithless to their fellow-workers if they worked on the locomotive.

The strike so far has not affected any of the other departments of the shops here.

KILLED HIM.

Young Man at Greenfield Objects to Interference.

Kingston, N. Y., May 24.—Frank Heroy, son of a Methodist clergyman, shot and killed Charles Vanderlin at Greenfield yestereday. Heroy was drunk and abusing his uncle, James Heroy, an aged cripple. His mother asked Vanderlin to interfere. Heroy resented Vanderlin's action, and getting a shotgun, took deliberate aim and fired. Then he surrendered himself.

Eminent Physicians

Are eagerly studying the problem of baby feeding. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is recommended by the leading family physicians. It is always safe and reliable. Send 10 cents for "Baby's Diary." 71 Hudson street, New York.

W. L. Douglas Shoes

W. L. Douglas, the famous shoe manufacturer of Blackton, Mass., calls attention to his shoes elsewhere in tonight's Herald. Mr. Douglas has the largest shoe factory in the world, in which none but the highest skilled union workmen are employed, who receive nearly $20,000 per week in wages. He conducts sixty-three independent stores in this country. Suffel & Co., 131 West Superior street, are the exclusive agents for these celebrated shoes in Duluth and St. Louis county.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

Stoves and Ranges—

That we guarantee to give you entire satisfaction are the kind we sell. Our stock is very large and in order to reduce it we will sell you a cook stove or steel range way below regular prices.

$15 Cook Stoves go at --------**$12.00**

$18 Cook Stoves go at --------**$13.50**

$20 Cook Stoves go at --------**$15.00**

$25 Cook Stoves go at--------**$20.00**

Remember the Crescent Bicycles are only $25 and $35 each.

WIELAND & WADE,

Hardware, Stoves and Bicycles.

THE GRAY WOLF.

Ernest Seton Thompson's interesting stories of animals he has known and his clever drawings have within the last few years brought him prominently before the book-loving public, and placed him high in the list of authorities in matters zoological, says the Boston Advertiser.

Yesterday at the Touraine the author-artist talked of his work. Ernest Thompson Seton, as he is known in private life, was born in England, he went to Toronto when 10 years of age. In Canada he spent the next ten years and began the work which has made him famous.

The story of "Old Spot" is located in the beautiful ravines of Rosedale one of the suburbs of Toronto, and from the plains of Manitoba and the great Northwest he gathered the knowledge of the wolf which he has given in his stories.

The key of his success lies in two words—enthusiasm and painstaking. Enthusiast is written all over him; energy fairly radiates from him, and the wonderful intimacy he displays with the character and habits of animals are evidence of his painstaking. All his life he has been observing beasts and birds, and in twenty great volumes of notes and sketches he has a mine of material for an almost endless supply of stories to come.

Mr. Seton is tall, and his muscular frame and easy carriage betokens the woodsmen. His features are clear cut and strong, and dark hair waves over the temples, but it is his eyes that impress one. He is one of those rare types to whom a child turns instinctively, and with whom a dog falls in love at first sight. Which is high testimony.

His voice is full and clear and his eyes index his mind as they flash from grave to gay and from gay to grave again.

"Do you think that an animal's face is any guide to its character?" I asked him.

"Not to its character, but of its mood. For example, the elk lights with its horns, but when angered it draws up its lip and snarls, dog-fashion."

"Among animals, which do you consider the most intelligent?"

"The gray wolf," answered Mr. Seton, without the least hesitancy. "He is a highly educated gentleman. He had to become highly educated to make a living."

"How about the fox?"

"He is a good second. And in some respects he stands first. He has made a special study of dogs and can handle a pack beautifully.

"The gray wolf is deficient in this regard because he has never needed to learn. Dogs are afraid of him. The wolf is an expert in the detection of traps and poison, and incidentially he is a fine judge of cattle. Not only is he a connoisseur in beef, but one small wolf will kill a big cow. Quite an accomplished individual, isn't he?"

"There is much complaint about wolves killing deer. Of course, most of the slaughter is caused by packs of wolves getting into deer yards, but do you think a single wolf could kill a buck?"

"Yes, I have no doubt of it. But he would have to it by stealth. He could not run the deer down, but by surprising him he could easily kill even a grown buck."

The conversation turned to many animals and their habits, and Mr. Seton expressed his interest in the busy beaver, the carpenter and engineer of the four-footed world. Mr. Seaton said he had seen a beaver dam 100 yards long and 12 feet in greatest height. He estimated the weight of the material in the dam at 300 tons.

As a close student of wild animals, Mr. Seton's views on the protection of game are of more than passing interest.

"I would prohibit the sale of game birds and their shipments from one state to another. All spring shooting should be abolished, and the number of birds, etc., to be shot in any day or season, and the number of deer in a season should be limited.

"I am in favor of requiring a license for the use of a gun, and I think that there should be a minimum size limit under which fish should not be taken, and a maximum weight fixed for any one day's catch.

"When a man goes hunting for some species of game that is in season he sometimes kills other game that is not in season. If open seasons concurred it would be a great help in the protection of game.

"There is one mistake that should be avoided—that of making a close season on any kind of game for a period of years. It results in large increase of game, but from long immunity they lose their timidity, and when the open season begins the massacre soon cuts off more than the increase. We tried it in Manitoba, and I speak from experience."

A great many people suffer from indigestion, women in particular, and the cause of their suffering is, in five cases out of seven, lack of fresh air. Fresh air purifies the blood, stimulates circulation and prevents indigestion. A large number of sufferers work in badly ventilated rooms or stores or in stuffy offices. They sleep in equally badly ventilated rooms, and they seldom think of the cold sponge bath in the morning, yet the cure for all their suffering is with themselves.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) May 24.—The storm central Thursday morning over Iowa has moved to Michigan; another area of low pressure is developing in the far Southwest. The barometer is abnormally high in the upper lake region and Northwest, with accompanying cool temperatures. Copious rains fell over the lake region, upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys and greater portion of the Northwest. Brisk to high northeasterly winds and threatening weather prevail on Lakes Superior, Michigan and Huron, and fresh southerly winds and generally fair weather on Erie.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	92	Memphis	86
Battleford	68	Miles City	64
Bismarck	54	Milwaukee	72
Boston	80	Minnedosa	60
Buffalo	66	Modena	72
Calgary	50	Montgomery	86
Charleston	80	Moorhead	90
Chicago	80	New Orleans	84
Cincinnati	82	New York	80
Davenport	76	North Platte	60
Denver	72	Oklahoma	84
Detroit	76	Omaha	70
Duluth	44	Pittsburg	80
Edmonton	54	Port Arthur	48
El Paso	86	Portland	60
Escanaba	56	Qu' Appelle	66
Galveston	80	Rapid City	56
Green Bay	68	San Francisco	60
Havre	60	Santa Fe	76
Helena	58	Shreveport	88
Houghton	50	Spokane	72
Huron	66	St. Louis	88
Jacksonville	84	St. Paul	62
Kamloops	76	Sault Ste. Marie	66
Kansas City	82	Swift Current	62
Knoxville	84	Washington	80
La Crosse	62	Williston	66
Los Angeles	76	Winnemucca	66
Marquette	52	Winnipeg	64

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and continued cool tonight and Saturday; fresh northwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 24.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Generally fair and continued cool tonight and Saturday; light frost north portion tonight. Minnesota—Generally fair and continued cool tonight and Saturday with cooler northwest portion tonight; light frost tonight. North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday; continued cool with light frost north portion tonight. Upper lakes—High northerly winds, dangerous on Michigan and Huron, diminishing Saturday; threatening tonight; fair Saturday.

They Will Be Wiser and Better.

The young men who were dismissed from the West Point Military academy went down to New York and promptly gave out an interview on the subject of their disgrace, and then announced they would proceed at once to Washington to bring pressure to bear upon the secretary of war to reinstate them. They seemed very confident that they would succeed. Apparently they had not realized the enormity of their offense, but some of them had a talk with Gen. Francis V. Greene, and then they changed their tune. He evidently gave them some sound, fatherly advice, pointing out the foolishness of their attitude. The result was the youthful soldiers have decided to take their medicine like men. Those that were dismissed have secured excellent positions, and those who were suspended will visit their homes during the period of their suspension and in all probability will return to the academy, wiser and better men. The outbreak on the part of the cadets following so closely on the heels of the disgraceful Booz affair, is taken as a sign that there is need for vigorous treatment of the high handed youths on the Hudson. It seems that the pledge made by the cadets to abandon hazing was given with numerous mental reservations and that the boys now claim they reserved the right to exact certain menial services from the plebes. This did not figure in the compact announced by the cadets and which was the main reason that led the congressional investigating committee to adopt such a mild report. No one was punished because of the Booz outrage, the congresmen and the department officials feeling confident that hazing had been stamped out and that a permanent reform had been brought about. The reform lasted only a few months, however, and although no serious cases of hazing have been reported, the cadets have been guilty of a broad breach of discipline. Tearing a gun loose from its moorings and planting it in front of the commandant's house and going through the actions of blowing up the building and its inhabitants, is looked upon as a species of sport that should be promptly stopped and the participants summarily punished, and this was done as has been told by the dispatches.

The Mikado's Little Brown Men.

The little brown men of the mikado have made a most favorable impression in China, and henceforth the Japanese soldiers will occupy a higher place in the estimation of the European countries. Reports from Pekin continue to speak in terms of high praise of the discipline, endurance and bravery of the Japanese and show that they are not to be despised as foes by any country. Japan has a total of 183,000 officers and men and a war footing of 326,000 officers and men, excluding all transport troops and embracing only actual combatants. Among the features of the organization is that on the army pay roll there are 2000 tailors, 1000 shoemakers, 10,000 grooms and 1500 attendants. The medical staff is one of the most complete in either Europe or Asia. All officers are included in the list of petty officers. The reorganization of the Japanese army began in 1894-5 and has continued where improvements were possible ever since. In 1899 the organization of the Seventh army corps was begun. The cost of the entire corps when completed was 2,000,000 yen per year. The completion of the military expansion program has been set for 1903, when it is expected that Japan will be prepared to meet any power so far as trained troops are concerned. The work of building a big navy will then be looked after, and when that is completed Japan will be looked upon as a most formidable foe and a powerful ally.

WRONGLY LOCATED.

The workings of the United States government are at times exceedingly queer; they are surpassingly strange and with reasons past finding out. An illustration is found in the location of the life-saving station at Portage canal. It is fully a quarter of a mile from Lake Superior, and furnishes an example of government foolishness rarely surpassed. To those who are familiar with the red tape methods it may not seem strange. Undoubtedly the station was located by means of a map rather than a visit, and once located, all the engineers could do was to carry out instructions, even if the station was on top of a mountain. There are a captain and eight men at the station, and they do the best they can, but they are handicapped by the distance from the scene of operation in case a call for their services should be made. The folly of the location was illustrated at the time of the recent burning of the steamer Bon Voyage. If the station had been on the shore of the lake the crew could have rendered service much quicker and much more effectively. The situation is thus described by the Marquette Mining Journal:

"At the mouth of the canal is the look-out, and the man who occupies the little "shack" for about six hours at a time scans the lake before him untiringly. Should it happen that a wreck is seen, or anything needing the services of the life saving crew, the man would have to take to his heels and hike down a road through deep sand to the station to warn his fellows. He must be a fast runner to make a good record on that road, and then considerable time is lost in rowing to the lake from the station. But that is not as bad as the case of the two men who patrol the beach, one on either side of the "look-out." Each walks about two and a half miles every four hours—up the beach and back. If either one sees a craft that is in distress he also has to run to warn the crew, and the chances are that before the boat could reach the lake the best part of an hour would be passed."

It is said that the government intends to build a station at the proper place, but before it is done many lives may be lost.

AFRAID OF THEIR SHADOW.

For a number of years reports have been more or less current that American manufacturers were in the habit of selling goods in foreign markets cheaper than the same articles could be bought at home. It was openly charged that the protected industries used the home market for all that it was worth and disposed of their surplus abroad for what it would bring. These statements were denied by the advocates of protection, or explained away by the statement that these goods were sold only as samples to give the foreigner the proper craving for more of the same sort. In short, it was affirmed that the Americans were following the policy of the vendor of nuts who goes through the train and drops a fragment of a delicious morsel into the lap of each lady and the hand of each man, in the hope that a taste will be thus created which will demand satisfaction.

Since the consolidation of nearly every industry of this country into a trust of its kind, and since the exports have been increasing with such rapid strides, the people have become suspicious that they were being used as a reserve upon which the trusts depend for prices which pay big profits, while the foreigner is receiving the benefit of this home tax by being able to name his own price for American goods. Well-authenticated reports have come of structural iron selling for much less in England than it could be bought in the United States. American contractors connected with the Russian railroad found it impossible to purchase rails in America as cheap as American rails could be bought in England. Flour was sold on the continent for much less than it could be bought in Minneapolis or Duluth. These were not isolated incidents. Travelers gave numerous accounts of the cheapness of all kinds of American goods in foreign markets.

President Schwab of the United States Steel corporation has admitted the fact as charged, that iron and steel products were being sold abroad for less money than they were being sold at home. This frank admission, together with numerous other well-authenticated reports, naturally brought on a demand for the removal of the tariff on trust-made goods. If this condition existed, it was ample proof that the "infant industries" were able to stand alone in the markets of the world. Public discussion had its effect on a number of Republican politicians. They either were too honest to longer support a palpable fraud, or they saw the handwriting on the wall; at all events they came out openly for a reform on the tariff schedule.

Congressman Tawney of this state prepared a scheme to secure information and also a whitewash for the American manufacturer by submitting a series of questions to the United States consuls. A report comes from Washington that even these carefully arranged questions—questions the answers to which would involve an explanation to suit the protectionist—will not be submitted to our foreign representatives. It is claimed that questions looking into the selling price of American goods abroad could not go into the necessary details so that the answers would be of any benefit to the public. The fact is patent that the leaders of the Republican party fear a full and complete report on American commerce abroad. They know that should the facts become known it would be impossible to prevent a revision of the tariff next winter. Public opinion would be so aroused and insistent that the most hardened sinner in the senate would be obliged to bow to it. The storm is coming, and the Republicans might as well get undeg cover first as last.

VAN HORNE IN CUBA.

Sir William Van Horne took time by the forelock and got into Cuba ahead of the American exploiters. The Foraker resolution, forbidding the granting of franchises to individuals or corporations by the United States military government, had the effect of keeping the United States promoter out until a state government should be established. Not so with William Van Horne. Government or no government, he organized a syndicate of Philadelphia capitalists and proceeded to buy up the right-of-way along his proposed railroad line, sometimes buying whole plantations that lay in his way. The Foraker resolution did not take away from the municipal authorities the right to grant right-of-way privileges through the streets and to give ground for terminal facilities.

Trusting to the future, Sir William has proceeded where he could buy his way until he has a road surveyed and partially graded, from near Santiago to the very heart of the island. He is meeting with one serious obstacle, however. The United States has control of the highways, and Sir William must get permission to cross them. This, of course, Secretary Root refused to give, as it would be in direct violation of the Foraker resolution. These highways might be bridged or tunneled, and thus evade the law, but that would be too expensive. The upshot will probably be that the work will be temporarily suspended on such parts of the line until the Cubans get their governmental machine running, when they will, without doubt, grant to the enterprising Canadian the right to cross the highways. This was a long-headed move on the part of Van Horne. It has given him the start, by a full year, of all competitors, and he did not risk much, as no government will turn down such an enterprise by refusing it the right-of-way.

This is "Victoria day" in Canada and it will probably also be observed throughout Great Britain and all the British possessions. Heretofore it has been "the queen's birthday," but the good old queen is dead and now there is a "king's birthday" to celebrate instead. But May 24 has so long been a holiday that the present generation could not give it up and it will be celebrated as Victoria day hereafter.

More prosperity for Kansas is promised in the shape of another big wheat crop this year. It is said the crop will be bigger than last year's and that means the biggest crop ever gathered in the state. The harvest down there will start about June 10 and last until the middle of July. It is expected 20,000 men from outside the state will be needed in the harvest fields.

Dr. Albert Leonard, now president of the Michigan normal schools and formerly dean of Cornell university, is being most prominently considered for the presidency of the Northwestern university of Illinois, which has been vacant since the resignation of Dr. Rogers a year or two ago.

It is now law in Wisconsin that dealers in ice taken from the lakes or other waters of the state and shipped out of the state shall pay a license fee of 10 cents a ton. Is not this a violation of the federal constitutional provision that no state shall levy a tax on exports?

It is said the big steel trust has decided to drop all outside insurance and institute instead the practice of carrying its own risks. So huge a concern as this would be about as unreasonable in seeking the protection of insurance companies as the government of the United States itself.

It is reported that the sugar trust is buying extensive plantation lands in Porto Rico. If this is so, says the New York Commercial, "the country may as well begin to prepare itself for a supreme court decision proclaiming Porto Rico to be a territory of the United States."

The British casualties in the Boer war to May 1 are: Dead, 14,978; wounded, 17,209; now in hospital, 13,797. And yet, says Lord Salisbury, no sense of wrong comes from it all to his government. Is there, after all, such a thing as a national conscience?

A Georgia citizen who was kicked skyward by a mule has been given this brief, but touching obituary notice:

"The hard hoofs of an old mule sent
The citizen away.
We do not know just where he went;
He came not back to say!"

The advocates of the abolition of the army canteen seemingly would prefer a drunken army on whisky not sold with the consent of the war department, to soldiers who can drink beer with moderation in the barracks.

What has become of the Home Consumers' league that made such a noise in Duluth for a short time? And the Good Roads association that was going to revolutionize the roads in this section of the country?

In Savanna, Ill., the city attorney's salary was cut to a figure where no lawyer would accept it. Then a saloonkeeper was elected to the place—probably because he is qualified by long practice at the bar.

It will be perceived, says the experienced Kansas City Star, that the sultan has progressed to a point where, instead of shoving a stack of blue chips toward the center, he has mastered those painful but prudent words, "That's good."

It is now proposed to send out American gunboats to blow up the derelicts that are making it troublesome for ocean traffic. Not many years ago it would have been unsafe to send American warships so far from shore.

Every one will rejoice that Mrs. McKinley has so far recovered her strength that she will start tomorrow for her old home in Canton.

The Chicago newspapers are congratulating the citizens on the fact that there has not been a prairie fire in the city this spring.

Sir Thomas Lipton's yachting experience must be extremely costly amusement. But he can afford to pay all the fun costs.

Col. Mills concluded the air at West Point was too "bracing" for the recalcitrant cadets.

DAILY STORY.

Mam'selle Ritta Ragor.

BY GEORGE K. STILES.

(Copyrighted, 1901, William R. Miller.)

The family coach jolted in lumbering grandeur out of the Bayou plantation and wheeled cumbrously into the high road.

Then young Claude Dupont nodded to the negro gatekeeper and sank back disconsolately into the heated stuffiness of the padded seats.

"How long will we continue this mortification of self-ease?" he asked peevishly of the old gentleman beside him, whose growls at the temperature were gradually changing into the sonorous bass of his snoring.

"Eh! How long?" said Col. Pierre Desmoines Dupont of the side-wig and knee clouts. "Six fiendish hours with these cattle, but the others are uncertain; likely to lie down in some stream or attempt some novel tree-climbing. Go to sleep, my boy, as I intend doing. And the gentleman moved his powdered head with greater ease, as he continued: "Remember, you must marry her; and, begad, she is too good for you, only that you are Dupont of Bayou," and with a sleepy command to follow his example Col. Dupont drowsed into deeper sleeping.

Claude experienced an insane desire to place a pin near the portly body next him, but, realizing that the other's squirming would inconvenience himself, he resigned himself to thinking of the approaching meeting: "So, if I won't marry her I am to be cut off without the customary shilling, and, for her part, if she refuses she is to go to the nunnery at New Orleans. What a pair of medioval, domineering ruffians are these two generally good natured people—my father and hers!" and then, in spite of everything, the monotony of it all conquered and the pair slept tumultuously as the coach shifted and bumped from rock to log and back again.

Now, when Claude Dupont met Ritta Ragor it was eventime and the grasses were raising their soft tipped heads, and back of here were lilac bushes, billowing masses of perfumed color. When the colonel introduced his son that one touched the turf with his left knee while his triangular hat swept out in his right hand, and as he glanced up at the swaying grace of mam'selle's courtesy it appeared to him that if only he did not have to marry her he could have loved this girl intensely.

The two old gentlemen surveyed the young people with an open satisfaction that maddened each of them. It was evident that these fond fathers were very confident that this match was of their making, and well made to boot. They linked their stout arms and beamed patriarchly at the man and girl facing each other confusedly, and then wheeled about and departed to a rich wine of France with a bouquet like the jassemine blossom.

"They seem well content, mam'selle," ventured Dupont as he faced toward the girl, whom he found seated on a bench beneath the towering lilacs.

"Yes," Ritta answered coldly, "they are content, but then, you know, it will not be for long."

"You mean," he began—

"I mean," she flashed at him, "that this cruel idea of a forced marriage must be ended. Through years I have dreaded it, but all the time you were studying in Paris I hoped it would be allowed to drop; even when you returned I did not believe it could be really meant—but, now that it has gone thus far, I must beseech you to stop it in some fashion. Nonsense," she continued, as he made a gesture of helplessness, "you are the man, M. Dupont, and if you are a gentleman as well, it will be stopped by you by any means."

Now, this was just what M. Dupont had decided on before he fell asleep in the coach. "I will not marry her if she were the most beautiful girl in the province of Louisiana," he had determined; but, as he looked at this one, he was unfortunate enough to fall in love with her.

"We can be friends at least," he said, stooping closely over her and holding out his hand.

"It is true, monsieur," she answered a trifle sadly: "friends, at least."

"Ah, well! Now that our not marrying is settled," said the man, "won't you tell me what it is that you so dislike in me, for, on the contrary, I find that the most beautiful court ladies are loveless beside you. Come," he urged, "or is your friendship an empty nothingness, Madamoiselle Ritta? At least, let me have some reason, since I shall stand the blame for the failure. Am I intolerably ugly in your eyes?" he asked, and the strong beauty of the man's face looked down at her as if mocking the question.

"On the contrary," she answered, "I find you very handsome."

"Then, perhaps, there is some lucky cavalier who has stolen the heart of my affianced bride?" the gentleman asked, with a sudden chill in manner and a beating of the heart.

The encrimsoned coloring which flashed over her throat and arms was answer, and he felt curiously at heart considering that an hour ago he disclaimed all idea of marrying the girl himself.

"Although it is a matter of ceremony only," he began, with a strange difficulty in forming the words, "still, both as your long affianced husband and your newly found friend, I must know who this gentleman is who courts so secretly."

Then the rich blood of her house roused and leaped in her veins and throbbed in her voice, while looking really out at her wonderful eyes: "You grow insulting," she told him, "evidently I was more than right."

"Perhaps," he answered stolidly, "but I must know. If your cavalier is a gentleman fit to wed the daughter of your father, I will aid you altho' the price is my father's love and fortune. I pledge this on my sacred word," and he turned upon her with an imperiousness equally matching her own and overpowering it, and, besides, she felt that his was a noble courtesy which dealt thus with her.

"Very well," she said, and taking her purple shawl she threw it over the oak limb just above her.

Presently a tall cavalier in striking costume stood out boldly and just as his lips were above the girl's slender fingers a smooth but strongly muscled hand closed over the girl's hand.

"One moment, if you please, monsieur," said Dupont as the other started back angrily. "It is the old game M. De Narreaux, still the married man must play at love-making, Mam'selle," he said to the girl, "let me introduce to you M. De Narreaux, the husband of a most charming lady. Now, go back to her," he said to the discomfited De Narreaux, and as he withdrew a few steps De Narreaux made a mocking bow and went back into the lilacs.

"Are you sure that you really loved him?" he asked the girl, who stood leaning against the oak tree.

"I am sure that I did not," she answered; "it was only to escape this forced marriage, which I have sworn never to permit."

"Yes, but if it was not forced," he murmured.

"But how could we prove it to everyone?" she answered.

"Let us run away; it will be all romance. A dash on fast horses, a village priest, and we will return after our wedding trip," and, as he pushed her bent head backward with his lips against her hair he saw consent gleaming in her eyes.

AFTER THIRTY YEARS.

Having Secured the Requisite "Pile" They Marry.

New York, May 24.—When Mary Ellen Martin and Andrew Doughort became engaged at New Brunswick, H. I., thirty years ago, they made up their minds not to marry until they had enough money to enable them to snap their fingers at any number of rainy days. When the girl's parents died, she started a boarding house. Andrew took rooms there. They still courted, but their friends thought all possibility of their ever marrying had passed. Andrew put some money in the savings bank last Saturday that just brought his capital up to what they had regarded as the marrying point. They went Sunday to St. Peter's Roman Catholic church and were married.

Are you prepared with Proper

Spring Clothing?

IF you are not, why delay longer? If you buy now, you will find our stock is absolutely complete, containing every fashionable shape of garment, made up in the newest patterns of foreign and domestic light weight fabrics. Fashionable ready-to-wear suits for men and young men that will fit to perfection at

$10.00, $12.50, $15.00
$18.00, $20.00,
$22.50 and $25.00.

Spring and Summer Furnishings.

New Negligee Shirts, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50. New Hosiery, 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c and 75c.
New Neckwear, 25c, 50c and $1.00. New Belts, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

Gordon ...Hats
New Shapes.
$3.00

Floan, Leverow & Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Stetson ...Hats
Soft or Stiff.
$3.50

THE DAKOTAS.

Pettigrew May Manage the Northern Pacific Land Department.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—Ex-Senator R. F. Pettigrew does not admit he has had a tender of any position by President Hill and says positively there is no truth in the story of the tender of the presidency of the Northern Pacific. Asked whether he had been offered the head of the legal department of the Great Northern Mr. Pettigrew answered: "I have nothing to say." It is understood here that Pettigrew has been offered the position of manager of the land department of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern. The senator and wife have gone to the Pacific coast.

Canton—Cashier Larsen, of the Canton State bank, has been arrested charged with overdrawing his account. He waived examination and furnished bail for $2000 after being bound over to the circuit court. Suspicions that an effort is being made to save the stockholders at the expense of the depositors and excitement and indignation at Larsen appointing P. E. Kennedy assignee, caused a stampede in the clerk of court's office, attachments on bank property aggregating $24,000 being filed. The clerk worked all night. Deputy Sheriff Wright has taken possession of the bank.

Deadwood—It is learned that work on the new cyanide plant, to be erected in this city by the Golden Reward company, will commence soon. Proposals to furnish lumber are open at the office of the company in Deadwood. The construction of the plant will be under the supervision of James Lawler.

Rapid City—A telegram was received from Washington that the supreme court had dismissed the appeals taken from the decrees of the United States circuit court of appeals, by the G. I. & W. C. railway company and John Fitzgerald and his brother, in favor of Thomas Sweeney. Sweeney had four railroad cases and the decrees, with interest and costs, amounting to something over $33,000 It is thought this is the final decision in this long-fought law suit.

Sturgis—This place was thrown into a panic by a cowboy riding into town all broken out with smallpox. The sick man's name is Elcklund, and he has been out on the range near Indian creek.

Big Stone Lake—The German camp meeting will be held from June 12 to 19, the English camp meeting from June 21 to 26, the summer school from June 24 to July 12, and the Chautauqua from June 28 to July 12.

Madison—A special election is called for June 4 by the commissioners of Lake county for the purpose of permitting the voters to express their opinion upon the advisability of the county establishing an insane asylum of its own.

Pierre—The first horse sale of the season drew buyers from Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri and the southern counties of the state.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Lakota—John Gierke, while cleaning a well on the Doyon farm, near here, met with a peculiar accident. The well was 28 inches in diameter and had tubing in it. When the tubing was put in, a piece of barbed wire was attached to the bottom to hold it in place. When Mr. Gierke was lowered into the well this wire loosened at the top so that it was impossible to pull him up. He became hysterical and imagined he was being cut to pieces by the barbs. For four hours he remained in peril, but at last was raised from the well, with the wire and all. He was in an exhausted condition, but soon revived. When his head appeared above the ground he still held his pipe in his mouth.

Fargo—Carl Juergens, proprietor of the Northern Pacific Avenue grocery, and an old resident of this city, died suddenly Thursday morning of heart trouble.

Cavalier—Annie, daughter of John Cook of this place, was probably fatally burned on Wednesday. While burning soe rubbish in the yard, fire caught in the buildings and in attempting to put the blaze out the flame reached her clothing.

Mayville—The board of management of the state normal school organized by the election of the following officers: President, C. S. Edwards; superintendent of construction, B. S. Russell; treasury, Goose River bank, and secretary and accounting officer, President Joseph Carhart. The teachers for the next year, with one exception, are the same as those of this year.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

IN MICHIGAN.

No Trouble With the Machinists at Menominee Shops.

Menominee—"The Menominee branch of the International Association of Machinists has made no demands on our company for a 9-hour day and 12½ per cent increase in wages," says Sumner Prescott, secretary of the D. Clint Prescott company. Continuing, he says: "We do not anticipate any strike here; our men are all at work." The Menominee machinists are paid the best of wages, and are evidently not disposed to be arbitrary and make any such demands.

John Kelly, of Marinette, who in a brawl in a Main street saloon at Menominee on April 25 shot his son-in-law, Jack Atkinson, has been bound over under $300 bonds to appear at the August term of circuit court. The examination was held before Judge Opsahl. Prosecuting Attorney Mills vigorously prosecuted the case, while Kelly handled his own defense.

The crew in the R. W. Merryman mill on the Menominee river made a record Saturday which they claim has never been surpassed. With two Prescott band mills they sawed 173,978 feet in ten hours, which they believe is the best record ever made on the river.

Iron Mountain—The common council at Iron Mountain made a concession to Mayor Hammond when it confirmed his appointee, T. B. Catlin, as chief of police. His appointments of patrolmen did not go through, however, being turned down by a big adverse vote. This action leaves the police situation at Iron Mountain still complicated, with the old officers suspended by Mayor Hammond about their duties.

Quinnesec—Mrs. R. Barclay, of Quinnesec, received word this week from her sister stating that her son, aged 21, had been drowned on the 10th in the railroad wreck at Crambrook, B. C. The engine hit a landslide and went over into a river.

PREPLEXING QUESTION.

Before Faculty and Students of Chicago University.

Chicago, May 24.—"Who is the founder of the University of Chicago, John D. Rockefeller or Stephen A. Douglas?" This question at the university is puzzling members of the senior class, and the board of trustees. The seniors have spent $300 in having a bronze tablet of Stephen A. Douglas made as a class present to the university on class day. Mr. Douglas was the founder of the old University of Chicago, and just what inscription to put on the tablet is the problem.

The matter is so significant that the trustees have had much discussion about it without coming to a definite agreement. They have finally appointed a committee to confer with the students to see what can be done. To call Mr. Douglas the founder of the university, it is thought, would be arespassing on the rights of Mr. Rockefeller. How to do them both justice is the problem. The seniors are determined that they will put the tablet of Mr. Douglas in a prominent place on the campus, while the board of trustees is divided on the matter.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.
Friday and Saturday, May 24 and 25.
CHAS. H. YALE'S
Kaleidoscopic Mechanical Spectacular Surprise,
THE EVIL EYE
Or, The Many Merry Mishaps of Nid, and the Weird, Wonderful Wanderings of Ned.
Management of the author, Sidney R. Ellis, with all its wealth of novelty and sumptuous surroundings. Great cast, including Chas. A. Lode, Mayme Mayo, Tommy Elliott and the Brothers Borani, the famous Phasey Troupe, the wonderful Electric Ballet. All the marvelous features and novelties which have made this play and productions.
Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.
W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.
EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.
A Star Company of Vaudeville Features.
Go with the Crowds.

PARTING HAIR IN MIDDLE.

Condemned as Evidence of Degenerate Instinct.

Chicago, May 24.—According to Professor Frederick Starr, the noted anthropologist of the University of Chicago, a man who parts his hair in the middle displays unmistakable evidence of a degenerate instinct in his nature. The professor made this declaration to his class at the university in a lecture, in which he warned the students against latter day fads, such as wearing shirt waists and tatooing their persons.

These customs he branded as indications of degeneracy of our modern civilization. His remarks caused quite a stir among the young men of his class, several of whom are prominent athletes of the university and some their hair in the approved footbal fashion.

"Parting the hair in the middle, the new shirt waist for men and tatooing the person are evidences of the alarming and growing degeneracy of our modern civilization," said the professor in the course of a lecture on tatooing. "No normal person will indulge in many of these habits.

"These things are not criminal in themselves," he continued, serenely oblivious to the expressions on the faces of a large part of his audience, "but if a person parts his hair in the middle, or tattoos his body, or wears one of these new shirt waists it is pretty good evidence that there is a degenerate streak in his nature."

MATTER OF RULES.

Paris, May 23.—The Olympian games committee met at the Automobile club this morning to discuss a proposal submitted by L. P. Sheldon, of Yale, in behalf of the Athletic Union of America, that the committee draw up international rules for athletic contests to do away with the existing diversity in various countries and associations. The committee decided to take the matter under consideration.

A DRIVE.

It will pay you to take advantage of this offer on Spring Suits. Why? Because the quality is far above what the price indicates.

Ask our salesmen to show you our line of Business Suits that we sell at

$13.50

They are real beauties. The variety in patterns and colors is so large that you cannot help but find what will please you.

Boys' and Children's .....Suits

at popular prices. Bring in your boys, and see what we can do to dress them up.

C. W. ERICSON,
Reliable Clothier.
219 West Superior Street.

The New Store
117 and 119 West Superior St., Duluth.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

The New Store
117 and 119 West Superior St., Duluth.

Muslin Underwear.

Corset Covers—Extra fine Nainsook corset covers, trimmed with Torchon lace and insertion. Regular value is $1.50. For Saturday only, each---------- **$1.00**

Fine Cambric Skirts—One row of insertion, extra full flounce—edged with Valenciennes lace—sold always at $1.50. For Saturday at only---------- **98c**

Skirts—Fine black and white skirts, striped, double flounce, accordeon pleated—mercerized, $1.75 value. For Saturday only---------- **$1.25**

Polka Dot Skirts—Mercerized, with deep accordeon flounce, finished edges, double ruffle, $3.75 value. For Saturday only---------- **$3.25**

Ladies' Neckwear.

Ladies' Batiste Stock Collars with satin edged bow, linen color, very pretty effects—just received------- **20c**

Black Liberty Silk Boas with accordeon pleated streamers, have been selling for $1.50. Saturday--- **98c**

Ribbons Beautiful line of Neck Ribbons just opened up—widths from 3 to 4 inches, regular price is 19c. Saturday a yard---------- **10c**

BELTS—We wish to call your attention to our line of Ladies' Belts. You will find here almost every desirable shape and quality. Prices range Saturday from---------- **10c to $3.50**

Ladies' Shoes.

Have just received a beautiful line of Misses', Children's and Infants' Strap Sandals, price 59c to--- **98c**

Ladies' Cloth Top Oxfords—two buttons, splendid fitting, best shapes and heels, $2.50 value. Saturday at only---------- **$1.98**

Bike Boots or Outing Boots—fine plump kid, kangaroo top—very flexible soles, worth $3.50. Saturday at only---------- **$2.29**

Men's Shoes—to clean up we offer dongola or satin calf shoes, plain or cap toe, in all sizes, $1.50 to $2.00 goods. Saturday---- **98c**

Hosiery.

Ladies' fancy Hosiery—in blues and red with white stripe—real maco yarn, fast colors—Saturday------ **25c**

Ladies' Hose—solid black, spliced heel and toe—warranted stainless; 3 pairs for 25c; per pair ---------- **9c**

Children's Hose—solid black, ribbed—sizes 5½ to 9; 3 pairs for 25c, or, a pair---------- **9c**

"Black Cat" Hosiery—extra heavy or medium weight—nothing better made for children, double knee, heels and toes; only, a pair **25c**

Cloak Dept.

SATURDAY BARGAINS.

Ladies' Capes in broadcloth, serge or silk, plain or trimmed with braid, stitched satin or applique, at—

$20.00, $16.50, $12.50, $7.75 and $5.50.

Ladies' Eton and Fitted Back Jackets, in broadcloths, serge, Venetians and homespuns—colors black, castor, tan or red—prices—

$10.00, $8.00, $5.75

Wrappers in light or dark colors, trimmed yoke and cuffs, deep flounce on bottom, cut full, perfect fitting—prices are—

$1.75, $1.48, $1.25 and 98c.

CHILDREN'S JACKETS—Nicely trimmed with braid, stitched silk or applique. We want you to see them. The prices for these are only—

$3.98, $2.50, $1.50 and 98c.

LADIES' SUITS—In black or colors—cloth of Venetian, homespun or cloth—cut and finish, including trimming, strictly up-to-date—to close the lines, $20.00, $18.00 and $16.50 suits Saturday at---------- **$12.50**

Note This Fact. Our store has been in existence just one year, consequently we have no old stock to work off. We offer you new and fresh goods in this department, and you pay no more (and frequently less) than you pay for old shop worn stuff elsewhere. We invite your inspection.

THE NEW STORE.

CARPET, DRAPERY AND BEDDING DEPT.

Lace Curtains 1-4 Off.

Nothing reserved. All go at 75c on the dollar.

Here are a few specimen prices to show you what we are doing. Same reduction applies to all lace curtains in stock.

$20.00 Curtains for---------- **$15.00**

$16.00 Curtains for---------- **$12.00**

$10.00 Curtains for---------- **$7.50**

$6.00 Curtains for---------- **$4.50**

$4.00 Curtains for---------- **$3.00**

$2.00 Curtains for---------- **$1.50**

Iron Beds We are showing two very desirable styles in 3 sizes as a special-------- **$2.25**

Gents' Furnishings.

Men's Balbriggan Underwear—Drawers have re-inforced seat, shirts run full size. This is a regular 35c to 40c garment—Saturday---------- **25c**

Men's Sox—Stainless black, white foot, real maco yarn, all sizes; always sells for 20c a pair—Saturday only---------- **15c**

Men's Negligee Shirts — Regular made, patent gussets, with or without collar, newest stripes and colors—a 75c shirt; Saturday---------- **49c**

Men's Ties—Have just cleaned up a manufacturers' lot of Ties, consisting of Bows, Yales, Tecks, Four-in-Hands, Imperials, etc.—Saturday special ---------- **23c**

Ladies' Handkerchiefs.

50 dozen hemstitched and embroidered—worth 10c, tomorrow at---------- **5c**

50 dozen of fine Linon Handkerchiefs, with lace or embroidered edge—worth 15c—tomorrow at--- **10c**

50 dozen Handkerchiefs, including initial, hemstitched, insertion and lace edges—worth 20c—at **15c**

We show the most complete line of fine Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs shown in the city—we want you to look through this line—prices from---------- **25c to $3.50**

Ladies' Gloves.

Ladies' town-made Fabric Gloves, fancy stitched backs, all colors and sizes—tomorrow only---------- **25c**

Ladies' fancy Lisle Gloves, in all the new and popular shades—also black and white—tomorrow---------- **50c**

Ladies' Kid Gloves—our $1.25 glove in all the desirable shades and black—fitted and warranted—Saturday------ **98c**

Ladies' Suede Gloves — An elegant glove for $1.50—in all sizes—come in browns, reds, blues, grays, tans and black—Saturday spcial-------- **$1.25**

Ladies' Underwear.

Ladies' Summer Weight Vests—gauze ribbed—in cream or white—low neck and sleeveless—Saturday---------- **4c**

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Drawers in white or ecru—umbrella shape—lace trimmed---------- **25c**

Ladies' Pants and Vests, "Out sizes." Vests come in high neck and long sleeves or low neck and short sleeves—regular value is 35c—Saturday only---------- **25c**

Boys' Underwear—gray ribbed—sizes run from 24 to 36 have sold all along for 40c a garment—Saturday's special **25c**

FUNSTON'S STORY OF HIS SUCCESS

Story of the Capture of Aguinaldo as Related By the General---Graphic Description of the Expedition.

The Herald has received a copy of the Manilla Times of the date of Thursday, March 28, containing Gen. Funston's story of the capture of Aguinaldo. The article says:

The intense excitement occasioned by the rumors of the bringing into Manilla of Emilio Aguinaldo, has caused various startling and wild stories to be circulated with reference to the details of the capture. In order to give the true story of the perilous undertaking Gen. Funston granted to the manager of the Manilla Times the following interview, in which he describes with realistic details the perilous undertaking, which is now given to the readers of the Manilla Times. Following is the general's story:

On Jan. 14 a special messenger of Aguinaldo, who was a member of his staff, left Aguinaldo's headquarters at Palanan, province of Isabela, bearing seven or eight letters to different generals of his command, and to insurgent chiefs asking for reinforcements to be sent to him. On Feb. 8 he gave himself up to Lieut. Taylor, of the Twenty-fourth infantry, who immediately sent him to me at San Isidro. He also had valuable correspondence on his person, which gave us information as to the whereabouts and the strength of Aguinaldo's band at that time. This staff officer had lived at Aguinaldo's camp for the past seven months, and was perfectly familiar with the surroundings. We went over these letters very carefully and found among them one in which Baldomero Aguinaldo was ordered to take command of the provinces of Central Luzon, and requesting him to send as soon as possible 400 armed men to Aguinaldo's camp at Palanan. Then and there I conceived the idea of arming and equipping a number of native troops to pass off as these expected reinforcements and to make an endeavor to trap Aguinaldo in his lair. I laid my plans before Gen. Wheaton, who approved them, and forwarded them to Gen. MacArthur for his consent to carry out the scheme. This was granted and I set about to carry out and arrange for the details of what promised to be one of the most important moves of the rebellion. The expedition was made up of four Tagalos, who were formerly commissioned officers in Aguinaldo's army, whose names it is not advisable to use on account of their personal safety in Manilla. We selected seventy-eight men of the Macabebe scouts, all of whom could talk Tagalo fluently. This was an important detail, as will afterwards appear. Every man was a picked man, and was thoroughly trusted by his officers, and the way in which they carried out the difficult task assigned to them has proven the wisdom of their choice. I also selected Capt. Hazzard and Lieut. Hazzard, who were in command of the Macabebe scouts, my own aide, Lieut. Mitchell, and Capt. Harry W. Newton, of the Thirty-fourth infantry, who was chosen on account of his familiarity with the country which would be traversed, he having previously commanded an expedition into that territory. I obtained a number of captured insurgent uniforms and ten Macabebes were equipped with Remington and Mauser rifles, and the Krag-Jorgensens, which were supposed to have been captured from American troops.

On March 6, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, we embarked on the gunboat Vicksburg, and after a number of delays occasioned by bad weather, we steamed around the northern and eastern coast of Luzon, and landed on March 14, at 2 o'clock in the morning, from the ship's boats, a short distance above Baler, on the east coast of Luzon, and about twenty miles south of the town of Casiguran. The gunboat, in approaching land, had every light darkened, and not the slightest suspicion was aroused on shore by her approach, and after landing our expedition she steamed off into the Pacific, with her lights still darkened. We five officers were dressed as private soldiers, and each of us carried a towel, a toothbrush and a half blanket. Twenty of the Macabebe scouts were dressed in insurgent uniforms, the balance being dressed as common "hombres," so as not to arouse suspicion by a too well-equipped and dressed insurgent force. The expedition was nominally placed in command of Hilario Placido, ex-insurgent colonel, and the other three ex-insurgent officers were also supposed to be in authority over the expedition.

We started to march at daylight on the 14th, and after twenty miles of tedious marching, reached the town of Casiguran. We had sent word to the presidente of the town through native messengers that reinforcements for Aguinaldo were on the way through his town, so that when we arrived there food and quarters had been prepared for us. This notification had been signed by the supposed commander of the expedition. The presidente was completely deceived. My troops had captured some months ago some official paper of Gen. Lacuna, bearing his official stamp and seal. In order to make the deception all the more complete, we succeeded in forging the signature of Lacuna to letters to Aguinaldo, acknowledging the receipt of his letters of Jan. 14, and stating that in response to his request for reinforcements he was sending him one of his best companies. These two letters, with letters signed by the chief of the expedition, stating that in his march, en route to Aguinaldo's camp, he had encountered an American band, had made five American soldiers prisoners, and had captured ten Krag rifles, all of which were on the way to his camp, were forwarded ahead of our expedition.

These letters were sent on ahead, and we followed on March 17. The trip from Casiguran to Aguinaldo's camp, which was in Palanan, was a most severe one upon the men, and required six days of weary marching to accomplish. The distance was ninety miles. Our food supply was entirely exhausted, and my men were so weak and exhausted from the terrible hike and lack of food, that when we reached within eight miles of Aguinaldo's camp we could go no further. We therefore sent a messenger ahead to Aguinaldo's camp, informing him of our plight, and requesting that he send us food before we could go further. This was on the afternoon of the 22nd. This was supplied us, and the disguise and ruse adopted by us had been complete.

A supply of rice was received from Aguinaldo, which was brought by a number of Negritos, who inhabit that country, and who seemed very devoted to Aguinaldo and his camp. With these supplies he sent word that he did not wish the American prisoners brought into Palanan, but that they were to be treated kindly and to be given their liberty. Next morning, March 23, the march was resumed, the Macabebe scouts in command of the alleged native officers going in advance, and we five American prisoners, straggling along behind under guard, an hour or so behind the advance troops.

As the Macabebes approached the town, the troops of Aguinaldo's body guard consisting of fifty men, armed with rifles, were drawn up in parade, to receive the supposed reinforcements. The men who were posing as officers of the expedition, proudly marched into the camp, and paid their respects to Aguinaldo, who received them in a large house built on the bank of the Palanan river, a deep stream running through the town. After the usual military courtesies had been exchanged, during which time the Macabebes outside were using their best endeavors to make use of their knowledge of Tagalo, in reciting to the troops stationed in the town the account of their perilous trip through the mountains and their adventures en route, the officers, who came with the expedition, excused themselves from Aguinaldo and his staff for a moment, stepped outside, and ordered their Macabebe troops drawn up into line, and commanded them to commence firing into Aguinaldo's troops. By this time, the detachment with the five American prisoners had reached the house, and were left outside; they witnessed the effect of the first volley. The rout of the insurgents was indescribable. The Macabebes had been thoroughly instructed as to the part they were to play, and beyond a feverish excitement, caused by an itching for the blood of the five American officers carried out their orders to the letter. Three volleys were fired into the insurgents, who broke and ran in every direction. Eighteen of them were wounded and two killed. One Macabebe was slightly wounded in the attack. This was the only casualty of the expedition. The ex-insurgent officers, the five American officers and several Macabebe scouts immediately made a rush for the house which was used as Aguinaldo's headquarters, where he and his staff were assembled; and Aguinaldo, the president; Col. Villa, the chief of staff, and Santiago Barcelona, the official treasurer of the remnants of the insurgent government, were captured. They were brought to Manilla this morning at 7 o'clock. Maj. Alhumbra was wounded in the face, and jumped out of the window into the Palanan river, and escaped or was drowned. Two other captains and four lieutenants of the staff also escaped by jumping into the river from the windows of the headquarters. Aguinaldo, however, had been captured, and little effort was made to pursue the balance of the escaping insurgents.

The expedition rested in Palanan the balance of the twenty-third and all of the twenty-fourth of March, and on the morning of the twenty-fifth, began their march towards the coast, arriving at the bank of Palanan bay after a weary 6-mile march. There the gunboat Vicksburg, under the able command of Commander Barry, was seen lying out in the ocean, having timed herself to the day of the completion of the scheme. Boats were at once put off from the gunboat to take off the party, which was accomplished only after superhuman exertions, to overcome a decidedly rough surf.

Aguinaldo, when first overpowered and taken prisoner, was furious, and raved and sworn at the deception practiced upon him, but finally cooled down and has since behaved in a dignified and manly way as becomes one claiming such exalted rank."

Gen. Aguinaldo is now at the Malacanan, the governor general's palace, where he is detained by members of Gen. MacArthur's staff. The city is ringing with the praises of brave Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston, whose nerve and daring made the difficult undertaking possible, and it is freely rumored that as a result of this magnificent achievement congress will award him a brigadier's star in the regular service. The general speaks highly of the assistance rendered by the Filipinos and Macabebes, who accompanied him, and will commend that some medal, diploma or certificate of honor be granted them in recognition of their services.

The general also speaks highly of the assistance rendered by the gunboat and its captain, Commander Barry, without which the expedition could never have been a success.

It is understood that Aguinaldo will immediately issue a proclamation calling upon all his fellow citizens to lay down their arms and accept the guidance of the American nation in the establishment of a government here that will be popular with the people. He states emphatically that his capture would never have been a possibility in twenty years had it not been for the disguise and ruse practiced upon him by Gen. Funston, but that now that he is captured, he acknowledges the corn, and admits that Funston held the trump card. What disposition will be made of the great rebel leader, who is still idolized in the hearts of the Filipinos, is a matter which even the government has not yet determined, but it is believed that should the great Aguinaldo by Famy lend his influence in the final total pacification of the archipelago, he will be treated with the utmost consideration. His hold upon the Filipino people is still a powerful one, and should he throw his influence in favor of American arms, the final end will have come.

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Insurance Commissioner Dearth has requested Attorney General Douglass to apply for a receiver for the Financial Life association, an assessment life and casualty concern of St. Paul, which, he says, is hopelessly insolvent and has practically no members in good standing.

Dr. Thomas F. Rumbold, known in America and Europe for his contributions to medical literature and researches in nasal surgery, died at his home at St. Louis Thursday. He was 71 years of age and had practiced in St. Louis as a rhinologist since 1866, having been the first in the United States to make the teratment of diseases of the nose a specialty.

The state board of control opened the bids for plans for new state buildings and improvements durign the next two and a half years. The contract was awarded to Clarence H. Johnson, of St. Paul, at an annual salary of $4500, besides expenses. The contracts call for the expenditure of about $800,000. Eleven architects submitted bids.

Senator M. A. Hanna was Thursday mustered into Memorial post G. A. R., of Cleveland. He made a brief speech in reply to the congratulations upon the new honor conferred upon him.

Lillian Clarke, an aeronaut, of Reed City, Mich., and Alfred Seeley, said to be the son of wealthy parents living in Farwell, Mich., were arrested in Chicago, charged with the larceny of a balloon and other paraphernalia used by aeronauts.

According to a list made public by the county treasurer today, 4000 citizens of Charleston, S.C., are subject to arrest through failure to pay the poll tax. In this list are nearly all the ministers of Charleston.

The coroner's jury, which has for two days listened to the evidence in the case of Mrs. Emma Lucy Judd, wife of one of the officials of John Alexander Dowie's Zion, Thursday night, returned a verdict holding Dowie, H. W. Judd, husband of the woman, and Mrs. Speecher and Mrs. Bratsch to await the action of the grand jury. The two women named in the verdict were in attendance upon Mrs. Judd prior to her death. The charge against them is "criminal responsibility" for the death of Mrs. Judd.

Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, the household remedy.

BEHIND THE BARS

Bilibid Prison Doors Close on Former United States Officers.

Barrows, Reed and Boyer to Serve Varied Terms.

Boyer Protests His Innocence and Blames Capt. Barrows.

Manilla, May 24.—The gates of Bilibid prison, Manilla, swung open last night and admitted a mule wagon bearing three former United States officers, who reluctantly alighted and began to serve sentences in expiation of crimes in connection with the commissary scandals. The sentences, which were read to the convicted men yesterday afternoon, will be promulgated today. Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, late depot quartermaster of the department of Southern Luzon, is sentenced to five years' imprisonment; Capt. James C. Reed, late depot commissary at Manilla, to three years' imprisonment, and Lieut. Frederick Boyer, late depot commissary at Calamba, to one year's imprisonment.

By order of the provost marshal, Gen. George W. Davis, a representative of the Associated Press was accorded an interview with the prisoners. Capt. Red and Capt. Barrows seemed comparatively unmoved by their situation. Lieut. Boyer protested his innocence, and seemed vindictive toward Capt. Barrows, who he alleged was alone guilty of misappropriating bacon.

Maj. Hale, commandant of the prison, cleared a store room to be occupied by the trio, apart from the Filipino prisoners, but as Lieut. Boyer avoids speaking to Capt. Barrows, other arrangements are probable.

An examination of the effects of Knud Engelskjon, the Norwegian through whom the Mohammedan chiefs of Mindanao made overtures of peace to Gen. Otis, and who was recently arrested for embezzlement, discloses the fact that he had been acting as an agent of the insurgents since 1898. He carries as his credentials a letter from the Filipino junta in Hong Kong to Aguinaldo, and on a pretense of examining mining property in Mindanao, he visited the insurgents. Accompanying him was G. E. St. Clair, an American. The latter pretended to be an Englishman, but today he acknowledged that he was acting as the agent of Col. Colton, assistant collector of customs in Manilla, and S. H. Steel, a Manilla lawyer, in an endeavor to secure possession of mining property in Mindanao before the American troops arrived. The insurgents suspected St. Clair's nationality and twice sentenced him to be shot, but he managed to escape. St. Clair was taken into custody today and paroled pending the investigation.

SPANKED

His Slothful Daughter and Was Arrested and Fined.

Philadelphia, May 24.—An old-time spanking, one of the sort that mother used to ladle out, seemed to be due Amelia Bernat for some time past, and her father selected Tuesday morning as the time for the delivery of the goods. Amelia told her strong-minded grandmother all about the spanking, and displayed exhibit A to her sympathizing relative and several warm-hearted neighbors. Amelia stood up throughout the "session" that followed, and the women agreed that exhibit A, as displayed by Amelia, proved Anton Bernat a brute, and agreed to have him arrested.

The surprised father was served with the warrant at his place of business, and was hauled to the office of Magistrate Lloyd, where a case of assault was proved against him, the grandmother, Miss Amelia and exhibit A figuring in the testimony very largely.

The defendant testified that Miss Amelia had neglected her household duties, refused to wash dishes, and finally told him to go to — all of which, he claimed, justified the spanking, the severity of which was proved beyond all question by exhibit A and the testimony of the police surgeon for the district.

The Society to Prevent Cruelty to Children has instituted investigations, which may result in the finding of new homes for the Bernat children. Anton Bernat was fined $50 for spanking his daughter, and will have to enter $1000 security for his humane treatment of them or serve ninety days in jail.

Skin affections will readily disappear by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Look out for counterfeits. If you get DeWitt's you will get good results. It is the quick and positive cure for piles. Max Wirth.

CABLE FLASHES.

A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company from Pekin says that the government of the United States will under no circumstances consent to any increase in the Chinese tariff unless commercial advantages are conceded in return.

The demonstrative welcome tendered to Governor Allen, who arrived at Porto Rico, Thursday, on the Mayflower, easily surpassed any similar previous demonstration.

An editorial in the London Yachtsman, written before the accidents to the Shamrocks says: "The trials of the two Shamrocks have shattered our faith in the new boat. We cannot see what prospect of success Lipton has."

Emperor William has issued stringent orders henceforth to exclude newspaper reporters from all public and semi-public functions where the emperor intends to speak.

Further cases of smallpox have been discovered on board the United States transport Indiana, and the Ninth regiment United States infantry which left Pekin Thursday on its way to Manilla has gone into camp at Taku. The doctors have been instructed to make a report as to what length of time must elapse before it will be safe to allow the troops on board the transport.

James Brownlee,

Guides furnished, boats to let; bait furnished. Deerwood, Minn.

A PECULIAR STORY.

Says His Wife Wanted Him to Elope.

Chicago, May 25.—William H. Kaesel, superintendent of the Berwyn waterworks, recites a picturesque tale of marital woe in his bill for a divorce. He says that not only has Mrs. Mary A. Kaesel treated him and the children with cruelty and unjustly accused him of infidelity, but that she has aroused his repugnance by offering to arrange an elopement for him with Lydia Hermann, a woman friend of hers. Mr. Kaesel says that even though his wife demanded it he refused such a diversion. In 1897 Kaesel moved from Chicago to Berwyn, a suburb, and secured a position which necessitates the preparation by Mrs. Kaesel of three daily meals, which household task, he says, so angered her that she refused for a time to live in the same part of the house with her husband.

NO LEPERS WANTED.

Larzarette Buildings Burned Near New Orleans.

New Orleans, May 24.—An attempt on the part of the leper board of this city to establish a leper lazarette in Jefferson parish, opposite this city, where a plantation was purchased for the purpose, led to the destruction of all the buildings by fire during the night on the plantation.

Indignant protests have been made by the inhabitants of Jefferson and St. Charles ever since it became known that the board proposed to establish a retreat for lepers.

STOOD ALL NIGHT

In Water of a Well and Still Lives.

Middlesboro, Ky., May 24.—Mintie Warner, the 6-year-old child of a farmer, near Hagan, Va., fell into a well Sunday afternoon. It was a considerable distance from the house, and though diligent search was made the little one was not found until Monday. She remained standing in the water all the time. She is not showing any serious effects of her experience.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

Johnson & Moe

The West End Big Department Store.

Keeping in constant touch with your wants—making it our study. "How to supply that want at the least possible cost to you," has made our store one of the most popular shopping centers of the city. We've prepared another bargain feast for you, with prices, quality, quantity and exclusive opportunities not to be found elsewhere. You know our "say so" is our "do so." "Satisfaction or money back," every time.

Ladies' Underskirts, in Red, Blue, Old Rose, Cerise and Purple, mercerized sateen and nearsilk, made well with cording and ruffles, regular price $2.25 to $2.98—special..... **$1.98**

Black Skirts from 98c to $4.50.

Our Suit Sale.

Of last week proved a great success, and for the benefit of those who did not have an opportunity to take advantage of our great offerings, we will continue the sale another week, commencing tomorrow.

Ladies' and Misses' Tailored Suits.

Special Attractive Offerings

That ought to prove interesting and profitable reading to those who want their dollar to show the greatest possible purchasing power. Each offer unquestionably represents the maximum of value at the minimum of price, slighting nothing in the way of materials, workmanship, style and fit.

Ladies' Stylish Suits, made in Gray, Tan and Navy, fine wool Venetian cloth, Jacket silk-lined, flaring skirt, Percaline lined, brush binding, our regular low price is $12.50; to make it interesting, we make it..... **$9.98**

Ladies' high-grade Suits, perfectly tailored, stylish garments, Black, Brown and Navy, Eton Jacket, silk-lined, silk strap, trimmed, our regular $15 kind, we'll save you $2.50, and say, your choice for this sale..... **$12.50**

Other very pretty stylish Suits at— **$18, $19.50, $22.50**

Misses' Suits, real jaunty, stylish ones, made in Brown, Gray and Blue Venetian cloth, blouse jacket, special values at— **$7.50, $8.88 and $10**

$3.98 for Ladies' Walking Skirts, made in Blue and Gray Wool Melton, bound seams, has ten rows of stitching at the bottom, equal to any $4.50 skirt, here at only..... **$3.98**

One lot Ladies' Dress Skirts, made in Blue and Black Serge and Mohair Suitings, Percaline lined, corduroy binding, regular prices were $4.50 and $5.00, being last year's styles, will close at—each.. **$2.98**

Misses' Walking Skirts, nobby, stylish garments, made in Gray, Blue and Brown Melton cloth at— **$2.50, $3.50 and $5**

Summer Shirt Waists.

We are showing a more attractive line than ever before, the makers have come to realize the demand for better and more artistically made waists, and we believe you will agree with us that "our line" is pretty close to perfection in styles and daintiness. The prices range for percale Waists from— **39c, 48c, 65c, 75c 88c and up**

Others made in Dainty Dimity, Madras Cloth and other pretty fabrics, with lace and embroidery trimmings and insertions, range in price from— **98c, $1.25, $1.48, $1.75 $1.98 and $2.25**

JOHNSON & MOE.

Under Muslins at Special Prices.

Plain Corset Covers, of good Muslin, at..... **10c**

Muslin corset covers with embroidery yokes, at— **25c, 35c and 45c**

Corset Covers with yoke of tucks and hemstitching, embroidery edging, special value **35c**

Better grades, trimmed in lace or embroidery at— **48c, 65c, 75c and 88c**

Pretty white Skirts, with wide flounces —edged in lace; or rows of lace insertion, tucking and edging at— **48c, 68c, 75c, $1.25 up**

Ladies' Muslin Gowns, with tucked yoke and neck and sleeves edged in ruffles, or yoke of lace striped lawn and lawn ruffles, either kind..... **49c**

Good muslin gown, yokes made of lace insertion and hemstitching, cambric ruffling at neck and sleeves—each... **68c**

Pretty Gowns, trimmed in embroidery, insertion and tucking or lace insertion and lace edging, at only..... **75c**

Beautiful gowns in different styles— **98c, $1.25, $1.48 up**

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, good material, wide ruffles and lace edging, special **25c**

Better grade with lawn ruffles, tucked and hemstitched or muslin and lace edge..... **48c**

Drawers with lawn ruffles which are tucked, has two rows of hemstitching, and edged with lace..... **65c**

Better grades up to..... **$1.25**

Smart Millinery at Popular Prices.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, beautiful assortment of new styles, regular price up to $3; for this sale, your choice..... **$1.98**

Ladies' Fine Trimmed Hats, some of the latest conceits of the trimmers' art, regular price up to $5; your choice now..... **$3.98**

Misses' and Children's Straw Hats, a great assortment to select from at— **25c, 29c, 35c and 48c**

Big line of Flowers, Foliage and Hat Trimmings at special prices.

Grocery Department.

Saturday and Monday, May 25 and 27.

Fresh Eggs—per dozen..... 12c
Choice Burbank Potatoes, a bus.... 45c
Fancy Pat. Flour, 98-lb sack..... $1.98
3 pkgs Corn Starch..... 10c
Farina in bulk, per lb..... 3c
12 lbs Rolled Oats..... 25c
Rice, regular price 7c, per lb..... 5c
Sago and Tapioca, per lb..... 5c
Codfish, per lb..... 5c
Mackerel, each..... 9c
Fancy Summer Sausages, per lb.. 12½c
25c can I. C. Baking Powder..... 15c
California Prunes, per lb..... 5c
Cooking Figs, per lb..... 6c
Choice Seeded Raisins, regular price, 10c; per package..... 7c
Choice line of bakery goods fresh from the oven, at special prices.
Full line green Vegetables and Strawberries at low prices.

JOHNSON & MOE.

KEPT IN BOTTLES.

In the Army Medical Museum there is a bottled stock of nearly all the diseases which are apt to be fatal to human life. There are especially on hand germs of consumption, pneumonia, typhoid fever, diphtheria, Asiatic cholera, blood poisoning, erysipelas and carbuncle, says the Washington correspondent of the New York Sun.

The museum keeps these diseases bottled in tubes constantly ready for immediate use. The curator in charge of the laboratory mentioned that he could give them all to any one in a few moments. He added that he would be able to do this at no serious loss or expense, inasmuch as there was enough consumption, for instance, in the consumption bottle to communicate the disease to many thousands of people, and it was the same with all the other diseases on hand.

In administering pneumonia to a patient, he said, he would select by preference the method of putting a solution of the germs in water in a spraying vessel and have the victim breathe the spray. The subject operated upon would almost immediately contract the affection with absolute certainty every time. He explained that pneumonia is contracted not from a cold or inflammation of the lungs, as people ordinarily suppose, but from the breathing in of pneumonia germs, whose increase and development are aided by an unhealthy condition, such as a cold may give rise to. The mouths of altogether healthy people very commonly have lots of pneumonia bacteria in them.

As for carbuncle, the curator said that he could produce it any time in the most healthy individual by a simple inoculation with a solution of the germs. Once so inoculated you would have about an even chance with death. Spraying the throat with a solution of the proper germs is the method also for conveying diphtheria.

There is no great difficulty in contracting Asiatic cholera if you want to. Take a few of the germs from the appropriate bottles at the museum and drink them in water or beef tea. If your stomach is in a particularly healthy condition you may not take the disease, but otherwise you are pretty certain to have it. It is said that an assistant in the laboratory of the famous Dr. Koch once swallowed accident a lot of germs of Asiatic cholera, with which experiments were being made, and developed what Dr. Koch believed a typical case. The assistant recovered by a narrow chance.

The diseases which the government keeps thus bottled in convenient form are all obtained—the germs, that is to say—from actual disease tissues of patients afflicted with the complaints. To propagate the germs from any quantity from these tissues is easy enough. Vegetable gelatine, from a Japanese plant called agar-agar, is boiled and mixed with beef tea, so as to form a soft, transparent solid. A small quantity of this is put into a tube tightly corked with cotton. The tube is then placed in an oven and heated until all the germs in it, of whatever sort, are killed, long steel wire, that has been heated also to sterilize it, is dipped in the germs of the disease which it is desired to cultivate and scraped across the surface of the gelatine. The tube is now recorked and permitted to stand a few hours, at the end of which time the bacteria of the disease, having found the gelatine to their taste for feeding upon, will have multiplied enormously, so as to cover the surface of the gelatine. Then the germs are ready for the purpose for which they are kept at the museum, namely, to enable the physicians to make experiments to determine the proper methods of treating the disease and to seek remedies for it.

THE TRUE POKER FLAT.

In 1852 Poker Flat produced $700,000 in gold bullion in a single month and celebrated the event with a triple hanging. Then came the public spasm of virtue which caused the John Oakhursts and the "Outcasts of Poker Flat" to depart from thence and die of cold and starvation on the snowbound road to Sandy Bar, says W. M. Clemens in the Bookman. There are no "Oakhursts" nor "Uncle Billys" in Poker Flat today, and when the stranger makes the slow descent and suddenly, by a sharp turn in the trail, comes upon the famous camp, he finds in that huddle of cabins little to remind him of the Poker Flat of 1852.

The famous slope presents almost a picture of utter ruin. There are but eight persons living in the old town, while a hundred dead ones sleep in the cemetery. Some of the graves are marked with wooden headboards, some with stakes, but many with nothing above them. Nearly all of them were laid to rest without religious rites save a Bible reading by old Charlie Pond, who, though a professional gambler, was selected for the religious office, owing to his excellent voice and oratorical ability.

In 1853 and 1854 there were 2000 souls in Poker Flat, and fifteen stores, five hotels, three dance halls and seven gambling houses. There is but one man left today of that original company. He is Henry Wagoner, an old and grizzled veteran who delights to tell how in 1856 a circus came to town and sold 1500 tickets of admission for $20 each.

BIDS ARE OPENED

City Gets Figures on Garfield Avenue Viaduct Approach.

City's Portion of the Work Will Cost $21,000.

Northern Pacific Road to Put In the Steel Part.

Work on the Garfield avenue viaduct may begin in a few weeks. This morning the board of public works awarded the contracts for the city's proportion of the work.

The city is to build the approach from the south side of Superior street to Michigan street, in all about 204 feet. This will cost in the neighborhood of $21,000.

This morning the department of public works awarded the contract for the steel work to the Northern Pacific Railroad company for a little over $5000. The contract for the masonry abutments was awarded to McLeod & Smith, of this city, for $7789. It is understood that McLeod & Smith will be ready to start work on the abutments at once, and the Northern Pacific officers say that they can get the work well under way in thirty days.

The viaduct will be 1338 feet in length and will cost about $102,000. It is also proposed to put in an approach from Railroad street. This is something new in the viaduct negotiations and may possibly delay matters a little. Railroad street is becoming an important business thoroughfare and the city officers and property owners say that it is very necessary that it should have connections with the Garfield avenue viaduct.

TO CLOQUET.

High School Team to Play There Saturday.

The high school baseball team will meet Cloquet tomorrow afternoon in one of the most interesting games that they have to play this season. The two teams have played together before, and it is very probable that the Cloquetians will endeavor to let the Duluth aggregation come out as far behind as possible. That Cloquet has a very fast high school team no one is inclined to doubt, but the home boys do not think they will have any better success in hitting Cummings' slants this time than they did before when Duluth won by a score of 7 to 4. Although Duluth had twenty-one men struck out, they placed their hits well when they did hit the ball, and with the added practice that they have secured in the intervening time they will no doubt be able to give even a better account of themselves than they did before. Cummings has not been pitching lately in the practice games, and there is no danger of his arm giving out. He did not use his left hand at all in the last game, so that he still has a surprise in store for the lumber town team. Potter, as before, will be behind the bat for Duluth, with Dash on first and Alworth on second. Peterson will play short, and Staacke, the hard-hitting freshman, will be on third. Berg, who made two hits for Duluth the last time that they met Cloquet, will cover the left garden, and Andrews will be found in the right. Capt. Congdon will be in the middle pasture to see that nothing gets past him, so it is pretty nearly certain that Duluth will come back with the scalp which has grown on Cloquet since the fourth of May.

The Duluth men will appear for the first time with their new suits, in which they make a stunning appearance on the diamond. Capt. Congdon says that the men are in the best of condition and are sure of winning the game. The two teams will line-up as follows:

Duluth.	Cloquet.
Potter	catcher — Chapin
Al Cummings	pitcher — Fuller
Dash	first — McCullough
Alworth	second — Peltier
Peterson	short stop — Allen
Staacke	third — Sandstrom
Berg	left field — Leureugs
Congdon	center field — Laretto
Andrews	right field — Hoyt
Clayton, substitute.	

FRESH STUFF.

Michigan Street Full of It at Present Time.

Watermelons? There are none on Michigan street, but there is almost everything else in the line of fresh fruits and produce that anybody could imagine or desire, and there are even rumors of watermelons. A stray melon or two has appeared on the market in Chicago, but there are none coming this way just at present. So long as other things are in profusion and tempting cheapness, however, no one will repine, for the melon season is coming apace, and it will be here quite a while when it does come.

Now is the sason when all of these things are plentiful and within reaching distance, and it ought to be hard on the butchers, who are accused of forming themselves into a local trust to keep up the prices of meats. There are a good many people just at present that are consoling themselves with the statement that the American people eat too much meat anyway, so they are indulging themselves in latners of fresh vegetables from Michigan street, to the great benefit of their systems, for there can be no manner of question that these things are eminently good to eat and cleansing and wholesome to the human organism. Every human being needs a long course of them in the spring while they are fresh and plentiful, and it can do nobody any harm to make a specialty of green stuff and let the meat bills run down for a time.

Prices on everything in that line are off. Even new potatoes, which are the luxury of the market, are down from $3 to $3.25 a bushel to $2.25 to $2.50, and they will soon be at a price where the economical housekeeper's conscience will not respond with a qualm when they are purchased. Nearly everything on the list is cheaper, and some of the things will hardly get any cheaper than they are now.

Cheese is weaker, a trifle, and new full cream twins are marked at 11 to 12 cents instead of 12 to 12½ cents. Chickens are a shade higher, and the only change in meats is a little decrease in the price of mutton, which is quoted at 8 to 8½ cents.

In the way of food for animals, there has been a general lowering of prices. Oats are a cent higher, it is true, but bran, shorts and hay are all off 50 cents all around.

LAID WASTE

Thousands of Acres of Australian Brush Land.

Australia had been broiling in the heats of an unusually hot summer. For a week South Australia and Victoria lay under a torrid wave which sent the mercury up to 109 in the shade and dried things up so that the heated term has been followed by raging, roaring bush fires, which have destroyed thousands of sheep and cattle, left farm houses masses of charred ruins, set fire to towns and burned to death men and children, says the Manchester Guardian. In one place 300 miles of flames swept across the country. In the Mt. Pleasant district of South Australia 50,000 acres of growing grass were destroyed by a fire which burned for three days and covered nearly 100 square miles of country. This fire died out only when there was nothing left for it to feed upon in that region.

The town of Mt. Pleasant narrowly escaped destruction with all its inhabitants. As the wall of flame came sweeping down upon the town all the men, women and children, the rich and the poor, the well and such of the sick as could stand upon their feet came out to meet it, and the great battle with the fire began. They cut green boughs from the trees, and as the fire ran toward them in the grass they beat it down and extinguished it by flogging with the new-cut branches. Sleep and food were not thought of. In the terrible heat of the sun and flames, and through the long, hot, stifling night, made luminous with the red light of the burning plains, the citizens worked for their homes and their lives. The lady worked beside her servant, the wealthy run owner alongside his herdsmen. The fire, driven up by a fierce gale from the redstone deserts of the northeast, seemed destined to destroy the town and the people in it in spite of all their labors. Sheep and cattle, maddened by the biting, blinding smoke, rushed in droves of hundreds into the heart of the flames and perished. After laboring continuously for thirty hours the exhausted citizens felt the gale die out and the direction of the wind change, and knew that they were saved. When it was all over they looked out over miles of blackened plains, on which little mounds of calcined bones were all that was left of thousands of head of live stock.

In the southwest part of South Australia fires broke out in a region of small farms. When the flames had swept over the country it was dotted with ruins of what once had been homesteads, and many farmers and their families were left homeless and penniless. In Victoria the bush fires destroyed not only large areas of grass and thousands of head of live stock, but caused also a considerable loss of life. In the Branxholme district six children were caught between two advancing columns of flame and burned to cinders. Three farm hands, making a desperate effort to escape, were overtaken by a rapidly rushing burst of fire, whirled in its embrace and killed. Upward of twenty other farm hands belonging in the immediate neighborhood are missing, and there is no hope that they escaped destruction. At one place in the Branxholme district 2500 sheep were burned together. There were fires in seven other districts, and twenty-six men are known to have perished in them. It is feared that the total loss in the district will turn out to be much greater. In one district the roaring flames made a gigantic barbecue of 100,000 head of live stock.

In two townships, Byaduk and Lower Byaduk, almost everything was destroyed. The inhabitants, with their clothing on fire, ran to the creeks and ponds and immersed themselves in the water while the flames swept over them, a hurricane of fire. At one station 2000 sheep were roasted alive, 600 standing huddled together in one spot. Two miles further on 3000 sheep were charred to cinders, and in that one district it is estimated that 10,000 sheep perished in the flames.

After the fire had swept over the Birregurra district the charred remains of three little boys were found near the ruins of their home. They were the sons of a settler who had fled with his family before the fierce advance of smoke and flame. When the waves of fire and billows of smoke came rolling down upon the settlement the people fled wildly before it, members of families getting separated in the mad rush and calling to each other with agonized voices through the obscurity of the flame-streaked smoke. Parents were separated from children and husbands from wives in the mad race for life, but nearly all finally reached a place of some safety at last. The three little boys whose burned bodies were found near the smoldering embers of their former home had become parted from their parents and, being confused, blinded and choked by the dense smoke, had gone in the wrong direction, finally falling, exhausted and helpless, to be burned to death on their own playground.

In one district a railroad train was caught in the flames. There was a roaring furnace sweeping up from behind, and the burning bush before. To go back was certain destruction, and to go forward was almost as great a risk. The engineer crowded on all steam, opened the throttle and plunged with all the speed possible straight through the burning belt of fire ahead. Many of the passengers were badly scorched and the cars were blistered and charred, but the train came through without the loss of a life. In the northeastern district of Victoria the flames swept over 300 square miles of territory. Trains on the railroad had to travel between walls of fire in many places, and there was a large destruction of live stock. In this district many lives were lost, just how many has not yet been reported. In Tasmania miles of country were burned over by the fires and a great amount of damage done.

Queenstown is situated in the burnt district. A fierce gale set in while the fires were burning all around the town, and many of the houses in the town were unroofed by the wind. Then the flames were driven in upon the place and many houses set on fire, several being burned to the ground. By great efforts the fire was kept from spreading enough to destroy the place, though a collection of huts which formed a suburb of the town were swept away. When the flames finally left the town they went roaring along the valleys, over the hilltops and down the gullies, while the crack and boom of burning and falling trees added to the general terror and confusion.

PINE CITY, $2.00; STURGEON LAKE, $1.50.

Saturdays and Sundays the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:

Sturgeon Lake and return..... $1.50
Pine City and return..... 2.00

Good returning Mondays following date of sale. For tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or at Union depot.

WAS NERVY

Was Not Feazed In the Least By Faced Card.

Sequel Proved Luck Was Certainly With Him.

"This new rule that all the New York clubs are importing into the old game," said a well-known gambler in the back room of a Sixth avenue restaurant a few nights ago, "reminds me of the nerviest man and the nerviest piece of play I have ever seen at the green-top table. I mean the rule about taking face cards in the draw. In all the games I've sat in for the last six months the house rule has been that you take all the cards coming to you, faced or otherwise. The way I learned the game, if your card was faced, you had to take another after the rest had been helped," says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"The man was a story in himself, but I haven't got time for that. He was a Vermont Yankee, born of straight old Puritan stock at a little village about twenty miles from Burlington. He was brought up as straight as a string and never broke the Methodist discipline until he left home. Never was very strong as a scholar, he told me, but managed to get through the local academy and entered Wesleyan college, the good old Methodist institution on the Connecticut river, by certificate. I've always heard that it is a pretty good place, morally, but however that is, Frank Batcheller learned a lot of things there that he didn't know before, and among them learned to count the spots on the pasteboards. His mates there christened him Old Dan Spicer, because of a very peculiar drawl he had, and the name stuck.

"He didn't do much as a student, and when the rest of his class graduated he wasn't on the Phi Beta Kappa list, and, if I'm not mistaken, didn't get many degrees. He looked around for something to do, but, as he used to put it, didn't have his choice of jobs. The upshot was that he landed as a clerk in Chaffee's hotel, in Middletown, where he had passed a good many of his college days. The boss, old George Chaffee, sort of took pity on him, and as he was well known at the college, took him as a drawing card for the undergraduates.

"It was there that Old Dan Spicer got the start which finally landed him in New York as a free lance and general sporting man.

"George had the motto printed on his mirrors and hanging on placards all over the house, 'As we journey through life let us live by the way.' Dan meditated on this and decided it was good enough for him. When I first met him he had been here several years and knew as much about things in general and gambling in its many different forms in particular as any man it has been my good fortune to meet.

"The play I want to tell about if I ever get to it happened in a private room in a Broadway hotel not very far from here about five years ago. There were six men in the game and three of us looking on.

"It started very mildly. Two of the players were traveling men who wouldn't stand for table stakes, and wanted to play a dollar limit game. There was an actor who had a night off while his show was moving in, who felt like high play, but was willing to compromise, two horse owners who thought that a limit game was childish and would listen to nothing but table stakes. Batcheller was ready for any game at all but had very little to say.

"The upshot of the argument was that they decided to cut the cards, the low man to determine the style of game. Batcheller cut an ace, and to satisfy everybody proposed a $2 limit. Each man bought $20 worth of checks and they started in.

"For the first hour there was pretty even play. Both the drummers were doing well. One had run his stack up to $50 and the other had about $40 in front of him. The horse owners were both losers, because with what was to them a small limit they could not wait for hands and tried to force their luck. One of them was $15 to the bad, and the other, whom they called Sam, had bought twice and had about $50 in the game.

"Again one of them proposed table stakes and as the drummers were feeling good they raised no objections. Each man went down into his pocket and brought his stake up to $50.

"The play livened up a bit, but Batcheller, or Dan, as they called him, was losing. The play that did selling about took place very soon after the table stake game began. Dan had just dealt and everybody in for $1. On the first deal no one opened. On the second deal the first two passed and the man on Dan's left opened the $12 pot for $10. Dan skimmed off his cards and came in and two others did likewise. When it came to the dealer he raised $10. There was over $50 in the pot. The opener looked his cards over carefully. I could see then from where I was standing that he had three queens. He studied a moment, evidently thinking about another raise, but he either weakened or wanted all in for he merely stayed.

"When Dan lifted his hand I saw that he had 3, 4, 5, 6 of spades, with a pair of fives. Without hesitation he raised another $10 and two of the men dropped. The dealer who had made the first raise and the man on Dan's left stayed and so did the man with the three queens. The three queen man drew down to his hand, two cards. Dan asked for one but just as it was being passed to him the three queen man, one of the horse owners, reached for his cards and it struck his hand, falling face up on the table. It was the seven of spades.

"Do I get that card or not?" asked Dan without a sign of anxiety. According to the rules of those days he did not get the card and as soon as the dealer said so, Dan turned it over and threw it into the discards. The dealer thought a long time, evidently a little frightened by the two card draw. He finally decided to take chances on his aces up and drew one card. Then he gave Dan the next one, which he slid in among the other four without looking at it.

The opener bet $5. The three queen man raised $5 after looking over his hand. Dan studied his a minute and then said there was about $100 in the pot and he had only $20 left in front of him, pushed in all he had.

"The opener then looked at his hand again and pushed in all he had, which was only $2 short of Dan's bet.

"The three-queen man went down to look and remarked, 'I wish you gentlemen had more money. I'd like to bet this hand.' That suited the horse-owner Al. He had caught an ace and filled his hand.

"'Well, I've got something of a hand myself,' he remarked. 'I'm agreeable to any moderate amount up to $1000.'

"The three-queen man said: 'Make it $500. That's all I've got with me. Of course, you get a look in for the pot,' he added turning to Dan.

"Dan's face did not show the slightest interest, but he said, 'If you've no objection, I'd like to bet this hand a little harder.' With that remark he reached into his pocket and brought out a big roll of fifties and hundreds. He peeled off $500 and tossed it into the pot as if it was so much waste paper. The other two men dropped their money in and a showdown was in order.

"The opener turned his cards over one at a time, three aces and two tens with the remark, 'If you beat that take my money.'

"'That's a good hand but not quite good enough,' said the next man as he laid down four queens. He reached out to take in the $1700 pot, but Dan spoke up with his usual drawl, 'Careful, partner, you'll get burned.' Then he slowly laid out a spade sequence from the deuce to the six. The card which had been turned in the draw was the seven and would have filled for him but according to the rules of play in those days he couldn't have it. Most men would have cursed their luck and quit the game. Dan wasn't that kind, so he did the next best thing and drew the deuce. Very few poker players would have thought of that," added the club man with a smile, "but Dan got all the money."

DREAM AND DEATH.

William Hemsley writes to the Baltimore Sun:

"I have read with much interest your editorial in relation to coincidences and dreams, and with your permission will relate a dream as told me by my mother, who was a niece of the late ex-Governor Daniel Martin, of Bonfield, Talbot county, Md. The summer after the governor retired from office he dreamed three nights in succession that he saw his mother on board of a beautiful ship just off Bonfield, on the broad Choptank river, and that she told him that on the third day following her first appearance he would be called home at the hour of noon. On the morning of the third day, with tears in his eyes, while at breakfast the governor related the dream and the family laughed at the idea of his deep concern, as he had never placed any faith or belief in dreams. At 11:30 he mounted his horse and rode out into the harvest field where his hands, headed by his overseer, were cradling wheat, and just as he reached the overseer he fell from his horse dead."

THREE STRIKES AND OUT.

The wife of a venerable negro, who is a character in a Long Island village, died recently, and a resident of the village, meeting the old man in the street, stopped to condole with him, says the New York Sun.

"I'm sorry to hear of your bereavement, Uncle Silas," he said. How did it happen?"

"Well, suh, it was this way," replied Uncle Silas. "It was par'lyze. She had one strike o' par'lyze, then she had another—an' she died on the third strike."

VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

RATHBUN'S

CASH GROCERY.

Now at Anderson's Old Stand 29 East Superior St.

Both phones **656.** Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday's Specials.

200 CASES STRICTLY FANCY ILLINOIS STRAWBERRIES—
Per quart— **10c** Six boxes for— **55c**

TENNESSEE STRAWBERRIES—
Choice quality—3 boxes for— **25 cents**

LARGE AND CHOICE SELECTION OF **Green Vegetables**
Mostly grown in the gardens of Southern Minnesota, at away-down prices—
Our selection includes—
Asparagus, Cucumbers, Cauliflower, Wax Beans, Peas, New Potatoes, New Cabbage, New Turnips, Carrots, Beets, Horseradish Root, Table Onions, Spinach, Radish, Parsley, Mint, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes, Celery, Lettuce, Head Lettuce, Rhubarb.

OUR CELEBRATED JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE in 3-lb cans, caps the climax—per can— **85 cents**

BEST LAUNDRY SOAP—10 bars— **25 cents**

Green Vegetables—

Note Our Prices:

Home-grown Spinach—peck	10c
Large bunches Asparagus—each	8c
Southern Cucumbers—each	5c
Home-grown Cucumbers, each	8c
Wax Beans—per quart	8c
Green Peas—per quart	7c
Seed-top Table Onions, 3 bunches	5c
Round and Long Radish, 3 bunch	5c
New Beets, Carrots and Turnips per bunch	5c
New Potatoes—per peck	50c

BEST QUALITY HARD DATES—per lb— **5 cents**

HIGH-GRADE CORN, PEAS AND TOMATOES—3 cans— **25 cents**

STRICTLY NEW-LAID EGGS—direct from farmers, 2 dozen for— **25 cents**

Butter! Butter!

We are headquarters for the Best Creamery and Dairy butter in the market.
CREAMERY—Best quality—print or bulk—per lb..... **22c**
DAIRY—Best quality—per lb..... **19c**
COOKING BUTTER—per lb..... **15c**

GRAPE FRUIT—Large and Fancy—4 for— **25 cents**

RATHBUN'S.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making.

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon Bons—per box	25c
Assorted Nongates—per lb	25c
Assorted Butterscups—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor, made to order, a specialty—per lb	25c

We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz	25c
Lady Locks—per dozen	10c
Almond & Cocoanut Macaroons, doz	10c

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES.

Gronseth & Olsen

Established 1887.

Cash Grocers.

Zenith 'Phone, 292. Duluth 'Phone 292.

401 and 403 East Fourth St

On the 21st of May our Fourteenth anniversary as successful Grocers recorded itself in the history of the Grocery world. During these long years of toils and trials, amidst prosperity and adversity, we have won the battles against dishonesty, discriminations, combinations, bankruptcies and scenes of all descriptions. We have strictly adhered to our policy—"HONESTY"—and this is why we are among the leading generals in the field.

Our "VIKING" Flour is a proof what "HONESTY" can do; 8255 barrels was the record the "VIKING" made last year, which shows its strength, power and ability as a leading "GENERAL" in the Flour field.

While we have spared neither time nor money in attaining our reputation in our line, we shal never forget that our LOYAL FRIENDS AND PATRONS BOTH AT HOME AND ABROAD are largely responsible for our GROWTH and SUCCESS, for which we like to express our GRATITUDE and APPRECIATION. Thanking you for past favors we shall try in the future, as in the past, to serve you so that we may be worthy of your co-operation and favor.

Saturday and Monday we offer:

Our celebrated Viking Print Creamery, per lb	22c
A fancy shipment of fine Dairy Butter in 5 and 10 pound jars at wholesale prices.	
Best Skinned Hams, a lb	11½c
Best Medium Hams, per lb	11c
California Hams, per lb	8½c
Best Bacon, per lb	12c
Fresh Eggs, per doz	12c
Fancy Rio Coffee, per lb	11c
Our own J. and M. Coffee—3-lb can	85c
We are sole agents for Chase & Sanborn's Teas and Coffees.	
Viking Soap, 9 bars for	25c
Viking Pride Flour, 98-lb sk	$1.85
White Rye Flour, 49-lb sack	65c
Prunes, per lb	3c, 5c, 6c, 7c, 10c
Baker's Chocolate, per lb	36c
Viking Maple Syrup, per gal.	$1.05
Baker's Triumph, 98-lb sack	$1.50

Gronseth & Olsen.

J. G. OSTBY

32 East Fourth Street.

Do you know of anyone who sells first-class Groceries cheaper than we do?

Here are some samples:

3 lbs good Japan Tea for only	$1.00
2 lbs good Rio Coffee for	25c
Pealed Peaches, 2 cans for	25c
Best Ginger Snaps, per lb	6c
Fancy Burbank's Potatoes, per bushel	50c
Fresh Egge, per dozen at	10½c

Limit 6 dozen to each customer.

Fresh dairy butter cheap. Strawberries and fresh vegetables at lowest prices.

SUTTON & McCABE

5 West Superior Street.

We have just one day more to close out the balance of our stock, and in order to do this we are selling goods regardless of cost. This is a golden opportunity to purchase goods away below wholesale prices.

SUTTON & McCABE

Saturday Night Specials Between 8 and 9. Blue calico remnants, yd. 3c

STACK & CO.

Saturday Night Specials Between 9 and 10. $1.00 lamps at 29c

Extremely Low Prices During Our

REMODELING SALE

We deem it wise to mark goods at the lowest notch to repay for any inconvenience our patrons are subjected to. Tomorrow's prices you'll find upon investigation are stripped of all profit.

Another Express Shipment of Val. Laces on Sale Saturday.

5000 yds of Valenciennes Lace, new patterns, worth 5c, 6c and 7c a yard—at..... 4c, 3c and 2c

Ribbons at the lowest prices ever recorded—150 pieces fancy Hair Ribbons, worth 12½c and 15c a yard—at..... 5c

6 doz Belts in plaited Silk and the new straight-front effect, worth 75c and $1 each, at..... 48c

New Neckwear, handsome effects, worth double the price we ask..... 50c and 25c

6 doz Imported triplicate Mirrors, worth 50c each—at..... 25c

Nickel Alarm Clocks—each one guaranteed at..... 59c

Ingersoll Watches at wholesale prices:
$3.50 Watches at..... $2.25
$2.50 Watches at..... $1.75
$1.50 Watches at..... $1.25
$1.00 Watches at..... 75c

Immense Values in Notions—when we say half price in this dept. it is putting it very mild.

288 boxes assorted Hair Pins regular 5c value; at..... 2c

600 dozen Pearl Buttons, sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, worth 5c a doz—at..... 1½c

160 dozen Stick Pins, regular prices from 10c to 25c each—at..... 1c

2 gross nickel-plated Scissors and Shears, in sizes from 4½ to 8 inch, worth 15c, 19c and 25c each—choice at..... 10c

12 dozen Sleeve Holders, coiled wire covered with woolen yarn, worth 10c a pair, at..... 2c

24 dozen Tracing Wheels, regular price 5c, at..... 2c

20 dozen Curling Irons, worth 5c each—at..... 3c

5 doz Dress Shields, worth 10c a pair—at..... 5c

5c pins at..... 2c

5c Silks at..... 3c

Machine Cotton at..... 2½c

25c fancy Hat Pins at..... 5c

Our Hosiery and Underwear Department is the bargain center of Duluth.

Prominent advantages of the "Columbia brand," a new line of fancy stockings which we have recently added to our department; exact sizes, high-spliced heel, fast colors, narrowed ankle, etc.

60 doz ladies' fancy Hose, big value at 19c a pair—tomorrow at..... 12½c

180 dozen Ladies' fast Black Cotton Hose, worth 12½c a pair, at..... 8c

40 doz Ladies' fancy striped Imported Hose, fully equal to any 38c stocking offered elsewhere; here tomorrow—a pair. 25c

36 dozen Ladies' Mercerized Vests, in Pink and Blue, our neighbors ask 50c each for them; our price..... 35c

Ladies' Summer Vests, in White and Ecru, worth 10c each at..... 4c and 5c

Men's fine Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, in plain and fancy stripes, 35c and 39c values at..... 25c

Men's fancy dress Shirts—65c and 69c qualities at..... 48c

1000 yards Cotton Crash, per yd, 2½c

Bed Spreads—
BED SPREADS—Regular $1.00 value, full double bed size—Marseilles patterns..... 75c

Bleached Sheets—
BLEACHED SHEETS—72x90 standard sheeting, heavy and durable, regular price 55c..... 45c

Pillows—
BED PILLOWS—Full size, best ticking, mixed; cheap at 99c a pair—our price each..... 40c

Pillow Cases—
PILLOW CASES—36x45, soft finish, torn and hemmed, overlock seams, worth 12½c..... 8c

FRINGED TOWELS—Full size, dice checks, bleached, worth 15c per pair—each..... 5c

TURKISH TOWELS—Extra large, 18x45, heavy thread, cheap at 12½c—each..... 9c

$1.50 for Dress Skirts—
Of Black novelty cloth, good lining, neatly finished, full width, worth $2.00. 85c

$3.75 for Dress Skirts—
Elegant quality of Cheviot, Black and Blue, made with flaring flounce and satin strap. $1.25

$1 48 for Ladies' Under Skirt—
Of superior quality, mercerized Sateen, 14-inch accordeon-plaited flounce, elegantly finished. $1.50

$1.98 for Ladies' Underskirts—
Mercerized Sateen with deep accordeon-plaited flounce, finished with two rows of ruchings. $2.98

69c for Ladies' Wrappers—
Best dark styles, extra full braid trimmed, neat patterns. $1.89

98c for Lawn Wrappers—
Pinks and Blues, also Percale Wrappers, in pretty stripes and figures. $2.98

LACE CURTAINS—Nottingham, 3 yards long, full width, pretty designs, worth $1.19..... 85c

LACE CURTAINS—3 yds long, extra wide, with deep border plain net center..... $1.25

LACE CURTAINS—White and Ecru, 3½ yds long, 60 inches wide; regular $2.25 value..... $1.50

LACE CURTAINS—Exact imitations of fine Brussels net, worth $3.75—special..... $2.98

TAPESTRY PORTIERES—Full size—heavy knotted fringe—colors Green and Red..... $1.89

TAPESTRY PORTIERES—In pretty shades of Green and Cardinal, heavy fringe, worth $4.00..... $2.98

WINDOW SHADES—Complete with fixtures of best quality cloth; all colors, regular width—worth 35c each..... 23c

12½c and 10c dec'rat'd oat meal bowls 5c

Sand Paper, 2 sheets for..... 1c
Carpet Tacks, full 100 count, paper 1c
Best Parlor Matches, box 200..... 1c
Washing Powder, 1-lb pkgs..... 2½c
Stack's Happy Day Soap, special.. 2c
Cake Turners, 5c kind, only..... 2½c
Steel Mincing Knives, 5c kind..... 3½c
Mulnea-plated Forks, separate..... 3½c
Tea Spoons, Malaca-plated, set... 8c
Table Spoons to match, per set.. 16c
20c tine Piano Feather Dusters..... 10c
10c steel Paring Knives only..... 5c
25c Bread Knives, fine steel blade.. 10c
25c all-night Fairy Lanterns, at.. 12½c
New patent Skirt Hangers, what every lady wants; special tomorrow..... 5c

9-in Pie Pans, full size, each..... 3c
Small Toy Pans tomorrow, only.. 5c
Wash Basins, each—only..... 3½c
15c Cromb and Brush Case, with mirror..... 9c
3-quart Coffee Pots, each, only.... 10c
10c Crumb Tray and Scraper, slightly damaged, but as good as ever... 3c
3-qt Rice Boilers, worth 45c, for.. 29c
The celebrated Buffalo Egg Poacher, sold everywhere at 50c—our price..... 25c
Best Flour Sifters, with side crank handle, regular price 15c—special..... 9c
10-qt Water Pails, 10c kind..... 10c
Best Galvanized Iron Water Pails 15c
$1.45 Meat Choppers, with 3 blades and guaranteed for service, only..... 98c

Wood Chopping Bowls, each..... 4c
Hardwood Knife and Fork Trays 10c
Oak Curtain Rods, complete..... 10c
The Never-Sag Curtain Stretchers; special tomorrow for..... 79c
20c heavy zinc Wash Boards..... 12½c
25c 3-sewed Parlor Brooms..... 15c
Galvanized bottom Wash Boilers.. 45c
All-galvanized Wash Boilers..... 65c
Copper Bottom Wash Boilers..... 79c
Imita. cut glass Water Tumblers.. 2½c
20c decorated Earthen Cuspidors 12½c
Decor. Porcelain Bowls, 12½c kind 6c
15c dec. Porcelain Bowls, large.. 8c
Bowls and Pitchers, largest size and newest shapes, special price..... 69c

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY

Was Generally Observed Throughout England and the Colonies.

King Edward Presents New Color to the Scots Guards.

Sir Alfred Milner Arrives In England From South Africa.

London, May 24.—King Edward presented a new color to the Scots Guards on the horse guards parade today. Subsequently, his majesty witnessed the ceremony of trooping the color, so long associated with the anniversary of the birth of Queen Victoria. Queen Alexandra, the duke and duchess of Connaught, the duke and duchess of Fife and the duke of Cambridge witnessed the function from a window overlooking the parade ground, which was thronged with a fashionable gathering, including Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador, and Mrs. Choate, Henry White, the secretary of the embassy, John R. Carter, the second secretary, and Mrs. Carter, and Commander Richardson Clover, the United States naval attache, and Mrs. Clover. The approach of the king, who was surrounded by a brilliant cavalcade of the headquarters staff and the foreign military attaches, including Maj. Edward B. Cassatt, of the United States embassy, was signalled by rounds of cheers, and, as the royal cortege reached the saluting point, the bands of the guards played the national anthem. The king, who wore the uniform of a colonel of the Scots Guards, inspected the line of troops and returning to the saluting point, where the ceremony of the presentation of the color proceeded. Subsequently the guards marched past and the ceremony terminated.

There was a general observance of Queen Victoria's birthday. The law courts and government offices were closed, the pupils of the various schools had a holiday and there were the usual ringing of bells and the firing of salutes at Windsor and at the military and naval stations. There were special observances of the day in Australia, at the Cape and in India.

Sir Alfred Milner has arrived in England from South Africa and the country is going through the novel experience of seeing a colonial governor publicly exploited in connection with a much-disputed act of ministerial policy. Mr. Chamberlain has spared neither time nor trouble in organizing a greeting for the high commissioner, and has so far succeeded as to induce a number of cabinet ministers to take the most unusual course of going to Southampton to welcome the homecoming executive. Mr. Chamberlin is also to give an ostentatious luncheon to Sir Alfred Milner, to which, however, a number of leading Liberals have declined invitations. The visit has been trumpeted through the ministerial organs as a fitting occasion for a great popular demonstration in support of the Chamberlain-Milner war policy, but public enthusiasm is lacking.

Sir Alfred Milner, when he arrived at Southampton today, was formally welcomed by the mayor and corporation. In a brief reply the high commissioner said he had been greatly benefited by the sea voyage. He had come home for rest and not to make speeches. He then proceeded to London.

When Sir Alfred arrived in London, an unusually distinguished crowd greeted him on the platform. The first person to seize his hand was Lord Salisbury, who formally welcomed him, then, in quick succession, came Mr. Chamberlain, Lord Roberts, A. J. Balfour, Lord Halsbury, Mr. Broderick, Lord Cranborne and other cabinet ministers, and half a hundred dukes and earls and other personal friends of lower degree pressed forward to shake hands with the high commissioner. All remarked how well Sir Alfred was looking. He chatted with Lord Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain and then went out of the station. A fair-sized crowd cheered him heartily.

Sir Alfred left the station in a carriage and went to see the king.

King Edward has elevated Sir Alfred Milner to the peerage.

PHILLIPS

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

"Princess" Shoes for Ladies
The height of "shoemaker's art"—fifteen styles—PRICE
$3.50

The Season's Choicest Selections

Shoes, Oxfords, Slippers

The above cut is an exact representation of one of our newest boots—made of ideal patent kid, welted extension sole, Cuban heel, blutcher cut—

Price $4.00

Wear a pair of "Fairwear" shoes—the best ladies' boot for the price; 15 styles to select from—

Price $2.50

Ladies' $1.25 Strap Sandals..... 98c

Oxford Ties!

We have the newest styles and most complete assortment of ladies' Oxford Ties ever shown in the Northwest. Prices from

98c to $5.00

They never fail to please—

Walk-Over Shoes

for gentlemen—prices

$3.50 AND $4.00

Ladies' $1.50 Vici Kid Strap Sandals—price..... $1.25

Misses' Kid Lace Shoes, heavy soles, patent leather tips, sizes 11 to 2—$1.35 value—here only..... 98c

Child's Kid Lace Shoes, fancy cloth tops, patent tips, sizes 5 to 8—Saturday.. 69c

Balls, bats, bows and arrows and spinning tops with every pair of little folks' shoes.

Strong & Garfiels's and Stetson Shoe Co's

Makers of Men's fine Shoes.

We have them in Patent Calf, Ideal Calf, Velour Calf, Enam'l Calf, Vici Kid and the new glazed Crone Calf—prices,

$5.00 and $6.00

Boys' School Shoes—
Made of patent kid, vici kid, box calf, and satin calf, prices here are only..... $1.25 to $3.50

Boys' Rip-nit Shoes—sizes 12 to 5½, price per pair..... $1.50

Boys' Steel Clad Shoes—they have little horse shoes all over the soles; all sizes, a pair..... $1.50

Girls' School Shoes—made of patent leather, vici kid and box calf—price..... 98c to $3.00

VERY SMALL CLAIM.

Finally Allowed By Controller of the Treasury.

Washington, May 24.—An example of the great length of time even a small claim against the government is often prosecuted came to the surface in a decision of the controller of the treasury, made today, certifying that $4.44 each is due Peter Fitzhugh and Letitia Fitzhugh, of Mayersville, Miss, as a balance owing their brother, Daniel Fitzhugh, who served on the gunboat Bereton from Aug. 1 to Sept. 14, 1862, one month and fourteen days.

Daniel died after earning $14.67, to which the sum of 70 cents was added as due his heirs from the government for "dead man clothes." The records of the treasury department show that he was paid $6.49, leaving a balance of $8.88. For a long time his father made claim for this amount. When his father died his sister pushed the claim. She died long ago, and on March 8, 1901, his brother and sister made application for the arrears of Daniel's pay. The controller makes $8.88 payable jointly to the brother and sister "when an appropriation shall have been made by congress."

First May Music Festival.
2—Grand Concerts—2.
High School Auditorium, Wednesday and Friday evenings, May 29 and 31.
Admission at either concert 25 cents.
Reserved seats 25c extra.

WOULD NOT SHOW SCAR

And the Blushing Maiden Was Excused.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 24.—Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., has begun a smallpox quarantine against Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and is enforcing it. At the Canadian ferry dock an inspector is stationed, who permits nobody to land unless in the possession of a certificate of vaccination, or who can show scars of successful vaccination. The alternative is to return to this side or to submit forthwith to the operation.

A funny incident transpired the other afternoon when two young ladies visited the Canadian Soo. They had not heard of the quarantine, and consequently were not prepared for the ordeal. One of them promptly exposed her arm and was passed. During the ispection the other appeared deeply perturbed, and when asked by the inspector if she had been vaccinated, replied affirmatively.

"Bare your arm," said the doctor.

"But, sir," she said blushingly, "I was not vaccinated on the arm, but on the leg." Then the physician blushed in turn, took the lady's word for it and passed her along.

There is really no occasion for the quarantine here. The camps have nearly all broken up for the season and there are only a few mild cases, which were promptly taken to the isolation hospital.

Sprained Ankle Quickly Cured

"At one time I suffered from a severe sprain of the ankle," says Geo. E. Cary, editor of the Guide, Washington, Va. "After using several well recommended medicines without success, I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and am pleased to say that relief came as soon as I began its use and a complete cure speedily followed. This remedy has also been used in my family for frost bitten feet with the best results. I cheerfully recommend its use to all who may need a first-class liniment." Sold at Boyce's Drug store.

OHIOANS AT OMAHA.

Omaha, May 24.—Governor Nash and party, en route home from San Francisco, passed through this city today. The governor's health is much improved and practically all the effects of the "oak poisoning" have been removed.

Cascarine at all Druggists.
Cures billeusness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded, 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

PAID HIGH

To See Brooklyn Handicap, Did Edna Wallace Hopper.

New York, May 24.—Edna Wallace Hopper and Lillian Russell have for several years run a close race for the record in originality and amount of personal exploitation, but yesterday the little comedienne took a sudden spurt that left Miss Russell away back.

Mrs. Hopper is a devotee of horse racing, and the prospect of appearing in a matinee of "Florodora" on Saturday while the Brooklyn handicap was being run she declared unbearabl. Wednesday evening she asked John C. Fisher, the manager of "Florodora," what he would sel Saturday afternoon's house for. He told her that the capacity was $1600, and that at every recent matinee that amount of money had been taken in. Mrs. Hoper said:

"I will pay you $1700 to give no performance, I must go to the Brooklyn handicap."

Mr. Fisher regarded the offer as a joke, but yesterday morning Mrs. Hopper gave a check for the $1700. An announcement signed by Mr. Fisher, was put on the bulletin board at the stage door telling the company that there would be no matinee. People who came to buy tickets got the same information. There is no doubt of the genuineness of this thing. There is no deception about it. Mrs. Hopper thus buys for herself the first place among American stage advertisers.

ROYAL INTEREST.

British King and Queen and Christian Science.

London, May 24.—Christian Science has invaded the royal household of England. At least this is the assertion of modern Society, a society journal, the current issue of which says that Queen Alexandra is favorably disposed to the teachings of Mrs. Eddy, with whose works she is familiar.

The king himself is also an interested student of "Science and Health," says this journal. He has been deeply impressed with the ideas of Mrs. Eddy, and attempts to draw all his friends into a discussion of the subject. He is not yet convinced, but he is strongly interested.

The publication of these reports is causing much comment in London society.

TO THE PHILIPPINES.

Corbin Will Go to Study Islands' Needs.

Washington, May 24.—Adjt. Gen. Corbin, who has completed his arrangements for a visit of inspection to the Philippines, will sail from San Francisco on June 25, and will be gone about six weeks. Gen. Corbin's visit is for the purpose of obtaining information regarding the military condition and the needs of the islands for the president and the secretary of war. When he arrives at Manilla it is expected that the civil government will be established in the islands and that Gen. Chaffee, who will succeed Gen. MacArthur, will have assumed charge of the military affairs.

Gen. Corbin will confer with Gen. Chaffee and arrange for the most economical administration of military affairs in the Philippines that is possible. Gen. Chaffee will be informed that the administration will make ample provision for the comfort of the troops in the Philippines and will supply all the troops necessary for the maintenance of law and order. There is no desire to add any unnecessary expenses to the insular government.

During Gen. Corbin's visit it will be determined how many men are needed, as well as the number of arms and the quantities of ammunition, subsistence, and quartermasters stores that will be required for the standing army. Information also is desired as to the cost of erecting hospitals, barracks and other buildings essential to permanent occupation. Gen. Corbin will be clothed with authority to take final action in many of the matters mentioned after consulting Gen. Chaffee without the necessity of consulting the authorities at Washington.

Gen. Corbin will make a visit to every department in the Philippines, which will take him to all the important points of the archipelago. He desires a full knowledge of the condition of the departments relating to that part of the work which comes immediately under his special supervision. Returning here in the fall Gen. Corbin will be married to Miss Edyth Patten.

Special Sale of Bed Room Suites

WE HAVE in stock 20 Suites that we must dispose of in a very short time, and to sell them quickly we have put the prices so low that, if you need a Suite, you cannot afford to let this opportunity go by without taking advantage of it. The following prices will tell the whole story—

3-piece Ash Suite, 20 x 24 mirror, heavy carving on bed, would be cheap at $22.00, sale price..... $16.00

3-piece Ash Suite, 20 x 24 mirror, swell top drawers, sale price..... $20.00

3-piece Ash Suite, 18 x 36 mirror, cabinet dresser, swell top drawers, regular price $28.00, sale price $20.00

3-piece Oak Suite, 22 x 28 mirror, swell top drawers, finely carved bed, sale price..... $32.00

3-piece Oak Suite, 22 x 28 mirror, quartered top—a beauty, sale price..... $38.00

CASH OR CREDIT.

Gately Supply Co.

No. 8 East Superior Street.

PAID UP

Professor's Notes But May Be Prosecuted For Forgery.

Frankfort, Ind., May 24.—There was a sensation created here when it became known that Professor P. M. Dunn, principal of the First high school, had confessed to numerous forgeries, and was an apparent fugitive from justice.

Professor Dunn is one of the widest known teachers in Central Indiana, is a graduate from the state normal school at Terre Haute, and is a vocalist of ability. For two years he has been the director of the Baptist church choir in his town. He was also superintendent of the Sunday school, a member of all the secret societies having lodges in the town and was the editor of the Forest News. His recent marriage to Miss Abigail Lyons, a Lebanon belle, brought him still more prominently before the social world. When charges were filed that he was a forger of notes for various sums of money his host of friends were surprised and indignant.

However, the character of the men filing charges, two of whom, J. W. Gear and G. W. Dunn, are wealthy and reputable contractors, and the latter a cousin to Professor Dunn gave no room to seriously question the truthfulness of the charge. The cashier of the Russtaville National bank also stated that Mr. Dunn had passed forged paper on him, and the three men alleged that Professor Dunn had confessed to them and asked time to pay the notes. This, they say, was granted, and the time for payment was up Monday. The failure to make payment brought the matters to a crisis and resulted in the prisoner's expose when it passed into the hands of the police. It then developed that Professor Dunn could not be found. The entire police force of this city was brought into the case, and every possible means taken to capture him. Then the case took another turn when the prosecuting witnesses stated that they would not appear against Dunn. It was understood that Dunn had been advanced funds by his wealthy father-in-law and all the notes had been paid. The police are highly indignant at being used as a collecting agency, as they put it, and the prosecutor may proceed at any cost. It is said that Professor Dunn disappeared immediately after settlement.

The unprecedented, successful results accomplished by Rocky Mountain Tea is due to the fact that it never fails to cure them that use it this month. 35c. Ask your druggist.

COMING VIA CUBA.

Chinese Use Cuba as Gate to This Country.

Washington, May 24.—Owing to the large number of Chinese entering Cuba, steps have been taken by the treasury officials to have the war department extend to that island the Chinese exclusion act, just as the United States immigration laws were extended to the island two years ago. Officials have become alarmed at the rapidly increasing number of Chinese coming through the country in bond from Pacific coast ports and passing from Canada through the states, with destination in Cuba.

Thousands have embarked from New Orleans and New York city for Havana during the last few months, and once in Cuba there is little to prevent their being smuggled into Florida. The Florida coast is not parolled, nor is the customs or immigration force large enough in that state to deal with this new conditions.

From Plattsburg, N. Y., for the week ending on May 4, Chinese to the number of 311 passed through the state via New York city for Havana with no other purpose, officials claim, than thus to evade the exclusion act and return to the states through Florida and by the South Atlantic and gulf coasts. Immigrant Inspector Wright, at New Orleans, has called the attention of Commissioner General Powderly to the conditions at that port in a letter of May 20, saying:

"I have the honor to call attention to the increased number of Chinese passing through this port, in transit from China, via San Francisco, from Havana. There are now fifty-five here who arrived on the night of the 18th and who will leave for Havana on May 20 I fear their intentions are not bona fide, and that they have some way or ways by which they reach the United States clandestinely after their arrival in Havana."

Mr. Wright says that from May 14 to 18, thirty-seven Chinese passed through New Orleans for Havana. The steamship companies gave bond for their transit through the country. They are taking steps in the Orient, officials say, to rush large numbers of Chinese to the United States and Cuba before the exclusion act regulations are extended to the island. Commissioner General Powderly, with whom lies the duty of enforcing the exclusion act, has no officers for this purpose, now in Cuba. Immigration regulations there are enforced by the war department.

ARMY BILL ADOPTED.

Stockholm, May 23.—The second chamber, by 121 to 98 votes, today adopted the army bill, as amended in committee May 6, increasing the expenditures by 22,500,000 kroner, making a total of 45,000,000 kroner. The bill passed the first chamber May 13.

Any complexion which wants improving should apply Satin-Skin Cream and Powder, beauty's sole agents. 25c. Leading stores.

NEW RUMORS

Concerning Yerkes Deal With the English Railway Companies.

New York, May 24.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Mr. Yerkes and Mr. Perks are in consultation, and there are a fresh crop of rumors about the relations of the American syndicate to the district and metropolitan railways and electric traction generally. Mr. Yerkes has not learned the English preference for reticence until results have been obtained. He takes the London press into his confidence as soon as he arrives, and tells everybody what he expects to do when arrangements are made for introducing the multiple unit system on the underground roads and for obtaining legislation for increasing the diameter of the Hampstead tube and for extending the system. Time will be required for all these results, and the American syndicate meanwhile has all the free advertising it wants.

Many things are going on in Germany and England which make less noise than the alleged Americanization of the London underground traction, but are more important. American combinations of railway, steel and shipping interests have produced a profound impression and promoted thought among English and German capitalists. Germany, as the more imitative country, is likely to be first to meet combination by combination. England, as the more conservative country, will move more slowly, but in the same direction. The American challenge is not passing unheeded in either country.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers search the remotest prats of the bowels and remove the impurities speedily with no discomfort. They are famous for their efficacy. Easy to take, never gripe. Max Wirth.

DEERWOOD AND RETURN.

Take the Northern Pacific railway to Deerwood for Sunday outing.
Tickets going Saturday, returning Monday..... $2.00
Going Friday, returning Monday.. 2.85
Going any day, returning thirty days..... 3.80
Call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION STAMPS.

A special series of postage stamps in honor of the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, were distributed by the postoffice department of the government to all postoffices in the United States on May 1.

The stamps are of uniform dimensions, 0.76 by 1.06 of an inch, and represent different forms of modern transportation methods. The borders take the colors of the regular series of the same denominations of stamps now in use. The words "Commemorative Series, 1901," and "United States of America," appear in the upper border above the vignette; the legend in the line below it designates some particular feature of transportation appearing in the illustration. The line at the bottom indicates the value of the stamp by Roman capital letters and Arabic numerals.

All of the central illustrations are from photographs as the objects represented appear today, and are printed in black.

The 1-cent stamp represents steamboat travel designated by a side-wheel lake steamer with one funnel, of the style generally used on the great lakes of today.

The 2-cent stamp represents railway travel by a train of four cars and engine of modern pattern.

On the 4-cent stamp is a picture of the automobile of the closed coach order with two men on the box and a portion of the United States capitol in the background. For this illustration a photograph of one of the Baltimore & Ohio automobiles, taken in front of the congressional library at Washington, with the capitol in the background, was selected. The Baltimore & Ohio was the first railroad to inaugurate this method of transportation in connection with its train service.

The 5-cent stamp has a representation of the largest single span steel bridge in the world, bearing two trolley cars, with a view of Niagara Falls beyond.

The 8-cent stamp shows the great ship canal locks at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and the 10-cent stamp shows an American line steamship with two smoke-stacks and masts.

The series make a most interesting collection and is one which collectors will secure before the stamps are cancelled in order to retain the effects of the minute engravings.

ASHEVILLE NEXT.

Asheville, N. C., May 24.—The supreme council of the Royal Arcanum has decided to hold its next annual session in this city.

The Van Guard Clothing Co.

Unparalled success of the new store. Every one enthusiastic over the new goods and the new prices. People who have bought here have sent their neighbors and so the news of the new store has been spread over the city. Many money-saving opportunities for tomorrow—SATURDAY.

SUITS

Of fine all-wool fabric—in black and blue Cheviots and Worsteds, beautifully tailored, single and double breasted—worth $18, $16, $14 and $12.00. Our special offer ---------- **$8.75**

Several lines of suits that are good value at $10, $8 and $6. Our special offer----- **$4.95**

PANTS

That others ask $1.75, $1.50 and $1 25 for— Our special offer---------- **98c**

Several lines bunched together, worth from $2.25 to $3.00. Our special offer---------- **$1.75**

SHOES

Of genuine merit—the very best in the city—in kangaroo, vici kid, velour calf, box calf and patent leather, in all styles—black, tan and oxblood, worth $3.50 to $5.00. Our extreme offer---------- **$2.75**

The best grain leather shoe in the market—worth fully $1.50, a very desirable shoe. Our special offer----- **$1.00**

Another line of $2.00, $1.75 and $1.50 shoes at ---------- **$1.25**

Furnishing Dept.

Newly stocked with the latest and most fashionable Colored Skirts, Underwear, Neckwear, etc. All the latest styles and patterns at a big discount this week.

Trunks and Satchels 1/3 off

A cordial invitation is extended to all to visit our new store and examine goods and prices whether you wish to purchase or not.

Don't Fail to Attend the Great Sale of

THE VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO.

407 WEST SUPERIOR ST., MESABA BLOCK, DULUTH.

THE LADY OR THE CUP?

Even If Sir Thomas Lipton Loses the America's Cup He May Win Something of Greater Import.

When Sir Thomas Lipton steers his good yacht Shamrock toward America next summer, that keen eye of his will be set, his friends say, on the winning of two prizes.

And of these two the winning of the national cup seems to that ambitious sportsman of lesser—oh, infinitely lesser import, says the New York World.

But why in the world, his admirers may well ask, should Sir Thomas undertake so laborious a pilgrimage if the speeding of the Shamrock and the bearing away of the famous trophy do not appear to him the very flower of human achievement?

What can he possibly consider better worth possessing?

It ought to be told in rhyme and to slow music if, as may be guessed, what Sir Thomas has set his heart on is the winning of a bride.

You may have thought of him, good-humored and able as he is, as verging toward the middle-aged, prosaic period. On the contrary, the famous yachtsman is now to be thought of as ablaze with the fire of romantic love, beset with the ambition to be accepted as a bridegroom. And the lady who is said to be responsible for his anguished state is that charming, lively and witty woman, Mrs. Ronald Stuart, of New York. It was heresy for a trophy-hunter, but his friends declare that Sir Thomas said, not so long ago:

"I shall be consoled for the loss of the cup and for Shamrock's overwhelming defeat—should such a catastrophe befall me—if I can win something else that I shall have a try at."

Which was interpreted as meaning one thing only—the persuading of Mrs. Stuart to become Lady Lipton. But Mrs. Stuart denies the rumor.

The situation makes pertinent a bit of Mrs. Stuart's biography. She is the widow of Ronald A. Stuart, of Boston, an artist, who died in California a few years ago, and who was a relative of the great Gilbert Stuart.

She is renowned as a wit, and is personally almost as lovely as Sir Thomas thinks her, which is saying a great deal.

She is an inch or two above medium height, with an excellent figure. Her hair is reddish brown, and is worn off her forehead in a half carelessly tossed aside effect that is distinctly her own. She is most charming when she laughs, thus revealing not only extremely pretty teeth, but dimples that are positive snares.

Socially she is always a favorite, and the circle that knew her when her home was in Boston still loves to repeat her good sayings.

One anecdote that has been much repeated has to do with a youth of good social position and undeniable ability who, on going into politics, made just enough of a success to turn his head.

One day Mrs. Stuart, having unexpected guests arrive before luncheon, called up the politician on the telephone and asked him to join the party.

"Mrs. Stuart," he replied haughtily, "I leave for Washington this afternoon. When you want me to lunch with you you must ask me a long time in advance."

"Young man," said Mrs. Stuart coldly, "you should consider yourself the most fortunate of men to receive an invitation from me an hour late."

Another story of her which has been often told had its setting in the Waldorf. She was taking tea with some friends, among whom was a man whom she had known all her life and who is a rabid Democrat, when another old friend, an equally ardent Republican, passed through the room. Mrs. Stuart bowed to him and he paused for a moment to speak to her.

The Democrat, when the other had left, turned to Mrs. Stuart and said savagely: "Well, I don't see why you trouble yourself to talk to him."

"Do you know," answered Mrs. Stuart, "that is precisely what lots and lots of people have said to me about you."

Mrs. Stuart has unusual executive ability. When the Galveston disaster occured she was one of the first women to begin plans for the relief of the sufferers, particularly the orphans. At the big sharity bazar held at the Waldorf she had charge of the golf booth and practically solely through her efforts the booth cleared the gratifying sum of $4,300. Another phase of her charity may be learned from the testimony of the many young artists whom her sympathy, criticism and generous pocket-book have helped over hard places in their struggling days.

Mrs. Stuart excels as a sportswoman. Greatly as she is devoted to yachting, she has a score of other interests. She plays golf exceedingly well. She rides horseback like an Arab. She bowls a wonderful string. She can drive any horse that ever lived. She sings and plays a number of instruments.

When a reporter for the Sunday World questioned Mrs. Stuart recently about her interesting romance, she denied that engagement existed, and said:

"We were very good friends while Sir Thomas was here with the Shamrock, and I watched all the races from his steam yacht, the Erin, but the idea of my marrying him—well, it's absurd. All bachelors are absolutely safe from me until 1904—leap year.

"The stories which have appeared in newspapers from time to time ever since the yacht races have had no foundation. I have been represented as having met Sir Thomas under a thousand and one romantic conditions, but our acquaintance began in a very matter-of-fact way, and has always been such."

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 8; Cincinnati, 1.

At Boston—Boston, 7; Pittsburg, 3.

At Brooklyn—Chicago, 9; Brooklyn, 2.

At Philadelphia—St. Louis, 10; Philadelphia, 6.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 14; Washington, 13.

At Chicago—Chicago, 11; Philadelphia, 9.

At Detroit—Boston, 4; Detroit, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Des Moines—St. Joseph, 5; Des Moines, 0.

At Omaha—Omaah, 3; Kansas City, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	20	13	7	.650
Cincinnati	24	15	9	.625
Philadelphia	26	14	12	.538
Pittsburg	24	12	12	.500
Brooklyn	24	11	13	.458
Boston	21	9	12	.429
St. Louis	26	11	15	.423
Chicago	29	11	18	.379

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	25	17	8	.680
Detroit	26	17	9	.654
Baltimore	17	11	6	.644
Washington	21	12	9	.571
Boston	20	10	10	.500
Milwaukee	23	8	15	.348
Philadelphia	22	7	15	.318
Cleveland	26	8	18	.308

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	19	14	5	.737
St. Joseph	18	11	7	.611
Minneapolis	17	10	7	.588
St. Paul	18	10	8	.556
Col. Springs	17	8	9	.471
Omaha	18	7	11	.389
Denver	17	6	11	.353
Des Moines	18	5	13	.278

PLOW TRUST.

Consolidation of Manufacturers of Farm Implements Moves Slowly.

New York, May 24.—The Journal of Commerce says: The plans for a consolidation of manufacturers of farm machinery appear to be working out rather slowly. A considerable number of the companies have given options to the organizers of the consolidation, but some of the largest concerns have declined to give options on the basis proposed. Unless the large interests are brought into the deal there is some doubt as to the success of the plan. Among the companies giving options are understood to be the following:

Deers & Co., Moline, Ill.; Deer & Mansur Co., Moline, Ill.; Rock Island Plow company, Rock Island, Ill.; Morrison Manufacturing company, Fort Madison, Iowa; David Bradley Manufacturing company, Bradley, Ill.; B. F. Avery & Sons, Louisville, Ky.; Bucher & Gibbons Plow company, Canton, Ohio; South Bend Chilled Plow company, South Bend, Ind.; Fuller & Johnson Co., Madison, Wis.; Kingman Plow company, Peoria, Ill.; Pekin Plow company, Pekin, Ill.; Peru Plow and Wheel company, Peru, Ill.; Satterlee Co., Springfield, Ill.; J. Thompson & Sons, Beloit, Wis.; Minneapolis Plow works, Minneapolis; Union Malleable Iron company, Moline, Ill.; Betterndorf Metal Wheel company, Davenport, Iowa.

The proposed plan is issued to stockholders of the companies giving options on preferred stock of the new company to the full amount of the holdings, as shown by appraisement, and in addition a bonus of 89 per cent in common stock.

It is reported that the company, if formed, will have a capitalization in the neighborhood of $70,000,000. The underwriters are to furnish a working cash capacity of $5,000,000, receiving therefor $5,000,000 each of 7 per cent non-cumulative preferred stock and common stock. The options are in the hands of the United States mortgage and trust company, of this city.

UNION PACIFIC.

New York, May 23.—A meeting of the directors of the Union Pacific railroad, was held here today. A member of the board said that no business of public interest was transacted. A report that Northern Pacific control was discussed was denied.

Plat Commission Meeting.

To whom it may concern: There will be a meeting of the plat commission of St. Louis county held at the office of the county surveyor, 613 Palladio building, Monday, May 27, at 1 o'clock p. m. Plat Chrisholm, situated in section 21, township 58, range 20.

CHARLES P. FRANK,
Secretary Plat Commission.

CATARRH

A Constitutional Affection.

Sprays, washes, powders, salves, medicated tobacco and cigarettes, however long and persistently used, do not cure Catarrh. They relieve temporarily the inflammation in the throat and nose, and enable you to breathe more easily and freely, but the continual rush of impure blood to these parts keeps up the irritation and ultimately produces ulceration of the glands, when the breath becomes exceedingly offensive and the soft bones of the nose are frequently destroyed. The catarrhal inflammation extends over the entire surface of the mucous membrane, or inner skin; the stomach, kidneys and lungs are often involved; the whole system soon becomes affected by the rapid absorption of poisonous matter into the blood, and the disease that you had hoped to cure with simple local remedies, assumes a dangerous form.

I had Catarrh about 15 years, and tried during the time everything I could hear of, but nothing did me any good. At last I came to the conclusion that Catarrh must be a blood disease, and decided to give S. S. S. a trial. I could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and continued it three or four months, or until I was cured. Have not taken anything for six years, and am just as well as I ever was.—M. MATSON, Lapeer, Mich.

I had Catarrh so bad was entirely deaf in one ear, and all the inside of my nose and part of the bone sloughed off. The physicians gave me up as incurable. I determined to try S. S. S., and began to improve at once. It seemed to get at the seat of the disease, and after a few weeks' treatment I was entirely cured, and for more than seven years have had no sign of the disease.—MRS. JOSEPHINE POLHILL, Due West, S. C.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease—a blood disease which is frequently inherited, and only a blood medicine, such as S. S. S., can remove the hereditary taint, destroy the poisons that have been accumulating in the system for years perhaps, and restore the blood to a healthy and pure condition. The inflamed membranes and diseased glands are healed by the rich, pure blood which is carried to them, and the offensive discharges from the nose, and the terrible headache and neuralgic pains cease. Chronic cases of the most desperate character and apparently hopeless, have been cured completely and permanently by the use of S. S. S.

Write our physicians fully about your case and they will cheerfully assist you by their advice. We charge nothing whatever for this service. Book free on application.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

WAS HYPNOTIZED BY A POSTER MAN

An Iowa Seamstress Driven Nearly Crazy By a Billboard Advertisement---Its Removal Has Been Asked For.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 24.—Miss Bertha Atkinson, a seamstress of this city, has been driven to the verge of insanity by a poster and the municipal authorities have been petitioned to order the poster removed from the numerous city bill boards.

Physicians declare that Miss Atkinson is a victim of personal, suggestive hypnotism. Right across the vacant lot from where Miss Atkinson sits at her window all the day from early morn until so late at night that she cannot see her flashing needle and sinuous thread, is a bill board on which is placarded a poster, showing a man with outstretched hand and finger, his glittering eye sighting along the finger as along a gun barrel. The poster compels the beholder to look, and from whatever view point the poster is seen the finger is still stretched straight at the victim, and the eye still hypnotizingly glitters. It is this eye and this finger which have hypnotized the seamstress.

As she "stitched, stitched, stitched," day after day in a way to bring salty tears to the eyes of Hood or any other person with poetry in his make-up, the seamstress glanced from her work only to see the poster-man pointing his long finger at her and gazing squarely and commandingly into her eye.

Day after day it was the same, and finally Miss Atkinson gave way under the strain and became hysterical. Frequent attacks are leading to madness; and so the authorities have been petitioned by her neighbors and friends to remove the bill boards and put an end to the personal, suggestive hypnotism that is driving the woman toward the madhouse.

The idea of the poster originated in a famous robbery case. Several men in a room declared that the robber had pointed his pistol at them, and the prosecution was confused. Detective William Pinkerton secured a postponement and experimented with a camera, with the result that he secured a photograph of a man who seemingly pointed his revolver in all directions. It was a copy of the picture in the office of Chief Deitsch in Cincinnati, which, it was claimed, hypnotized Albert Luken, who killed a woman, and forced a confession from him.

Unconsciously, photographs having this visual angle are often taken, as in the case of that of Frank Brown, the fugitive bank cashier of Newport, Ky., which was spread broadcast over the country.

CONTESTS THE WILL

Undue Influence Alleged By Sister of Frederick Fickey.

Left His Money to Spiritualist Church In Baltimore.

Communicated With the Spirit of an Indian Girl.

Baltimore, Md., May 23.—Trial of issues from the orphans' court upon the validity of the will of the late Frederick Fickey, Jr., the well-known insurance adjuster, who died on Feb. 21, 1899, was resumed in the superior court before Judge Dobler and a jury. The court room was crowded with interested spectators. The evidence showed that the estate was valued at about $75,000. By his last will, executed on Feb. 18, 1899, three days before his death, Mr. Fickey bequeathed the First Spiritualist church, of which he was the president, the bulk of his estate, consisting of lands in West Virginia, said to be worth about $60,000. Mrs. Sarah E. Hopkins, a sister of Mr. Fickey, is contesting the will. She alleges that he was unduly influenced to make the will by his spiritualist friends, and was incapable at the time of making a valid contract.

August Becker, formerly an employe of Mr. Fickey, resumed the stand. He said that all stray spiritualists hunted Mr. Fickey up when new ones were in need.

Mrs. Louise Hopkins Hall, a daughter of Mrs. Hopkins and a niece of the deceased, said he sent persons West to dig for gold, as directed by Dewdrop, the spirit of an Indian maiden, which controlled Mrs. Rachel Walcott, a well-known spiritualist, and beneficiary under the will. Mrs. Hall also testified that Mr. Fickey had told her he gave up smoking because the spirits had told him he would go blind if he did not do so. She also said that she had seen Mr. Fickey sign checks to buy hickory nuts to make hickory nut cream, and that he spent "fabulous sums" on that and another preparation known as "Clover Blossom" while living with the mother of the witness. She was asked if Mrs. Walcott ever acted strangely in her presence and replied: "Oh, yes, I have seen her dance about and act kittenish and girlish." Mrs. Walcott is well on in years and apparently very sedate.

Mrs. Emily V. Miller, dancer of Edward L. Thomas, a former business associate of Mr. Fickey, told of the business relations between her father and Mr. Fickey. She said that once when she called on Mr. Fickey about business he had gone off into a sort of faint, and spoke of it as having "simply been called off." Letters were produced, showing the correspondence between Mr. Fickey and Mr. Thomas. One of them was in part as follows:

"My friend, Charles Gilman, (then dead) gave thoughts to a medium for me. It now turns out that he is controlling the business between us, and has been selected for that purpose. I was told to tell you to watch around corners on the sly and keep your own counsel. It is highly important that you hear all and know nothing. Mrs. W. (evidently referring to Mrs. Walcott) seems to be most of the time in your climate. She feels cold, though the climate has changed.

"Her soul is in this matter. The draft upon her is very great.

"P. S.—At sharp 9 p. m. Monday sit quietly for ten minutes with your mind upon us, and in the rooms of your friends we will see if you can be seen by us; such recurrences have taken place."

Congressman Charles R. Schirm, Mr. Fickey's successor as president of the church, is assisting ex-Governor Whyte to defend the will.

FOUND HER UNCLE.

Was Mourned For Twenty Years as Dead.

Muncie, Ind., May 25.—Miss Lillian Munlen, the only niece of John Ratliff, a well-known Muncie inventor, who was recently discovered after twenty years, having been mourned as dead since childhood, has reached Muncie, and will remain with her newly found relatives. Miss Munlen was taken to Virginia after the death of her parents in Southern Kentucky, where her father and his brother, John Ratliff, of Muncie, parted a score of years ago. The young woman believed she had no relatives until by accident she discovered the name of her uncle, as she had been told. She began a correspondence, resulting in the discovery that the Muncie man was her uncle.

"Our little girl was unconscious from strangulation during a sudden and terrible attack of croup. I quickly secured a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure, giving her three doses. The croup was mastered and our little darling speedily recovered." So writes A. L. Spafford, Chester, Mich. Max Wirth.

INJURIOUS TO WHEAT

Many Insects That Feed on and Injure Growing Wheat.

Most Destructive of All Pests Is the Chinch Bug.

The Next In Importance Is the Hessian Fly.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—There are many insects which feed on and injure growing wheat, but the greater proportion of the losses to wheat fields chargeable to insects is due to the attacks of less than half a dozen species. The most destructive of these pests is the cinch bug. The great damage to farm crops by this insect is due to its wide distribution, its prevalence more or less every year, the enormous multiplication in favorable seasons, and to the fact that it attacks all the cereals and most forage plants.

The next in importance is the Hessian fly. It is estimated that the damage to the wheat crop by this pest is about 10 per cent of the product of the chief wheat-growing sections of this country, which indicates an annual loss of 40,000,000 bushels and over. Next of importance are the wheat midge and grain plant-lice. Insects of second-rate importance are the wheat straw worms, the wheat bulb worms, army worms, cut-worms and various saw-flies.

With the view of limiting the losses from insect pests, and notably from the Hessian fly, the ravages of which in 1899-1900 so reduced the normal yield of wheat as to seriously interfere with the winter milling interests, the United States department of agriculture has had prepared and will soon issue a bulletin entitled "The Principal Insect Enemies of Growing Wheat," which will doubtless prove interesting to those engaged in wheat-growing, as well as the people in general.

The bulletin was prepared by G. L. Marlatt, M. S., first assistant entomologist, and is a condensed account of the principal insect depredators on growing wheat, discussed chiefly from the standpoint of means of control. A brief presentation of the life histories of the several species is given, with special reference to the bearing of remedial and preventative measures.

The reasons given for the extensive damage by the various grain pests noted in this country are the system of growing the same grain crops over vast areas year after year, which furnishes the very best conditions for the multiplication of the insect enemies of such crops, and the long, hot summers, which also present the most favorable conditions for the increase of most insects. These two reasons are responsible for the much greater losses experienced in this country as compared with Europe, where the summers are cool and short.

The losses occasioned by these insects exhibit a wide range in different years, due, as a rule, to favorable or unfavorable climatic conditions, and also to the abundance from time to time of the parasitic and other enemies, which is a natural sequence of the multiplication of the host of insects.

* * *

According to a recent communication from Consul General Mason, at Berlin, the first official report giving a comprehensive statement of the condition of winter wheat, rye and other crops on April 5 has just been published, and gives a discouraging outlook for German agriculturists. The winter has been long and severe, with very little snow until after the middle of February, and the spring is at least three weeks behind the average of recent years. The situation is worse in the eastern provinces of Posen, Pomorania, Brandenburg and West Prussia, and somewhat better in the lower Rhine region, where the soil is better adapted to withstand the vicissitudes of winter. Under the Prussian system of crop registration, the number 1 designates a full normal crop, 2 a good average, 3 under ordinary, 4 scant and 5 practical failure. Under this method the present average outlook for winter wheat is 3.9, against 2.8 in April of last year and 2.45 as the average of the past ten years at the same date. Of 3699 reports from trustworthy farmers, 1068 give the number 5, or practical failure. No less than 26.2 per cent of the whole area is winter killed, and in fifteen districts more than a third of the winter-wheat fields are being plowed up and planted with spring wheat. This has caused an unprecedented dearth of spring wheat for seed, so that appeals are made in various quarters for government aid in providing the poorer agriculturists with the means of making this final effort to retrieve the desperate situation. In the district of Potsdam 52.8 per cent, in Aurich 53.6 per cent and in the neighborhood of Keslin 69 per cent of the whole winter-wheat area is lost and will be plowed up for other crops.

Rye has fared somewhat better, and the general average is 3, or about the same as last year, although in some eastern districts the report is as low as 4.4 and 4.5, where at Bromberg and Marionwarder 18.6 and 20 per cent respectively of the rye fields are winter killed.

Clover shows a general average of 3.3 and 5.4 per cent of all the clover fields of Germany have been destroyed by the severe snowless winter. This discouraging report, coming as it does at a moment when the proposed increase of import duties on cereals is under discussion, is likely to exert an important influence against the policy which in a period of lagging activity and diminished prices for industrial products would enhance the cost of bread for the laboring classes.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

AMBULANCE WAS BURNED.

And a Few Smallpox Germs Went With It.

Cleveland, May 25.—Enraged citizens burned the pesthouse ambulance. While the ambulance was taking a patient to the pesthouse it broke down.

"Keep away, people," shouted the ambulance driver; "for heaven's sake, don't crowd. This is the smallpox ambulance."

In a second there was a scattering. The ambulance driver then took the patient out of the wreck, and as soon as an open wagon could be secured the sufferer was transferred to the wagon and finally safely landed at the pesthouse. Then the crowd gathered around the ambulance. The cry went up "Burn down the thing," and before anybody could tell who was responsible the thing on wheels, full of smallpox germs, was going up in flames. An alarm was sent, but the apparatus was too late, and the ambulance was a smoldering ruin by the time the engine reached the spot. Edward Shattuck, a grocery man, was arrested later on the charge of malicious destruction of property. Shattuck, it is claimed, set fire to the ambulance.

AMERICAN VISITORS.

Will Be Royally Entertained at London.

New York, May 24.—Cordial references to the approaching visit of members of the New York chamber of commerce, says the Tribune's London correspondent, were made and heartily applauded at the latest meeting of the London chamber of commerce, and Lord Brassey was elected chairman of the latter influential body. Arrangements for entertaining the American visitors on a large scale are virtually completed, and Lord Brassey is taking marked interest in the movement. Almost envious references were heard from the retiring chairman to the success of the building fund of the New York chamber, when the London chamber could not find a proper site for its new house. The congress of chambers of commerce of the empire was described as the most important work of London merchants last year.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

VARICOCELE

MASTER SPECIALIST.

The Disease An enlargement of the veins of the scrotum, causing a knotted or swollen appearance of the scrotum most frequently.

Its Cause —Often indiscretion, but sometimes blows, falls, strains, excessive horseback or bicycle riding or excessive dissipation.

Its Effect A dull, heavy, dragging pain in center of back, extending down through loins, low spirits, weakness of body and brain, nervous debility, partial or complete loss of vigor and often failure of general health.

Its Cure —If you are a victim of Varicocele, come to our office and let me explain to you my process of curing it. You will then not wonder that I have cured to stay cured hundreds of cases of Varicocele during the past twelve months. Under my treatment the patient improves from the very beginning. All pain instantly ceases. Soreness and swelling quickly subside. The pools of stagnant blood are forced from the dilated veins, which rapidly assume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of the disease and weakness vanish completely and forever, and in their stead comes the pride, the power, and the pleasures of perfect health and restored manhood.

We also cure to stay cured Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases.

REFERENCES—Best banks and leading business men of this city.

TREATMENT BY CORRESPONDENCE.

One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at our office, write a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. We make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a ***legal contract*** to hold good to our promises. Address all communications to

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

CONSULTATION in person or by letter FREE.

OFFICE HOURS—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

AMEND REGULATIONS.

Less Red Tape In Purchase of Supplies.

Washington, May 24.—An order issued by the war department amending the army regulations so as to allow of the procurement of supplies and the engagement of services in the army by oral agreement in the manner common among business men when there is no time for advertisment. Another paragraph of the regulations is amended so that military stores and public property condemned and ordered sold may be either disposed of for cash at public auction or to the highest bidder, in sealed proposals. The sale may be suspended by the officer in charge when in his opinion better prices can be obtained, except in the case of condemned animals.

TO RETURN TO PHILIPPINES.

New York, May 24.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Instead of being assigned to duty to the United States upon the expiration of their present leaves of absence, Brig. Gen. Fred D. Grant and Maj. Gen. J. C. Bates will return to their stattions in the Philippines.

CRISIS IMMINENT.

Madrid, May 24.—A ministerial crisis is imminent as a result of election disturbance

BULLER RECALLED.

New York, May 24.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: It is rumored that Gen. Buller has been suddenly recalled from Garswood Hall, Lancashire, where he has been staying as the guest of Lord Gerard, by a telegram from the war office.

DOMINION DAY.

New York, May 24.—The annual dinner in celebration of Dominion day will take place on July 1 at the Hotel Cecil, the London correspondent of the Tribune announces. Lord Strathcona will preside and he will be supported by prominent Canadians resident in and visiting London. Mr. Chamberlain will be among the guests.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 23, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Maria H. Steuart, Deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Maria H. Steuart, late of the District of Columbia, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia for Orphans' Court business, have been delivered to this Court;

And whereas, Ann Mary Liebig and Maria H. Davis have filed therewith their petition, representing among other things that said Maria H. Steuart lately died in the state of New Jersey, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, and that said petitioners are the daughters of said deceased, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters of administration with the will annexed, be to Charles H. Graves of the said county of St. Louis, issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in said county, on Monday, the 17th day of June, A. D. 1901, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 23rd day of May, A. D., 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-24-31-June-7-1901.

SUBSCRIPTION ISSUE CLOSING.

We will close our

3 CENT

subscription issue of stock at

6 o'clock p. m. Saturday, May 25

Thereafter no stock will be sold for less than

5 CENTS!

Parties desiring to secure stock at our subscription price should write or call at once. All parties who have spoken for stock in this issue must pay for and secure certificates before the date above given.

Nevada Paraffin OIL COMPANY,

318 West Superior Street. St. Louis Hotel

WIPE OUT CUBANS

That Was the Plan That Spain Had Decided Upon.

Then Land Would Have Been Divided Among Spanish Nobility.

But the United States Stopped Their Little Scheme.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Many people throughout this country, as well as in Spain and Cuba, are still discussing whether or not this government is justified in interfering between the United States and Cuba. There is one gentleman in this city who has positive opinions regarding this matter. The gentleman referred to is Capt. Woolman Gibson. He is connected with the business department of the Washington Post. He has written the following article in which he presents his views very intelligently and has furnished it to the correspondent of this newspaper for publication. It is as follows:

"A desperate and relentless war was carried on by the blood-thirsty Spanish army against the Cubans, in order to subjugate them and whip them back into subjection.

"Had not the second rebellion against the Spanish authority for 'sweet liberty,' but again the Cuban army would have been conquered into subjection had it not been that the United States interfered and soon brought the bloody war to a close. This country could not stand aloof and see the hard-fighting Cubans fighting for liberty at such dreadful odds against them, so Uncle Sam stepped in the breach and soon brought the unequal war to a successful and glorious end, but not until thousands of the brave Cubans had been slaughtered, both by bullets and starvation.

"No one who had ever given the Spanish and Cuban war any serious consideration could come to any other conclusion but that the policy of Spain was utter annihilation.

"A bold policy was inaugurated by the Spanish by ordering all non-combatants, old men, women and children, to leave their comfortable homes, and had them corralled in stockades without food or shelter, and they were dying at the rate of 500 daily. At this rate the end of another year would not have found a single soul left to tell the awful history of their extermination.

"While this wicked policy on the part of the cruel Spanish government was being carried out, the small and brave Cuban army was in the field fighting for sweet liberty, but not strong enough to cope with their adversaries. It was very evident to a casual observer that the true inwardness of the Spanish government was to hold the small Cuban army at bay until all the non-combatants had died of hunger and sickness and exposure, and that being accomplished, the next move would have been to exterminate with a grand rush of their entire army and sweep the little Cuban army from the face of the beautiful Antilles, 'The Gem of the Ocean.'

"This could have all been accomplished in the space of two years, and then the island would have been clear of all inhabitants, and the cruel and wicked Spaniards would not have any more wars or trouble with the Cubans.

"Then the nobility of Spain would in all probability have been invited to select what portion of the fair island they would like to occupy, and their children for all time to come.

"There is no doubt that this is the true version and object of the Spanish people, but the philanthropy and patriotism of the United States took a hand at the little Spanish game they were about to consummate, and stopped their little scheme, thus showing conclusively the true inwardness and vileness of the Spanish government."

* * *

The Philadelphia Bulletin is considered by newspaper experts as being one of the best edited newspapers in the United States. It also considered fully able to discuss matters editorially with a great deal of versatility and strength. The Bulletin recently printed the two editorials which follow, and which are of deep interest to the people everywhere:

"The professor of the Northwestern university, who is credited with asserting that the woman of today is not the equal of her grandmother, and that the man who marries a feminine college graduate is a fit subject for sympathy, has stirred up a lively hornet's nest.

"The great body of womankind might ignore his utterance concerning their college-bred sisters, but they are hardly likely to receive in silence the dictum that they are inferior in home-making capacity to the wives and mothers of half a century ago. Sweeping generalizations of this sort are easy to make, but the wise man, whether he holds a professor's chair or occupies a less conspicuous position, will think twice before he makes them. The cry that women are degenerating is as old as the accompanying declaration, that masculine virtues have sadly deteriorated. Both have been heard in every period since civilization began, and both will doubtless continue to sound from the mouths of pessimists until the end of time.

"The feminine half of mankind do not really need to grow indignant over the intimation that their skill as homemakers is not to be compared with that of their grandmothers. Radical changes in methods and modes of life have taken place in the past fifty years or so, and there is no data in existence to prove the truth of this rash assertion. It is no longer necessary for every housewife to be her own baker or to spin or weave with her own hands the clothing for her husband and children; yet it is at least reasonable to suppose that the extra time thus placed at her disposal is employed in a manner which is quite as conducive to the happiness and comfort of her household as though she spent a large portion of her existence over the kitchen stove or at the loom and spinning wheel.

"The statement that college-bred girls do not make good wives also rests on insufficient evidence. The womanly young woman of domestic tastes and capabilities does not usually find that these are destroyed by a course of collegiate instruction. No ground exists for supposing that education in either sex is a bar to marital happiness. There has been no wail of lamentation over female degeneracy from the average men. Masculine Americans must be pretty well satisfied with the traits and accomplishments of American young women, whether these are college-bred or not, for they keep right on marrying them at a rate which shows that the good old institution of matrimony is not in the slightest danger of extinction. This is a better test than all the oracular outgivings of all the professors in the United States."

* * *

"Senator Morgan of Alabama is a Southern leader who does not believe in beating about the bush when the question of negro disfranchisement is under discussion. In an interview published recently he is quoted as declaring squarely and frankly that the purpose of the projected constitutional amendment in his state is the total elimination, by legal means, of the colored vote, and he bluntly expressed his conviction that a majority of the people of the United States will approve of this measure.

"The Alabama senator is probably right so far as what may be called the tacit acquiescence of the remainder of the country is concerned. No disposition is visible anywhere to call on the power of the federal government to enforce the right of the negro to vote, and it is doubtful if another "force bill" could get more than a handful of supporters in either branch of congress.

"There is another aspect of the question, however, upon which Morgan does not touch. While the American people, as a whole, may be disinclined to interfere with the domestic politics of the South, it is not by any means certain that they are prepared to acquiesce indefinitely in the conditions which give the ballots of the white voters of that section two or three times as much weight in the election of congressmen and presidents as the ballots of voters in other portions of the country.

"It may be some time before this issue assumes a critical stage. But eventually it is certain to force itself upon public attention. And when this occurs, what arguments can the southern disfranchisor urge against the enforcement of the fourteenth amendment, which provides that the representation of any state which cuts down the number of its voters shall be reduced accordingly?"

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE: Brent Good

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

MOTHERS.

National Congress Settles Disturbing Question By Prayer.

Columbus, Ohio, May 23.—At today's session of the National Mothers' congress a decided sensation arose over the organization of the Ohio branch. It was only ended by the delegates indulging in prayer.

Mrs. Theodore Birney, president of the National congress, delivered her annual address at the opening of the session, "The Duty of the Mother to the Child" was her subject. She was followed by Miss Frances Newton, of Chicago; Mrs. Cora Stanton Brown, of Illinois; Mrs. Chapman, of New York; Mrs. Marian Foster Washburn, of Chicago; Mrs. D. O. Mears, of Albany, and Mrs. Edwin C. Grice, of New Jersey.

Nominations were then called for in the organization of the Ohio branch. Mrs. E. M. Hatton and Mrs. Lydia Coon Brown, Mrs. John Mulford, Mrs. James R. Hopley, Mrs. Charles C. Pavey and Mrs. Stephen R. Clark were named. All declined, with the exception of Mrs. Hatton, and it soon appeared that there was opposition to Mrs. Hatton, which was of a personal nature. Much excitement ensued in the auditorium.

Mrs. Schaeffer, of Pennsylvania, declared she was ashamed of Ohio. Others followed in the same line. The Ohio women promptly defended themselves, and Mrs. aHtton suggested three minutes of silent prayer which was followed by the recitation of the Lord's prayer in concert. Mrs. Hatton then resigned from the contest, and a truce was declared by the calling of an Ohio meeting to be held at the close of the session.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

THE HOLY SPIRIT GIVEN.

International Sunday School Lesson For May 26, 1901.

Acts ii, 1-11: "And when the day of Pentecost was now come, they were all together in one place. And suddenly there came from heaven a sound as of the rushing of a mighty wind, and it filled all the house where they were sitting. And there appeared unto them tongues parting asunder, like as of fire; and it sat upon each of them. And they were all filled with the Holy Spirit, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance.

"Now there were dwelling at Jerusalem Jews, devout men, from every nation under heaven. And when this sound was heard, the multitude came together and were confounded, because that every man heard them speaking in his own language. And they were all amazed and marvelled, saying, Behold, are not all these which speak Galileans? And how hear we, every man in our own language, wherein we were born? Parthians and Medes and Elamites, and the dwellers in Mesopotamia, in Judea and Cappadocia, in Pontus and Asia, in Phrygia and Pamphylia, in Egypt and the parts of the Libya about Cyrene, and sojourners from Rome, both Jews and proselytes, Cretans and Arabians, we do hear them speaking in our tongues the mighty works of God."

Golden Text: "When he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you into all truth." John xvi, 13.

THE DAY OF PENTECOST.

The day of Pentecost was the old Hebrew "Feast of Weeks," or, "Feast of Harvest," as it is variantly called in their ancient legislation. Its original purpose was to mark the close of the grain harvest in much the same way that the "Feast of Tabernacles" marked the completion of the vintage from the vineyards and oliveyards. It was a joyful acknowledgment of the completion of the harvest from the land which Jehovah had given them, even as the heaving of the sheaf of barley at about the time of the Passover indicated the offering to Jehovah of all that they were about to garner. When the feasts of the Hebrews became established in the sabbatical system, the "Feast of Harvests" was made to fall exactly fifty days after the waving of the first gathered sheaf of barley. It was on this account that the name "Pentecost" was applied to it after the days of the Greek influence in Palestine. The name as applied to the feast means that it was the feast of the fiftieth day.

The importance of the "Day of Pentecost" to the Christian church is due to the fact that on that Jewish festal day the promise of Jesus that the 'Promise of the Father" would be fulfilled upon the disciples, was realized. The christian significance of the term is synonymous with the gift of the Holy Spirit. An event is pentecostal if it is especially marked with spiritual power.

THE SPIRIT GIVEN.

The early christian church continued to observe the feasts of the Jews for a considerable time after the ascension of Jesus. It was while the above mentioned feast was in progress, that the disciples were all together in one place. Any remnant of unbelief had evidently disappeared from among them and they were abiding in the unity of the faith until the thing which Jesus had promised should come to pass.

Suddenly, there came from above a sound as if a mighty wind were rushing by, but there was no wind. This strange sound was heard in all the house, and, judging from the way in which the crowd came together, it must have been heard even outside of the house in such a way as to attract the people to the spot where it centered. Now, the Scriptures give several instances which seem to indicate that wind was frequently used as a symbol of the divine presence. In the fifth chapter of Second Samuel the writer tells how David inquired of the Lord before the conflict with the Philistines, and the Lord directed him to wait until he should hear "The sound of a going" in the tops of the mulberry trees; "For then shall the Lord go out before thee, to smite the host of the Philistines." In the nineteenth chapter of the First Book of Kings is the story of how Elijah hid himself in the cave, and a great wind passed by as the first intimation that God was about to speak to him. Psalm One Hundred and Four says, "Bless the Lord * * * who walketh upon the wings of the wind."

The sound as of the wind at Pentecost was not, therefore, without some familiar significance to the devout men who were gathered together in "The one place" when the day was being fulfilled. It was, however, plainly an occurrence out of the ordinary course of nature, and they no doubt awaited expectantly to see what would be the significance of so unusual an event.

The waiting was not long; in fact, the next event seems to have occurred immediately. The first sign had appealed to the ear. The second appealed to the eye. It had the appearance of a tongue which at once parted among all the disciples present in such a way that it sat upon each one of them. The phenomenon had the appearance "as of fire." But here again the writer is careful to make perfectly clear the fact that it was not fire. It was "like as of fire." Now, fire was also a familiar symbol of the presence of God. When Moses was keeping the flock of Jethro, his father-in-law, "he led the flock to the back side of the desert, and came to the mountain of God, even to Horeb. And the angel of God appeared to him in a flame of fire out of the midst of a bush; and he looked, and, behold, the bush burned with fire, and the bush was not consumed." But fire was used to signify much more than the presence of God; it was used also of the Spirit, who purifies and sanctifies, as in the sixth chapter of Isaiah, which says, "Then flew one of the seraphims unto me, having a live coal in his hand, which he had taken with the tongs from off the altar; and he laid it upon my mouth and said, Lo, this hath touched thy lips, and thine iniquity is taken away and thy sin purged." Malachi 3:2 says that the messenger of the covenant shall be "like a refiner's fire."

The idea which the symbolism of the day of Pentecost sought to impress was not that of the divine presence merely, but of that presence as inducing fitness for and conferring power to utter divine things in a way pleasing to God, and forceful in reaching the source of spiritual life in the individual hearer.

SPEAKING WITH THE SPIRIT.

The effect of the gift of the Holy Spirit upon the disciples was immediate. They did not go out to meditate upon the matter, but at once began to make use of the power they had received. As if with a common impulse they began to speak languages of which they had formerly known nothing. The most of them were Galileans, and yet the many languages represented by the Jews present were all spoken by those simple men who were devoid of linguistic training. Even the devout Jews, who were piously living in the city of Zion as a religious privilege, were amazed and marveled that they understood, in the languages in which they were born, the account which the disciples were giving of the wonderful works of God. Some asked seriously, "What meaneth this thing?" Others spoke lightly of the matter, being inclined to make sport of the whole phenomenon, and said, "These men are full of new wine." It was in reply to the base insinuation of the latter that Peter arose and began his memorable discourse, with a text from the Prophet Joel, "And it shall be in the last days, saith God, I will pour forth of my Spirit upon all flesh." He told the story of Jesus, how he had been crucified and raised from the dead, and then had ascended into heaven. "Being therefore by the right hand of God exalted, and having received of the Father the promise of the Holy Ghost, he hath poured forth this which ye see and hear." "Let all the house of Israel therefore know assuredly that God hath made him both Lord and Christ, this Jesus whom ye crucified." This preaching was in the demonstration of the Spirit. There was, immediately, a cry from many who heard the words, "Brethren, what shall we do?" And to the reply, "Repent ye and be baptized every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ unto the remission of your sins," there was the ready response of the multitude of persons who came to be baptized.

THE MINISTRY OF THE SPIRIT.

Peter and the other disciples spoke on the day of Pentecost "As the Spirit gave them utterance." There have been many men who have spoken since that time according to the power of the Spirit. The power of utterance with the old prophets, even, was recognized as a gift of the Spirit. But this is only one feature of the larger ministry of the Spirit. John 14-16 ought to be read in order to learn what Jesus himself taught about the Comforter. He is to be ever present, dwelling in and with the disciples. He is the teacher of Christian truth carrying on the work of instruction from the point at which Jesus himself laid it down. (See John 14:26; 16:13, with which compare Isaiah 11:2). He glorifies Jesus by revealing him as the Son of God in perfect accord with the Father and, by aiding the church in its witness bearing about Christ. (John 16:14, 15; 15:26,27). He will convince the world of sin, of righteousness and of judgment. (John 16:8).

A study of the Book of Acts will reveal to the student the fact that the disciples accepted the gift of the Spirit as the special endowment of God for their work. They went out to preach and to teach, seeming to be sure that there was some definite use for the things they had heard from Jesus and knew about him. The gift they had received was not theirs alone, but belonged to the entire church, as is witnessed by such passages as Acts 10:44-47; 11:15-16; 13:52 and 15:8-9. It was under the tutelage of the Spirit that the leaders of the early church developed the teaching that has remained to guide the church through all the ages, and the church and each individual in it needs the presence of the Spirit constantly in order to secure spiritual power and joy, moral purity and religious consecration. (See I Thessalonians 1:5,6; 4:7,8; II Thessalonians 2:13). The entire church ought to seek the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace.

THE ASTONISHED CROWD.

The people who were present on the day of Pentecost represented the Jewish world. Luke has evidently sought to give an accurate list of the people represented there on the occasion. The nations are not mentioned in order straight through, but, in general, it can be said that the four great divisions of the dispersed Jews are included. The Eastern or Babylonian Jews, the Syrian Jews, the Egyptian Jews and the Roman Jews are all embraced in the catalogue. The importance of this carefully prepared list is seen in the fact that the 3000 converts, many of whom went away from Jerusalem after that day, carried the knowledge of Jesus Christ and the marvelous story of the Spirit's blessing to the remotest parts of the Jewish world; and they furnished, in some cases, the nucleus for the formation of the new Christian churches in their respective communities. This seems to have been especially true at Damascus and Rome and Antioch and, no doubt, also in Egypt and the far East. Paul nearly always used the Jewish community as the basis for his work in the cities where he preached. This course was rendered all the more desirable from the fact that in many of those congregations there were persons who had been present at Jerusalem on the occasion of that great Christian Pentecost, and not infrequently he would find some who had been baptized and added to the church on that day, but, who, for lack of guidance and the fellowship of a Christian community had resumed their former positions in the Jewish synagogues. These considerations will assist the student of this lesson in appreciating the importance which Luke attaches to the nationality of the crowd that was so much astonished at the events of Pentecost.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

PLATT AMENDMENT.

Stands Fourteen to Fourteen In Convention.

Havana, May 23.—El Mundo claims today that the Cuban constitutional convention stands 14 to 14 on the Platt amendment, President Capote being oposed to it and controlling the deciding vote.

Gener, the candidate of the nationalists for mayor, announces his intention to vote against the amendment, because the party which nominated him rejected the amendment in their platform.

The Conservatives are hesitating to push matters and are inclined to wait until after the municipal elections, when party feelings will have subsided. Villundes and Lorente will respond to Gomez' speech this afternoon. No action is reported on either report.

If people only knew what we know about Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, it would be used in nearly every household, as there are few people who do not suffer from a feeling of fullness after eating, belching, flatulence, sour stomach or water-brash, caused by indigestion or dyspepsia. A preparation such as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which, with no aid from the stomach, will digest your food, certainly can't help but do you good. Max Wirth.

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Guarantees you *Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling.* Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.

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AT BUFFALO.

Minnesota Day Will Be One of the Great Events.

Buffalo Enquirer, May 21: "I suppose that here in Buffalo you have heard of many states that will have the finest exhibit at the exposition. I've noticed by occasional papers I've picked up that there are some forty-four or forty-five states coming here to clean out the whole show. Minnesota is not a bit behind in the procession. We're coming here with the best cream and butter that the West furnishes, and we've an educational exhibit that shows the facilities of a state that stands at the top notch in that line," said Harlan P. Hall this morning.

Mr. Hall is secretary of the Minnesota commission, and came from St. Paul to attend the dedication. In this way he prefaced a talk of the great preparations his state is making for a strong showing here.

Together with his associates, Alexander McDougall and John Morton, Mr. Hall this morning interviewed the director general and concluded arrangements for the big demonstration Minnesota is to make in June. June 18 has been set aside as a state day, both by the exposition and by Governor Van Sant. On the morning of that day a special train will arrive from St. Paul, carrying the members of the State Editorial association and their families. There will be 110 women and 140 men.

"This is not a prospective crowd," said Mr. Hall. "We have them all booked now."

On another train will be a battalion of 20 National Guardsmen. These will pitch tents on the meadow, and the editorial party will be quartered at one of the large hotels near the grounds. June 18 will be dedication day for the Minnesota state building. It will be finished by June 1, and on the arrival of its guests will be entirely in readiness. The state's educational exhibit is to be installed there, as no place can be found for it in the regular department in the Liberal Arts section of the Manufacturers' building. This will be the only exhibit of a similar nature to be placed in a state building. Minnesota's educational institutions are noted for their advanced methods.

In the morning there will be a parade with the National Guard on foot, the editors in carriages and two bands of music. The dedicatory service will be held in the Temple of Music. The director general this morning agreed that the Temple should that day be used by Minnesota. In the evening there will be a reception at a hotel to the local press, the officials of the exposition, the mayor and others. Governor Van Sant will arrive during the day with his staff, and will be present. He has invited Governor Odell to attend also.

With the Minnesota commissioners is W. S. Jensen, of St. Paul. He is planning something for the Dairy building. He will show a model of the State Capitol, one of the finest in the country in butter.

"Michael Angelo made his start as a modeler of butter and we're to show a bit of work here that will have architectural merit at least," he said. "We have a butter sculptor who has been making various things for us at our state fairs, and we will give him a wider latitude here than he has yet had. He will build a replica, on a small scale, of the State Capitol, now nearly completed at St. Paul. It will be a dozen feet long, eight feet wide and five feet eight inches high. It will be kept in a refrigerator, behind a plate glass, and will be the first thing to be seen after the visitor enters the Dairy building."

A picture has just arrived and is now stored at Hoddick's In Main street, to be placed in the Minnesota building as an informal exhibit. It shows Pokegama falls, one of the beauty spots of the state, and was done by Miss Lucie Le Duc, of Duluth. Several other paintings by Minnesota artists will be placed in the building.

HUSBAND DISAPPEARS

And Wife Says His Absence Is Killing Her.

New York, May 24.—Caleb Lee Tillinghast, one of the best known insurance men in New York and the West, formerly Western agent at Columbus for the Equitable Life and first vice president of the Provident Life Insurance company, left his home in the Chelsea, on West Twenty-third street, ten weeks ago, and his wife since has been unable to locate him. She attributes her husband's absence to the influence of three children by a former marriage—E. M. Tillinghast, of New Haven, Conn.; Elbert R., who is in the employ of the Provident Life, and Mrs. Frederick W. Payne, of Brooklyn.

Tillinghast is 60 years old, and his wife is about 15 years his junior. His first wife obtained a divorce from him some sixteen years ago, and fourteen years ago he married his present wife in Columbus, Ohio.

Since her husband left her ten weeks ago Mrs. Tillinghast says she has received a number of letters from him and her bills have been regularly paid. All the letters were postmarked New Haven. Mrs. Tillinghast believes her husband is not there but that the letters have been sent first to that city and forwarded to New York.

Mrs. Tillinghast said that her husband's disappearance was killing her. She said that this was his second disappearance, and that four years ago he left her and remained away eight months. At that time she went to her sister in Columbus and afterward to Cleveland.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Mme. Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to the original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally indorses its action and gives the public her solemn guaranty that it has been tested in every conceivable way and has proved itself to be the ONLY Hair Specific. It STOPS HAIR FALLING immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy; on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful fluffy and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies, entirely gray and with bald heads, it is especially recommended.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.

March 10, 1900.

Dear Madame Yale:—I wish to say a few words in regard to your Excelsior Hair Tonic and Hair Cleaner. I have used both with the best possible results. My hair had been falling out for some time. I had used various remedies with little or no avail. Finally my attention was called to your Excelsior Hair Tonic. I purchased a bottle and began using it. The result was beyond my expectations; after the second application my hair had ceased to fall out, and as I continued my hair seemed to have more life and vigor and new hair began to come in. After using the second bottle I was surprised to see that my hair was no longer tinged with gray but had returned to its natural color.

Your Excelsior Hair Tonic is certainly a scientific medicine and I believe the only one that treats the hair as a sick member and feeds and nourishes it until it is restored to its natural and normal state of health. I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is in need of a Hair Tonic or Restorer, as I have the utmost confidence in the efficacy of all your remedies.

Respectfully,
MRS. C. L. BROWN,
51 Harper Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Madame Yale's Hair Tonic is sold throughout the world at $1.00 per bottle. Manufactured only by Madame Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

We carry a full line of Madame Yale's remedies at all times.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic—

89 CENTS.

PANTON-WHITE CO. NEW BRICK OLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

CONVICT MADE CRAZY.

Fatal Card That Foretold His Wife's Murder.

New York, May 24.—A pack of playing cards in the hands of an inmate of the Passaic county jail, at Paterson, N. J., sent Thomas Mulhearn, the wife murderer, into hysterics, and his condition was such that County Physician McBride had to be called in to administer a nerve tonic to the prisoner.

Mulhearn has confessed to shooting his wife, who was a gypsy queen, and who told fortunes with a wandering clan. The queen had made a good sum of money on the Sunday preceding the day on whih she was shot. She turned up the nine of spades and remarked to one of her companions that that was a death-dealing card. Twenty-four hours later she was slain by her husband.

Some of the prisoners engaged in a card game and asked Mulhearn to join in with them. Mulhearn looked at the pack and gave a scream that startled every keeper in the prison. He begged that the cards be put away.

Mulhearn is a complete wreck. He has made a full confession.

Since his incarceration he has hardly slept. He rambles in his talk to the other prisoners about fate, and says that in cards one can find out the mysteries of the future.

BOYSSET DEAD.

Paris, May 23.—Charles Boysset, Republican, Doyen of the chamber of deputies, is dead. He was born in 1817, was a deputy in the legislative assembly in 1849, was elected a member of the national assembly in 1879 and has been since continually re-elected.

Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

Prominent real estate men will answer this question in the Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what N. J. Upham has to say about it next Saturday.

MANHOOD RESTORED

"CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Impotency, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Consumption. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

Ten reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

WHEAT IS GOING OUT

Large Decrease In Duluth Stocks Expected This Week.

Wheat Market Starts Out Easy and Closes at Decline.

Crop Conditions the Very Finest and Cables Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 24.—The present week will see a decrease in the stocks of wheat at Duluth of about 2,150,000 bus, according to the present estimates. A considerable portion of the wheat shipped out will be No. 1 northern and this will leave only about 2,000,000 bus of contract wheat in store here. The wheat market started out easier this morning and declined further during the early part of the session. The chief bearish features were lower cables and extensive rains throughout the wheat regions of the West. The Liverpool close was ¼ @½d lower. Another weakening influence was the fact that there will be no session of the Liverpool market after today until next Wednesday. The Argentine shipments were 880,000 bus against 776,000 bus last week and 2,248,000 bus last year. Weather reports were all favorable. Damage reports were only local and not such as to affect the general crop to any great extent. Snow reported last week to be the most favorable the winter wheat crop has had and the spring wheat crop condition, as about perfect. Primary receipts of Wheat were 855,000 bus, last year 427,000 bus. Shipments 686,000 bus, last year 217,000 bus. Bradstreet reported export sales of wheat and flour for the week at 4,756,000 bus, last year 3,020,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour for today were 256,816 bus. New York reported sales of wheat today for export at 11 loads.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 199 cars against 167 last week and 360 last year. Chicago receipts, 31 cars, none of contract grade.

There was fairly active trading in futures on the Duluth board. July wheat opened 1c off at 74¾c, sold at 74½c at 9:50, full back to 74c at 10:30, rose to 74⅝-¾c at 11:35, declined to 74⅜c at 12:00, reacted to 74¾ at 12:25, sold at 74¾c at 1:10 and closed at 74½c, a decline of ¼c. Chicago declined ⅝-¾c and Minneapolis the same amount.

Cash sales were 20,000 bus at the July price.

Corn was weak again today and May in Chicago lost another ½c and closed again at 1c under July. New York reported 13 loads taken for export. Primary receipts of corn were 390,000 bus, last year 252,000 bus. Shipments 586,000 bus, last year 502,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 3,80,445 bus. Bradstreet reported sales of corn for export for the week at 2,265,000 bus, last year 4,374,000 bus. The price of corn at Duluth was unchanged.

May flax dropped 4½c at Duluth today. The closing price really means very little for the short interest makes the price every day and there is no trading in the option. September was up 1c. Other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 74c; to arrive, 73½c; May, 77c; September, 71¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 74c; to arrive, 74½c; May, 74c; September, 70¼c; July, 74½c. No. 2 northern, 70c. No. 3 spring, 66c. Oats, 29¼@29c. Rye, 51c. Flax, cash, $1.70; to arrive, $1.70; May, $1.70; September, $1.32; September Northwestern, $1.33; October, $1.30. Corn, 41½c; May, 42c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 8; oats, 3; rye, 6; flax, 5. Receipts—Wheat, 7870; corn, 1965; flax, 16,027. Shipments—Wheat, 263,592; corn, 180,606.

SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern, 3 cars	$0.74
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	74½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	74¾
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	71
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	72
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	72½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69¼
Rejected, 1 car	64
Flax, 2000 bus, September	1.33
Flax, 5000 bus, October	1.30

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THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat and Corn Ruled Dull and Easier.

Chicago, May 24.—Wheat ruled dull and easier today owing to the fact that after today there will be no Liverpool market until Wednesday. Lower cables and extensive rains helped in the establishing lower quotations. July opened unchanged to shade lower at 73⅛c to 73⅜c, rallied to 73¾c and declined to 72¾c. Argentine shipments were 880,000 bus, against 776,000 last week and 2,248,000 a year ago. Local receipts were 31 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 199 cars against 167 last week and 360 a year ago.

July rallied a trifle and closed steady, ⅛@⅜c lower at 72⅝@73c.

Corn was dull and easy with wheat. July opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 44⅛@44¼c and declined to 43⅝c. May opened ⅛c lower at 43¼c and sold off to 43c. Local receipts, 41 cars, 224 of contract grade.

July steadied and closed ⅝c lower at 43¾c. May closed 1c lower at 42¾c.

Oats were dull, but steady. July opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 28¼@28c to 28⅝@28¾c, and sold to 28⅝c. Local receipts were 283 cars.

Provisions opened higher on light hog receipts. July pork was 2½c improved at $14.75 and sold to $14.80; July lard a shade higher at $8.12½, and July ribs 2½c higher at $7.87½@8.00.

Close, wheat, May, 73¾c; July, 72⅞@73c. Corn, May, 42⅝c; July, 43⅜c. Oats, May, 26c; July, 28¼c. Pork, May, $14.60; July, $14.67½; September, $14.62½. Lard, May, $8.75; July, $8.12½; September, $8.12½@8.15. Ribs, May, $8.25; July, $7.85@7.87½; September, $7.92½. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.68; No. 1, $1.68; May, $1.68; September, $1.31; October, $1.28. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 75@75c; No. 3 red, 72@75c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 70¾@73½c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 3 spring, 70@74c. Corn, No. 2, 42⅞@43c; No. 3, 41¾@42½c. Oats, No. 2, 28⅛@28c; No. 3, 28@¼c. Rye, May, 52¼c; July, 51@½c. Barley, cash, 40@52c. Timothy, September, $3.40. Clover, cash, $9.50.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 24.—Close: Wheat, ¼@½d lower; July, 5s 11d; September, 5s 10¼d. Corn, quiet, ¼d higher to ¼d lower; July, 3s 7½d; September, 3s 11d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 24.—Close: Wheat, cash, 72¼c; July, 72c; September, 6⅝@6¾c.

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	296,950	80,100
Philadelphia	22,551	72,800
Baltimore	39,110	
Toledo	3,706	2,700
Detroit	5,667	3,000
St. Louis	29,000	50,000
Boston	212,820	
Chicago	41,650	363,320
Milwaukee	2,250	2,200
Minneapolis	148,980	16,600
Kansas City	96,000	45,000
Duluth	7,870	263,592

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	74⅝B	72¼	73¼@73-¼	78¾
High	74½	72¾-⅞	73⅜	79
Low	74	72⅛	72¾	78¾-¼
Close	74¼	72	72⅝-73	78¾A
September—				
Open	70⅝B	67⅜B	70½	75⅞-76
High	71	68	70⅞	76
Low	70¼	68⅝	70¼	75¼
Close	70¼B	68⅝-¾	70¼	75¾B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	28⅝	41¾@41⅝-¾	$14.70
High	28⅝	41¾	$14.77
Low	27⅞-28	43⅝	$14.67
Close	28¼	43¾	$14.67

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 24.—Close, wheat, May, 80¼c; July, 78¾c. Corn, May, 49c; July, 48⅛c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 24.—Cattle receipts, 2500, generally steady; good to prime steers, $5.30@6.00; poor to medium, $4.25@5.20; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00; cows, $2.90@4.70; heifers, $2.50@4.90; canners, $2.25@2.90; bulls, $3.00@4.60; calves, $4.25@6.00; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.40; Texas bulls, $2.75@3.50. Hogs receipts, 22,000 today; tomorrow, 15,000; left over, 1025; active, 2½@5c higher; top, $5.95; mixed and butchers, $5.62½@5.90; good to choice heavy, $5.80@5.95; rough heavy, $5.65@5.77½; light, $5.00@5.85; bulk of sales, $5.77½@5.90. Sheep receipts 5000 strong; good to choice wethers, $4.40@4.65; fair to choice mixed, $4.15@4.40; Western sheep, $4.40@4.65; yearlings, $4.50@4.70; native lambs, $4.10@5.85; Western lambs, $5.00@5.85. Receipts yesterday —Cattle, 6996; hogs, 32,473; sheep, 15,019. Shipments—Cattle, 1966; hogs, 6141; sheep, 1127.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report arrivals more liberal than for some time past. Heavy horses and delivery horses continue to lead in demand, and purchased mostly by local men at advanced prices. Values:

Drafters, extra	$160@185
Drafters, choice	125@150
Farm horses, extra	120@135
Farm horses, common to good	65@ 75
Mules	135@145

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of E. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 24—Wheat:—Bradstreet makes the clearances for the week 4,750,000 bus against 3,689,000 bus last year. Argentine shipments 840,000, against 2,248,000 bus last year. Snow's weekly report in the Orange Judd Farmer says fears regarding the spring wheat entirely removed by rains, and winter wheat fully maintains its high position. The Modern Miller, however, says reports on damage by fly are coming from scattered sections of Kansas, Oklahoma, Illinois and Indiana and from south of the Ohio river. We think it worth observing that the weather over most of the entire territory is cold and backward and so far unfavorable for the development of fly. Here the market is steady, small outside trade and local operations mainly of a scalping nature.

The tone of the corn market was weak. There has been further local liquidation of May and shippers are less ready buyers than yesterday. The weather continues cold and rather wet over a good portion of the corn belt. No complaints are coming so far. Clearances for the week 2,265,000 bus against 4,374,000 bus.

Oats—Snow says the crop prospects do not improve, the crop lacks vigor, unfavorable in Illinois, Iowa and the Southwest generally. Market here easier in sympathy with corn.

The provision market was steady and about unchanged from yesterday's close. Primary receipts of hogs 67,000, same as last year. Speculative trade is slow. Out movement indicates good demand, fully up to last year.

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112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

	Per Share. Par.	Asked.	Bid.
Local Stocks, etc.—			
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	123
First Nat. Bk. Superior	100	...	96
Parry Sound Copper	1		.45
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	31	...
Copper Crown of Ariz.	1	.25	...
Zenith Oil Co.	1	.12½	
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	...
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold

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Stock For Sale.

Marcus W. Bates, 4 Ex. Building.

Land Scrip. Pine Lands.

Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.

H. W. COFFIN,

Manhattan Building.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Thursday, May 23.

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temperature. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Cloudy	56	40	.06
Campbell	Cloudy	64	44	0
Crookston	Clear	60	38	0
Detroit City	Pt. cldy	58	38	T
Grand Meadow	Raining	70	52	.16
Montevideo	Cloudy	66	40	.02
Minneapolis	Cloudy	56	40	.08
New Ulm	Cloudy	60	42	.10
Park Rapids	Cloudy	54	40	.01
Winnebago City	Cloudy	60	32	.08
Worthington	Raining	68	30	.16
Devil's Lake	Clear	60	36	0
Langdon	Cloudy	62	38	T
Larimore	Clear	54	36	.02
Lisbon	Pt. cldy	60	42	.10
Pembina	Clear	62	36	0
Aberdeen	Cloudy	60	40	.10
Milbank	Cloudy	60	42	.20
Mitchell	Raining	70	40	T
Redfield	Cloudy	62	42	.62
Bismarck	Cloudy	54	46	0
Duluth	Pt. cdy	44	36	.01
Huron	Raining	66	42	.26
La Crosse	Raining	62	44	1.36
Moorhead	Clear	60	44	.04
St. Paul	Cloudy	62	42	.08
Winnipeg	Clear	64	40	0

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temperature. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	21	82	52	.32
Columbus O.	18	82	58	.10
Des Moines	13	72	50	.12
Indianapolis	11	84	58	.14
Kansas City	30	82	54	T
Louisville	17	86	62	T
Minneapolis	15	82	40	.08
Omaha	14	70	48	.12
St. Louis	13	88	60	.16

Showery weather prevailed generally: cool weather prevails over Iowa, Nebraska, Wisconsin, Minnesota, the Dakotas and Manitoba, and warm weather elsewhere; conditions favor frosts tonight in portions of Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

REMARKS.

T Indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up of each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market. In filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	19½@	20
Creamery, tubs	19 @	19½
Dairies, fancy	16 @	17
Dairy, fair	14 @	15
Packing stock	11 @	13

EGGS.

Fresh	11½@	12

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream, new	11 @	12
Twins, full cream, old	11 @	12
Ice cream, young America	13 @	
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full cream, choice	13 @	
Primos	6 @	6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	19 @	20
Fancy white clover in Jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	15 @	17
Dark honey	12 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb		12
Ohio, per lb		11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @	2 40
Medium, hand-picked	2 00 @	2 15
Brown beans, fancy	1 50 @	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	14	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8

FRUITS.

Strawberries, 24-quart cases	2 40 @	2 50
Apples, eating	4 50 @	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	2 50 @	3 00
California lemons	3 00 @	3 25
Bananas	1 75 @	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @	4 00
Dates, Fard, per box	3 50 @	4 25
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50 @	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @	7½
California navel oranges	2 00 @	2 25
Seedling oranges	2 50 @	2 75

OLD VEGETABLES.

Turnips, rutabagas	35 @	40
Turnips, white	30 @	40
Garlic, per lb	10 @	12
Beets	50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus	45 @	48
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00 @	4 00

FRESH VEGETABLES.

New Florida celery, bunch	1 00 @	1 25
Mushrooms	45 @	
Lettuce, per box	75 @	1 20
Green onions, per dozen	15	
Green peas, per bus	1 75	
Pie plant, per lb	1½@	2
Cucumbers, hot house	75 @	85
Spinach, bus	50 @	60
Radishes, round, per doz	15 @	20
Radishes, long, per doz	12 @	15
Asparagus, green, per doz	40 @	45
Pineapple, per doz	1 75 @	2 75
Tomatoes, per basket	60 @	65
Egg plant, per doz	2 50	
Beets, per dozen bunches	40 @	45
Carrots, per dozen bunches	40 @	45
Turnips, per doz bunches	70 @	75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	2 50 @	3 00
Wax beans, per box	1 75 @	2 00
New potatoes, per bus	2 25 @	2 50
Cauliflower, per doz	1 50 @	2 00
Mint, per bunch	20	

CIDER.

Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @	3 75

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3 @	3½

LIVE POULTRY.

Chickens	12	
Turkeys	10 @	11
Ducks	10 @	11
Geese	8 @	9

MEATS.

Mutton	8 @	8½
Lamb	9 @	9½
Veal, good	8	
Veal, fancy	9	
Beef, dressed	6½@	7½
Hogs	5	
Pork loins	9	

BRAN AND SHORTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00	

CORN AND FEED.

Corn, car lots sacked	50
Oats, car loads, sacked	32
Hay, upland	14 50
Hay, timothy	16 50
Feed, No. 1	20 50
Feed, No. 2	20 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 24.—Butter, steady; creamery, 14@18½c; dairies, 11@16½c. Cheese, quiet; twins, 9@9¼c; young Americas, 10@10c; cheddars, 9c; daisies, 9½c. Eggs, steady, loss off, cases returned, 10½@9¾c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 24.—Butter, receipts, 4747 packages. Steady. Creamery, 15@18c; factory, 11@13c. Cheese, receipts, 3843 packages. Firm. Fancy large colored, 8½@9c; fancy large white, 8¾@9c; fancy small colored, 9c; fancy small white, 9c. Eggs, receipts, 10,920 packages. Steady. Western ungraded, 11½@12½c; Western selected, 13@15c.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

After Early Depression and Break During the Morning.

The Closing Was Active and Firm at the Rally.

United States Steel Stocks About a Point Above Thursday.

New York, May 24.—There were traces of yesterday's late depression remaining in the market this morning, but special stocks showed strength as an offset. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville rose 1¼. Lackawanna a point and American Tobacco 1½. Southwestern railroads and the steel stocks were also rather firm. The losses were confined to fractions. Business was on a small scale.

The purchasing movement outstripped the liquidating sales, and many important gains were made. These were largest in some of the stocks which were weakest yesterday. Trading was largest in the coal stocks and Erie common, and the Readings were a point or more better. Lackawanna went up 5½ and Union Pacific, Texas Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Sugar and the Coopers were also strong. American Tobacco gained 4 and Continental Tobacco 1¾. A drive against Union Pacific carried it down 2½ and there were sympathetic losses of over a point in St. Paul, Erie, Atchison, Amalgamated Copper, Reading and Missouri Pacific.

Support developed for Union Pacific after it touched 98. The general market meanwhile had acted sharply, St. Paul exceptionally closing 2½. With a recovery to above 99 in Union Pacific other stocks hardened, but the demand was small and the only rise of consequence was in American Tobacco. That stock was taken in round amounts, a block of 5300 shares coming out at 130. It was marked up to 130¼ and then dropped. Lackawanna broke 4½ and Northwestern 3. The market at noon was about steady and was semi-stagnant. Bonds were irregular.

The market showed some strength in final deals, but notable manifestation was confined to a few stocks. The Tobaccos continued to advance, American Tobacco rising to 124, Atchison and Wabash rose strongly to best of the day, 2¼ and 2 over last night. Union Pacific, Erie and the New York public utilities also rallied strongly and prices generally were marked up smartly on light transactions. The United States Steel stocks rose about a point over last night. The closing was active and firm at the rally.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., 100 Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
American Ice	37⅝	36⅞	37
American Ice pfd	73½	73	73½
Amalgamated Copper	116¼	115	115¼
Anaconda M. Co.	50¾	48¾	49⅜
American Express	..	..	119
American Tobacco	134	126½	133⅜
American Tobacco pfd	..	..	144
American Cotton Oil	..	..	37½
American Cotton Oil pfd	..	..	88½
A., T. & S. F.	78	75¾	77⅝
A., T. & S. F. pfd	97⅞	96	97⅜
Am. Linseed Oil	21	19¾	19¾
Am. Linseed Oil pfd	48¾	48	48½
Baltimore & Ohio	102½	101¼	102½
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	92	92	92
Brooklyn Transit	76¾	75	76
Brooklyn Union Gas	..	..	215
Bag and Paper	..	..	123½
Bag and Paper pfd	..	..	120
C., B. & Q.	195¾	195	195¾
Canada Southern	..	..	64
Canadian Pacific	..	..	102
Car & Foundry	26¾	26⅝	26¾
Car & Foundry pfd	80⅞	80	80¾
C., C. C. & St. L.	..	..	80½
C., C. C. & St. L. pfd	..	..	115
Continental Tobacco	62⅝	57¾	62¾
Continental Tobacco pfd	..	..	110½
Chesapeake & Ohio	49½	48¼	49⅛
C. & E. Ill.	..	..	125
C. & E. Ill pfd	..	..	140
Chicago & Alton	43½	40¾	43
Chicago & Alton pfd	79¼	78¼	79¼
Colorado Southern	15	14½	15
Colorado Southern 2d pfd	24¾	22¾	23
Chicago Great Western	22½	21¼	22½
C. G. W., deb. 4 per cent	93	92	92
C. G. W., pfd. A	..	..	79¾
C. G. W., pfd. B	..	..	35
Chgo. Ind. & L.	33⅞	33¾	33⅝
Chgo., Ind. & L., pfd	..	..	71
Chgo. Terminal	22½	21⅞	22¼
Chgo. Terminal pfd	..	41½	42
Del. & Hudson	219	217	153
Del., L. & W.	163⅜	162	162
Denver & Rio Grande	..	..	44½
Denver & Rio. G., pfd	..	..	93⅜
Erie	41⅞	39⅝	41⅜
Erie, 1st pfd	68½	67⅝	68¼
Erie, 2nd pfd	55⅜	54½	55¼
Evan. & Terre Haute	..	..	53
Evan. & Terre H., pfd	..	..	78
Great Northern, pfd	175⅞	175½	175½
Glucose	..	..	50½
Glucose, pfd	..	..	100
Hocking Valley Ry	53	52½	53
Hocking Valley Ry, pfd	..	..	78
Ill. Central	138½	137½	138
Int. Paper	..	..	23
Int. Paper, pfd	78⅜	78¼	78⅝
Iowa Central	..	..	33¼
Iowa Central, pfd	..	..	58
Jersey Central	..	..	138
Laclede Gas	..	..	83½
Laclede Gas, pfd	..	..	99
Lake Erie & West	..	..	55
Lake Erie & West, pfd	..	..	120
Long Island	..	..	71
L. & N.	102¾	101¾	102
Lead	..	..	19
Lead, pfd	..	..	115
Leather	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝
Leather, pfd	78	77⅝	78
Manhattan Con	114⅜	113¼	114⅛
M., St. P. & St. Ste. M.	..	..	22
do pfd	..	..	57½
Met. Traction	163½	163½	163½
Mex. Central	23⅛	23½	23
Mexican National	11⅞	11	11⅝
Minn. & St. Louis	..	..	89½
Minn. & St. Louis, pfd	..	..	112
M., K. & T.	37¾	36¾	37¼
M., K. & T., pfd	56⅜	55⅝	56⅜
Northern Pacific	..	..	172
Northern Pacific, pfd	98	97¼	97¼
New York Central	150	148½	149½
National Biscuit	45	44¾	44⅞
National Biscuit, pfd	..	..	95
Norfolk & Western	50¾	50⅛	50½
Norfolk & Western, pfd	..	..	87
New York Air Brake	..	..	139
N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	..	..	27
N. Y. Chi. & St. L. 1st pfd	..	..	101
N. Y., Chi. & St. L. 2d pfd	..	..	78
Northwestern	..	..	195
Northwestern, pfd	196	195	196
Omaha	..	..	183
Pere Marquette	..	..	85
Pere Marquette pfd	33⅛	32¾	33¼
Pressed Car Steel Co.	46⅝	45	45
Pressed Car Steel Co. pfd	84⅝	83	84
Pennsylvania Ry	144	143½	143⅞
Pacific Mail	35¾	34½	35
Pacific Coast Co.	114⅜	112⅜	134¼
Pullman	..	..	264
P., C. C. & St. L.	18¾	18½	18½
Republic Iron & Steel, pfd	73¾	72¾	73¾
Reading	42⅞	41¾	42⅜
Reading 1st pfd	76½	75⅝	76⅜
Reading 2d pfd	53¾	52⅜	53⅝
Rock Island	153	151½	153
Southern Railway	29¼	28⅝	28⅝
Southern Railway pfd	83	81⅝	82¾
Southern Pacific	47½	46¼	47½
St. L. & S. W.	33¾	33¼	33
St. L. & S. W. pfd	..	..	62½
St. L. & S. F.	45¼	44⅝	45¼
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd	..	..	81
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	..	..	38¾
Smelter	..	..	55
Smelter pfd	96¼	96¼	96
Sugar Refinery	..	..	148
Sugar Refinery pfd	..	..	128
St. Paul	160⅛	157⅝	159¾
St. Paul pfd	..	..	184
St. J. & G. I.	..	..	12½
St. J. & G. I. 1st pfd	..	..	68
S. J. & G. I. 1st pfd	..	..	27
St. J. & G. I. 2d pfd	..	..	8
T. C. & I.	56⅛	56	56⅛
Texas Pacific	46¼	45	46¾
Twin City R. T. Co.	76⅝	75¾	75⅞
Union Pacific	101⅛	98	100¾
Union Pacific, pfd	..	..	88
U. S. Express	88⅝	87½	88
U. S. Rubber	21¼	20½	21
U. S. Rubber, pfd	62½	61½	62
U. S. Steel	44½	43¾	44¼
U. S. Steel, pfd	93½	92⅝	93¾
Wabash	22½	21¾	22⅜
Wabash, pfd	42⅛	39¾	42⅛
Western Union	93⅝	91½	91½
Wisconsin Central	..	..	20⅛
Wisconsin Central, pfd	44⅛	44	44
Wheeling & Lake Erie	..	..	17¼
Wheeling & L. Erie, 1 pfd	..	..	49
Wheeling & L. Erie, 2 pfd	..	..	23¾
Wells-Fargo Express	..	..	149

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.—While sentiment among stock exchange traders and brokers this evening was generally bullish, there was a decided tendency to discriminate in the matter of purchases, low-priced stocks being favored. Two conditions that are expected to prevail for some time are dullness and easy money. It is not believed by the best informed houses that important interests will attempt for the present at least to inaugurate a bull movement in the general list, but the same authorities are quite positive there will be exceptional movements in individual stocks, and that the latter are a purchase on the reactions. Industrials are favorably referred to in this connection as are the Steels common and American Car Foundry common. From well-informed sources it is learned that the collapse in Wall street has had little effect on general business. Bank clearings and earnings show thus far that trade is active. Crop prospects improved by rains, also add to the confidence in industrial shares. Among the low-priced railroad stocks which are believed to be a good purchase for the present are Atchison, Reading common and second preferred, Erie, Wabash common and preferred, St. Louis Southwestern and Colorado Southern and Texas Pacific. All these properties are concerned with the community of interest plans which though thought by some to be on its last legs, will be found to still possess a lot of vitality. Later on say the followers of the larger operators the high-priced stocks will be taken in hand. At present offerings of the latter are light. The argument applied to them is that dividends on them are sure even in bad times that on that basis stocks like Pennsylvania, New York Central and Rock Island will be absorbed by investors on every decline. With such a great falling off in speculative activity as has taken place lately, predictions that money will be a drug are plenty and they cause holders of these high-priced stocks to tighten their grip

• • •

New York to Baker—It is the general belief here that the Northern Pacific deal is all settled so far as people on this side are concerned, but there are still some short trades open in London; also some calls on the stock that are probably good until June, and the people who have sold the calls cannot get the stock so we think the price will be held up until these people settle.

• • •

The New York Journal says that it is intimated that Pressed Steel Car company may be taken into the United States Steel corporation on a basis equal to 60 for Pressed Steel common and 110 for the preferred.

• • •

New York to Edwards, Wood & Co.—Continued activity in Erie, particularly common, is accompanied by about as large a variety of rumors as has ever come out in connection with any stock movement. The suggestion that the Gould interests are buying in property with a view of making an outlet to the coast for the Wabash, seems to be given credit in some cases. People, however, who are pretty well informed on Wabash affairs say that they do not believe that Gould has bought a share of Erie stock, and that Erie would not be as favorable an outlet for Wabash as Lackawanna would be. They further assert that their opinion reports that have been circulated asserting Wabash with either Lackawanna or Erie are not worthy of serious consideration.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 24.—Cotton opened steady, 2 points higher to 2 points lower on July, passed into an unnatural position on a bad scare of July shorts. Routine news was against any marked improvement in prices. South

Toasting - broiling
baking - ironing

anything that can be done with a wood or coal fire is done better, cheaper and quicker on a

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Blue Flame Oil Stove

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STANDARD OIL COMPANY

THE FASHIONS FOR THE SUMMER GIRL

Show no Trace of the Mannishness Observable In Past Seasons---Frills and Furbelows Now Reign Supreme.

Femininity, as expressed by soft becoming effects, is a feature of the fashions which become more and more apparent each day. The heavy and ungraceful shoes, over-short skirt, Ascots, four-in-hands, etc., are to be relegated to the background. In recent years the girl who would be considered smart and up-to-date had her wardrobe resemble so far as possible that of her brother. A reaction has set in, and frills, furbelows, soft stuffs and the like will be the features of the summer styles for this first year of the twentieth century. Even tailored gowns have a feminine touch, the new shirt waist is much less severe than its nineteenth century predecessor, and the outing skirt has been lengthened.

For whatever purpose designed, the summer styles promise to be comfortable, much more so than when the masculine touch was so noticeable, and dainty and delightfully womanly effects are to hold first place. It is no secret that men claim that women do not know how to wear the Ascot and four-in-hands they have borrowed from them. For instance, no man who is considered correctly dressed wears a scarf without a waistcoat to conceal the ends. Scarfs do not belong with any waist unless the ends are concealed by the outer jacket. A bow tie or a stock is the only really appropriate finish for a shirt waist; the stock may be a four-in-hand, but it should be short enough to allow of flowing ends. No knot was ever prettier than the sailor, but the long stiff tie belongs to man's attire and may well be left to him.

Whether the girl who has felt herself emancipated will fancy this return to the styles of the day when mannish accessories were unknown, or whether women in general will welcome the change, remains to be seen, but it is quite certain that the summer fashion will suit the average masculine idea as to woman's dress.

Golf, which has done more to keep women out of doors and healthfully active than any other game known, is to be played in duck, linen, tweed and homespun skirts made to clear the ground comfortably, and which reveal well-fitted, shapely shoes of a sensible sort, but with moderate soles. For the most part the gowns are made with Etons or blouses and mean harmonizing shirt waists. The latter have special vogue for linen, as they are not overwarm for moderate days the season through. Wool materials, however, are more often seen with the tiny coats that can be slipped off with ease. Favorite shirt waists are of natural linen, of mercerized duck and plain colored linens. Silk finished striped madras is much worn, and will be, but these newer effects are peculiarly smart. A few tailors cling to the severe shirt waist sleeve, but the favorite is the moderately full bishop, with a narrow band or stiff cuff, and the waist itself more often shows tucks than is absolutely plain, and although the plain model still has adherents. With these waists are worn moderately stiff stocks of pique, with tie to match the waist or of black to match the belt, batiste stock ties and similar semi-soft neck dressings, or the linen collar with bat wing or string tie. Belts also have taken a big stride. While the narrow, straight, uncompromising ones of patent leather are still seen, the latest are slightly curved to fit the waist and are more graceful and less mannish.

Afternoon, evening and garden party gowns are all fluffiness and frivolity. Soft, clinging materials are the favorites, dainty as the most exacting masculine critic could desire.

Fluffiness must, of necessity, be left for garden and indoor dresses, but some womanly touch is found in all absolutely up-to-date costumes. Hats are in sailor, Fedora and the new Henrajan shape, that suggests, yet is not like, the Ladysmith, but are almost uniformly wound with some soft scarf or trimmed in a way to relieve the over-severity.

Accessories for the dainty gowns are bewitching and varied. All white and flowered muslins are worn with exquisite little boleros of colored taffeta and some of the simpler ones with boleros of plain colored pique. When the muslin includes a colored design, the silk must match it, but when it is plain, one has the choice of all the lovely pastel tints and of the warp-printed floral designs that are so shadowy and suggestive. The jackets are short and much cut out at the neck, either with elbow or no sleeves, and are finished with silk applique when of taffeta, and with one of the pretty Venetian laces when of the pique. Collars for these gowns are almost uniformly transparent, of lace or the material with lace, and are both charming in their effect and delightfully cool.

A few models are collarless, cut out just below the point where the stock joins the bodice, either in round or square, but these, while lovely, are to be worn only by the few. The woman with a beautiful neck will do well to order one at least without delay, but no style is more trying to the greater number, nor means more certain failure when lines are less than perfect or the first flush of youth has passed. Decollete gowns are generally becoming. The majority of women look well in evening dress, but these low-cut models are quite another matter, and, as has been said, are becoming to the very few alone.

Sash and soft belts are much worn and are always charming. The former are of Liberty ribbon, mousseline, chiffon, silk and of the material that makes the gown. Ribbon is simple, cut in the desired length, but the made sashes are trimmed with tiny frills and ruches, either plain or lace-edged, and more often fall from choux at the back than are bowed.

Belts are Liberty satin, louisine, silk, crepe meteor, panne satin and all the lovely, soft, crushable silks, held either by clasps or terminating in choux or loose rosettes. The former are beautiful and take a variety of forms. Jewels abound in the more handsome sorts, but gold, silver and enamel are made eminently attractive in themselves. Widths vary until every figure can be suited to a nicety, although preference runs to narrow effects at the front. Among the more costly sorts rose gold and oxidized silver are favorites, the latter often richly set with fresh water pearls, almondines and other semi-precious stones, the former including genuine gems, such as rubies, amethysts and the like. Floral forms have great vogue. One of the prettiest simple clasps is of white enamel touched with gold in daisy form. One of the handsomest rose gold designs shows the iris with its long slender leaves curling gracefully about. Turquoise matrix is much liked and much worn both in the genuine and the imitation. A charming belt consists of five rows of narrow white-velvet ribbon held by uprights of gold set with the blue. That at the center back is approximately three inches wide, those at the sides are scarcely more than half that width and the clasp is narrower still. A most artistic design in silver is long and narrow, as a tiny, delicately modeled rose forming each end, while rose leaves and stems are twined between. A widely different model takes much the same shape, but is in rose gold and consists of a butterfly with outstretched wings resting on a support of lilies of the valley. Others, again, show violet and poppy designs, while some of the most costly include wonderfully modeled figures in conjunction with the dainty blossoms.

Persian silk draped in soft folds is effectively used to trim the new style sailor hats with their slightly rolling brims. Sometimes a quill is added, but this additional adornment is not essential if the soft Oriental silk is artistically draped.

Stockings in solid colors, such as red, green, black, gray, pink and mauve are much favored.

Necktie clasps, jacket and sash pins are ornaments that play an important part in the dress accessories of the girl of the period. The jacket pins are designed to fasten the fronts of the Eton or bolero and are usually about five inches long, one dainty model showing a winged turquoise or a pink topaz set in the center of the slender gold bar.

Gold and silver pins, some of the former embellished with gems, are much used for fastening the hair at the back. Rose gold, frosted, is preferred for these dainty clasps and they are usually very long.

The blouse pin in the form of a circular brooch worn as a finish to the blouse deeply pointed in front, is one of the latest additions to the list. Matrix turquoise or the ordinary blue stone, with a circle of diamonds, is the favored style in the expensive pins, but there are several pretty designs that do not cost many cents.

Black pearl chains with oval and round heads are much worn.

Faience blue is a shade that is fast becoming popular, and it is particularly well adapted for yachting costumes, relieved by white. Turquoise blue is not as much favored this spring as in previous seasons.

A thin tissue called mousseline broche is particularly suitable for evening gowns. It comes in bluish gray, crushed rose, pale yellow and delicate violet.

Black leather, showing a fine beading at the edge and finished with gun metal, and every accessory is planned to accentuate the effect. It seems probable that not a rustle will be heard the summer through, for the latest underskirts are not taffeta, but foulard silks and satins, and silk linings are required to be of the softest possible sort. Barege, vailing and similar materials are the favorites among woolen fabrics, and mull, batiste and embroidered Swiss muslins take first place in cotton materials. Frills, flounces and lace appear upon every gown.

Men who have bemoaned the masculine tendency of women's dress in previous seasons may feel reassured. With "rational" sporting dress robbed of its aggressiveness, and these decidedly feminine styles for all other occasions, the summer fashions promise to be as

ELEGANT EVENING WAIST.

Elaborate evening waist of spangled black lace over white tucked silk foundation. Front and lower sleeve trimmed with Russian lace. Undersleeves of tucked silk. Short large bow of crushed rose-colored panne on front. From John Forsythe.

A BLACK AND WHITE EFFECT.

Imported parasol of white silk with black stripes and black lace inserted. Courtesy of Stern Brothers.

is used for the latest style mourning purse.

The newest fan is a revival of the old-time Watteau model and is very small.

Forget-me-nots are a favorite flower this season with London milliners and are sometimes combined with lilacs on the same hat.

Ash gray is the fashionable color in London, owing to the fact that ultra fashionable women are still in half mourning, but tobacco and wood browns, navy blue, the palest sand color, and the new cliquot, or champagne white are expected to receive attention a little later in the season.

For bicycle costumes homespuns and cheviots are less new than whipcords, and the herring-bone cloths with a closely woven surface, which is practically dust-proof.

For smart walking ties and shoes, patent leather, dull leather and patent kid are the materials employed. The last named is brilliantly glossy like patent leather, but is warranted not to crack. The Cuban or military heel is the ruler yet, and laced shoes are much worn. According to a dealer with a large and fashionable clientele, two pairs of laced shoes are sold to one pair of button boots.

Geraniums, cowslips, nacre hyacinth bells, daisies and orchids are among the flowers particularly favored by the milliner this season, butt he rose is the leader in the floral garniture.

French silver and antique gold bowls, fancy urns and vases are used as flower receptacles.

For evening gowns or theater waists gold tisue as a lining for net, lace or gauze is exceedingly effective.

Hair such as is used for mattresses makes the best kind of filling for the tips of long toed shoes. It is cooler than tissue paper or cotton batting, because it admits of ventilation.

Gold or silver lace, when used for millinery purposes, is softened by combination with some filmy material or flowers. Gold roses are preferred in the dull tones, which harmonize with various shades and are more generally becoming than the garish flowers.

A suit case for the baby exactly the style of those for grown folks, only one-quarter the size, is the most recent addition to the conveniences for the youngest member of the family. Inside the case are tiny compartments for all the necessary toilet articles.

Another style of suit case introduced this season is one for the girl who likes to take a trip to the seashore for a dip in the surf. The case is lined with rubber and just large enough to conveniently hold a bathing suit and towel.

Flower dishes of majolica in soft pink, blue and green are among the novelties of the spring. Various shapes are seen, but all decorated with flowers, roses and chrysanthemums predominating.

Sampson: I believe women should be treated same East as West. How is that? Why, give them Rocky Mountain Tea, the greatest spring blessing women can have, 35c. Ask your druggist.

For a Summer Trip

You cannot do better than to visit the East. Scenically and historically it is rich in interest, and with the added attraction of the Pan-American exposition, at which you have the privilege of stopping on tourist tickets reading over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway—an ideal vacation may be spent. Our publication, "Lake Shore Tours," a copy of which will be sent on application, contains outline maps of a number of the choicest and most popular trips, with rates. Chautauquans will be interested in the opening of our new and direct line to this famous recreative and educational resort. "Book of Trains" gives full information concerning our very complete passenger service to the East. Address W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott arcade, St. Paul, Minn. F. M. Byron, G. W. A., Chicago.

New Service to St. Louis—Via "The Milwaukee" Line.

Commencing Sunday, May 19, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul will inaugurate through sleeping car service between the Twin Cities and St. Louis.

The sleeper will be carried daily on the train leaving Minneapolis 7:50 a. m. and St. Paul 8 a. m., arriving St. Louis at 7 o'clock the following morning.

The route is via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Iowa Central and Wabash railways, making a very direct line—passing through a very interesting portion of the country.

Artists' Concert Given at the First PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Friday Evening, May 24, at eight o'clock. Tickets 50 Cents.

TO NEGLECT

Was the Death of the Dowieite, Mrs. Judd, Due.

Chicago, May 23.—At the resumption today of the inquest in the case of Mrs. Emma L. Judd, who died recently at Dowies' Zion, in this city, evidence was adduced to show that the woman would have survived had she been attended by a physician. Mrs. Judd's body, which was buried a week ago, was secretly disinterred and subject to a critical examination by medical experts. Today the report of the autopsy was made to the coroner's jury. It stated that Mrs. Judd's death was due wholly to the neglect of the most ordinary methods used by physicians. The autopsy showed that Mrs. Judd had been in good health a few hours before her demise, but that internal hemorrhages and other causes of pain, had produced a rupture of a blood vessel in her brain.

The prosecution will, it is said, ask that some of the persons present if not all of them, shall be held to the grand jury for causing the death of Mrs. Judd and her infant.

THE BAPTISTS.

Sunday School Session a Feature of Interest.

Springfield, Mass., May 23.—In the celebration of the May anniversary of the Baptist church the principal feature of interest today was the Sunday school session, under the direction of the Publication society.

"National Sunday School Institute" was the subject presented by James Edmunds, of Oregon. Proper training of teachers, graduating of classes and systematic study, were its principal points. It was voted to print the paper in pamphlet form for distribution among the churches.

Brief reports were made by other standing committees.

TREATY WITH CREEKS.

Indians Finally Make Agreement With Government.

Okmulgee, O. T., May 23.—The Creek treaty passed the house of kings today by a vote of 23 to 17, and is now ready for the signature of the chief secretary, when it will become law. For twenty years the federal government has been trying to make a treaty with the Creeks, but has failed until today. Its adoption will enable the carrying out of many planned public works.

NO LARGER FEES

For Experts Than For Ordinary Witnesses.

Ashland, Ohio, May 24.—Judge E. M. Wickham, of Delaware, has rendered an important decision relative to allowing large fees to handwriting experts. In the trial of Lamartine Greenwald, at Mansfield, on the charge of forgery, the prosecution engaged W. G. Pengelly, of Columbus; C. M. Vorce, of Cleveland, and Francis B. Courtney, of Milwaukee, at $25 per day, their bills aggregating about $500. The Ashland county commissioners refused to allow the bill and it was appealed.

Judge Wickham says: "Whatever the custom may be in other counties, custom does not make law, and there is no statutory provision for the payment of the claims. The only fees allowed to witnesses are the per diem and mileage fees, whether they testify to facts of their own knowledge or give opinions as expert witnesses, and for the court to hold that the claimants in this case are entitled to the sums they claim would be nothing short of judicial legislation. If it is claimed that it is a hardship for the state to compel scientists and others whose time is very valuable to attend court and testify as expert witnesses for the trifling compensation allowed by law, the remedy is to be had by an appeal to the legislature. We are of the opinion, and hold that no agreement made by the prosecuting attorney or by the commissioners of the county would be binding on the county and authorize the allowance of the claims to be paid out of the county treasury."

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

The best toilet soap man can make costs only 10c. now.

Any higher price is waste; for a better soap than Jap Rose is impossible, though you pay a dollar a cake for it.

And Jap Rose costs but a dime.

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] **Soap**

A transparent, glycerin soap, made from pure vegetable oil and perfumed with roses.

Kirk's finest production -- and that means the world's best.

A Travel Point
Pan-American Exposition

THE Pan-American, to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., May 1 to Nov. 1, will be one of the greatest and most beautiful expositions the world has known. To enjoy its beauties will be worth any effort. The question of traveling to and from Buffalo is one to be carefully considered. You will desire to travel by the route affording the most comfort and interest. The return trip, too, must be considered, as after you have done the Exposition, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and vicinity, you'll be tired and wish to reach home quickly.

The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway

as the leading line to Buffalo by reason of the frequency of its trains and the certainty and punctuality of their movement will best meet this requirement. It is the only double track line, and the completeness of its service—eight through trains daily among them the only daylight train, places it at the forefront among Eastern roads. The country traversed is the fairest and richest of the Middle States—the most interesting on the way to Buffalo.

All tickets over this route afford use of steamers either way between Cleveland and Buffalo, also stop at Chautauqua on return trip within limit of ticket. Our "Book of Trains" contains full information. Sent free on request. Look it through carefully.

F. M. BYRON, G. W. A., Chicago.

FREE TILL CURED

For the next thirty days will treat all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES of MEN absolutely FREE, except a small charge for medicine only. Call and investigate. THIS MEANS WHAT IT SAYS. Don't run after Fakirs, new fads and would-be Specialists. Call and get a scientific opinion and diagnosis of your case before applying elsewhere. Remember I have been in business thirty years, three years in Duluth, and have a record of 15,000 cases cured. Many of which I have permission to refer to.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Failing of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatism, Gas, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

LUMBER SASH DOORS MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING HARDWOOD FINISH SCREENS SOUTH PIER LUMBER CO. 1ST AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. } In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

SUMMONS.

Annie Moore, Plaintiff,
vs.
George Moore, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 506 Providence building, in the city of Duluth, said county and state within thirty (30) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint, within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 31st day of January, 1901.

ALEXANDER MARSHALL,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
No. 506 Providence Bldg.
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-3-10-17-24-31-June-7-1901.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirteen hundred and forty-one and 99-100 dollars, principal and interest, and the further sum of six and 40-100 dollars insurance, which said sums are claimed to be due and are due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Christina Ellis and J. D. Ellis, her husband, mortgagors, to Mary D. Newton, mortgagee, and dated March 20th, 1893, and recorded in the office of register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, March 24th, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 125 of mortgages on page 43. And whereas, no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: The westerly one-half of lot fifteen (15), in block fifty-five (55), in Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof and in St. Louis County, Minnesota; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the 1st day of July, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue and to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the aggregate sum of thirteen hundred forty-eight and 99-100 dollars and interest and the further sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

May 16th, 1901.

MARY D. NEWTON,
Mortgagee.

ROGER S. POWELL,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-17-24-31-June-7-14-21-1901.

Every Afternoon at 5 The Herald is Sold by Newsboys on the Streets of West Superior

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$3500 Takes 8-room modern house, corner lot, in East End.
$2500 Takes 7-room modern house in East End.
$5000 Takes 11-room modern house, East End, corner, hot water heat.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 Palladio Bldg.

MORTGAGE TAXATION

Was Discussed By the National Civic Federation at Buffalo.

Able Paper on the Subject By Frederick N. Judson.

Inheritances and Local Option In Taxation Also Considered.

Buffalo, May 24.—The tax conference of the National Civic federation resumed its discussions of the question of taxation today, the topic for the day being the taxation of mortgages and inheritances and local option in taxation. James R. Garfield, of Ohio, presided. Frederick N. Judson, of St. Louis, the first speaker, spoke of taxation of mortgages. Mr. Judson said, in part:

"The chaotic condition of American taxation in the now confessed failure of the general property tax cannot be better illustrated than in the experience of the states, especially the recent experiences of California and Missouri, in the taxation of mortgaged real estate.

"Lands within the limits of a state are subject to its taxing power and cannot escape taxation, but the mortgages upon real estate are represented by notes or other securities which are subject to be listed by the holder for taxation at his domicile, like other personal property.

"This theory of the general property tax involves double taxation where it is effective, that is, the taxation of both the property and the credit whose value rests upon the property. But it has failed to be effective so far as the taxation of mortgages is concerned, for the same reasons that the taxation of all intangible personal property is ineffective. It has been found impossible, certainly in our cities, for the tax collector to reach mortgaged notes or any personal security, and with the exception of the comparatively small amount secured from administrations and trustees, mortgages have practically gone untaxed. The result, therefore, is to throw the entire burden upon the mortgagor, and the sense of injustice he feels in being required to pay a tax on the full assessed value of his land, when its value to him is reduced by the amount of the mortgage, is intensified by the recognized fact that the mortgage as a rule escapes taxation.

"When the state of California adopted its new constitution in 1879, this prevailing theory of the general property tax had been modified by the decision of the supreme court of that state, which held that mortgages were not taxable, on the ground that the taxation of the mortgage interest in the mortgagee after taxing the full value of the mortgaged lands to the mortgagor would be double taxation. Thus in California, mortgages were legally exempt, whereas in other states they were practically exempt. But this legal exemption of the mortgagee caused a demand for some system which would compel the mortgagee to share with the mortgagor the burden of taxation upon the land in which they both had interest. Thereupon the state adopted a plan, since known as the California plan, whereby the mortgage interest and the aquity of the mortgagor were separately taxed as distinct interests in the land. This plan was recommended by economists of high authority as consistent with economic justice and was adopted, not for the purpose of preventing double taxation as the decision of the supreme court had rendered this unnecessary, but in order to compel the mortgagee to share the burden of taxation, when he was legally, and practically, though not legally, a co-proprietor in the land. The supreme court of the United States, Savings Society vs. Mult Nomah county, 169 U. S. 421, in an Oregon case, said that this separate taxation of the mortgage interest, whether owned by a resident or a non-resident, was within the lawful power of the state.

"But the system, though recommended by economists and sustained by the courts, has proven wholly ineffective in relieving the mortgagor from the burden of taxation, for the reason that the mortgagee's tax has been shifted back upon the mortgagor, and this notwithstanding the expressed prohibition in any constitution whereby the mortgagor was obligated to pay the tax of the mortgagee. The testimony is universal that this prohibition has proven ineffective. The supreme court of California has sustained agreements for the reduction of interests in the event that the debtor pays the taxes, thus giving the debtor the option to pay without the obligation to pay them. So universal is this shifting that printed blanks are used embodying these agreements. We have also high authority for saying that the necessity of resorting to these contracts for shifting the tax has had a tendency to increase the rate of interest and divert capital from the state.

"The inevitable conclusion is that land should be taxed without reduction for mortgage liens and that no attempt should be made to tax mortgages. It is idle to attempt equality in taxation by a system which is necessarily ineffective. The real estate owner derives benefit from free competition of capital, in that he can borrow at the lowest rate of interest. The holder of real estate, certainly in our cities, expects a normal income on his property after paying taxes, but the unfortunate holder of mortgages or other personal securities who is caught by the assessor in the probate court or elsewhere is compelled to pay in effect an income tax of from 40 to 60 per cent. It is idle to expect that such a tax can be collected under and form of self assessment.

"It is not within the scope of this paper to discuss how the wealth invested in personal securities and mortgages shall be taxed, but certainly it should be by an effective and not an ineffective system, and it should be the first requisite of any rational system of taxation that the assessor should only assess what he can see and value."

ATHLETICS.

College Men Meet at New York For Preliminary Trials.

New York, May 24.—The athletes of a score of universities and colleges met this afternoon in the preliminary trials for the inter-collegiate championships at Berkeley oval. The finals will be held tomorrow afternoon at the same field. From the large number of entries, as well as the fact that the first time in several years the inter-collegiate cycle races will be held in conjunction with the meet, great interest was taken in the event. Yale was the favorite for the championship, although conservative estimates made Harvard a close competitor and Princeton a dangerous opponent.

One hundred yards run—Trial heat, won by H. H. Cloudman, Boudoin; C. S. Westney, Pennsylvania, second—time 10 2-5 seconds.

Second heat, won by F. M. Sears, Cornell; J. B. McLain, Pennsylvania, second—time 10 seconds.

Third heat, won by M. T. Lightner, Harvard; G. M. Cook, Pennsylvania, second—time 10 1-5 seconds.

Fourth heat, won by C. Dupree, Yale; Lee Haigh, Harvard, second—time 10 seconds.

Fifth heat, won by A. C. Duffes, Georgetown; R. M. Ingham, Yale, second—time 10 seconds.

Sixth heat, won by N. H. Hargrave, Yale; E. H. Goodman, Jr., Pennsylvania, second—time 10 1-5 seconds.

Putting 16-pound shot trials—R. Sheldon, Yale, 45 feet 9¼ inches; F. Beck, Yale, 43 feet 8 inches; C. Robinson, Harvard, 43 feet 4 inches; S. G. Fillis, Harvard, 40 feet 7 inches; A. D. Gill, Yale, 40 feet 1½ inches.

Half mile run, first trial heat—won by H. W. Hayes, Michigan; J. M. Perry, Princeton, second—time 2 minutes 2-5 seconds.

Second heat, won by H. E. Hastings, Cornell; D. W. Fanshot, Yale, second—time 2 minutes 12 1-5 seconds.

ROYAL YACHTS.

Though an enthusiastic sailor, Leopold II does not own a yacht, but contents himself with renting the Alberta, a roomy and comfortable craft, 300 feet long, formerly owned by an American, says the Record-Herald. The finest room on board is the king's bedroom, which extends across the entire width of the vessel and is unusually high. It is daintily-furnished in Venetian style, the prevailing colors being blue and white. Most of his majesty's time is spent there, therefore, he is to be consulted in the matter of the land fete. Yet the result, therefore, is to throw the entire burden upon the mortgagor, and the sense of injustice he feels in being required to pay a tax on the full assessed value of his land, when its value to him is reduced by the amount of the mortgage, is intensified by the recognized fact that the mortgage as a rule escapes taxation.

"When the state of California adopted its new constitution in 1879, this prevailing theory of the general property tax had been modified by the decision of the supreme court of that state, which held that mortgages were not taxable, on the ground that the taxation of the mortgage interest in the mortgagee after taxing the full value of the mortgaged lands to the mortgagor would be double taxation. Thus in California, mortgages were legally exempt, whereas in other states they were practically exempt. But this legal exemption of the mortgagee caused a demand for some system which would compel the mortgagee to share with the mortgagor the burden of taxation upon the land in which they both had interest. Thereupon the state adopted a plan, since known as the California plan, whereby the mortgage interest and the aquity of the mortgagor were separately taxed as distinct interests in the land. This plan was recommended by economists of high authority as consistent with economic justice and was adopted, not for the purpose of preventing double taxation as the decision of the supreme court had rendered this unnecessary, but in order to compel the mortgagee to share the burden of taxation, when he was legally, and practically, though not legally, a co-proprietor in the land. The supreme court of the United States, Savings Society vs. Mult Nomah county, 169 U. S. 421, in an Oregon case, said that this separate taxation of the mortgage interest, whether owned by a resident or a non-resident, was within the lawful power of the state.

"But the system, though recommended by economists and sustained by the courts, has proven wholly ineffective in relieving the mortgagor from the burden of taxation, for the reason that the mortgagee's tax has been shifted back upon the mortgagor, and this notwithstanding the expressed prohibition in any constitution whereby the mortgagor was obligated to pay the tax of the mortgagee. The testimony is universal that this prohibition has proven ineffective. The supreme court of California has sustained agreements for the reduction of interests in the event that the debtor pays the taxes, thus giving the debtor the option to pay without the obligation to pay them. So universal is this shifting that printed blanks are used embodying these agreements. We have also high authority for saying that the necessity of resorting to these contracts for shifting the tax has had a tendency to increase the rate of interest and divert capital from the state.

"The inevitable conclusion is that land should be taxed without reduction for mortgage liens and that no attempt should be made to tax mortgages. It is idle to attempt equality in taxation by a system which is necessarily ineffective. The real estate owner derives benefit from free competition of capital, in that he can borrow at the lowest rate of interest. The holder of real estate, certainly in our cities, expects a normal income on his property after paying taxes, but the unfortunate holder of mortgages or other personal securities who is caught by the assessor in the probate court or elsewhere is compelled to pay in effect an income tax of from 40 to 60 per cent. It is idle to expect that such a tax can be collected under and form of self assessment.

"It is not within the scope of this paper to discuss how the wealth invested in personal securities and mortgages shall be taxed, but certainly it should be by an effective and not an ineffective system, and it should be the first requisite of any rational system of taxation that the assessor should only assess what he can see and value."

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

EAST END LOTS.

$200—For a lot near the Normal school.
$400—For a lot on Center street.
$400—For a lot on Jefferson street.
$1200—For a corner lot on London road.
$1500—For a lot on East Superior street.
$700—For a lot on Fourth street.
$750—For a lot on Third street.

These lots are all 50x140 feet. Easy terms can be made if desired. For sale by

George H. Crosby,
106 Providence Building.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

FLAT—SEVEN ROOMS — STEAM heat; appointments first class.

STORE ROOM—BEST LOCATION on Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BUSINESS or residence property. Any amount and lowest rates.

FIRE INSURANCE CAREFULLY written in best companies.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

50-foot lot South Street Endion	$260
Lot on street car line and 38th Ave. W. upper side	$350
8-room house West Duluth	$600
House No. 2901 West 2nd Street	$1500
50-foot lot Helm's Addition	$475

Acre lots in West End cheap. 84 houses in all parts of the city. 10 lots on Park Point. Money to loan.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 3, 1901. Work, Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 27, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burt Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 12, 1901. Work, degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

D. U. L. U. T. H. COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 4, 1901. Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Tuesdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMUROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. Weske-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Eagles' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 312 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER, TELLS EVERYthing. 314 East Fifth street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

LOST.

LOST—ONE BAY PONY WITH ONE white foot, branded T on hip. Return to Thomas Doyle for reward. 5519 Rawley street, West Duluth.

LOST—A WEEK AGO THURSDAY, ladies' diamond ring on West Duluth or Woodland street cars, between Third avenue east and Twenty-eighth avenue west. Finder will receive reward for return to Herald office.

LOST—SUNDAY, ON THE WAY TO OR inside the Presbyterian church, lady's glasses. Please return to Herald office.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

VIOLIN, MANDOLIN, GUITAR, FLUTE, piano. Ch. Trautvetter, 3 over Big Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, LIVE PIGEONS; must be cheap. Zoology department, High School.

WILL BUY PINE IN ITASCA, ST. Louis and Lake counties. Muginnis & Bull, 526 and 527 Manhattan building.

MEDICAL.

CURSE OF DRINK
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at 9. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lack power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First street.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 Palladio building.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 590.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT—We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Sup street Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—20,000 BRICK, $5.00-M, at 2012 West First street. I. Downie.

FOR SALE—HEAVY DRAY WAGON. Inquire 519 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—TWO BUGGIES. CALL 622 Garfield avenue.

BUY YOUR NEW OR SECOND HAND engines, boilers, sawmills, planing mills and second hand machinery and supplies of us. We can save you money. Harris Machinery Co., J. U. Durant, Mgr 1011 Washington Ave, se., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALE—SOFA AND SIX-PIECE parlor set, cheap. 15 East Superior street. Room 4.

FOR SALE—FOLDING BED AND COcart. 1513 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR real estate. Tobacco and confectionery store. 10, Twentieth avenue west.

FOR SALE—1000 SHARES OF BLUE Grass Oil stock at a bargain. Address A. R., Herald office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FINE PAIR Fairbanks floor scales; capacity, two tons. Inquire 19 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CELERY PLANTS, 50 cents per 100. Jacob Dryke, Woodland.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seven room flat centrally located, within walking distance of business section. For full particulars address P. O. Box 679, Duluth.

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, ALmost new, cheap. Call afternoons or evenings. 1213 East Fourth street.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED UNderwear maker and sewing girl. 19 East Superior street, room 4.

ANY COMPLEXION WHICH WANTS improving should apply Satin-Skin Cream and Powder, beauty's sole agents, 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY TO CANvass city for calling cards. Address Card Writer, care Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL OR woman by the day. Good cook. 221 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—FIVE GIRLS TO SEW BY machine. Call overall factory, Fifth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FIRST-CLASS skirtmaker. Apply 503 Burrows block.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housekeeping; one who sleeps at home preferred; small family. Mrs. Robert A. Webster, 514 First avenue west.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 405 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT WOMAN FOR general housework. Call forenoons. 1210 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; no washing; one who can go home nights preferred. 31 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework for couple. Call mornings if possible. Baldwin flats—Flat 5.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings, 5302 West Main street, West Duluth.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED LUMber billing clerk or assistant bookkeeper. Must be accurate and rapid. Apply No. 401 Torrey building.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK IN LODGing house; easy work; requires no experience; $4 a week to commence with. Address P. O. box 274.

WANTED—AN EDGERMAN AT HUBbard & Vincent.

TWO EXPERIENCED FURNITURE handlers. No other need apply. Good wages. Apply G. C. Steele company.

WANTED—AT ONCE, YOUNG MAN stenographer and to help in office. Give age, state of last employer and experience; state salary wanted. Address X. Y. Z., Herald.

WANTED—STONE MASONS AND stone-cutters; wages 40 cents per hour, ten hours a day. 427 West Michigan street.

DOUBLE-ENTRY BOOKKEEPER wanted; give experience, references and salary expected. Address H 16, Herald.

WANTED—TWO GOOD, RELIABLE painters. W. W. Wheeler, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, present complete outfit of tools, include board and guarantee good wages after only two months practice. Catalogue and particulars free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

ORDINARY MECHANICS are plentiful, you can be something else; miles an hour. Call and investigate. C. S. Calder, representative International Correspondence Schools, 205-2-8 New Jersey Building, Duluth. Open evenings.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A POSITION TO DO LIGHT housework in a nice Christian family. No children preferred. Call at 313 East First street.

WANTED—A POSITION AT LIGHT housework in a nice family; no children preferred. Call at 313 East First street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING OR SEWing by the day. 613 West First street.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in office. Has had experience in insurance and other line of business; can furnish best of references. Address T 37, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer and stenographer by lady with five years' experience. Can furnish reference. Address M 37, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—FOUR OR FIVE DOLLARS can be made every day you work. Call Saturday and Sunday. Wentworth House, 111 West Superior.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING. C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

TRAINED NURSE.

TRAINED NURSE. 327 EAST SUPErior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PASTURE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HORSE PASTURE AT Spirit Lake. Telephone 3690.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Articles of Incorporation
OF
DULUTH REAL ESTATE CO.

We, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have organized by adopting the following articles of incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Duluth Real Estate Company." The principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota. The general nature of the business of said corporation shall be to loan money upon real estate, personal or other security; to negotiate and effect loans of money for other persons and corporations for a compensation; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and certificates of indebtedness, both for itself and as agents for others; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in bonds, notes, mortgages, stock of other corporations, and other property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, release and compound mortgages and other obligations; to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, real, mixed and personal property, in the state of Minnesota, state of Wisconsin and elsewhere, both for itself and as agents for other persons and corporations; to act as agent for other persons and corporations in the management, improvement, purchase and sale of property, and in the collection of rents and revenues therefrom, for a compensation; to act as agent for fire insurance companies, and in general to perform, execute and do all and singular acts and transactions necessary and proper to be done, executed and performed in carrying on a general real estate and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of commencement of said corporation shall be the first day of May, A. D. 1901, and the period of continuance of said corporation shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in at such times and in such amounts, and in such a manner as the directors shall determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00).

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are:
Franklin J. Pulford, Duluth, Minnesota.
Calvin F. How, Duluth, Minnesota.
Benjamin W. How, Sauk Centre, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors are:
Franklin J. Pulford.
Calvin F. How.
Benjamin W. How.

Said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the office of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the second Monday in January, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m.; the time to hold all subsequent meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation and the full management of all its affairs shall be vested in the above named board of directors until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, and thereafter shall be vested in a board of not less than three nor more than nine directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually by the stockholders at the annual meeting.

There shall also be the following officers of said corporation, who shall perform such duties and who shall have such power as may be prescribed by the board of directors and who shall be elected annually by the board of directors at the annual meeting held immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders:

A president.
A vice president.
A treasurer.
A secretary.

Any two of said officers, except the president and vice president, may be held by the same person at the same time. The directors and said officers of said corporation shall hold their respective offices for one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

The following persons shall act as officers of said corporation until the first annual meeting of the stockholders:
Franklin J. Pulford, president.
Benjamin W. How, vice president.
Calvin F. How, secretary and treasurer.

ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into one thousand (1000) shares of the par value of fifty dollars ($50.00) each.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our names and affixed our seals this 17th day of April, A. D. 1901.

FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, (Seal.)
CALVIN F. HOW, (Seal.)
BENJAMIN W. HOW, (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in the presence of—
E. Ingalls.
Saide McLennan.
L. H. Gray.
R. M. Clement.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

Before me a notary public within and for said county, this 17th day of April, 1901, personally appeared Franklin J. Pulford and Calvin F. How to me personally known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

EDMUND INGALLS,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF STEARNS—SS.—

Before me a notary public within and for said county, this 18th day of April, 1901, personally appeared Benjamin W. How to me personally known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and he acknowledged to me that he executed the same as his free act and deed.

A. F. KLUGE,
Notary Public, Stearns County Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMEN OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 21 day of May, A. D. 1901, at 10 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z 12 of Incorporations on page 617.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record May 10, 1901, at 11 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book M of Miscellaneous, page 622.

A. LOFGREN,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK,
Deputy.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—GOOD SIX ROOM HOUSE with woodshed and barn, at Woodland Park. Inquire Capt. E. Brown, Winona street, Woodland.

BOARDING HOUSE FOR RENT. ADdress "Agent," care Herald. Immediately.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 2609 West Third street; strictly modern. J. H. Whitely, 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace; ten rooms. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT FRONT rooms, unfurnished, hot water heat, bath. Call after 6 p. m. at 416 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, SUITABLE for man and wife, water included. 229 East Seventh street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room. 1 Mason flat.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, modern, $6. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT — FRONT FURNISHED room. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO WELL FURNISHED rooms cheap. 1109 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; gentleman preferred. 2021 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM with bath. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; will allow light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM modern. 125½ Tenth avenue east.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM WITHOUT BOARD. 725 EAST Fourth street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED—JUNE 1, TWO OR THREE rooms for light housekeeping. Central. No children Address T 88, Herald.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. Telephone 318.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3rd st. 'Phone 1226

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a.m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.
STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p.m. for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., W. H. SINGER, Mgr., 2 Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.—Duluth—Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.—Proctor—Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar.—Iron Jctn—Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.—Wolf—Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar. Sparta Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv.—Duluth—Ar	12 00 m	
7 15 pm	Ar.—Virginia—Lv	7:15 am	
7 40 pm	Ar.—Eveleth—Lv	7:35 am	
7 50 pm	Ar.—Ely—Lv	7:19 am	

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
**7 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†2 55 pm
12 10 pm		*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†12 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.
J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 40 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 30 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	* 4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	†8 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	†8 30 am
† 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	†6 00 pm

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

These Sideboards
$9.85

Made of solid hardwood in golden oak finish with fine mirror, nicely carved, well constructed and finished. In fact, it's the sort sold in the usual store for $15 or more.

OUR TERMS:

$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month	YOUR
$35.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month	
$40.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month	CREDIT
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month	
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month	IS
$75.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month	
$85.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month	GOOD.
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month	

French & Bassett
Complete House Furnishers.

ONLY BUTTER MADE IN DULUTH.

SEPARATOR CREAMERY
BR Primus
TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED BY,
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, - DULUTH, MINN.

BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

INVESTIGATION IS THE SEARCHLIGHT OF PROGRESS.

CAN YOU LEARN THIS LESSON?

IF YOU CAN, YOU CAN LEARN SHORTHAND.

A LESSON IN GREGG'S SHORTHAND.

K. C. R. L. N. M. T. D. A. E. I.

WRITE BY SOUND:

me meek get day eat near
meet make tray cake my keg

TO BE MEMORIZED:

A, an Can Good In He The Will Period

WRITE:

The lad will meet me in the lane.

READ:

GREGG SHORTHAND—the wonderful modern system of stenography which has, for the past several years, amazed and astounded the shorthand-writing world, is now being taught in Duluth. For information regarding the possibilities of this new system, call or address—

THE DRENNING SCHOOL, Eighth Floor, Torrey Bldg.

-At the-
Big Store

20 per cent discount on all Children's Carriages on hand.

65c per yard for genuine Lowel Carpet.

$20.40 for Steel Range with high closet.

Prices quoted to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other store in the city.

Night 'Phone 947. Day 'Phone 474.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

Youth and Old Age

Meet oftentimes now on the common ground of wearing glasses. The trouble is that people use their eyes for close work more than nature ever intended. In case of any trouble consult an oculist or reliable optician. We have had 13 years experience in testing eyes, and have thousands of satisfied customers in Duluth and vicinity.

3 West Sup. Street. C. D. Trott, Manufac'ng Optician.

FINE STATIONERY.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store
323 West Superior Street.

Invitations, Announcements, Visiting Cards, Etc., Printed and Engraved.....

Best work at Right Prices. Peachey & Lounsberry, Zenith 'Phone 336. Long Distance 327-3. 15 2nd Ave. W.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 758. N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713. D. H. DAY, Dentist.

TEST VOTE

Presbyterians Reject Minority Report.

Question Then Laid Over Until Monday.

Philadelphia, May 25.—After having signally defeated the amendment dismissing the subject of creed revision from further consideration yesterday, the Presbyterian general assembly today proceeded to discuss the first amendment to the revision committee's report, offered by Rev. Dr. James E. Moffatt, of Cumberland, Md. This amendment substitutes the minority report, which agrees with the majority report in all but recommendation B, suggesting the preparation of a summary of the reformed faith. Rev. Dr. William McKibben, of Cincinnati, who, with E. W. C. Humphrey, of Louisville, submitted the minority report, stated his reasons for disagreeing with the majority on recommendation B.

"In the minority report," he said, "we have a chapter on missions, a chapter on the love of God for men, a chapter on the holy spirit; we have relief in relation to elect infants, relief in the matter of oaths, relief regarding the pope and the misleading statements concerning God's works. Is this the relief which the assembly asked when the battle for dismissal was fought?

"Can we not get together? We hear many say that we cannot agree on anything, and others say we can agree on everything. Can we not make concessions?"

Dr. McKibben referred to the committee on revision of 1892, and said the members of that committe were careful to do nothing that would endanger the orthodoxy, unity and liberty of the church.

"Have you considered that the summary statement must be adopted as a whole by the presbyteries? In other words, you must draw thirty-two propositions so that not one will be objectionable to one-third of the presbyteries. You cannot adopt the statement seratim."

Dr. McKibben said he thought the minority report would be satisfactory to a larger number of presbyteries than the majority report.

George H. Stewart, president of the Auburn, N. Y., theological seminary, who is classed as a leader of the liberal party of the church, made a strong plea for the majority report. He said he signed the report though it does not represent his views. He had signed it because it was a compromise and was the best he could get. It did not offer the necessary relief. The sentiment for a new creed, he said, is growing early. He pointed to the fact that in 1899 there was not one voice lifted for a new creed. At the last assembly there was a marked sentiment for such a proposition. President Stewart said he wanted a revision. He did not want a declaratory statement, but he would take it if he could get nothing better.

Rev. Dr. Marcus A. Brownson, of this city, opposed both minority and majority reports, because he said the membership and wealth of the church had increased under the old confession as he feared it could not were a change made.

"If the assembly is lugged into the revision movement, I will sever my connection with the twentieth century fund," said Dr. Brownson. This threat elicited reproachful cries of "Oh" and "No," from the commissioners. Rev. C. E. Hubbard, of Buffalo, advocated the rejection of the minority report on the ground that it commits the assembly to a definite position on the question of a summary statement. While the majority report merely asks the assembly to continue consideration of the subject. At this point Vice Moderator Pitcairn took the chair and the floor was given to Moderator Minton, who spoke briefly against recommendation B of the majority report. He said the issue before the church today was more important than the one that has been before the assembly during the two preceding days. He maintained that this assembly had broken all precedent in having elected a moderator who did not know the difference between the old and the new school of theology, except what he knew from history. He was a child, he said, of the reunited church. For himself, he thought the movement as outlined an recomendation B, is fraught with the utmost danger. The errors in the confession of faith were only incidental and he believed the minority report offered the relief. He was afraid of the idea of compromise. There was a time for compromise, but he would earnestly try to get what he wanted before he would turn to a proposition to compromise.

Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, a member of the committee on revision, explained the reasons of the majority for inserting recommendation B. He carefully analyzed the confession of faith and showed the benefits to be derived from a short creed containing the essentials of the Westminster doctrine. He said:

"The confession contains statements not essential to our system of doctrine. The form of subscription proves this. We receive the confession as containing the system of doctrine, not as the doctrine itself. Specific confession statements prove the same point. Take the oath clause. A man may believe that or not without affecting his orthodoxy. The confession says there are two scriptural grounds for divorce. I do not believe it. There is only one; we know what that is; wilful desertion is sufficient ground for divorce. We believe this, and our standing is orthadox."

Dr. Johnson cited the consensus creed of 1892 and the confession of the Presbyterian Church of England as examples of brief systems of doctrine which might be followed by the assembly.

With a summary, Dr. Johnson said, the system would be better changed. Such a creed, he asserted, would dissipate all doubt regarding the subscription to the system of doctrine. It would also relieve the conscience of good men, now troubled about ordination vows.

Dr. George T. Purves, of New York, followed Dr. Johnson, after which a vote on the minority report was taken. The motion as originally put, was to substitute the minority report, from the report of the majority, but by an agreement of both sides the motion was changed so that the vote would be on the question of striking out recommendation B. The two reports agreed on everything but this recommendation. The motion to strike out the recommendation was lost by a vote of 234 to 271.

Joseph H. Vance, of Chicago, moved the previous question on the original motion—the adoption of the majority report in its entirety—but after the moderator said he hoped the matter would be laid over until Monday, the motion to put the previous question was overwhelmingly defeated.

As the assembly had agreed to adjourn at noon, to accept an invitation to visit Princeton university, adjournment was taken until 9 a. m. Monday.

Before the adjournment the moderator announced that Dr. J. D. Moffatt, president of Washington and Jefferson university, would have the floor at the opening of the debate on Monday, as he wished to offer an amendment to the motion to adopt the majority report.

When Dr. Moffatt was asked what the nature of his amendment was, he said:

"I don't know what it will be, but in view of the divided vote I want to think and consider something that we can send to the church with greater unanimity."

The commissioners left for Princeton on a special train at 1:45 p. m.

A CLERGYMAN OBJECTS

Colored Pastor of Brooklyn A. M. E. Church to Contest His Deposal and Would Form New Church.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 25.—Rev. H. C. C. Astwood, the deposed pastor of the Bridge Street A. M. E. church, of Brooklyn, N. Y., issued a call today for a conference of regularly ordained clergymen, to be held at Brooklyn, Sept. 2, for the formation of the colored Protestant Episcopal church. Dr. Astwood has decided not to bring suit to revoke the action of the Philadelphia conference in expelling him from membership. He will, however, bring a suit for damages in Brooklyn against the trustees of the Bridge Street church, who preferred charges against him.

Dr. Astwood gave out a long statement today denying the charges and claiming that they were instigated by the friends of Bishop Smith, whose election he opposed at the last session of the conference.

Dr. Astwood was for seven years United States consul at San Domingo, and is one of the most prominent colored men in the country.

Mr. Astwood's dismissal and the repudiation of Booker T. Washington by the conference has excited public interest in its proceedings. The Washington incident was brought about by W. Justin Carter, a Harrisburg lawyer, referring to him in a speech as one of the great negroes of the world. Rev. J. M. Henry, of Philadelphia, took exception to this, and offered a resolution that the reference to Mr. Washington be stricken from the minutes. He said that Mr. Washington was doing the colored race more harm than good, and the humbler minister is greater than he dared to be. Mr. Henderson insisted that he did not want to take any honor from Mr. Washton, but that the reference to him was not part of the record of the conference and should be stricken from the minutes. The resolution was adopted.

THE SWITCHMEN.

Switchmen's Journal to Issue From Headquarters.

Milwaukee, May 25.—The convention of the United Switchmen of North America is considering committee reports. It was decided today, that the Switchmens Journal will in the future be issued from the national headquarters. The present headquarters are located at Buffalo and is likely that a resolution will be adapted making Buffalo the permanent headquarters of the union. The editor of the Journal was placed on a salary basis instead of a stipulated fee. Other officers salaries were raised but the amount of increase will not be made public.

EMBEZZLERS.

Colorado Springs Officials Short In Accounts.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 25.—Moses T. Hale, who has been for eight years city treasurer of Colorado Springs, and Charles E. Smith, who was for four years prior to 1897 the city clerk, are under arrest on charges of embezzlement of $20,000 as principal and accessory. This action has been expected for some time, a shortage having been discovered May 1.

BOUND FOR HOME

The Presidential Party Bids Farewell to San Francisco.

An Immense Crowd Gathered to Witness the Departure.

Mrs. McKinley Elated at Prospect of Reaching Home.

San Francisco, May 25.—President McKinley and party, after a sojourn of nearly two weeks in this city, left for Washington shortly after 10 a. m. today.

Physicians in attendance on Mrs. McKinley, whose illness curtailed the trip, held their last consultation yesterday and after they had announced their decision that Mrs. McKinley was strong enough to endure the transcontinental journey, preparations for departure were rapidly made. Mrs. McKinley enjoyed a refreshing night's rest and seemed elated at the prospect of soon being at home. She was conveyed from the Scott residence to the Oakland ferry in a closed carriage by a circuitous route chosen that the invalid might pass only over smoothly paved streets. She was accompanied by the president, Dr. Rixey and a trained nurse. The rest of the party proceeded directly to the starting point.

An immense crowd had assembled at the ferry depot of the Southern Pacific railroad. The large open space at Market and East streets was a solid mass of humanity through which the police kept open a passageway for the president and his party. Heads were uncovered as the carriage bearing Mrs. McKinley approached, and there was a visible effort to restrain an outburst of applause as the carriage, with drawn curtains, passed slowly through the throng. All respected the frail condition of the sufferer and the enthusiasm was suppressed. There were no formal ceremonies at the depot. Good byes were exchanged by the president, cabinet members and others of the party, with the friends who had come to wish them Godspeed and the travelers boarded the ferry boat Oakland.

The carriage containing Mrs. McKinley was driven on to the lower deck of the boat and the curtains were partly raised so she might obtain a glimpse of the bay and the Golden Gate.

As the steamer drew off the slip hats and handkerchiefs were waved, and as it swung clear into the stream the shipping in the harbor dipped their colors in salute. Tumultuous cheers then broke forth on shore and were borne out across the waters—San Francisco's farewell.

WANTS TO MEET HIM.

De Wet Would Like to See Botha.

London, May 25.—"Gen. Botha has asked Gen. De Wet to meet him," says the Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Mail, "to discuss the situation."

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Registered Mail at Knife River Is Taken.

Two Harbors, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—During the absence of the agent, some parties broke into the Duluth & Iron Range depot, at Knife river, seven miles south of here, early this morning and stole a large amount of postage stamps and some registered mail from the postoffice. In the same building, the agent being postmaster also. The name of the postoffice is Mellie. Sheriff Nelson went to the place, but as yet has found no clue to the robbers. The value of the stuff taken has not been figured up.

NEW FLOUR MILLS.

Shirk and Ballou Endeavoring to Organize Company.

New York, May 25.—The Journal of Commerce says: It is rumored in the flour trade that Messrs. Shirk and Ballon, who have just resigned as general manager and treasurer respectively of the Hecker-Jones-Jewell Mining company, the largest company in the flour combine, this action being forced by the receivers of the company, are endeavoring to organize a new flour milling company with $300,000 capital and a capacity of about 3000 barrels of flour daily. It is also reported that C. M. Warner, of Syracuse, formerly a director of the American Malting company, and also in the old United States Flour Milling company, is interested in the new project. One of the old factories of the American Malting company, in this city, it is said, has been purchased and is now being remodeled for use as a flour mill.

AWAITS NEW COMMANDER.

Philadelphia, May 25.—The French training cruiser D'Estrees, which arrived here on May 5, sailed today for St. Pierre, Miquelon island, where she will await the arrival of her new commander, who is now on his way from France to Halifax, N. S. The vessel is in temporary charge of Capt. Moreau. The former commander of the D'Estrees, Count De Ramay De Sugny, who is in a hospital suffering from typhoid fever, is improving.

MANY LIVES LOST.

The Hague, May 25.—An official dispatch from Batavia, Java, says three Europeans and 178 natives perished as a result of the recent eruption of the volcano of Keloet.

NO HOPE FOR IBSEN.

Christiania, May 25.—Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian dramatist, has suffered a second stroke of apoplexy, and his condition is now almost hopeless.

PARDONED

President Extends Clemency to McKenzie.

His Release From Jail at Once Ordered.

Washington, May 25.—The president has pardoned Alexander McKenzie, now confined in the jail at Oakland, Cal., for contempt of the circuit court of appeals for the Ninth circuit.

Yesterday the attorney general made the following report to the president by wire:

"Have delayed report in the McKenzie case to make personal investigation as to wherein he is still in default, and in order that the effects of your act of clemency, should you be so disposed, might not be defeated by contentions as to the fact of compliance by McKenzie with the court's orders. The court advises me two specific things are yet to be done. I, therefore, now report, in lieu of previous one prepared by me under mistaken information as to fact of compliance, that in view of McKenzie's ill-health and the recommendation by the court whose writs he disobeyed, that his sentence be commuted so that he may be released when the contempt is purged by full compliance with the writs of supersedeas issued by the United States circuit court of appeals of the Ninth district. If you will telegraph me your decision, I will direct release when court advises me of compliance."

Last night the following telegram was received from Judge Morrow:

"McKenzie has this day fully complied with the order of the circuit court of appeals by turning over to the defendants the remaining property which came into his hands as receiver in the cases in which he stands commuted for contempt."

The attorney general thereupon sent an additional telegram to President McKinley advising the immediate and unconditional pardon of McKenzie. Upon receipt of the president's telegram notifying him that the pardon had been granted, the attorney general by wire instructed the jailer at Oakland to immediately release the prisoner.

A ROAR FROM SCOTLAND

An Appeal to Scottish Pride to Rise In Wrath Against the Invasion of the Almighty Dollar.

London, May 25.—"We trust in Scottish pride to rise in its wrath against this invasion of the almighty dollar," says the Review of the Week, commenting on Andrew Carnegie's munificence to Scotland's universities. "Many of the oldest and best families in Scotland," continues the periodical, "send their sons to Scottish universities, where they pay the fees, like the sons of their humblest neighbors, neither more nor less. Is it to be believed that this will continue if the fees are paid for them by Mr. Carnegie? Imagine the duke of Hamilton, Cameron of Lochiel, or Macdonald of the Isles allowing his heir to get education at the cost of an American ironmonger! We shall next hear of a Chicago pork-packer proposing to buy up Oxford and Cambridge and dictating terms of admission and the subjects to be taught; or of Boss Croker forming a lobby to control the London university, with the object of inculcating Tammany principles in the mind of the rising generation of Cockneys."

The St. James Gazette, in an editorial headed "The Anglo-Saxon Millenius," commenting on a pessimist's proposal that "Yankee Doodle" be made the national anthem; that the American language be made compulsory in the schools and that the coronation of J. Pierpont Morgan be arranged for June or July next, says:

"But there is a bright side of the Americanization of this insignificant country. It ought to make war impossible. How can the patriotic American suffer from Anglophobia when he loves England so much that he wants to be her owner? How could he sink merchant ships in which his own money is invested? War would ruin his industrial enterprises, stage, press and locomotive companies, philanthropic schemes, aristocracy, race riding—in fact, everything except our agriculture, which has ceased to exist."

NOT A POPULAR HERO

Sir Alfred Milner Who Will Take His Seat In House of Lords Is Detested By the Radical Party.

New York, May 25.—Sir Alfred Milner, who was received with municipal compliments when he landed at Southampton and by a distinguished company of ministers and military men at Waterloo station, looked distinctly older and more care worn than when he left London for Cape Town a few years ago, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. His hair has grown grizzled. He has aged in many ways. Rumors about his resignation of the post of high commissioner have died out. He was clearly in need of a vacation, and consultations between him and Mr. Chamberlain will be of the utmost service in determining the future of South Africa and preventing the handing over of the new colonies to representatives of the mining interests. The imperial civil service needs to be strengthened in every possible way, and the mining companies restricted to their own sphere of operations.

The king's action in raising Sir Alfred Milner to the peerage was quite in accordance with public expectation. It is not definitely known what title he will assume, but probably he will retain the name he made so famous, and will take a seat in the house of lords next month as Lord Milner. Not many years ago Sir Alfred was the rising hope of the Liberal party and Mr. Asquith and Sir William Harcourt were among those present at the farewell dinner given to him prior to his departure for Cape Town in April, 1897, to succeed the late Lord Rosmead as high commissioner. The times are changed and Sir Alfred Milner is now cordially detested by the Radical party. He is certainly not a populah hero, but he occupies a unique position. Whether he will be as successful a British empire builder in South Africa as Lord Cromer as shown himself to be in Egypt and the Soudan, the future alone can tell.

GOT THIRTY THOUSAND

Burglars Enter Bank at Mineral Point, Wis., Blow the Vault and Secure a Handsome Sum of Ready Cash.

Milwaukee, May 25.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Mineral Point, Wis., says: The First National bank of this city was burglarized early today, the robers getting away with $20,000 or more, mostly in currency. The loss is fully covered by insurance. Entrance was effected through the shingled roof of the building, which is a 1-story structure, thence from the attic to the vault by digging away the arched brick. From the inside the vault door was forced open and a so-called burglar-proof safe was blown open with nitro-glycerine. Everything indicated that the robbery had been carefully planned in advance. Officers are scouring the country, and telegraph and telephone wires are kept busy, but as yet there is no clue to the robbers. Business will be interrupted but temporarily.

A later report says the amount secured by the robbers is $30,000. A reward of $1000 is offered for the arrest of the guilty parties. It is thought the robbery was committed by two suspicious characters who were seen across the street from the bank a month ago, at which time it is supposed the men planned the affair. As there are no night trains out of Mineral Point, it is thought the robbers came from a nearby town and later drove back and caught a train which took them to one of the small towns on the Mississippi, where they are now hiding.

The large amount of cash was to be used in paying off the miners and laborers today. The robbers probably timed their visit to a day when they knew the funds would be large.

Our New Building will be ready about September 1st

And while this is going up we are going to pull down prices. We are bound to reduce our stock to prevent us from handling it twice—we are bound to reduce our stock because we had overloaded ourselves—because we are crowded for room.

In our Carpet and Drapery Department

These beautiful Bedroom Curtains for only

$1.25 a pair

We have been as busy as bees and hope to continue so until every thread is sold, and why shouldn't we—

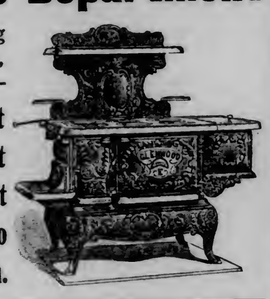
When you can buy a Velvet Carpet for ..... 75c a yard
When you can buy a 60c Ingrain Carpet for ..... 35c a yard
When you can buy a 9 x 7-6 Art Square for $2.25
When you can buy a 9 x 10-6 Art Square for $3.50
When you can buy a 9 x 12-0 Art Square for $4.00
When you can buy Lace Curtains in all styles for less money in our store than in any other store in this city

EITHER FOR CASH OR CREDIT.

In our Furniture and Stove Department

WE ARE kept a-hustling while others are at ease, and it is for the same reason—

Because our Prices are right
Because our Goods are right
Because our Terms are right
Because we give CREDIT to the poor as well as the rich.



Our Special Sale on Baby Carriages and Go-Carts. Do not fail to look us over. You will miss it if you do. Your credit is good.

Bayha & CO.

24 and 26 East Superior St.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. F. D. Vibert went to Superior Thursday evening to make a brief visit with friends.

At Stillwater, on May 23, C. O. Gronau, of Cloquet, and Miss Celia Duncan, were united in matrimony. The groom is one of our hustling lumbermen and the bride is a sister of Mrs. John O'Donnell, of this town.

Mrs. B. F. Moody is visiting with her son, Peter Moody, who has been very sick, but is improving.

John O'Brien's son is now out of danger although still a very sick boy.

One of Erickson's lumber teams caused quite an excitement on Avenue A yesterday by running away. They finally collided with a post in front of the Northern Lumber company's store, thereby saving the plate glass front.

Jennie Melville went to Wrenshall Thursday to attend the closing exercises of the public schools. Miss Margaret Ultican, of Cloquet, has been teaching there during the past term, and has proven herself a very competent instructor.

The program for the high school commencement exercises, June 1, has been announced, and is as follows:

Invocation .. .. ..

VAN SANT IS HERE

He Forms Advance Contingent of the Banquet Visitors.

Other Distinguished Officials to Arrive This Evening.

West Duluthians Elated Over Prospects for Banquet.

Governor an Sant arrived from St. Paul this noon and was met by a large committee of the members of the West Duluth Republican club, at whose banquet he will be one of the guests of honor this evening. The governor was escorted to the Spalding hotel, where an informal love feast was being held in the lobby this afternoon, attended by a number of the prominent Republican county and city officials and politicians. In the committee to greet the governor at the train were Representative G J Malory, Register of Deeds A. Lofgren Aldelman L. A. aBrnes, County Superintendent of Schools A. T. Park, Judge Robert Stone, Street Commissioner Meidahl, President C. W. Nitternuer of the club, Dairy Inspector Otto Gilvert, Postmaster C. C. Salter, W. B. Hartley E. O. Wohlin and several other prominent citizens of West Duluth. Governor Van Sant is looking hale and hearty and says that he is in good trim for tonight's banquet.

It was expected that he would be accompanied from St. Paul by Senators Nelson and Clapp, Dar Reese and a number of the other state officials, but Governor Van Sant says that the rest of the crowd will reach the city this evening. There is a little doubt expressed as to whether Senator Nelson will be able to reach the city for the banquet and an effort is being made this afternoon to reach him by wire to find out the prospect of his getting here in time. Senator Clapp would have been here this noon, but was delayed in South Dakota by a washout on a railroad. He will surely arrive this evening, however. With Dar ticese will come C. H. Whitney, the state printer, Representative Larson, Julius Bloch, state treasurer, and a number of other members of the legislature that assured Governor Van Sant they would be here.

The West Duluth contingent was highly elated this afternoon as the list of distinguished guests began to lengthen out and some of them are telling the uptown politicians that they can have the list to reserve for a future occasion after they are through with this banquet. Governor Van Sant suggested this afternoon that the rest of the St Paul crowd be taken off the train at West Duluth. He says that it is fair that they should patronize home industry and should not have anything to eat until they sit down at the banquet.

DULUTHIANS ATTRACTED.

Oil Field Which Is Coming Into Prominence.

Information is continually reaching this city of the great possibilities in old fields at Elko, Nev. The La Monte Oil company, of San Francisco, has begun operations in that district. The company has had the old fields examined by three oil experts, all of whom have pronounced the surface showings to be immense, in fact some of the Pennsylvania oil men who have vis ited the region say that the oil fields of Elko give promise of being the biggest they have ever seen. The oil company owns 5800 acres of the land in the oil belt, and is said to be a close corporation that will not be content with drilling one or two wells, but will go ahead and thoroughly prospect alists land. The development of the company's oil property and the opening of a coal mine is rapidly populating the town of Elko. It is expected that seven companies will be drilling on this oil belt by August, some of them already getting machinery on the ground. The oil is supposed to come from a fossil formation and vegetation and the analysis of a large body of shale on the oil belt shows 5 per cent lubricating oil of a gravity of 23 degrees and 20 per cent of paraline in addition to light oils, kerosene and naphtha. The excellent prospects of the company is attracting the attention of Duluth investors.

BARNUM DISCLAIMS.

No Dance House In That Village.

W. H. Noyes, editor of the Barnum Gazette, is in the city to attend the banquet of the West Duluth Republican club tonight. He says that the people of Barnum were somewhat shocked to see that very decent little burg accused of having a dance house in is limits, as stated in the reports of the prosecution of R. A. Stanley, of the Blue Light saloon.

"Barnum is a very respectable place," said Editor Noyes, "and it has never had such an institution in its history. One has been started near Moose Lake, on the line of the Northern Pacific, between Barnum and Moose Lake, and that is undoubtedly the one referred to in the reports.

"Carlton county is booming apace. We are getting in more new settlers constantly, and the county is filling up with an active and industrious lot of valuable citizens. The big fair that Carlton county holds every year will take place at Barnum, as usual, and it is expected to be the best yet, so many settlers have come in and so flourishing are agricultural industries of all sorts."

Prompt.

William Donelson has just received check for $1000 on policy No. 580 held by his mother, Lady Loveland, a recent member of Duluth hive, No. 1, Ladies of the Maccabees. This order is very prompt in making payments of death claims. Press Committee, Duluth Hive, No. 1.

Plat Commission Meeting.

To whom it may concern: There will be a meeting of the plat commission of St. Louis county held at the office of the county surveyor, 613 Palladio building, Monday, May 27, at 1 o'clock p. m. Plat Chrisholm, situated in section 21, township 58, range 20.

CHARLES P. FRANK,
Secretary Plat Commission.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St. Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

To Success in the five-cent cigar trade is our already successful and popular Alaskan Nuggets.

Charles E. Flynn, one of the members of "The Evil Eye" company now playing at the Lyceum in this city, is a relative of Capt. John Flynn, of this city. He plays the part of Bertrand and is a fine baritone singer. He has been with the company about a year.

David T. Adams, according to a deed filed for record yesterday afternoon in the office of the register of deeds, has purchased a third interest in the minerals on some land in 58-15, from Aaron T. Bliss, of Saginaw, Mich., for $20,000. The lands are in sections 2, 3, 5, 7 and 8, and they amount to 431.50 acres.

There will be no services at the Glen Avon church tomorrow.

Maud Muller on a summer's day
Raked the meadows sweet with hay,
Under a hat that Kelly cleaned.
No wonder the judge in radiance beamed.

The Tiger baseball team will play Cloquet high school June 1. The team has been showing much improvement lately, and will give the lumber town fans as big a bite as they can conveniently chew.

Today is the last day for the sale of the first issue of the stock of the Nevada Paraffine Oil company. The sale at the price at which the stock first went on will close at 6 o'clock.

Professor Gurat, by request, will give a party at Lester, Monday, the 27th.

Tom Reed cigars is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

Oatka

Auditorium dance tonight. Tell your friends.

PERSONALS.

Rev. K. A. Lundin is attending a mission conference in Ogema, Wis., this week.

A. D. Davidson is confined to his home at 1sld East Superior street by illness. He has had a severe attack of erysipelas, but is somewhat better.

T. W. O'Brien, a Bay City, Mich., lumberman, is in the city for a few days, a guest of the St. Louis.

W. F. Mackey, of Stillwater, Minn., was a business visitor here today.

C. F. Moulton, of Madison, Wis., is a guest of the St. Louis.

R. L. McCormick, of Hayward, Wis., of the Duluth Universal Milling company, is in the city on a business visit. He is accompanied by Mrs. L. McCormick.

Mr and Mrs. C. H Heath, of Port Dodge, Iowa, are visitors in the city over Sunday.

Oliver H Hill of Philadelphia, Pa., is a guest of the Spalding today.

James Corrigan, the shipowner and mining man, of Cleveland, Ohio, arrived I ehtieayt nnn too shrdlu cmfwyp vbgkkq in the city this noon.

D Wittenberg Jr of Tower, was among the range visitors in the city this afternoon.

Richard Whiteside, of Ely, arrived in the city this morning.

John Reidy, of Ashland, is in the city to spend Sunday.

Mrs. R E. Stephenson, of Ontonagon, Mich., is visiting friends in the city.

Opening

Dance at Oatka auditorium tonight. First-class car and ferry service.

BASE BALL

Tomorrow.
Opening Game Season of '01.
Duluth vs. Superior
at Duluth Driving Park.
Game called at 3:15 p. m.

ON A SPECIAL.

Hibbing Merchants Travel to Duluth In Style.

The mistaken delivery of a telegram at Hibbing caused no end of trouble and considirable expense yesterday. J Rittmaster a traveling agent for the house of H. Cohn & Son, of Chicago, was at Milaca and sent a telegram to A. Karon, of Hibbing asking if he could meet him in Duluth on Friday and inspect samples. He received a wire in the affirmative and brought his sample trunks here. Yesterday at the St Louis a man accosted him and said that he had received his telegram and was ready to talk business.

"Why you are not the man I telegraphed for," said Mr. Rittmaster.

"Well here is the telegram," he responded and handed one addressed to A. B. Kerling. It was Mr. Rittmaster's telegram given the wrong address. Mr. Kerling is at the head of a telephone company and was expecting an agent to sell him some supplies and thought this was the man.

A visit to the telegraph office showed that the telegram went through Duluth addressed all right and that the fault was unquestionably with the railroad company here.

The next step was to visit the railroad office. Inquiry soon showed that the fault was with the delivery at Hibbing. It was easy enough to settle Mr. Kerling's bill of expense but to settle with Mr. Rittmaster was another thing. Mr. Karon wired that he could not get away until Wednesday. Mr. Rittmaster could not stay that long and had therefore lost two days of time and the transportation of himself and trunks. The bill was a little heavier than the railroad company wanted to foot.

"Will you call it square if we have Mr. Karon in Duluth this evening?" he was asked.

"Why, yes, but how can you do that? hTere is no train today," said Mr. Rittmaster.

"Never ming how, but we will have him in Duluth tonight," was the response.

hTe road was as good as its word and the clothing merchant of Hibbing walked into the St. Louis hotel last evening with the air of a railroad king. He had come from Hibbing to Duluth in a special train. There is probably not one of Duluth's merchant princes that can tell how he traveled in a special train to buy goods. Mr. Karon will regale the good people of Hibbing with stories of his famous ride in his own special train.

BUYS A FURNACE.

ohn M. Thomas Gets One at Milwaukee.

John M. Thomas, of this city, is said to have purchased, with his brother at Milwaukee, the Minerva blast furnace, which his brother has been operating at that city under a lease for a couple of years past. It is a furnace of about 125 tons capacity, and that its operation has been successful is evidently proved by the fact that the Thomas brothers are now buying it.

It is understood that this will not change the plans of Mr. Thomas with reference to Duluth, and that the resumption of operations at the plant here may not be far distant

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Jennie.

I will meet you tonight at Oatka auditorium. FRED.

IT WILL BE READY

Street Railway Company Will Not Delay Street Paving.

Track Laying Will Be In Advance of Paving.

Trouble With the Lamborn Avenue Bridge at Superior.

Just as soon as the city lets the contract for the brick pavement on Superior street next week, and the contractors begin the work, the street railway company will begin to lay the new track that t has promised on Superior street as soon as the paving matter was settled. The company anticipated the action of the city in deciding to go ahead with the paving, and some time ago ordered the new 70-pound rail that are to replace the lighter rails now in use. The steel has not yet arrived, but is expected to be here as soon as it will be needed.

Manager Warren said this noon that the work of laying the new track will precede the paving; that is, the track will be laid ahead of the new pavement. About a block of the old track will be torn up at a time, and the new rails put down. But one of the tracks will be taken up at a time, and a single track will be used between streets while the other track is being laid Portable cross-overs will be placed at each end of the new trackage thus facilitating matters.

Manager Warren says that the matter will be arranged so that there will be very little, if any, delay to the regular traffic. The old ties now in use under the track will be torn up and a Portland cement concrete beam will take their place under the new rails, no ties being used wherever the new track is put down.

One of the new double truck cars will be taken for a trial run over the interstate division to Twenty-first street, Superior, tonight. Two of the cars have been taken out on Superior street, in this city, but this will be the initial trip of a new car over the bridge and on the Superior track of the company.

Before the new cars will be regularly installed on the interstate run some work will be done at the Lamborn avenue bridge, over Howard's Pocket, at the barge works This is a swing bridge, and as the work is done by hand, the bridge is small and narrow Even with the old cars there is so narrow a space between the cars and the iron work of the bridge that it was dangerous for a person to put his head out of a window for even a few inches. The new cars will barely make the bridge, and to make the traffic more safe the tracks over the bridge will be changed somewhat

Harry, Don't Fail

Me tonight at Oatka auditorium.

To Play at Cloquet.

The Hub baseball nine will go to Cloquet tomorrow to play the Papermakers of that city. The Hub nine has been strengthened by the addition of Messrs. Ruskie, Young and Robinson, of the Juniors. The line-up of the team is as follows: Robinson, catcher; Young, pitcher; Blewett, first base; Lundgren, second base; Brackmann, third base; Salvoy, shortstop; Coombs, centerfield; Buskie, right field; Ryan, left field.

Returned.

Dr. Routh has returned and will be at his office in the Palladio building Monday morning at 10:30.

Gregg Shorthand School.

W. A. Dremning, of Chicago, has established a shorthand school in the Torrey building. The system taught, the Gregg, is the one which has created such a furore among writers of shorthand, and by its simplicity completely revolutionized modern methods of shorthand writing. Mr Dremning comes to Duluth direct from the Gregg school, conducted by the author of the system, of which he has had charge. Having been formerly a member of the faculty of the Metropolitan Business college of Chicago, the largest commercial institution in the United States, his varied experience as a writer and teacher places him in the van in matters pertaining to shorthand education.

HAS DEFECTS.

Examiner Pope Comments on the Poor Board Law.

Public Examiner E. M. Pope returned last night from Two Harbors, and this afternoon he had a conference with the St. Louis county poor board, County Auditor Halden and County Treasurer Whipple over some of the eccentricities of the law creating the poor board.

"The law can be made to work all right," said Gen. Pope to a Herald reporter this morning, "at least until the legislature meets next winter and fixes it up, but in some particulars it is hardly well devised. It permits the poor board to levy taxes for its expenses, and to draw orders on the poor fund district, without passing through the hands of the auditor. If the poor fund runs out, the orders are to be paid out of the general fund. This latter part of the law we cannot permit to operate. The county board levies the general fund for a specific purpose, and it will mix matters up terribly if a board whose proceedings it knows nothing about spends money out of it. When the poor fund is exhausted it should be treated as any other exhausted fund, and it should not be relinquished at the expense of other funds. The law provides that the existing overdraft of $40,000 or more is to be made up out of the county revenue or general fund, and there is at present about $42,000 in that fund. The small amount is due to the refunds on the forfeited tax sale account. But it will be impossible to make up that overdraft out of the revenue fund.

"It is necessary that the orders should pass through the auditor's office, and I shall ask the poor board to have their orders printed so that they shall not be payable without the auditor's signature. That will make it necessary to take them to the auditor's office, where they can be registered."

LITTLE JIMMY'S MARVELOUS RECOVERY.

1—The Doctor: Sick? Yes, he has a bad attack of wanto-s!

2—Luckily I have brought my saw——

3—And this axe for the operation.

4—And I think this knife will be of good service.

5—Now, if you will hold the chloroform, I will proceed to perform the operation.

6—What! Gone! Well, I'm surprised!

PAY! PAY! PAY!

City Wants License Money For the Lyceum Theater.

warrant was issued this morning for the arrest of E. Z. Williams owner and manager of the Lyceum theater, for conducting a place of amusement without a license.

The complaint was made by Capt. F. E. Resche. He says that the license for the Lyceum expired on April 28 and that Mr. Williams was requested to renew it. This, the authorities say, he failed to do.

The complaint cites the fact that without the license Mr. Williams presented Charles H. Yale's mechanical trick spectacular sensation, "The Evil Eye," before a large audience last evening.

The warrant was served on Mr Williams at the box office of the Lyceum late this afternoon, and it was arranged that he should appear in court on Monday morning. The license over which the trouble arose costs $150.

THE AIR LINE.

To Be Built By Northern Michigan Railroad.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 25.—The projected 60-mile air line from St. Ignace to this point is to be built by a corporation to be organized under the name of the Northern Michigan railroad. The right-of-way has been more than half secured. The Grand Rapids & Indiana, a Pennsylvania controlled road is supposed to be behind the project.

Conroy Wins.

New York, May 25.—Convoy wins the Brooklyn handicap.

BAD STORM

Does Great Damage In Utah and Surrounding Country.

Salt Lake, Utah, May 25.—A heavy wind storm has been sweeping over Nevada, Utah, Southern Idaho and Wyoming for the past thirty hours, the velocity at times reaching fifty miles an hour and over. The storm has resulted in almost complete prostration of telegraph and telephone service in all directions. Meager reports from outside cities tell of uprooted trees, wrecked outbuildings and other damage. The storm was particularly severe through Nevada and Utah, and in places across the desert the flowing sand almost buried the railroad tracks for miles. Around Great Salt lake, a perfect sirrocco prevailed. The sand, lifted in great clouds by the hurricane, at times almost obscured the sun and covered everything inches deep. In Salt Lake City most damage was done to shade trees and outbuildings.

BLAINE INTERESTED.

Has Assignment of Claim of Engineer Brown.

New York, May 25.—According to a dispatch to the Times from Washington, James G. Blaine has acquired an interest by assignment on the claim of Brown, an American engineer, against the government of the Transvaal and afterwards against the government of Great Britain, for damages amounting to a sum between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000, on account of executive action by Mr. Kruger, depriving him of mining lands in the Transvaal. A successful prosecution of this case would involve the principle that the British government is liable for denials of justice on the part of the government of the Transvaal, which is not yet an accepted canon of international law.

Opening

Dance at Oatka auditorium tonight. First-class car and ferry service.

A FEW MORE RASCALS.

Army Officers Arrested For Crooked Work.

Manilla, May 25.—Capt. Michael Spellman, Lieut. Delbert, R. Jones and Surgeon Dudley W. Welch, of Company G, Forty-third infantry, stationed at Masin, Southern Leyte, have been arrested on the charge of trading in permits to ship hemp from the closed ports. They will be tried gy courtmartial. It has not been determined whether Manilla hemp buyers are directly implicated.

CUBAN DANZON.

Famous Dance Which Shocks American Visitors.

Not long ago it was my privilege to escort a distinguished Pennsylvanian to a public hall at the Tacon Theatro, in Havana, and there to observe the rising tide of his emotions. This was much more interesting than the passing show, already familiar. Finally he turned away and looked at me seriously, says the Philadelphia North American.

"This," he said, "is not a matter for a jest. This people really will not do. The Sanitary Department, which has been so successful in its physical labors, should begin to deodorize the race morally. Meanwhile, I have one request to make of you. Do not resume your arguments that the Cubans are fit for self-government. Let us go away."

You see the effect of Presbyterianism inherited and American morality acquired by a lifetime's mingling with respectability. This gentleman has never attended a French ball in Madison Square garden, nor any of the public dances in Philadelphia where tickets are "50 cents, admitting lady and gent." Thus he could not be pleasantly surprised by the sobriety of that crowd of Cubans, the lack of boisterousness and vulgarity, the utter absence of the tendency to impropriety which at a similar affair in the United States would be prominent. He saw only the "danzon," and mentally reeled from the shock. And while I duplicate his sweeping conclusions, I cheerfully admit that there was some basis for his feeling of antagonism to the show.

Only one dance is used at these affairs, the famous Cuban danzon. It is not easily described, but once seen is never forgotten. The dancers asesume the same position as a couple waltzing, but the motion is very slow, with an undulating movement, which only Cubans can achieve with grace. This, perhaps, is as close a description as it is safe to give. The most remarkable feature is the monotony of it, which for some reason does not tire.

But after the somewhat astonishing manner of dancing has grown familiar, the spell of the music becomes more potent to the stranger. It is weird, fascinating, indescribable—a combination of melody and discord that could not be produced by anything but a Cuban band. You could no more whistle a danzon than you could the music of an Indian war dance. When hearing it played you can follow the intricate entanglement of the with ease, yet the moment the band stops it is impossible to recall a fragment of the music. Only a haunting memory of wild, throbbing sound remains, with an undertone of sighing melody.

Unquestionably its origin is partly oriental. There were parts of the music that recalled songs I had heard in native villages on the east coast of Africa. You might say it was a combination of the barbaric music of the dark races and the sensuous melodies of Spain, the whole adapted to a kind of irregular rag-time.

The strings begin the dance, with a rapid flight of variations which the ear can hardly follow. The tone grows louder and the time faster, until suddenly two instruments like cornets, but shriller in tone, cut in with piercing sounds. The music runs in impossible scales, the cornets trilling rapid variations in a high key, while the violins furnish a background of softer tone. As the notes of brass rise the kettle drums break in, and the man operating them pounds furiously, until the whole combines in a stupefying burst of sound. Through it all one can hear astaccato clatter. One player holds a gourd-like instrument of hollow wood in his left hand and strikes it rapidly with a stick in his right. The time is rag-time gone mad.

For a few seconds all this continues, then suddenly the brass and the drums cease, and the violins are heard again, weaving strange soft melody on the throbbing strings. Presently the same variations are repeated, and thus it goes on, hour after hour.

One always wants to hear the music again. The weird throbbing of it rings in one's ears for hours, and though it carries no impression of tune or harmony the strange fascination is there.

As to the danzon itself, my friend's remark as to the Cubans will apply. It "will not do." Americans have not the temperament to enjoy it as it is danced at the public halls. They are too self-conscious, even if their ideas of propriety were sufficiently elastic. As it is, most of them declare the dance is immoral.

It will not do to adopt such a sweeping opinion. The danzon is prominent on the program at the most fashionable club dances, where debutantes and matrons dance it as a matter of course. But at such affairs it is modified so that it is little different from a slow waltz, and even an American, with his highly trained and suspicious moral sense, could not see anything in it but a graceful dance. Unfortunately those who have seen it at public balls find it hard to rid themselves of the prejudice there acquired.

Oatka

Auditorium dance tonight. Tell your friends.

Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

PROMINENT real estate men will answer this question in The Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what C. H. GRAVES has to say about it next Saturday.

THE WONDER OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

AN AGE OF DISCOVERY.

The world has advanced at a rapid pace during the century just ended, and nothing in the line of new discoveries startles us now as it did a few years ago, but for countless ages men have desired to see the things which we have seen in the course of the wonderful century recently closed. With all the improvements socially, commercially and morally, to the call of the watchers on the towers of progress there had been the one sad answer, the people sit in darkness and in the shadow of death. Cold philosophy shed a glimmer of light on the pathway of man, and religion, in its various guises, has done much to illuminate his sad heart, but neither availed to lift the curse of disease and suffering from the sin-begotten sons of Adam.

So often am I asked to explain, or at least talk about, the healing power which I possess, that the few lines which follow need no excuse. They may be taken as a concise statement of what I know, or rather what I believe, in regard to this wonderful phenomenon.

In the first place, I will pass over any discussion of the reality of this wonderful power—that is a fact as well established as that the sun shines. Hundreds, yes, thousands, have testified to the wonderful cures it has performed, and to feeling the immediate effects of the laying on of hands in actual waves of sensation which tingle along the nerves. Speaking of this sensation, felt in a greater or less degree by all my patients, many have compared it to a mild current of an electric battery. In this connection I may say that expert electricians have investigated me carefully and found no trace of electric energy beyond that which exists in every human body. This power I firmly believe was given me by God. When I came out of a mysterious trance, about fifteen years ago, I was not aware of any healing power, but felt that something inexplicable had happened. As a joke, I told a friend I could cure him of a chronic headache. To the surprise of both I did. Another friend insisted that I should remove a tumor from her side, and I gave her a treatment and the next morning the tumor was gone. The tumor was of ten years' standing. In this manner I discovered the power which had been given me. I realized its importance, and determined to devote my life to the relief of suffering. This magnetic power was given me in trust. I must use it worthily or it may be taken from me. I am unable to explain how it comes or how it acts. No matter how many treatments I may give in a day it is not exhausted. Patients have told me that at times they feel the power more than at other times. This is caused, not by any difference in the power itself, but by difference in the physical and mental condition of the patient. In one condition he may be a conductor, while in another he is a non-conductor. This, then, is all I know of the strange and wonderful healing power which I possess. Whence it comes I do not know, and how it works I can have but a faint idea, but that it has been given me by God for the healing of mankind, as far as time and strength will allow, I believe, and my constant aim is so to employ is as to be worthy of trust.

Any one bringing this clipping will be entitled to consultation free. Office at 17 East Superior street.

For a Summer Trip

You cannot do better than to visit the East. Scenically and historically it is rich in interest, and with the added attraction of the Pan-American exposition, at which you have the privilege of stopping on tourist tickets reading over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway—an ideal vacation may be spent. Our publication, "Lake Shore Tours," a copy of which will be sent on application, contains outline maps of a number of the choicest and most popular trips, with rates. Chautauquans will be interested in the opening of our new and direct line to this famous recreative and educational resort. "Book of Trains" gives full information concerning our very complete passenger service to the East. Address W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott arcade, St. Paul, Minn. F. M. Byron, G. W. A., Chicago.

$5.75 Round Trip to St. Paul & Minneapolis $5.75.

Via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale every day from May 27 to June 4, inclusive. Good to return up to and including June 15. The Bee line limited, at 1:25 p. m., fastest train to Minneapolis, arriving at 6 p. m. and St. Paul 6:25 p. m. Night express leaves at 11:10. Secure tickets and berths at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

Over "The North-Western Line."

The "Twilight Limited" daily at 4:30 p. m. for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater.

The "Chicago Fast Mail" daily at 5 p. m. for Eau Claire, Marshfield, Wausau, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Milwaukee and Chicago. Parlor cars, dining cars, Pullman sleepers.

WILCOX-TANSY PILLS
Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2
Send for Woman's Safeguard (free).
WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?
Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

BRINGING RESULTS

Secretary Hill's Method of Advertising Is Bearing Fruit.

Highland Power Scheme Is Attractive to Manufacturers.

Plow Concern Which Will Look Into It Soon.

In connection with his plan of advertising Duluth in every way available, Secretary Thomas E. Hill of the Duluth Improvement company, who has been visiting the schools of the city and giving a series of lectures to the pupils on the ways in which they could beautify the city, left with his hearers improvement circulars and letter-heads, which he requested the young men and women to use in writing to people outside of the city who might be interested in manufacturing enterprises of any nature. Mr. Hill urged that by getting various kinds of manufactories in Duluth, there would be no occasion for the young people of Duluth to leave the city either in search of employment or send outside for things to wear. On the back of the stationery is a very comprehensive map of the proposed Highland canal power scheme, with arguments showing why Duluth is the best city in the country in which to locate.

That Mr. Hill's plan is likely to bear results is already indicated by the inquiries already coming into his office from people to whom letters have been written on the unique stationery. The following letter received from a prominent form implement manufacturer in this state was received yesterday:

"I am in receipt of a map of your Highland canal and power system for Duluth, sent me by my son, who resides in Duluth. This matter was broached to me when I was in Duluth more than a year ago. At that time I had a notion of locating my plant in that city or Superior, having lost my old plant by fire, and being now in temporary quarters. It has always seemed to me that Duluth is the right location for the manufacture of all classes of agricultural implements, particularly so with those that iron and steel enters largely into the construction of. Raw material should be produced or laid down as cheaply as it can, or is laid down in the implement manufacturing centers. This, coupled with an abundant, reliable and cheap power, should be a great inducement to manufacturers, particularly those that the whole country is their market, and so as not to be dependent on the local condition as an outlet. I intend to visit Duluth again in a few weeks. In the meantime I would be pleased to have such information relating to the power as you may give."

BASEBALL
season opens tomorrow.
Duluth *vs.* Superior
At Duluth. Game Called 3:15 p. m.

AT WEST DULUTH

There are two young boys in West Duluth who will not be so curious to investigate matters that they know nothing about, after the experience that they had this morning. The boys were Albert Johnson, the 12-year-old son of C. T. Johnson, of the West Duluth fire department, and the young son of John Brown. The boys in playing about ran across a dynamite cap and after an examination of the article they determined to find out what was on the inside and to accomplish the desired result they put the cap on a rock and struck it a blow with another rock. The result was disastrous, but they found out what the contents were. Young Johnson got the worst of the explosion. His left hand was badly torn, a gash about two inches long and half an inch deep across the palm of his left hand, besides having part of cap embedded in the flesh. His right hand was burned. The Brown boy got off with a few burns and a fright.

REPUBLICAN BANQUET.

Arrangements have all been completed for the big banquet in the Great Eastern hall this evening, and the West Duluth Republicans are awaiting with pleasure for the culmination of the affair so successfully planned and of which there can now be no doubt of its successful finish tonight. The Republicans here have cause and are rejoicing in the knowledge that it has been their lot to inaugurate the most important political affair of the year in the city and since its first inception the West Duluth Republicans have entered into the thing with their accustomed vigor and push and the credit of the banquet will be entirely due to their efforts.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The insurance on the stock of lumber at the Mitchell McClure yards, which was destroyed in the fire yesterday, has not yet been adjusted, as it will take several days to get matters settled up. It is believed that the loss will be about $3500.

While the West Duluth fire department was at the lumber yard fire yesterday afternoon, the chimney in the Silvey block at the corner of Ramsey and Central, caught fire, and somebody thinking that the building was in danger, sent in an alarm that brought the department from the fire hall at Eighteenth avenue west, a run of about two miles.

The Woodmen of West Duluth had a splendid meeting on Wednesday evening. Seven candidates were put through their paces and a social session followed. The Woodmen are making great preparations for the national convention that is to be held in St. Paul with the week beginning June 11, and Old Hickory camp will be well represented in the Saintly City. It is figured that a large proportion of the 40,000 members of the order in this state will be present and the attendance from all over the country will be over 150,000.

The Lindgren Manufacturing company of West Duluth has just completed a contract for a large number of the transfer clocks used by the street car company.

The matter of a bicycle path from West Duluth to Duluth is still being agitated and the bicyclists are very hopeful that their efforts to get a path will bear results. There are scores of people in West Duluth that have signified their willingness to contribute toward a path if the movement is started well. Those that have been over the course say that very little work would be necessary to put a fine path along Grand avenue to Twentieth avenue west and that the most of the money would need to be expended on Michigan street.

The Royal Neighbors will meet in the Odd Fellows' hall this evening, where all subsequent meetings will be held.

Miss Ida Gonyea is visiting friends in St. Paul.

Peter Evensen returned today from a several days' visit on the range.

While riding his broncho to the fire yesterday morning, Mel Glover sustained a severely bruised limb, caused by the animal slipping and falling on him.

Night crews have been put on the hill run and on the docks of the Missabe company. Ten engines that have been pulling work trains have been caled in and will begin hauling ore.

Mrs. A. Clement and children, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Reno and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Clement have returned from Marquette, where they went to inter the remains of the late Alfred Clement.

Wanted, twenty girls, Monday morning, at West Duluth Shirt factory.

For fresh milk and cream try the Murray Bros. company butter store, 521 Central avenue, corner Grand.

Pure drugs and wall paper, at Olanders', 228 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Ladies' and gentlemen's shoes shined at Lauermann's.

3rd Infantry Band
J. H. Fiaaten, Director.
CONCERT AND DANCE
at the Armory, Next Tuesday Evening, May 28
Admission 50c. Gallery 25c.

An interesting old book has been discovered, stowed away and forgotten in the library of Columbia university. It is a yellow-covered pamphlet of twenty-four pages, four by six inches in size, and is beyond reasonable doubt the only extant ritual of the organization known as the Ku Klux Klan. The authenticity of the handbook is attested by a letter pasted in the back of the book and written by a woman in Nashville over ten years ago. She writes that it is "a prescript of the Ku Klux Klan which escaped destruction when the 'ghouls' disbanded and was given me by an ex-member." According to her statement the "ghouls" were under positive orders to burn every trace of their secret organization, and it was only by the sheerest good chance the manual in question was preserved. Nowhere in the book is the name of the order mentioned; where it should be printed there is either a blank space or three asterisks.

The driest place on earth is the little town of Payta, on the coast of Peru, where seven years is the average interval between two rains. In old times the water supply of Payta was brought down from the mountains every night by a herd of little donkeys, who returned in the cool of the evening.

PROCLAMATION.

The 30th day of May in each year has been dedicated by our state to the memory of the dead of the great army of men who, with the immortal Lincoln at their head, sustained the republic when its destruction seemed imminent; to recall to memory the fact that our present and future greatness were made possible by their sacrifice and valor; that we may join with the appreciatively patriotic of every hamlet and city around the graves of the veterans, there to meditate on the sublimity of the heritage those men wrought for us; there each year to re-learn the lesson of the cost of the perpetuation of the republic with all its benign influence at home and abroad; there to re-implant in our hearts a keener and firmer appreciation of all that our flag symbolizes; and there to re-light on the altar of our hearts the sacred fire of patriotism. Those were the sentiments that prompted the state of Minnesota to take from among the list of secular days the 30th day of May and place it with Washington's Birthday and Independence Day.

Now, therefore, I, T. W. Hugo, mayor of the City of Duluth, in conformity with the proclamation of the Honorable S. R. Van Sant, governor of the state of Minnesota, do recommend that on next Thursday, being Memorial Day, all our citizens—men, women and children—abstain from all unnecessary work and from all frivolous and disturbing sports, and join, by their presence, in the exercises provided by the survivors of the veterans; and to such as may find it impossible to participate in the public exercises, let the music or the talks at their homes partake of the spirit of the day, entitled to the respect and veneration of all.

T. W. HUGO, Mayor.

Duluth, Minn., May 25, 1901.

THE VALUE OF READING FICTION

Written For Philadelphia Times Saturday Book---Review By John Thomson, Librarian of the Library of Philadelphia.

The last few weeks have been prolific in the publication of annual reports of the principal free libraries of the United States; and the tables of the classes of books read open up points worthy of earnest consideration. Naturally, the old question of the proportion of fiction reading by the general public crops up. This is continually made the principal ground for criticism on free library systems. It is entirely overlooked that almost every biography of a great writer proves that a perusal—and, if this word be too feeble, a devouring—of books of romance was the beginning of the studies of every writer that has risen to eminence. We need only mention Southey, Scott, Chief Justice Coleridge, and many others who have claimed that but for their love and juvenile assimilation of works of romance they would never have achieved the important position in literary history to which they have attained.

It is hardly conceivable that persons can take themselves seriously who, at the age of 60, sit down solemnly and say: "I think it is a sad thing to see persons reading so much fiction when they could be persuaded to study important volumes if only the heads of libraries would direct them aright." The experience of any such talkers, if they will deliberately volunteer suggestions to an ordinary reader in a free public library, would be worth recording! Earnest lovers of the careful tending of books have been known to offer suggestions to readers in public libraries not to lick their fingers when turning over the pages; and, instead of being thanked, have been very brusquely requested to mind their own business.

The above considerations will give rise to a good deal of useful thought; but, may it not be worth while to debate whether the fault does not lie with readers than with librarians?

For the purpose of obtaining easy access to certain lines of reading, it became necessary, some fifty years ago, to make classifications of books, so that every person who was pursuing a particular study could find aggregated in one or more blocks, upon contiguous shelves, books relating to a particular topic. Everybody knows how this system of classification was worked out; and two or three leading systems of classification became the subject of earnest discussion among librarians. Whether librarians should adopt the system of classification formulated by John Edmands, C. A. Cutter, or Melvil Dewey is an absolutely immaterial point, so far as the public is concerned; but not one of these three gentlemen had the faintest idea of the trouble that all were raising for councilmen, who have the duty of making appropriations; for readers who use free libraries; or for the poor, neglected class of librarians who have to suffer the opprobrium of reproach from every one who does not like exactly what they do.

Not one of the three principal classifications above mentioned gave any idea of how to deal with books which were not easily labeled: "Religion, Sociology, Applied Arts, Useful Arts, Useless Arts, History, Biography, Travel, and so on, ad infinitum; but, when these gentlemen found that a tremendous percentage of the books which came under their notice for classification would not go into any one of the above divided and sub-divided classifications, they unanimously resolved "Chuck the remainder into 'Fiction.'" And here comes the real question: What is "Fiction?" If libraries were endued with superhuman intelligence, and were enabled to spend the time and money that would be required for the purpose, they could differentiate between fiction and fiction, and, thereupon, the whole question of what is the real benefit of a free public library would be settled beyond dispute.

The object of a free public library is one, and one only—to create the habit of reading. It is useless at this period of the world to say that books can be ignored. Books are as large a part of life and progress today as are the much-exaggerated bacilli which are supposed to have so much to do with our existence. We may or we may not be benefited or injured by bacilli. We must be benefited by the recorded thoughts of our compeers in life and the resultant books. Therefore, it seems a reasonable question to raise: Is it a proper expenditure of municipal money to provide the inhabitants of every city, town and borough with books, as it is the admitted duty of every municipality to provide the general public with parks and baths?

If it were not filling up too much space, it would be a good thing to name some good, round 500 volumes of so-called "fiction" the reading of which would be equal in its benefit to the readers, to the perusal of twice that number of solid, hard books of history, travel, etc. Perhaps a few examples will be sufficient for our purpose. A young person taking up De Foe's "New Voyage Around the World" and following it with the aid of a modern atlas would, perhaps, be surprised to find that he learned more of the Philippine islands, the volcanoes of the Andes, and the tremendous difficulty of crossing from the Pacific to the Atlantic than he had ever before began to understand from the carefully prepared geographical books placed before him during the course of his school life.

Another "fiction-fiend" takes up a book like Sir Walter Besant's "Armorel of Lyonnesse." When he lays it down he finds that he knows more of the mythical region of the Arthurian cycle near Cornwall, England, than he ever acquired from the histories of England. But, beyond the mythical story, he knows a vast deal about the waters of that neighborhood, as well as the fauna, the flora and the habits of the inhabitants.

He next takes out from a free library William Black's "White Wings," and, if he cannot afford to take a Cunard steamer and spend two or three weeks in the lochs of Scotland, he will (if he will follow the story with a map) know more of the west side of Scotland, its wonderful yachting possibilities, and will acquire a more definite knowledge of the neighborhood than he would by six weeks' steady study in normal school. The same inquirer after knowledge will, perhaps, next take up Dumas' novel of "The Black Tulip." He will read the novel with avidity, but he will say: "How is it that the story of the De Witts has always been told to me as a case of two brothers murdered by a mad mob? Where did Dumas get his idea of their being murdered in prison?" No better use of a historical novel could possibly be made than this desire for more nearly perfect information created by the differences between alleged history and the story as told by an historical novel writer.

The reader, naturally, after laying down the novel, comes to the free library and says:: "Can I see Larned's dictionary of historical reference? And can I borrow Motley?" With this he starts off, and reads a great deal which, in all probability, would never have otherwise attracted his attention had he not perused the despised volume of "fiction." No reader of modern intelligence hesitates to accept the criticism passed on "The Marble Faun" that it was the best guide to Rome ever written. A modern librarian would record the reader of "The Marble Faun" as a reader of "fiction," whilst he would put down a person who took out a volume of Baedcker's "Guide to Rome" as a person studying "travel."

The absurdity of contrasting these two readers only requires to be stated to offer amusement to a person who thinks upon the subject. A person comes to a free library, and takes out "The Bell of St. Paul's," by Sir Walter Besant. Can any honest and straightforward person say that the reader will not get a beter idea of the ins-and-outs of the neighborhood of the Globe theater and the localities consecrated to the memory of William Shakespeare and his compatriots, than he would get from reading dry and earnestly-prepared descriptions of the neighborhood which would be placed by classificationists under the title of "history"?

A great many persons of antique age and a number of boys who will grow to be the grandfathers of the present generation will honestly own up that their first and best studies on the matter of comets, their inconsequential concussions with other bodies from swift travels through space, their arrivals at nowhence, and their disappearances into nowhere have been usefully instilled by reading Jules Verne's "Hector Servadac." It would be impossible to disprove—and, therefore, possibly may be considered proved—that, rather than read three volumes of the history of Queen Anne, a previously uninstructed but information hunting reader would do better to study Bulwer's "Devereux" if he wants to begin to make the acquaintance of Swift, Pope, Addison, Steele, Bolingbroke, Colley Cibber, and a hunderd-and-one persons of that period than to sit down and read Hume and Smollett's history of the same few decades.

Will any honest-minded reader deny that the reader will store in his brain a better idea of Devonshire, England, by reading Blackmore's "Lorna Doone"—of which one who should know said: "Lorna Doone, to a Devonshire man, is as good as clotted cream almost"—than by reading the curt notices of the places as described in a gazetteer? It seems incredible that a person should be stated to be reading a good book and a book worth taking out from a free public library, and, yet, that his co-reader who takes out George Eliot's "Romala" should be charged with wasting his time in reading a book of fiction. He will have a more fixed idea of Savanarola and his period than the ordinary reader of a "life" of the great reformer.

If we want to be perfectly honest with ourselves, it would be impossible to deny that a person reading Dumas' ten volumes of "The Three Musketeers," "Twenty Years After" and "The Vicomte de Bragelonne" will acquire a better inspiration to read the "History of France," and especially of the period of Louis XIV, than could be gained by any number of preliminary canters through serious histories.

A young writer will gain more knowledge of the time of the countess of Derby and the consequences of the warfare that was carried on by that pugnacious but magnificent woman by reading Ainsworth's "The Leaguer of Lathom" than he will by reading any history of that particular period. He will know more of the real ins-and-outs of the civil war in Lancaster that he will acquire from the solid but not altogether interesting pure history. It is unnecessary to mention such books as Bulwer's "Harold" and his "The Last of the Barons." If you want to teach persons to study periods, times and histories, you must start them on a plane which will lead them to study. A boy of 12, a lad of 20, and a man of 30 is still on the hunt for knowledge, information and development; and it is out of place for a man of 50 or 60 years of age to sit at his table and say: "What a pity it is that people do not take out" (at the age of 20) "the books in which we have learned to delight!"

Of course the young persons are not ready to take out such books. They have yet to make true acquaintance with Dante, Milton, Scott and a hundred-and-one romance-writers; and who will deny that these writers themselves were romance readers before their general education was complete? Who can get a better idea of Andreas Hofer than the fiction-lover who will read Muhlbach's novel of that name? Who can get such an idea of the "No Popery" riots of Lord George Gordon and the hideous period of the French revolution as those who read "Barnaby Rudge" and "A Tale of Two Cities?" Who will get such an idea of the unhappy life, imprisonment and death of Mary of Scots as the reader of Scott's "The Abbot?" In the notes to this novel will be found a better description of the escape of Queen Mary from Loch Leven than will be found in any history in the world. Who will get a better conception of the great composer, Mendelssohn, than the reader of "Charles Auchester?" Who will get a more splendid idea of Rienzi than the man who reads Bulwer's novel of that name? Who will get such a thought of Loch Katrine and the glorious Ellen's Isle as the man who studies Scott's "The Lady of the Lake?" Who will know more of Wallace and others than the peruser of "Scottish Chiefs?" Who will have such a good idea of a castle raised to the very height of magnificence, so that it was capable of entertaining royalty to the very enth of royal hospitality, and yet today is a mere shell of broken-down ruin, than the reader of Scott's "Kenilworth?" Who will get a better thought of the industry and labor of persons like Niccolo Porpora, so great an instructor of singers that he became known as the "greatest singing master that ever lived" than in "Consuelo," where he is revealed as the Master of Haydn and a delightful picture of humanity?

Truly, it may be said that decriers of fiction-reading are altogether behind the age. A lot of the stuff that is classed under "Fiction" is undoubtedly beneath contempt; but, until librarians can issue better tables of circulation and differentiate between fiction and fiction, just so long will a wrong appreciation exist abroad that libraries foster fiction-reading when they might do "better work."

If the readers of volumes taken out from public libraries do nothing but obtain amusement, no money that is devoted to their maintenance is better expended. If the people are provided with good water, healthy reading and open space for recreation, the city is spending money in a most excellent way. Cranks may cry: "Free libraries are a fad;" "Free libraries circulate fiction;" but only those who lay their hands to their hearts and honestly state that they have read one-sixtieth part of the wholesome literature which makes and improves man may be heard about free libraries. Until they can do this, let them remember the old adage: "Look to your own coop, and then find fault with your neighbor's chickens."

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STILL LIVING.

Is an Aged Woman Who Fed George Washington.

There are many claimants in the United States for the distinction of being the oldest person in the world, but all must give way before Mary McDonald, a Pennsylvania negress who has reached the astounding age of 130 years.

There are perhaps very few persons who upon thought would care to have their life extend over so long a period, but this venerable woman is in full possession of her faculties and suffers but little from disease of either mind or body, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

Her memory is as good as it was fifty years ago, and she takes an active interest in current events, enjoys a good joke, and relates to visitors many interesting stories of her girlhood days.

Mrs. McDonald is now living in Philadelphia at the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Persons, at which place she celebrated the 130th anniversary of her birthday.

She has been an eyewitness to many of the principal events in the history of the United States ever since the Union was formed, and can tell of the rule of each president from Washington to McKinley.

She can also relate incidents of the war of the revolution, especially those connected with the terrible winter at Valley Forge, and the civil strife between the blue and the gray is as familiar to her as to the veterans who took part in that war. Her great age has been authenticated by careful research and is vouched for by officials of the home.

"Granny," as this venerable colored woman is familiarly known, still has a good memory and is not at all averse to discussing the scenes of her girlhood days. She is very proud of her great age, and her eyes brightened as she remarked recently:

"Just think, I have lived in three centuries. I am told that I am the only person in the United States who can claim that. One hundred and thirty years is a good old age—I can remember when I thought that a person of 50 was very old—but that was when I was a slip of a girl."

Here Mrs. McDonald passed her wrinkled hand retrospectively over her still more wrinkled forehead and for a few moments was lost in thought. The question:

"And do you really remember Washington, Granny?" brought her back again.

"Well, I should say I do, and a fine, noble-looking man he was, too, when I first saw him. I was born six years before the Declaration of Independence was signed, so you see I am older than the American nation. My first home was in the little village of Frogtown, near Valley Forge, and well I remember the terrible winter our soldiers spent in that camp.

"When I was a little girl of 4 years, just after the death of my mother, I was bound out in the family of Reese Howell, whose farm adjoined the grounds of the king of Prussia, and I used to have some good times watching the lords and ladies who came and went from this place. When the war broke out all my interest was centered on the soldiers, and I watched their movements closely, and rejoiced over their victories and mourned over their losses as much as the highest ladies in the land. Mr. Reese, my master, was a Quaker, and so, of course, did not believe in war, but he was nevertheless a stanch supporter of the patriot cause, and gave supplies freely to the soldiers.

"I was wild with excitement when I learned that the army under Gen. Washington was going to camp near Frogtown. It was only a few days before Christmas in '77 when they crossed from White Marsh, at Conshohocken, and then encamped at the Gulph from Dec. 11 to Dec. 19 before proceeding to Valley Forge. I was 12 years old at this time. The sight of all these poorly clad, half starved men, fighting for liberty, made a great impression on my mind, and for many days afterward their haggard faces haunted me. I lay awake at nights trying to conceive some plan to aid them. When Isaac Walker came to Master Howell for provisions for the soldiers, it was on Christmas day, I remember, and we were preparing a feast. I was all eagerness to help pack the food and other supplies.

"My master was a most liberal man and gave freely, and it took many hampers to hold all the provisions. When the sleigh was about to start I ran out and begged Mr. Walker to take me with him to help distribute the things.

"'All right,' he said, 'ask Mr. Howell.' I was given the permission and I jumped in the sleigh in great glee, and off we started. I thought I was prepared for the sight of desolation which I knew I would see at camp, but the reality was far more terrible than I had imagined. Some of the men, big, strong fellows, too, actually cried with joy when the provisions were given to them, and then it was that I saw Gen. Washington.

"He was a noble-looking man, and he smiled at me right kindly as he put his hand on my head and said: 'So you brought help to my men, did you; in the name of the Continental Army, I say, may God reward you.' And the men sent up three cheers for Mr. Howell and the Quakers and three times three for Mr. Walker, and again three more for the little colored girl. That was a proud day for me, I can tell you.

"Yes, I saw nearly all the great generals, and although I never saw a battle, I often was nearly deafened by the roaring of the cannon, and I frequently saw the wounded as they were carried off the field.

"Yes, the civil war was a terrible one, and I greatly rejoiced over the freedom of my people, but I never came in as close touch with the battle scenes of that strife as I did when I visited Valley Forge."

A young man and a young woman who were visiting a town in Michigan passed an engine house which had a tower making it look a little like a church. "I wonder what church that is," she inquired. To which he replied, after reading the sign, "Deluge, No. 3." "I guess it must be the Third Baptist."—New York Tribune.

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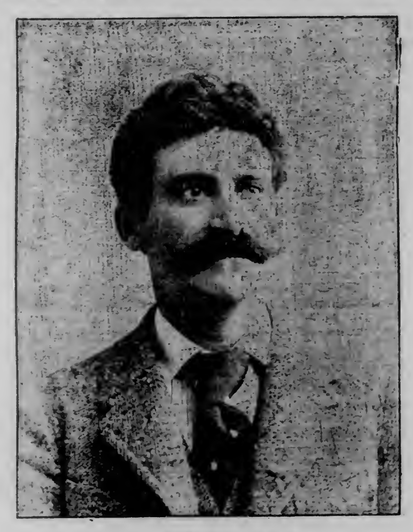

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FIRST MAY MUSICAL FESTIVAL IN DULUTH

Will Be Held Next Wednesday and Friday Evenings at the High School Hall---The Complete Programs.

The first May musical festival of Duluth will be held next Wednesday and Friday evenings at the High School auditorium and the musicians feel that every patriotic Duluthian should consider it a personal obligation to encourage and support the united musical forces of the city in making their enterprise a success. The musicians have taken up the idea of a May festival, with the aim in view of marking the beginning of an annual event that shall become an occasion of importance, attract visitors from surrounding territory and furnish the opportunity of hearing the great artists of the world. Everything has to have a beginning, and the musicians have taken the enterprise in hand, trusting that the community will appreciate their effort to provide a musical event out of the common, an event participated in by all the professional musicians of the city and by every leading amateur.

There will be an orchestra more numerous than ever before, a mixed chorus of 150 voices, a male chorus of sixty voices and all the favorite local singers. At each concert a piano concerto will be performed, with full orchestra accompaniment, respectively by Mrs. D. H. Day (the Weber concerto) and Mrs. Margaret Hoelscher (the Greig concerto). Mrs. Marie Giest-Erd, the eminent cellist, will play a cello solo and Fred G. Bradbury will appear in a violin solo. The singers taking solo parts are: Mrs. James McAuliffe, Mrs. Cecille Berryman, Mrs. Gasston Borch, Miss Clara Hector, Miss Suzanne McKay, Miss Anna Farrell, Miss Rena Smith, George L. Tyler, Cyril Tyler, E. W. Prophet and Roy Prytz. The programs in full are:

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

"Damascus Chorus," with sheathed swords from oratorio "Naaman"..... ....Costa

Festival chorus (solo, Miss Rena Smith) under the direction of A. F. M. Custance ....

Soprano solo—"Gypsy Song" from "Carmen" .....Bizet
Miss Anna Farrell.

Cello solo—Adagio Op. 48.....W. Bargiel
(With orchestra.)
Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd.

"Arabian Love Songs" a song cycle for four solo voices....Gerard Tonning
Mrs. Cecille Berryman, Miss Clara Hector, George L. Tyler and E. W. Prophet.

Concerto for piano with orchestra... ....C. M. V. Weber

Romanze ....

Presto ....
Mrs. D. H. Day.

Soprano solo—"The Swallows"..... ....Frederic Cowen
Miss Rena Smith.

Second Hungarian Rhapsody.....Liszt
Festival orchestra.

FRIDAY EVENING.

Overture—"Rienzi"..... Richard Wagner
Festival orchestra.

Due from "Romeo and Juliet"....Gounod
Mrs. James McAuliffe and George L. Tyler.

Violin solo—Fantasie Caprice Op. 11 with orchestra. .....Vieuxtemps
Fred G. Bradbury.

Soprano solo—"Gallia"..... Gounod
Miss Susanne McKay.

Concerto for piano and orchestra..Grieg

Adagio ....

Allegro marcato ....
Mrs. Margaret Hoelscher.

Scenes (5th and 6th) from the opera "Silvio" .....Gaston Borch
Mrs. Gaston Borch and Cyril Tyler.

Soprano solo—"Summer"....Chaminade
Mrs. James McAuliffe.

Male chorus—"Landsighting"..... Grieg

Baritone solo, Roy Prytz; chorus and orchestra.

PAPERS WRITTEN BY HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS

Award of Prizes For Best Compositions on Humane Subjects---Two Papers That Won High Places.

The essays which took the prizes in the contest inaugurated by the Humane society were read last evening at the High School before an audience composed of school children and their friends. Bishop McGolrick spoke, saying that inhuman treatment of animals is a disease. He thought that the beating of horses was done more by young boys than by men.

"I do not like the boy who is dressed up in silks and satins such as Mrs. Burnett has given us in 'Little Lord Fauntleroy,' but rather the kind that can take his hard knocks like a man; the kind who, when he gets knocked down in a football game, can get up without ill-feeling and finish out the game. That is the sort of a boy that will treat his horse or his dog kindly, and that is the sort of a boy to be. I believe that the boys can do more in the line of our work than the girls can, as the former are likely to have better chances of helping some poor dumb brute out of pain. I intend to give myself next year two prizes for the boys alone, and I only hope that some interest can be aroused in their hearts that will enable them to help us in our work."

Dr. Ryan read two essays that had taken prizes in the contest, the one by Miss Regina Miller, of the seventh grade, being on "The Destruction of Birds." Carson Smith's story on "Hunting With a Camera Versus Hunting With a Gun" was very cleverly worked out in the form of a short story and showed much power in composition and thought. A solo by Miss Alice Cooley was very much enjoyed. Miss Bessie Harsh won the first prize on the subject, "The Care and Treatment of Draught Animals." Professor Denfeld also spoke to the pupils.

The following is a list of the prize-winners and their subjects, as read by the committee:

High school—Subject, "Gun vs. Camera," Carson W. Smith; best paper. On the same subject papers of great excellence were received from Alice Scott and Ruth Markell. The judges regret that they have not prizes to give in recognition of the work bestowed on these two compositions.

The essays of Leta Phelps and Josephine B. Dailey indicated great interest in and care for the subject.

High school—Subject, "The Care and Treatment of Our Draught Animals." Best paper received from Bessie R. Harsh. This composition shows clever handling of a difficult subject, and it is surprising to note how much interesting matter has been extracted from a comparatively dry theme.

Emerson school—Subject, "Protection of American Birds." Best paper by Regina Miller, seventh grade.

Endion school—Same subject. Second paper in order of merit, Hazel Britts, seventh grade. The evident study bestowed on the subject of this essay is highly gratifying to the society, and encourages it to hope that the preservation of our birds has appealed to the school children as a matter of considerable real importance. A great amount of thought and care is also evident in the compositions from Longfellow school, Laura Stevens, seventh grade; Lakeside school, Evelyn Greenfield, seventh grade; Lester Park school, Charles McFadden, seventh grade; Lincoln school, Edith Knowles, eighth grade.

Adams school—Subject, "Famous Animals." Elpen Seasted, best paper.

Jackson school—Same subject. Olive Kreitter, second best. Great merit is shown in the composition of essays from the following schools and scholars: Longfellow school, Laura LeDuc, sixth grade; Jackson school, Olga Johnson, fifth grade; Endion school, Walter McComber, sixth grade; Jefferson school, Alma Nelson, sixth grade.

Miss Regina Miller, of the Emerson school, contributed the following on "Birds and Their Destruction:"

"When God made the world He made the birds too, then when He made man, the wise Creator very kindly gave the birds to him for his use and benefit. Some children do not appreciate what their parents do for them, and many people do not appreciate what God has done for them by giving them the birds; bad or thoughtless boys wickedly destroy nests, steal eggs, or kill the young birds, many men not satisfied with hunting game birds, kill the song and the forest birds.

"Even many tender-hearted women, filled with foolish pride and vanity, wear the feathered wings or stuffed bodies of innocent birds on their bonnets, just because they think it is stylish. Blood-thirsty animals eat thousands of helpless songsters. Even fierce and cruel big birds kill and devour the little birds. Some people think this is a hard world on girls. I think it's a hard world on birds.

"Birds are useful for the pleasure they give us by their songs, beautiful plumage and handsome forms. We also can receive much pleasure and gain much knowledge by studying their habits.

"Birds are probably the most useful to us by their destruction of insect life. The air, trees and ground are filled with millions and millions of flies and bugs and worms. A great Frenchman has said that if it were not for the birds, human beings would perish from the face of the earth. Even if the insects did not bother us to death, they would kill the crops and trees and fruit, and probably make life impossible for us. But the little birds keep busy devouring these insects, and they don't charge us a cent for it. The swallow catches flies, the quail eats insects that destroy the farmer's wheat and corn, other birds have a fondness for the bugs that eat up the potato vines. Woodpeckers, with their long, sharp bills, dig out the bugs and the worms that bore holes into and destroy the forest trees.

"It is said that in Wisconsin alone 22,000,000 of birds spend at least four months in the state catching and destroying on an average of fifty insects a day. It is estimated that every meadow-lark kills enough grass-hoppers, crickets and worms in a season to save one ton of hay. One bird will kill 2800 insects in a season, but, when we remember that there are 100,000 different kinds of insects, we see the need and benefit of birds.

"Right here in Duluth the gulls eat the garbage and filth that goes into the lake through sewers. This purifies the water we drink, and protects us from typhoid fever and other diseases. Hawks and owls, although cruel birds of prey, destroy mice and rats and gophers, which destroy grain and crops and other property. Boston spent $100,000 trying to get rid of the gypsy moth, which ate the foliage from the trees, and then failed. It is estimated that insects destroy $200,000,000 worth of crops for the farmer, gardner and fruit raiser every year. You see birds are worth dollars to every community.

"How are we paying these hard little workers for the pleasure they give and the work they do for us?

"All over the United States they are being hunted and killed. In thirty states and territories birds have decreased forty-six per cent. Millions of young birds go to feed prowling cats, but the poor cats don't know any better than to catch birds.

"The naughty boys, the cruel men with guns, and the stylish women with new fall bonnets, are the ones to blame. Every year 5,000,000 innocent, useful birds are killed, so that girls and women may wear their little dead bodies on their hats and bonnets. Near Philadelphia 1,000,000 bobolinks have been killed in one month.

"Some of the birds that are used for millinery purposes are humming-birds, black-birds, jays, pheasants, birds of paradise, orioles, bobolinks, gulls, petrals and ostriches.

"Bobolinks are found in the United States, gulls are found on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, pheasants are found in the United States, white herons are found in Florida and the islands of the Pacific, birds of paradise are found in New Guinea, petrals are found on the coasts, and bluebirds, blackbirds and finches are found all over the United States.

"Some birds are captured by blow guns, some by bird lime, some are shot, some are caught in traps, and some are caught by burning sulphur.

"Seventy song birds were sent from one village to New York milliners. In some of the Southern states the mother birds are killed on their nest, because their plumage is prettiest at that time. Of course, the motherless little birds soon die. Sometimes, when birds have gay wings and the hunters do not wish the rest of their bodies, they tear the wings from the living birds, and throw it away to die in pain and misery.

"The entire country is waking up to the fact that the birds should be preserved in every possible way. The Audabon societies are doing a great work in this direction. The first society was organized in Massachusetts. They now exist in twenty-one states, and have an aggregate membership of 25,000 persons. The object of these societies is to discourage the wearing of feathers, except those of the ostrich and domestic fowls; to kill nothing but game birds and domestic fowls; not to rob the nests of any birds; to promote a knowledge of birds in the community, and to promote a Bird day in connection with Arbor day in the schools, and to protect the birds. Many of the states already have such laws.

"We should take pride in the fact that Minnesota and Wisconsin each have good laws for the protection of the feathered tribe.

"Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Massachusetts, Connecticut and many other states have passed stringent laws for the protection of the birds."

The following paper was written by Miss Alice Scott, of the senior class of the high school:

"Every year when the May flowers and hepaticas are blooming, the birds come back to us from the South. First comes the modest horned lark; then the robins twitter in the poplars across the street, and the song-sparrow sings from morning till night his joyous song; all the birds of the forest stay with us a day or so and then fly northward to pick the wintergreen berries on the shores of Hudson bay. There's the blackbird, the bluejay, the chippy and the junco, the innumerable song-sparrows, the meadow lark, all the woodpecker family, and last comes the dear little home wren. I heard one this morning for the first time. He and his mate were trying to decide whether or not they would clean house this spring.

"All these birds are well known and easily recognized, but not so are the birds that spend their summers with us. Last summer I found one of these. Many and many a time I had heard his song, sung constantly for hours at a time during even the hottest summer days, but his song was so much like that of an untiring robin that I thought nothing of it. However, one day I visited the poplars, intending to lie down somewhere and read. I picked out a cozy little nook where the poplars were thickest, and there I prepared to spend the morning.

"Hardly had I opened my book when I heard over my head the warble of a bird.

"'Strange,' I thought, 'for a robin to sing this time of day,' and when I'm around, too.' I looked up but saw no red breast. It was some time before I discovered the light brown breast and bobbing tail of a strange bird. Soon he flew to another tree. I followed to get a better look at him. Soon he led me clear away from the cozy nook and I realized that I had been tricked.

"I did not go back at once, but instead sought a friend who is an amateur student of birds and their ways. For the next few days, whenever we could get away together, we watched our new friend. Together we traced him out in the bird books and found that scientists called him the red-eyed viriole. We found that he nested from seven to eight feet from the ground; the nest was pendant, and made of birch bark, stray scraps of paper and now and then a hair. But still with all this knowledge we found nothing of the nest or the mate.

"One morning I went to the cozy nook, but instead of reading I was watching the saucy prattler over my head, when, glancing at a passing cloud, I saw more than fleecy whiteness, two bright eyes watching me from a tree near by. At last the nest was found. What a sly little brown bunch of feathers Madam Red Eye was. She had chosen a forked branch, where her nest could safely hang and yet scarcely be seen, screened as it was by the green poplar leaves.

"Her tree was not very far from the street, so that every morning she could watch the children as they flocked by to school. No doubt she smiled many a time to herself to think how she had evaded their bright eyes. But what was she thinking now? I crept away guiltily and only went back the next morning early, hoping she would be off the nest. Sure enough she was. I stole up and, standing on a camp stool (brought for the purpose), I peeked in. There lay four pale pink eggs. Just then I heard a warning note from the 'lady of the house,' so I jumped down and ran away.

"For some time we avoided the poplars, for fear of scaring the virioles away from their pretty nest. My friend has one of these nests; not this one, but one abandoned long ago. It is made up of the soft bark of young birches, some straw, and a very little hair. The hairs and straw are used to bind the nest to the fork of the branch. The straw is also used for the skeleton of the nest itself. This skeleton is then filled in and softened with the birch bark.

"When I visited the nest again, four great homely heads, mouths wide open, were raised toward me. All that is left of those poor little birdies is the picture I took of them then, the little hanging nest and four great mouths protruding above.

"Next morning I took my book, crossed the street, intending to watch the industry of the little singer and his wife. I climbed up the bank, listening always for their note. I did not hear it. When I came to the cozy corner the nest hung in shreds from the branch; on the ground lay four little bodies. But were they dead? I knelt down and felt them one after another; all were cold but one. I picked it up. It was not afraid now. It lay in my hand a minute, then 'peeped' softly, and it too was dead.

"The mother lay not far away, her wings still spread. Had she been shot down while flying at the cries of her helpless birdlets? I do not know. Neither do I know what became of the joyous little triller. Maybe the young assassin carried him home as a specimen of his skill with an air gun, or maybe he flew far away where small boys with guns are never seen. However that may be, the poplars are quiet now, and the cozy nook is a tiny graveyard. I visit it no more."

Cleanse Your Blood

The cause of all spring humors, pimples and eruptions, as well as of that tired feeling and poor appetite, is found in impure, depleted blood.

The perfect blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla, as multitudes know by experience.

It cures all blood diseases, from the smallest pimple to the stubborn scrofula sore—from morning tiredness to extreme nervous prostration.

Begin taking it TODAY.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. Be sure to get Hood's.

BACKACHE AND INDIGESTION

Caused By Systemic Catarrh—Pe-ru-na Cures Like Magic.

MISS A. BRADY, OF CHICAGO, ILL.

Miss A. Brady, Corresponding Secretary Illinois Woman's Alliance, writes of Peruna:

2725 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen:—"Last year, from continued strain in literary work, I became very much exhausted. My nerves seemed to give way and I had backache, headache and serious indigestion. One of my friends suggested that I try Peruna, but prejudice against any patent medicines kept me from taking it, until I became so weak that I felt I must do something. It certainly acted like magic on my system.

"Within ten days I felt new life and health given me, and by taking an occasional dose off and on when I feel extra tired, I keep my system in perfect order."—Miss A. Brady.

YOU Need a Good Spring Tonic

THE ONLY REMEDY OF ITS KIND KNOWN.

A FRUIT TONIC

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC,

that wonderful reconstructor of the human system.

The real worth of Mull's Grape Tonic as a spring medicine is unequaled. Being a Crushed Fruit Laxative it acts pleasantly on the system. Mull's Grape Tonic revives the depression and languor felt by everyone at this time of the year. It does it because it cleanses the system gently, at the same time tones it up. The so-called Spring Tonics are constipating and you are warned to take some kind of pills, which as a rule are severe and debilitating in action, and do more harm than good. Mull's Grape Tonic is a Tonic and laxative combined, the only remedy of its kind known. We recommend this remedy to our patrons as a valuable article. A large bottle for 50 cents, most as large as you pay $1 for of other kinds. Every dose is worth $1 to health. We ask you to test it on our recommendation and guarantee. One bottle is sufficient to convince you. Seek its aid at once. Yours truly, YOUR DRUGGIST.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer promptly kills all bodily aches and pains. Rub it on or drink it. 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE EVIL EYE."

Charles H. Yale's mechanical trick spectacular production, "The Evil Eye," was presented to a fair-sized audience at the Lyceum last night, and its reception was decidedly lack of enthusiasm. Aside from a few really good features, "The Evil Eye" is a rather monotonous affair. The acrobatic work of Arthur Borani and Thomas Elliott as Nid and Nod, was entertaining, these clever acrobats introducing many new tricks. Miss Mayme Mayo appeared to advantage in her songs and dances. One of the best features was the May pole dance with electrical effects. During the dance the electrical current was flashed here and there about the persons of the dancers, ending with a general blaze of light on the dancers from head to foot, and from the ropes and May pole. The effect was very pretty.

DUN'S REVIEW

Labor Troubles Do Not Yet Seriously Interfere With Business.

New York, May 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The labor situation is the cloud hovering over the business world, but the difficulties are not sufficiently widespread at present to seriously interfere with the progress of manufacture and distribution. Some settlements of strikes have been effected during the week and others seem probable at an early date. Meanwhile prices held firm, the capacity of producing plants in the leading industries is well employed and crop advices are satisfactory.

A feeling of confidence in the permanence of values apears to have settled in all divisions of the iron and steel manufacture. To this may be attributed the decrease in orders for district delivery, purchasers merely contracting for their requirements fo one to two months in advance. Tranquility regarding the future is undoubtedly due to the action of the large combination, which has made no effort to secure exorbitant prices, but manifests an intention to maintain quotations at the current level. Independent producers show a disposition to work along the same lines, and the net result is less scrambling to get orders placed, but no indication that the actual demand is any smaller. Notwithstanding much talk of dullness in pig iron, Bessemer is firmly held at $16.75 delivered at Pittsburg, or $16 at Valley furnaces. Foundry irons are somewhat easier. All lines of finished steel are crowded to the limit of productive capacity, and machinery houses at Chicago are granting the machinists demands rather than risk delay. At some other points, however, employers appear more stubborn, and there is a prospect of serious interruption to business.

Although slightly smaller than in the two preceding phenomenal weeks, shipments of boots and shoes from the East were more than one hundred thousand cases, and far in excess of the same week in earlier years.

Leather has been strong and belting butts are scarce. Cheaper grades of upper leather are less active, owing to the better demand for glazed kid and calfskin. Textile fabrics still exhibit the least animation, and conditions at Fall River cotton mills are far from encouraging, further reduction in time and possibly in wages being under discussion. Woolen mills exhibit a little more activity, and buy raw materials.

Correspondents report the winter wheat outlook steadily improving, and there is every reason to anticipate an abundant harvest. A few sections have slightly reduced acreage, and losses by drought in Texas may amount to about half the original area planted. The production in this state, however, is never sufficiently heavy to be an important factor in the total for the whole country. The most encouraging feature is the decrease in the amount of harm done by Hessian flies, which earlier in the season threatened to be severe. In the face of better domestic crop prospects quotations continue firm, injury in Germany affecting foreign markets. Atlantic exports have been large for the past week, including flour, amounting to 3,692,413 bus, against 2,175,356 bushels in the same week last year, and 1,646,624 bushels in 1899. Speculation in May corn has quieted down, but the general level of this cereal continues far above normal prices, and more liberal receipts have been attracted to interior cities; for the week, 3,667,802 bushels were received, against 1,634,736 bushels last year. On the other hand, foreign buying is restricted, Atlantic exports being only 1,436,899 bushels, against 3,521,673 bus a year ago. Comparative quiet prevails as to cotton. Receipts continue liberal, spinners are buying little, and there is a steady improvement in reports of the current crop condition.

Failures for the week number 180 in the United States, against 185 last year and 22 in Canada against 20 last year.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

CABLE FLASHES.

A dispatch to the London Daily Mail from Pekin, dated May 23, says that M. DeGiers, the Russian minister, has proposed to the council of foreign ministers to increase the maritime customs to 10 per cent and a collective guarantee by the powers of the China loan. M. DeGiers also strongly opposes any increase in the land duties.

At Havana the minority report of the committee on relations was Friday defeated in the constitutional convention by a vote of 19 to 2. Today the majority report will be read and discussed. The conservatives believe the final vote on the latter report will be taken Monday, but they do not expect to hold the full strength shown today.

The doctors who were instructed to make a report as to what length of time must elapse before it would be safe to allow troops on board the United States transport Indiana, where it was supposed a case of smallpox had been developed, have decided that the suspected case is not smallpox. The troops will go on board the Indiana today and all expect to get away by Monday.

A SEVERE CASE

Of Catarrh of the Stomach Cured By Pe-ru-na.

Mr. Otto Jordan, Argos, Ind., writes: "I can state to you that all the symptoms of catarrh have disappeared since I commended taking Peruna, and I shall give it all the praise. I took four bottles of the medicine. For a long time before I took the medicine I felt dull and stupid, was subject to sick stomach and dizziness. Since the first bottle I have not been troubled with my stomach and have been greatly benefited all around. I think anybody troubled with catarrh would be benefited by the use of your medicine."—Otto Jordan.

The Secret of Pure Blood.

No one can be troubled long with indigestion and have pure blood, for, however careful one may be in the selection of proper food, if it is not properly digested it will not furnish the blood with pure materials.

For this condition Peruna is a never-failing remedy. It cleanses the blood by correcting digestion, and gives tone to the whole system by increasing the nutritive value of the food. "Spring fever," as it is sometimes called, which produces a tired-out, sleepy feeling, and inability to do much mental or physical work, is the result of a sluggish digestion, and no blood medicine will be of any use whatever unless it is able to rectify the impaired digestion. The great popularity that Peruna has is due to the fact that in all such cases it at once corrects digestive derangements and enriches the blood by purifying this very important source of that vital fluid.

A Tonic and Catarrh Cure.

Mr. W. M. Holland, of Hartwell, Ga., proprietor of the Hartwell Tin Works, writes of Peruna as follows:

"I am more than pleased with the benefits derived from Peruna. The winter of 1899 my weight was 150 pounds. I used several bottles during the winter and now weigh 211.

"I have recommended it to all my friends both as a tonic and catarrh cure. If I had been lucky enough to have seen it several years ago Peruna would have saved me much inconvenience."—W. M. Holland.

A Fine Blood Purifier.

Mrs. Mary A. Smithing, chaplain general Henry W. Lawton Circle, No. 27, writes from Chicago as follows:

Mrs. M. A. Smithing

Gentlemen— "As a fine blood purifier Peruna stands at the head of any medicines I have ever known. I have used it myself with fine results, and know that it has helped several of our Grand Army ladies more than anything they ever used.

"Knowing it to be a reliable family remedy it has my hearty endorsement."—Mrs. Mary A. Smithing.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Dr. Humphreys

It is a fact confirmed by the most ample experience that those who habitually resort to Humphreys' Specifics for aid and cure in their illness, have less sickness, better health, better growth, longer and more vigorous lives, than those treated by other methods. The fact is explained in the circumstance that these Specifics, because of the method of their composition, have a deeper and wider range of action than other medicines, and thus constantly tend to eradicate constitutional disease.

THE CURES EMBRACE

Headaches, Grip, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Dyspepsia, Kidney and Urinary Disease, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Piles, Women's Complaints, Infants' Diseases, Rheumatism and other formidable and oft times fatal diseases. At all Druggists, 25 cents.

Dr. Humphreys' Specific Manual mailed for the asking.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

THIS YEAR'S ZENITH IS TO BE A WINNER

Senior Class Expects to Eclipse All Previous Efforts ---Star Ball Game of the Season Next Saturday.

The Zenith, the annual publication of the high school senior class, for which the students have been waiting so impatiently for the last few months, is nearly completed. It will be put on sale Monday, June 3. Those in charge have fairly outdone themselves in the designing of the cover, and the result will set the rather unsatisfactory binding of last year's Zenith far in the shade.

The plates for the photographic reproductions of the graduating class and the Zenith board will arrive during the coming week. All of the "copy" went to the printer some time ago, and some of the "proof" has already been returned to the editors for correction. The remainder will be received next week.

Although the editors, with the usual modesty of Zenith compilers, refuse to discuss the merits of their work, it is known that excellent material has been handed to them by the students in general; and there is every reason to expect that the coming edition of the annual will surpass all of its predecessors.

Merchants and others have been more liberal than usual in patronizing the advertising department, and financially the work is sure of success.

WILL PLAY TO WIN.

Baseball Team Going After Superior Normals.

The admirers of the high school baseball team will have an opportunity to see the most interesting game in the schedule, that with the Superior normal team, which will probably be played here June 1. It is in this game that the men expect to show just what they are made of, and they are determined that they will beat their old adversaries the normals. The normal team has lost its crack pitcher of last year, but has secured in his place an Indian who is said to be a wonder when it comes to speed. With Cummings and Alworth in the box for Duluth, however, the home men do not fear any disadvantage when it comes to the pitching question. The men have their new uniforms and make a fine appearance on the field, and they play ball in accordance with their uniforms. They have not been beaten this season, and unless they are defeated at Cloquet today there is no probability of their being beaten. The high school students are preparing already to attend the game in crowds, and as the Superiorites are noted for their manner of attending games in Duluth, the enthusiasm will be something tremendous. The Athletic association expects to make a neat sum on the proceeds of the game to go towards fall athletics, and it is necessary that they be supported by the business men of the city. The baseball fans who do not attend amateur games need not be afraid that they will be buncoed out of their money if they attend this, as the team is noted for its fast ball playing and will be in it from the start.

The line-up of the team on the eventful day has not yet been announced, but it will probably stand as it has all season. The baseball season has been an exceptionally good one this year, and the game with the normal team will make a fitting ending to a school year that has been a round of victories from the beginning of the pigskin kicking to the last man out on the diamond.

ORATORICAL CONTEST.

Prof. Thomas Is Looking For Subjects.

Professor Thomas, the high school's instructor in elocution, has been busily casting about for suitable subjects for original orations, and has already assigned a few to members of his classes. The orations are not to be completed until school opens in September, when a contest will be held between the members of the school. The most successful in this contest will uphold the reputation of the institution for oratory in contests with other high schools of the state. Everybody is interested in this project and appears willing to prepare orations for this contest, although they necessarily involve an immense amount of work. This is a good sign. This scheme, along with the proposed debating league, will furnish the best possible chance for the development of the school's oratorical talent.

SOME DISSATISFACTION.

Prizes Not Pleasing to All Athletes.

A radical change will have to be made in the awarding of prizes when the high school has its preliminary field day. This year the prizes were awarded by the committee with regard to their names. A prize that had a high sounding name was put in first place and so on, but in many cases the prizes that were won by the third man were much better than those that were secured by the first. Many people are opposed to any prizes whatever in a high school contest, claiming that it smacks of professionalism, and it is probable that the men would take just as much pains were it for glory only. The prizes were not seen by the committee until after the awards had been made, and it was by that time impracticable to make any changes. Some of the men are rather disappointed over the results of their labors and it is very likely that the next time the men run they will know just what they are running for.

TALK BY MR. HILL.

Tells Students How to Beautify the City.

Thomas E. Hill, secretary of the Duluth Improvement association, spoke to the high school students in chapel on Tuesday morning. The circulars of the society were distributed, and then Mr. Hill began an interesting talk on Duluth with the statement that he considered the student body of the high school the most important audience which he could address on the subject of the city's future.

After mentioning the many natural advantages which Duluth enjoys, he began a discussion of his real subject: "How the City May be Beautified." He explained what beauty in the decoration of a city is, and how any city may acquire it. In regard to the general improvement of the city he said:

"There must be neighborly co-operation. It is very discouraging for one resident of a neighborhood to make improvements, while nearby people are careless, slovenly, neglect their premises, and allow their children, or their animals, to injure the property of others.

"The best way to effect beneficial results is to form a local improvement association for each neighborhood. People take a great deal more interest in their immediate locality than anywhere else. This is natural.

"I particularly recommend young people to take up this work. It affords excellent opportunity for ambitious young men and women who wish to help others and make themselves useful to the community.

"It requires but little to so beautify a neighborhood as to greatly increase the value of the property in the vicinity. Everybody admits the importance of improving a locality, and as soon as the parents and older people see that the young men and women are trying to better conditions, they will be ready to help with money, labor and otherwise."

Mr. Hill made his talk entertaining with many humorous stories and anecdotes.

MEMORIAL DAY PROGRAM.

Veterans Talk Interestingly to the Pupils.

The annual Memorial day exercises were held yesterday in the High School Assembly hall. As usual, they were held under the auspices of the G. A. R. and many veterans were present. The music was furnished by a chorus of juniors under the direction of Mr. Custance.

The old soldiers favored the school with many bright speeches, which were amusing as well as didatic. The speakers were introduced to the school by Principal Smith, after he had made some appropriate remarks on the observance of Memorial day. Among the speeches which the students received with the greatest applause was one by Rev. Dr. Long, who represented the Spanish-American veterans, having been the chaplain of one regiment of the Pennsylvania volunteers. Other popular ones were by Capt. S. F. White, of Litchfield, on "The Lessons of War," and Capt. Bates on "Actual Experiences in War." The following is the program as presented:

Song—"America"..... School.
Lord's Prayer..... .....
Reading—"Phil Kearney at Seven Pines"..... Comrade Farrington.
Song—"The Old Brigade"..... Chorus.
Address..... .....
Dr. Long.
Song—"The Vacant Chair"..... Chorus.
Address—"The Lessons of War".. Capt. S. F. White.
Song—"When the Lights Are Low" Chorus.
Address—"Actual Experiences in War"..... .....
Song—"Tenting Tonight"..... .... Chorus.
Song—"The Star Spangled Banner" School.

* * *

Many members of the school will participate in the May musical carnival, which is to be held in the Assembly hall next Wednesday and Friday evenings. In fact the high school will furnish the majority of the choruses. The students will take part in the mixed chorus "Damascus," from "Naaman," on Wednesday evening, and some of the boys will sing in the male chorus "Land Sighting," by Grieg, on Friday evening. Those who will take part have been rehearsing regularly under Professor Custance, and have reached a point of unusual excellence.

Latest In Literature

The brightest publication that has made its appearance in many months is "The Billoustine," a "periodical of knock," published for the Boy Grafters by William S. Lord, Evanston, Ill. The publisher announces that it is "printed whenever we need the money" and single copies cost 25 cents. As will be recognized at a glance this is a clever satire on that well-known publication. The Philistine, and unless The Herald is much mistaken the unique booklet will soon command a premium. The Billoustine originally appeared in the "Line-o'-Type or Two' column on the editorial page of the Chicago Tribune, where it attracted wide attention. The author is Bert Leston Taylor, who was formerly editor of the Duluth News Tribune and is well known as a clever writer. There is on doubt that Fra McGinnis and the Boy Grafters will be famous the world over. The booklet is bound in brown paper, every copy tied with a string by hand, and has a decidedly unique appearance.

* * *

Wheat speculation, love and business are the motives of a great serial story by Merwin-Webster, authors of the "Short Line War," which is begun in the Saturday Evening Post of May 25. Ex-President Cleveland will contribute to the issue of June 1 an able paper on "The Waste of Public Money." In this article Mr. Cleveland sounds a warning note against national extravagance and the criminally reckless expenditure of public money.

* * *

Neil Munro's new novel, "Doom Castle," is finally announced for publication within the fortnight, by Doubleday, Page & Co. It is a curious fact that this now famous author did not know a word of English till he was 10 years old. Yet the London Spectator recently set him down as being possesses of the greatest and best style that has been displayed since the death of Stevenson. Born and brought up as he was in a wild and remote part of the Highlands of Scotland, of an old race of hunters and flock-masters, who spoke only the Gaelic tongue, is it not strange that he has added some new and fascinating elements to literature. The new novel is said to be a story of mystery, introducing some historical personages of whom one is Lord Kilkerran.

* * *

Some new estimates have been made as to the sale of Mr. Kipling's books. Of "The Day's Work" alone more than 500,000 copies have been sold in this country, and of the authorized editions of his works certainly no less than half a million volumes have been disposed of in the United States. An estimate of the recent sales of the earlier uncopyrighted works has led a person of statistical tendency to believe that at least 3,000,000 of them have been sold in the last three years.

* * *

The story in the Argonaut for May 20 is another of Charles Fleming Embree's Mexican sketches, unique in situation and treatment. It describes the petty jealousies among the members of an American colony in a city of the interior republic, and pictures the grand catastrophe that took place almost under the shadow of Orizaba's snow-clad peak.

* * *

A work on Marie Antoinette on the later days of the French monarchy is in preparation by Miss Sophia H. MacLehose and will be published very shortly by the Macmillan company. Miss MacLehose is already known by her selection of Tales from Spenser. Her present work will be very beautifully illustrated by numerous pictures and prints. An interesting innovation in illustration will be the insertion of a portrait as a sort of initial letter at the beginning of each chapter. It will be a chatty book.

* * *

The Time-Saver and Souvenir Guide to the Pan-American Exposition is the exquisitely bound vest pocket dairy issued by Laird & Lee, of Chicago. Besides the diar.. proper, covering the six months of the fair (with memorandum and account pages) it contains full descriptions of all the buildings of the Rainbow City and the entrancing Midway. The world-famed Niagara falls are illustrated by pen and picture, while an official plan of the exposition grounds allows the visitor to find his way through the labyrinth of superb edifices. To complete this most useful and practical volume, the publishers have inserted a very well classified directory of Buffalo. (Navy blue leather, full gilt, 25 cents. Cloth-lined paper, 15 cents.) The same firm has issued an edition of the Souvenir Guide, in the Spanish language, a grateful tribute to our many visitors from Mexico, Central and North America.

MILITARY FUNERAL

Will Be That of Former Governor Tanner.

Springfield, Ill., May 25.—Arrangements have been completed for the funeral of former Governor John R. Tanner on Sunday. It was decided that the funeral shall be military, and an order was issued mobilizing the Fifth regiment infantry, one troop of cavalry, a battery of artillery and the engineer corps. The G. A. R. and Sons of Veterans will be largely represented. The body will lie in state in the rotunda of the state house from 8 until 2 p. m. Sunday.

HALL EXONERATED.

Was Charged With Cowardice By Minister Conger.

Washington, May 25.—The record of the court-martial in the case of Capt. Newt Hall, United States marine corps, who was charged by Minister Conger with cowardice in connection with the defense of the legations at Pekin, has reached Washington. Admiral Remey has promulgated the finding in a special order which completely exonerates Capt. Hall from the charge, and finds that the only matter of substance sustained in the charges is an error of judgment in connection with the withdrawal of his troops at a critical moment from the Tartar wall.

A SHIRT TRUST.

Manufacturers Would Form a Big Combine.

Chicago, May 25.—A special to the Evening Post from Troy, N. Y., says: The leading shirt and cuff manufacturers of the country are to combine, with a capital of $20,0000,000. A committee has been appointed to appraise the property of the constituent companies, which are said to be: National Shirt and Collar company, International Shirt and Collar company, Cluett, Peabody & Co.; George P. Ide & Co., Holmes & Ide, Wilbur, Campbell & Stevens, and two other concerns.

FIRE IN COAL MINE.

Cheyenne, Wyo., May 25.—Fire in the coal mines at Aladdin, Crook county, which started four weeks ago and has continued to spread, has caused the temporary abandonment of the works. Several months will be required to smother the flames. No lives have been lost.

LOSS HALF MILLION.

Asheville, N. C., May 25.—Damage to the Asheville division of the Southern railway by the recent floods is estimated at a half million dollars.

The BILIOUSTINE

A clever satire which originally appeared in

BERT LESTON TAYLOR'S "Line-o-Type or Two" Column

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Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, paper-covered, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WORLD OF LABOR

Delegates to State Federation Meeting at Mankato Elected.

William McEwen Will Seek a Re-Election as Secretary.

Organized Labor to Take Part In Celebration of Fourth.

Coming labor meetings are:

'Longshoremen, tonight, Gilley's hall, West Duluth.

Plasterers' union, Monday night, Kalamazoo block.

Stone Masons' union, Monday night, Burrows block.

Butchers' union, Tuesday night, Kalamazoo block.

Carpenters' union, Tuesday night, Kalamazoo block.

Tinners' union, Tuesday night, Kalamazoo block.

Typographical union, next Sunday afternoon, Kalamazoo block.

At the meeting of the Federated Trades' assembly last evening delegates were elected totheMankato convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor as follows: Gust Winberg and Henry Dworschak, of the Typographical union; William H. Longstreet, the Theatrical Stage Employes; Joseph Pratts, of the Cigarmakers' union, and Gordon O'Neil, of the 'Longshoremen's union. Each of the delegates was allowed $25 expenses.

* * *

The Mankato convention, which is to be held June 10-11, promises to be one of the most important in the history of organized labor of the state. William B. McEwen, of this city, will be a candidate for re-election as secretary of the state organization, and he should win out. The state federation has never had a more able or enthusiastic officer. There are a great many people throughout the state that would like to see Mr. McEwen made president of the state organization.

* * *

Speaking of presidents, the latest candidate for the honor at the hands of the Mankato convention is Business Agent Hansen, of the Minneapolis Woodworkers' organization.

* * *

Organized labor will be properly represented in the big Fourth of July celebration. Gordon O'Neil is a member of the general committee, and last night President Davis of the assembly appointed Messrs. Kielly, Timlin and Winberg as a special committee to look after the labor interests.

* * *

President Davis of the Trades' assembly was at the council meeting on Monday night for the purpose of urging action in connection with the long-delayed Tenth avenue west viaduct. With the opening of navigation the laboring men employed along the harbor front find themselves in as much danger going to and from work as they were a year ago. The bridge must be built, and it is probable that the matter will come before the council next Monday night.

* * *

W. H. Kelley and H. C. Stivers, of the Superior Trades' and Labor assembly, were at the meeting of the assembly last night.

* * *

Thomas E. Hill has been invited to address the Federated Trades' assembly at its next meeting, June 7. Mr. Hill is secretary of the Improvemnt association.

LABOR NOTES.

The New York Co-Operative Industrial society, composed of members of trades unions, has been organized and will meet twice a month at the University Settlement building, Rivington and Eldridge streets. Among its leading members are the secretaries of various East Side labor organizations. The object of the society is to start co-operative bakeries, groceries and delicatessen stores, in which the working people can have a share of the profits. It is proposed to start the shops after the model of a co-operative scheme which has been in existence for some years in England.

Columbus, O., hasn't a non-union railway man.

The Women's Trades' Union League of Great Britain has 4000 members.

Minneapolis has a Servant Girls' union.

The railways in this country support about 4,000,000 persons and their families.

Before the war the mines in South Africa gave work to between 60,000 and 70,000 men.

All the conductors of the Brookfield, Mass., trolley line have been appointed special officers.

Italy has 300 co-operative societies.

Pittsburg bridge and structural iron workers get 53.60 for nine hours.

Glasgow's penny electric tram cars, owned by the corporation, has begun to run within the week. They are overhead trolley cars and double deckers. Glasgow owns its own telephones, and has thus reduced the annual rental of a house telephone to something like $25. Glasgow lights its own streets with electricity and gas, and sells light cheaply to its citizens. The plan of corporation ownership is to have a fair and notable trial.

Belgium, which was one of the first European states to provide for government intervention in the interest of labor, has now before its chamber a new bill, which makes a long step in advance. The bill is expected to become a law without modification. As the now stands a workman, in case of bodily injury, can only claim compensation if he can show that the injury was due to negligence on the part of his employer. According to the new measure an employe, who receives an injury which incapacitates him for more than a fortnight, shall be paid by the employer, even should the accident be traced to the fault of the claimant. The amount of indemnity is fixed at half the sufferer's average earnings in case of total disability, or, in case of partial incapacity, to half the difference in his wage-producing power for which the accident is responsible. The bill, in dealing with the liability of the employer, gives the latter the option of insuring himself either in the National Caisse d'Epargne, or in a private company approved by the state, and the contracting society is bound to take over all responsibility on the score of accidents, in respect of which the employer's liability henceforth ceases. Or he may decline to insure, and in this case the workman's claim for indemnity becomes a first claim for indemnity comes a first charge on the estate after the payment of ordinary wages, and he is further obliged to capitalize certain sums for future compensation and pay the amount into a state bank or insurance company approved by the state.

Women Insurance agents are multiplying.

Japan has thousands of unionists.

London boasts 2700 crossing-sweepers.

Female compositors in Paris are not legally permitted to set type at night.

It has been demonstrated by actual test that a single towboat can transport at one trip from Pittsburg to New Orleans 29,000 tons of coal loaded in barges. The boat and its tow, worked by a few men, thus carry as much freight as 3000 cars and 100 locomotives, manned by six men.

In setting and distributing type a compositor's hand travels on an average eleven miles a day. Leaving Sundays and holidays out of account, this means about 3000 miles a year.

The American Federation of Labor has now affiliated with it no less than 82 national and international unions, with 9494 subordinate local unions, having an aggregate membership of 804,050. In addition to these before mentioned general unions, there are at present date of writing 1051 independent chartered local unions, leaving 79,150 members, making a total of 10,545 unions, with a membership of 883,200. These figures are exclusive of non-membership, indirectly affiliated through the medium of central labor unions of 205 cities and 16 State Federations of Labor.

One of the great features of the co-operative movement which is doing so much to promote the welfare of the Irish people is to be found in the agricultural banks or credit associations, conducted on the system first introduced in Germany by Herr Raiffersen in 1849. Where money is scarce a number of people form themselves into a society; and on their joint unlimited engagement to be responsible for its liabilities are able to obtain money enough for their needs They borrow at 4 or 5 per cent and lend at 6 per cent, the difference going toward at 6 per cent, the difference going toward expenses and reserve. On deposits from its members the bank allows 4 per cent, considerably more than the postoffice savings bank. There are now fifty-two of these banks at work in Ireland, with a membership of 400.

PHILADELPHIA NEXT.

Columbus, Ohio, May 25.—The National Association of Car Inspectors and Car Repairers have selected Philadelphia as the place of their next meeting in May, 1093.

Found a Buried Treasure.

A man in a small town in New Jersey recently found a buried treasure in his yard, which no doubt had been left there by one of Capt. Kidd's famous crew. A fortunate find, indeed, and sufficient to enable him to live happily the rest of his days, provided, of course, he has good health. To obtain good health there is no medicine like Hostetter's Bitters. It sets things right in the stomach and regulates the bowels. If you are nervous and worn out you should try it. It will brace you up. It is a splendid tonic and will cure all stomach, liver and kidney disorders. Give it a trial and you will not be disappointed, but be sure to get the genuine.

Reserved Seats For May Festival.

Reserved seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's from Monday morning.

The Difference

There is a great difference between an ordinary pasteboard box and the In-er-seal Patent Package.

There is a great difference between biscuit packed in a common pasteboard box and those protected by the In-er-seal Patent Package. No one could patent a pasteboard box. The In-er-seal Package is patented because it is air tight, dust resisting, moisture and germ proof.

Crackers, biscuit and wafers packed in the In-er-seal Patent Package are absolutely protected. Their flavor and crispness are fully preserved before and after you get them. Be sure the In-er-seal Trade mark design is on the end of the package, and you can't make any mistake.

When you order Soda, Graham, Long Branch, Milk and Oatmeal Biscuit, Vanilla Wafers, Ginger Snaps and Saratoga Flakes, insist on getting those which come in the In-er-seal Patent Package. Don't take a substitute. Look for the In-er-seal trade mark design at the end of the box.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

DAILY STORY.

THE HINDOO'S CURSE.

BY

HORACE MELVILLE GRANT.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

I had been stationed at Meerut, India, a year or more when I first saw Jumma the fakir. When he arrived at Meerut on his rounds which took in every important town in the empire, he claimed to be 120 years old. Some of the civil doctors and army surgeons scouted this claim, but many other people thought it might be possible. At any rate, he had reached such an age that he looked more like a mummy than a living being. His skin felt like paper to the touch, his hair had lost its life and was like flax, and he was toothless, almost deaf, and had to be carried about in the arms of an attendant. This old man's magic astounded the British, and caused him to be looked up to as an event when he gave an exhibition.

Old Jumma came out to the cantonment to give an exhibition of his art, and we were all considerably astonished when Col. Blackmore refused to permit it. Not only that, but he walked out to where the old fakir was seated on the grass and called him a cheat and a swindler and threatened him with the guardhouse if he ever set foot in the cantonment again. It looked small, and man, and spiteful to all, and much ill-feeling was created among the native rank and file. When the old man understood that he was not only barred out but insulted, his eyes flashed, his bent form straightened up, and in a voice as hoarse as a raven's he cried out:

"I know you hate the Hindoo! You would lash me with a whip, old as I am, if you dared to! I will go away, and I will not return while you are living, but I shall not have long to wait!"

"Ah! you would make some of your dupes believe it their duty to assassinate me!" growled the colonel.

"No one will assassinate you. You shall not die by the hand of man. My son the Tiger shall take your life, but he will not eat your flesh. Your body will be left to the vultures!"

The colonel was white with passion, and for an instant it was feared that he might proceed to personal violence, but with a great effort he controlled himself and turned away. But few knew at the moment that a party had been organized for a tiger hunt in the Kalee valley, to the east, and that the colonel was to make one of the number. It was argued that Old Jumma must have heard of it through the natives or he would not have spoken as he did in his reply. The colonel may have held his prophecy in contempt, or he may have started on the hunt two days later because he feared ridicule. In either event, he got away in the company of three officers and two civilians, and what befell him was related to me by my own captain. When the party reached the jungle country they went into camp and sent out natives to beat up the neighborhood and mark down any big game. Two days had passed without a trace of tigers, when an old man came into camp and sought out Col. Blackmore to give him a warning.

"This afternoon, sahib," he began, with all due humility, "while the other sahibs were riding about, you sat in your tent writing letters. I could see you from the hill over there. I was not spying on you, but looking after my lost ox. As I stood for a moment I saw a tiger crouched in that bit of grass down there. He was watching you. I had a fear that if I cried out he would turn on me, and so I did not give an alarm. I threw stones at him, however, and by and by he went away. It was surely a tiger, sahib, and a large one, but there was something very strange about him. What it was I cannot explain, but I am very much afraid."

"It's a cock-and-bull story to get a coin or two," replied the Colonel, in tones of contempt, "and you need not mind about coming again."

The other hunters didn't look at it that way, however, and a brief investigation furnished proofs that a tiger had crept up to within a hundred feet of the colonel's tent and spent some time in surveying him. Why the beast hadn't covered the rest of the distance and secured a victim no one could say, but it was judged that he had been routed out of his retreat by the beaters, and was passing on to another and had halted out of curiosity.

The next day the beaters reported a tiger in a nullah or ravine about seven miles away. The beast had carried away an old woman from a village the night before, and there was every hope that he might be killed while heavy with sleep and food. The entire party turned out and rode to the spot. The found a dry ravine running back from the highway for a mile, with its banks thick with grass and bushes, and here and there a pool of water. It was a capital hiding place for a tiger, and yet one from which he might be easily driven with stones and sounds. When the hunters had been stationed along the ravine Col. Blackmore's position was on the right hand bank and about the center of the field. He dismounted from his horse and stood under a tree, and there were two natives with him. Fifty natives, acting as beaters, went to the head of the ravine and began working their way down. The tiger was heard to roar and growl, but he would not show up. The beaters had passed the colonel when one of the men at his side suddenly cried out: "For the love of God, sahib colonel, but here is a tiger from the rear!"

There came out of a thin fringe of jungle from the north of them a tiger, and when first seen he was within ten feet of them. What happened after the colonel wheeled about was told by the natives. The tiger was not crouched for a spring, and neither did he seem to be in savage temper. The soldier had raised his rifle as he turned, but he did not fire. The tiger and man looked each other in the eyes for a long minute, and then the weapon in the colonel's hands was gradually lowered.

"It has the soul of Jumna, and I am a lost man!" they heard him whisper. And in telling the story they added:

"We were almost paralyzed with fear, and yet we saw everything. That tiger was a queer-looking beast. He did not mind us at all, but not for the fraction of a second did he take his eyes off the colonel. The sahib went white as death, and we could hear him breathing hoarsely in his throat. It seemed as if the tiger stood there for five minutes before he moved a paw, and all this time the beaters were making a great racket and the hunters were shouting to each other."

The tiger did not spring. He calmly advanced on the colonel and seized him, and according to the beaters the man did not even cry out. It was a quarter of an hour before the alarm was given, as the hunters had become widely scattered. This was not the tiger hiding in the ravine. That one was driven out and shot. A search was begun as soon as the terror-stricken natives could make themselves understood, but nothing came of it. The tiger had carried his victim to the hills.

Next morning the officers had the natives climbing trees in all directions, and before noon one of them had marked down a gathering of vultures. The party pushed for the spot with all speed, and they reached it in time to secure the remains from mutilation. By his grip on the thigh the tiger had carried his victim over two miles. He had not bitten him elsewhere, and yet the man was dead at the end of the run. No trace of the presence of the beast could be found. He had been summoned by the insulted fakir out of the depths of the jungle to come and do his work, and when the work was finished he had returned to the lair, which no hunter could discover. When old Jumna heard of the colonel's fate he simply said:

"I said it should be so. It is so. It is well."

FLOODS RECEDE.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 25.—Reports from upper East Tennessee indicate that the water in all the rivers is receding. At Allertown 1000 people are reported without food, all stores having been destroyed.

Women Should be Careful!

Menstruation is the most sensitive function of the female organism. Any physical disorder affects the menstrual flow. In turn irregular menses, profuse, scanty or suppressed, are the causes of much pain and many deaths. The loss of blood by a profuse flow drains the body of its strength. The face becomes pale and haggard and the chest hollow. Consumption is not far off. Suppressed and scanty menstruation result in falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, tumors and painful and dangerous blood diseases. With such certain disasters attending irregularity of the menses every woman should carefully guard the periodical habit. The Rev. M. D. Stacy, a minister of repute in his community, is authority for the statement that

WINE OF CARDUI

completely cured his wife of menstrual irregularities. Its cure of over 1,000,000 suffering women stamps Wine of Cardui as the greatest emmenagogue ever made. If menstruation does not reappear every twenty-eight days go to your druggist and purchase a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui. Mrs. Stacy did that and this is her experience:

Troublesome, Ky., July 27, 1900.

My family and I think your medicines are the best in the world. My wife's menstrual periods have been very irregular, both in time and color, since December 1898. They would return every fifteen or twenty days and last from three to eight days. She would suffer almost death. She also had heart palpitation and every kind of ache and pain. I tried doctors and they gave no relief. I saw Wine of Cardui recommended and I went to a drug store and got a half dozen bottles. By the time she had used one bottle she was without pain and now she is able to do her housework. She is going through the change of life now.

Rev. M. D. STACY.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE DRAMA

The Lyceum Will Be Dark All Next Week.

"Nathan Hale" Coming On Following Tuesday.

The Lyceum will be dark during the coming week.

Tuesday, June 4, is the date upon which Howard Kyle will appear before the people of Duluth in the great play, "Nathan Hale," by Clyde Fitch. Mr. Kyle has been seen here before, but never as a star. He will be remembered as an actor of excellent ability, a fine master of the art. The Chicago Chronicle said of him:

"Howard Kyle has been hiding his light under a bushel. Had he anticipated the rapturous reception he received last night at McVicker's in 'Nathan Hale,' he would have been here long ago. Comparison with Nat Goodwin's representation of the part of the young revolutionary hero is, of course, almost inseparable from any production of Clyde Fitch's pretty drama in his city, but sooth to say, Kyle does not suffer by the comparison. His Nathan Hale is a finished conception of the character and was received with delight by a large Sunday night house. Kyle looks like Faversham to a remarkable degree, but he is happily free from most of the faults of that matinee idol. He was not the actor posing for the limelight last night. He was the simple, brave young officer who regretted that he had but one life to give to his country. The company, which does not contain a single name to conjure with, is remarkably competent."

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Lederer May Get Hold of Koster & Bial's.

New York, May 22.—It would seem as if George Lederer is, after all, to get a theater in New York without building it. During his absence in London negotiations were begun by Herman Oppenheimer which had for their object the securing of Koster & Bial's. The Hashims at that time vehemently declared that Lederer never should get that playhouse while they lived, and their lease really gave them, though its renewal clause, the opportunity of blocking all other plans. But while the Hashims went in as roaring lions they came out as quiet lambs, and New York will know them no more. Their experience was costly and sad, and all because this town is not like unto the dwelling place of the Quakers. The Hashims are now sure Philadelphia is quite large enough for their talents, and in the future they will restrain themselves within its limits. The Koster estate was quite willing to let them have the theater some more, but once was enough for them. For the present Koster & Bial's will be run by the aforesaid estate, and vaudeville will linger there as long as possible. Meanwhile Lederer is negotiating again, and with considerable chance of success. The estate demands an enormous rental, but not with the firmness of former days. Successive failures have hurt the house as a money-maker, and no manager can afford to pay the asked-for figures. Now that vaudeville, opera and burlesque have failed there it would seem that the house needs such a change of entertainment and management as Lederer would give it. He would present his annual reviews and devote the rest of the season to musical comedy. The entire house would be remodeled and redecorated. New furnishings would be put in and the prices scaled to suit all purses. Lederer will not talk of his plans, but it is more than likely that he will get the house.

* * *

Now that the old Star theater walls have almost reached the level of the ground the edict has been sent forth that the Madison Square theater is doomed. It is part of the Eno estate, and will come down with the hotel in 1903 to make room for the new 24-story hotel. Moreover, the old Grand Opera house is in considerable danger. The plans for the new North river bridge terminal carry the railroad tracks around the theater, and will, if carried out, destroy its usefulness as a place of amusement.

* * *

It is mighty seldom that Charles Frohman lets go of a theater of which he has secured control. But the progress of the first-class stock company at a low-class rate has been too much for him, so he has yielded the Columbia in Brooklyn to Manager Greenwald, of the American. He will organize a new company at once, and in the fall will alternate his organization on both sides of the bridge. Brooklyn will have but one high-priced theater, the Montauk, but the owners of the Grand Opera house will renovate that resort during the summer and have it ready for competition.

* * *

Miss Minnie Maddern Fiske has changed her mind about her opening play at her husband's Manhattan theater. She at first determined to produce Hauptman's "Mary of Magdala," but this will be postponed and a modern play will be substituted. Mrs. Fiske has several under consideration, but the choice is not yet made.

* * *

Brooklyn will soon enjoy a theatrical novelty in that Edward Brennan, her exassemblyman, will become an actor-manager. Finding politics too tedious he yearned for action, and he will, in all probability get it at the Amphion theater, which he has leased from Hyde and Behman for a summer session with a stock company. Brennan has been an amateur actor for some time—long enough, in fact, to gather considerable confidence. This he will prove by producing "The Hunchback" in hot weather. His leading lady will be Miss Bessie Cameron, a society girl with a thespian ambition. A man who was with Booth has been hired as stage manager, and a new drama will be given every week as long as the public will stand for it.

* * *

It may be that Miss Cameron was a bit precipitate in hiring out to Brennan, for along comes Amelia Bingham with an appeal for a society woman that would melt the hardest heart of a man. At present the condition is that she must be well known in the "four hundred," but the limit may be raised so as to include the baby carriage district. This state of affairs is due to the departure from "The Climbers" of Miss Clara Bloodgood. Applicants for the vacancy need only "a fair amount of dramatic ability," but the society credentials must be strictly up-to-date.

* * *

"The King's Carnival" is the biggest hit New York has had in many moons, but already some small disturbances have made their appearance. To begin with, the applause was so great the other night that the nervous temperament of the fragile Marie Dressler was so wrought upon she fainted, but without serious damage to the stage or scenery. One of her dearest female friends suggested—but only suggested, mind you—that Marie was really overcome by the great lift in a great measure hurt the triumph Miss Dressler had mapped out for herself. But, of course, this could not be true, and Miss Dressler is quite well and strong again, thank you. Edna hung around with her specialty in working order until after midnight on the first night, and the audience was so bewildered by the gorgeous spectacle that there was, as Miss Aug tersely phrased it, "Nothing doing" for her. A short conference with the stars led to her retirement from the burlesque, but on such friendly terms that when the roof garden is opened the fair Edna will work off that specialty in time to enjoy her midnight meal.

* * *

One result of Daniel Frohman's present visit to London will probably be the production at Daly's of a Christmas pantomime, so dear to the English heart. The idea was urged upon the manager by Arthur Collins while both were in the country. The production at the Drury Lane of "Beauty and the Beast," in which Madge Lessing had the principal part, may be duplicated here next winter. Frohman is not a pantomime as we understand the word, but is really a Christmas spectacle with singing, talking and a most elaborate ballet. The only thing that has been seen here was "Cinderella," which was imported by the late Henry Abbey.

* * *

"Charley" Ross has learned a thing or two about boxing recently owing to the expert guidance of one Norman Selby, alias "Kid" McCoy. Ross has adorned "My Lady" recently, to the delight of the susceptible Brooklyn maiden, and has been to some extent a stranger on Broadway. He showed up in his favorite resort on Monday, however, but with a face that was badly swollen on the off side. "Got the mumps?" inquired a sympathetic friend. "Nope," retorted the comedian. "It's just a kid I've been boxing with McCoy lately, and he showed me a new punch. This is it," and Ross softly smoothed his cheek as he ordered some "espoon" ment.

* * *

Julia Marlowe's hoped-for vacation will not begin on June 1. Business on that portion has been so good that Charles Frohman has cabled over to continue the season indefinitely.

* * *

The one new production of the coming week will be at the American theater. The play will be a romantic drama by Franklin Fyles, the dramatic editor of the Sun. Its name is "Kit Carson," and the plot is woven around the chief incidents in the life of the famous Indian fighter. There will be seventy-five persons on the stage, and Ralph Stuart will play the title role.

* * *

Tenny A. H. Chamberlyn is sailing amid troubled waters. He has lost his Boston theater, the Columbia, and there is the mischief to play in "The Prima Donna." Tuesday night the comedian, known as old Billy Cameron, the comedian. It was 9 o'clock before the curtain staggered up. The next night Miss Lulu Glaser failed to show up, and a chorus girl read her lines from the manuscript. Cameron also stayed away, and a chorus man got the chance of his life. Meanwhile Chamberlyn is planning great things for next season.

* * *

Henrietta Crosman's 150th performance of "Mistress Nell" was marked by souvenirs on Monday night, and she has apparently settled down for a summer run. Next season she will appear in three different plays. One will probably be "Much Ado About Nothing." The others have been written by Evelyn Greenleaf Sutherland. Miss Crosman will continue "Mistress Nell" for a while on the road.

* * *

Rose Coghlan's appearance in the fall under the management of Lederer and Leavitt will be in a drama that was written for her by her brother, the late Charles Coghlan. The next six weeks will be spent in Western vaudeville theaters, and on July 1 she will go to Denver to appear in "Carmen," "Peg Woffington" and "The School for Scandal." She will be supported by the Bellows Stock company, of which her husband, John T. Sullivan, is leading man.

* * *

an all-summer show. He will continue the play next season, but under a new manager, Jacob Litt. Curiously enough the farce was offered to Litt before it was produced by Smyth and Perley, but he would not touch it with a 10-foot pole. Now he takes not only the play, but the scenery and the company as well.

* * *

R. A. Barnet has evolved a scheme for running an opera which he ought to have patented. The author of "1492" has written a musical comedy which he has named "Cappadox, or the Love of a Girl." He thus explains his system in a letter: "I have given it two names because I think if a comedian is to star in it 'Cappadox' is the better title, whereas, if the star is to be a woman the other designation is preferable. The costumes will give some especially good opportunities, for it calls for Greek dress, which will blend picturesquely with the modern gowns of a few of the characters we are to wear."

* * *

Anna Held has managed to get about all the advertising possible from that bear cub with which her husband presented her. During the early part of the week she planted it in a Broadway window with this inscription: "This is the son of the bear that caused the panic in Wall street. Property of Anna Held, now playing at the Grand Opera house." Almost before the print was dry on the sign it was announced that she would, in turn, present the animal to the Central park zoo. This was done in the Ziegfeld style. The actress drove up to the entrance with the cub in an automobile, an official was on hand to receive it with an appropriate speech, typewritten copies of which were handed to the waiting newspaper men, and all was truly lovely.

* * *

"Teddy" Marks is missing from the Rialto, and a disconsolate theorist is mourning the loss in sales of his daily nosegay. Marks is out on the deep with his head full of plans for cornering the foreign unemployed market. He has branched out with an elaborate Broadway office and means to establish a department in London, and probably one in the French capital.

* * *

E. D. Price has taken the management of "Lover's Lane" for William A. Brady, and he spent this week in Chicago making arrangements for its production there. The hit made by Millie James as the 10-year-old heroine in "Shore Acres" even greater behind the scenes than it is before the footlights. She is a great favorite with the children in the play, and they regard her as one of themselves. She had a headache the other night and was correspondingly depressed in spirits. Her sworn ally is a tiny chap who impersonates a cripple. He so worked upon that he was only comforted by her acceptance of three pennies and a broken toy locomotive.

* * *

Willie Collier will run "On the Quiet" for another month at least, and it may be Maud Raymond will play Topsy no more this season. She was hurt while driving on the Speedway in one day, the fact that physicians have found two fractures in her skull. Theodore Roberts, who is now playing Logree, will go with James K. Hackett in the fall.

* * *

Al Hayman made a reputation as an orator, and got the presidency of the Actors' Fund in one day. He tried in some well-chosen words to prove that Louis Aldrich was responsible for the new Actors' Home, but his hearers wouldn't have it, remembering that it was Hayman's check for $10,000 that started the fund a-rolling. This feature of the election was the turning down of George Fuller Golden for trustee. Golden was on the regular ticket, but the opposition put Milton Nobles against him, with the result that the White Rat organizer got just 10 votes and Nobles the office.

* * *

Broadway had but one comment for the verdict in the Yarmouth libel case. It was: "If Yarmouth was half as good on the stage as on the stand all the managers would be running after him." As a matter of fact his conduct in the chair has won him a host of friends among the theatrical folk, and their only regret is that he seems unable to be his natural self behind the footlights.

* * *

Dorothy Morton is going to London next month to play a music hall engagement. She will be managed by Frank Turner.

* * *

David Henderson, manager of the Columbus Theater, Boston, came to town today to deny the report circulated from Buffalo that he is endeavoring to form a combination in opposition to the theatrical syndicate.

"The story is false, malicious, and calculated to injure me in the estimation of men whom I consider my closest friends, and with whom I expect to have business dealings," he said. "I am not in opposition to the syndicate, nor did I authorize any one to say that I am the agent of Nixon and Zimmerman in forming a chain of theaters. The statement attributed to me that Nixon & Zimmerman are at odds with the syndicate has not the slightest basis in fact.

"Furthermore, I am not connected with Nixon and Zimmerman in a business way."

* * *

Sandol Milliken, who was leading lady with Jefferson De Angelis this season, has been engaged by Klaw & Erlinger for a new musical comedy for Harry B. Smith, to be produced next autumn.

* * *

There is some talk of Julia Marlowe and Richard Mansfield appearing together next spring in a Shakespearean play. Mr. Mansfield, it is said, would be willing to play Macbeth to Miss Marlowe's Lady Macbeth. Miss Marlowe, on the other hand, would like to play "Much Ado About Nothing" with Mr. Mansfield. The whole matter is still in the air, and there have been no direct communications between Miss Marlowe and Mr. Mansfield. The whole matter is still in the air, and there have been no direct communications between Miss Marlowe and Mr. Mansfield yet, but their friends think the scheme would be a good one. There is also some possibility of Miss Marlowe and John Drew appearing together some time as Beatrice and Benedick.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Sembrich is singing in Berlin.

The annual Bach festival at Bethlehem, Pa., was held last week.

The cast of "The Brixton Burglary," a farce disclosed in New York last week, includes Joseph Holland, Grace Filkins, W. J. Ferguson and Elita Proctor Otis.

David Henderson has secured control of the Columbia theater, Boston, for a period ten years.

Audran is completing another opera.

Lewis Morrison will return to the boards next season, appearing in "Faust."

There is some talk of Julia Marlowe and Richard Mansfield appearing together next spring in Shakespearean play.

George W. Lederer is to organize a company to play "The Casino Girl" over the Lederer-Leavitt Cuba and Mexico circuit.

E. S. Willard will not have an autumn season in London, a suitable house not being available. He will therefore return to the United States and play another season here.

Rose Coghlan is to star next season in a play written for her by Charles Coghlan, just before he died. It is a romantic drama and has for its foundation an old French play.

The "Messidor" of Bruneau and Zola was sung the other day in Frankfort, the first time in Germany. Its success was not sufficient to make it seem probable that the work will be frequently performed.

Adeline Patti was the guest of honor at a reception given by Sarah Bernhardt in Paris May 19. On the following day Madame Patti delivered an address to the Paris International Society of Female Students.

In a letter to a young man about to go upon the stage, Edwin Booth said: "Let me hope that you will be guided by the simple 'don't do it' from one whose experience of theatrical drudgery dates from early boyhood."

When Joseph Jefferson closed his season at Boston he was called out for a speech before the curtain, and he gave the good news that he had no intention of retiring from the stage, but would appear next season in his well-known play.

Emma Eames' refusal to create one of the roles in the new Shakespearean opera by Villiers Stanford has been criticised, but the prima donna feels that she has done her duty by young or inconspicuous composers and does not think that she should be expected to study works to be sung two or three times at the utmost.

There was a benefit at the New York Casino last night for J. Sherrie Mathews, who as one of the firm of Mathews & Bulger has given enjoyment to thousands of playgoers. He is broken in health and no longer able to continue in his profession. Nothing but a long stay at a health resort will restore him to his old self. Mathews married Norma Whalen a few months ago.

Madame Januschek was recently visited by a friend of the writer at her retreat in Saratoga. The former tragic queen is quite feeble in body, but she is as alert and keen as ever in mind. She is desirous to have the fact known that $700 of the receipts of that benefit were given to the Actors' fund. It was her wish that the fund should thus be repaid for the assistance it has given her in the past.

A monument to the late Sir Arthur Sullivan is to be placed in St. Paul's cathedral, London, the committee having received last week from the dean and chapter of St. Paul's their approval of the project. A Sir Arthur Sullivan scholarship is to be endowed at the Royal Academy of Music, London, and a statue to the famous composer will be erected on the Thames embankment.

George Hue's opera, "The King of Paris," has just been sung at the opera in Paris, twenty-two years after it was written. It was in 1879 that M. Hue won the Prix de Rome, and nothing of his beyond a one-act operetta, sung in 1881, has hitherto been performed in public. M. Hue has had better fortune than some of his colleagues. M. Bourgault-Ducoudray had to wait twenty-nine years after winning the prize before his opera was sung.

At last Blackmore's "Lorna Doone" is to be represented on the American stage. We have often heard of projects for dramatizing this story, Louis N. Parker was at work on a dramatization of it for Annie Russell a couple of years ago, but it will find its first tangible stage form in the production of Mildred Dowling's dramatization, which H. L. Hamlin will make at the Grand Opera house in Chicago in a few weeks, says Harrison Grey Fiske, in Dramatic Mirror.

Characters in "Tom Moore," produced by Andrew Mack last week, include Tom Moore, Prince of Wales, Lovelace, Lord Moira, Sheridan, Bean Brummer, Bessie Dyke, Winnie Farrell, Lady Fitz Herbert and Mrs. Malone. Andrew Mack introduced Tom Moore's songs in a delightful manner. "Love's Young Dream," "The Last Rose of Summer" and "Belive Me, If All Those Edearing Young Charms" are those selected. There are four acts, but the school room scene in act 1 and act 2, showing Moore's garret, stand out as the strong ones.

SECRET SWEETNESS.

Chicago, May 25.—A secret meeting of confectioners, representing seven candy manufacturers associations, controlling a large percentage of the candy output, was held here yesterday. Nothing was made public as to possible advances in prices.

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RED BOX
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And can guess the number of pills in the big case in the window of the store. Call in and have it explained to you.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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FRESH FRUIT SALADS.

Every season brings us something new in the culinary line. Many dishes soon lose their novelty, which is the only recommendation they possess, perhaps. In this case they are soon forsaken for a new idea. However, from the various dishes presented we always find one which does not fall into disfavor, but increases in popularity from season to season. As an example of this we have fruit salads. These were first introduced as suitable accompaniments to the game course, and were generally combined with nuts or celery or both. Then by a slight transformation they were adopted by many as a dessert; playing the double part of a salad course and dessert. This is a very sensible idea, especially in warm weather, when a hearty dinner is served. It is, however, on the summer luncheon table, where they are perhaps the most appreciated and where they can fill their double mission of salad and dessert course. Then, too, they go so well with cold meats. Nor are they to be denied a place on the hot-weather breakfast table, as their refreshing colors and coolness, as well as acid juices, recommend them to both eye and taste. Of course, when they take the form of a breakfast salad they must be served in as simple a manner as possible, and with the plain French dressing, unless the salad is to be the principal dish of a meal, and no meats are served. Then a mayonnaise dressing or whipped cream may be used in order to give the dish a greater food value. To a breakfast fruit salad may be added, sweetbreads, shad roe and finely ground nut meats; but all other meats and fish are better served in luncheon salads.

Salad composed of several kinds are delicious if the combination is carefully made, and almost every kind of fruit is now used in this way. Sweet and tart fruits, of course, make the best combinations.

MOCK PINEAPPLE SALAD.

Peel three large, rather sweet apples; cut into thin slices and with a small round cutter remove the core. Cut the slices of the apples with cold water to keep them from discoloring. Peel four medium-sized tart oranges; trim off with white paring and slice the oranges across the grain the same thickness as the apples. Put slices of apple oranges together; arrange these in pyramid form on a glass dish. Reduce some thick mayonnaise with the juices that drain from the slices of orange and pour over the fruit and serve at once, very cold. Let the fruit chill before the mayonnaise is added.

APPLE AND GRAPE FRUIT SALAD.

Remove the pulp from one large grape fruit in small pieces; pare, core and chop two large, rather sweet apples fine. Put fruit together and mix with French dressing. Chill on ice. Serve in lettuce cups and garnish with white grapes, skinned and seeds removed, and chopped nuts.

PINEAPPLE AND CELERY SALAD.

Peel a small, ripe pineapple, cut out the eyes and shred; set on ice until thoroughly chilled; then mix with a cup of finely-chopped, crisp white celery; and a sweet, red pepper cut into dice. Sprinkle over all a dressing of two tablespoonfuls of vinegar and a few minutes. Then mix with mayonnaise and whipped cream and serve with garnish of lettuce leaves and nut meats.

STRAWBERRY SALAD No. 1.

To those who cannot use cream with strawberries, the berries served in the form of salad is very acceptable. There are various ways of serving them in this form; one way is to select fine ripe fruit, stem and wash carefully if they are gritty; then drain and chill; arrange in small cups made of lettuce leaves, filling partially full; sprinkle lightly with lemon juice and cover with cream mayonnaise; place on top of each salad a large unhulled berry.

STRAWBERRY SALAD No. 2.

Arrange on a glass dish thin slices of orange, selecting the sweet, think-skinned ones, and do not hull them. On top of the orange slices pile the fruit, hulled and washed and wiped dry. Dust with powdered sugar and a little nutmeg. Just before serving throw over the fruit a wineglass or more, according to the quantity of fruit, of good claret.

FRUIT SALAD No. 1.

Take equal quantity of strawberries, black raspberries and white currants. Arrange the strawberries in the center in mound shape; place the raspberries around the edge, the currants around the raspberries; garnish the dish with leaves and flowers of nasturtiums. Serve with sauce made by dissolving a cup of sugar in water enough to make a thick syrup. Add to this half a wineglass of brandy, a wineglass of chartreuse and a little grated nutmeg.

FRUIT SALAD No. 2.

Peel and slice several fine, ripe bananas and arrange slices on a glass dish; in center of this heap shredded pineapple, flattening the top of the pyramid; cap this with fine, large strawberries; sprinkle with the juice from the pineapple, dust with powdered sugar and serve with the following sauce:

SWEET SALAD SAUCE.

Beat yolks of four eggs until light and gradually beat in a cup of powdered sugar; add half a teaspoonful of salt. Beat until sugar is dissolved, then add the juice of two lemons. This sauce can be added to the salad and kept on ice an hour before serving.

APRICOT SALAD.

Pare and cut the apricots in halves, removing the stones. Fill each half with finely chopped nuts; arrange in a bed of crisp lettuce, pour over the fruit a little French dressing and serve. Peaches and red raspberries are nice to serve in this way.

FRUIT SALAD DRESSINGS.

When the fruit salad is served with game, use either a mayonnaise or French dressing; the sweet dressing is served with the salad served as a last course at a luncheon or for a dessert salad at dinner. For the breakfast salad, any dressing may be used, according to what is to be served with the salad. If the salad takes the place of fruit and cereals it may be served with sweet dressing. If it takes the place of a meat dish, mayonnaise may be served with it, and also whipped cream, but if eaten with meat serve only with fruit juices or French dressing.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Monday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Broiled Ham, Creamed Potatoes,
Corn Puffs, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Cream of Tomato Soup,
Minced Chicken on Toast,
Baked Rhubarb, Soft Gingerbread,
Tea.
DINNER.
Vegetable Soup,
Beef Steak in Casserole,
Corn Pudding, Spinach,
Cress and Radish Salad,
Junket with Chocolate Sauce,
Coffee

Tuesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Smoked White Fish, Potato Cakes,
Baking Powder Biscuit, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Deviled Crabs, Broiled Tomatoes,
Lettuce Mayonnaise,
Wafers, Cheese,
Cereal Coffee.
DINNER.
Spinach Soup,
Veal Pot Pie, Boiled Rice,
Hot Spiced Beets, String Beans,
Rhubarb Jelly with Prunes,
Coffee

Wednesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Shredded Dried Beef, Eggs,
Baked Potatoes, Muffins,
Coffee
LUNCH.
Strawberry Shortcake, Cream,
Brown Bread, Cottage Cheese,
Chocolate.
DINNER.
Asparagus Soup,
Crown of Lamb, Green Peas,
Mashed Potatoes, Stewed Onions,
Dandelion Salad,
Rice Pudding with Raisins,
Coffee

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

(No attention paid to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written.

Mrs. A. C.: We will send reply to your inquiry by mail; but when we furnish recipes which are not included in many or have not been given in our department previously we are obliged to make extra charge, especially when a personal reply is requested.

HARD SOAP.

H. B. L. writes: Could you print a recipe for making hard soap that will lather in hard water? I have a great deal of fat accumulations during the season, principally hog and poultry fat. Am now making a soap which is very hard, but does not lather in cold water, therefore not satisfactory.

HARD SOAP QUICKLY MADE.

Put four or five pounds of tallow or soap fat in an iron kettle and dissolve over a slow fire; it should be only lukewarm when melted; remove from the fire. Dissolve a box of Lewis lye in three pints of cold water and add to the fat and stir until it gets white and thick. Line long shallow pans with thick brown paper and pour the soap into this; cover closely with thick cloths and let stand over night. Then cut up into cakes. Keep in a place where the soap will not get too dry.

FAMILY SOAP.

To seven pounds of tallow or fat use three pounds of resin, two pounds of potash and six gallons of water; boil for five hours; then turn out into a washtub and let stand until next day; cut it up into bars; lay these on a table or board and stand in a sunny place to harden for two or three days.

Tho above recipes are both used by famous housekeepers and are highly recommended. Let us know what success you have.

CHICKEN TAMALES.

H. W. G. wishes recipes for chicken tamales and hot tamales and lady-fingers. Prepare a young tender chicken as for stewing and cook very slowly in just enough water to cover. Add a little salt after it has commenced cooking. Remove the seeds from a dozen large, dried, red chili peppers; wash them well and boil them until very tender; press them through a sieve with a wooden spoon, using enough of the chicken broth to moisten. Put two tablespoonfuls of oil in your skillet, and when very hot put in two medium-sized onions, sliced, two tomatoes and two green peppers sliced thin. Stir these over the fire for a few minutes and then add the chicken when tender and the pulp of the red peppers. Moisten two level tablespoonfuls of flour in a little of the broth and add to the mixture, with enough broth to keep from burning. Cover closely and simmer for quarter of an hour. Now mix the same batter you use for tortillas, but use the chicken broth instead of water for mixing. Put three tablespoonfuls of this into two quarts of water, and when it boils add four pounds of white Indian corn. Set where it will stay hot, but not boil, for several hours, until the skin loosens from the kernels. Wash several times in clear, cold water. Then mash or grind the corn in fine and add half a pound of lard; beat in one direction, with the hand, moistening with the chicken broth until you have a thick batter. It must be stirred until light and foamy. Now prepare nice, clean corn husks by washing and steeping them in tepid water. Spread the batter in the middle of each husk. Have the chicken seasoned with salt and pepper and then put some of the chicken in the center of the batter with a little of the gravy, an olive and two or three raisins; fold the husk over as you would wrap a candy motto paper; now put over this another husk filled with paste, turn the tamale over and lay on the other husk. The wide ends should be turned in opposite directions. Tie lightly one and one-half inches from each end and trim edges neatly with shears. Place in a steamer and cook for an hour. Do not allow the water to touch them.

MEXICAN OR HOT TAMALES.

Add a handful of lime to two pounds of white Indian corn and pour on water enough to cover; heat until the skin loosens from the corn. Wash the corn thoroughly in cold water until all the lime is removed; then grind the corn fine. Boil a large fowl (about four pounds) or three pounds of beef until tender. Take a pound of lard, not melted, and mix with the corn meal, moisten with a little of the broth, but do not get it too soft; remove the seeds from a pound of dried red peppers, cook them until tender and then mash through a sieve; chop three pieces of garlic fine, add a few slices of tomato and half a pound of ground chilis; mix the meat with these, fry in a little oil for a few minutes, then season and boil down. Prepare your husks and spread them with the meal, then the meat mixture, and, if you wish, hard boiled eggs, olives, raisins and cucumbers; then put on another husk, spread with meal and tie up tightly; boil in a gallon of water for an hour, turning the top ones over when half done.

LADY FINGERS.

Beat to a cream the yolks of six eggs and half a pound of confectioner's sugar; beat the whites to a stiff froth and mix in lightly a quarter of a pound of sifted flour; then quickly and lightly fold the two mixtures together. Lay white paper in a baking pan, if you have no lady-finger molds, and put the batter through a pastry tube, making them smaller in the center than at the ends; dust with powdered sugar and bake in a moderate oven until a light brown.

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Granola is crisp, toothsome and 93 per cent. "nutrition."

Granola digests in the stomach and enriches the blood quicker than other cereal foods and is capable of maintaining life for an indefinite period. Every package of Genuine *Granola* bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Sold by all grocers. Beware of imitations.

Drink *Caramel Cereal* instead of tea or coffee, and sleep well—it leaves the nerves Strong.

Send 3c. for *Granola* sample to

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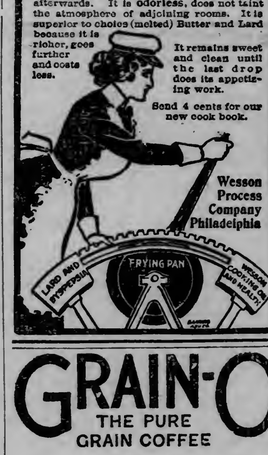

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WIND AND GAS:

CURED WITH CASCARINE.

If you have wind or gas or a bloating of the stomach, why not cure it? Some of these days you will ruin your health by causing these diseases to linger. That bad taste in your mouth and that coated tongue mean that you need a tonic laxative for your system; that your stomach is out of order. You should not go on from day to day allowing this state of affairs to continue, for if you do, it will not be long before you will be a sick man or woman. The time to prevent the sickness is now, not tomorrow. Go at once to your druggist and buy Cascarine. Follow the directions on the bottle and in two days you will feel like yourself again. Most people heed this advice. Others do not, but take cheap pills and tablets, which only ruin their stomachs and keep them in bad health. Cascarine is made from roots, herbs, barks, plants and berries, and will not injure the most delicate stomach. It is just the remedy that every mother should have on her medicine shelf, for it will not gripe anyone, not even the most delicate child. As it is very inexpensive, we advise you to buy a bottle at once, for if it is not satisfactory we will only be too pleased to refund your money. At your druggist, 50 cents per bottle. Rea Bros. & Co., manufacturers, Minneapolis, Louisville and New York.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) May 25.—Light to copious showers have fallen over the southern lake region, Ohio valley, Tennessee, Northern Texas, Northern Louisiana, South Dakota, Wyoming and Southwestern states. The barometer is low off the South Atlantic, Gulf and California coasts, and is adbnormally high over the Red River valley region. Cooler weather prevails in North Atlantic states, the Ohio, Mississippi and Missouri valleys and central states, with light frosts over the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin. Northeasterly winds prevailed generally in the lake region, with gales on lakes Michigan and Huron.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	86	Medicine Hat	—
Battleford	70	Memphis	82
Bismarck	42	Miles City	64
Boston	74	Milwaukee	46
Buffalo	66	Minnedosa	62
Calgary	66	Modena	—
Charleston	89	Montgomery	90
Chicago	48	Moorhead	62
Cincinnati	82	New Orleans	84
Davenport	56	New York	82
Denver	60	North Platte	62
Detroit	68	Oklahoma	84
Dodge City	72	Omaha	54
Duluth	44	Pittsburg	86
Edmonton	76	Port Arthur	54
El Paso	92	Portland	72
Escanaba	48	Prince Albert	—
Galveston	90	Qu'Appelle	42
Green Bay	50	Rapid City	48
Havre	62	San Francisco	66
Helena	62	Santa Fe	70
Houghton	44	Shreveport	72
Huron	60	Spokane	80
Jacksonville	84	St. Louis	82
Kamloops	86	St. Paul	54
Kansas City	70	Sault Ste. Marie	52
Knoxville	88	Swift Current	68
La Crosse	58	Washington	84
Lander	60	Williston	68
Los Angeles	62	Winnemucca	74
Marquette	42	Winnipeg	60

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 25.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Fair and continued cool tonight and Sunday. Possibly light frost tonight.

Minnesota—Fair and continued cool tonight and Sunday. Light frost tonight.

North and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Sunday. Probably light frost tonight.

Upper Lakes—Northerly winds, brisk to high on Michigan and Huron, fresh on Superior. Fair tonight and Sunday.

Balance Not In Our Favor.

For some time past, largely by reason of statistics sent out by the treasury department at Washington, there has been an erroneous impression created in regard to American balances abroad. It is now announced by important banking interests in New York that the United States has at the present moment a great international credit balance—that is, a great mass of debt owed to this country by Europe—is not well founded. As a matter of fact, the United States is at this time, in reality, through the operations of the foreign exchange market, borrowing from Europe, although this debt, represented by long sterling, will be settled later in the season, as our grain and cotton crops, which are still to be harvested, are shipped abroad. One banker who was interviewed said that there had for some time been a great deal of misinformation circulated regarding the existence of this big socalled international trade balance in favor of the United States. One banker who was interviewed pointed out that figuring the balance in favor of this country on the basis of the net exports of merchandise over the net imports of merchandise, there has been no taking into account of the very large amount of money that rich Americans residing abroad, spend there; the money, of course, being drawn from this country. A great many of our dividend and interest-yielding securities have been settling on only about a 3 per cent income basis, and this fact has induced foreign holders of such securities to part with them. They have also disposed of many non-dividend paying American securities, such as Reading and Erie shares, which have advanced in price largely in the American market. If actual figures could be obtained, it would be found that a net balance at the present moment does not exist as a banker's balance—that is an actual cash balance. Europe still undoubtedly holds a great many of our securities, as well as interests in various American investments, which yield an income to their holders. This is an additional item that has helped to offset the so-called international trade balance. If Europe owed us money, says the banker, it is certain we could not have been exporting gold and at the same drawing long bills of exchange. The balances are custom house balances merely, not actual cash balances.

The Sea Serpent Has Arrived.

With the prohibition law in good working order in Maine, it was rather expected that a sea serpent would be seen first off the Massachusetts or Rhode Island coast this season. It has proved otherwise, however, and the startling report has been sent out from the Pine Tree state of the first sight of the ocean monster. It was only a little one, some forty feet long according to the discoverer, and was seen off the coast of Camden. There has always been a little jealousy between the different localities of the state in regard to summer business and almost at the same time of the announcement of the Camden find, a paper in the eastern part of the state printed the following: "Joseph Curtis, Phillie Smith and Robert McDonald were looking over some property skirting the shores of Lake Maguerrawock. They saw what appeared to be a good-sized steamer crossing the lake. When first noticed the object appeared about a mile distant and coming towards them. They could see great paddle wheels churning the water and great quantities of spray flying over what looked like the bow of a boat. As they watched, a large waterspout shot out of the lake, apparently right ahead of the object and a tremendous roar echoed and re-echoed over the lake and through the woods. Every minute the thing was coming closer. It made straight for the shore, and when fifty yards away, the sight almost froze the blood in their bodies. Terror-stricken they turned to flee. Gaining the top of the hill, they turned in time to see a tail as large as the lighthouse on Doucet's island disappear in the heaving waters of the lake. The gentlemen agree in saying the object was at least 200 feet long, thirty feet wide and a head which beggars description. Place the heads of fifty horses on a large steam engine and you have some idea of the description they give. Every head and eye and all moving rapidly. What is it? How did it get there? Is the dreaded sea serpent a captive in the waters of Maguerrawock? As an extraordinary bid for summer visitors this is entitled to the first prize.

THE CANADIAN RAILWAYS.

The Canadian people have been extremely liberal in the granting of bonuses to railroad enterprises, and considering the size of its population the Dominion is, as a result, well provided with railway facilities. The Canadian Pacific road was a gigantic undertaking, passing for thousands of miles through an unsettled country, but its construction was followed by rapid settlement, the building up of many towns and the development of the country's resources, and today it is a very profitable road with a large local traffic in addition to its heavy through business.

It is stated that up to the present time $39,384,557 and 39,725,130 acres of land have been granted by the Dominion government to the railways of Canada. Of these amounts, the Canadian Pacific has received 25,000,000 acres of land and $62,724,816, the remainder being divided among other railroads. In addition, the various provinces have granted $31,310,170 and the municipalities $15,584,542, making a grand total of $136,079,269 of public money paid in subsidies to Canadian railways, every mile of which is in private hands.

Recently aid was granted by the government of Ontario to the Manitoulin & North Shore railway, which is said to be the boldest railroad scheme ever proposed in that province. The road will begin at Medford (Northwestern Ontario), run up the Bruce peninsula, cross by ferry from Tolor Moray to Manitoulin, and run through Manitoulin to Little Current, on the north shore. From the latter place it will go north and west toward Lake Superior, with a branch line to Sudbury. It has been proposed that the line be extended to form a connection with the transcontinental system at Port Arthur, car ferries being used along the northern shore of Lake Superior.

The subsidy is in the form of a grant of 2,500,000 acres of land. The grant, however, does not include the pine timber. In return, the company is to build the railway and have it in operation by June, 1906; erect within two years a smelter of 300 tons capacity for nickel or other ores; export no spruce in an unmanufactured state, and, lastly, place at least 1000 settlers yearly on the lands granted.

COLOSSAL UNDERTAKINGS.

When the stock of the Northern Pacific railroad went skyward as a result of the struggle between the Hill-Morgan and the Union Pacific combinations to control it and with it the Burlington, it was thought that a defeat of the Hill-Morgan combination would be a death blow to the "community of interests" proposition. But it is apparent now that this combination of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific with the Burlington and Erie was but the first of a series of combinations that were hatching from the Canadian line to the gulf. When Morgan purchased the Leyland steamship line people opened their eyes at the evident design of the combination to have and to hold a world encircling transportation line. The imediate object of this gigantic enterprise was to make doubly sure the success of the great steel combine. All this dawned upon the people during the week of the excitement in Wall street. But what they saw, or what they thought they saw, then was but a shadow to what now appears in substance. The fight over the control of the three trans-continental lines, the Union, Southern and Northern Pacific, left out of consideration two other lines not controlled by the coterie of financiers who figured in the Northen Pacific excitement. These roads go under the names of St. Louis & San Francisco and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe. They were popularly known as independent lines. The Santa Fé is properly a trans-continental, but the "'Frisco" is not.

As the fight over the Northern Pacific ended in an armed armistice, it was generally conceded that the combine which controls the Southern and Union Pacific lines will be let into the Burlington deal with the two northern lines and that the Morgan-Hill "community of interests" would not fight the Rockefeller-Gould-Vanderbilt "community." This is, perhaps, the truth, but if the contending factions expected by this compromise to gain and hold control of the transportation of not only the United States, but of the world, it will find itself grievously disappointed. The mistake of the combination was in not including within its community both the "'Frisco" and "Sante Fe" lines.

Hardly had the announcement been made of the purchase of the Leyland steamship line by Morgan, when it became evident that something was going on relative to the Santa Fe. It now comes to light that the Hamburg-American Steamship company, the greatest corporation of that kind in the world, is about to acquire the Santa Fe road and with it an Eastern outlet from Chicago to the Atlantic coast. When completed this "community of interests," embracing this steamship line of 123 ships will be a powerful rival of the Hill-Morgan lines in spreading American products to the four corners of the globe.

Nor does this movement to combine great railroad lines and ocean lines stop here. A new syndicate, composed of New York and St. Louis capitalists, has been formed with a plan that is novel as well as gigantic. It is nothing less than a combination of the St. Louis & San Francisco lines with the Mexico Central and subsidiary lines leading through Memphis and Birmingham to Savannah. The Mexico Central is to be extended to Manzanillo, on the southwest coast of Mexico, where there is one of the finest harbors of the Pacific. This system, when complete, will be some 1200 miles shorter than any of its rivals. By that is meant from any given point, say St. Louis to Hong Kong. The gain in distance is mostly over land and will be a serious handicap on the northern routes which terminate on the Sound or at San Francisco. This syndicate will at once place on the Pacific a line of steamers to compete for the Oriental trade. In this latter scheme the Mexican government has a vital interest, for nothing will do more to open up the great resources of Mexico than this connection with the heart of the United States on one side and the Orient on the other. Two links remain to be built in this southern chain—one from Sherman, Texas, to El Paso, on the Rio Grande, and the other from Colemo to Manzanillo, about seventy-five miles.

It seems at this writing that the recent combinations in the realm of transportation will make the idea of government subsidies to build up American shipping appear not only unnecessary, but absolutely ridiculous. When the entire world is expressing its fear of the monopoly of the carrying trade by the Americans, it does not look as if government aid was particularly essential.

THE DULUTH OF TODAY.

More promise of business prosperity and increasing commercial development in all lines of activity has been vouchsafed to Duluth by the first spring of the twentieth century than to most other cities in the United States. Duluth has passed the point where a doubt existed as to its eventual attainment of the proud position of the metropolis of the Northwest. And the disappearance of this doubt from every quarter is particularly pleasing to those staunch friends of Duluth who never entertained any fears on this score and maintained their faith in the city's future through the period of depression which encompassed the whole country and for a time restrained the city's rapid growth. But the dark days have passed and with the revival of industrial and commercial activity, and the return of financial prosperity throughout the Union, Duluth has again started at a lively rate on the road to greatness in trade, in commerce, in industrial achievement and in population. That this growth will continue in a still faster and greater ratio of progression is evident to all who have studied the influences and factors that are back of the upbuilding at this point of the metropolis of the Northwest. It would be an attractive task to sum up the causes which led Duluth to its present eminence, and to indicate the reasons which ensure its continued advancement, but the limitations of available space will not permit at this time.

The article by N. J. Upham, published by The Herald today, telling why Duluth real estate is a good investment, has a direct bearing upon this subject. Mr. Upham discusses the question from the income-producing standpoint, and answers the question affirmatively from that point of view. It is his conclusion that investors will be attracted to Duluth when they discover that while they can get only 3 or 4 per cent interest in the East, they can secure returns here of 5 or 6 per cent or more, and this will cause a material advancement in values. Mr. Upham concludes with this suggestion to the citizens of Duluth who are interested in the city's progress:

"That we aid and abet in every way The Herald in its effort to make the United States Steel corporation recognize Duluth's claims for fair taxation on its mines and also that we are entitled to a larger benefit from these mines than merely shipping through the ore."

If every one would follow this suggestion, the result would be highly beneficial to Duluth.

PUBLIC HOUSE TRUST.

Some time ago the town council of Glasgow, Scotland, appointed a special committee to consider the practicability of the introduction of the Gothenburg system in that city. Recent advices state that the council has now decided to veto the proposal, this decision being the result of opposition by the extreme temperance party to the idea of lending municipal support to a business which they considered ought to be prohibited altogether.

Another section of the party, however, hope to accomplish the good results of the Gothenburg system through the agency of what is called the public house trust. The trust is appealing to the lincensing authorities for power to open saloons which can be managed on the Gothenburg principle. The object of the Gothenburg system is to minimize the evil effects of drink by protecting those in the habit of frequenting saloons against the ordinary influences and temptations of public houses. The managers of the Gothenburg drinking places are salaried officials of the Bolag, or licensing company, and they have no pecuniary interest in increasing the sale of intoxicating liquor. The principle underlying the methods of the public house trust in Glasgow is substantially the same. It is the elimination of private profit from the sale of liquor. The managers of the trust public houses will be paid fixed salaries, and will not be allowed to receive commission on sales. As with the Gothenburg saloonkeepers, their private gains will be derived from the sale of food, mineral waters, non-intoxicants and other refreshments. Sef-interest will require orderly conduct of the saloons and repression of excessive drinking. They will have no motive for cheating customers in the quality of liquor, or for inducting them to drink more than they ought to. Drinking on credit and pawn tickets will be prohibited. The sale of intoxicants will be a secondary consideration, and the drink seller will be an advocate of moderate in lace of excessive drinking.

The trust is organized as a limited liability company. In its prospectus the trust agrees to pay the surplus earnings, after 4 per cent has been reserved, to trustees, to be expended for the public benefit, "with special regard to fostering counter-attractions to the public house and encouraging national recreation and entertainment." The trustees will be debarred from applying any of the surplus to the direct relief of the rates, but they will be empowered to pay over a part or the whole of the profits into the national exchequer if they deem expedient. As yet the trust has not succeeded in obtaining a license to carry on the liquor traffic according to its system, but the opposition to the publicans' monopoly is so strong throughout the city that it is probable that the experiment of reforming the public houses in this practical way will be tried before long. The experiment, if tried, will be watched with interest by temperance people everywhere.

It has remained for the Rev. Nels Eagle, pastor of the Emanuel Swedish M. E. church of Brooklyn to make a fool of himself in an address delivered a few days ago before a gathering of Swedish temperance people at Worcester, Mass. He urged the expulsion of President McKinley from the Methodist church because of his champagne drinking. In the course of his remarks he said: "President William McKinley has proved himself no fit member of the Methodist church. He drank champagne on a recent occasion, according to the testimony of reliable men, and in the eyes of the denomination to which he belongs he branded himself as a moderate drinker of wines and perhaps spirituous liquors. The Methodist church is no place for a man like that. He has betrayed his membership and should be expelled." To comment would be to waste space. The mere fact that such a statement was made by a man who is a minister of the gospel and whose watchword should be charity is alone sufficient to stamp him as a vaporing, notoriety seeking, foolish individual.

Of the famous quartet of Maine congressmen, Reed, Dingley, Boutelle and Milliken, whose influence in national legislation was probably greater than any other equal number of members, but one remains, Thomas B. Reed, and he has retired from politics. They served term after term and, with the exception of Mr. Reed, all died in the harness. This is the way they do in Maine. The state's districts select good men for the positions and then continue them, now and then promoting them from the house to the senate. Senator Hale has represented Maine in the upper house since 1881, when Hannibal Hamlin declined a re-election. Prior to that time he served a number of terms of the house of representatives. Senator Frye served six terms in the house when he was elected some twnty years ago to fill the vacancy in the senate, caused by the resignation of James G. Blaine to enter the Garfield cabinet. This practice has given the state of Maine power in the national government that is rarely experienced by other states.

The United States supreme court is taking its time to decide the insular cases. Unless judgment is handed down next Monday it will go over to the October assembling of the court, and the practical importance of a definte disposition of the matter will probably induce the court not to make such a postponement as that. Meantime not the slightest intimation is given out in any quarter as to what the decision will be. Never before has the court so closely held the secret of a momentous judgment.

The governor of Illinois has vetoed a bill which provided for free rides for school chuldren of the rural district of Peoria to and from school, on the ground that the children needed the exercise, and the people are sharply criticising his action. At the same time they are asking for gymnasiums in the schools, as they claim that the city children do not get exercise enough. It is a hard thing to suit the modern mortal.

An instance of the influence of advertising is mentioned by Dr. Walsh, a New York physician, in an article on sarsaparilla. He states that for many years before 1830 nobody had used sarsaparilla for any purpose; but about that time a firm began advertising it in the newspapers as a medicine. Since then millions of gallons have been consumed every year, and an enormous sum is annually expended in its manufacture.

While Ireland continues to lose in population, Scotland, far less favored for human habitation, continues to fill up. Its present population is given as 4,471,957, against 4,025,647 in 1891—a 10-year increase of 11 per cent. One hundred years ago the inhabitants of Scotland numbered 1,608,420, or little more than one-fourth of the population of Ireland at that time. Now the population of the two countries is about equal.

The Kansas employment bureau is flooded with applications for domestic servants by reason of Rev. C. M. Sheldon's recent book, in which he handles the servant girl problem and which has led many of them to quit work and seek clerkships. If Sheldon would write a book on "Why I Am Alive" it might serve to enlighten many people who can see but little use for his existence.

The cartoonist of the Minneapolis Tribune pictures Uncle Sam as giving advice to President McKinley and Hanna and has him saying: "William, two terms are enough. Marcus, one term would be too much." And the majority of the people of the country will say "Amen."

The machinists employed in the Union iron works at San Francisco gave careful attention to what President McKinley said to them on Saturday and on Monday they struck along with their brother machinists throughout the country.

China is to be assessed a great, big indemnity that no one believes she will be able to pay. Is not this a foolish procedure? Or is it only part of a plan to finally dismember the Chinese empire?

A Kansas man who advertised for a wife got a widow and five children. But this should not scare off others who are contemplating matrimony by the "ad" route.

The California bishop who is preaching in the East that woman's inferiority was ordained as part of Eve's punishment will hardly be popular with the ladies.

The ice trust in New York is cutting rates. It must be trying to crowd out competition. In such a case rates cut no ice with the trust.

The fraternal insurance societies doing business in Connecticut paid out in benefits in that state last year $30,016,615.11.

The man who paid $330 in New York for a first edition copy of Milton's "Paradise Lost" will probably never read it.

Senator Quay says he will never hold another office, and John Wanamaker smiles grimly.

Ada C. Sweet says one cooking school is worth a dozen theological seminaries.

The Republican bosses in Iowa seem to have lost their grip this year.

And still the question who has the Northern Pacific is awaiting an answer.

POINTED REMARKS.

Detroit Journal: "That artist in the next flat snores dreadfully!"

"Yes, he seems to be an impressionist when it comes to drawing his breath."

Chicago Tribune: American Mamma (in Paris)—Hush, dear. We mustn't talk so loud. We'll be overheard.

American Daughter—That's all right, mamma. We're talking French.

Detroit Free Press: Clubberly—Just because I haven't paid my bill for a year, my tailor won't make me another suit of clothes.

Castleton—What will you do?

"I shall threaten to take my trade elsewhere."

Puck—The Chronic Discussionist (truculently)—If Andrew Jackson were alive today what would be his sentiments in this matter?

The Sober-Minded Citizen (wearily)—He would be glad he was dead, I presume.

Philadelphia Press: "You understand, of course," said the Wall street tipster to the fleecy lamb, "that we absolutely guarantee you against loss."

"Good," replied the lamb, who was not quite so woolly as he seemed, "now who will guarantee you?"

Chicago Post: "The Russian system of civic cleanliness isn't so bad."

"What is it?"

"Well, when the authorities find a dirty street, they have the refuse matter shoveled back into the front windows of the property holders."

Chicago Tribune: "That boy," remarked the visitor at the Gypsy camp, "looks exactly like his father."

"Yes, sir," replied the pert young fortune-teller of the tribe, "he's a gyp of the old block."

And it was with difficulty that a Romany riot was averted.

Brooklyn Life: "Are you going to marry Sister Ruth?"

"Why—er—I really don't know, you know."

"That's what I thought. Well, you are!"

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Do you think Miss Mary Wilkers is married?"

"I never knew a Miss Mary Wilkers who was married."

Atlanta Constitution: "Who married you?" asked the justice of a colored citizen, who had been brought before him for some domestic trouble.

"You did, suh," was the reply, "but I ain't never voted for you sence!"

Philadelphia Press: Tess—I don't see why she should engage herself to young Snaffles. He's a regular muff.

Jess—You're wrong. He's a good catch. She has discovered that he has money.

Town Topics: Crawford—Come around to the house and have dinner, old boy.

Crabshaw—Not on your life. I brought you home when you were drunk the other night, and your wife got a good look at me.

Somerville Journal: Ethel—He telegraphed his proposal to her.

Maude—And did she accept him?

Ethel—No; she said that she had no use for a man who would waste his money on telegraph tolls instead of spending it for caramels.

Detroit Journal: There was an infinite pathos in it all.

"I am weary, oh, how weary," exclaimed the man, "of having no home in the true sense, no place where I can't smoke for fear of scenting up the lace curtains."

She pitied him in her heart, but as for marrying him, that was quite another matter.

All Will Come Out Right.

Whatever is a cruel wrong,
Whatever is unjust,
The honest years that speed along
Will trample in the dust.
In restless youth I railed at fate
With all my puny might,
But now I would if I but wait
It all will come out right.

Though vice may don the judge's gown,
And play the censor's part,
And fact be cowed by falsehood's frown,
And nature ruled by art;
Though labor toils through blinding tears
And idle wealth is might,
I know the honest, earnest years
Will bring it out all right.

Though love and loveless creeds may pass
For pure religion's gold;
Though ignorance may rule the mass,
While truth meets glances cold,
I know a law, complete, sublime,
Controls us with its might,
And in God's own appointed time
It all will come out right.

—ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

Thoughts By Pease.

Anoka Union: Judging from the appointments made by the state railroad and warehouse commission, Governor Van Sant's desires were of little moment.

Our governor has the peculiar faculty of telling he will give information about making appointments and then forgetting his promise. It has hurt him, as it should.

It would have been a good thing for Minnesota if Samuel R. Van Sant had simply remained just plain captain.

Where was Anoka county when the list of appointments was given out by the railroad and warehouse commission? Left out, as usual.

Morgan as the "Whole Thing."

Philadelphia Record: As a coal and steel baron Mr. Morgan promises to be the real thing, with none to dispute his ascendency. Mines, mills, transportation lines by land and sea, all are brought under subjection to a single controlling will. Should the time ever come when American coal fields must supply the world with fuel Mr. Morgan's vast community of interests would do the work, unless, indeed, some new economic agency equally tremendous and overpowering should spring into existence.

The Favor Returned.

Chicago Tribune: It was eminently fitting that President McKinley should officiate at the launching of the Ohio. Ohio officiated at the launching of President McKinley.

The Third Term Idea.

Indianapolis Sentinel: We predict growth for the third term proposition. No doubt President McKinley's great free excursion will aid materially in its development.

Good Enough Then.

New York World: Hanna's declaration that "there are no trusts" was a "good-enough Morgan till after election," but it sounds a little odd now.

Mr. Dooley

On Recent Events In Speculative Circles

BY F. P. DUNNE.

"Well, sir," said Mr. Dooley. "I see th' Titans iv Fi-nance has clutched each other be th' throat an' engaged in a death athruggle. Glory be, whin business gets above sellin' tinpinny nails in a brown paper cornucopy, 'tis hard to till it fr'm murdher."

"What's a Titan iv Fi-nance?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"A Titan iv Fi-nance," said Mr. Dooley, "is a man that's got more money thin he can carry without bein' disordherly. They'se no intoxicant in th' wurruld, Hinnissy, like money. It goes to th' head quicker thin th' whisky th' dhruggist makes in his back room. A little money taken fr'm frinds in a social way or f'r th' stomach's sake is not so bad. A man can make money slowly an' go on increasin' his capacity till he can carry his load with a millyon or two aboard. But some without staggerin' an' do nawthin' vilent iv these la-ads has been thryin' to consume th' intire output an' it looks to me as though 'twas time to call in th' polis. 'Tis like whin Scaldy Quinn en' Scrappy Burke, two Titans at rough-an'-tumble comes in here to glory in their strength over th' bottle, an' Burke put up a keg iv beer with want hand an' Quinn bets he can toss th' cabur further thin anny man on th' road, and wann wurrud leads to another an' all wurruds leads to a fight. 'I'm th' gr-reatest consolidator in th' wurruld,' says Scaldy Harriman, 'I've consolidated th' U. P., th' K. R. & L., th' R. O. & T., th' B. U. & M., an' th' N. & G.,' says he. 'I've a line iv smoke reachin' fr'm wan ocean to th' other,' he says, 'I'm no ordin'ry person,' he says. 'I'm not a banker lindin' other people's money at 6 per cint or a railroad prisidint haulin' hogs to market,' he says. 'I'm a Titan,' he says. 'If ye don't believe it, look at th' pa-apers,' he says, an' ask me,' he says. 'I'm a Titan an' I'm lookin' f'r throuble,' he says, 'an' here it comes,' he says. 'Hurroo, hurroo, th' back iv me hand an' th' sole iv me fut to all an' siveral,' he says. 'You a consolidator?' says Scrappy Morgan, 'Why,' he says, 'ye cudden't mix dhrinks f'r me,' he says. 'I'm th' on'y ruffyan consolidator in th' gleamin' West,' he says. 'I've jined th' mountains iv th' moon railway with th' canals iv Mars an' I'll be haulin' wind fr'm caves iv Saturn befure th' first iv th' year,' he says. 'I'm a close and free mixer,' he says. 'Titan, says ye? I'm all th' Titans, th' U. S. Titan company consolidated, an' I've bonded th' strength iv me back an' put out five hundherd millyons iv stock iv th' power iv me mighty arms,' he says. 'I've belted th' wurruld with steel an' I think to meslif I'll now belt you,' he says,' An' they closely embrace. What happens, says ye? Well, th' big la-ads is sthrong an' knows how to guard an' whin they're spread out, small harm has come to thim. But th' little dhrunk financeers that're not used to th' flowin' dividends an' th' quick profits that biteth like a wasp an' stingeth like an adder, th' little la-ads that are carryin' more thin they can hold an' walk, are picked up in pieces. An' as f'r me, th' innocint man that let th' two burlies into me place to riot, I've got to make a call on th' furniture dealers in th' mornin'. That's what Hogan calls, Oh, Fi-nance. Oh, Finance, as Shakespeare says, how many crimes ar-re committed in thy name!"

"'Twas a fine spree while it lasted, Hinnissy. Niver befure in th' histhry iv th' wurruld has so many barbers an' waiters been on th' verge iv a private yacht. Th' capitalist that tinded to th' wants iv th' inner Jawn W. Bates lost his job at th' Waldorf-Astorya f'r lettin' his diamond studs fall into a bowl iv soup that he was carryin' to a former mimber iv th' chambermaid staff that had found a tip on Northern Passyfic on the flure iv Jim Keene's room, an' on retirin' offered to match th' proprietor f'r th' hotel. Th' barber in th' third chair cut off part iv th' nose iv th' prisidint iv the Con an' Foundher whin A. P. wint up fourteen pints. He compromised with his victim be takin' a place on th' boord iv th' company. Th' effect iv th' boom on th' necessities iv life, like champagne an' race horses and chorus girls common an' preferred, was threemenjous. It looked f'r awhile as though most iv th' meenyal wurruk iv th' counthry would have to be done be old-line millyionaires who'd made their money sellin' four cints worth iv stove polish f'r a nickle. But it's all past now. Th' waiter has returned to his mutton an' th' barber to his plowshare. Th' chorus girl has raysumed th' position f'r which nature intinded her an' th' usual yachtin' will be done on th' cable cars at 8 a. m. an' 6 p. m., as befure. Th' jag is over. Manny a man that looked like a pawdher pigeon a month ago looks like a hunchbank today.

"It's on'y a few days since I see be th' pa-apers that Tim Mangan, th' bootblack at th' Alhambra hotel had made a small fortune in stocks. It seems he used to polish th' pedals f'r a Titan iv Fi'nance, that f'r lack iv any other kind iv a tip, give him wan on th' market. All Tim's frinds is delighted with his good luck. He said farewell to thim las' night at a bankit in th' Dead Fall resthrant. Mr. Arestes L. Hicks, th' bull leader, was prisint an' p'inted out Tim as an example iv what a young man cud do be close application an' industhree an' gamblin'. He predicted he wud shine in th' wurruld iv fi-nance as he had i na more humpler, but not less honrable spare. (Laughter an' cheers.)

"Thin I read that Timothy Mangan, wanst a bootblack at th' Alhambra hotel, is supposed to be long a large block iv D. O. P. & E. After that I see that Timothy E. Mangan, who will be kindly remimbered be pathrons iv th' Alhambra hotel, has been conspicuous in th' sthreet an' is head iv a pool to consolidate th' Egg, Oysther an' Pie plants iv th' counthry. Th' nex' week 'twas T. Emmett Mangan was seen las' night at th' Waldorf-Astorya, where he was histin' in milk punches with his frind Orestes L. Hicks. Mr. Mangan is a firm believer in th' future iv stocks. 'Th' counthry was niver so prosperous,' he says. 'Th' banks are well protected an' money is so aisy as to be almost uncomfortable,' he says. 'We ar-re goin' to a 3 per cint basis,' he says, 'or even less,' he says. 'Some stocks won't pay annythin,' he says. 'If shares like S. N. A. & P., which pay on'y 6 per cint, ar-re worth two hundhred, shares that don't pay annything are equally as good, f'r what th' divvle is 6 per cint whin th' country is so proserous? Walter, said th' dashin' young millyonaire, 'bring this journalist a hogshead iv champagne wine an' ordher me gilt coach an' twelve horses f'r five o'clock. I'm goin' to buy th' front window iv a joolry store f'r Mame,' he says. 'Ye can keep th' change,' he says. 'I don't want ye'er money,' says th' waiter haughtily, throwin' down th' hundhred-dollar bill. 'Who ar-re ye?' says Misther Mangan curyously. 'I'm th' bull leader in Amalgamated Hair,' says th' man,' an' I'm on'y hangin' r-round here ontil th' bcord iv directors gets off watch at th' bar an' comes in f'r to hold th' semi-annoal meetin',' he says. The' two gr-reat fi-nanceers, afther makin' an agreement to race their yachts nex' week, shook hands corjally an' Misther Mangan, havin' been helped on with his red plush overcoat be th' prisidint iv th' Ump Nayotional bank, was escorted to th' dure be th' vice prisidint iv th' Gum combine, who had on'y an hour before handed in his resignation as chief bell-boy."

"That's th' las' I'll hear iv Tim Mangan in th' newspapers, onless he's took up be th' polis. I haven't had no boots blacked f'r siveral Sundahs because it hasn't been rainin', an' besides I didn't want to disthract anny iv our ladin' financeers fr'm their jooties to th' wealth iv th' nation. But if 'twill give ye anny satisfaction to have thim pumps iv ye-er's japanned be a former bull leader, ye can go down to th' Alhambra hotel an' 'twill be properly done f'r 5 cints common, tin preferred. It's not as good a shine as it was six months ago. Wanst a man looks at th' ticker, he can't see sthraight f'r some time. I'm goin' to black me own boots an' shave mesilf till th' effects iv th' boom wears off. But Tim will get back to his speed afther awhile, an' some Sundah night, he will lay out 50 cints in two gallery seats, an' him an' th' little laundhress, that he knew befure th' boom began, can admire what's left iv th' front window iv th' joolry store in th' back row iv th' chorus."

"Well, poor boy, 'tis too bad," said Mr. Hennessy, the man of sentiment.

"It is so," said Mr. Dooley. "But crazy come, crazy go."—(Copyrighted, 1901, by Robert Howard Russell).

TURN HIM DOWN.

Pretty maid, if you discover
That your ardent, pleading lover
Spends his time in loafing idly 'round the town,
If his hair is carried bangy
On his forehead, and he's slangy,
Don't you hesitate a moment—turn him Down!

If you note his eyebrows fusing
O'er the nose that he is using,
And the very least annoyance makes him frown,
He has got a disposition
That may land you in perdition,
And you'd better nerve yourself and turn him Down!

If he pay no marked attention,
Doesn't even give it mention,
When you meet him in a new and charming gown,
Show him to the door politely,
Tell him that his Sunday nightly
Visits must be discontinued; turn him Down!

If he talks about the races,
Calls the silver dollars "cases,"
Tells you how he "done up" Smith or Jones or Brown
In a little game of poker
By a sleeve-play with the "joker,"
Show him quickly to the door and turn him Down!

If his breath should often savor
Of a cigarettish flavor,
And his fingers with the ugly stain are brown,
If he meets you with a swagger
And you catch a sniff of lager,
Get your nerve in proper trim and turn him Down!

Study well your pleading lover
Or you may too late discover
That he'll place more thorns than roses in your crown,
And if anything about him
Gives you slightest cause to doubt him
Do it in a gentle way, but turn him Down!

—JAMES BARTON ADAMS, in Denver Post.

An Amazing Raid.

Brooklyn Eagle: The property of the United States in the capitol at Washington has not been regarded as in danger when congress is not in session. Yet burglars entered the building on Monday night, papers were abstracted from the office of Speaker Henderson and an endeavor was made to steal things from the room of the committee on ways and means. The adjournment of the senate and the house does not abolish all the perils to which the capitol is exposed, to say nothing of the people and their property.

Heartless and Stupid.

New York Times: The policy the sugar, tobacco and rice interests are trying to force upon the administration and congress in respect to Cuban trade is heartless toward Cuba and stupid toward ourselves. Nature has placed this island near our shores, and endowed it with the fertility to yield in abundance products which we need, and which are of finer quality than we can produce. The protected interests are seeking to correct the order of the nature and thwart her beneficence. The Cubans must be impoverished and we must pay high prices for inferior productions. The rule of our policy must be the greatest good to the smallest number, injury to all the rest.

Striving For the Open Door.

Indianapolis News: In moving for the adoption of a policy that will open all China to the trade of the world we may be suspected of selfish motives by European nations, as we can more than hold our own with any of them.

Help For the Needy.

New York Tribune: It is likely that American exports of coal will reach large figures ere long. Above ground and below this wonderfully rich country of ours has almost incalculable treasures to spare for the benefit of other countries, and is ready to dispose of its surplus riches to good customers at fair prices.

Crime In New England.

Springfield Republican: Eight murder or manslaughter cases are scheduled for hearing in New England during this one week. It has been popularly supposed that in this particular part of the world we were less in the habit of "shooting each other up" than in some other parts easy to mention. The present outlook, however, is not altogether reassuring. Of thrise eight cases only three can be laid to foreigners.

Our "Aloofness" In China.

New York Times: As time goes on and the plans of "the allies" are more developed in China, American citizens have the more reason to congratulate themselves that their country is not involved in the proceedings of "Christendom" in that empire. They do appreciate it. Our Chinese policy, ever since the outbreak of the Boxer movement and the siege of the legations, has commanded the unanimous assent of our own people. And that staring fact makes entirely negligible the criticisms of our British critics, resident here or non-resident.

Right This Time.

Indianapolis Journal: Aguinaldo's opinions regarding American government in the Philippines are of no particular consequence, but he is right in saying that in order to be satisfactory it should conform strictly to the constitution.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The recital and dance to be given on Monday evening at the Armory by the Mozart club, composed of pupils of Mrs. D. H. Day, for the benefit of the Women's and Children's home, promises to be a very delightful social affair. There is not only a desire to encourage the young musicians, but the worthy object to which the young people are devoting their efforts also appeals to all people. The recital will begin at 7:45 o'clock sharp. The members of the club are: Rhea McManus, Marjorie May Harrison, Margaret McKindley, Vera Twist, Ruby Cullen, Ruth Maginnis, Mary Frick, Gladys Tyler, Marie d'Autremont, Natalie Smith, Madeline Doolittle, Bernice Brown, Barbara Rupley, Carrie Prime, Maud Draper, Gertrude Logan, Marian Hotchkiss, Adelaide Smith, Julia Hunter, Florence Howard, Virginia Bean, (violin); Oliver Colbentson, (violin); Joe Morrow, Chalmers Agnew and Roscoe Kerman.

Folowing the recital there will be dancing with music by Flaaten's orchestra. The following will be in charge of the floor: O. C. Hartman, C. E. Bassett, D. R. McLennan, W. L. McLennan, W. R. Peyton, L. M. Peyton, C. J. McBride, Worthington Telford, J. H. Upham, Jr., C. P. McCormick and W. S. MCormick. Among the patronesses are the following:

Mesdames—	
G. G. Hartley,	William White,
W. J. Olcott,	E. W. Markell,
G. D. Swift,	H. F. Williamson,
H. T. Abbott,	Jr.,
F. W. Sullivan,	C. H. Munger,
G. A. French,	W. S. Brown,
Homer Collins,	W. C. Agnew,
A. W. Hartman,	Henry Smith,
E. B. Knox,	S. C. Jackson,
H. M. Peyton,	A. E. McManus,
F. L. Gilbert,	A. M. Prime,
J. H. Dight,	J. G. Howard,
J. E. Adams,	John P. Morrow,
S. T. Harrison,	A. W. Frick,
A. M. Miller,	C. d'Autremont,
A. R. Macfarlane,	W. F. Draper,
George Spencer,	G. W. Logan,
W. W. Routh,	C. A. Towne,
George Rupley,	H. Warren,
L. E. Hotchkiss,	C. Z. Doolittle,
W. J. Sargent,	Y. L. Bean,
J. C. Hunter,	C. H. Maginnis.
H. F. Williamson.	

• • •

The Somerset Y, which has not been active for a couple of years, is to be revived and continue again in active work. A meeting was held Wednesday afternoon at the home of Miss Cora Letteau, on East First street, and officers were elected as follows: President, Miss Jessie LaSalle; vice president, Miss Ethel Wentworth; secretary, Miss Emma Black; treasurer, Miss Cora Letteau. Plans for the work to be done were discussed and there was much interest in the meeting. The next meeting will be held the second Saturday in June at the home of Miss Ethel Wentworth, on West Second street.

• • •

Invitations have been received here from Mr. and Mrs. Bertil Wilhelm Benson, of Whatcom, Wash., for the wedding of their daughter, Miss Mary Harriet Benson and Frederick Wilson Boldrick, of Huntington, B. C., to take place Wednesday, June 5, at 7 o'clock, at St. Paul's church in Whatcom. They will be at home at Huntington, B. C. Mr. Boldrick was for a number of years at Duluth.

• • •

Miss Lilian St. Clair, who has been at Minneapolis during the winter, has returned.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Myers are visiting in Denver, Colo.

Miss Mattocks is visiting Mrs. Heber Hartley at Cass Lake, Minn.

• • •

The high school junior-senior reception, which is to be held this year at the Spalding, June 13, bids fair to be a much more elaborate social affair than was ever attempted in high school society before. An annual affair, this event is to be attempted upon a large scale and that it will be a success is indubitable. The junior class has always been especially happy in the numerous entertainments that they have given and the event is looked forward to with much pleasure.

• • •

The last of the series of three chamber recitals by the Philharmonic trio was given Monday evening at the home of Mrs. A. M. Miller. Mrs. Robert L. Knebel and I. N. Sodahl assisted. The members of the trio and Mr. Sodahl played a Schuman quartet, opus 47, and it was brilliantly rendered. The trio gave a Strauss suite in dance form. Mrs. Knebel sang "Thou Art Like Not a Flower," by Schuman, and "It Is Not Always May," by Gounod.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Frances M. Jennings, of Strathroy, Ont., and Arthur F. Ritchie, of Duluth, is announced to have taken place in Strathroy on Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. Ritchie are expected to arrive in Duluth very soon.

• • •

Mrs. E. W. Prophet and mother, Mrs. John Prophet, let on the Bon Ami Friday for a visit at Port Arthur.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Church, former residents of this city, have returned from the West, where they have made their home for about two years. They will remain here and are looking for a house and, until one is found, will remain at the Spalding.

• • •

The final recital of the Matinee Musicale was given Monday afternoon, and it was one of the most delightful of the large series that have been given during the year. It was a program of requested numbers. The club has been unusually successful, far beyond the anticipations of the promoters, and the prospects for next year are even brighter.

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Dr. Frederick J. Patton is visiting in the Twin Cities.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Barnes, of Chicago, returned on Friday to their home, after a visit with relatives here.

• • •

Miss Josephine Cadwell left on Friday for a visit with friends in St. Paul.

• • •

Philip Bevis, of Lafayette, Ind., the new secretary-elect of the Y. M. C. A., will arrive next Tuesday to assume his duties.

• • •

J. G. Hamaker will leave on Monday for a several weeks' visit in Aberdeen, Kan.

• • •

Last evening the A class of the seventh grade of the Lakeside school gave a banquet in honor of the graduating class of the school, and among the guests were the teachers. The guests were received in the kindergarten room of the school by the reception committee. Each guest was upon entering presented with a dainty booklet with pencil attached, and was soon engaged in a game entitled "Literary Love Story." Miss Edith Briggs captured the prize. Conundrums were used to match partners for the supper, and then all marched to the banquet hall, where they seated themselves at a table beautifully decorated in green and yellow. The menu and program cards made handsome souvenirs of the occasion.

The program of toasts was delightfully arranged and carried out. Miss McArthur made a very able toastmistress. The toast to the graduating eighth grade was made by Miss Elizabeth Davies. The sense of her toast was conveyed in the expression, "The great and only, but not the only great." Many words of good feeling and best wishes were spoken. Miss Hazel Owens responded, and the thought which she elaborated upon was, "So wise, so young, they say, do ne'er live long." It was filled with much wit, and also with much praise for the seventh grade pupils.

Miss Grace Ward and Miss Elsie Crasseweller gave a very pleasing piano duet.

A toast to the teachers was given by Miss Nellie Coleman, her thought being, "We know what we are, but we know not what we will be." Miss Grieser responded to this sentiment in a delightful manner.

Dancing followed, and a grand march ended the happy event. Those present were:

Misses—	
Greiser,	McArthur,
Briggs,	Carey,
Brown,	Rudolph,
Young,	Nichols,
Hazel Owens,	Fanny Magner,
Anna Hood,	Bessie Reynolds,
Irene Gray,	Irene Loranger,
Mary Blackmarr,	Elsa Crasseweller,
Grace Ward,	Vida Bradley,
E. Greenfield,	Elizabeth Davies.
Nellie Coleman,	
Messrs.—	
Percy Patterson,	Herbert McDowell,
George Doell,	Frank Crasseweller.

• • •

The pupils of Ch. Trautvetter gave a pleasing recital Tuesday evening at Morley church, and a large number of people were present to hear them. Mrs. Gaston Ehrlich, soprano, assisted, as did also Miss M. Gregory, Miss M. Dinham and Miss G. Washburn.

• • •

The Epworth league of the First Methodist church held a delightful reception last evening in the church parlors. A program was rendered, followed by refreshments.

• • •

George M. Brush left today for Boston, where he will attend the graduating exercises of his son, Matt Brush, from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Mrs. Brush is already there. Matt Brush is well known in Duluth, having been connected with the Northern Steamship company as clerk, afterward as purser.

• • •

Court Eastern Star, No. 86, of the United Order of Foresters, gave a very enjoyable masqueerade ball last evening at Hunter's hall, the proceeds of which is to be used in purchasing new uniforms for the degree team. The team is comprised of the following: Robin Hood, Harry Milnes; Will Scarlett, O. E. Olund; Friar Tuck, James Kelley; Little John, J. H. Collins; captain and chief archer, A. L. Foster; senior archer, Mrs. Harry Milnes; messenger, William Ganon; foresters, J. M. Murray, A. Anderson, W. R. Westberg, K. Van Bergen, Gus Sundquist, F. Frank, E. Carr, G. Hyatt. The team is to make its first public appearance in the Fourth of July parade.

• • •

The engagement of Miss Anna M. Eakins, of Cleveland, Ohio, and Franz E. Schultz, of Duluth, is announced. The wedding will take place this fall in Cleveland.

• • •

Miss Alice Ebner entertained part of the class of '99 Saturday evening, at her home, 331 East Fifth street. Those present were:

Misses—	
Gladys Shaw,	Ida Kennebrooke,
Lottie Polleo,	Mabel Cox,
Vandalia Carlson,	Mary Aronsen.
Barbara Harper,	

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Green are visiting in St. Paul this week.

• • •

Mrs. G. H. Campbell, of St. Ignace, Mich., was a guest of friends here a portion of the week.

• • •

John F. McLaren, Jr., has returned after a long absence. He was in Chicago for some time, afterwards in Australia.

• • •

Mrs. E. C. Woods arrived on Tuesday from a short visit in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

• • •

A very delightful dancing party was held in the Great Eastern hall on Tuesday night by the West Duluth Juniors. The attendance was made up entirely of young people.

• • •

Mrs. H. L. Shepherd returned on Wednesday from a five months' visit at the coast.

• • •

Mrs. J. D. Park returned from Fargo, N. D., on Wednesday. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. W. P. Tarbell, of Fargo.

• • •

Franz Schultz returned on Thursday from a week's visit in Cleveland and Chicago. While in Cleveland, Mr. Schultz was soloist last Sunday morning in the Immaculate Conception church, and in the afternoon he sang at confirmation services in the cathedral there.

• • •

On Wednesday evening Miss Edith Casey, of 322 East Third street, gave a linen shower at her home for Miss Anna Melby, of 403 West First street, who is soon to be wedded. Those present were:

Mesdames—	
Clement,	Swain.
Wilson,	
Misses—	
Anna Melby,	Josie Melby,
Moffat,	Foulton,
Peterson,	Wisted.
Florence Bailey.	

• • •

H. L. Glover left yesterday for a combined business and pleasure trip through the South.

• • •

Mrs. I. Freimuth gave a delightful dancing party on Wednesday evening, at the Odd Fellows' hall, for the benefit of the Temple Aid society.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Hulda S. Johnson and Fred A. Spetz, both well known young people of West Duluth, took place on Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, at the Swedish Lutheran church at West Duluth. The ceremony was witnessed by a number of friends of the bridal couple. A reception followed the ceremony, and Mr. and Mrs. Spetz went to their new home at 2528 West Second street.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Parsons, of West Duluth, will leave next week for a visit at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

• • •

Mrs. J. A. McMillan, of 711 West Second street, left yesterday for a visit among friends and relatives at Little Falls and Royalton, Minn.

• • •

Miss Maud Armitage is visiting friends at Hamilton, Ont.

• • •

Mrs. E. Filiatrault, of West Duluth, left on Thursday for a visit at Montreal, Canada.

• • •

Mrs. Ives, of Wisconsin, is a guest this week of her daughter, Mrs. H. H. Phelps, of West Duluth.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William Bishop, of this city, have taken a cottage at Excelsior, on Lake Minnetonka, where they will spend the summer. Mrs. Bishop and family will leave the city early next month.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong, of Sixtieth avenue west, left this week for their new home in Tacoma, Wash.

• • •

Mrs. C. Z. Doolittle, who has been visiting in Minneapolis for a few weeks, has returned.

• • •

Mrs. D. S. Forgy has returned from a visit at San Antonio, Texas.

• • •

Mrs. T. E. Bowen and Mrs. H. C. Meining, of Minneapolis, were visitors in the city a few days of this week.

• • •

Miss Kathryn Haden is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Patterson, of West Duluth.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gouern visited in the city this week on their way to Dawson city, Alaska. Mr. Gouern is one of those who got into the Klondike before the boom.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Crandall left on Friday evening for New York, where Chief Crandall will attend the annual convention of chiefs of police.

• • •

Miss Georgia Kennedy, of Eau Claire, Wis., is the guest of relatives this week.

• • •

Mrs. G. T. Johnson and family have returned from a visit at Ashland, Wis.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Polkinghorn, of Ely, were in the city on Thursday, en route for Ishpeming, Mich., on their wedding trip. They were married in Ely Wednesday evening.

• • •

Mrs. J. A. Bell, of Montreal, Canada, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. J. Skuse, of St. Elmo.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. I. T. Burnside, of West Duluth, entertained the latter's cousins, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Winship, of Owatonna, Wis., over Sunday.

• • •

Mrs. T. H. Cookes, of Worcester, England, was a guest for a few days this week at the home of her brother, Dr. H. W. Green, of West Duluth.

• • •

Misse Clara and Mildred Towner have returned to their homes in West Duluth, after a short visit with relatives in St. Paul.

• • •

The artists' concert given at the First Presbyterian church last evening was a rare musical treat. Two of the leading singers of Minneapolis, Mrs. Maud Ulmer-Jones, soprano, and Mr. William Porteous, were heard. The jewel song, from "Faust," was selected by Mrs. Jones for her largest number, and the delightful aria was beautifully rendered. Her voice is a charming soprano, and she sings with fine repose and excellent finish. A group of three songs, by Gound, Kjerulf and Mrs. Beach were very pleasing, and her concluding number, "Summer," by Chamindae, was brilliantly sung.

Mrs. Porteous' voice is unusually full and resonant, and she sings with an ease and artistic finish that is delightful. She sang the "Sampson and Delilah" aria, "My Heart at Thy Sweet Voice," and gave to that beautiful number great sympathy and sweetness. A delightful group of four songs was also given. Conspicuous among these for its beauty was "Violets," by Ellen Wright.

Miss McKay and Mrs. McAuliffe gave a pleasing duet, "In This Retreat." Mrs. McAuliffe also sang a duet with George L. Tyler, "Passage Bird's Farewell," by Hildach.

Miss Mae Kennedy gave two pleasing and charmingly rendered piano numbers. A quartet number, a spring song, by Pinsuti, was sung by Miss McKay, Mrs. Cutter, Mr. Walker and Mr. Gearhart.

• • •

Miss Vera Enes, of St. Paul, and Carl A. Eggert, of Duluth, were married at the Central Presbyterian church in St. Paul on May 16. Miss Lillie Thode, of Blakesberg, Iowa, was bridesmaid, and the groom's brother, Albert Eggert, of St. Paul, was best man. Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Eggert will be at home, 1123½ East Third street, Duluth, after June 1.

• • •

Mrs. F. E. Lindahl left today for a few days' visit at Sparta, Wis., with relatives.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg are fishing at Baptism river.

SHOOTING.

Strike at Eastern Ore Docks Is Getting Serious.

The situation at the Eastern Minnesota ore dock, where a strike is now on, is said to be assuming a serious phase, from the fact that the strikers are getting ugly when they see the company attempting to fill their places with other men. Last evening there were several shots fired in the vicinity of the dock. Nobody was hurt, and it is supposed that the shots were for the purpose of intimidating the new men. One of the shots fired smashed an electric light globe near a caboose on the docks. The deputy marshals were unable to locate the shooters. The Eastern company hired forty new men yesterday, most of them said to have come from Duluth. During the afternoon threats of violence were made, and one of the new men was assaulted while going after a pail of water. He left immediately. The company officials say that the new men are accepting the scale of $1.75 a day. The strikers demanded $1.90, which they claim is paid at the ore docks in Duluth.

The Tennis Club.

The Tennis club has begun the year under very auspicious circumstances, and has a full quota of members. The courts are in excellent condition, and it is expected that a prosperous year will result. The club expects to hold a tournament here in Duluth about the middle of July, and one will be played with Superior later. Where this is to be played has not yet been decided upon, but will probably come off across the bay.

Amateur League Formed.

A baseball league of amateur city teams was organized last night. It consists of the Marshall-Wells, Freimuths, Kelley Hardware company, Leithhead Drug company and Hub teams. Another team will be added. It is proposed to play two games a week during summer, and the season will open tomorrow morning with a game between the Marshall-Wells and Freimuth teams at Oneota park. In the afternoon the Kelley Hardware team will play its first game with the Leithhead Drug company organization.

The State Fair.

Premium lists for Minnesota's great fair are being distributed. A copy can be secured by a postal card request to Secretary E. W. Randall, Hamlin, Minn. The fair will be held upon the state fair grounds, midway between the Twin Cities, during the week of Sept. 2 to 7, and it is evident that the splendid growth of this institution is to be continued. The prize list has been revised by generous hands and the exhibits will be varied and comprehensive, special attention being given to live stock and to field, garden and orchard products. The American Shorthorn Breeders' association and the American Hereford Breeders' association will each conduct their next national exhibit and sale at this fair, each association paying $400 in premiums. This will add two most important and useful features. Not only are the exhibition departments being strengthened, but the amusement features are being bettered also. Twenty thousand dollars are offered in purses which, insures racing of the highest order and some of the best special attractions, "The Ricketts," "Lionel Lowell" and others have already been engaged, rounding out a day program of unusual excellence. A night program of the most brilliant character will soon be announced.

CAPT. BARKER'S WILL.

Document Filed For Probate at Superior.

The will of the late Capt. Charles S. Barker was filed with the probate judge of Douglas county, Wis., yesterday. The instrument is dated November, 1898, and makes Mrs. Barker special executrix of the estate. She will have to file a $500,000 bond until such time as the will has been probated, which will take about three weeks. As executrix she will not have to give bond, and can do as she pleases about fulfilling the contracts on hand at the time of the captain's death. The terms of the will provide that one-third of the residue of the estate shall go to Mrs. Rose Barker; one-third to a son, Frederick Barker, and a third to a daughter, Bessie Barker. The widow gets the household furniture and real estate. So long as she is executrix she will receive a salary of $1500 a year.

Died at Oakland.

Andrew Jukes Johnson, formerly of Duluth, and for two years editor of the Duluth Posten, died of pneumonia at Oakland, Cal., on the morning of May 22. Before he left Duluth he entered into the grocery business, clerking with M. M. Gasser & Co. He accepted a position in the same line of business at Oakland, Cal., in 1897, occupying it until his death. He was 40 years of age and leaves a wife and five children.

FAVOR REVISION.

Presbyterians Decide to Continue Discussion of Creed.

Philadelphia, May 25.—The Presbyterian general assembly, by a vote which showed conclusively that a revision of the confession of faith is desired by the church, yesterday afternoon defeated the amendment dismissing the whole subject offered by Rev. George D. Baker, of Philadelphia. The assembly decided by an overwhelming majority to continue consideration of the great question, after two days of debate.

At the opening of the afternoon session the assembly decided to vote on the amendment at 4:40 o'clock, and speeches were limited to ten minutes. The time, however, was extended in order to give a number of commissioners who wished to be heard an opportunity to speak.

Dr. DeWitt favored dismissal, declaring that though there might be slight divergence of opinion on the confession, the church was united on the word of God.

Dr. Dickey took a different stand against dismissal. He said as the question of revision was not before the assembly, no evil could result from a further consideration of the committee's report.

Dr. W. H. Roberts made a plea for a declaritive statement, asserting the supremacy of holy scripture as the only source of doctrine; that the system of the confession is the same as holy scripture teaches, and that infants are saved by God's electing grace.

The discussion at times was lively, but without bitterness.

OLD SOAKERS.

Get Saturated With Caffeine.

When a person has used coffee for a number of years and gradually declined in health, it is time the coffee should be let off in order to see whether or not that has been the cause of the trouble.

A lady in Huntsville, Ala., Mrs. S. M. Brazier, says she used coffee for about forty years, and for the past twenty years was troubled with stomach trouble. "I have been treated by many physicians, but all in vain. Everything failed to perfect a cure. Was prostrated for some time, and came near dying. When I recovered sufficiently to partake of food and drink I tried coffee again and it soured on my stomach.

"I finally concluded coffee was the cause of my troubles and stopped using it. I tried tea and then milk in its place, but neither agreed with me, then I comenced using Postum Food Coffee. I had it properly made and it was very pleasing to the taste.

"I have now used it four months, and my health is so greatly improved that I can eat almost anything I want and can sleep well, whereas, before, I suffered for years with insomnia.

"I have found the cause of my troubles and a way to get rid of them. You can depend upon it I appreciate Postum."

SERVICES AT THE DULUTH CHURCHES

Dr. S. P. Long to Deliver Memorial Sermon to the G. A. R.---Returned Missionary From China at Lakeside Presbyterian.

At the First Methodist Episcopal church the pastor, Rev. Samuel P. Long, will preach. Morning, memorial sermon before the Grand Army of the Republic. Evening, subject, "Old Times and the New." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—March..F. de la Tombelle
Offertory..... J. Rheinberger
Mrs. Grace Senior-Brearley.
Postlude—"March Militaire".... Schubert

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Meditation" .....
.....Alphonse Mailly
Offertory—Allegretto in B minor.....
..... Alex Guilmant
Mrs. Grace Senior-Brearley.
Postlude—March in D major.....
..... Alex Guilmant

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At the Lakeside Presbyterian church, Forty-fifth avenue east, A. G. Rennison, returned missionary from China, will address the morning audience at 10:30, and on Thursday evening at 7:45 he will appear in native costume and speak to the young people especially, on the customs, etc., of the Chinese. Evening service by the pastor, Rev. J. B. Ferguson.

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At the First Presbyterian church, the united congregations of Pilgrim Congregational and the First Presbyterian will worship tomorrow. Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Apostle's Short Creed." Evening subject, "Unappreciated Privileges."

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At St. Paul's church, the festival of Whitsunday will be observed. Services will be as follows: At 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., choral celebration of holy communion, with sermon by Dr. Ryan; 7:30 p. m., evening pray and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Come, Holy Spirit, Come" .....Muriel
Introit—"Send Out Thy Light"....Gounod
Communion service in A flat....Custance
"Kyrie Eleison"
"Gloria Tibi"
"Credo."
"Sanctus,"
"Benedicius Qui Venit,"
Choir.
"Agnus Dei."
Miss A. West, J. W. Anderson and choir.
Anthem—"Come, Holy Ghost"....Custance
Miss Rena Smith, C. D. Shopard and choir.
Offertory anthem—"When God of Old Came Down".....Hale
Roy Prytz, Miss Ella Mason and choir.
Communion hymn—"Our Blest Redeemer" .....Dykes
Recessional—"Oh, Holy Spirit"....Kilburn

EVENING.

Processional—"Come, Holy Spirit, Come" .....Muriel
Chanted—"Psalter" .....
Chanted—"Canticles" .....
Hmyn—"Comforter Divine" .....Dykes
Anthem—"Oh for a Closer Walk With God" ..... Protheroe
Miss Smith, Mrs. Holcomb, Roy Prytz and choir.
Offertory anthem—"Light at Evening Time"....
..... Redhead
Recessional—"Oh Holy Spirit"....Kilburn
A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

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At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White will preach on "Plotinus' 'Vision of God' and the Permanent Element in Mysticism."

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At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, the pastor, Rev. B. R. Patrick, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on the subject, "Obedience to the Truth," and at 8 p. m. on "The City of God and Its Inhabitants." The musical programs for the day will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Communion in E Minor" ..... Batiste
Anthem—"Brightest and Best of the Sons" ..... Dudley Buck
Quartet.
Response—"Still, Still With Thee"....
..... Gerrish
Quartet.
Offertory—"The Lost Chord"....Sullivan
Solo—Selected .....
Miss Cannon.
Hymn anthem—"Come Holy Spirit, Heavenly Dove" ..... Millard
Quartet.
Organ postlude—"March" ....Mendelssohn

EVENING.

Organ voluntary ..... Barnby
Anthem—"The King of Love My Shepherd Is" .....H. R. Shelley
Quartet.
Offertory—"Andantino" ..... Chopin
Solo—Selected .....
Mr. Cleland.
Hymn anthem—"Life Eternal"....
.....Jules Jordan
Quartet.
Organ postlude .....Batiste

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Bishop Morrison will officiate at the services at the bishop's chapel at Twentieth avenue east and Superior street tomorrow. Holy communion at 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 3 p. m.; evening prayer at 4 p. m.

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Bishop Morrison will officiate at St. Luke's chapel at Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Morning prayer at 11 a. m.

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Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach on "Patriots and Heroes," Sunday morning at the Lester Park M. E. church, and in the evening on "Loyalty."

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Rev. Joseph Hogg, of Red Wing, will address the Y. M. C. A. men's meeting tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

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At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be services at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "Ancient and Modern Necromancy; or Mesmerism and Hypnotism." Christian Science reading room, No. 409 Burrows' building, open daily, except Sunday, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

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At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, Rev. A. C. Manson, pastor, there will be morning service at 10:30; sermonette for children. Sermon subject, "Promised Power Bestowed." Evening service at 7:45 p. m., subject, "Should Christians Dance." Sunday school at 12 m. W. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

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At Hazelwood—Sabbath school at 2 p. m., Mr. White, superintendent. Preaching service at 3 p. m., by A. C. Manson.

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At the Norwegian M. E. church, Twenty-first avenue west and First street, there will be service tomorrow both morning and evening. Rev. O. H. Wilson, pastor. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's society meeting at 7 o'clock p. m.

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Children's day will be observed tomorrow at the Third Baptist church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, both morning and evening. The pastor, Rev. C. A. Aldeen with the superintendent of the Sunday school has made elaborate arrangements for children to take part in the services.

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Rev. E. S. Lindelad, of Minneapolis, will preach at the Bethel Baptist church on Ninth avenue east and Third street, both morning and evening. Sunday school at 12 m.

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There will be services tomorrow at the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, conducted by the deacons of the church. Sunday school at 12 m. Young people's meeting at 6 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

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At Zion Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street, Rev. C. H. Hjortholm, pastor, there will be service Sunday morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:45. Morning subject, "The Communion of the Holy Spirit." Sunday school at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

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At the First Swedish church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, Rev. John A. Anderson, the pastor, will deliver a pentecostal sermon in the morning. In the evening there will be addresses by Victor Forsberg, the pastor and others. Sunday school at 12 m.

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At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, Ninth avenue east and Sixth street, services Sunday morning will be at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school at 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at 12:10. Rev. A. G. Aschim pastor.

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At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Third street and Lake avenue, there will be service Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m. by Pastor D. W. Michael. Vesper service at 8 p. m., also sermon and installation of Pastor Michael by Rev. O. G. Wilke, of Superior.

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At Bethany Lutheran church, Rev. Dr. A. F. Elmquist, pastor, there will be confirmation services at 10 a. m. tomorrow. A class of nineteen will be publicly examined in the Christian doctrines, and after they have read their creed and given their vows will be confirmed. In the evening at 7:45 a special sermon will be delivered to the classes of '99, '00, '01.

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At the Bethel on Lake avenue, at 10 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Rev. Joseph Hogg will preach. Special singing by quartet consisting of Miss Frances McGiffert, Mrs. Williamher, James M. Lavender, H. C. Ballou. Sunday school at 3 p. m., Junior Endeavor at 4 p. m., Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45. Rev. Joseph Hogg will also speak on Monday evening. There will be special singing.

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At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, there will be Sunday school at 3 p. m. Rev. L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45 conducted by Evangelist John Callahan. Monday evening, the meeting will be conducted in the Swedish language by the Young People's society of the Swedish Baptist church. On Tuesday evening the meeting will be conducted by the Epworth league of the First Methodist church. During the remainder of the week by Evangelist Callahan.

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At the Mission church, there will be the usual morning and evening services conducted by Rev. Albert Johanson. Rev. Johanson will take as a text for both sermons "The Holy Ghost." There will be special music at the evening service. The Y. P. S. meets again as usual at 6 p. m. On Wednesday evening the regular weekly meeting.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Boston Globe: A Lowell clergyman has made the statement that "the old New England practice of reading the Bible has almost entirely passed away in New England." The Bible is still printed, however.

Zion's Herald (Boston): In no way has the modern pulpit so greatly discredited itself with the thoughtful public as in advertising sensational subjects. So grace an abuse has this become in one of our cities that the daily press protests against it.

New York Tribune: Last week Rev. W. E. Karns, pastor of the Methodist church of Jersey Shore, Pa., announced that he would pay a cash bonus to every one who went to church last Sunday. As it was rumored that he might give each person $20, there was a large congregation present. At the close of the service a sealed envelope was handed to each person containing 1 cent and the following admonition: "This is your talent. Don't wrap it in a napkin, but use it. Your love for the success of the cause will determine your efforts. Harness up this talent and make it pull in others." Mr. Karns explained that he expected each penny to be invested so that it would bring a return of from $3 to $10.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: If the Methodist preachers in Massachusetts, who are denouncing President McKinley because of a report that he was seen to drink a glass of champagne on board a battleship, could realize how utterly ridiculous they make themselves, and how much they impair their own usefulness by such an exhibition of narrowness they would blush for their "denunciations." Every word hurled at the president strikes most of the noblest figures in American history as well—strikes also the Divine Master, whom these ministers assume to serve, and who, because He came eating and drinking, was greeted by the Pharisees with the exclamation: "Behold a gluttonous man and a wine bibber!" The Master was an exemplar, not of total abstinence, but of temperance, just such as President McKinley practices.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

A little balm may hold much blessing.
You may always suspect the suspicious man.
When the devil preaches, leave your purse at home.
Thunder in the pulpit does not lighten the world.
He is poor indeed who cannot live without riches.
The roots are refreshed by the rain released by the leaves.
There can be a cheerful face only where there is a faithful heart.
God gives riches to our hands when our hearts are not fixed on them.
The dividends of sin come back in the same coin as the investment.
Heaven will involve much hardship to those who have not learned to worship without a book.
The heretic hunter tries to make the flowers of truth grow by blowing the dirt from their roots.
When you keep your preacher worrying over his grocery bills you can hardly expect him to feed you with the bread of life.

Old Pa Time gets weary wrestling with Satin-Skin Cream. It beats him and keeps old faces young. 25c. Leading stores.

Horseshoer's

Board of examiners will hold a session at E. L. Toomey's shop, No. 114 Second avenue west, June 29.

E. L. TOOMEY,
President State Board of Examiners.

Five Reasons Why You Should Use the Pyramid Pile Cure.

First, it cures every form of piles without a particle of pain.

Second, it cures without any inconvenience or detention from daily work.

Third, its effects are lasting and not simply a temporary relief.

Fourth, it is the cheapest and safest pile cure before the public.

Fifth, it is entirely harmless, containing no mineral poisons, and cannot harm the most delicate.

It has been thoroughly tested by physicians in every state in the Union and is recognized by the best authorities as the safest, surest and cheapest pile cure known.

When it is remembered that usually piles is a most difficult, obstinate disease to cure, the results obtained from using a single package are certainly remarkable to say the least. People who have been annoyed with piles for years are astonished at the prompt result always secured.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is made by the Pyramid company, of Marshall, Mich., and is now also for sale at all drug stores, together with a treatise on the cause and cure of rectal diseases.

TALKS ON RELIGION

President McKinley Made Brief Address to Christian Societies.

Epworth League and Christian Endeavorers Give Him Reception.

Occurred at the California Street Church In San Francisco.

San Francisco, May 25.—Last night President McKinley attended an impromptu reception at the California Street M. E. church, given by the Epworth league and Christian Endeavor societies. The president made a brief address. He said:

"It gives me very great pleasure on this, the last evening of my stay in your hospitable city, to meet with the young men and the young women of the Epworth league and the Christian Endeavor and the Union of the Baptist church and the Christian young people generally who have dedicated themselves to the holy cause of Christian teaching. I congratulate you that you are to be the host of the great international Epworth league to be held in your city in the month of July, of the success of which you have my best wishes. I congratulate you upon the noble work in which you are engaged and the great results which have followed your efforts. He who serves the Master best serves man best, and he who serves truth serves civilization. There is nothing that lasts so long or wears so well and is of such inestimable advantage to the possessor as high character and an upright life. And that is what you teach by example and instruction. And when you are serving man by helping him to be better and nobler, you are serving your country. I do not know whether it is true that every man is the architect of his own fortunes, but surely every man is the architect of his own character and he is the builder of his own character. It is what he makes it, and it is growing all the time easier to do right and to be right. With our churches, our Young Men's Christian associations, our various church societies, every assistance is given for righteous living and righteous doing. It is no longer a drawback to the progress of a young man to be a member of a Christian church. It is no embarrassment. It is an encouragement. It is no hindrance. It is a help. There never was in all the past such a demand as now for incorruptible character strong enough to resist every temptation to do wrong. We need it in every relation of life—in the home, in the store, the bank and in the great business affairs of the country. We need it in the discharge of the duties that have come to the government. It is needed everywhere never more than at this hour. I am glad to show my interest in the great cause for which you are enlisted, for you are helping all the time home and family, law and liberty and country.

"I bid you all Godspeed and say good night."

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; St. Louis, 3.
At New York—New York, 1; Cincinnati, 0.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 15; Chicago, 7.
At Boston—Pittsburg, 6; Boston, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 3; Boston, 0.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 5; Washington, 5. Game called on account of darkness.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 1; Kansas City, 0.
At St. Paul—St. Joseph, 4; St. Paul, 1.
At Omaha—Denver, 2; Omaha, 0.
At Des Moines—Colorado Springs, 1; Des Moines, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	21	14	7	.667
Cincinnati	25	15	10	.600
Philadelphia	27	15	12	.556
Pittsburg	25	13	12	.526
Brooklyn	25	12	13	.480
Boston	22	10	12	.455
St. Louis	27	11	16	.407
Chicago	30	11	19	.367

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	25	17	8	.680
Detroit	27	18	9	.667
Baltimore	17	11	6	.647
Washington	21	12	9	.571
Boston	21	10	11	.476
Milwaukee	23	8	15	.348
Philadelphia	22	7	15	.318
Cleveland	26	8	18	.308

WESTERN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pct. |
|---|---|---

AN IDEAL COSTUME FOR THE SUMMER

Is a Very Pale Pongee, Full of Sunlight Glints and Brocaded In Big Pale Yellow Sun Spots.

Embroidered pongees have arrived, lustly achieving their fashionable success on the strength of their fiber, the purity of their color and the excellence of their needle-worked design. From purest cream to the warmest sandy brown their tints and tones prevail, and in agreeable accord the embroidery is done in cream on the brown and in deeper brown on the cream. A very pale pongee, full of sunlight glints and brocaded in big pale yellow sun spots is the material for an ideal June costume. Its flounces are topped off as so many flounces are these days by an insect border of cream fantasy lace that shows through its mesh the yellow silk petticoat on which the skirt is founded. The waist is artistically treated with lace and thin brown grass linen, pin tucked with yellow sewing silk, and of this same transparent goods the lower half on the sleeves is made.

The woman who makes up any gown this season without lace has deliberately overlooked the most important and characteristic factor in the dress of this flying day. It is an impossible task to enumerate all the species of lace that are woven and worn, from the spider web like Marie Stuart, which is said to be patterned exactly after a favorite design used by that gifted and unfortunate queen, to a new weave, the coarsest yet seen and called in sympathetic Paris dentelle des Boers. In London it is called Transvaal lace and is supposed to reflect the exact color of the veldt.

A choice specimen indeed among laces and especially adaptable to the bewitching muslins of the hour is the Reine Marguerite pattern wrought of delicate white braid in an elaborate skeleton leaf patern amid, when in full relief small, many petaled marguerites with butterflies, dragon flies and gauzy winged beetles are scattered.

Hand-embroidered seaside linens engage the enthusiasm of the mondaines, who have had authoritative advice from Paris to the effect that these hand-wrought piques, poplins, coarse sailor linens, etc., are to adorn the beaches of the most famous French watering places. Though on this side the water only millionairesses can afford to wear hand-embroidered costumes, we of the lesser incomes are able to buy such admirable machine-made copies of the hand-wrought costumes that it would require an X-ray and an embroidery expert to detect the deception. There is in all seaside things a mild rage for green, this color graduating in tint and tone all the way from the faintest eau de Nile down to the deepest foliage green.

Nine-tenths of the foulard, veiling and silk frocks are hung over green skirts, foliage unaccompanied by any blossoms is extravagantly utilized in millinery this spring; thus, if straws do show which way the wind is blowing, green is the color which will most successfully rival the long dominant light blue. Used as a skirt foundation with its light, dressy covering, pierced with lace, the green beneath lends just the nice conservative tint of color to the black and white foulard that has so far outsold all all its silken sisters. This, say the heads of the big shops, is the result of the natural preference for black and white in England, the fashion influence of which we are bound to feel. Though the American woman does not stretch her Anglomania to the point of wearing mourning for the late queen, she is nevertheless unconsciously affected by the dress tendency in Great Britain and by the fact that the Parisian coutourieres have created some of the most exquisite gowns in black, white and mauve for the London trade.

For all our love of black and white we still relish many broad effects in color, and nothing proves this more than the hats we are most inclined to. Floral toques, for example, are reasserting their influence in closely massed, flaming yellow roses, in variegated double petunias, and one of the prettiest hats turned out in the past week was quaintly made of weather-beaten chips of wood and wreathed with the most daring nasturtiums. Chip hats are, of course, the revolution of clever French brains, and are bewitchingly pretty. So also are the thatch straws for country wear, which are trimmed with wreaths of the lovely and languid veiled poppies. Such poppies do not pretend to be copies of the kind that grow in fields or gardens, but are of any unnatural color you may please, and filled inside with petals of white silk muslin, which happily tones and softens the florid color of the outside leaves.

With summer toilets hair barrets are as frequently worn as ever, but with the difference that these pins are longer and always in the form of an enameled or colored golden flower. A spray of lilies of the valley, a wood violet with its green leaves or a pansy are among the most popular designs for holding one's back hair from fraying out in wisps and tags. Turquoise studded combs of shell have suddenly been voted a trifle demode now that blonde shell combs, studded with fresh-water pearls, have arrived. To quote the shop girl, the latter are far more "refined." Whether this reason holds good or not, we can't say, for the motive of novelty has much to do with the public's likes and dislikes, and then, too, the pearl set combs are distinctly pretty.

Nowadays blonde shell is made to hold a peculiarly attractive sunny sheen, that is beautifying not to say glorifying, to any hair. Some of it is very, very golden in color, and the pink, gray, pure white or opalescent fresh-water pearls when set in it contribute a charm and gain of luster that usually over-tempts the most economical shopper. Even when not set with pearls the yellow shell, which after all is only yellow celluloid, is more and more worn every day.

Marcassite has been known, worn and prized a long time, but only recently has it been artistically realized. It is a species of jewelry surviving the eighteenth century when the jewelers set the chips from precious and semi-precious gems in delicate unburnished silver frames, that took the form of coat and cuff buttons, buckles, cravat, brooches, etc. Marcassite being wrought of bits of true stones, last as long as any true ruby, emerald, diamond or sapphire will, and as its material is in such minute pieces the best art of the gem setter is required in their arrangement.

Some of the buttons brought to this country have an historical as well as an artistic value and are of Watteau pattern, a bouquet or basket of wee jeweled flowers. Sometimes the basket is very, very small, and then set in a floral wreath in order to secure the round button shape. Against the taffeta and lace of which these new coats are composed the Marcassite buttons glitter with surprising show and elegance.

Little girls are very tailor modish this season even in their light spring school frocks of summer cashmere or lien. Like their elder sisters and mammas they wear English mohairs and sail cloth in green, and cut by the lady's tailor in severe coat and skirt suits, such as the little miss in the sketch wears. Here is a ripe wheat-colored mohair, stitched and braided in blue of true corn flower tone. At the foot of her skirt and about the broad collar of her coat a blue moss braid of mohair is run, and her hat of yellow straw is decorated with one big, flat bow of solid blue satin foulard.

This spring stands well at the head of its class for the engaging loveliness of its hats. Every woman is a plunger in millinery, because she simply cannot resist its undisputed charm and its capacity for beautifying any head it adorns. There is no drawing a comparison between the toques and shepherdesses and Louis XVIII shapes, because they are all admirable and all apparently equal in the share they possess of the shoppers' effections.

Perhaps it is safe to say that wide hats are a trifle more modish than narrow-brimmed ones. This relates, however, only to dress hats, and the unremarkable low prices.

The rattan in this country sells according to the size, and there are some twenty sizes, numbering from 1 up, the No. 1 being the finest. It costs, according to its size, and the finer the rattan the higher its price. Nos. 2 and 4 are chiefly used at the institute, although occasionally with 7 and 8. The price ranges from about 40 to 60 cents for these numbers, and almost double on the No. 1, the finest, which is $1.25 a pound. Basket making has been so little done by private individuals that it is still difficult to obtain the materials in desired qualities, as the factories will not sell less than five pounds at a time of a kind, and that all of one number. Occasionally, however, in some of the shops, a man who is generally patronized will keep the material on hand and sell any quantity desired.

SUMMER CALLING COSTUMF

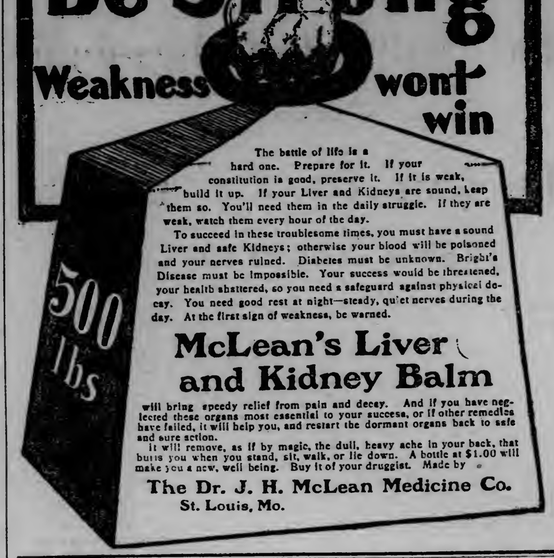
The new incorrable cape with its soft chiffon frills and white lace incrustations, accords admirably with the latest blac dress skirt with its full knofe plaited liberty silk ruffles.

THE NEW TURBAN.

The turban is the most successful model of the season. This one, of black chiffon with spangled rim is the summer girl's own conception of becomingness ond chic. The upper brim has a wired mousseline and lace plume effect, while the underurim has a cluster of soft pink roses with their green leaves.

Be Strong

Weakness won't win



The battle of life is a hard one. Prepare for it. If your constitution is good, preserve it. If it is weak, build it up. If your Liver and Kidneys are sound, keep them so. You'll need them in the daily struggle. If they are weak, watch them every hour of the day.

To succeed in these troublesome times, you must have a sound Liver and safe Kidneys; otherwise your blood will be poisoned and your nerves ruined. Diabetes must be unknown. Bright's Disease must be impossible. Your success would be threatened, your health shattered, so you need a safeguard against physical decay. You need good rest at night—steady, quiet nerves during the day. At the first sign of weakness, be warned.

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

will bring speedy relief from pain and decay. And if you have neglected these organs most essential to your success, or if other remedies have failed, it will help you, and restart the dormant organs back to safe and sure action.

It will remove, as if by magic, the dull, heavy ache in your back, that burns you when you stand, sit, walk, or lie down. A bottle at $1.00 will make you a new, well being. Buy it of your druggist. Made by

The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co.
St. Louis, Mo.

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. **Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.**

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 767—Zenith

212 W. Superior St

Burlington Route

By Daylight Along the Mississippi.

The most beautiful river scenery in the world is between St. Paul and Chicago. Our "Scenic Express" leaves Minneapolis 7:40, St. Paul 8:15 a. m., and reaches Winona 11:04, La Crosse 12:33 p. m., Dubuque 3:59, and Chicago at 10:20 p. m. An interesting and comfortable trip.

Ask Your Home Agent to Ticket You By the Burlington.

Tiny Cubebs Injections and Capsules

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

Saturdays and Sundays the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:

Sturgeon Lake and return	$1.50
Pine City and return	2.00

Good returning Mondays following date of sale. For tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or at Union depot.

"Decoration Day Outings."

On May 29, 30 and 31 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:

Deerwood and return	$2 85
Sturgeon Lake and return	1 50
Pine City and return	2 40

Tickets good returning June 3.

For tickets, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

THE PERFECT WAY.

Scores of Duluth Citizens Have Learned It.

IF YOU SUFFER FROM BACKACHE THERE IS ONLY ONE WAY TO CURE IT—THE PERFECT WAY IS TO CURE THE KIDNEYS—A BAD BACK MEANS SICK KIDNEYS—NEGLECT IT, URINARY TROUBLES FOLLOW—DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS ARE MADE FOR KIDNEYS ONLY—ARE ENDORSED BY DULUTH PEOPLE.

Mr. L. Schneider, of 224 Sixth street west, employed at the Fifth avenue grocery, says: "I had a dull heavy aching in my loins and if I stooped or lifted anything heavy it became sharp and piercing. Although often very tired at night I could not rest well as I soon became lame and sore from lying in one position. The secretions from the kidneys were irregular and unnatural. I tried different remedies, but they did not do me much good. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended I procured a box from W. A. Abbett's Drug store and commenced the treatment. I began to get better right away and after using one box felt splendid."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 16th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Oscar E. Schibsted, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Catherine Schibsted, of the county of Douglas, Wisconsin, representing among other things, that Oscar E. Schibsted, late of the county of Douglas, in the state of Wisconsin, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1900, at the county of Douglas, Wisconsin, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of Douglas County, Wisconsin, at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this, St. Louis County, Minnesota, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said petitioner, Catherine Schibsted, granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-18-25-June-1-1901.

THE TEAMS

That Will Start Baseball Season.

The Line Up For Duluth and Superior.

Jupiter Pluvius spoiled a pretty baseball opening this afternoon. It is certainly a gloomy beginning for a season promising so much. All week long vapory mists hung oppressively low over Oneota Park, while a few of the players splashed around the infield trying to warm up and get practice. Unconsciously a feeling of deep gloom and desolation crept over the senses of the players and fans. The baseball horizon, which had been ablaze with the rich red and yellow coloring of a gorgeous summer sunset, was transformed to an ocean of laden vapors—a dreary waste of lowering fog and fine penetrating rain.

Briefly, that is the reason why the season of 1901 is not opened today. The weather has put grounds, players and spectators out of condition. However, if conditions are favorable tomorrow, the opening game will be played between Duluth and Superior at Oneota Park, the game beginning at 3 o'clock.

The following line-up is announced for the opening game:

Duluth.	Superior.
Sturgeon....	..Catcher.....Lee
Glenney....	....Pitcher.... ..Augustine
Cameron..	..First base.....McLeod
Goldie..	.....Second base..... Porter
Shepard..	....Shortstop.....Duff
Connrs..	....Third base.. ....Mullaney
Randall..	....Left field.... .....Hurley
Lambert..	..Center field.. .....Baxter
Hall..	.....Right field.... ....Hanley

* * *

On paper the Duluth team has a most decisive advantage. Manager Porter, of the team across the sad sea waves, has evidently not gone to the trouble that Manager Hansell has in getting together a fast team of new material. Only three of the Superior players are strangers to the ball patronizing public, while the two stars—Shepard and Lambert—are the only members of last year's Duluth team who will slip their under-pinning into the maroon hosiery tomorrow.

In Marty Lee the Superior team has one of the finest catchers in this part of the country. In Augustine, the Superiorites have a tall, lank, and singular appearing mysterious unknown. He comes from down in Wisconsin and is said to be somewhat of a whirlwind. Superior fans giggle joyously every time they think of what he may do to Duluth. On first base, the Superiorites have another new man—McLeod. Manager Porter says that he is a wonder. At second "Andy" Porter will be a familiar sight, taking the memory of fans back almost to the scenes of their childhood. Porter is one of the most hard working and conscientious players that ever kicked up the dust on Oneota Park diamond. He is a crack second baseman and is deserving of much good treatment at the hands of the Superior public. Young Duff at short is a Superior boy and a clever little player, though this is his first attempt to break into fast company. "Pike" Mullaney, at third, is an old Superior landmark. His presence this season will be appreciated for he certainly is a fast player and has many admirers in this city. Hurley, Superior's left fielder, was in the Duluth outfield last season. Baxter, at center, played with the south shore teams last summer and is as fast a man in the position as there is in this part of the country, with the exception of Bill Lambert—he can't touch Lambert. Hanley, at right, is a native of Superior and a promising young pitcher. He will alternate with Augustine in the box work.

* * *

As for the Duluth team, much has already been said. It is practically a new organization. Shepard and Lambert will be in their old positions, but the other places will be filled with new men.

* * *

The Memorial day road race of the Duluth Cycle club promises to be the most successful on record. Applications ofr entries have been received by all the crack riders at the head of the lakes, and also from Nelderhofer and Erickson, the star Minneapolis riders, are among the fast outsiders that have applied.

* * *

The North Star ball team of St. Paul has written The Herald asking for a game with some Duluth team for Decoration day. Address M. J. Dempsey, 612 Livingston avenue, St. Paul.

* * *

Noodles Hahn, the left-handed pitcher of the Cincinnati Reds, has climbed up top of the tree in at least one particular. He has made a strikeout record. Sixteen Boston batters fanned the air in front of his speed and lightning curves, and the total thus made will hardly be equaled this year or for many years to come.

Hahn's record is far the best made by any pitcher since the pitching distance was increased from the old 50-foot limit. It is a mooted question as to just what twirler held the record in older days. Mark Baldwin struck out 18 men, according to some historians, 19 according to others, in a game back twelve years ago. Toad Ramsey had 18 on his books one day, and records varying from 10 to 16 men were not infrequent up to 1892. Rusie often gathered in 10 or 12 victims to the game, and Nichols, in two games against the Pittsburgs, struck out 25. After the distance was increased the strikeout record dwindled fast. Occasionally some pitcher, generally a left-hander, would pick up 10 strikeouts, but even these occasions were considered extraordinary.

Left-handed twirlers have, as a rule, made the big strikeout records. A left-hander's curves, when he has speed and is working well, come in with a puzzling jump and an unholy wiggle. Of course the new foul-strike rule must have helped Hahn to no small degree. Still, rule or no rule, the feat was wonderful, and the German left-hander should have the fullest credit for the trick he turned.

* * *

Dave Sullivan, who is at Louisville, writes that he expects to be matched in a few days to meet Terry McGovern, at Louisville, in a twenty-five round bout. Sullivan thinks that he can make a better showing against the champion than any of the other featherweights have done.

* * *

Jack O'Brien, of Philadelphia, cut down the budding hopes of England's champion, George Chrisp, at Newcastle, Monday night. For 11 rounds the American middleweight batted the British heavyweight around the ring. He could have upset poor Chrisp at any time, but let him last awhile, finally putting him out with a shower of wallops on the jaw. O'Brien thus becomes heavy and middleweight champion of England, a large bunch of glory for a young man who can do 158 at the ringside in a week's notice.

England is evidently hoplessly dished for champions when as easy a proposition as Chrisp could gain the honor. At the same time, it must be remembered that O'Brien is as good as they grow, and can whip any man of his size in the world, barring, possibly, Tommy Ryan.

* * *

Jack Moffat and George Gardner are to fight at San Francisco July 4. This should be a slashing mill, with about 5 to 4 in favor of Moffat.

* * *

Louisville's promoters are making big arrangements for the fight between Dave Sullivan and Terry McGovern. The mill will be held in an outdoor auditorium, seating 20,000 people.

* * *

Bob Fitzsimmons has discovered a lad whom he thinks will some day be a champion. He is Sandy Ferguson, "the strong boy of Chelsea," 6 feet 3 in height, and weighing 210 pounds.

* * *

Ted Sullivan, the veteran baseball manager, who came to Duluth last winter, originated the Northwestern league idea, and then disappeared, has been discovered. He is in Milwaukee running a sporting paper, called the Milwaukee Sporting Review.

* * *

Sporting Editor Evening Herald: Will you kindly let me know if Jack Root ever met "Kid" McCoy or Tommy Ryan? Also, if Carter had any advmantage in weight over Root?

L. R.

Root and Ryan boxed a 6-round draw in Chicago last July. Root and McCoy have not met. Root and Carter are well matched as to weight, both being at their best, at 162 pounds.

* * *

Fish Warden Fullerton made a discovery at Cass Lake which will be of exceptional interest to anglers looking for gamy fish. He found that the blue-fin whitefish, not supposed to be native of those waters, and scarcely looked for out of the great lakes, is to be found at Cass Lake this year. This fish is almost identical with the Lake Superior whitefish, having the distinguishing hump on its nose. The warden and his party caught four pike at Cass Lake whose aggregate weight was 36 pounds. One weighed 11 pounds, one seven pounds and the others between 7 and 11 pounds.

Mr. Fullerton found a serious condition prevailing at Cass Lake which will discourage sportsmen from going there this season. Lumbering operations, he says, have destroyed millions of pike. Dead fish can be found all along the shore of the lake, having been crushed by the logs when suddenly released from the dam. The warden went there in anticipation of gathering 10,000,000 eggs for distribution in Lake Minnetonka, but succeeded in getting only 1,000,000.

* * *

The difficulty of living up to the game and fish laws may be judged by the great number of black bass that have been taken from the water during the last week. While their deeds have not been exploited, it is known that a number of persons have captured large strings, weighing from 10 to 30 pounds, and have distributed them for bidden gamesters. But, really, there is some excuse for this. Bass are to be found in every lake in Minnesota. They are native. The usual bait for bass is frogs—small, live frogs. It is too early in the season to procure this bait, even if there was a desire to fish for bass exclusively, and sportsmen have been confining themselves to worms, which do not attract bass in warm weather, or after they have gotten over their hunger and fasting of the winter, and after a bass is hooked the temptation is strong to keep him.

Pike, pickerel and croppies seem to make way for the bass when the line is cast, and no one has yet reported a catch exclusively of one variety of fish. Later in the season a change will come, and each kind of fish will be caught with a bait especially adapted to the occasion. Bass has been found this season to the exclusion of other varieties where some were thought to exist, and in spots where they were not to be found last year; so, taking it as a whole, the sportsman is not to be blamed if now and then he hooks one of the big fellows that the law prohibits.

* * *

Old subscriber, who lives in a neighborhood infested by tumultuous cats, says he will be eligible for the next skat tournament.

* * *

Tom Sharkey writes that he wants to fight Jeffries, Ruhlin or Fitzsimmons to a finish. Whose finish?

* * *

If the hall of fame voting contest were on Pitcher Matthewson of the New York ball club would probably get a niche without a dissenting vote.

* * *

People in Cincinnati go to the races because admission is free. Must be a great town for gold bricks and explosions.

* * *

Sporting Editor, Evening Herald: A bets B that there is no such term (properly used) in the prize ring as a light heavyweight, light middleweight? Also was Corbett or Sullivan ever champion of the world?

1. Light heavyweight is not a recognized class in pugilism. A light middleweight would be in the welterweight class. 2. Neither Corbett nor Sullivan ever held the title to the world's championship.

* * *

It is estimated that 164,000 people have attended National league baseball games up to date, and that American league patronage has numbered 206,000. The American league only charges 25 cents, while the National charges 50 cents.

* * *

Terry McGovern has again gone into active training at Frisco. He is to meet Aurelio Herrera at the National Sporting club on Wednesday, May 29. Danny Daugherty and Sam Harris will look after the little whirlwind.

Herrera began training Wednesday for his match with Terry. His work, though steady, is not yet fast, as he has not reached the stage when fast work is what he needs. Despite the fact that he has been lying idle for a month, he is in fair condition, and by the middle of this week will begin to show what sort of a pace he will set in the ring. Thus far it has been impossible to get a line on the California wonder from his work, it having been only preliminary in nature. Form figures can thus far take only his past record, which is a good one, considering that he has been merely a local fighter in the southern part of the state.

Herrera is in charge of Tom McGrath, and with him are his brother Mauro, Harry Slater and Professor Marlevos. Aurelio is receiving the very best handling, and will be in superb condition by the time he steps into the ring.

* * *

Last Sunday the Viking Rifle club held its first annual premium shoot, and the following took the prizes in the order named: J. Ausenhus, C. Peterson, A. Olson, Matt Anderson, E. Bolma, D. Stone, L. Anderson, Charles Tenghlad, Martin Smith, O. Lind, M. Carr, S. Agre, P. Kasterson, J. Gustafson, O. Botnan, M. Monson, A. Anderson, G. Slethe, A. W. Anderson, A. Sieverson.

APPETITES

Created and Maintained by Vinol.

THAT THE FOOD IS DIGESTED IS ASLO EQUALLY NECESSARY.

We Recommend Vinol as an Appetite Creator.

WE GUARANTEE THAT VINOL WILL AID DIGESTION.

Vinol is the greatest aid to digestion that we have ever known.

It is because Vinol acts so beneficially upon the stomach that it accomplishes so much good.

Vinol contains the active curative principles that are found in cod-liver oil, without any oil or grease.

These medicinal elements act so favorably upon the stomach, that this organ obtains for itself the elements necessary for creating new flesh, muscle tissue and for making rich red blood.

When the stomach acts easily and naturally, a desire is created for good simple food and a good appetite is the sure result.

With cod-liver oil as formerly taken the medicinal elements which it contained were too often unable to counteract the harm that was done by the obnoxious grease that enveloped them.

Now that in Vinol we have those same elements separated from the vile-tasting fat, we have a tonic and rebuilder that is simply marvelous in its action.

The following is a letter that will explain itself:

"This is to certify that I have used six bottles of Vinol, and have found it of great value as an appetizer and tonic in general debility. I have received so much benefit from its use that I gladly furnish this testimonial in order that others may be induced to give it a trial and prove to themselves its recuperative powers."—MRS. ELIZABETH FEENEY, Waterbury, Conn.

We want every one in this place to know more about our Vinol, how it cures and what it cures. Certainly the greatest tonic and rebuilder we have ever sold.

We, therefore, cordially invite any one interested to call upon us; and we want all to bear in mind that we will gladly refund to any one who is not satisfied with the action of Vinol every cent they pay for it.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 Superior St. West, Corner Fourth Avenue

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Change In Management of Calumet and Hecla Mine.

Work Started on the New Mill at the Adventure.

Rumors That Tecumseh May Be Absorbed By the Osceola.

Houghton, Mich., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The statement is made, with details, by a local newspaper, usually well posted on mining matters, that James MacNaughton, of Iron Mountain, Mich., has been chosen the successor of Stephen B. Whiting as general manager of the Calumet & Hecla, the statement being made that the arrangement was reached in Chicago a few days ago, at a personal interview between Alexander Agassiz, president of the company, and Mr. MacNaughton. Mr. MacNaughton began his mining career with the Calumet & Hevla, but left the company some years ago to take charge of the Chapin iron mine, which he found in bad condition, and has developed into one of the largest and most profitable iron mines in the world. His good work at the Chapin has been noted by mining men generally, and his appointment to take charge of the Calumet & Hecla, if verified, as seems probable, will be received with general satisfaction. Mr. MacNaughton, during his charge of the Chapin, has been fortunate in pleasing both owners and employes, and his relations with labor have been of such a nature that he is cordially liked by the thousand or more employes of that property. This is a point which has probably entered into the calculations of President Agassiz, as the Calumet & Hecla is noted for the multiplicity of its benevolent efforts to aid the men who dig out the dividends. The Calumet & Hecla has been a sort of training school for mining engineers and superintendents, and many young men who began at the foot of the ladder with that great corporation are now enjoying positions at the head of large mining and industrial enterprises, one of the most prominent cases being that of Thomas F. Cole, now president of the mining companies of the great United States Steel corporation, who left the Calumet & Hecla some twenty years ago to take charge of some second-rate iron mines at Negaunee, and has since made a brilliant international reputation as a miner and manager of great ability.

Ground has been broken for the foundations of the new mill of the Adventure, on the shore of Lake Superior, south of the Baltic mill, and masonry work started. Upwards of 1000 men are now grading the extensions of the Copper Range railroad to the mine and mill, and the future of the Adventure seems a bright one. The showing of heavy copper and stamp rock at the mine has been responsible for steady buying of stock by Lake people who believe the mine will make a profitable one.

There are rumors that the Tecumseh may be absorbed by the Osceola. The Tecumseh adjoins the Osceola to the southward, and while the former properties has never succeeded in opening a mine, it is the general belief that a good chute of copper will be found at depth on the Osceola lode under the Tecumseh tract. Exploratory work has recently been resumed.

The midsummer period of dullness seems to have invaded the copper share market. This has been generally anticipated, and the Lake investors and speculators are of the opinion that the market will prove a dull and dragging one until fall, but will probably not be marked by any severe breaks in prices, as the better-class shares are generally held in strong hands. An attempt has recently been made in the East, presumably for bear operators, to convince the public that there are large stocks of copper secreted somewhere in this country, but all efforts to locate such stocks have been futile. It is not likely that so bulky a commodity as copper, could be stored to the extent of thousands of tons without the location of such stocks being discovered promptly. The Englishmen, who have been of the opinion that the market is "rigged," ever since the consumers ceased furnishing them copper at 9 cents, a trifle above average cost of production, manifest a tendency to hold back on purchases in hope of lower prices, but are scarcely likely to benefit thereby. It is undeniable that the price of copper is now made, as it has been for several years past, by the producers instead of by the consumers, as was the case for many years previous to 1898, and the change naturally results in a higher range of prices, but the statistics of the copper trade do not warrant the belief that there is a smash-up immediately ahead of the copper market. The world's production of copper has shown a smaller percentage of gain in the past five years than has the output of pig iron. The copper now being made is used, not stored, and while it is but natural that European consumers should squirm on account of the higher prices and the enormous earnings of the better-class copper mines, there is no immediate prospect of materially lower prices. Lower prices will come when the production of the metal increases to a point where it not only overtakes but passes consumption. Until that time consumers may as well resign themselves to 17-cent copper.

It is now hoped to have the Baltic's new mill in commission by early fall. The new mill will enable the Baltic to greatly increase production, although but two stamps will be used at the start, which is the same number as are now dropping on Baltic rock at the Atlantic mill; but the new stamps of the Baltic, being more modern and powerful, will enable the mine to crush a much larger amount of rock. The opening of the Baltic mill will also release the two stamps of the Atlantic. It has been anticipated that the Champion would take the stamps when the Baltic released them, but there seems some uncertainty as to whether this will be done. The Champion has the rock to feed two stamps, but may be in shape to produce such an amount to advantage by September. In any case the Atlantic is now working into such position that it will soon need at least one of the two stamps now leased.

No. 15, one of the amygdaloid shafts of the Calumet & Hecla has been closed down temporarily, owing to delays in receiving machinery for its equipment.

It is anticipated that the Quincy's product for May will be much the largest ever made by that mine. The new mill is running excellently.

The Isle Royale is now running over thirty power drills, and is hoisting with six-ton skips. The criticisms so freely directed at the management of this mine two years ago are answered by the results now being accomplished. It was but natural that the mine management should be criticised for the apparently slow progress in reopening and equipping, but the old adage of "more haste, less speed," has been again verified by the comparative results secured at some of the mines, which begun production before really prepared, and by the fine results secured at the Isle Royale, where every effort has been made to secure permanence and economy, rather than haste.

A contract has been let by the Wolverine and Mohawk companies for a new wharf, on Traverse bay, adjoining the millsites. The wharf will be 30 feet wide by 900 in length, with 21 feet of water alongside at the outer end and 14 feet inshore.

Negotiations are now in progress for the sale of the old Delaware mine, in Keweenaw county.

Only a small force is now employed at the Arnold mine, but orders are expected for a resumption of mining on a larger scale.

The heavy copper recently found in the St. Mary's shafts of the Arcadian has been reflected in increased production at the mill, where the product has been brought up to five tons daily, an amount more than sufficient to pay all operating expenses of the company. The showing of copper in the epidote shafts remains excellent.

Coal shipments are now being received freely. The consumption of soft coal by the lake copper district is now crowding 1,000,000 tons per annum, a remarkable increase from ten or even five years ago. Wood is now used to a very limited extent only, the country having been pretty well cut over to the north of portage lake.

Mass City, Greenland and Rockland, in Ontonogan county, are all enjoying building booms, caused by the activity at the reopened mines.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

ANEMIA

The face alone is no sure index of health; but headache and dizziness, no ambition, no force, no endurance, short breath, palpitation of the heart on little exertion—these with a pale face, are a clear indication of what is wrong. There is too little red in the blood.

There is too little vital force. It is life that is wanting.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil supplies it.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

"Decoration Day Outings."

On May 29, 30 and 31 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:

Deerwood and return	$2 85
Sturgeon Lake and return	1 50
Pine City and return	2 40

Tickets good returning June 3.

For tickets, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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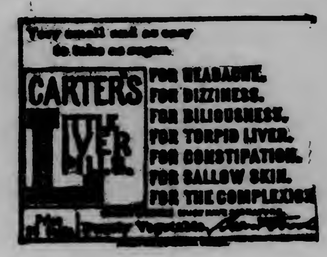
Washington, D. C. Established 1865.
ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.
Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

TWO RACKS TO TEXAS
Effective March 10th, 1901, the
FRISCO LINE
Announces the Opening of its
Red River Division
...To...
Denison and Sherman, Texas.
Through Train Service will shortly be established from St. Louis and Kansas City over the
Shortest Line to Texas

NOTICE.—
All parties are hereby cautioned against purchasing any interest in the 8½ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section 20, township 58, range 13. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds the title to the same; others claiming title, it is fraud. CHARLES EDMONDSON,
Cloquet, Minn.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

This is the only genuine kind
Any other kind is Not Genuine.



Genuine must bear signature

Brent Good

Say "CARTER'S" twice—and be sure they are "CARTER'S."

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

WEAK, WASTING, STRICTURED **MEN** Cured While You Sleep, IN 15 DAYS!

19,846--CURES DURING LAST YEAR--19,846

Why the Frightful Tension of Stricture is Dissolved Like Snow Beneath the Sun---IN FIFTEEN DAYS.

Why Weak Men Are restored by the Magic St. James Treatment Applied Locally and Directly to the Affected Parts.

We answer the questions briefly. If you cut an artery in your arm, you do not take internal medicine to stop the flow of blood. YOU USE LOCAL APPLICATIONS. Similarly when the urethral duct has become weakened and relaxed it is ridiculous to take internal treatment, which must pass through the stomach and urine before it reaches the seat of disease. The seminal ducts project into the urethral canal through the Prostate Gland, and are easily reached by **local treatment.** Dr. Carter's "Gran-Solvent" soluble Bougies will dissolve, digest and forever remove IRRITATE THE MEMBRANE. NO INTERNAL DRUGGING TO RUIN THE STOMACH. The St. James treatment is local, direct and positive.

The St. James treatment is prepared in the form of crayons, very narrow, smooth, flexible and wholly soluble, which are inserted into the water passage at night, where they dissolve and deposit the medication in its full strength upon the Prostate Gland, contracting and strengthening the ducts and FOREVER STOPPING DRAINS AND EMISSIONS, and curing while the patient sleeps.

STRICTURE

In 15 days, without pain, injury or inconvenience. The bougies are inserted at night and act while you sleep. "Gran-Solvent" removes every symptom of stricture, leaving the canal as healthy as when nature formed it. No BRUTAL CUTTING OR DILATING. NO INJECTIONS TO

VARICOCELE

Varicocele is an accumulation of sluggish blood in the veins of the scrotum, due solely to imperfect circulation, and has its origin in a diseased and torpid Prostate Gland. Operations in this disease are only temporary, and no mechanical device yet discovered has cured a single case. Gran-Solvent heals the Prostate and restores healthy circulation. Varicocele disappears and the sluggish accumulation is replaced by pure healthy blood.

Thousands of men strictured, weak, wasting and despondent were cured and restored by the St. James method last year. A vast army of men in whom the light of life has penetrated the fearful nightmare of stricture and seminal decay.

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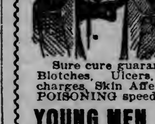

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For the next thirty days will treat all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES of MEN absolutely FREE, except a small charge for medicine only. Call and investigate. THIS MEANS WHAT IT SAYS. Don't run after Fakirs, new fads and would-be Specialists. Call and get a scientific opinion and diagnosis of your case before applying elsewhere. Remember I have been in business thirty years, three years in Duluth, and have a record of 15,000 cases cured. Many of which I have permission to refer to.

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YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

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Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Makes every function bound; you get despondent, a cure is at hand. Impart Vigor and potency to 6 for $5 by mail, with written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal. 50 CENTS

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BE WISE AND USE
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stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSIS DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

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VACUUM ORGAN DEVELOPER

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75,000 IN USE NOT ONE FAILURE NOT ONE RETURNED

Our Vacuum Organ Developer cures where everything else fails and hope is dead. It restores small, weak organs, lost power, failing manhood, drains, errors of youth, etc. **Stricture and Varicocele** permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks.

No Drugs to ruin the stomach. **No Electric Belts** to blister and burn. Our Vacuum Developer is a local treatment applied directly to the weak and disordered parts. It gives strength and development wherever applied. Old men with lost or failing manhood, or the young and middle aged who are reaping the results of youthful errors, excess or over work are quickly restored to health and strength. Our marvelous appliance has astonished the entire world. Hundreds of leading physicians in the United States are now recommending our appliance in the severest cases where every other known device has failed.

You will see and feel its benefit from the first day for it is applied directly at the seat of the disorder. It makes no difference how severe the case or how long standing, it is as sure to yield to our treatment as the sun is to rise.

The blood is the life, the fertilizer of the human body. Our instrument forces the blood into circulation where most needed, giving strength and development to weak and lifeless parts. The Vacuum Organ Developer was first introduced in the standing armies of Europe a few years ago by the French specialist, De Bousset, and its remarkable success in these countries led the Local Appliance Co. to secure the exclusive control of its sale on the Western Continent; and since its introduction into this country its remarkable cures have astounded the entire medical profession. It has restored thousands of cases pronounced incurable by physicians. It cures quickly, harmlessly, and without detention from business.

Remember there is no exposure, no C.O.D. or any other scheme in our dealing with the public.

Write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. **LOCAL APPLIANCE COMPANY,**
116 Thorpe Block, Indianapolis, Indiana.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—A large train load of excursionists accompanied the baseball team to Eveleth Sunday, where a very closely contested game between the local team and a team composed of Eveleth, Virginia and Biwabik, which resulted in favor of the combination club by a score of 5 to 4. A return game will be played on our own grounds tomorrow afternoon, game called at 3 o'clock. Batteries for Tower, Cummings and Lackie; Eveleth, Virginia and Biwabik, Warrington and Wilson.

Mrs. John J. Stone came up from Duluth last week en route for oKochiching where she will join her husband.

Hank Sanders returned Monday from his business trip to Eveleth.

Charles Tippett, Charles Winchester and Tom Taylor returned Monday evening from Eveleth.

R. Williams left Tuesday morning for Biwabik where he will reside.

Mrs. William Rusk left Wednesday morning for Duluth after several days' visit here.

O. W. Gates, superintendent of the Indian school at Sucker Point, returned Tuesday evening from Duluth.

Charles Johnson returned Tuesday to Eveleth.

M. H. Peck, of the Vermilion Dam stopping place, was a caller in the city Monday.

John Peterson, proprietor of the Vermilion hotel saloon, was in Duluth several days this week.

Miss Lina Kingston returned to Eveleth Monday morning after visiting over Sunday at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Whittlesey.

Walter Bristol was up from Mesaba over Sunday.

Dan Haley came up from Duluth Thursday evening on his way to the head of the lake.

Oscar La France left Monday morning for Two Harbors, where he has a situation in the Iron Trade News office.

A. G. Kingston, of Eveleth, was shaking hands with his many friends here Sunday.

John Owens came up from Duluth Monday evening on his way to his homestead at the Little Fork.

Mrs. Max Shapiro returned Saturday evening from Eveleth.

Mayor J. D. Murphy and wife were spending this week at Eveleth.

T. J. Walsh was a Duluth visitor Monday and Tuesday.

P. Schaeffer, editor of the Ely Miner, was a caller in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. W. A. Fay and child arrived in the city Thursday evening from Wisconsin where she joined her husband.

Roy McKenzie returned to Duluth yesterday after a week's trip to Koochiching.

Miss Anna Enright came up from Biwabik Friday evening to attend the farewell party at the Vermilion hotel in the honor of Dr. Tripp.

Robert Filewood was a Duluth visitor a few days of this week.

William Orr and wife came down from Pelican lake Monday and left Tuesday morning for Mesaba.

A. A. Taile returned to Biwabik Monday morning after visiting over Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Lawmon and children departed Monday morning for their new home at Birmingham, Ala.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., treasurer of the Tower Logging Railway company, was in Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Shipman and Mrs. Burton, of Ely, were visiting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Woodard, at Lakeside Saturday.

John Mahady, Jr., of Tower Junction, was in Duluth the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Metcalf came up from Duluth Saturday evening and will spend the summer here.

M. C. Woodard was in Duluth yesterday.

Rev. Father Buh came down from Ely Wednesday and confirmed twenty-six scholars at the Indian school.

William Voss left Wednesday for Ely where he has a situation as sawyer in the mill.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The village council contemplate raising the rate for electric lights in the near future.

J. P. Donahue has resigned his position as local manager for B. E. Baker, the stock broker.

Fifth avenue from Cedar street east is to be graded and the village water and sewer systems are to be extended on Fourth avenue to Willow street.

A. G. Anderson has been appointed village poundmaster at a salary of $60 per month.

H. L. Holden has returned from St. Paul.

R. O. Lazier visited with his family here this week. Mr. Lazier has been spending the winter in the East, and is on his way to Cape Nome, where he has mining interests.

J. G. Miller and T. A. Burg nave returned from a fishing trip to Chicago bay and report a successful trip.

Henry Betzler transacted business at Duluth this week.

F. P. Colvin, of Biwabik, was in town Tuesday, looking after his pulp wood shipments

Miss Ruth Woodfill has returned from Tower.

E. E. Esterly, the Duluth jeweler, was in town Saturday and Sunday.

Frank Corcoran transacted business at Duluth, Monday.

Miss Olive Woodland has returned from a two weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. S. Douglas, at Sparta, Minn., and has resumed her duties at the Central Telephone office.

F. A. Hall was down from Cdoquet River over Sunday.

H. and F. Fowler, who has been laid up with rheumatism the past month, is now able to be around again.

G. H. McGreevy, C. F. Joslin and Harry Skinner have returned from St. Paul; where they attended the Conductors' convention held there last week.

Emil Seligman returned to West Superior Friday.

The steamer Argo brought up a large excursion from Duluth on her first trip here Sunday.

Dr. Spengler, of Duluth, transacted business here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Swenson, the Duluth milliner, is in town this week.

The Ladies' auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. gave a very pleasant social at the Y. M. C. A. building, Monday evening.

Rev. J. H. B. Smith, of Duluth, lectured at the Norden hall Wednesday evening, on "The Transvaal and the Boer War."

Hon. Page Morris was up from Duluth on the steamer Argo, Sunday.

J. Adam Bede lectured to a full house at the Norden hall last evening, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. Subject, "This Yankee Nation."

L. M. Willeuts, of Duluth, was a visitor here Sunday.

Pearson & Fawcett, of Duluth, have been awarded the contract for the new High School building, being the lowest of six bidders; their bid was $50,955. The highest bid was $21,791. Work has already been commenced and it is expected to have the building finished by fall.

A new time card went into effect on the Duluth & Iron Range Sunday. The afternoon freight for Duluth will now leave here at 3 p. m. instead of 4:15 p. m.; the evening freight at 7:50 p. m. instead of 8:45 p. m., and the freight heretofore leaving Duluth at 11 p. m. will now leave there at 11:30 p. m. The train to Drummond will now run only twice per week, Tuesdays and Fridays, instead of three times weekly as formerly.

Memorial day is to be observed here in a fitting manner. A firing squad will be up from Duluth. Speaking and a fine musical program and a parade is to be had.

M. D. Taylor, receiver of the St. Cloud land office, was up on the steamer Argo Sunday.

J. T. Odergard, of Duluth, transacted business here on Friday.

R. L. Brien, of Duluth, was in town Wednesday.

T. D. Merrill, of the Merrill & Ring Lumber company, of Duluth, was in town Wednesday on his way to look after the company's logging interests at Split Rock river.

S. Johnson, of St. Paul, transacted business here this week.

Chief of Police Jernberg captured a man named Herbert Beatie here Wednesday. Beattie is wanted at Ely for larceny.

C. W. Hart has returned from a visit with relatives at Madison, Wis.

Ed Howard has gone to Ishpeming, Mich., on a business trip.

The steamer Pasadena with about 3000 tons of coal for the mines, arrived Tuesday morning, being the first coal boat of the season.

A. C. Seeley, of Duluth, transacted business here Friday.

A. C. Estes, of the Iron Trade Journal, returned from Madelia, Minn., Saturday.

The Duluth & Iron Range has commenced work on the new passenger dock. The piles are being driven and work on it will be rushed.

Mrs. F. F. James visited with relatives at Ely a few days this week.

Another game of ball between the Dispatchers' club and a nine representing the docks and the shops was pulled off Monday evening, resulting in a score of 21 to 3 in favor of the former.

More small forest fires have been burning this week north of town, probably in the timber slashings where the loggers and tie men have been working the past winter, but the rain of Wednesday and Thursday effectually quenched them, and soaked the ground so there should not be any danger from more fires for a week or two.

Sherman S. Smith, of Minneapolis, was in town this week, a guest of Hon. T. A. Burg.

Colvin & Robb's new pulp wood dock has been completed and the steamer Charles A. Street and barge J. B. Lozen loaded cargoes of spruce wood this week for Erie, Pa., for the Hamermil Paper company.

The Olson store block on Second avenue is rapidly nearing completion.

Jeweler A. D. Hulberg, departed for Minneapolis on a buying trip Thursday.

Col. A. N. Ogle transacted business at St. Paul the first of the week.

A fine musical program will be rendered at the First Presbyterian church tomorrow evening.

Joseph Galarneau was a Duluth visitor Friday.

Oscar La Croix, of Tower, was in town a few days this week.

Oscar Halvorsen is here from Madison, Wis., to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Cavalin visited with friends at Duluth over Sunday.

The 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Erick Peterson, died Sunday of diphtheria.

Mrs. H. Pronovost and sons, departed Monday for an extended visit with friends and relatives near Montreal, Canada.

The social given at the Commercial hotel by the ladies of the Presbyterian church Saturday evening was a decided success and a neat sum netted.

The ladies of the Swedish M. E. church will give a social at the Norden hall this evening.

The Bon Ton Stock company will occupy the boards at the Opera house Monday evening, the 27th.

Joseph Wetherby transacted business at Duluth Friday.

A cook named George Cook, employed by the C. M. Hill Lumber company, of Drummond, died of heart disease Tuesday.

Porger & O'Brien were fined $50 and costs by Judge Burwell Tuesday, on a charge of keeping their saloon open on Sunday, May 5, to which they plead guilty.

Services will be held at St. Paul's Episcopal church tomorrow at 9 and 11 a. m., and at 7:45 p. m.

Charles Anderson has completed his building on Sixth avenue and Cedar street.

Dr. Forbes, of Duluth, will be the speaker here Decoration day.

E. M. Shea was down from Brimson Thursday.

Frank Cooper was down from Bemidji to spend Sunday.

William Weese has returned from St. Paul.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Rosa Sullivan, who teaches school at Pike Lake, spent Saturday and Sunday with her mother, Mrs. D. Sullivan.

Mrs. A. G. Renstrom and Mr. and Mrs. August Nelson and children spent Sunday in West Duluth, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lunquist.

Miss Hattie Overton and Florence Brink spent Sunda in New Duluth.

Mrs. Mary Hettinger, who has been very ill, is slowly improving.

Ruth Renstrom is spending the week in West Superior with her aunt, Mrs. Benson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink and daughter spent Saturday in Duluth.

John Hettinger, of Duluth spent Sunday here, the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nic Hettinger.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Folkerts, of Duluth, spent Sunday here with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Axel Petterson were in Duluth Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hogeboom spent Sunday here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink.

Mrs. M. A. Dash and son, Victor, of Duluth, spent Sunday here the guest of Mr. Overton's family.

Master-at-Arms W. Harbor of the U. S. S. Wilmington returned home Monday from Manilla and China. Mr. Harbor served three years in the navy. They left Hong Kong April 14 and made the trip to New York in thirty-eight days. He served on the Gloucester during the fight off Santiago and saw service in the Wilmington at Manilla. The Wilmington spent twenty months in South American waters. Mr. Harbor expects to return in a couple of months.

W. H. Holenback, of Fond du Lac, was in Smithville Monday.

Edward Dash spent Monday in Duluth the guest of his sister, Mrs. H. J. Hogeboom.

Mrs. H. Gustafson and daughter and Mrs. S. Jacobson and children and Carl Carlson, of New Duluth, spent Monday here, the guests of their sister, Mrs. Ed Johnson.

H. C. Dash, of Duluth, was in Smithville Saturday.

Mrs. D. J. Harkins spent Monday in West Duluth.

Miss Amelia Nelson, of West Duluth, spent Sunday here the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nelson.

August Johnson, of Oneota, visited A. G. Renstrom Monday.

Oscar Amundson was in West Duluth Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sweet, of West Duluth called on Mrs. W. H. Smith Sunday.

Mrs. W. H. Smith spent Thursday in West Duluth.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Constance Willner visited her home in West Duluth Saturday and Sunday.

Miss S. A. Smith attended teachers' meeting at the Central High School in Duluth Saturday.

Nils Willner spent Sunday in New Duluth.

The ice cream social and dance given by the Woodmen and Royal Neighbors Saturday evening was well attended and a financial success.

Miss Gertie Hanson is visiting her sister in West Duluth this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyons and daughter, Grace, spent Saturday in Duluth.

Mrs. T. E. Bowles left for Minneapolis Monday.

Mrs. A. J. Munroe visited friends in West Duluth Tuesday.

Miss S. A. Smith attended the principals' meeting in the Fairmont school at West Duluth Wednesday afternoon.

The Social club gave the last dance of the season at the fire hall Friday evening. Quite a number of West Duluth people were present.

Arthur Hahoney left for Detroit Friday.

The Stowe school observed Memorial day Friday. At 2 p. m. all the departments gathered in the hall which was prettily decorated with bunting and pictures. The following program was rendered b ythe pupils: Opening song, "Battle Hymn of the Republic;" recitation, "Captain, O My Captain," Mabel Bartz; "The Blue and the Gray," Lida Erickson; song, "We'll Stand by the Flag," by four boys, John Jarosch, Carl Jarosch, Jerry Lockhart, Joe Moore; "Driving Home the Cows," Carl Jarosch; recitation, "Bivouac of the Dead," Betsy Duclett; song by the school; recitation, "Kentucky Belle," Joe Moore; recitation, "Manory Day," Winifred Tower; song, "On the Shore of Ten," by four girls, Grace Lyons, Ethel Becklinger, Lulu Lockhart, Agnes Skelton; flag drill, primary grades; song, "Tenting Tonight," by the school. Many visitors were present to enjoy the program.

Mr. Maxim is confined to his home by dreumatism this week.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Owing to a shortage of boats and a congestion of ore at the docks, most of the mines have been compelled to reduce ore shipments this week, shipping only what ore was hoisted. It now is almost a safe thing that last season's ore record will not be equaled by at least 700,000 tons this year.

Lineman Stephenson and crew of the Duluth & Iron Range, was in town this week stringing two more telephone wires from Duluth to Eveleth.

G. Miller, of Two Harbors, is working as conductor on the Biwabik and Fayal ore train.

Express Messenger D. Owens, of the Duluth & Iron Range, is working on the main line Ely and Duluth run for a couple of weeks in place of Messenger Pike, who has gone to Portland, Oregon, to look after some timber claims. Pat McGreevy has taken Mr. Owens' run here.

C. F. Jeslen, of Two Harbors, was in town Thursday.

G. E. Wilfe, formerly of this place, is now agent for the Duluth & Iron Range at their new station at St. Louis.

H. Riley, of Duluth, was in town Friday.

H. H. Salmon transacted business at Biwabik this week.

The Sturgeon River Lumber company reopened one of their camps near Colby and will do some work on their dam on the Partridge river during the summer.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The village has settled the claim of Mrs. James O'Laughlin, whose husband was killed in the well disaster here last winter, for the sum of $1550. The village council was notified some time ago that unless a satisfactory settlement was made, suit would be brought in the sum of $4000. The council deemed it advisable to make a settlement than involve itself in expensive litigation, so the matter was placed in the hands of John P. Herrow, who after consultation with the plaintiff, offered her the sum of $1550, which was accepted.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kulvander left Thursday morning for Ironwood, Mich., to visit their daughter, who is seriously ill at that place.

Richard Williams, of Tower, came down Tuesday for a few day's visit with friends and relatives here.

Miss Jeannette Glassner was an Eveleth visitor Wednesday, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Nathanson.

Mrs Dawson, of Eveleth, visited with friends here Tuesday.

Miss Lenora Kimberley came over for a few days' visit from Eveleth Friday.

John Heffron returned to his home in West Duluth Wednesday, after working here the past winter.

President Brennan, of Hinckley, Minn., was in Biwabik, visiting with friends Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Stack left Saturday for West Superior, where she will make her home.

Miss Clem Smith left Saturday on an extended visit with friends at Tower.

Mrs. William Dundas, of McKinley, was a social caller Saturday.

George Adams, of Minneapolis, transacted business here Saturday.

Mrs. Alfred Lax visited with Eveleth friends Saturday.

Mrs. J. C. Healy, of Eveleth, was a Biwabik visitor Saturday, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Shank.

Mrs. William Loulan went to Allen Junction Saturday to meet her sister, Miss Maggie Brennan, who returned from a three-weeks' visit at Iron River, Wis.

Thomas Houston, of West Superior, was a local visitor Saturday.

Superintendent Thomas Jones has resigned as superintendent of the Sharon mine, having decided to look after the various properties he is interested in.

Mr. and Mrs. Crockett were out trout fishing near Two Harbors Saturday.

Mrs. Kenna was a Duluth visitor between trains Friday.

Richard M. Sellwood looked after his mining interests here Wednesday.

R. M. Crocker, of Duluth, was in Biwabik on business Wednesday.

Officer William O'Hara was in Duluth on official business Thursday.

The Biwabik Social club gave another of its delightful informal dances at the Opera house Friday evening. About thirty couples were present and danced a program of eighteen numbers, rendered by the McKinley orchestra.

Alf Kneffelfelch, of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor, the first of the week.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. John Kostama died Friday. The baby was born the day previous and weighed but three pounds. The remains were interred in the local cemetery.

Tom Lee closed up his restaurant business here and left for his home in Eveleth, where he will again engage in business.

R. W. Mars, of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor Monday.

S. Schreiber, of Milwaukee, visited with Biwabik friends Tuesday.

Mrs. John Kearney visited with her husband at Eveleth Tuesday.

Mrs. J. A. Dolin was in Duluth Wednesday, to meet Mrs. Dolin, of Cadott, Wis., who will visit here with her for a short time.

B. Ericson was in Tower visiting friends the first of the week.

W. W. Browne has been in St. Paul the greater part of the week, attending the postmaster's convention.

Mrs. William Housel and daughter are now visiting at Sulphur Springs, Iowa, and Mr. Housel has charged in business at Madison, Wis., where his family will rejoin him.

D. J. Eyer has been confined to his bed for the past week, but is now improving.

Mrs. Thomas visited with relatives at Ely Tuesday.

A. A. Taile spent a part of this week at Tower with his family.

Mary Faber returned Monday from a three-weeks' visit with friends at Ely.

Road Master Burnett, of the Mesaba road, was in Biwabik on business Wednesday.

Harry Witz, of Duluth, was in Biwabik Wednesday.

Mayor and Mrs. J. D. Murphy, of Tower were in Biwabik Monday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fleming.

D. W. Osborne, of Kansas, arrived in this village Friday to make his home here the coming summer. He was accompanied by his sister.

Miss Annie Enright left Saturday to spend a few days with Duluth friends.

Miss Bessie Sampson arrived in Biwabik from Ironwood, Mich., Wednesday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Morrill. Mrs. Morrill went to Duluth the same day to meet her.

Mrs. William L. Miller, of Portland, Me., arrived in Biwabik Wednesday for an extended visit here with her brother, F. S. Colvin.

Rev. Bowen returned Saturday from Aiken, where he attended the Congregational conference.

Miss Tizzard, of Duluth, spent Sunday in Biwabik, the guest of Mrs. Katey Tearney.

Mrs. James Bale, of Ely, is in Biwabik visiting with friends and relatives.

William Grettum, of Duluth, transacted business here Tuesday.

W. E. Mason, of Duluth, was a Biwabik caller Wednesday.

N. B. Shank has commenced the erection of his cottage at the foot of Canton avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Bowles, of Duluth, were Biwabik visitors Saturday.

G. W. Cullen, of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor Wednesday, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Mewhinney.

L. H. Norwood, of Minneapolis, was a visitor here Wednesday.

The various mines in this village paid off their forces this week.

Mrs. Pinkham returned from her visit at West Superior Thursday.

Frank Guss returned Wednesday from Princeton, Minn., where he visited with his family.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, May 25—(Special to The Herald.)—Alex Michaud of the St. Louis hotel in Duluth was in the city a few days this week enjoying himself on the lakes.

Thomas Phillips is in the city from Red Jacket, Mich., visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. Joseph Thomas and children arrived from Hibbing Saturday evening for a few days' visit with friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Murphy, of Tower united in holy bonds, Miss Anna Olson to Richard Polkinghorn. Thomas Polkinghorn and John Columbo acted as groomsmen and Misses Lila Polkinghorn and Hilma Karjilla as bridesmaids. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served. The young people took the morning train for a wedding trip to Duluth and Superior. Both are well and favorably known in this city. They will take up their residence in the drug store block.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Miller and children, of Duluth, were in the city a few days this week visiting friends.

P. R. Vall was a Duluth visitor Monday.

Richard Johns was in the city from Hibbing a few days this week.

James Thompson left Thursday morning for Nelson, B. C.

The body of George Martin, who was drowned in Fall lake three weeks ago Thursday was recovered last Wednesday. The remains were taken to Gleason's morgue from where they will be shipped to Canada.

John Pengilly returned home Tuesday from a few days spent in Duluth.

The Cosgrove entertainers held the boards at the Opera house Tuesday and Wednesday evenings.

Deputy Sheriff Bates was in the city from Duluth Wednesday.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fourteen members of the Minnesota & Oregon Timber company returned Tuesday morning from a two weeks' trip into Oregon and Idaho where they inspected the claims which had been located by Martin Van Buskirk some weeks ago. The party will return to Oregon some time in August to prove up on the claims.

Evangelistic meetings are being held this week at the Methodist church. Evangelist Connelly, of Chicago, is preaching and Mr. Jones, also of Chicago, is conducting the singing. So far the meetings have been well attended and an increasing interest in the congregation is manifest.

P. E. Dowling will soon open a new drug store at Virginia.

Mrs. Glenn C. Brown returned Wednesday evening from a visit with friends in Duluth.

G. A. Whitman, president of the First National bank, came down from Tower Wednesday and left for Duluth Friday morning. It is understood that he has purchased a fast horse from parties in the southern part of the state.

Miss Lina Kingston visited in Tower last Saturday and Sunday, returning Monday evening.

James Dowling did business at Ely a couple of days this week.

O. H. Dodge, of Duluth, a brother-in-law of Paul Haight, spent several days in Eveleth this week.

W. J. Smith and family visited in Biwabik last Sunday.

County Commissioner McInnis made a business trip to Duluth on Tuesday.

George Bowers, of Duluth, has bought the McHale building in the village of Sparta and will soon open a hardware store in the same.

The Duluth & Iron Range road brought down a train load of excursionists from Tower and Ely last Sunday. The attraction of the day was the baseball game between the Tower and Eveleth teams. The game was closely contested throughout, resulting in a score of 5 to 4 in favor of Eveleth and was witnessed by a large and enthusiastic crowd. The Eveleth Star band was in attendance. Next Sunday the same road will run a return excursion from Eveleth to Tower and points between.

A. G. Kingston and daughter, Miss Lina Kingston, left for Duluth for a short visit on Thursday morning.

Mrs. Edwin Bal, of Tower, left Friday morning for Milwaukee, Wis., after a short visit with Mrs. Glenn Brown at the Fayal. She will visit in Milwaukee until June 1 and will then leave for Birmingham, Ala., where she will join Mr. Ball, who is already located in his new Southern home.

Miss Corrie Barrett returned Thursday evening from a visit in Duluth and points beyond.

The Eveleth Baseball Park association will give a danve at the Vall hall tonight, the object being to raise funds for the improvement of the ball park. Good music has been secured and a large number of tickets are sold in advance, thus assuring the success of the affair.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church gave a very enjoyabble sociable at the residence of Mrs. Sheehy on Thursday evening. A goodly number were in attendance and a pleasing program was rendered.

The building formerly used by Dr. More as a hospital, is being remodeled and fitted up by Mr. Roberts of Duluth for an undertaking establishment.

Samuel Rubenstein has moved his stock of jewelry from his old location on Jones street to the building formerly occupied by the O. D. Kinney & Co. bank. Mrs. Helmath has moved into the store vacated by Mr. Rubenstein.

The concert company, which gave two entertainments on Saturday and Sunday nights, scored a decided success. It was as fine an attraction as ever came on the range. They played to large audiences both evenings.

The logs of the Cloquet Lumber company at Ely lake, which were fastened in the little inlet at the north end of the lake, broke loose a few days ago, owing to the heavy wind and are now floating all over the lake, thus rendering boating rather difficult in some places.

A sad accident occurred at the Adams mine last Saturday when Matt Karpi, a Finnish miner, was instantly killed by a cave in. He was at work in one of the rooms, when without any warning the whole thing suddenly caved in. The accident occurred on Saturday morning and it was impossible to reach the body until Monday. The funeral was held on Tuesday morning, and was attended by a large number of sorrowing friends.

The Consolidated Iron Mining company, operating the Adams mine, this morning laid off 150 men, shutting down two shafts. No reason is given but it is supposed to be on account of a lack of shipping facilities down at the lakes. It is thought that the men are laid off only temporarily.

Felina LaMont, of Winona, Minn., was visiting in Eveleth a few days last week.

A. D. Holliday, of Two Harbors, was an Eveleth business caller on Tuesday.

R. A. Patterson, of Duluth, state boiler inspector and chairman of the state board, has been in Eveleth a couple of days this week, looking after the work on the Iron Range.

William Clark, of Iron Mountain, was transacting business here on Wednesday.

A. McGregor, of Minneapolis, was calling on old friends and doing business on our streets on Tuesday.

Superintendent S. W. Gilpin, of Virginia, was visiting Eveleth schools on Thursday.

Martin Muth, of Two Harbors, was in the city for a couple of days the fore part of the week.

J. G. Vivian, of Duluth, came up to Eveleth on Friday morning on a business trip. It is understood that he has bought all of Mr. Wallace's interests in Eveleth.

Emil Anderson, living at the Fayal mine, was arrested on Monday on a warrant sworn out by Dr. Harwood, charging him with reckless driving on the public road. Several serious accidents were narrowly averted and Anderson being intoxicated was also very abusive in his language. He received a fine of $15.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. W. Page has been released from quarantine and has resumed his duties in the Clipper office.

Dr. W. T. Stone returned from Elk River Wednesday.

L. H. Gates and wife are visiting in North Dakota for a few weeks.

J. H. O'Neil attended the annual meeting of the railroad conductors at St. Paul last week.

L. W. Bills returned from Duluth last Saturday, where he had been attending federal court.

Memorial Day program is prepared and will be carried out unless otherwise ordered by the board of health.

Owing to the diphtheria here the public schools which were closed last week will not be reopened until Sept. 3. Notices were circulated Monday to that effect. The Sunday schools and all public gatherings of children are suspended and no person under 16 years of ago allowed on the streets. It is hoped by these means to check the spread of the disease.

The Park Rapids baseball team was formed here last Tuesday with Charles Dietz president, C. C. Doty, secretary, and W. M. Taber, treasurer.

A meeting was called Monday evening at the village hall to decide what should be done toward a Fourth of July celebration. Under the circumstances it was thought best to have no celebration this year, but devote all their energies toward making the county fair, in September, a success.

Wesley Ripley, of Rockland, Ohio, arrived here Tuesday evening and will visit for a few weeks with his Uncle David Weegley.

Miss Tomlinson of the city schools was removed to the Park Rapids hospital Monday.

A. B. Kerlin is in Crookston this week.

Mrs. W. B. Pratt, of Akeley, is visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Blakeslee, Sr., are visiting their son at Osage for a few days.

P. F. Devereaux and Fred Mueller were in Duluth last week as witnesses beforo the federal grand jury.

Frank Perkinson and Walter Phipps, of this place, who were arrested on the charge of using their homestead right more than once, had their trial last week at Duluth and were sentenced to one year in the penitentiary and a fine of $300 each.

C. G. Vanderpoel returned from Monticello Monday.

Miss Elsie Koelbel is seriously ill at the hospital.

Miss Frances Hawley is recovering from a serious attack of diphtheria.

Mrs. W. H. Petrie has returned to her home at Nevis.

F. C. Rice is recovering from his recent illness.

Harry Laird, of Farris, visited with his friends here Saturday.

O. Phipps returned from Duluth Saturday.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, May 25.—At a meeting of the fire department last Monday evening it was decided to send the delegates to the state firemen's convention to be held at Crookston on the 11th, 12th and 13th of June. Those who will go are Chief J. C. Deshaw, John Costello and F. J. Stevens. Considerable other important business was transacted.

The G. A. R. post of this village, who, last week, were advertised to give the Fourth of July celebration, have withdrawn and turned the matter over to the Grand Rapids fire department. Owing to the number interested in the department, the work of making arrangement for the celebration the G. A. R. thought that the department could handle the affair to better satisfaction, and as everybody wants to see a rousing celebration the action as above was taken.

The Reishus-Remer Land company last week located four different families in Itasca county. They are H. Z. Olson, Montevideo; John Larson, Eva, Minn.; Mrs. M. L. Edwards, Esterville; Olaf Christianson, Blanchard, N. D. This company is doing considerable work in their line this spring, and expect during the next three months to locate a great many settlers in this and Aitkin counties.

A large crew of masons are at work laying stone for the foundation for the building of the paper and pulp mill, and they have already made considerable headway, and before many days the work will assume such shape as to give one some idea of the proportions of the building.

Capt. Malman, who a few years ago opened up the Arcturus mining property, arrived in Grand Rapids Tuesday and went out to the mine, and it is understood that he is to take charge of the work now in progress.

W. R. Newman, who has been stationed at that place as night operator, left on Sunday for Cass Lake, where he succeeds Jay Finkleson, who has been transferred to West Superior.

Mrs. C. E. Paige, of St. Paul, is here on a visit to her husband.

Capt. Murchie left Tuesday for a several week's trip into the north woods.

W. E. Martin, who has been in St. Paul for several weeks, returned home Saturday last.

It is reported that Price McKinley, of Cleveland, is interested with Wallace and Vivian in the development of the Arcturus mine, which is also near Grand Rapids. This property will undoubtedly become a good producer. The Diamond mine, which is now in the steel combination, having been acquired along with the Oliver properties, is certain to be a shipper one of these days.

Yesterday morning at Vermillion Brook, eight miles above Cohasset, there occurred a shooting which is likely to result in a charge of murder against bolo

MAN'S MALADIES MASTERED!

I made up my mind soon after graduating from college, that no one man was great enough to master the entire field of medicine and surgery. Many physicians have tried to do this, but they have met with results usually disappointing to themselves and often disastrous to their patients. For this reason I determined early in my professional career to confine my practice strictly to a single line of disease, and to originating and perfecting cures for them. I therefore treat only what I am absolutely certain that I can positively cure to stay cured—VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, RUPTURE, KIDNEY AND URINARY DISEASES, and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone, the best years of my life have been earnestly devoted and on them all my faculties are conccatrated. Our consultation and operating rooms are thoroughly equipped with every scientific apparatus, instrument and device essential to the most modern methods of practice, and our references, both professional and financial, are claiming the best citizens of this vicinity, who have been cured by us and made happy. I want every afflicted man to freely and fully investigate out treatment. My education, my experience, my conscience, condemn all kinds of quackery. I treat each case separately, closely watching it and carefully following its symptoms with remedies varied through every stage. The diseases that constitute my specialty are more fully commented upon below and are well worth the careful persual of all men in need of medical attention.

MASTER SPECIALIST.

Stricture It matters not how long you have suffered from Stricture nor how many different doctors have disappointed you, we will cure just as certainly as you come to us for treatment. We will not do it by cutting or dilating. Our treatment is new, entirely original with us and perfectly painless. It completely dissolves the Stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the sexual organs and restores health and soundness to every part of tho body affected by the disease.

Varicocele Whatever may be the cause of Varicocele its injurious effects are too well known for extended comment. Suffice to know that it depresses the mind, weakens the body, racks the nervous system, and ultimately leads to a complete loss of sexual power. If you are a victim of this dire disease, come to our office and let us explain to you our process of treating it. You will then not wonder why we have positively cured hundreds of cases of Varicocele during the past twelve months. Under our treatment the patient improves from the very beginning. All pain instantly subsides. The pools of stagnant blood are forced from the dilated veins, which rapidly assume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of disease and weakness vanish completely, and in their stead comes the pride, the power, and the pleasures of perfect health and restored manhood.

Nervo-Sexual Debility— Men, plenty of you are running and sapping the results of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all sexual diseases, is never on the standstill. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your whole future with misery and indiscribable woe. We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us, you will never again be bothered with emissions, prematureness, small or weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business, pleasure or marriage. Our treatment for weak men will correct all these evils, and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, hearty, happy man, with physical, mental and sexual powers complete.

Contagious Blood Poison On account of its frightful hideousness, Blood Poison is commonly called the king of all venereal diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it, the disease may manifest itself in the form of scrofula, eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, eruptions or copper-colored spots on face or body, little ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, swollen joints, falling of the hair or eyebrows, and finally a leprouslike decay of the flesh and bone. If you have any of these or similar symptoms you are cordially invited to consult us immediately. If we find your fears are unfounded, we will quickly unburden your mind. But if your constitution is infected with poisonous virus we will tell you so frankly, and show you how to get rid of it. Our special treatment for Blood Poison is practically the result of our life work, and is indorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom of blood poison disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient is prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

Associate Diseases In curing a disease of any kind, we never fail to remove all reflex complications. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture, and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to perfectly healthy conditions. If it is Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint, are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system. If it is Impotency, the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a permanent decline of physical, mental and sexual powers are totally removed and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood. Hence, all resulting ills and reflex complications which may be properly termed associate diseases, and which, in fact, are often more serious than the original ailment that gives rise to them—all, we say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

Correspondence One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at our office, write us a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. We make no charge for private counsel, and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold to our promises.

THE SPECIALISTS OF THE DIFFERENT DEPARTMENTS

of this Association, by their special treatment, are making many wonderful cures in diseases of the

Kidneys, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Piles, etc. Private Diseases, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases and all Allied and Associate Diseases of Men.

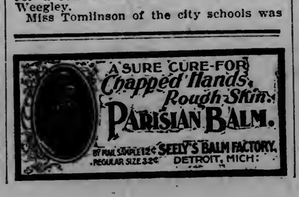
REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men in This City.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.


A SURE CURE FOR
Chapped Hands,
Rough Skin
PARISIAN

mon Williams, a well known resident of this section. A man named James Morris, his wife and little girl had been staying at Williams' ranch. Yesterday Morris and his wife, it is claimed, drove Williams out of his own home. He was so peaceably disposed that he started to retire from the scene, but he was knocked down. He was allowed to get up and make his way to his boat down to the bank of the nearby river, but the fury of his assailants broke forth afresh. He was carrying a Winchester, but he did not press the trigger until Morris had been warned not to repeat the blows he had struck. Morris was advancing on one side, his wife on the other, when Williams fired, killing Morris.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Naish McKinnon, of Farris, was in Cass Lake Wednesday. Naish had just came off the drive which Peter McGuire had brought from Wolf lake into Cass Lake. The drive contained about 14,000,- 00, and was the property of the Nails mill, and will be sawed at the company's mill here. John Jackson, of Farris, was foreman of the drive.

M. O. Olson and wife are now residents of Akeley, to which place their household goods were shipped on Wednesday. Mrs. Olson also leaving the same morning. Cass Lake is very sorry to lose these very estimable people, who made many warm friends during their residence here.

Mrs. Fred Delano, a former resident of Cass Lake, arrived in town on Monday evening, for the purpose of removing the remains of her little daughter, who died here a year ago, to Frazee, for interment. The remains were shipped to Frazee Thursday morning, accompanied by Mrs. Delano. Mr. Delano is now residing in Colorado Springs, at which place Mrs. Delano will join him next week, and they will hereafter make their home there.

H. T. Young, editor of the Bertha Herald, was in Cass Lake Monday morning, on his way home from a visit at Bemidji.

Mrs. Bert Stone returned to her home at Sauk Center Monday morning, after having spent Sunday with relatives in Cass Lake.

Jay Finkelson, who has for some time past acted as day operator at the Great Northern depot, left on Sunday last for West Superior, where he has accepted a position in the dispatcher's office. W. R. Newman, formerly of Grand Rapids, is now night operator here, while "Bob" Owens, recently night operator, is operating the key during the day time.

J. E. Tapley has moved into his new store, opposite the Pine hotel.

Sam Hatfield, the razor and shears artist, donned his overalls and other farming attire this week and hied him to his claim, on Third river, where he will remain for the necessary period of time, required by "your Uncle Samuel's" land laws, to have and to hold a homestead.

Martin Sullivan has recovered from an attack of the measles.

J. F. Byhre, who formerly owned the city grocery, returned on Saturday last from Portland, Ore., where he went some few weeks ago to look over the country. Mr. Byhre was pleased with his trip, and will return to Oregon next fall to make his permanent home.

Sheriff George Hardy came up from Walker Monday evening and spent the night in Cass Lake.

Gilbert and Fletcher Walker were in Cass Lake Tuesday evening, en route from Akeley to Bemidji.

H. F. Young returned on Monday from Duluth, where he had been for several days attending United States court.

Lawrence France, the 2-year-old son of John France, died on Tuesday last, of bronchitis. The funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon, Rev. Joseph Robinson officiating.

Rev. Darling, pastor of the Congregational church at Akeley, spent Monday night in Cass Lake, being the guest of Rev. F. N. Smith. Mrs. Darling left on Tuesday for Fosston to visit for a few days with his sister, Rev. Miss Darling, who is pastor of the Fosston Congregational church.

Hugh Ingley, assistant chief of police of East Grand Forks, spent Tuesday night in Cass Lake, leaving Wednesday morning for Akeley, where he had official business to transact.

Charles Telford left on Monday for a few days' visit at Thief River Falls.

Harry Beeching, who pulls the throttle on the switch engine, and Mr. King, boilermaker at the round house, now have charge of the steamer East Grand Forks, and are enjoying some fine rides on the lake.

Sunday, June 16, will be observed as Memorial day by the I. O. O. F., in commemoration of those members of the order who have died during the past year. Tuesday, June 11, is the official memorial day of the order, but the memorial services will be held by the Cass Lake Odd Fellows on the following Sunday, at Strawbridge hall, when Rev. Joseph Robinson, pastor of the local M. E. church, will deliver an address, especially to the members of the I. O. O. F.

Rev. Dr. Dodds, of Crookston, presiding elder of the Crookston district of the M. E. church, will deliver a Decoration day address at Strawbridge hall, on Thursday evening, May 30. Dr. Dodds is a member of the G. A. R.

G. F. O'Brien, of Columbus, Ohio, has been a visitor in Cass Lake during the past fortnight, recuperating.

Ford Pray, resident manager at Akeley for the Red River Lumber company, was in Cass Lake for a few hours on Thursday. Mr. Pray had received a telegram announcing that his mother had died at Tacoma, Wash., during the previous night, and he left for that place, on Thursday noon's train.

Kendall Clark, the efficient foreman of the Park Rapids Enterprise, arrived in town Wednesday evening, and on Friday, in company with his sister, Marie, left for his claim, in town 148, range 29, where he will "rough it" for a fortnight or so.

Ed. Warren, accompanied by his wife and son, left here on Thursday morning for Detroit, Minn. While at his former home Mr. Warren will purchase the steamer "Lady of the Lakes," which is one of the largest and most commodious that runs on the chain of lakes at Detroit. The boat will be shipped here and added to the fleet of steamers on Cass lake, and will be a most valuable addition to the pleasure crafts now plying in these waters.

Mrs. Ed Elston, accompanied by her daughter, Lois, has gone to a visit to relatives at Vermilnie and Wadena.

Mrs. C. C. Hastings who has been visiting with her son, C. C. and wife, returned to Minneapolis on Thursday morning.

Hon. G. G. Hartley, of Duluth, accompanied by his wife and daughter, Judith, were in Cass Lake Wednesday and Thursday.

Col. Roland H. Hartley went to Duluth this week to purchase more furniture and material for the Endion hotel.

J. N. Gaynor, conty auditor of Meeker county, accompanied by Lewis Johnson, of Litchfield, spent several days here during the wast week.

The baseball game which was to have been played here tomorrow (Sunday), between the local team and Akeley, has been postponed until Sunday, June 2, and instead the Bemidji club will play a game here with the locals. The last game between these teams, played at Bemidji on the 17th inst., resulted in favor of Cass Lake, by a score of 13 to 4. The local team will line up as follows for the game tomorrow: Ludwig, captain and catcher; Berry, pitcher; Taylor, short stop; L. Roy, first base; Bungo, second base; F. Roy, third base; Lambert, right field; Fisher, center field; C. Roy, left field.

W. S. Cobb and family and Mr. and Mrs. F. Grant have moved from the Spilian block, opposite the Voice office. Mr. and Mrs. Cobb have taken up their residence in the Kelley cottage, while Mr. and Mrs. Grant have moved to the residence formerly occupied by Ed Logan and wife.

Harry Ives, the corpulent editor and publisher of the St. Hilaire Spectator, visited in Cass Lake over Sunday with his father, Frank Ives. He returned home on Monday.

Peter Morrissette, who left here some time ago for Washington, writes to his brother, L. N., from Yokima, in that state, to the effect that he is working at his trade as barber in that town. Pete says the climate in the Yokima valley is very unhealthy and not to his liking, and that he intends to return to Seattle in the near future, there to probably remain permanently.

Jacob Mohr returned on Wednesday from a two weeks' stay on his homestead, north of Deer River.

Johanie Scott, of West Superior, has been a guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Scott, during the past week. He left for Cloquet today, where he will catch for the Superior baseball team in a game against the Cloquet team. His brother Will, who is an engineer on a switch engine in St. Paul, has also been visiting with the "old folks" here this week.

C. M. Taylor made a business trip to Farris on Tuesday.

Mrs. A. D. Sauve returned on Sunday last from Grand Rapids, where she and her little son Amery had been visiting for several days with Mrs. Sauve's parents, Andrew Vent and wife.

The newly elected school board met at the Strawbridge building on Wednesday night and organized, all members being present, except Mr. Redmond. J. F. B. Neills was elected president; E. A. Strawbridge, clerk, and C. C. Hastings, treasurer. Messers. Robinson and Leeman were apointed as a committee to procure a school site.

Mrs. Dan Smith will leave here on Monday for Seattle, where she will join her husband.

Johnnie McDonald, who for several years was brakeman on the Eastern for Conductor Bill Campbell, is now on the road for Robert Marcus, wholesale liquor dealer, of Duluth. Mr. McDonald made his first visit under his new regime, here last Wednesday.

Superintendent Young has been very busy during the past few days in distributing nearly $2500 among the Indians, which sums has been obtained for them for tresspass on their allotments in cutting timber from them during the past winter.

Sunday evening, Charles B. March and wife, accompanied by their son, arrived here from Akeley on a handcar. They were summoned to Crookston on account of the very sudden death of Mrs. M. R. Brown, mother of Mrs. March. In order to reach Crookston on Monday, it was necessary for the Marches to travel in the manner in which they did from Akeley. The old saying that "misfortunes never come singly" is fully verified in the case of the Brown family, for the day that Mrs. Brown died, the infant son of Frank M. Died, thereby making a double affliction. To the family comes from Cass Lake the deepest sympathy to them in their hours of affliction and trouble.

PROCTORKNOTT.

Proctorknott, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—A wreck occurred Tuesday afternoon near the switch shanty at Proctorknott, when several cars jumped the track.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Reneaird, Joe Clement, Mrs. A. Clement and daughter returned to Proctor Monday from Marquette, Mich., where they attended the funeral of the late A. Clement. Mrs. Clement will leave for Marquette in about three months.

John Jolymore is confined to his bed with rheumatism.

Mrs. C. E. Ellis was at Duluth Monday.

The ball game which came off Sunday between the machinists and brakeman at Proctor, was quite interesting. The machinists beat the brakemen, the score being machinists, 18; brakemen, 11.

Mrs. F. Bird and Mrs. W. Caars were at Duluth Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Code returned Tuesday from Chicago, where Mr. Code nas been at the trainmen's convention, and Mrs. Code visited friends.

Mrs. E. Haunon was at Duluth Wednesday.

Fred Mitchell visited at Burnett Thursday.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—H. S. Withrow, executive agent of the Duluth Humane society, is here on official business.

Thomas Hogan, roadmaster of the Powers-Simpson company, was taken to St. Mary's hospital, Duluth, Thursday, suffering from blood poisoning.

Joseph Woods, a Frenchman from Yongyear lake, was taken to Duluth Tuesday for examination as to his sanity before Judge of Probate Bonham.

S. G. Plummer has built a large warehouse on the south end of the Cox lots in block ten.

Otto Johnson, an employe of the Rust mine, was killed by a cave-in on Tuesday.

The Kilgarra Iron Mining company is the name of a company now engaged in exploring for iron south of the cemetery. Capt. Monroe, of West Superior, and H. H. Buhl, of Duluth, are in charge.

The Standard Oil company is erecting an oil tank on the Pittsburg location. A spur has been built to the tank by the Duluth, Missabe & Northern.

John E. Meehan was a business visitor to Duluth the early part of the week.

There is some talk of the Swan River Logging company removing its offices to this point and making Hibbing its headquarters.

Swanby Bros., who have the contract for clearing the north side of Chisholm, started the work Monday.

Matt E. Johnson and H. S. Hardin have succeeded Richard Hannon at the Tremont house.

Mrs. W. G. Williams has returned to Tower, after visiting here a few days with her husband, who is superintendent of the village electric light and water plant. She will return with her children as soon as their residence, now in course of construction on Third avenue, Pillsbury addition, is completed.

Miss Annie Brophy has gone to Matchwood, Mich., to visit her parents for a few weeks.

W. J. Power returned yesterday from Hancock, Mich., where he went last week to be present at the marriage of his brother, George, who is engaged in the practice of law at that point.

H. C. Berry, of Cass Lake, is the latest addition to the legal fraternity of this place.

Peter McHardy has been in Duluth the past week attending court.

Gust Jarvi, Fred Burkman, J. P. Seibel, Daniel McLeod, Louis Tawyea and W. J. Ryder have completed residences on the Pillsbury addition.

Herman Thellen is enjoying a visit from his sister, who arrived here from Sweden last week.

The village council has appointed the following board of Park commissioners: A. H. Powers, B. O'Rourke, W. C. Barrett, Frank H. Dear and Richard L. Giffin. The entire 160 acres has been cleared of underbrush and now a large crew of men is engaged in leveling off the one-half mile race track. It is expected that it will be completed by the Fourth of July.

The third annual tournament of the Vermilion-Mesaba Firemen's association will be held at this place in August next, when the following towns will be represented: Ely, Eveleth, Sparta, McKinley, Biwabik and Hibbing. This contest will be of about four days' duration and promises to be the greatest event held on the range.

Dr. M. H. Manson and wife leave today for Minneapolis, where the former will attend the medical institute to be held in that city next week.

Charles Gourdett has returned from an extended tour in Northern Wisconsin.

Cosgrove Specialty company gave a very satisfactory performance before a large audience in the Opera house Thursday evening.

The Finnish Mercantile company opened its doors for business May 20.

A. C. Hope, of Duluth, was here on business a few days this week.

Mayor Murphy, of Tower, accompanied by his wife, spent a couple of days here this week looking over the most metropolitan town on the ranges.

William C. Barrett was a business caller to Duluth this week.

Charles W. Loveth transacted business at the county seat Monday.

George Ireland has returned after a month's visit at Iron River, Wis.

Attorneys Windom and Adams, of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, spent Wednesday here.

Peter Bardessono will leave in a few days for a trip to European countries. He expects to visit Italy and the Holy Land.

Mrs. John A. Redfern has been on the sick list the past few days.

It is reported on good authority that Messrs. Rodgers & Strubble are about to start a newspaper here and will install a power plant. Both are practical printers and newspaper men and will no doubt do well in their proposed venture.

A 3-story addition is being constructed at the Rood hospital.

HAVE YOU KIDNEY TROUBLE?

Thousands of Lives Now Saved From the Fatal Effects of Kidney Diseases.

WEAK KIDNEYS MADE STRONG

Dr. Geo. Leininger's For-mal-de-hyde Kidney Tablets Are the Greatest Discovery Yet Made in Medicine.

A TRIAL TREATMENT SENT FREE

Careful men and women do not wait until they are flat on their backs before they seek some relief. Have you a pain or dull ache in the back or head? Have you rheumatism? Are you nervous? Do you get dizzy? Are you irritable? Are you obliged to pass water often during the day? All these are danger signals which, if you do not heed, may result seriously and often in Bright's disease. Dr. George Leininger, the noted German physician and scientist, gave to the world the first and only kidney remedy which not alone will cure all Kidney diseases, but drive all disease breeding germ out of the blood, making it impossible for the kidneys to become sick again.

Dr. Geo. Leininger offers to send a trial package of these famous Kidney Tablets, free, to any reader of this paper, who send their name and address.

Dr. George Leininger's For-mal-de-hyde Kidney Tablets come in two sizes, 25 cents and 50 cents. Are on sale at all druggists, or will be sent postpaid by sending direct to the manufacturers.

MAKE-MAN TABLETS.

FREE A trial treatment of Make-Man Tablets will be sent free to any reader of this paper who sent their name and address. Make-Man Tablets cure nervous debility and quickly restore weakened manhood to health, strength and vigor. Make-Man Tablets are sold on a positive guarantee at 50 cents a box.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE.

Dr. George Leininger invites the sick to write him. Each letter has the doctor's personal attention. Booklet entitled "Success to the Twentieth Century" mailed free by writing the Dr. George Leininger Chemical Co., Chicago, Ill.

S. F. Boyce, 335 W. Superior st., Duluth.
Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St., Duluth.
City Drug Store, 232 55th Ave. W., West Duluth.
Opera House Drug Co., West Superior.
Guarantee Drug Co., West Superior.
F. D. Priest, 237 W. 5th st., Superior.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—While awaiting news from Philadelphia in regard to the carrier pigeon which flew into Herman Krause's home a week since, advice reached here from Tower that the bird belonged to Agent Whittlesey of the Iron Range road there, and as the ownership was proven Mr. Krause shipped the carrier to its owner. The pur- chaser of the pigeons and had them go on a trial trip, three of them returning to him and three ore reported dead.

A steamshovel arrived at the Commodore mine Thursday morning from the Stevenson mine, near Hibbing, and after the shovel and tracks are placed in shape the loading of the 100,000-ton stockpile will commence. Nothing will be done at this mine this season. Since the pulling of the fires from the boilers at this mine, 35 feet of water covers the lower level and is going in at a rapid rate.

Gust Johnson, E. E. Burley and Albert Olson left here Tuesday for a two-weeks' recreation on the Lake of the Pines river, north of Tower. They were accompanied by their families.

Every lake and stream in this vicinity is being dynamited and very few fish are to be hooked. This dynamiting takes place very early in the morning and usually by the fortune element. Anyone going to the lake south of Virginia can hear and feel the blasts as they are exploded in the water.

Lots in the new town of Chisholm, on Longyear lake will be placed on the market at Hibbing and Virginia about June 1, when a great sale will be had. Everybody in this section is talking of the "new town." Chisholm should, and doubtless will, be a good, thriving village. There are now 800 men employed around the site, the big mill and two mines having that many on their pay rolls. There are plenty of people in this northern country who are willing and anxious to start life over again by getting on the ground floor of a new town and nought it.

The Virginia fire department has secured Fay's Opera house for a grand ball to be given July 4.

Miss Grace Collins, proprietoress of a sporting house near Virginia, got hilarious Sunday morning and went after Thomas Lantry, a competitor in business living next door. She went after him with a gun. She was a novice with such a weapon, and after shooting the iron up in the air like a boy with a shyrocket, she finally got mixed up somehow and shot herself in the breast. After she cooled down, the wound was dressed, and she came to the city and Judge Nelson fined her $50 for being such a poor shot.

Fred B. Rassom is a business visitor in the Twin Cities this week.

Patrolman Jacob E. Matson and family returned from a weeks' visit at Minneapolis Tuesday.

Capt. Fay was a Hibbing visitor Tuesday.

Ben Olson and Alfred Burke are up the St. Louis river near Shaw, fishing for pike.

John Costin, Jr., was at the county seat Wednesday.

Misses Annie and Abbie Sheehy, of Eveleth, visited friends here Wednesday.

D. W. Freeman returned from Duluth Monday accompanied by him mother who had been visiting a son at St. Louis, Mo.

Fred Hudson has gone to Oregon to look up a pine claim. He may locate there permanently.

Mrs. P. G. Benjamin, of Butternut, Wis., arrived here Monday, and will spend the summer with her sister.

Editor Cuppernull of the Virginian had business at the county capital Tuesday. It is understood Mr. Cuppernull is looking for the appointment as postmaster at this point.

Louis Everson, formerly the leader of the Virginia City band, returned here Saturday from Minneapolis, and has been engaged as band master of that organization.

Peter Shipley, Dave Beaudoin and John Chesser are up on their claims in Lake county this week.

J. B. Sattler of the Sattler Liquor company, was up from Duluth Monday.

Mrs. G. W. Graham was a Virginia caller Tuesday.

Thomas E. Dockery, of Fond du Lac, Wis., was here over Sunday.

The baseball game Sunday last resulted in a grand victory for the Virginia club, winning from the Towerites by a close score of 4 to 3. The game was witnessed by a large and unusually enthusiastic delegation from Tower, Virginia and Eveleth, the contest being at the grounds of the latter place. A return game will be played at the Vermillon town tomorrow, when a band and a large crowd of "fans" will attend. The excursion will be over the Iron Range road.

Dr. J. A. Avery of the firm of Eby & Avery, which will be dissolved next week, both partner leaving Virginia, was a visitor at his proposed new field at Aitkin, Monday, returning Wednesday.

Mrs. W. T. Bailey and daughter, Miss Rebecca, were guests at the Hotel Fay the fore part of the week, visiting with Mr. Bailey and son, Richard.

Superintendent Mills of the Commodore was a visitor at the Stevenson mine Tuesday.

Rev. J. M. Todd, of Chicago, will fill the pulpit of the Presbyterian church tomorrow.

The public schools close here on Thursday next, it being Decoration day.

The Lady Maccabees gave a "sunbonnet drill" at their lodge rooms at Hawkinson's hall Monday evening and it was very well attended. After the drill, ice cream and cake was served.

The 17-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Caffery died of spinal meningitis Saturday morning last. The funeral was held Sunday.

A surprise party was tendered Mrs. Andrew Dahl at her home on Wyoming Avenue Wednesday. She was presented with a handsome center table and rocking chair as reminders of the occasion.

Miss Abbie Smith, teacher at the Franklin schol, has been confined to her home this week with a siege of tonsilitis.

Miss Marie Jacobson, of Duluth, has accepted a position as nurse at the Virginia hospital.

The Virginia band will give a grand ball on May 30 at the Opera house.

Dr. C. W. Miller has been appointed physician of the D., M. & N. Ry., at this point.

Messrs. Dowling and Bates will have their elegant new drug store opened for business about June 1. The fixture now being placed, are the "swellest" ever seen in this section. The stock is arriving daily.

Village Recorder Bohn of Buhl was in the metropolis Monday.

An operation for appendicitis was performed upon Mrs. Edward Eeinz at the Virginia hospital Thursday afternoon by Dr. Stuart Bates, being assisted by Drs. Weirrick and Gray. The patient is getting along nicely.

James Ray, the safe man, is up from Duluth today.

It is expected that the newly organized Virginia band will join the local Woodmen camp in a body and be styled the Woodman band hereafter.

SPARTA.

Sparta, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—James Cronan arrived from Duluth Thursday for a visit with friends.

Thomas Connell, of Fayal, transacted business here Thursday.

Louis Shruman was an Allen Junction visitor Thursday.

Capt. Charles H. Munger went to Chicago Thursday.

Ned K. Farrand, of Eveleth, transacted business here Thursday.

Miss Lina Barto, of Hurley, Wis., is visiting here brother, Louis, this week.

Peter Heglund went to Tower Thursday. He will move his family here next week.

Clark Pierson, of Cloquet River, visited with friends here over Sunday.

John Runquist, of Two Harbors, has commenced work on the double track between here and Fayal.

James Sheridan, bookkeeper for the Republic mine, is expected home from his honeymoon today.

The fire department will organize here next week; a large number of the old members having moved away.

Miss Margaret O'Brien visited with Mrs. Theo H. Driscoll in Eveleth on Thursday.

Mrs. James Bale, of Ely, visited with her brother, Morris Colvin, here today.

Miss Mabel Travena and Miss Delia McNevins, visited in Biwabik over Sunday.

Mrs. Juno returned from Loraine to Sault Ste. Marie," he said, "and had in tow a large steam drill and scow. When off Thunder bay last night, Capt. Place saw that the steamer was making bad weather, for the waves had smashed in the engineer's quarters and the washrooms and the water was running into the hold.

"Capt. Place decided to turn about and run for Tawas for shelter. Everything went all right until we were off Au Sable, when the steamer struck heavily on the bottom. The seas broke over her at the same time and carried away the deck house, then the after cabin and finally the smokestack fell. Both rails were broken in two just aft of the forward deckhouse, and we knew it was only a few minutes before the steamer went to pieces."

"It is every man for himself now," shouted Capt. Place," continued the engineer. "The look of despair on Mrs. Place's face was something I shall never forget. It was awful. We took the captain's advice and every man started to save himself as best he could. Some of the boys took to the rigging, but McGinnis and I lashed ourselves to a ringbolt in a piece of the after cabin, and we were washed overboard shortly afterward. The strain was too much for McGinnis, and he went crazy before we had been in the water very long. He tried to throw me off the wreckage, but I talked to him and encouraged him to hold on. Twice he got loose and tried to drown us both, but each time I succeeded in quieting him. I told him a boat was coming to take us off, and then I would get him tied fast again.

"The passenger steamer City of Holland passed by us, but we were too far away for her crew to see us, I believe. It made me feel pretty despondent for a time, for I was getting very weak and the seas broke ovr my head so as to drive the breath out of my body at times.

"The Columbia finally came along and picked us up, just as I was about to give up hope. I am afraid all of the rest of the crew were drowned, including Mrs. Place. I only wonder how it was that we lived through it all. Our wreckage was big enough to make a raft, but it was small, and the seas swept it constantly."

Murphy was in the water from 8 o'clock in the morning until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. He lives at 325 Bartlett street, Milwaukee.

The tug Columbia lost a drill scow with six men on board just before she picked up the men from the Baltimore. The Columbia went out again yesterday afternoon and found the drill, making good weather. The men were taken off it and were badly frightened as the scow had neither boat nor life preservers. The scow was then towed in here. The scow with timber on it was not recovered and it is thought it went ashore.

Capt. Meno, of the steamer City of Holland, claims that the gale was one of the worst in fifteen years. The Holland came through it from Harrisville and made good weather.

Capt. Place resided at Lakewood, a Cleveland suburb. He sailed the steamer Germanic for many years and only took command of the Baltimore this spring after buying an interest in the ship. He was a member of the Shipmasters' association, carrying $1000 life insurance in that organization. His wife went with him in the new comand as stewardess.

The Baltimore came out in 1881 and was then known as the Escanaba. She belonged to a fleet largely owned by O. W. Potter and his associates in the North Chicago rolling mills, carrying iron ore from Escanaba to the rolling mills, the steamer paying for herself more than a half dozen times. When the steel magnates closed out their interests, the Escanaba passed into the hands of P. H. Fleming & Co. and ran in the Baltimore & Ohio line between Fairport and Chicago, her name being changed at that time to Baltimore. She was 201 feet keel, by 33 feet beam and carried about 2000 tons of freight. Her last cargo was a load of coal from Loraine, Ohio, to Washburn, Wis. It was owned by the Northwestern Fuel company. The steamer was rated at $40,000 by the underwriters and was insured for nearly that amount.

TIME EXTENDED.

New York Yacht Club Grants Lipton Time.

New York, May 25.—It was practically determined last evening that the cup race will only be postponed for one month, although the New York Yacht club, through its challenge committee, has expressed a willingness to give Sir Thomas Lipton any time that may be necessary to put his damaged racer in condition again.

Sir Thomas Lipton finds that he can repair his yacht in less time than originally estimated, and so cabled yesterday. The following cablegram was sent him by Secretary Oddie of the New York club:

"New York, May 24.—To Sir Thomas Lipton, London: Your two cables of yesterday and today received. We have every desire to accede whatever delay is rendered necessary by Shamrock's accident. Of course, if four weeks is sufficient we shall be glad. On request of the Royal Ulster Yacht club we will be happy to forward agreement amended acordingly. ODDIE."

Exterminate The Breed!

That's the only way to get rid of bed bugs. The use of

Max Wirth's Bed Bug Killer

will secure a complete and final riddance of the pest.

Only 25c a Bottle at

Max Wirth's Drug Store,

13 West Superior St.

GOULD'S SCHEMES.

How He Proposes to Get Into New York.

New York, May 25.—The Mail and Express prints the following article on the much discussed question as to how the Gould system of railroads will reach the seaboard:

"George J. Gould is negotiating for an entrance for his railroads into this city. This information comes from banking interests in a position to know what is going on. He will not build, and, according to a good authority, will probably not seek to get control of any existing trunk line. It will be a traffic deal.

"Opinions were expressed today that, except so far as the Pittsburg extension of the Wheeling & Lake Erie and Wabash is concerned, Mr. Gould will not disturb the present conditions, as he merely aims to get the most favorable trade conditions. He intends, however, to build into Pittsburg.

"A strong reason why Mr. Gould wants this road is that he has a contract for 25 per cent of the tonnage of the Carnegie company, which will reduce the freight which the Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio receive. The latter desire to prevent the construction of the new road, and have offered inducements to Mr. Gould not to build.

"A story was current today that the controversy might result in Mr. Gould securing satisfactory traffic connections, with either the Pennsylvania or Baltimore & Ohio, instead of Erie or Lackawanna."

TWELVE DROWNED

Crew of the Steamer Baltimore Which Foundered In Lake Huron.

But Two Men of Crew of Fourteen Were Saved.

The Story of the Disaster as Told By Survivor.

East Tawas, Mich., May 25.—The wooden steamer Baltimore foundered in Lake Huron, near Au Sable, yesterday morning, and twelve of her crew of fourteen were drowned. Two men were washed about in the lake for several hours, lashed to a piece of wreckage, and were finally picked up by the tug Columbia and brought in here. George McGinnis, a deck hand, one of the rescued went crazy from his experience. The other survivor, Thomas Murphy, of Milwaukee, second engineer, was able to tell the story of the disaster. The dead follow:

CAPT. M. H. PLACE, master of the steamer.
MRS. M. H. PLACE, wife of captain, steward.
MICHAEL BREATHEN, first mate.
JOHN DELDERS, second steward.
EDWARD OWEN, wheelsman.
C. W. SEARS, wheelsman.
GEORGE W. SCOTT, watchman.
HERBERT WINNING, watchman.
F. MARCIOUX, chief engineer.
KILLIAM BARKER, fireman.
P. KRUGGER, fireman.
AUGUST ANDERSON, deck hand.

It was some time after the Columbia had brought the shipwrecked men into port before Murphy was revived sufficiently to tell his story. The Baltimore foundered about 6 o'clock Friday morning, and he was in the water until late in the afternoon, exposed to the buffeting of a furious northeast sea.

"We were bound from Loraine to Sault Ste. Marie," he said, "and had in tow a large steam drill and scow. When off Thunder bay last night, Capt. Place saw that the steamer was making bad weather, for the waves had smashed in the engineer's quarters and the washrooms and the water was running into the hold.

"Capt. Place decided to turn about and run for Tawas for shelter. Everything went all right until we were off Au Sable, when the steamer struck heavily on the bottom. The seas broke over her at the same time and carried away the deck house, then the after cabin and finally the smokestack fell. Both rails were broken in two just aft of the forward deckhouse, and we knew it was only a few minutes before the steamer went to pieces."

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THREE DECLINE WORK.

Cadets Will Ask For Reversal of Decision.

New York, May 25.—Three of the five West Point cadets recently expelled for insubordination—B. O. Mahaffey, Raymond A. Linton and John A. Cleveland—who were offered lucrative positions by Gen. Francis Kinton Greene, president of the New York and Bermudez Asphalt company, have declined to accept the positions offered them. They told Gen. Greene and Gen. Avery D. Andrews, both of them West Pointers, that it was their intention to go to Washington Saturday and here try to bring about a reversal of the decision which has thrown them upon the world at a time when their prospects seemed brightest.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The jury in the McGarry murder case, at Dubuque, Friday night, returned a verdict of acquittal. The trial lasted over two weeks.

The live stock industry of the Cheyenne section is face to face with a grass famine. Trouble between the cattlemen and the sheepmen is feared.

Marvin Hart, of Louisville, Friday night knocked out Dan Creedon, of Australia, in the sixth round of a 25-round bout before the Southern Athletic club.

Mrs. Addie Richards, of St. Joseph, Mo., will not be tried next week for the murder of her millionaire husband, Frank Richardson, who was found with a bullet through his brain in the parlor of his home Christmas evening. The prosecution asked for a continuance until the September term. The dead man was a brother of John D. Richardson, general manager of the biscuit trust.

New Service to St. Louis—Via "The Milwaukee" Line.

Commencing Sunday, May 19, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul will inaugurate through sleeping car service between the Twin Cities and St. Louis. The sleeper will be carried daily on the train leaving Minneapolis 7:50 a. m. and St. Paul 8 a. m., arriving St. Louis at 7 o'clock the following morning.

The route is via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Iowa Central and Wabash railways, making a very direct line—passing through a very interesting portion of the country.

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

FREE HELP FOR WEAK MEN

"CALTHOS"

Prof. Laborde's Marvelous French Cure for Lost Manhood.

FIVE DAYS' TRIAL TREATMENT

Sent Absolutely Free by Sealed Mail To All Sufferers.

NO C. O. D. OR DEPOSIT SCHEME.

The only preparation known to science which really cures Lost Manhood is "CALTHOS," the marvelous French remedy discovered by Prof. Jules Laborde. It is controlled in this country by The Von Mohl Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a concern which occupies a high and honorable place in the world of medicine. It is one of the largest and most responsible houses in Cincinnati, as anyone who is acquainted in that city will testify.

The Von Mohl Company invites all men suffering from Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, Small Parts or Weakness of any nature in the Nerves or Sexual Organs, to send their names and receive a five days' treatment. This will prove the wonderful vitalizing powers of "CALTHOS." After using it five days the sufferers will find new vigor in their organs, new force in their muscles, new blood in their veins, new ambition, and rapid progress toward the buoyant feelings and sensations of younger days.

This liberal free offer is genuine. There is no swindling C. O. D. or Deposit Scheme connected with it. The five days' treatment is sent by sealed mail to all on request, wrapped in a plain package, and full printed instructions accompany the medicine, so that each patient becomes his own doctor and cures himself at home.

It doesn't make any difference what caused the weakness—whether bad habits in youth, or excess, or overwork, or business troubles. "CALTHOS" will effect a cure, no matter what big name the disease may be called by doctors.

The Von Mohl Company treats all correspondence in perfect confidence. Under no conditions will it make public the names of the thousands who have written testimonials telling of their restoration to robust manhood after other medicines and appliances have proved worthless. "CALTHOS" is regularly used in the French and German armies, and the soldiers in those countries have come to be perfect models of strength and vitality. Cures are effected at all ages from twenty to eighty years. There is no case (except where the stage of epilepsy or insanity has been reached) which it will not radically, quickly and permanently cure. Sexual weakness does not cure itself. It grows worse from week to week. Each day aggravates the mental and physical anguish.

Send today for the free five days' trial treatment. If it helps you, more of the medicine can be purchased. If it does not help, no harm is done and no money has been paid out. You can send your name in the full knowledge that it will be kept from all. The "CALTHOS" department of our business is strictly confidential. Address applications for trial treatment, etc., to

THE VON MOHL COMPANY, 196 B, Cincinnati, O. | Largest Importers of Standard Preparations in the United States

THE FIRST BORN

is naturally a subject of wonder and worriment to the young mother. Happy and easy will she be if some kind friend tells her of the marvels of relief to be obtained by the use of

"Mother's Friend"

There is nothing in the world like this simple liniment, used externally. It relaxes all strains and distensions, soothing headaches and nervousness, as well as relieving "morning sickness."

"That I should suffer so."

Of Druggists at $1, or sent by express paid on receipt of price. Write for illustrated book containing testimonial and valuable information for all Mothers, free. The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

AN AUDIENCE OF MEN AND WOMEN

Six Hundred of Them Listen to a Medical Address Given by Dr. Rea.

His Great Success and the Rapidity of His Cures Are a Revelation to the Special Practice of Medicine.

His Offices Daily

MARKET IS DULL

Little or Nothing Doing In the Wheat Market.

Dullness on Account of the Holiday at Liverpool.

The Northwest Receipts Showed Increase Over a Week Ago.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 25.—The wheat market started out quiet and unchanged this morning, sold off slightly, but quickly reacted to above yesterday's closing figures. There was little in the news to influence the market one way or the other, and the dullness was ascribed to the market at Liverpool being closed.

The market ruled dull but fairly steady to the close, which was ⅛c lower than yesterday here and a shade higher at Chicago for the July option. Primary receipts of wheat were 499,665 bus, last year 580,814. Shipments 85,591, last year 186,311.

Trading in futures was very dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ¼c lower at 74c bid, sold at 74⅛c at 9:35, reacted to 74c at 9:40, recovered to 74⅜ at 10:10, sold up to 74¼c at 11:30, fell off to 74⅛c at 11:45 and closed at 74⅛c, a net decline of ¼c.

Cash sales were 20,000 bus at July price.

Corn was dull today and the May price at Chicago was weaker than yesterday, closing ⅛c below the July option, a decline of ¼c. Patten was reported as a heavy seller there. Primary receipts of corn were 856,197 bus, last year 473,214. Shipments 377,145, last year 329,066.

Coarse grains at Duluth were all unchanged in price and there was nothing doing.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77c; to arrive, 77¼c; May, 77c; September, 71¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 74c; to arrive, 74¼c; May, 74c; September, 70¼c; July, 74⅛c. No. 2 northern, 76c. No. 3 spring, 66c. Oats, 29½@29c. Rye, 55c. Flax, cash, $1.70; to arrive, $1.56; May, $1.70; September, $1.32; September Northwestern, $1.33; October, $1.30. Corn, 41½c; May, 42c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 41; corn, 4; rye, 3; flax, 8. Receipts—Wheat, 16,680; rye, 2378; flax, 4162. Shipments—Wheat, 523,576; rye, 19,369; flax, 115,873.

SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 hard, 1 car	$0.74½
No. 1 northern, 1500 bus	74½
No. 1 northern, 4000 bus	73⅞
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	74⅛
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus	74⅛
No. northern, 1 car	72
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	71
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	66

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	....74B	71⅞-72	73⅝@72⅞	78½-⅝
High	....74⅛	72	73-⅛	78¾
Low	74	71⅞	72⅝	78½
Close	....74⅛B	71⅞-72	73A	78⅝
September—				
Open	....70B	68⅝-¾B	70¾	75½-⅝
High	....70⅜	68⅞	70⅝	75⅝
Low	....70B	68¾-⅝	70⅜B	75⅜
Close	....70¼B	68¾-⅞	70¾A	*75¾A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork July.
Open	....28¼	43¾@43⅝	$14.67
High	....28¾-½	44-⅛	14.70
Low	....28¼	43⅝	14.62
Close	....28⅝A	43⅝A	14.67

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 25.—Cattle, receipts, 200. Nominally steady. Good to prime steers, $5.30@6.00; poor to medium, $4.15@5.20; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00; canners, $2.25@2.95; bulls, $3.00@4.40; calves, $4.15@6.25; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.40. Texas bulls, $2.75@3.90. Hogs, receipts today, 18,000; tomorrow, 32,000; left over, 2,50. Opened slow, closing steady. Top, $5.52½; mixed and butchers, $5.00@5.50; good to choice heavy, $5.75@5.92½; light, $5.55@5.80; bulk of sales, $5.75@5.87½. Sheep, receipts, 2000. Steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.65; yearlings, $4.50@4.85. Western lambs, $4.00@5.75. Western lambs, $5.00@5.75. Receipts yesteray—Cattle, 2335; hogs, 24,446; sheep, 4225. Shipments—Cattle, 2829; hogs, 5119; sheep, 1956.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmermon report trade fully as strong as at the opening of the week, the good quality did materially assist the life and energy of the trade. Among the fair supply of horses on the market were some high bred coach horses. Local men were the most aggressive buyers. Mules were plentiful, but sold slow. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@185
Drafters, choice	125@145
Farm mares, extra	120@140
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	65@ 80

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market: in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	19½@ 20
Creamery, tubs	19 @ 19½
Dairies, fancy	16 @ 17
Dairy, fair	14 @ 15
Packing stock	11 @ 12
EGGS.	
Fresh	11½@ 12
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream, new	11 @ 12
Twins, full cream, old	11 @ 12
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13 @ 14
Primos	6 @ 6½
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	19 @ 20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	15 @ 17
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @ 2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS	
Strawberries, 24-quart cases	2 40 @ 2 50
Apples, eating	4 50 @ 5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50 @ 4 25
California lemons	3 00 @ 3 25
Bananas	1 75 @ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50 @ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @ 7½
California navel oranges	3 00 @ 3 25
Seedling oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
OLD VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10 @ 12
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	45 @ 48
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00 @ 4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
New Florida celery, bunch	1 00 @ 1 25
Mushrooms	45 @
Lettuce, per box	75 @ 1 20
Green onions, per dozen	15
Green peas, per bus	1 75
Pie plant, per lb	1½@ 2
Cucumbers, hot house	75 @ 85
Spinach, bus	50 @ 60
Radishes, round, per doz	15 @ 20
Radishes, long, per doz	12 @ 15
Asparagus, green, per doz	40 @ 45
Pineapple, per doz	1 75 @ 2 75
Tomatoes, per basket	60 @ 65
Egg plant, per doz	2 50
Beets, per dozen bunches	40 @ 45
Carrots, per dozen bunches	40 @ 45
Turnips, per doz bunches	70 @ 75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	2 50 @ 3 00
Wax beans, per box	1 75 @ 2 00
New potatoes, per bus	2 25 @ 2 50
Cauliflower, per doz	1 90 @ 2 00
Mint, per bunch	20
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
LIVE POULTRY.	
Chickens	12
Turkeys	10 @ 11
Ducks	10 @ 11
Geese	8 @ 9
MEATS.	
Mutton	8 @ 8½
Lamb	9 @ 9½
Veal, good	8
Veal, fancy	9
Beef, dressed	6½@ 7½
Hogs	6
Pork loins	9
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots sacked	50
Oats, car loads, sacked	32
Hay, upland	14 50
Hay, timothy	16 50
Feed, No. 1	20 50
Feed, No. 2	20 50

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 25.—Butter—Receipts, 4715 packages; steady; creamery, 15@19c; factory, 11@13½c; imitation creamery, 13½@17c. Cheese—Receipts, 2424 packages; irregular; fancy large colored, 8½@8⅝c; fancy white, 8½@8¾c; fancy small colored, 9@9¼c; fancy small white, 9@9¼c. Eggs—Receipts, 6624 packages; steady; Western ungraded, 11½@12½c; Western selected, 13@13½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 25.—Butter, strong. Creamery, 14@18¾c; dairies, 14@17c. Cheese, fairly steady. Twins, 9c; young Americas, 10¼c; cheddars, 8¾@9c; daisies, $9¼c. Eggs, Firm. Loss o, cases returned, 11c

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Saturday, May 25:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	*Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Frost	58	32	0
Campbell	Clear	60	34	0
Crookston	Clear	60	36	0
Detroit City	Clear	62	32	0
Grand Meadow	Pt. cldy	58	30	.06
Montevideo	Clear	60	32	0
Minneapolis	Clear	52	32	0
New Ulm	Clear	60	32	0
Winnebago City	Clear	56	32	0
Worthington	Clear	54	32	.28
Devil's Lake	Clear	66	32	0
Langdon	Clear	64	32	0
Larimore	Clear	62	28	0
Lisbon	Clear	64	30	0
Pembina	Clear	68	28	0
Millbank	Clear	60	30	0
Mitchell	Clear	70	30	.20
Redfield	Clear	62	30	0
Bismarck	Clear	64	34	0
Duluth	Pt. cldy	64	38	.01
Huron	Clear	60	34	.01
La Crosse	Clear	58	38	0
Moorhead	Clear	62	36	0
St. Paul	Clear	54	32	0
Winnipeg	Clear	60	32	0

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	*Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	23	60	40	.02
Columbus, O.	18	84	48	.11
Des Moines	14	62	38	.06
Indianapolis	11	70	46	.01
Kansas City	18	74	46	.20
Louisville	17	86	54	.36
Minneapolis	18	62	32	.01
Omaha	14	58	38	.06
St. Louis	11	80	46	.02

REMARKS.

Showers occurred in all districts, fairly general over the Ohio valley states but rather scattered throughout the Northwest; warm weather prevailed Friday over Indiana, Kentucky and Ohio, but it is cooler in all districts this morning, with low temperatures and frosts in districts north from Nebraska and Iowa.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

GRAVEL

Is Elected Grand Counselor of the United Travelers.

Fargo, N. D., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank X. Gravel has been elected by the United Commercial Travelers of the grand council of the jurisdiction including Minnesota and Manitoba. Mr. Gravel was for many years with Anthony Kelly & Co., of Minneapolis, covering the territory around Crookston. For the last two years he has been associated with Stone-Ordean-Wells company, of Duluth, as manager of their cigar department. The new officers of the grand council are: Past grand counselor, F. X. Gravel, Duluth; grand junior counselor, T. McCosker, Grand Forks; grand secretary, J. M. Dresser, St. Paul; grand conductor, E. Grant, Minneapolis; grand age, G. W. Rodgers, St. Paul; grand treasurer, A. H. Overman, Duluth; grand sentinel, G. W. Jacobs, Aberdeen; executive committee, D. C. Ricker, Sioux Falls; W. A. Riddle, Duluth; S. J. Levy, Winona; supreme delegates, F. X. Gravel, Duluth; Tom Kleinogel, Fargo; J. M. Dresser, St. Paul.

The delegates recomended that the supreme council set apart the last Sunday in November as memorial day. The reports of all the officers were most encouraging and showed a rapid increase in membership.

The next session of the grand council will be held at Minnetonka.

A banquet and ball was given the visitors last night, and the work concludes with a business session this morning and a parade and frolic in the afternoon.

EARTHQUAKE AT TURIN.

Turin, May 25.—A violent earthquake shock was experienced here, at Coni and elsewhere at 6 o'clock this morning. Little damage was done, but the people were panic-stricken.

Died.

Mrs. Mary Irwin, May 18, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Cormack, Port Ewen-on-the-Hudson, N. Y. After a long illness, borne with Christian fortitude, she passed peacefully away surrounded by her family.

The deceased was born in Gibraltar sixty-nine years ago, but had resided in this city for many years. She leaves a large circle of friends here. Her funeral was largely attended, the flowers sent her being many and beautiful.

Weare Commission Co
Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds.
Old Colony Building. Chicago.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior St. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, CHICAGO. / CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A, Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., 100 Torrey Building.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	160
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	123
First Nat. Bk. Superior	100	...	96
Parry Sound Copper	1	.45	
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	31	...
Copper Crown of Ariz.	1	.25	...
Zenith Oil Co.	1	.12½	
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	...
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold

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Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Grain Ruled Dull on Account Liverpool Holiday.

Chicago, May 25.—Grain markets ruled extremely dull today in consequence of the holiday at Liverpool. Wheat for July opened unchanged at 72⅝@72c, sold to 72¾@73c and reacted to 73c to 73½c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 290 cars against 177 a week ago and 503 a year ago. Local receipts were 30 cars, 3 of contract grade.

June continued dull and closed steady and a shade higher at 73c.

Trade in corn was insignificant but prices were steady in the absence of selling pressure. Local receipts were 755 cars, 302 of contract grade. July opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 43¾c to 43⅞c and held steady at 43¾@43⅞c.

July touched 44@44⅛c, reacted to 43½c and closed steady and ¼c lower, at 43⅝c.

Oats were dull and steady. July opened unchanged at 28¼c. Local receipts 325 cars.

Provisions were featureless. July pork opened unchanged at $14.67½ and sold to $14.65. July lard opened unchanged at $8.12½ and declined to $8.10. July ribs opened a shade lower at $7.35.

Close: Wheat—May, 73⅞c; July, 73c. Corn—May, 42⅝c; July, 43⅝c. Oats—May, 28⅝c; July, 28¼c; July, 28¾c. Pork—May and September, $14.65; July, $14.67½. Lard—May, $8.15; July and September, $8.12½. Ribs—May, $8.22½; July, $7.35; September, $7.50@7.52½. Flax—Cash and Northwestern, $1.70; No. 1 and May, $1.68; September, $1.30; October, $1.28. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 75@76c; No. 3, 70¾@74c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 72¾@73½c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 73@76c; No. 3 spring, 70@75c. Corn—No. 2, 42⅝@43½c; No. 3, 42¼@42½c. Oats—No. 2, 28½c; No. 3, 29c. Rye—May, 52½c; July, 51½c. Barley—Cash, 49@53c. Timothy—September, $3.35. Clover—Cash, $9.50.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 25.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 72½c; July, 71⅞@72c; September, 68¾@7⅞c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 25.—Wheat—May, 79⅞c; July, 78⅝c. Corn—May, 49¼c; July, 48⅛c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, July wheat, 71⅞-72c to 71⅝c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 72⅛c to 72⅜c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 71⅞-72c asked.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 25.—It being a holiday in Liverpool, there were no markets from that quarter. Here the wheat market was dull and steady throughout the day. Frosts were reported in the Northwest, but no damage is reported or apprehended. The weather, however, is cold over the entire wheat belt, with predictions of some frosts tonight. This had no appreciable effect, however, upon speculative feeling. Indications are that the world's shipments will be about 7,500,000 bus, and that the visible supply will show a moderate decrease. Cash demand, slow. Primary receipts, 494,000 bus, against 580,000 bus last year. Shipments, 856,000 bus, against 164,000 bus.

The tone of the corn market was dull and easy. Speculative operations are small and slow and the market is depending more for its support on shipping demand, which is not very sharp. Local stocks will probably increase some for the week. Primary receipts, 856,000 bus, against 377,000 bus. Shipments, 510,000 bus against 329,000 bus.

The oats market was stealy but dull. Speculative operations were void of feature. While there is no change in the character of corn reports the feeling is that the moist cool weather should rather help the outlook.

The provision market was dull, and prices were unchanged from yesterday. Shipments of product for the week are in excess of last week. Speculative operations are small and featureless.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Slight Gains at Opening But Weakness Soon Developed.

Feeble Rally on Appearance of the Bank Statement.

Closing Very Dull and About Steady at the Decline.

New York, May 25.—Gains of a fraction were the rule in the opening trading. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville and Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & St. Louis rose 1¼ each Continental Tobacco opened up about a point, but American Tobacco receded a fraction under offerings of some heavy blocks. Business generally was on rather a small scale.

Trading was nervous and gains of a point by the Southwesterns and Wheeling & Lake Erie did not counteract weakness in the grangers and realizing in Sugar and Metropolitan Street Railway, which had momentarily made good gains. American Tobacco was off ¾ from the best. Minor stocks made progress upwards. Hocking Valley, common and preferred, Minneapolis & St. Louis, Consolidated Gas and Republic Steel preferred rising 1@1½. The trading generally was apathetic. Except for ran advance of ¾ in Continental Tobacco preferred, 2 in North America and one in International Power, prices dropped. There was a feeble rally on the bank statement, but efforts to take profits turned prices down again. Northern Pacific closed at 200 compared with 205 last sale on Thursday. The closing was very dull and about steady at the decline.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., 100 Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks.	High.	Low	Close. May 25.	May 24.
American Ice	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37
Am. Cotton	73½	73	73½	73½
Am. Copper	116	115½	115⅝	115¼
Am. Malt	7½	6¾	6¾	...
Anaconda	49½	49¼	49½	50¼
Amalgamated	116	...	192	...
Atchison	80	79½	79½	80
Am. Tobacco	136	132⅞	133	133⅜
do pfd	...	...	143	144
Am. Cot. Oil	...	...	27½	27½
do pfd	...	...	89½	89½
Adams Ex	...	...	155	...
A. T. & S. F.	78½	77	77	77⅞
do pfd	97¼	97¼	97¼	97⅜
Am. Lin. Oil	19¾	18¾	18¾	19⅜
do pfd	...	...	48	48½
B. & O.	102¾	102	102½	102¼
do pfd	...	...	92½	92
Brooklyn R. T.	76⅞	75⅝	75⅞	76
B. Union Gas	...	...	213	215
Bag and Pap	...	...	12¾	12¾
do pfd	...	...	69	69
C. B. & Q.	196	195⅞	195⅞	195¾
Can. South	...	...	64	64
Can. Pacific	...	...	102½	102
Car & Found	26½	26¼	26¼	26¾
do pfd	...	...	74	80¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	...	...	51¼	50½
do pfd	...	...	115	115
Con. Tob. Co.	63½	60¼	60½	62½
do pfd	114	112	113	110½
Ches. & Ohio	49¾	49	48½	49⅜
C. & E. Ill.	...	...	125	125
do pfd	...	...	...	130
Chic. & Alton	41½	41	40½	43
do pfd	79½	79	79	79¾
Col. Southern	15¾	15	15	15
do 1st pfd	...	...	52	...
do 2d pfd	...	...	22	23
Col. F. & I.	93	93	92¾	...
C. G. W.	...	...	22	22½
C. G. W. Deb 4s	...	...	92	92
do pfd A	80	80	80	79¾
do pfd B	...	...	45	45
C., I. & L.	35¾	34¼	35¼	33¾
do pfd	73	72	72	71
Chi. Terminal	...	...	23½	22¼
do pfd	...	...	43¾	43
Con. Gas	...	...	210	...
Del. & Hudson	163¾	162⅝	162¾	163
D. L. & W.	...	...	220	...
D. & Rio G.	...	...	44¾	44½
do pfd	...	...	91	93¾
Erie	42	40⅞	41¾	41¾
do 1st pfd	...	...	68	68¾
do 2d pfd	55¾	55¾	55	55¾
E. & T. Haute	...	...	32	32
do pfd	...	...	86	83
Gen. Elec. Co	...	...	221	...
G. N. pfd	...	...	178	178½
Glucose	58	57¼	57	55½
do pfd	...	...	100	...
Hock. Val. Ry	54	53½	53½	52½
do pfd	78	77½	77	78
Ill. Central	139	138½	138½	138
Int. Paper	...	...	23	23
do pfd	...	...	73	73¾
Iowa Central	...	...	33	33¼
do pfd	59	58½	58	58
Jersey Central	...	...	158	158
K. C. S.	...	...	...	19½
do pfd	...	...	...	41¾
Long Island	...	...	72	71
L. & N.	102¾	102¼	102	102
Lead	14	13¾	13¾	13⅝
do pfd	78¾	78½	78½	78
Manhattan L.	115¾	114¼	114¾	114½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	...	...	23¼	22
do pfd	59	58	59	57½
Met. Traction	170½	169	169¾	169⅝
Mex. Central	26	25¼	25½	25
Minn. & St. L.	...	...	90½	90¼
do pfd	...	...	111	112
M., K. & T.	...	...	27¼	27¼
Miss. Pacific	107	106	106	107
Nor. Pacific	200	200	180	172
do pfd	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¼
N. Y. Central	150¾	150¾	149¾	149
Nat. Biscuit	45¼	44½	45¼	44¾
do pfd	...	...	99½	99
Nor. & West	...	...	50½	50½
do pfd	...	...	87½	87
N. Y. A. Brake	...	...	139	139
N. Y. C. & St. L	...	...	27½	27
do 1st pfd	...	...	105	101
do 2nd pfd	...	...	60	28
Northwestern	...	...	192	196
N. American	87	85½	87	...
O. & Western	33¼	32¾	32⅝	33
P. Car Steel Co	46	45⅞	45½	45
do pfd	85	84¼	84½	...
Penn. Ry.	144¼	143	143⅞	84
Pacific Mail	...	...	34	...
P. Coast Co.	...	...	60	...
do 1st pfd	...	...	92	...
do 2nd pfd	...	...	65	...
People's Gas	114¾	114¼	114¼	...
Pullman	...	...	204	...
R. I. & Steel	19	18¼	18½	18½
do pfd	74	73½	73¼	...
Reading	43⅝	42⅝	42¾	42¾
do first pfd	76¾	76	76	76⅜
do 2nd pfd	53¾	53¼	53¼	53⅝
Rock Island	153	151	153	153
South. Ry.	29⅝	29¼	29½	29⅝
do pfd	83	82¼	82½	82½
S. Pacific	48	47¼	47½	47½
St. L. & S. W.	...	...	32½	33
do pfd	...	...	62½	62½
St. L. & S. F.	...	...	45	45¼
1 pfd	...	...	81	81
do 2nd pfd	68¼	68¼	68	68¼
Stand. R & T.	...	...	5	5
Smelter	56¼	55½	55½	55
do pfd	96½	96	96	96
Sugar Refinery	148¾	147½	147¾	148
do pfd	...	...	121½	122
St. Paul	160	158⅝	159½	159¾
do pfd	...	...	184	184
St. J. & G. I.	...	...	184	184
do 1st pfd	...	...	67½	68
do 2nd pfd	...	...	27	27
T. C. & I.	...	...	56	56½
Texas Pacific	47⅝	46½	46½	46⅝
T. C. R. T. Co.	76¾	76½	76½	75¾
U. Pacific	101⅜	100	100¾	103¾
do pfd	88¼	88	87¾	88
U. S. Express	...	...	81	88
U. S. Rubber	21	21	21	21
do pfd	61½	61½	61½	62
U. S. Steel	44½	44	43⅞	44¼
do pfd	93¼	93	93	93¼
Wabash	23½	22¾	23⅜	23⅜
do pfd	43¾	42	42	42⅜
West. Union	92¼	92	91¾	91½
Wis. Central	...	...	20	20⅛
do pfd	...	...	...	44
W. & L. E.	18½	17¾	18	17¼
do 1st pfd	...	...	50	49
do 2nd pfd	31	30½	30½	25¾

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14½	15
Allouez	2½	3
Anaconda	49½	50
Arcadian	16	16½
Amalgamated	116	...
Arnold	2½	3
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	30	32
Bilitic	40	40¼
Bingham	22½	23½
Boston & Montana	430	435
Butte & Boston	107¾	108
Calumet & Hecla	820	825
Centennial	28	28½
Centennial Eureka	28½	29
Copper Range	48¼	48½
Cochita	6¼	6½
Dominion Coal	35	35½
Elm River	4	4½
Franklin	16½	17½
Humboldt	30	50
Isle Royale	43	44
Mass	15¾	16
Michigan	7	7¼
Mohawk	36¾	37
Mayflower	1½	2
Old Colony	4	...
Old Dominion	32	32½
Osceola	86	87
Parrot	53	53½
Quincy	170	175
Rhode Island	2½	4
Santa Fe	7	7½
Tamarack	325	335
Tecumseh	1¼	2
Trinity	31	31½
Trimountain	42	43
Utah	29	29¼
United States	18½	19
Victoria	4¼	4½
Winona	2½	3
Wolverine	55½	56½
Washington	25	50
Wyandot	1¼	1¾

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 25.—Bank clearings, $21,223,262; balances, $2,745,596; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, 25c premium.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 25.—Cotton opened steady, unchanged to 12 points higher. July led the advance, opening at 7.92 as against 7.80 last night. As a matter of precaution July shorts bought June as a hedge, causing almost equal strength of that position. Trading all the forenoon was excited but not specially active. Claims that large blocks of low grade were coming here from the South, the differences allowing handsome profits in such shipments now that our market is the highest in the world, appeared to in no way calm July shorts, who continued to bid feverishly for large lots. An advance of 25 occurred soon after the opening and all the morning the market was strong in an erratic way.

Cotton spot, quiet; ¼ higher; middling uplands, 8¼; middling gulf, 8½; sales 350 bales. Futures closed steady; May and June, 7.92; July, 7.96; August, 7.36; September, 7.11; October, 7.05; November and December, 7.04; January, 7.06; February, 7.07.

THE BANK STATEMENT.

New York, May 25.—Clearing house statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows: Loans $858,872,600, decrease $14,639,500; deposits $941,116,900, decrease, $19,569,800; circulation $31,304,700, decrease $439,600; legal tenders $76,501,600, increase $2,183,500; specie $180,067,200, increase $3,173,100; reserves $256,568,200; increase $5,361,600; reserve required $235,279,225, decrease $2,027,450; surplus $21,288,975, increase $7,989,050.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 25.—Close: money on call nominal; prime mercantile paper, 4@4¼ per cent; sterling exchange nominal, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83¾@4.83⅞ for demand and at $4.81¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.81¾@4.81½. Silver certificates nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59⅝c; Mexican dollars, 48c. State bonds quiet; railroad bonds steady; government bonds weak. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¼; 3s registered and coupon, $1.03; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.38; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.13½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.08¾.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.—: The room trading element of the saock exchange was said tonight to

TREATS IT FROM A NEW STANDPOINT

N. J. Upham Tells Why Duluth Real Estate Is a Good Investment---High Prices For First Street Property.

This week's answer to The Herald's question, "Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?" comes from N. J. Upham, of the firm of N. J. Upham & Co. It treats the matter from a new standpoint, and it is notable in the series that has been running in these columns. Mr. Upham's answer follows:

Various affirmative replies to this question have already been published in The Herald by prominent real estate men. From the standpoint of strategic position, natural resources and great expectations, the question has been quite fully covered, which makes it difficult to add much that is new, excepting, perhaps, to enlarge upon the points already given. For that reason I am inclined to ignore these arguments entirely, and let what I have to say apply wholly to present conditions as they exist and look rather with eyes of the pessimist than the optimist to see if from that standpoint we can fairly say "Yes" to The Herald's question. Many of us have been through the depths in the great depression Duluth has passed through. We have lost all but our debts, which, like "the poor we have always with us," and we feel as blue as indigo. Yet we should not let this feeling bias our judgment now, as badly as, perhaps, we let enthusiasm and wildness bias our judgment the opposite way during the boom. We should look at the matter fairly. Though there are still pessimists in Duluth they are much more scarce than one, two and three years ago. Why? Isn't that fact an answer in itself to The Herald's question? Have those who have changed their tune again lost their heads, as in the boom; or is it the pessimist that has lost heart and nerve during the depression, and whose judgment is the most biased?

Speaking in a broad sense (and not picking out isolated properties or localities that may form examples in themselves on either side of the question), can we say Duluth real estate is not a good investment?

What is a good investment? Is it not one where the principal is safe and can be withdrawn under all but the most extraordinary conditions without loss, and, perhaps, with some profit over and above a reasonable annual interest charge? It may be either income earning or accumulating in constantly increasing values. A distinction should be made between the terms, "a good investment" and "a good speculation" in referring to Duluth realty. Undoubtedly both can be found here, but in entirely different kinds of property. If, then, this definition of a good investment is correct, it is essential to ask, what a fair annual interest charge is with which to measure the investment? Many of us here have had so little money to invest of late, we do not realize the change that has taken place since 1890. We cannot use the old measure of 10 per cent, 8 per cent, or even 7 per cent interest per annum. The net annual returns of all solid or good investments have been cut in two. United States bonds, instead of selling on a 3 to 3½ per cent basis, sell on 1 to 1½ per cent basis. Even Duluth city bonds, with an increased indebtedness and a reduced assessed valuation, retail now on a 3½ per cent basis, when ten years ago they would not sell on a 5 per cent basis, though then they were a better bond.

All state, city and railroad bonds have been similarly affected, as have interest rates on mortgages, while every one knows the high prices railroad stocks reached recently, greatly reducing the net annual income to be derived from their dividends as compared with a decade past. In Eastern cities 6 per cent net per annum from real estate investment is a great rarity; 5 per cent is considered choice, while 4 per cent is nearer the average, though large office buildings in New York do not often net over 2 or 2½ per cent. We must accustom ourselves to consider investments paying 5 and 6 per cent net annual income as good investments, and anything over that as choice and exceptional. Conditions have changed everywhere, and in answering The Herald's question we must test by the new measure, which (sooner or later) will be used by outside investors in investigating real estate in Duluth. If only 3 to 4 per cent can be gotten East, and 5 to 6 or more here without risk, they will be attracted to Duluth. When the outside public comes in, then you will see a material advance, for they appreciate the regulating influence of net income on values much better than we do.

High rates have gone for ever in this country. We have become a creditor nation, with an immense surplus of money; money that will seek profitable investments, West as well as East, and in real estate, when by so doing a trifle higher income can be obtained. It will come here and values will go up. All agree that an increase in the money supply means higher values.

The increase of money per capita in the past few years in this country has been tremendous, and already values of almost every class of investment and every kind of commodity have had a most material advance, excepting real estate. It is a common saying that real estate is the last always to feel the effects of a recovery in values, but it is certain, and it is very evident that its turn is near throughout the whole country. Will Duluth real estate be an exception?

The Duluth investor should examine the property for sale in this market, apply the standard measures as to net returns and answer The Herald's question for himself. I have heard Duluth pessimists say they could see nothing to make Duluth a big city, who laughed at the faith many of us have in its future; but none have been bold enough to say Duluth would go backwards and not maintain its present population at least. Then let them base their examination wholly on the present situation, and see if they can honestly say Duluth real estate is not a good investment, from an income standpoint. Should the great development that others expect materialize, then larger and unexpected profits will be derived by them from material increase in values over and above the net returns necessary to fill the acquirements of a good investment.

Personally, I believe Duluth real estate so bought will bring handsome returns, and that the future will prove such investments should not be compared by the positive degree "good," but the comparison "better" or superlative "best" when we qualify investments in Duluth real estate, and compare them to other investments here and elsewhere.

Independent of the above, I want to make a suggestion to Duluth people. It is that we aid and abet in every way The Herald in its effort to make the United States Steel corporation recognize Duluth's claims for fair taxation on its mines, and also that we are entitled to a larger benefit from these mines than merely shipping through the ore. The steel trust is concentrating its plants at the most favorable points of manufacture, for more economical operation, abandoning and moving long-established and modern plants from other places. It claims to own 80 per cent of Lake Superior mines. In these mines are millions of tons of low-grade ore which do not pay to ship East, but which have to be opened up in order to get out the better ores. For five months in the year (during close of navigation) its mines, railroads and many high-priced employes are comparatively idle, making a big loss in interest, salaries, maintenance and similar charges, in addition to the loss of ore. Consequently this ore could be laid down at Duluth mills during winter months at a few cents per ton additional cost. Because of the heavy balance of east-bound freight, the steel company's boats return often light, so that if they brought coking coal back, the additional cost per ton would be nominal. These arguments apply to their Eastern roads carrying ore from Lake Erie points to their mills in the coal district and returning empty. For economy's sake eventually this trust must manufacture iron largely at this point, which it could use for the Western, Northwestern and Oriental trade, saving thereby additional freight charges. If we take an active stand, determined upon getting a greater direct benefit from the mines at our doors, and keep at it, I believe the trust will yield to our demands, and compromise, agreeing not only to pay increased taxes, but to manufacture largely at Duluth, in order to cease our agitation and insistence. Perseverance accomplishes wonders. Let's try it.

N. J. UPHAM.

* * *

Next week's answer to the question will be by Col. C. H. Graves.

* * *

Five hundred dollars a front foot for First street property shows which way the wind blows, and helps to answer the question: "Is Duluth real estate a good investment?" During the week an offer was made for Hutchinson Bevier's 100 feet at the northeast corner of First street and Third avenue west at that rate, making $50,000 for the corner. The would-be purchaser was figuring on an office building for that site, and a pretty good guess has been made that the building would be occupied by the United States Steel company. As Mr. Bevier has leased the building he is to put up, and has signed contracts for its erection, he was not in a position to consider the offer, so it has fallen through. It is understood that the offer was made by A. S. Chase, though the parties are keeping rather still about it. Taken in connection with some other recent sales and some pending deals, this offer would indicate that the movement that has been looked for might be at hand, and that those who desire to get in on the ground floor had better step lively.

* * *

"Real estate booms," said an old-time real estate man yesterday, "are peculiar things. One day real estate matters are rather quiet, though they must, of course, be in a healthy condition. The next day people are somewhat startled by a few big sales at good prices. Then, with the suddenness of a Texas norther and with all of its force, the boom is on, and men are caught up in the whirlwind and carried off their feet."

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck, during the week, made a sale of the four brick houses on Fifteenth avenue east, Nos. 219, 221, 223 and 225, running from the alley between Second and Third streets, north, to local parties for $10,500. The buildings were erected by John R. Marshall and they were sold by F. R. Webber, who has owned them for some time. They are very handsome and neat little houses, each with modern conveniences, and the total rental is $100 per month. They are located on ground covering seventy feet on Fifteenth avenue and 100 feet deep. The four houses have always formed one of the best rented and best paying properties in the East End.

* * *

The same firm also sold a handsome house on East First street for $5000 to a local man. The deal is not closed, so the particulars cannot be made public at this time.

* * *

Michigan street is a lively thoroughfare in real estate circles just now, as well as First street. E. W. Peet, of St. Paul, is figuring on the erection of a building on West Michigan street near the corner of Third avenue west. The property is owned by the Mutual Life Insurance company and adjoins the site of the Capet building that is to be erected, next the location of the Swift Packing company. The building will have a frontage of fifty feet and will run to the railroad track in the rear with a height of three stories. It is to be occupied by a local wholesale house. Another owner is said to be figuring on building on the fifty feet next this one, and if it goes through most of that block will be occupied by substantial buildings.

* * *

The May number of the American Land and Title Register, the leading real estate journal of the country, contains a large amount of Duluth matter. The interesting article by George H. Crosby, published in this column in answer to the question, "Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?" is published in full. An editorial from The Herald on the activity in the local real estate market is published in part, as well as a reference to the mean annual temperature of Duluth, showing that its lowness is due to the cool summers and not to excessively cold winters. The Register gives this city a good deal of valuable advertising in this manner, and that should be appreciated by the people of Duluth.

* * *

In the monthly statement of real estate transfers for April, published by the Register, Duluth also makes a good showing. Her percentage of increase over April of last year is the largest in the country, being 125 per cent. The next highest is St. Paul, with 113 per cent, and the next is Seattle with 54 per cent. The total for April in Duluth was $729,982, as against $324,650 for April, 1900.

* * *

M. S. Burrows has spent about $10,000 in remodelling his house and grounds at 1632 East First street. The work is nearly completed, and the change that has been made has resulted in making this one of the handsomest places in the East End.

* * *

The transfers for the week are as follows:

John P. Rossman et ux to J. P. Rossman company, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 7, West Park division.... 1,100
Charles Ollier et ux to John Nelson, lot 203, block 136, Duluth proper, Second division 800
Aaron T. Bliss et ux to David T. Adams, und ¼ interest in minerals on lot 3, section 2, lots 3 and 4, section 3, ne¼ sw⅝ lot 6, section 5, ne¼ ne¼ and lot 2, section 7, nw¼ nw¼ section 8-65-15..... 20,000
Nels B. Johnson to C. R. Smith, se¼ section 19-65-20 325
Western Land Association to Sever P. Morberrd, lots 425 490, block 119, Duluth proper, Second division 1,125
John S. Maginnis to Johnson-Wentworth company, ne¼ se¼ and sw ¼ se¼ section 4-54-15 900
G. W. Wattles et ux to H. H. Phelps et al, und ½ of lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 23, of Kimberly & Strkyer's addition to Duluth, Second division; also of lots 3, 4, 5, 6, block 17 of same..... 1
Western Land association to Elida Anderson, lot 417, block 150, Duluth proper, Second division..... 800
Nicholas Spenghetti et ux to John Endrizzi, lot 4, block 37, Biwabik. 100
Henrietta Appleby et mar to Walenty Andrzijeski, e½ of lot 377, block 173, Duluth proper, Second division 210
John Jackson to John D. Larson, part of lots 450 and 452, block 81, Duluth proper, Second division 225
Daisy I. Wahl to Katherine L. Whitmore, lot 12, block 40, Endion 1,800
Northern Pacific Railway company to Malaklas Johnson, se¼ of sw¼ section 1-51-21 80
Northern Pacific Railway company to August Wuatlia, se¼ of sw¼ section 1-51-21 80
John M. Longyear et al to Richard Webb, lot 14, block 9, Hibbing..... 700
S. G. Knox et ux to St. Croix Lumber company, se¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of nw¼, and lot 2, section 30-54-13
Warren G. Strong et ux to John H. Carlson, w½ of lot 30, West Fourth street, Duluth proper, First Division 2,600
William G. Tubbs et ux to John J. Rupp, lot 15, section 30, lot 1 and nw¼ of ne¼ section 31-59-12..... 800
Clara J. Gibbs et ux to Cloquet Lumber company, lands in sections 3, 5, 14 and 15-52-15; also in sections 6, 7 and 8-54-15; sections 11, 12, 13 and 14-55-14; also in sections 2, 10, 11, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35-59-16 30,000
Sarah H. Burg et mar to R. V. Day, w½ of section 5-62-14..... 145
City of Duluth to A. H. Brown, lot 168, block 100, Duluth proper, Third division 40
Patrick Culligan to Oscar F. Kolb, ne¼ of se¼, section 27, nw¼ of se¼ section 28, se¼ of ne¼, ne¼ of se¼ section 34-67-20 733
Julia D. Gould to Fellowes Davis, ne¼ of nw¼ section 19-50-14..... 750
Beriah Magoffin, Jr., to Fred J. Carlson, lot 2, block 17, Proctorknott 100
Andrew Johnson to John Hagberg, part of lots 9 and 10, block 3, Helm's addition 350
Axel W. Petterson et ux to Emil Fagerstrom, w½ of w½ of nw¼ section 12-50-16 300
Henry C. Mead et ux to K. A. McDonald, lots 1 and 2 section 13-69-20 200
Henry C. Mead et ux to K. A. McDonald, lot 1, sw¼ of nw¼ section 17, and lots 2, 3, 7 and 9 section 13-69-19 1,300
Henry C. Mead et ux to K. A. McDonald, lots 2, 3 and 7 section 13-69-20, and lots 2, 3 and 7 section 18-69-19 1,500
Charles Hayes to H. C. Mead, lots 1 and 2 section 13-69-20 and lots 2, 3 and 7 section 18-69-19..... 1,500
Charles Maginnis et ux to Patrick Culligan, lot 7, section 22-69-18 and se¼ of ne¼, section 9-61-18..... 265
Kenneth A. McDonald to Patrick Culligan, lot 1 and sw¼ of nw¼ section 17, lots 2, 3, 7 and 9 section 18-69-19 and lots 1 and 2 section 13-69-20..... 1,500
John Semer et al to Henry Bort, lot 3, block 7, Ely..... 85
John Semer et al to Thomas Wilk, lot 4, block 7, Ely..... 85
Andrew Simonson et ux to John Haapala, lot 8, block 16, Ely..... 150
Henry Bort et ux to Thomas Wilk, w¼ of lot 3, block 7, Ely..... 42
O. D. Kinney to Joseph Hill, lot 8, block 26, Ely 350
Ellingbo & Barnes et ux to Patrick Culligan, n½ of ne¼, sw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼ section 6-66-20..... 1,400
John Luonla et ux to Joseph Smuk, lot 2, block 6, Ely 320
William Ward et al to James J. Ganley, lot 14, block 23, West Duluth, First division 735
Thomas Trenna et ux to D. J. Eyer, lot 9, block 38, Biwabik..... 200
Beriah Magoffin, Jr., to Daniel Bethune, lot 28, block 8, Proctorknott 75
Mary B. Williamson et mar to Mary Wedan, lot 15, block 149, West Duluth, Fifth division 5
E. C. Gridley et ux to M. C. MacKinnon, lands in 32-49-15.....$ 1
M. C. MacKinnon to Thomas Newcomb, same 1
Ludwig Resch to Wilhelm Rusch, n½ of lot 95, block 60, Duluth proper, Third division 1
Lena Wick et ux to Augusta Frederick Swenson, lot 6, block 6, West End addition 600
Beriah Magoffin, Jr., to Mame Haley, lots 7 and 8, block 24, Magoffin's division of Proctorknott.. 150
Charles Lovelass et ux to Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, lot 2, block 6, of "Briggs & Kennedy's Bay Front division.. 1
Same parties, lot 1, block 6, of Briggs & Kennedy's Bay Front division 1
Carolyn A. Blackmarr to Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, lots 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, block 3, Second addition to Proctorknott 740
John M. Longyear et ux to Robert Godfrey, lot 29, block 8, Hibbing 80
Anna Yager to Charles Yager, lots 34 and 35, East Third street, Duluth proper, First division..... 1
First National Bank of Quincy to Chauncey H. Castle, lots 1 to 16, block 7, Everett Park addition to Duluth 80
W. G. Strong et ux to Ole Jacobson, lot 170, block 100, Duluth proper, Second division; lot 175, block 24, Duluth proper, Third division 1,050
Mary Runville et al to Pokegama Lumber company, sw¼ ne¼, and nw¼ se¼ section 3, ne¼ nw¼ section 12-67-18; sw¼ ne¼ section 24-68-18 680
Same to same, nw¼ sw¼ section 3, and e½ sw¼ section 35-66-20 510
Hannah Tongen to same, n½ ne¼ and sw¼ ne¼ section 26-66-18..... 630
John H. Whipple et ux to Pokegama Lumber company, w½ sw¼ section 17, e½ se¼ section 18, township 63-19 450
J. E. Klintworth to Angelo Di Giocomo, lot 28, block 23, Eveleth..... 180
William A. McComber et ux to S. H. Todd, part ne¼ ne¼ section 12-51-15 650
Herman Johnson et ux to Charles Teaghad, und ⅓ of lot 5, block 13, Woodland Park, First division... 100
John R. James et ux to Henning Erickson, lot 10, block 11, Virginia 300
J. Henry Gruber et ux to Sell Kickelson, lots 9 and 10, block 27, and lot 1, block 29, Floodwood 150
William O'Brien et ux to Johnson-Wentworth company, sw¼ sw¼ section 8-56-17 300
E. A. Coffin to Pokegama Lumber company, ne¼ ne¼ section 11-67-18 170
Same to same, lot 3, section 4-66-18, sw¼ se¼ and se¼ sw¼ section 4-64-19, lot 4, section 20-59-24 520
Same to same, se¼ se¼ section 9, nw¼ ne¼ and ne¼ sw¼ section 10, se¼ sw¼ section 12-66-18..... 674
E. A. Coffin to Pokegama Lumber company, lot 1, section 18; lot 2, section 19, township 66-19..... 254
Same to same, lot 6, section 26, lot 8, section 35, township 66-17..... 257
Same to same, lot 6, section 26, lot 8, section 35, township 66-17..... 257
M. E. Coffin et mar to Pokegama Lumber company, se¼ sw¼ section 10, sw¼ nw¼ section 14, township 65-18 340
E. A. Coffin to same, lot 4, section 14-60-20; lot 1, section 21, lot 4, section 22, township 67-17; lot 9, section 26-70-23 330
Frankie I. Davies et mar to N. B. Shank, lot 15, block 55, Biwabik. 125
August Fitger et ux to Louis Wolfrom, lot 5, block 59, West Duluth, Second division ..... b...
Ignatz Freimuth to Andrew Gowan, lot 4, section 2-54-15; se¼ nw¼, ne¼ sw¼ section 30-56-15 695
C. L. Gilham et ux to G. S. Welshans, w½ sw¼ section 34-63-13.... 2,250

California papers continue to ridicule the coming fight between McGovern and Herrera. All things considered, Herrera is probably just as good a man as Dave Sullivan or Kid Broad, and will give Terry as hard a go as either of these boxers could.

IN MICHIGAN.

Second Water Power Canal Will Be Built at Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie—The Lake Superior Consolidated company recently organized, embracing companies controlling the large industrial enterprises on the Canadian and American sides, here, has prepared plans for a second water-power canal on the Canadian side of the river. A new canal will parallel the one now in operation and will be 150 feet wide and will develop 40,000 horse-power. It will be used to operate the big steel plant now building and other enterprises yet in embryo.

Calumet—Thursday afternoon the contract for the big addition to the Johnson sandstone block on Pine street was let. Jeronim Tomich gets the job, his figure being the lowest. The building is to be three stories instead of four as at first stated. The addition will cost $10,000, for which C. K. Shand made the plans.

Marquette—The tug Schenck, which has been assigned to this port by the Great Lakes Towing company, is in the harbor for her season's work. The Schenck is far and away the most modern and powerful towing craft that has ever been permanently located in this harbor. She is thoroughly capable of handling the heaviest business that can fall to her lot and she will be able to swing huge craft, which would prove big problems for the ordinary towing craft, about with ease. As tugs go, the Schenck is new, having been built in 1900. She is rated A1. She has a gross tonnage of 126, is ninety-one feet beam. Her depth is eleven feet.

Laurium—Laurium is soon to have another 3-story brick business block. Plans have just been completed by Architect Maas for a large business block to be erected for Marcus Sterbenz, on Hecla street, adjoining the Richetta block. The Richetta building was erected last summer and is one of the largest business blocks in the copper country. Sterbenze owns the property which is now occupied by Louis Wax with a small clothing store. This is to be torn down and in its stead a big block will go up. The location is one of the best in the city for business purposes.

THE DAKOTAS.

Sisseton Man Held For Attempted Bribery of Land Agent.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—One of the most sensational cases coming before the United States court of South Dakota for several years was disposed of for the time being at Sisseton Friday, when John F. Gorman, a prominent business man of that place was held for appearance before the next federal grand jury to answer to a charge of attempting to bribe Burritt C. Thayer of Sisseton. The case is an outgrowth of an investigation by Thayer of the attempted filing by a girl at the Huron land office of a relinquishment of a homestead entry in which a well-known Sisseton attorney was said to be unduly interested, while conducting the investigation, Thayer is alleged to have been approached by Gorman on behalf of his friend, the attorney. Thayer, it is said, was offered a cash consideration if he would report as the attorney wished.

Evarts—The trail across the reservation is now opened. The tolls are $1 for teams and 25 cents a head for stock. Three inspectors will be employed to check up business. One will be stationed on the river at Evarts, one in the center and one the extreme west side. They will be paid $50 a month for four months of the year from the revenues received from the tolls. The remainder will be divided among the Indians.

Howard—Martin Hayland, a blacksmith at Fedora, in the western part of Miner county, has invented a gasoline engine which promises to make his fortune and revolutionize light motive power. It is an engine with four cylinders arranged in tandem, each automatically fed, compressed and exploded, the explosions being timed to keep the piston head continually under pressure of explosive force on both the forward and backward movement.

Deadwood—News comes from Seattle of the death of Nathaniel Wallace, known in the Hills as "Nat" Wallace. Mr. Wallace was one of the first locators of the famous Blue Lead mines, a group of valuable copper mines. He received $5000 at the time the mines were sold and also 2000 shares in the company. He was for a long time in the Soldiers' home at Hot Springs. He was 60 years of age and had one son.

Pierre—The first arrest for violation of the quarantine, which has been established against Stanley county, was that of T. E. Phillips, a sheep raiser from the West Side, who came in to visit his family.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bottineau—Henry Vaughn at Superior, twenty miles from here, shot himself Friday through the head. He had had trouble with his wife, who is trying to get a divorce on the ground of cruelty. He had assaulted a neighbor's daughter and shot himself to avoid arrest. He was known as a wife-beater and bad character, and was pretty well fixed financially.

Grand Forks—Baxter and Rayburn, who escaped from the Grand Forks jail with the Bassanella brothers, were captured at Casselton.

Jamestown—The wedding of Miss Gertrude Mattison to Charles W. Conroy, a Dickinson business man, took place at the residence of the bride's father.

Fargo—The State Medical society adjourned after a two days' session. The new officers are: President, Dr. Quarry, Grand Forks; first vice president, Dr. Thams, Fargo; second, Dr. Clark, Buffalo; secretary, Dr. Branch, Wheatland; treasurer, Dr. Rankin, Jamestown.

In the United States court the case of Receiver Anheier of the Citizens' National bank vs. E. S. Tyler was dismissed on motion of the attorneys for the defendant. The action was brought to recover on a $1000 note, which had been given as collateral, and for which no obligations had existed.

Bass Season Open June 1.

New special bass hooks and Revolution casting bait feature of stock at J. W. Nelson's, 5 East Superior street.

Zenith Oil Co.

Capital Stock $2,000,000.

Shares—Par value $1.00. Non-Assessable. No Personal Liability.

THE OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

JOHN B. KEHL, President. JOSEPH SELLWOOD, Vice President. GEO. H. CLAYPOOL, Secretary. BENJAMIN E. WELLS, Treasurer.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN B. KEHL, Vice President First National Bank, Chippewa Falls, Wis.
GEORGE M. SMITH, Gen. Agt. C., St. P. M. & O. Ry. Co.
GEORGE H. CLAYPOOL, Secretary Zenith Oil Co.
JOSEPH SELLWOOD, Gen. Supt. American Mining Co.
WILLIAM O. PEALER, Attorney at Law.
BENJAMIN E. WELLS, Treasurer Zenith Oil Co.
THOMAS GIBSON, Grain Commission, Duluth Board of Trade.

12½c Per Share.

How to Buy Stock:

200 shares cost $25.00
300 shares cost $37.50
400 shares cost $50.00
500 shares cost $62.50
1000 shares cost $125.00
5000 shares cost $625.00

Our President and Secretary, who are now on our grounds in California, have arranged with reliable and experienced drillers, familiar with these fields, to sink our wells—*as these wells go down our stock goes up.* Now is your time to get in on the ground floor and make quick profits. Only a limited amount of treasury stock will be offered at 12½c per share with rights reserved to withdraw the same from the market at any time.

Prospectus of company and full description of all the properties mailed to any address on application.

Stock may be purchased of

A. R. Macfarlane & Co., Investment Bankers, 112 Exchange Building.

Office of the Company, 601 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

THE LOST CAUSE.

From the South Pacific—from Samoa—comes a curious, pathetic story of devotion to the "Lost Cause," and even the least susceptible reader must wonder who the unknown ex-Confederate was and what was his history, relates the Saturday Evening Post.

The Samoans are experts at rowing and sailing—from which fact Bougainville, the French discoverer, called their country the Navigator's Islands—and since the advent of the white man every Samoan boat must have its flag. Just what the flag represents is not so important a question.

Sitting in the cool of his porch overlooking the bay one afternoon during his term as Land Commissioner ex-Chief Justice Chambers, of Samoa, saw a boat approaching the shore flying a flag the sight of which struck him at once with peculiar interest. It was none other than the Stars and Bars of the Southern Confederacy. What could it mean, wondered he, the South Pacific—and so long after Appomattox? He determined to learn the history of the flag and get possession of it.

But, meeting the boat as it landed, he found the owner by no means willing to part with his flag. The offer of the "American chief" to buy it was promptly, though very politely, declined.

Then the justice tried a little diplomacy; he took the boatman into a store and bought for him a bolt of calico and then a kit of mackerel—which delighted the Samoan, to whom they were luxuries. But the native still insisted that he could not part with his flag.

"It would not be right for me to give it to you," said he, in such a manner as to show that some deep feeling was involved.

"But why? Where did you get it? And why do you value it so highly?" asked Mr. Chambers.

"Well, I will tell you," answered the Samoan. "A long time ago a man came to Samoa from far off in America—where you came from. He was not a sailor, but told me he had been a soldier. He was my friend, and lived at my house. But after a while he got sick; and one day he said to me:

"Tasi, look in my bag there and get out my flag, and put it up on the wall where I can see it.'

"I did so; and he would lie there and look at it and look at it. Several days afterward he grew worse. He called me to him and said:

"Tasi, I am going to die. I am far away from my home and my people. This flag is all I have in the world; you have been my friend; I give it to you. Keep it as long as you live. Don't give it to anybody—and, whatever you do, don't you ever let a Yankee have it.'

"No, my chief, I cannot part with this flag—not till I die."

$5.75 Round Trip to St. Paul & Minneapolis $5.75.

Via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale every day from May 27 to June 4, inclusive. Good to return up to and including June 15. The Bee line limited, at 1:25 p. m., fastest train to Minneapolis, arriving at 6 p. m. and St. Paul 6:25 p. m. Night express leaves at 11:10. Secure tickets and berths at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

To Close up an Estate we must get rid of this property at once

$1000 House and 50-foot lot with large barn, West Superior Street, near Twelfth Avenue West.
$5500 Nine-room modern house, with 200 feet (4 lots) fronting on three streets—Fifth Street, Sixth Street and Sixth Avenue East.
$450 Lot in Harrison Division, 50 feet front, near sewer and city water.
$1250 Six-room house, with 25-foot lot, city water and sewer, Eighteenth Avenue East, near London Road.
Make an offer on 602 West Fourth street—house and lot.
Make an offer on 1922-1924 West Fourth street—rents for $35.00 per month.
$2500 Four houses near Duncan-Brewer Mill, on car line—rents $35.00 per month.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5 PER CENT.

W. M. PRINDLE CO., LONSDALE BUILDING.

FOR SALE.

$8400 Will buy a fine double house on East Superior street—10 rooms on each side, fine plumbing, grates, mantles, hot water and air heat; laundry; gas and electric light. Barn.

$5000 Only for a beautiful 13-room house in East End; stone foundation; hardwood finish; corner lot; modern conveniences.

$3000 Takes a good 10-room house in West End, on improved street; 50-foot lot and good barn. If you are looking for a home, see this before you buy elsewhere.

Stryker, Manley & Buck, TORREY BUILDING

FARMS.

We have some farm land near the city for sale cheap. Well improved and ready to work this season.

BUILDING LOTS.

We are offering some fine bargains in building lots in all parts of the city.

FOR RENT.

Stores, Offices, Residences.

TO LOAN.

Money in any amount at 5 per cent.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY!

100 Lots in Lakeside for Sale on Monthly Payments without Interest.

W. VAN BRUNT, 8 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED SHARES OF

Calumet & Arizona

in lots of 5 shares or more at $30 a share

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,
First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

PARK POINT CAMPERS Tw oLots, fine location for cottages, on street car line, for sale at a bargain—must be sold.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

Would be pleased to write your **FIRE INSURANCE** Representing only millionaire companies.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Building.

FOR RENT.

119 Tenth avenue east—Six-room flat, bath, hot and cold water, steam heat, janitor service, etc.

Flat No. 2, over 13-15 East Superior street; steam heat, water, electric light, etc. Central location.

1105 Fifty-first avenue east; five rooms, pleasant location, $8.

Flats in Wieland flats, four rooms, water, steam heat, etc.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

We are Selling Lots

fast on 23rd and 24th avenues west on 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th streets, and have a few left which are for sale at lower prices than they have been offered for 10 years. Terms very easy.

MONEY to loan on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

4½% 5% 5½%

Money to Loan.

Fire Insurance.
Employers' Liability Insurance.

General Agents Travelers' Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

WILL BUY OR SELL ALICE A. New telephone **1150**

Will sell:

500 shares Blue Grass 17½c
1000 shares Ramona 25c
1000 shares Randolph 5c
1000 shares Golden Star 8½c

M. C. FRENCH,
212-213 Trust Building. Duluth, Minn.

ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN THE WORLD —DULUTH REAL ESTATE.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

No. 1023 East Third street.....$1600
No. 1025 East Third street.....$1250
No. 1027 East Third street.....$1250
No. 1128 East Third street.....$1200
No. 104 Thirty-ninth ave W.....$1100
No. 717 First avenue east.....$450
No. 1007 East Third street.....$2400
No. 5644 London road.....$4500
Two houses on E. Third st.....$3500
Fine property on S. Nineteenth avenue east $3500
Good building lot on East Superior street $1500

The above are only a few of the many properties we have for sale. Give us a call if you are looking for a home or for a good paying investment.

Geo. H. Crosby,
106 Providence Bldg.
Fire Insurance and Loans.

Bargain in Real Estate

$850.00 for three 50-foot lots in Oneota—one-half block from street car—this is 150x132 feet, corner 45th avenue west and 2nd street—with several thousand feet of lumber on the ground, foundation and first floor laid for a house, all goes for said price, $850.00 if taken very soon.

I have also many other properties listed with me for sale.

O. G. OLSON,
415 Burrows Building.

FOR SALE.
25-foot lot 20th Avenue W. and First St.....$900
Two well located corner lots W. Duluth—each...$400

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

For Sale
WEST END.

$690—5-room house West 1st street.
$860—5-room house West 1st street.
$1200—5-room house West 2nd street.
$1300—7-room house West 1st street.
$1350—8-room house West 2nd street.
$1800—8-room house West 3rd street.
$1850—6-room house West 4th street.
$1000—50-foot lot on West Michigan st.
$1250—50-foot lot on West 3rd street.
$350—28-foot lot near West 3rd st.

FOR RENT.

Building on Michigan street, 3 stories and basement, heavy construction; has elevator and boiler for heat and power—suitable for manufacturing or commission.

Small building on West Michigan street, near Garfield avenue; store room on street level, and rooms above, $12 per month.

Modern residence, 1429 East Second street—nine rooms and bath, hardwood finish, hot water heat; gas and electric lights and city water, $40 per month.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$1500 8-room house, city water, fine condition; Piedmont ave., near Fourth street.

$3750—strictly modern 9-room house, centrally located; this is a bargain.

Four choice corners at 25th ave. west, $450—Lots fronting Lincoln Park, on 26th avenue west, near 3rd street.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R.B.Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.

50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.

Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

FOR RENT—
7-room house in East End; water, sewer, etc.; per month..... **$20**

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE - REAL ESTATE.

A Choice $9000 Deal Netting 9 Per Cent Per Annum.

Well located, perfect condition. Will loan $5000 on it, thus making equity net fourteen per cent per annum.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Real Estate, Loans and Investments.

EAST END LOTS.

$300—For a lot near the Normal school.
$400—For a lot on Center street.
$400—For a lot on Jefferson street.
$1200—For a corner lot on London road.
$1500—For a lot on East Superior street.
$700—For a lot on Fourth street.
$350—For a lot on Third street.

These lots are all 50x140 feet. Easy terms can be made if desired. For sale by

George H. Crosby,
106 Providence Building.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

$1400 Takes 30 feet upper side Third street, near 15th avenue east.
$2500 Takes 7-room modern house in East End.
$2700 Takes 8-room modern house in East End.

A. C. VOLK & Co.
202 Palladio Building.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 326 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED 5-room steam-heated flat, centrally located, East End, June 1 to Oct. 1. Reasonable rent. Address M. H., Herald.

ONE FINE FURNISHED ROOM, convenient in heart of the city. Address T 100, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board. 119 East Second street.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT FRONT rooms, unfurnished, hot water heat, gas, bath. Call after 6 p. m. at 416 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, SUITABLE for man and wife, water included. 329 East Seventh street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room. 1 Mason flat.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, modern, $6. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT — FRONT FURNISHED room. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO WELL FURNISHED rooms cheap. 1109 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; gentleman preferred. 2021 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM with bath. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; will allow light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM MODern. 125½ Tenth avenue east.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED cook, a job of cooking for a small crew; wages moderate. Address J. M., Highland Park P. O., Duluth.

A SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS YOUNG man, age 24, wants work of some kind, has experience as teamster. References furnished if required. Address T 89, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION TO DO LIGHT housework in a nice Christian family. No children preferred. Call at 313 East First street.

WANTED—A POSITION AT LIGHT housework in a nice family; no children preferred. Call at 313 East First street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING OR SEWing by the day. 613 West First street.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

PERSONAL.

JACOB VAN SLYKE, HUSBAND OF Jennie Van Slyke, write me for information of interest to yourself. C. O. Baldwin, Duluth, Minnesota, Administrator of estate of Jennie Van Slyke, deceased.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

WANTED—AGENTS.

$25 WEEKLY GUARANTEED, MADE by agents. New patented, all metal, model bread and pastry board. Sample free. B. F. Forshee, Cincinnati, Ohio.

HOME WORK—$6 TO $15 WEEKLY, NO canvassing. We have several lines to give out. Some to copy letters. An hour or two evenings will add $5 to $6 to your weekly income. Enclose stamp. Work sent any distance. Address Eagle Manufacturing Co., 408 Spitzer building, Toledo, Ohio.

LADY AGENT—YOUR OPPORTUNITY—Hygeia Straight Front and Military Corsets are money-makers. Every woman wants one. For terms apply Dept. D, Western Corset Co., St. Louis, Mo.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

FLAT—SEVEN ROOMS — STEAM heat; appointments first class.

STORE ROOM—BEST LOCATION on Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BUSINESS or residence property. Any amount and lowest rates.

FIRE INSURANCE CAREFULLY written in best companies.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 3, 1901. Work, Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 136, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 27, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated conventions second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 12, 1901. Work, M. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 4, 1901. Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lefkheux, recorder.

IMPORVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMUROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wip tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Initatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Render, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER, TELLS EVERYthing. 314 East Fifth street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

LOST.

LOST—ONE BAY PONY WITH ONE white foot, branded T on hip. Return to Thomas Doyle for reward. 5519 Rawley street, West Duluth.

LOST—A WEEK AGO THURSDAY, ladies' diamond ring on West Duluth or Woodland street cars, between Third avenue east and Twenty-eighth avenue west. Finder will receive reward for return to Herald office.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM WITHOUT BOARD. 725 EAST Fourth street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 313 West Second street.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PASTURE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HORSE PASTURE AT Spirit Lake. Telephone 3050.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 590.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 PALladio building.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Rent.

Seven room house—1124 E. Second Street—perfect repair, newly papered and finished throughout—electric light and bath—very desirable location.
FRANK BURROWS,
117 12th Avenue East.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PLANTS

For the house, garden, window box and cemetery; also vegetable plants, at Lindsay's New Greenhouses, Lester Park bridge
Car Fare both ways on every dollar purchase.

FOR SALE—THREE THOROUGHbred Irish setters from prie stock, $10, bred Irish setters from prize stock, $10 324 East Eighth street.

FOR SALE—ALL OR PART OF 5000 shares "Alice A" stock. M 67, Herald.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF MULES OR trade for heavy horses. Address W. W., Herald.

FOR SALE—20,000 BRICK, $5.60-M, at 2012 West First street. I. Downie.

FOR SALE—HEAVY DRAY WAGON. Inquire 519 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—TWO BUGGIES. CALL 622 Garfield avenue.

FOR SALE—FOLDING BED AND COcart. 1515 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR real estate. Tobacco and confectionery store. 10, Twentieth avenue west.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seven room flat centrally located, within walking distance of business section. For full particulars address P. O. Box 679, Duluth.

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, ALmost new, cheap. Call afternoons or evenings. 1213 East Fourth street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

VIOLIN, MANDOLIN, GUITAR, FLUTE, piano. Ch. Trautvetter, 5 over BigDuluth.

WANTED--TO BUY.

WILL BUY PINE IN ITASCA, ST. Louis and Lake counties. Mashnis & Bull, 326 and 327 Manhattan building.

MEDICAL.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most distinct cases relieved in a few days; $3.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

VICTORY OF SCIENCE OVER DISEASE Cancer baffling general practitioner's skill yields readily to our scientific methods. No knife, plaster or pain. Mason Medical Co., 121 W. 42nd, St., New York. Book and advice free.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First street.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 213 First avenue east.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949. 217 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT—We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Sup street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. Telephone 313.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A WOMAN PARTNER FOR a good business; must have a few dollars. Box 22, McGregor, Minn.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, at 1914 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL AT ONCE; good wages. 123 West Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL, BY MRS. JOHN Maglanis, at 410 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD COOK; HIGHEST wages paid. Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, 1802 West Superior street.

FOUR WAITRESSES FOR ONE HOUSE $16, pastry cooks, kitchen girls, house maids, chambermaids $18. Any amount of private cooks, washwomen, girls to leave the city. Big wages. Lewis Employment agency. Old 'phone 310-3.

OLD PA TIME GETS WEARY WRESTLing with Satin-Skin Cream. It beats him and keeps old faces young, 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY TO CANvass city for calling cards. Address Card Writer, care Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL OR woman by the day. Good cook. 221 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housekeeping; one who sleeps at home preferred; small family. Mrs. Robert A. Webster, 514 First avenue west.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT WOMAN FOR general housework. Call forenoons. 1210 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; no washing; one who can go home nights preferred. 21 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework for couple. Call mornings if possible. Baldwin flats—Flat 5.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings. 3502 West Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BELL BOY AT SPALDING hotel.

FOR SALE—2-HORSE PACKING COMpany wagon, made to order; also single horse top buggy and one phaeton. 213 West First street.

WANTED — BRIGHT, ENERGETIC man to travel in Iowa and vicinity; $60 monthly and all expenses. State age, experience, reference. Address Manufacturer, 328 Dearborn street, Room 321, Chicago.

CIVIL SERVICE GOVERNMENT POSItions—About 9500 appointments were made last year. Probably 10,000 this year. Those standing highest at the examinations soon to be held will secure these positions. Catalogue of information free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

WANTED EVERYWHERE — HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun advertising Bureau, Chicago.

SALESMEN — RESPONSIBLE MANufacturer and wholesaler will employ two grocery salesmen for this state. Permanent territory. Good salary to right men. E, Herald.

WANTED—TEN BRICKLAYERS TO start work Tuesday morning on Lovejoy building, 316 Tower avenue. West Superior. Schmidt Bros.

SALESMAN—WANTED BY JUNE 15, traveler for Minnesota. Natural ability and aptness will count for more than experience. High commission contract. Staple line. References, bond and entire time required. Only men of ability need apply. E L. Rice, 33 Congress street, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN to the wholesale and retail trade only. Salary $1200 and expenses. The National, 304 Caxton building, Chicago.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, ELECTRIcians, firemen, etc., new 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers, sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED — RELIABLE PERSONS everywhere to distribute advertising matter for large advertisers. Cash paid; pleasant work. No scheme. Molton Distributing agency, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK IN LODGing house; easy work; requires no experience; $4 a week to commence with. Address P. O. box 274.

WANTED—AN EDGERMAN AT HUBbard & Vincent.

WANTED—AT ONCE, YOUNG MAN stenographer and to help in office. Give age, name of last employer and experience; state salary wanted. Address X. Y. Z., Herald.

WANTED—STONE MASONS AND stone cutters; wages 40 cents per hour, ten hours a day. 427 West Michigan street.

DOUBLE-ENTRY BOOKKEEPER wanted; give experience, references and salary expected. Address H 16, Herald.

WANTED—TWO GOOD, RELIABLE painters. W. W. Wheeler, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, present complete outfit of tools, include board and guarantee good wages after only two months practice. Catalogue and particulars free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to
W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

YOUNG MAN, do you wish to rise higher in the world? Learn how. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 209-213 New Jersey Building, Duluth. Open evenings.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3rd st. 'Phone 1226

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Articles of Incorporation OF DULUTH REAL ESTATE CO.

We, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have organized by adopting the following articles of incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Duluth Real Estate Company." The principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota. The general nature of the business of said corporation shall be to loan money upon real estate, personal or other security; to negotiate and effect loans of money for other persons and corporations for a compensation; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and certificates of indebtedness, both for itself and as agents for others; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in bonds, notes, mortgages, stock of other corporations, and other property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, release and compound mortgages and other obligations; to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, real, mixed and personal property, in the state of Minnesota, state of Wisconsin and elsewhere, both for itself and as agents for other persons and corporations; to act as agent for other persons and corporations in the management, improvement, purchase and sale of property, and in the collection of rents and revenues therefrom for a compensation; to act as agent for fire insurance companies; and in general to perform, execute and do all and singular acts and businesses necessary and proper to be done, executed and performed in carrying on a general real estate and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of commencement of said corporation shall be the first day of May, A. D. 1901, and the period of continuance of said corporation shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in at such times and in such amounts, and in such a manner as the directors shall determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00).

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are:
Franklin J. Pulford, Duluth, Minnesota.
Calvin F. How, Duluth, Minnesota.
Benjamin W. How, Sauk Centre, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors are:
Franklin J. Pulford.
Calvin F. How.
Benjamin W. How.

Said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the office of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the second Monday in January, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m.; the time to hold all subsequent meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation and the full management of all its affairs shall be vested in the above named board of directors until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, and thereafter shall be vested in a board of not less than three or more than nine directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually by the stockholders at the annual meeting.

There shall also be the following officers of said corporation, who shall perform such duties and who shall have such power as may be prescribed by the board of directors and who shall be elected annually by the board of directors at the annual meeting held immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders:
A president.
A vice president.
A treasurer.
A secretary.

Any two of said officers, except the president and vice president, may be held by the same person at the same time. The directors and said officers of said corporation shall hold their respective offices for one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

The following persons shall act as officers of said corporation until the first annual meeting of the stockholders:
Franklin J. Pulford, president.
Benjamin W. How, vice president.
Calvin F. How, secretary and treasurer.

ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into one thousand (1000) shares of the par value of fifty dollars ($50.00) each.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our names and affixed our seals this 17th day of April, A. D. 1901.
FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, (Seal.)
CALVIN F. HOW, (Seal.)
BENJAMIN W. HOW. (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in the presence of—
E. Ingalls.
Sadie McLennan.
L. H. Gray.
R. M. Clement.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

Before me a notary public within and for said county, this 17th day of April, 1901, personally appeared Franklin J. Pulford and Calvin F. How to me personally known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

EDMUND INGALLS,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF STEARNS—SS.—

Before me a notary public within and for said county, this 18th day of April, 1901, personally appeared Benjamin W. How to me personally known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and he acknowledged to me that he executed the same as his free act and deed.

A. F. KLUGE,
Notary Public, Stearns County Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMEN OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 21 day of May, A. D. 1901, at 10 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z 12 of Incorporations on page 517.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record May 10, 1901, at 11 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book M of Miscellaneous, page 622.

A. LOFGREN,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK,
Deputy.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

GARFIELD HOUSE FOR RENT, UNdergoing repairs. Inquire Williamson, 113 Fourth street west, 8 a. m., noon, 6 p. m.

WILL RENT EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, East End at $13 per month, providing year's rent will be paid in advance. Call 1905 Dingwall street.

FOR RENT—PARK POINT, NEW 5-room cottage, lower end. Inquire Camp Delwood, St. Cloud street.

FOR RENT—1124 EAST SECOND street, 7-room house, perfect repair, just newly papered and furnished throughout. Electric light, bath; a very desirable location. Frank Burrows, 117 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR summer; reasonable price. Call 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—GOOD SIX ROOM HOUSE with woodshed and barn, at Woodland Park. Inquire Capt. E. Brown, Winona street, Woodland.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 2929 West Third street; strictly modern. J. H. Whitely, 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace; ten rooms. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM FLAT, SIXTYfourth avenue west, two blocks from street cars. Inquire Board & Daniels store.

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED—JUNE 1, TWO OR THREE rooms for light housekeeping. Central. No children. Address T 88, Herald.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING. C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

TRAINED NURSE.

TRAINED NURSE. 327 EAST SUPErior street.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a.m.
for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.
STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p.m.
for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Mgr.
2 Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
21,000 PASSAGE 6 DAYS 13 HRS 22 MINS.
HIGH CLASS PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NEW GIANTIC TWIN SCREW
BOSTON AND PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.
Perfect service and table steadiness account of enormous size no steamer has ever crossed the Atlantic.
T. H. LARKE, GEN'L NORTHWESTERN AGENT.
127 SO THIRD ST. GUARANTY BLDG MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv. Duluth Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar. Proctor Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar. Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar. Sparta Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv. Duluth Ar		10 00 am
7 15 pm	Ar. Virginia Lv		7:30 am
7 40 pm	Ar. Eveleth Lv		7:38 am
7 50 pm	Ar. Ely Lv		7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†2 25 pm	ST. PAUL	1: 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 45 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.
J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	* 4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*9 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	†7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	† 8 30 am
* 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	*5 00 pm

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, MAY 27, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Custom-made Clothing Ready to Wear

for less money than you can get clothing for elsewhere. It is all smart, stylish clothing, made precisely like custom work, but you can put it on and enjoy it the same day you buy it, whether you are a regular shaped man, a portly man, or an unusually slim man. It is made of the choicest, best and latest woolens, selected with the most careful discrimination and expert taste, with fullest knowledge of what fashion has suggested for the season. And the fit must be perfect, we are more particular about that than the most critical man can be.

Suits made of the same fabrics that you will find at the most exclusive tailors—the newest up-to-date patterns ---------- ***$15, $18, $20, $22, $25***

Men's water-proof Rain Coats ---------- ***$15.00***

Men's Mackintoshes ---------- ***$4.95 $8 $10 and $12.00***

Bicycle Suits at half price. Bicycle Pants at half price.

STORE OPEN MONDAY NIGHT TILL 9 O'CLOCK.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

IT'S THE SAME STORY

with so many. They do not think seriously of

Fire Insurance

until the property is destroyed. Then there is nothing to insure. Why not take time by the fore lock? Rates are not reduced by procrastinating. Tomorrow may bring a fire. Let us write the insurance you need today.

GRAVES-MANLEY AGENCY

Insurance and Bonds,

Torrey Bldg. 1st floor, Duluth.

-At the- Big Store

20 per cent discount on all Children's Carriages on hand.

65c per yard for genuine Lowel Carpet.

$20.40 for Steel Range with high closet.

Prices quoted to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other store in the city.

Night 'Phone 947. Day 'Phone 474.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

PARK POINT CAMPERS Tw oLots, fine location for cottages, on street car line, for sale at a bargain—must be sold.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY!

100 Lots in Lakeside for Sale on Monthly Payments without Interest.

W. VAN BRUNT, 8 Exchange Building.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

INDEMNITY.

Great Britain's Proposition Seems Likely to be Accepted.

Pekin, May 27.—It seems probable that Great Britain's proposition limiting the indemnity to be demanded from China to 450,000,000 taels will be agreed to by the end of the week. United States Special Commissioner Rockhill thinks this may be considered an American victory. Though his proposition limiting to 310,000,000 taels was not accepted, still it was the cause of the other powers considering the idea. The only point likely to cause further delay in a decision by all the powers, except America, is that regarding the raising of the foreign customs 5 per cent.

Mr. Rockhill told the ministers at a recent meeting that rather than take this step America would relinquish all claims to indemnity and make a money present to China as American commercial interests would suffer far more thereby than those of any other power. With possibly one exception.

DATE FIXED.

International Cup Races Will Be Commenced Sept. 21.

New York, May 27.—The Royal Ulster Yacht club has cabled the New York Yacht club an approval of Sept. 21 as the day for the opening contest in the cup races, and that date is finally and definitely fixed. The cablegram received by Secretary Oddie reads as follows:

"Belfast, May 26.—Secretary N. Y. Y. C., New York: Date now definitely fixed, Race Sept. 21. Scharman-Crawford, vice commodore."

At a meeting of the challenge committee, to be held at 11 o'clock tomorrow, it is expected that final action as to Thomas Lawson's yacht Independence will be taken.

SPECIAL MEETING CALLED.

Denver, May 27.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company has been called for July 12 to consider a proposition to increase the capital stock of the company from $25,000,000 to $40,000,000, the increase to be used in extension and enlargements of the Pueblo plant which are planned.

TO REVISE

Presbyterians Decide to Amend Creed.

Majority Report of Committee Adopted.

Philadelphia, May 27.—When the Presbyterian general assembly met today there appeared to be a disposition on the part of the commissioners to bring the debate on creed revision to an end as soon as possible. The majority of the delegates are impatient to settle the question so far as this assembly is concerned. There is still considerable other business of importance to be transacted and some of the subjects are expected to arouse much discussion. Among these are establishment of an ecclesiastical supreme court, the oversight and direction of the collecting and distribution of benevolent offerings, the plan of vacancy and supply for unemployed ministers and churches without pastors and a plan of oversight of the young people's societies.

Before proceeding to the further consideration of the revision, the assembly adopted the report of the committee on next place of meeting, which selected the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, New York, as the meeting place of the general assembly of 1902. An amendment was offered substituting Los Angeles for New York, but Dr. Roberts, stated clerk, announced that the condition of the assembly's funds would not warrant such a selection, and the amendment was lost. Invitations were also received from Denver, Milwaukee and Saratoga Springs.

The committee recommended to the next assembly the selection of Los Angeles for the assembly of 193. When the order of the day—the revision of the confession of faith—was reached, the moderator made a few remarks advising against any hasty action today. He said there was a tendency to rush the matter so that the assembly could adjourn, and he hoped the commissioners would not get into a panicky condition and do something which they might regret. He suggested, however, that all speeches be limited, and a motion to limit them to ten minutes was unanimously carried.

James D. Moffatt, D.D., president of Washington and Jefferson university, who Saturday gave notice that he would offer an amendment to the majority report, was then recognized by the moderator.

Dr. Moffatt explained that he was moved to offer the amendment to recommendation B because of the small majority which on Saturday voted to retain the recommendation in the revision committee's report. Objection had been made, he said, to the original recommendation because of ambiguity in certain portions, and his object in amending was to render the vote of the assembly unanimous on whatever action might be taken.

"I hoped to amend recommendation B," continued Dr. Moffatt, "to meet all objections and to give it new wording. Many good men who opposed the original form were alarmed at the word 'summary.' I have made a simple change, striking out the word 'summary' and substituting 'statement,' which expresses just what we have in view. Again, there is nothing in the original report as to what shall be done with the summary. I wish to remove all ambiguity and have it stated plainly that the committee to be appointed will be required to report to the next assembly, and that a recommendation be made to the next assembly, to submit the entire subject to the presbyteries."

Dr. Moffatt's amendment is as follows:

"We recommend that this committee be instructed to prepare and to submit to the next general assembly, for such disposition as may be judged to be wise, a brief statement of the reformed faith, expressed, as far as possible, in untechnical terms. The said statement to be prepared with a view to its becoming a substitute for or an alternative of our confession of faith."

Dr. Niccolls, of St. Louis, a leader of the minority party, in a brief speech, heartily seconded the amendment, which action drew forth considerable applause. Other seconding speeches were made by Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, former Moderator Charles A. Dickey, Philadelphia; Dr. William McKibben, Cincinnati; Dr. George C. Baker, Philadelphia; Dr. William C. Roberts, Transylvania, Ky.; Dr. W. L. Boyle, Pueblo, Col.; Dr. D. J. Saunders, president of Biddie university, Charlotte, N. C.; Dr. David A. Cunningham, Washington, Pa., and Dr. David S. Kennedy, Allegheny, Pa. As each of the above commissioners, who represented all shades of opinion in the assembly, rose to speak for the amendment, a wave of applause swept over the vast assemblage.

The amendment was adopted by a viva voce vote, not one voice being raised in opposition to it.

The question was then on the adoption of the majority report and Dr. Johnson moved that the three recommendations contained in the report be taken up seriatim, and the motion was carried.

Recomendation A, which calls for the appointment of a revision committee, was adopted with only a few voices against it. Recommendation B, as amended, went through without a sign of opposition. Recommendation C, on motion of Dr. Baker, of Philadelphia, was amended so that the amendments to be prepared by the committee for several chapters of the confession of faith shall be made "either by modification of the text or by declaratory statement, but so far as possible by declaratory statement." This recommendation was also adopted with little opposition. The question then recurred to the adoption of the report as a whole. The moderator put the question, and then there was one great roar of "Aye." Instantly the assembly rose en masse and sang the doxology. The moderator then led in prayer. The end to the great discussion came so quickly that it took every one by surprise. Dr. Moffat, who introduced the harmonizing amendment to recommendation B, was surrounded by a crowd which congratulated him on his success in bringing the matter to a satisfactory issue. After the assembly had again settled down Dr. Baker offered a resolution that the present revision committee be continued, that the committee be increased to twenty-one; that Moderator Minton be a member thereof and that he appoint the additional members. This was also adopted.

On motion of Dr. Dickey, the assembly decided to continue as secretary of the revision committee Dr. W. H. Roberts, of Philadelphia, who is also the stated clerk of the assembly.

DO NOT WANT TO KNOW

A Judicial Determination As to the Cause of the Destruction of the Maine Is Not Desired.

New York, May 27.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: In order to prevent a judicial determination of the cause of the destruction of the battleship Maine, the government has taken advantage of the technicality to throw out the claim by Harry S. McCann, who was a sailor on the battleship when she was blown up in Havana harbor. The government asked that his petition be dismissed on the ground that it is not within the terms of the treaty between the United States and Spain or the act of congress organizing the Spanish claims commission.

A department of the United States, it is further stated, has finally disposed of the claim, and this disposition bars the jurisdiction of the commission or any other tribunal.

QUESTION OF CONTROL

Interest In Northern Pacific Again Revived On Wall Street By Report of Purchase of Large Holdings.

New York, May 27.—Interest in the question as to whether or not the control of the Northern Pacific railroad changed hands at the time of the recent corner in the stock was revived today by the circulation of a report that the Union Pacific syndicate bought sometime ago all of the Northern Pacific holdings of Edward D. Adams. In addition it was said that Mr. Adams, who is a member of the companies' board of directors and executive committee, went short of the stock from 5000 to 7000 shares, and was one of those forced to settle at a high price after pushing through of the corner. Mr. Adams was regarded as the representative of the Deutsche bank, of Berlin, in the Northern Pacific, but a recent dispatch from Berlin denied that the bank's holdings had been sold. Neither of the contestants in Northern Pacific has been willing to make any statement recently concerning the control of the property, and it is thought no official announcement will be made before the annual meeting in the fall for the election of directors.

RESTED WELL.

Mrs. McKinley Passed a Comfortable Night.

Medicine Bow, Wyo., May 27.—The presidential special, made schedule time through Utah and Wyoming last night. Mrs. McKinley rested well and Dr. Rixey reported that she passed a comfortable night.

The president as usual, was the first member of the official party to rise. At Rawlings, a little mining town, where the train stopped for water before 7 o'clock, he shook hands with a number of people.

Laramie, Wyo., May 27.—The presidential special reached Laramie at 10:10 a. m. It is due at Omaha at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning.

TAYLOR WON.

Paris, May 27.—Major Taylor, the colored American cyclist in the return match today, defeated Jacquelin, the French champion, in two out of three races.

FORAKER ACT IS CONSTITUTIONAL

Porto Rico Held a Territory of the United States, But Not Such For Tariff Purposes.

Supreme Court's Decisions In the Insular Cases Curiously Inconsistent ---Four Dissenting Opinions.

Washington, May 27.—The United States supreme court today handed down opinions covering all of the issues on the new insular possessions which have been in controversy. Although several of the decisions upheld the contestants on certain issues raised, yet in the most important decision, that of Downes against Bidwell, Justice Brown announced the sweeping decision of the court upholding the general attitude and policy of the government up to the present time. The effect of this decision is to affirm the constitutionality of the Foraker act and to give congress power to deal with a newly acquired territory in such manner as the legislative branch may consider suitable for the new territory. The decision also has the effect of declaring that the new insular possessions do not, by virtue of the treaty of cession, acquire all the privileges and rights of the constitution.

THE GOVERNMENT UPHELD.

Sweeping Decision Given In the Downes Case.

Washington, May 27.—In the Downes case, the United States supreme court has decided, in an opinion by Justice Brown, that, while Porto Rico is a territory of the United States, it is not such for tariff purposes, and that the Foraker act is constitutional. The judgment of the circuit court was affirmed. A dissenting opinion was handed down by Justice White in which Justices Shiras and McKenna concurred.

Justice Brown announced the opinion in the case of Downes vs. Bidwell, relating to a shipment of oranges from Porto Rico to New York after the enactment of the Foraker act. The objections to the lower court's jurisdiction were overruled. Justice Brown then proceeded to show the difference of the question in this case from that involved in the first case decided, this difference being based on time and the course taken by the executive and legislative branches of the government. He said there was considerable divergence in the opinions of the court in the past, and too much weight should not be given to particular phases of past decisions, such as that referring to the supreme authority of congress under the constitution. After analyzing the case of Loughborough vs. Blake, the justice summed up the conditions under which territories were not in the same position as states.

AGAINST GOVERNMENT.

The Majority Opinion In the Delima Case.

Washington, May 27.—Justice Brown, of the United States supreme court, today announced the decision of that court in the insular cases. The announcement of the court's opinion was begun at 12:27

The main opinion was handed down in the Delima case. It is against the contention of the government.

Justice Brown first announced the court's decision on the point of jurisdiction, holding that the court had jurisdiction.

The Delima case involved the importation of goods into the United States from Porto Rico after the ratification of the treaty of Paris and before the passage of the Porto Rican act. Delima & Co., doing business in New York, imported from San Juan, during the months of June and July, 1899, certain sugars, the product of Porto Rico. Upon these sugars the collector at New York demanded and collected about $13,000 as custom duties. Delima & Co. sued Bidwell, the collector, as an individual, to recoved back the duties thus paid, amounting in all to $13,145, alleging that they were unlawfully deamnded, in violation of the constitution and collected by duress, the collector exacting the payment of the duties as a condition to the delivery of the sugars. On the petition of the collector the suit was removed to the circuit court of the United States for the Southern district of New York which sustained a demurrer to the complaint both on the ground that no cause for action was stated and that the court had no jurisdiction. From the judgment dismissing the complaint, Delima & Co. appealed to the supreme court.

Justice Brown said that whether the sugars imported from or into Porto Rico were dutiable depends upon whether Porto Rico is a foreign country. He held that the right to acquire territory involves the right to govern and control it by congress, but he said that a country could not be foreign and domestic both. The opinion was opposed to the contention of the government.

He concluded that at the time the duties were collected Porto Rico was a territory and not a foreign country, but a territory of the United States.

Justice Brown concluded as follows:

"If an act of congress be necessary to convert a foreign country into domestic territory, the question at once suggests itself, what is the character of the legislation demanded for this purpose? Will an act appropriating money for its purchase be sufficient? Apparently not. Will an act appropriating the duties collected upon imports to and from such country for the benefit of its government be sufficient? Apparently not.

"Will acts making appropriations for its postal service, for the establishment of lighthouse, for the maintenance of quarantine stations, for erecting public buildings, have that effect? Will an act establishing a complete local government, but with the reservation of a right to collect duties upon commerce, be adequate for that purpose? None of these, nor all together will be sufficient, if the contention of the government be sound, since acts embracing all these provisions have been passed in connection with Porto Rico, and it is insisted that it is still a foreign country within the meaning of the tariff laws. We are unable to acquiesce in this asumption that a territory may be at the same time both foreign and domestic.

"We are therefore of the opinion that, at the time these duties were levied, Porto Rico was not a foreign country within the meaning of the tariff laws, but a territory of the United States; that the duties were illegally exacted and that the plaintiffs are entitled to recover them back."

"The judgment of the circuit court for the southern district of New York is therefore reversed and the case remanded to that court for further proceedings in consonance with this opinion."

In the course of his reasoning on the manner of the acquisition of Porto Rico, Justice Brown held that congress has authority to control such territory. Indeed it is," he said, "scarcely too much tosay that there has not been a session of congress since the territory of Louisiana was purchased that that body has not enacted legislation based upon the assumed authority to govern and control the territories. It is an authority which arises not necessarily from the territorial clause of the constitution, but from the necessities of the case, and the inability of the states to act on the subject. Under this power congress may deal with territory acquired by treaty; may administer its government as it does that of the District of Columbia. It may organize a local territorial government; it may admit it as a state upon equality with other states; it may sell its public ownings to individual citizens, or may donate them as homesteads to actual settlers. In short, when once acquired by treaty it belongs to the United States and is subject to the disposition of congress.

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(Continued on Page 8.)

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, MAY 27, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Custom-made Clothing Ready to Wear

for less money than you can get clothing for elsewhere. It is all smart, stylish clothing, made precisely like custom work, but you can put it on and enjoy it the same day you buy it, whether you are a regular shaped man, a portly man, or an unusually slim man. It is made of the choicest, best and latest woolens, selected with the most careful discrimination and expert taste, with fullest knowledge of what fashion has suggested for the season. And the fit must be perfect, we are more particular about that than the most critical man can be.

Suits made of the same fabrics that you will find at the most exclusive tailors—the newest up-to-date patterns ---------- **$15, $18, $20, $22, $25**

Men's water-proof Rain Coats ---------- **$15.00**

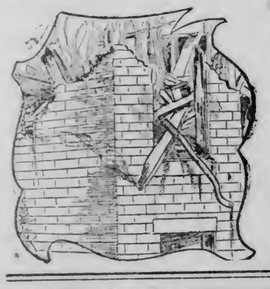
Men's Mackintoshes ---------- **$4.95 $8 $10 and $12.00**

Bicycle Suits at half price. Bicycle Pants at half price.

STORE OPEN MONDAY NIGHT TILL 9 O'CLOCK.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.



IT'S THE SAME STORY with so many. They do not think seriously of

Fire Insurance

until the property is destroyed. Then there is nothing to insure. Why not take time by the fore lock? Rates are not reduced by procrastinating. Tomorroy may bring a fire. Let us write the insurance you need today.

GRAVES-MANLEY AGENCY

Insurance and Bonds.

Torrey Bldg. 1st floor, Duluth.

-At the- Big Store

20 per cent discount on all Children's Carriages on hand.

65c per yard for genuine Lowel Carpet.

$20.40 for Steel Range with high closet.

Prices quoted to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other store in the city.

Night 'Phone 947. Day 'Phone 474.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

PARK POINT CAMPERS Tw oLots, fine location for cottages, on street car line, for sale at a bargain—must be sold.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY!

100 Lots in Lakeside for Sale on Monthly Payments without Interest.

W. VAN BRUNT, 8 Exchange Building.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713. D. H. DAY, Dentist.

INDEMNITY.

Great Britain's Proposition Seems Likely to be Accepted.

Pekin, May 27.—It seems probable that Great Britain's proposition limiting the indemnity to be demanded from China to 450,000,000 taels will be agreed to by the end of the week. United States Special Commissioner Rockhill thinks this may be considered an American victory. Though his proposition limiting to 310,000,000 taels was not accepted, still it was the cause of the other powers considering the idea. The only point likely to cause further delay in a decision by all the powers, except America, is that regarding the raising of the foreign customs 5 per cent.

Mr. Rockhill told the ministers at a recent meeting that rather than take this step America would relinquish all claims to indemnity and make a money present to China as American commercial interests could neither buy more thereby than those of any other power, with possibly one exception.

DATE FIXED.

International Cup Races Will Be Commenced Sept. 21.

New York, May 27.—The Royal Ulster Yacht club has cabled the New York Yacht club an approval of Sept. 21 as the day for the opening contest in the cup races, and that date is finally and definitely fixed. The cablegram received by Secretary Oddie reads as follows:

"Belfast, May 26.—Secretary N. Y. Y. C., New York: Date now definitely fixed. Race Sept. 21. Scharman-Crawford, vice commodore."

At a meeting of the challenge committee, to be held at 11 o'clock tomorrow, it is expected that final action as to Thomas Lawson's yacht Independence will be taken.

SPECIAL MEETING CALLED.

Denver, May 27.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company has been called for July 13 to consider a proposition to increase the capital stock of the company from $25,000,000 to $50,000,000, the increase to be used in extension and enlargements of the Pueblo plant which are planned.

TO REVISE

Presbyterians Decide to Amend Creed.

Majority Report of Committee Adopted.

Philadelphia, May 27.—When the Presbyterian general assembly met today there appeared to be a disposition on the part of the commissioners to bring the debate on creed revision to an end as soon as possible. The majority of the delegates are impatient to settle the question so far as this assembly is concerned. There is still considerable other business of importance to be transacted and some of the subjects are expected to arouse much discussion. Among these are establishment of an ecclesiastical supreme court, the oversight and direction of the collecting and distribution of benevolent offerings, the plan of vacancy and supply for unemployed ministers and churches without pastors and a plan of oversight of the young people's societies.

Before proceeding to the further consideration of the revision, the assembly adopted the report of the committee on next place of meeting, which selected the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, New York, as the meeting place of the general assembly of 1902. An amendment was offered substituting Los Angeles for New York, but Dr. Roberts, stated clerk, announced that the condition of the assembly's funds would not warrant such a selection, and the amendment was lost. Invitations were also received from Denver, Milwaukee and Saratoga Springs.

The committee recommended to the next assembly the selection of Los Angeles for the assembly of 193. When the order of the day—the revision of the confession of faith—was reached, the moderator made a few remarks advising against any hasty action today. He said there was a tendency to rush the matter so that the assembly could adjourn, and he hoped the commissioners would not get into a panicky condition and do something which they might regret. He suggested, however, that all speeches be limited, and a motion to limit them to ten minutes was unanimously carried.

James D. Moffatt, D.D., president of Washington and Jefferson university, who Saturday gave notice that he would offer an amendment to the majority report, was then recognized by the moderator.

Dr. Moffatt explained that he was moved to offer the amendment to recommendation B because of the small majority which on Saturday voted to retain the recommendation in the revision committee's report. Objection had been made, he said, to the original recommendation because of ambiguity in certain portions, and his object in amending was to render the vote of the assembly unanimous on whatever action might be taken.

"I hoped to amend recommendation B," continued Dr. Moffatt, "to meet all objections and to give it new wording. Many good men who opposed the original form were alarmed at the word 'summary.' I have made a simple change, striking out the word 'summary' and substituting 'statement,' which expresses just what we have in view. Again, there is nothing in the original report as to what shall be done with the summary. I wish to remove all ambiguity and have it stated plainly that the committee to be appointed will be required to report to the next assembly, and that a recommendation be made to the next assembly, to submit the entire subject to the presbyteries."

Dr. Moffatt's amendment is as follows:

"We recommend that this committee be instructed to prepare and to submit to the next general assembly, for such disposition as may be judged to be wise, a brief statement of the reformed faith, expressed, as far as possible, in untechnical terms. The said statement to be prepared with a view to its becoming a substitute for or an alternative of our confession of faith."

Dr. Niccolls, of St. Louis, a leader of the minority party, in a brief speech, heartily seconded the amendment, which action drew forth considerable applause. Other seconding speeches were made by Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, former Moderator Charles A. Dickey, Philadelphia; Dr. William McKibben, Cincinnati; Dr. George C. Baker, Philadelphia; Dr. William C. Roberts, Transylvania, Ky.; Dr. W. L. Boyle, Pueblo, Col.; Dr. D. J. Saunders, president of Biddle university, Charlotte, N. C.; Dr. David A. Cunningham, Washington, Pa., and Dr. David S. Kennedy, Allegheny, Pa. As each of the above commissioners, who represented all shades of opinion in the assembly, rose to speak for the amendment, a wave of applause swept over the vast assemblage.

The amendment was adopted by a viva voce vote, not one voice being raised in opposition to it.

The question was then on the adoption of the majority report and Dr. Johnson moved that the three recommendations contained in the report be taken up seriatim, and the motion was carried.

Recomendation A, which calls for the appointment of a revision committee, was adopted with only a few voices against it. Recommendation B, as amended, went through without a sign of opposition. Recommendation C, on motion of Dr. Baker, of Philadelphia, was amended so that the amendments to be prepared by the committee for several chapters of the confession of faith shall be made "either by modification of the text or by declaratory statement, but so far as possible by declaratory statement." This recommendation was also adopted with little opposition. The question then recurred to the adoption of the report as a whole. The moderator put the question, and then there was one great roar of "Aye." Instantly the assembly rose en masse and sang the doxology. The moderator then led in prayer. The end to the great discussion came so quickly that it took every one by surprise. Dr. Moffat, who introduced the harmonizing amendment to recommendation B, was surrounded by a crowd which congratulated him on his success in bringing the matter to a satisfactory issue. After the assembly had again settled down Dr. Baker offered a resolution that the present revision committee be continued, that the committee be increased to twenty-one; that Moderator Minton be a member thereof and that he appoint the additional members. This was also adopted.

On motion of Dr. Dickey, the assembly decided to continue as secretary of the revision committee Dr. W. H. Roberts, of Philadelphia, who is also the stated clerk of the assembly.

DO NOT WANT TO KNOW

A Judicial Determination As to the Cause of the Destruction of the Maine Is Not Desired.

New York, May 27.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: In order to prevent a judicial determination of the cause of the destruction of the battleship Maine, the government has taken advantage of the technicality to throw out the claim by Harry S. McCann, who was a sailor on the battleship when she was blown up in Havana harbor. The government asked that his petition be dismissed on the ground that it is not within the terms of the treaty between the United States and Spain or the act of congress organizing the Spanish claims commission.

A department of the United States, it is further stated, has finally disposed of the claim, and this disposition bars the jurisdiction of the commission or any other tribunal.

QUESTION OF CONTROL

Interest In Northern Pacific Again Revived On Wall Street By Report of Purchase of Large Holdings.

New York, May 27.—Interest in the question as to whether or not the control of the Northern Pacific railroad changed hands at the time of the recent corner in the stock was revived today by the circulation of a report that the Union Pacific syndicate bought sometime ago all of the Northern Pacific holdings of Edward D. Adams. In addition it was said that Mr. Adame, who is a member of the companies' board of directors and executive committee, went short of the stock from 5000 to 7000 shares, and was one of those forced to settle at a high price after pushing through of the corner. Mr. Adams was regarded as the representative of the Deutsche bank, of Berlin, in the Northern Pacific, but a recent dispatch from Berlin denied that the bank's holdings had been sold. Neither of the contestants in Northern Pacific has been willing to make any statement recently concerning the control of the property, and it is thought no official announcement will be made before the annual meeting in the fall for the election of directors.

RESTED WELL.

Mrs. McKinley Passed a Comfortable Night.

Medicine Bow, Wyo., May 27.—The presidential special, made schedule time through Utah and Wyoming last night. Mrs. McKinley rested well and Dr. Rixey reported that she passed a comfortable night.

The president as usual, was the first member of the official party to rise. At Rawlings, a little mining town, where the train stopped for water before 7 o'clock, he shook hands with a number of people.

Laramie, Wyo., May 27.—The presidential special reached Laramie at 10:10 a. m. It is due at Omaha at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning.

TAYLOR WON.

Paris, May 27.—"Major" Taylor, the colored American cyclist in the return match today defeated Jacquelin, the French champion, in two out of three races.

FORAKER ACT IS CONSTITUTIONAL

Porto Rico Held a Territory of the United States, But Not Such For Tariff Purposes.

Supreme Court's Decisions In the Insular Cases Curiously Inconsistent ---Four Dissenting Opinions.

Washington, May 27.—The United States supreme court today handed down opinions covering all of the issues on the new insular possessions which have been in controversy. Although several of the decisions upheld the contestants on certain issues raised, yet in the most important decision, that of Downes against Bidwell, Justice Brown announced the sweeping decision of the court upholding the general attitude and policy of the government up to the present time. The effect of this decision is to affirm the constitutionality of the Foraker act and to give congress power to deal with a newly acquired territory in such manner as the legislative branch may consider suitable for the new territory. The decision also has the effect of declaring that the new insular possessions do not, by virtue of the treaty of cession, acquire all the privileges and rights of the constitution.

THE GOVERNMENT UPHELD.

Sweeping Decision Given In the Downes Case.

Washington, May 27.—In the Downes case, the United States supreme court has decided, in an opinion by Justice Brown, that, while Porto Rico is a territory of the United States, it is not such for tariff purposes, and that the Foraker act is constitutional. The judgment of the circuit court was affirmed. A dissenting opinion was handed down by Justice White in which Justices Shiras and McKenna concurred.

Justice Brown announced the opinion in the case of Downes vs. Bidwell, relating to a shipment of oranges from Porto Rico to New York after the enactment of the Foraker act. The objections to the lower court's jurisdiction were overruled. Justice Brown then proceeded to show the difference of the question in this case from that involved in the first case decided, this difference being based on time and the course taken by the executive and legislative branches of the government. He said there was considerable divergence in the opinions of the court in the past, and too much weight should not be given to particular phases of past decisions, such as that referring to the supreme authority of congress under the constitution. After analyzing the case of Loughborough vs. Blake, the justice summed up the conditions under which territories were not in the same position as states.

AGAINST GOVERNMENT.

The Majority Opinion In the Delima Case.

Washington, May 27.—Justice Brown, of the United States supreme court, today announced the decision of that court in the insular cases. The announcement of the court's opinion was begun at 12:27

The main opinion was handed down in the Delima case. It is against the contention of the government.

Justice Brown first announced the court's decision on the point of jurisdiction, holding that the court had jurisdiction.

The Delima case involved the importation of goods into the United States from Porto Rico after the ratification of the treaty of Paris and before the passage of the Porto Rican act. Delima & Co., doing business in New York, imported from San Juan, during the months of June and July, 1899, certain sugars, the product of Porto Rico. Upon these sugars the collector at New York demanded and collected about $13,000 as custom duties. Delima & Co. sued Bidwell, the collector, as an individual, to recoved back the duties thus paid, amounting in all to $13,145, alleging that they were unlawfully demanded, in violation of the constitution and collected by duress, the collector exacting the payment of the duties as a condition to the delivery of the sugars. On the petition of the collector the suit was removed to the circuit court of the United States for the Southern district of New York which sustained a demurrer to the complaint both on the ground that no cause for action was stated and that the court had no jurisdiction. From the judgment dismissing the complaint, Delima & Co. appealed to the supreme court.

Justice Brown said that whether the sugars imported from or into Porto Rico were dutiable depends upon whether Porto Rico is a foreign country. He held that the right to acquire territory involves the right to govern and control it by congress, but he said that a country could not be foreign and domestic both. The opinion was opposed to the contention of the government.

He concluded that at the time the duties were collected Porto Rico was a territory and not a foreign country, but a territory of the United States.

Justice Brown concluded as follows: "If an act of congress be necessary to convert a foreign country into domestic territory, the question at once suggests itself, what is the character of the legislation demanded for this purpose? Will an act appropriating money for its purchase be sufficient? Apparently not. Will an act appropriating the duties collected upon imports to and from such country for the benefit of its government be sufficient? Apparently not.

"Will acts making appropriations for its postal service, for the establishment of lighthouse, for the maintenance of quarantine stations, for erecting public buildings, have that effect? Will an act establishing a complete local government, but with the reservation of a right to collect duties upon commerce, be adequate for that purpose? None of these, nor all together will be sufficient, if the contention of the government be sound, since acts embracing all these provisions has been passed in connection with Porto Rico, and it is insisted that it is still a foreign country within the meaning of the tariff laws. We are unable to acquiesce in this asumption that a territory may be at the same time both foreign and domestic.

"We are therefore of the opinion that, at the time these duties were levied, Porto Rico was not a foreign country within the meaning of the tariff laws, but a territory of the United States; that the duties were illegally exacted and that the plaintiffs are entitled to recover them back."

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(Continued on Page 8.)

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

BOYS' FINE SPRING CLOTHING

The new spring showing is an inspiration—a vivid illustration of the masterly leadership of Burrows—a stock grander than we ever before attempted—more distinct styles than all the other stores in Duluth and Superior will show. And the sumptuous variety! The endless assortment! The thorough honesty and goodness! The beauty and splendor of it all! We can't tell you about it in any one advertisement. Today we illustrate and speak of the novelty suits alone—and ask you to take our word that the showing of boys' and young men's suits and top coats is just as perfect.

Some of the leading styles in children's novelty suits are shown above—every one drawn from life—a mere hint from a storeful! New! Bright!! Charming!!! And how extremely reasonable Burrows' prices always are! Read:

Boys' Knee Pants—
Made by men tailors in the new 1901 styles—the fabrics we have handled for years and know they are splendid wearers. The 75c kinds now for 50c, the $1.50 and $2 ones for **$1.00**

Boys' Russian Blouse Suits—
Ages 2½ to 6 years. The new styles are beautiful, indeed—made with band collar and straight pleated front, or with bias cut front and L'Aiglon lapel, like the second boy in illustration, and there's also a decidedly unique style made from high-colored serges, richly trimmed sailor collar and embellished with silk embroidered escutcheon on shield, with various styles of fancy belts, the prices range from $4.95 to $8.00, special attention is called to the charming line we show at— **$6.00**

Boys' Vestee Suits—
Ages 3 to 10 years.—In this popular suit we show over 50 styles, ranging in price from $1.98 to $7.00. Here you'll find the newest, cleverest ideas of America's best designers, more styles than we can tell you about, see the picture above, the little suit with short roll collar and single-breasted vest, coat with box pleats front and back, the plain coat with long roll collar and vest to match, the little cutaway coat that buttons like a man's, with fancy double-breasted vest, and so on in almost endless assortment, see the line, for instance, we show at $5.00 and-------- **$3.50**

Boys' Sailor Suits—
Ages 3 to 12 years.—Beautiful styles, in high-colored cheviots, reds, electric blues, tans and new browns, also in navy blue serges, all are handsomely appointed with embroidered shields, not gaudy or overdone, rich, yet boyish, the prices range from $3.45 up to $8.00, as an example of the unparalleled values, see the line we offer at---------- **$4.95**

Boys' Spring Overcoats
Ages 3 to 10 years—the new styles in suits have necessitated radical changes in the style of overcoats—one of the newest things is the Cossack overcoat—made very plain, yet rich and elegant in appearance—of tan covert cloth with round velvet collar and patent leather belt—then there's the regular mannish top coat, cut quite short and very boxy—the prices range from $2.98 to $7.00—with special emphasis on the great assortment we show at **$4.95**

The Young Gentleman in the Striped Sweater
And the football under his arm is merely to remind you that our Boys' Furnishing Department (in connection with our Clothing Department on the second floor) is the most complete of any department of its kind in the West. Myriad assortments in boys' shirts, waists, blouses, collars, neckwear, hosiery, underwear, gloves, suspenders, belts, sweaters, etc., etc., in the newest and cleverest styles and at prices that positively cannot be equalled anywhere else. Visit this department often. It will pay you.

YOUNG MEN'S Suits and Overcoats Ages 15 to 19 years.

Are all new and fresh from the best workshops of the country. They carry all the style found in high cost custom tailoring with the added advantage of low cost. Nowhere else can such an array of Suits and Overcoats be found that represent the acme of perfect tailoring. They are superb, while the variety of styles and kinds are greater than heretofore.

Prices $5, $7.50, $10, $12 and $15.

Boys' and Children's Shoes. It is wasting money for any mother to buy a pairof shoes for her boy without visiting our shoe department. We are exclusive sellers of Dugan & Hudson's Ironclad make of boys shoes, and not one pair ever disappoints.

Knox Sailor and Walking Hats For Ladies are only to be found in Duluth at this store. Buy the right kind, and beware of unscrupulous dealers who try to palm off the imitation.

Boys' and Children's Bargain Table.

We have gone through our stocks of Knee Pant Suits, two and three-piece Suits, little men's Vestee Suits and Boy's Long Pant Suits, and have selected 350 suits which we have placed on special bargain tables and will close them out regardless of cost. If you bring your boys in and we can fit them we guarantee you a great surprise—quality considered—in the price we will name.

DRESS YOUR BOY UP FOR DECORATION DAY.

M. S. Burrows

Seller of Fashionable Clothing.

Boys' and Children's Dept. Second Floor. Take Elevator.

THE DAKOTAS

LaMoure Man Died From Drinking Wood Alcohol.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Lo Moure—James B. Hastings died here Saturday evening from the effects of wood alcohol or other poisonous liquids. His relatives reside in Mitchell county, Iowa. This is the third fatality of this nature to occur within three months. A thorough investigations is proposed.

Cando—The question of organizing Cando into a city under the general law was voted upon and carried almost unanimously. The city will be divided into three wards, and officials elected. According to the last census Cando has a population of 1061.

Fargo—For some months it has been popularly supposed that the efforts of the First Ward Improvement league to drive out the hagnios had been successful, but recently it is claimed that Lavina Magsey, a notorious colored woman, has opened a dive and that another is being operated by Belle McCune, who come here from Montana a few weeks ago. Both women were arrested on complaint of the league officials and will have a hearing. It is said a complaint is being prepared against a hotel which is regarded as a notorious establishment.

Jamestown—Thomas J. Sabey has won out in his contest against Nels C. Nelson for a valuable claim near Kensal. A decision to that effect has been received from the secretary of the interior. The decision has an important bearing on the question of holding land on homestead entry and being absent in that it specifically recites that the house or cabin must be inhabitable and the utmost good faith shown in residence upon and cultivation of the tract.

Grand Forks—The twelfth annual Christian Endeavor convention of North Dakota will be held in this city on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 28 and 29. Dr. F. E. Clark, founder of the Christian Endeavor union, will be present.

Mayville—The defunct Red River Valley Hail Insurance company, which did business in this county in 1898, has an agent looking after its claims and payment of premiums is demanded, notwithstanding the company has failed.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Hot Springs—The drouth that has been worrying stockmen for the past two weeks has been broken by a splendid rain which visited this region and gave the range a good wetting. It was getting unusually dry and stockmen began to fear that the range was entirely ruined for the year. This rain almost assures a good crop of grass.

Plankinton—The smallpox scare and the disease itself have disappeared from this community and there is no longer any fear. There were no fatalities.

Milbank—Ralph Amsden, 16 years old, accidentally shot himself. He's bill entering the body over the third rib and passed down to the lower part of the abdomen. He will probably die.

Mrs. J. No matter what causes facial eruptions, absolute cleanliness inside and out is the only way to cure them. Rocky Mountain Tea taken this month will drive them away. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Second Annual Ball Court Central No. 61,
Columbia Hall, Tuesday, May 28th.
Labrosse's Orchestra.

IN MICHIGAN.

Escanaba Excursionists Badly Frightened By Fire on Steamer.

Menominee—Fire broke out in the boilerhouse of the passenger steamer Fannie C. Hart, while she was coming here from Escanaba with 300 passengers Sunday. The appearance of the flames was the signal for great excitement among the passengers and in addition to fighting the fire, the crew had to keep them under control. The call for fire quarters was responded to quickly and the fire was put out and the damage will be small. The excursion was given by the Sons of Herman society of Escanaba.

Ontonagon—Superintendent of Public Instruction Fall has completed his semi-annual apportionment of primary school money to be distributed among the various counties of the state this month. The basis of the report is 40 cents for each child of school age—between 5 and 20 years—in the county. The total number of children included in the apportionment is 720,574 and the total sum appropriated is $288,283.35. The distrubition to the counties will be made by the auditor general at once. Ontonagon county has 1539 children in the appropriation and will receive $623.50.

Houghton—As soon as the plans for the Michigan College of Mines' new building are approved, the work on the structures will be started at onces and it is expected that by the close of the summer they will be well under way. Consultations in regard to the plans now going on.

Calumet—Lacrosse is steadily gaining favor at Calumet and the team organized there will soon arrange contests with Canadian aggregations. A team at Port Arthur wants to play and has sent a challenge which will likely be accepted. The copper country club is getting in excellent shape and will be able to give a good account of itself. Nearly all of its members are experienced players.

Ishpeming—Superintendent Collins announces that Dr. Frank Crane, the eminent Chicago divene, will deliver the commencement address on the evening of June 20. Dr. Crane is an orator of no little renown and Ishpeming people may consider themselves fortunate in having an opportunity to hear him speak.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

WANTS TO RETIRE.

Rear Admiral Sampson Likely to Ask Retirement.

New York, May 27.—According to a Washington dispatch to the World it is reported in naval circles at the capitol that Rear Admiral Sampson may ask for voluntary retirement on account of his health, and that the navy department will grant his request. He will not regularly be retired under the statutory clause until late next winter. No official application has been received at Washington from him, and he may make none until after Secretary Long's return.

PINE CITY, $2.00; STURGEON LAKE, $1.50.

Saturdays and Sundays the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:
Sturgeon Lake and return.....$1.50
Pine City and return..... 2.00
Good returning Mondays following date of sale. For tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or at Union depot.

MEMORIAL SERMON

Dr. Long Delivers Annual Discourse To G. A. R. Veterans.

An Eloquent Tribute To the American Soldier.

Refers to the Coming Changes the Country May See.

The annual memorial sermon to the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic was delivered yesterday by Dr. Samuel P. Long, of the First Methodist church. The soldiers of the Spanish-American war united with them in attending the service, but the attendance of the veterans of the latter was rather light. The members of the G. A. R. met at their post halls and marched to the church, headed by a drum corps.

There was a large congregation at the church and the service was very interesting. Dr. Long's sermon was a fine one. He took for his text: Isaiah xxvi, 15: "Thou hast increased the nation, O Lord, thou hast increased the nation, thou art glorified." He said:

"It gives me great pleasure on behalf of this church to welcome the members of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Woman's Relief corps, and escort, and the soldiers of the Spanish-American war. The respect the American soldier has shown for religious things makes such services as these seemly and highly appropriate.

"Many are the characteristics of the soldiers of this country that have won for them the esteem and honor of liberty-loving people, for while the soldiers of the republic have never been hirelings they have not rendered their services for the money there was in it, but because their country needed them, and as patriots that need was more sacred and imperative than private gain or life itself.

"The nation has never made a distinction between the soldier and the citizen; in her eyes they have been one and the same. A citizen first and then a soldier. She has been proud of her citizen soldiers for they have never been a menace to her free institutions. The Roman legionary was ever a cause of anxiety to his ruler and a danger to the institutions of his country They put up rulers and pulled them down. They bartered and sold the office of chief magistrate as they would a marketable commodity. The American soldier has never usurped authority. He does not arbitrarily dictate to courts or juries, nor wish to uphold the honor of the army by dishonorable acts in the judiciary as in the sister republic of France. Since the founding of this government it challenge the production of a single mischief-making military man. If any names are recalled of generals who have been rash and dangerous in every instance they will be found extemporized generals made out of professional politicians. Officers and soldiers are the very men, who, above all others, are friends of peace. Caucus and congresses are bellicose. The army it is that is a national peace society.

"From her birth our nation has stood alone without alliance, offensive or defensive with any other nation. Indeed, there was a time when such an alliance would have been hard to form so little faith had the nations of the earth in our institutions, that while there was no combination against us national friendship was rare. The greatest statesmen confidently predicted our overthrow and the crowned heads of the earth, with their ideas of the divine right of kings, rejoiced in anticipation of the fulfilment of the prophecy that the government of a great people by themselves was a danger signal, but the Lord increased this nation in population and territory. Her railroads span the continent, her ships plow all seas, carrying her commerce to every port, her resources are inexhaustible, her mountains of coal and iron, her lakes of oil, her mines of silver and gold attracted and held the eye of commerce, but the glory of the nation was not in this, but in the greatness of her sons and daughters, their devotion to the cause of freedom, their patriotism.

"When the nation seemed to have reached the height of her prosperity the greatest of calamities befell her. red-handed war struck at her life and she was in the throes of the greatest rebellion the world has ever seen, but stalwart sons sprang to her relief and taking the old flag bore it to the Southland to maintain the integrity of the Union. The flag was often in danger, sometimes those that bore it were seen to waver, sometimes it fell, but, as often raised again, driven back out again advanced, until under the leadership of the greatest of presidents and generals, who led the magnificent army, of which you are a part, the old flag waved not over the broken and dishonored fragments of a once glorious Union, but from the Gulf to the St. Lawrence and from ocean to ocean, the emblem of a free people. The festering sore of liberty throughout all the land, to all inhabitants thereof. But oh, the cost, the cost, sorrowing homes, empty sleeves, the broken crutch, the broken frame and Rachels' weeping for their children and would no; be comforted for they were not. Every hillside in the Southland made billowy by the graves of heroes tell the story. The ocean wave sang the requiem of the brave men buried there.

"During this long struggle very little of sympathy came to us from across the sea. Under the God of battles your resources and your bravery, gave the victory, and the monuments commemorating the deeds of the soldiers of the '60s are not found in marble slab or towering shaft alone, but in a united country.

"With peace the truth of the text as applied to our land was again made manifest, and we led the nations of the world in industrial progress, wealth flowed into our treasuries and the oppressed of all nations came to our shores.

"Then came the terrible sorrows of Cuba, whose sufferings rang in our ears and whose call for help could not be resisted. Six hundred thousand people slain in the hapless island, no sex or age or condition in life being exempt, was an appeal which called this nation into action and when the president needed soldiers, in less than three months our little army of 25,000 men was increased to nearly 275,000. A few thousand of these without proper facilities as to arms or equipment were thrown against breastworks, defended by the well-equipped soldiers of Spain and won the battle before Santiago when the destruction of Cervera's fleet broke the power of the Spaniards in the Western Hemisphere. This victory to us was won at a great cost, but the isles of the sea unite in declaring that these men have not died in vain, and before many years roll by, each soldier's grave in Cuba, Porto Rico or the far-away Philippines shall become

'A hallowed shrine, a Mecca for men's feet,
Around whose sacred bounds countless pilgrims meet,
To bless the hands that struggled, the hearts that nobly bled,
The soldiers and the sailors, the stricken, fallen dead.'

"Several things point to make this war one of especial interest to Grand Army men; the first, the constant efforts that have been put forth to teach and bring about a revival of patriotism have not been in vain. The second, was the glorious fact that we are one country, that the bloody chasm that yawned for so many years between the North and the South has been obliterated, filled up by patriotic deeds and that the Union now

'Is one of hearts and purpose,
And North and South together brought,
Now own the same electric thought.
In peace a common flag salute,
And with free and unresentful rivalry,
Harvest the fields whereon they fought.'

"At El Caney, Porto Rico, and in the Philippines, the flag has been borne by the descendants alike of both the Blue and the Gray and the men, who in the '60s led their arms against each other in deadly fratricidal strife have borne the stars and stripes against a common foe. We have had a striking illustration of this sentiment in the death and burial of Col. A. A. Harris, formerly a brave officer in the Confederacy; dying, he requested that he should be borne to his tomb by the members of the Grand Army of the Republic. There was a sorrowfully willing response on your part; you covered his casket with flowers, provided the escort and the pallbearers, and with the flag waving bore him to the train. When Fort Scott was reached, a detail from the G. A. R. met the train and took charge of the remains until they were laid to rest in the cemetery:

'Love of a common country, peace on the plain and hill,
And peace where the boys are marching, to the white tents far and still.
North and South in the Union, and never a tear or sigh,
But does not it thrill a fellow, when the boys are marching by.'

"The past year another pronounced victory has come to American statesmanship and army in the distressing events in China amid the cruelty of the heathen and the worse than cruelty of the allied armies. The soldiers that have come out of the conflict with reputations unsmirked and honor undimmed, and as a result are more highly respected than any others, have been the handful of men that bore the stars and stripes and were commanded by Gen. Chaffee.

"You are not through with the conflict; while life lasts the war is on. Times change, fortunes change and the manner of war may change but the contest is ever near. You will be called upon constantly to renew your faith in the flag and perpetuity of republican institutions. Many questions of vast import will arise which will require wisdom and courage to solve. For instance, we are in the throes of great commercial changes. We rae accused of being a commercial people. This is true in the sense that we have rapidly forged ahead in commercial enterprise while we export more goods than any other nation and promise soon to eclipse any nation in all history in the volume of trade. This lends to great combinations of capital, formation of trusts, perhaps the largest ever known in the history of the world. Whether this will work our good or evil remains to be seen. That we are in a time of commercial transition no one will doubt. Old scenes are passing and the new ever appears on the horizon. That the old was necessarily the best must not be taken for granted. That the new must be evil because it is new and that it will be inimical to free institutions is false logic to say the least. The statement that the republic is not strong enough to solve this and kindred problems is a reflection on the wisdom of our forefathers and the strength and ability of the nation. If the slavery question, the states rights question could be solved she can surely meet any other difficulty that will come.

"That this nation puts commerce above patriotism I do not believe. In the army called upon to liberate Cuba I have seen the son of a rich man and a coal miner marching side by side. It has always been this way and always will. Patriotism is a great leveller. While it will pull no man down, it elevates all to a noble level, that of willingness to give life for the perpetuity of free institutions. Now while this is true we must remember that the price of liberty is eternal vigilance. We must continue in commercial life as well as in all others to be obedient to law, the law of righteousness, that all people should be taught wholesome respect for the law of the land. Not only is the American citizen to feel that his government can protect him in any country in the world but also that every man is innocent in our own land until he has been proved guilty and to that end lynch law as well as the failure to enforce law should be discountenanced. The trampling under foot of the law of a state or nation is as serious as dishonoring the flag.

"This sermon would not be complete without reference to the personal battles of life, the conquest of the human heart, the bringing it under subjection to the Lord Jesus Christ. It is always honorable for an old soldier to make an unconditional surrender of himself to the Great Master. The greatest soldiers this country has known have increased the esteem in which they were held by so doing. Not only should this surrender be made but war should be made on anything that can keep you from yielding to Him the best you have in life and purpose.

"As the years draw on more and more of your fathers pass away. May I exhort you this day to make the proper preparation for the last great battle of life."

A Month's Test Free
If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Box 91, for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, express paid Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

AT SYDNEY.

Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York Have Arrived.

Sydney, N. S. W., May 27.—The British steamer Ophir, having on board the duke and duchess of Cornwall and York, arrived here at 11 o'clock this morning. She was joined outside the harbor by a squadron of seven government vessels conveying the premier, Sir William Lyne, the ministers and federal officers. As the squadron entered the roadstead, the Ophir leading, the Russian cruiser Gromobri, from the Athelbight anchorage, fired a royal salute. The British cruisers responded, hoisting the Russian flag. The harbor was crowded with shipping and excursion craft, and the shores were lined with thousands of spectators. The sun shone intermittently. When the Ophir came to anchor she was boarded by the governor general, the earl of Hopetoun, governor general of the commonwealth; Sir Frederick Darley, lieutenant governor of New South Wales, and the Russian admiral. The duke and duchess landed at 2 o'clock and were greeted by enthusiastic crowds. The decorations were magnificent and a brilliant military escort awaited the landing of the duke and duchess.

Exterminate The Breed!
That's the only way to get rid of bed bugs. The use of
Max Wirth's Bed Bug Killer
will secure a complete and final riddance of the pest.
Only 25c a Bottle at
Max Wirth's Drug Store,
13 West Superior St.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

AGAINST DANCING

Rev. A. C. Manson Is Emphatically Opposed To It.

Says the Christians Must Make Complete Surrender of It.

Gives His View of the Popular Round Dance.

Rev. A. C. Manson spoke last evening at the Second Presbyterian church on the question "Should Christians Dance?" taking the negative side of the question, very strongly. Taking for his text parts of the first four verses in the third chapter of Ecclesiastes where Solomon says that there is a time for everything under the sun, including a time to dance, Mr. Manson said that the words were often used by the advocates of dancing, in trying to justify their course, and that he would endeavor to prove that a Christian has no time to indulge in the popular so-called pastime. Dancing as it is now is a worldly affair and the Christian has no pretext to ally himself with the world.

He quoted Dr. Lyman Beecher for the statements that in the Bible dancing was a religious act, practised exclusively upon joyous occasions in the daytime by maidens only. "We can find no middle course where the bride of Christ can stand with one foot in the ballroom and the other beside the altar, where she can with low-necked dress stand encircled in the arms of the voluptary, who with a stare of lust looks upon the bosom under which, in the heart, Jesus Christ is enthroned. But there are reasons why the church should abstain from dancing. I find that the concensus of opinion is to that affect. The Roman Catholics warned their people against it, the Episcopalian says that it wastes time, incites passion and endangers health; the Presbyterian stands an inexorable foe against it; the Baptists and the Methodists and the Congregationalists oppose it. A chief of police in New York said that three-fourths of the abandoned girls of that city could trace their downfall to it and a bishop declared that nineteen out of twenty fallen women can trace their sad state to the modern dance. A writer in the Baptist church says that passion is the true basis of the popularity of the round dance, and in describing the attraction of the ballroom he says, 'It is the evening and the hour late; there is the delicious and unconscious intoxication of music and motion in the blood and the strange sense of being individually observed among so many, while yet the natural noble shame which guards the purity of man and woman alone together is absent. Such is the occasion and still hour after hour it whirls its giddy kaleidoscope around heart against heart, inhaling each other's breath, darting the fine personal electricity across between the meeting fingers—where can you find such a feeder for human passion and why wonder at the results?

"Now why should not Christians dance? Because the dance violates the laws of health and the body is the temple of the Holy Ghost. A gymnasium could not gain the support of physicians were it to trifle with time as the dance does, were it to be in the same sort of places as those in which dances are held. It has created moral aimlessness in that thing called society. There are many men who live for enjoyment only, enjoyment of the senses, passions and appetites. Then shame on the women whose ideal life is the next dance or the next party.

"The dance stands in the way of intellectual advancement; it hinders the work of the church; it takes the members away from prayer meeting and steals the interest from the services. Lastly the dance endangers social purity. In former times the square dances were popular, but society has turned the tables and now the circular dances predominates. This new order permits liberties which no other place will be conceded and here the pure maiden is clasped in the arms of the stenching wretch who snake-like has stung his many victims. What would you say if your wife lay her head on the shoulder of the libertine in your parlor? Why then allow him to do so in the dance? A Christian girl will soon tire of dancing with her brother. Take the sexes apart and the dance will cease. Before you can find Jesus Christ you will have to make a complete surrender of the dance."

Mr. Manson is preaching a series of Sunday night sermons on "Popular Amusements."

EXTREMELY NERVOUS.

Action of Russian Government Clearly Shows It.

St. Petersburg, May 27.—The prohibition of the publication of the Novoe Vremya for a week because of its editorial article on the labor troubles is creating an immense sensation as indicating extraordinary nervousness on the part of the government. The Novoe Vreyma is second only to the Moscow Vladomotie in conservatism and is usually allowed greater latitude than other papers. The editorial in question is mild as compared with many governmental publications on the labor situation in more quiet times. It merely said the operatives were poorly paid for excessively hard work and were beginning to be influenced by western literature, and suggested that the government carry on the work begun for emancipation and enforce social reforms.

A Card.
We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth.
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

Notice

To all persons, that after this date, Alfred Rix has severed his connections with the firm of Lindsay, Bartholomew & Rix. We, the undersigned, will not assume the responsibility of his representations.

DAN LINDSAY,
J. L. BARTHOLOMEW.

Quick Dessert
JELLYCON
No Cooking
No Baking
Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and set away to harden. Lemon, Orange, Peach, Raspberry, Strawberry, Wild Cherry.

The drivers for the
TROY LAUNDRY
Will call for your Laundry just as if nothing had happened.

If you want to talk with us, call up
'Phone 257

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

To Success in the five-cent cigar trade is our already successful and popular Alaskan Nuggets.

Mayor Hugo visited the High School this morning and addressed the scholars in the interest of the Fourth of July celebration. The mayor urged each class to turn out and make the day memorable. It has also been suggested that the high school scholars should take charge of the grade school pupils who will appear in the parade.

Marriage licenses have been issued to William A. Porter and Lovera Bell, of Omaha, Neb., and to August E. Schultz and Millie Stratten.

The funeral of Mrs. Alfred Williams will be held from the residence of Mr. Reberg, 1029 West First street, tomorrow, at 2 p. m. Interment at Forest Hill cemetery.

We are showing a new line of midsummer hats. Humes, over Suffel's.

Tom Reed cigars is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

PERSONALS.

S. J. Cusson, manager of the Edward Hines Lumber company, at Ashland, Wis., is in the city.

C. A. Ruprecht, of Ashland, Wis., was a business caller in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ziegler, of Milwaukee, Wis., are spending a few days in the city.

Frank A. Moss, of Ontonagon, Mich., arrived in the city this morning.

Selwar Meyer, of Hamburg, is a guest of the Spalding today.

M. C. Woodard, came down from Tower this morning.

E. J. O'Rourke, of Virginia, was a visitor in the city this afternoon.

Walter Bradford, of Boston, Mass., is a guest of the Spalding.

C. G. Poggi, the Chicago lumberman, spent Sunday in the city.

Judge Enslen returned yesterday from Ashtabula, Ohio, where he was called by the illnes of his mother, whose death was announced last week.

O. D. Kinney has returned from a stay of several weeks at Battle Creek, Mich., where he has been at the Sanitarium. He is much improved in health.

A. D. Davidson who is ill with erysipelas, is decidedly improved today.

Robert Wickes, of Utica, N. Y., is in the city today, the guest of M. S. Burrows.

FINDS PLACE.

R. S. Lerch Will Move To West Second Street.

R. S. Lerch took out a permit this morning to move his livery barn from First street and Third avenue west to the south side of Second street between Fourth and Fifth avenues west. The new location is diagonally across the street from the A. M. Miller residence and close to the residence of Capt. Alex McDougall.

At noon today Court Officer Jensen made another visit to the Lerch barn on First street, urging a prompt removal from the Hutchinson Bevier property in accordance with the writ of restitution served last week. Mr. Lerch informed him that all arrangements had been made to move off immediately.

Pure Cow's Milk

Made sterile and guarded against contamination, from beginning to baby's bottle, is the perfection of substitute feeding for infants. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk has stood first among infant foods for more than forty years.

INDEFINITELY POSTPONED.

New York, May 27.—The inter-collegiate bicycle races which were pozipoued on last Saturday, on account of wet weather, were today indefinitely postponed for the same reason.

THREE CANDIDATES.

New York, May 27.—The Mail and Express says today: "Three candidates for the presidency of the New York Central, to succeed S. R. Callaway, are being seriously considerd by the directors, they are E. V. Roos, vice president of the company, Edgar Van Eaton general superintendent of the Central and E. Dickinson, general manager of the Union Pacific.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

BIDS ARE OPENED

Watterworth & Fee Are Lowest On Superior Street Paving.

Purvington Brick, Made At Galesburg, To Be Used.

Brick Will Be Shipped To Duluth At Once.

The board of public works this morning awarded the Superior street paving contract to Watterworth & Fee for $54,708. The council will probably approve the board's action tonight. In that case very little time will be lost in beginning actual work on the street.

The Duluth contractors won out in a field of five, and against some very close bidding by Chicago and St. Paul contractors. There was a good deal of excitement when the bids were being opened.

The five bids were as follows: Watterworth & Fee, $54,708; Smith, Moss & Brown, Chicago, $55,115; Fielding & Shepley, St. Paul, $55,264; P. McDonnell, $56,470; MacLeod & Smith, $59,965.

The bids were opened at 10 o'clock, and at the noon session of the board the various bids were talked over at length and the commissioners decided that the Watterworth & Fee bid was the best from every standpoint. This firm will use the Purington paving brick, manufactured at Galesburg, Ill. The board of public works and committee of the council visited this concern last week, and are of the opinion that it is the best possible brick to be obtained.

The Purington people have about 14,000,000 brick on hand, and it is said will begin shipping to Duluth immediately, so that the work can begin in a couple of weeks.

The property owners will be assessed for 23,300 square yards of brick paving, and the street railway company will be asked to pay for 5700 yards of special paving for the street car tracks. The brick used in this latter connection is of special design and cost $1.65 a square yard as compared with $1.44 a square yard for the remainder of the street.

On the brick P. McDonell's bid was close to Watterworth & Fee's, though he was higher on other points. He bid $1.45 a square yard for brick against $1.44 by Watterworth & Fee.

ARE INVITED.

Territorial Pioneers Are Urged To Meet In Duluth.

Mayor Hugo has invited the Territorial Pioneer association to visit Duluth. The asociation met in the office of ex-Governor Pillsbury, in St. Paul, on Saturday afternoon, and decided on an excursion some time in June. The mayor's letter of invitation is as follows:

Hon. J. R. Carey, Member of Executive Committee Territorial Pioneers, Duluth, Minn.—Dear Sir: Please convey to the committee, in behalf of the citizens of Duluth, a cordial invitation to hold their annual "outing" in the city of Duluth with the suggestion that, included within the city limits is the interesting and historic spot known as Fond du Lac, which is easy of access and supplied with grounds and all conveniences for a comfortable and convenient pleasure party. By the time your outing will take place, in addition to the railroad connection, a steamboat will be running on the lower portion of St. Louis river, and the pleasure of a boat-ride may be had in addition to the picnic feature. When most other places, as a rule, will e be suffering from the heat, it will be the exception if our weather is not cool and comfortable.

The name "Duluth," and the location, are so interwoven with the early history of the state, that all parts of Duluth and vicinity are sacred to the memory of some person or incident, so that from a historic, archaeological and sociable standpoint, we believe that our city offers inducements which cannot be claimed by any other city.

Hoping that you will be able to induce the ladies and gentlemen of the Territorial Pioneers to pay us a visit, and assuring them a warm and hearty welcome, I remain, yours respectfully,

T. W. HUGO.

LATE MARINE NEWS.

Whaleback Henry Cort Has Gone Aground.

Detroit, May 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steel trust whaleback steamer Henry Cort went aground late last night at Ballard's reef, but was released by the wrecker Wales this morning. She is bound down. The schooner Toklo, in tow of the Raleigh, up-bound, went aground at the Lime Kilns this morning but was subsequently released by the Wales.

The steel trust's barge Fritz, aground at St. Clair cut, was released last night.

MORE VESSELS OFFERED.

Cleveland, May 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—For Lake Superior coal more vessels are offered than at any time last week, but the market is otherwise strong and unchanged.

GRAIN RATES.

Chicago, May 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Boats were freely offered at 1½ cents on corn, but there were few takers.

Progressing Well.

Contractor Doyle, who has the improvement work on the Lathrop estate, along the lake shore beyond Lester river, says that the work is going ahead very satisfactorily, considering its magnitude. About thirty men with teams are now at work on the extension of London road, through the grounds to be improved, and the work of clearing up the tract and setting out trees will be taken up later. It will take all summer to complete the contract.

WAS GREAT.

Duluth Drummers Had a Very High Time.

The delgation from Zenith council and other members of the U. C. T. that have been attending the convention of the order at Fargo, N. D., returned in their special train yesterday, reaching the city about 10 o'clock last evening. The train left Fargo at 8 o'clock Sunday morning and the trip homeward was made over the Great Northern road, by the way of Grand Forks and Crookston, where were left the delegations of traveling men from those cities.

The return trip was far from being devaoid of interesting incidents. When the train reached Bemidji at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the traveling men were met at the depot by the Bemidji City band, a committee on entertainment and a big delegation of citizens. A stop was made there for an hour and a half, and the visitors left the train and were escorted to the Hotel Markham, where they were served with a good dinner, as guests of the city. After dinner a procession was formed, headed by the band, and a march was made to the lake, where an address was made by the mayor of Bemidji. It was responded to in a happy vein by Mr. McCormick, of the Zenith council. After the speeches the procession paraded the principal streets of Bemidji. The members of the local organization speak very highly of their hospitable treatment at the hands of the citizens of Bemidji and say that it was one of the best features of the whole trip.

The ride home was enlivened in many other ways, another of the special features being the entertainment furnished the traveling men by the selections of the Zenith City quintet, comprised of Messrs. Reynolds, McCormick, Paterson, Wilson and Parker. The quintet is said to be making great progress in a musical way under the able leadership of Fred Reynolds. Members of the Zenith council say that this musical organization will be heard of on subsequent occasions.

The traveling men from Duluth that attended the convention say that the people of Fargo did everything possible for their comfort and entertainment during the convention, and the efforts were greatly appreciated. Zenith council carried off all the honors in point of numbers for its delegation was as large as that of St. Paul and Minneapolis combined.

The Duluth traveling men have another reason to feel pleased with the convention for two of the members of the Zenith council were elected to grand lodge offices. These were A. H. Overman, grand treasurer, and K. A. Riddle, a member of the executive committee. H. G. Mooney was chosen as alternate to the supreme council, which meets in Columbus, Ohio, on the last Saturday in June.

AS AMENDED.

The Report of Committee Passed By Presbyterians.

Philadelphia, May 27.—The recommendations of the majority of the committee on revision were amended and finally adopted by the general assembly as follows:

"A. We recommend that a committee, as provided by the form of government, chapter XXIII, section 3, be appointed by this assembly.

"B. The recommendation B, Moffatt amendment, sent earlier.

"C. We further recommend that that committee be instructed to prepare amendments of chapter III: chapter X, section 3; chapter XVI, section 7; chapter XXII, section 3, and chapter XXV, section 6, of our confession of faith, either by modification of the text or by declaratory statement, but so as to more clearly express the mind of the church, with additional statements concerning the love of God for all men, missions and the Holy Spirit. It being understood that the revision shall in no way impair the integrity of the system of doctrine set forth in our confession and taught in the holy synod."

The general assembly proceeded to the consideration of the report of the special committee on judicial commissions. This report recommends the establishment of a court of last resort to be styled the permanent judicial commission of the general assembly, for the hearing and final determination of judicial cases.

The report was still under discussion when recess was taken.

WANT HER RELEASED.

Counsel Desires Bail For Mrs. Bonine.

Washington, May 27.—A petition for a writ of habeas corpus was filed today by counsel for Mrs. Lola Bonine, who is held in connection with the killing of young Ayres, the census clerk in the Hotel Kenmore two weeks ago. A hearing on the petition was had before Justice Barnard at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The object of this move was to bring before the court, the question of Mrs. Bonine's release on bail.

Later—Judge Barnard refused to issue a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Mrs. Bonine, charged with the killing of James Ayres.

DEMANDS GRANTED.

Machinists at Bound Brook Return to Work.

New York, May 27.—The demand of the machinists employed by the American Engine company and the Ideal Cash Register company, of Bound Brook, N. J., were granted by these concerns and the men were all at work today.

Chicago, May 27.—A threatened strike at the Swift Packing house and yards did not take place. A conference was held by a deputation, representing the butchers and the Swift company, and it is thought an adjustment will be reached.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Anti-Scalping Law of New York Invalid.

New York, May 27.—Justice Gildersleeve, in the supreme court today, decided that the anti-scalping law passed by the legislature this year is unconstitutional. The justice said that while it is unsual for a special term of the supreme court to pass upon the constitutionality of a law, it will nevertheless not enforce laws which are manifestly invalid.

GAMES POSTPONED.

New York May 27.—New York-Cincinnati game postponed; rain.

Brooklyn, May 27.—Brooklyn-Chicago game postponed; rain.

Boston, May 27.—Boston-Pittsburg game postponed; rain.

Philadelphia, May 27.—Philadelphia- St. Louis game postponed; rain.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Dress Goods Reduced.

Values readily appreciated by those who want the very best they can get without paying too much—at regular prices we've done an enormous business on some of these very numbers—but the time has come when we take radical measures to reduce stock. Last week's unfavorable weather interfered with our plans somewhat, hence these prices to create a double response.

At $1.00—From $1.25. Tailor Venetians. In the up-to-date colorings, mixtures of brown, gray, blue and garnet. All wool. Special tailor weight. Regular price $1.25.

At 50c—On the fourth table will be displayed Cashmeres, Serges, Armures, Whipcords and Fancies that sold at 75c, 85c and $1. Next week's price 50c the yard.

At $1.25—Reduced from $1.75. Black Pebble Cheviot. All wool; 52 inches wide. Regular price $1.75.

At $1.25—From $1.50. Black Storm Serge. Two different styles—all wool, extra lining, 52 inches wide. Regular price $1.75.

At $1.25—From $1.75. Black Mohair Novelty—combining beauty and durability. Regular price $1.75.

At $1.25—From $1.75. Black Silk and Wool Novelty. You will see many of these goods next fall. Regular price $1.75.

At $1.50—From $2.00. Drap de Alma. One of the best and dressiest of fabrics. Colors tan, blue, brown, green, cadet and navy. Regular price $2.00.

New arrivals in Wool Etamines

Gray, tan and black—just what you've been looking for, $1.00 the yard.

French Etamines—in dress legths only—all colors—$8.75 to $15.00 the pattern.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

AS REFEREE.

Henry White Appointed In the Gilman Case.

Hartford, Conn., May 27.—Henry C. White, of New Haven, was appointed by Judge Shipman, in the United States circuit court today, as referee to act on the motion of the Bridgeport Trust company, administrator of the Gilman estate, to strike from the complaint of Mrs. Helen Potts Hall against the company certain portions and allegations alleged to be irrelevant. Mrs. Hall, in her complaint, claims that she was the adopted daughter of Mr. Gilman and therefore entitled to his estate.

TO HAVE TYPEWRITERS.

Turkish Government Rescinds Its Recent Ruling.

Constantinople, May 27.—In response to the protest of the foreign embassies, the order issued by the Turkish government prohibiting the entry of typewriters into Turkey has been rescinded.

MONUMENT DEDICATED.

Chattanooga, May 27.—The monument erected by the state of South Carolina on the battlefield of Chickamauga was dedicated today.

A bad complexion never gets better of itself. Doctor with Satin-Skin Cream and Powder, gaining healthy skin. 25c. Leading stores.

Rehearsal Festival Chorus

Tonight, Episcopal church, 8:15.

The discoveries of manuscripts and other ancient inscribed documents made by Dr. M. A. Stein, of the Indian educational service, in Chinese Turkestan, promise to be of great importance for the history of that part of Central Asia. Both the languages and the alphabets of these are, for the most part, Indian in character, though there are examples of Chinese and of some non-Aryan language which has not yet been identified.

A Good Thing to Go by....
WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
—AND—
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.
Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.
J. Q. FORD, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent, No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn

STONEWALL JACKSON.

Told to Mind His Own Business and Did.

Fourteen men were sitting in front of Willow Springs boarding house or 'hotel." as they call it in the suburbs, says the Chicago Record-Herald, when the oldest one in the group said:

"That was a good paper Col. John S. Cooper had on the battle of Port Republic. I was down there with John G. Reid when that fight came off."

"So was I," said the next man to him. A third man ventured the same information. Finally the fourteen rose solemnly from their chairs on learning that each and all of them had been with McClellan in the peninsula campaign. Working together for many of the past months, not one of the fourteen had thought to discuss army life with his companions. Brave men usually have little to say about their personal war experiences. The best war stories, like that of Col. Cooper, have never been in print.

The first speaker, whose name was Casey, started the conversation again with the remark:

"I read a story the other day of an entire Illinois regiment having got full on stone fence in the Tennessee campaign. That's funny, but not so funny as the fact that in 1862 Blenker's division of the Army of the Potomac, comprising nearly 10,000 men, with three batteries of artillery, got lost going from near Manassas Junction across the Shenandoah valley to join Gen. Fremont. It was lost so long, was so completely swallowed up, that Gen. Rosecrans was finally sent out after several weeks with a large body of cavalry to find out what had become of the division.

"You could hardly believe that was true, but there are plenty of men to substantiate the statement that nearly 10,000 men of our forces were absolutely lost to the main army for over two weeks, and neither the war department nor thec ommanding officers in the field knew where they were. It was about this time that the movement on Richmond was checked for the purpose of attending to Stonewall Jackson's operations in the Shenandoah valley. He was twenty miles from Strasburg and we had 45,000 men on his flank and rear within striking distance. We outnumbered his force two to one or more.

"Our object was to capture him. You remember that?"

The thirteen listeners nodded. The fourteenth continued:

"He didn't appear to care a rap about our object. We did capture Front Royal which he had taken from us, but then after that we were set down in the sun and allowed to bake there while Jackson leisurely moved away from us. I was in Shields' division, which finally, early in June, was sent after Jackson, or at him, to effect his capture. Brig. Gen. Carroll was the one who got the famous order from Shields to save the bridge at Port Republic, the one across the Shenandoah, which in his flight it was feared Jackson would destroy.

"When Gen. Carroll got to the Port Republic bridge Jackson was across it and in the town with his wagon trains. His troops were on the opposite side of the stream. Carroll realized the situation at once, and he ordered his artillery into position, where they would command the bridge, and directed the officer commanding his cavalry to take possession of the bridge. Capt. Reid aided in the execution of this command, and the bridge was taken. In accomplishing this one of Jackson's staff officers, Lieut. Douglas, was captured.

"I saw him wounded and then brought in," said one of the group.

"Well," said Casey, "Capt. Reid ordered him to sit down at the west end of the bridge until the fracas was over, and then his wound would be attended to. Just then a mounted officer came along, wearing a hanging overcoat and riding from Port Republic across the bridge to its west end. He stopped his horse and asked Capt. Reid in short, gruff manner:

"'What are you doing here?'

"Capt. Reid thought he was one of our cavalry officers, First Virginia men, and he answered:

"'I'm attending to my business, damn you, and you had better go to your command and attend to yours.'

"The officer excused himself and rode off the west end of the bridge, putting spurs to his horse and galloping up the hill. Just then Capt. Reid noticed his prisoner having a hearty laugh to himself and asked him what it was about.

"'Why,' said Lieut. Douglas, 'I was just thinking how funny it all was that it should be reserved for a Yankee lieutenant to curse Stonewall Jackson right to his face and send him about his business. That was Gen. Jackson, lieutenant, and look out! He's been attending to his business you sent him on; up there he comes.'

"Reid looked up toward the bluffs, and there, sure enough, were a large number of the enemy's guns being trained on the bridge, which at once became all too hot for our men, and they retreated with Lieut. Douglass, whom they afterward left at a house in the rear to be cared for. I know this story has been discredited by some, but I am satisfied it is true and that Jackson crossed the Port Republic bridge that day, and through our forces reached his own."

"So are we," said the thirteen others. "We were there and saw about all that was going on and what was happening. After the bridge episode we fought Jackson the next day—June 8, 1862."

"Yes," said Casey. "We fought him after having been fed on a pint of flour daily per man for a week. We were only 3000 strong. Our line was on Deep Run. We faced southwest toward Port Republic. We expected no reinforcements and had no reserves. Jackson held the Port Republic bridge and had whipped Fremont at Cross Keys."

"I'll never forget," said the man next to Casey, "how Jackson's two brigades came out of the wheatfields the morning of June 8, and went against us. Five times was the attempt made to break our lines and five times it failed. Jackson never captured us. We lost that day eight pieces of artillery, 368 killed and wounded and 534 missing, but his losses were over 1000. We literally mowed his men down."

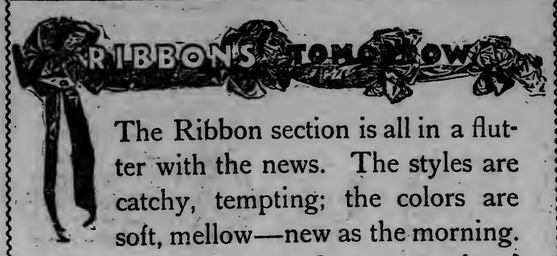
"Gentlemen," said Casey, "let us drink to the dead of both sides and the past."

Fourteen men rose and the libation was poured.

WET DAYS PREFERRED.

The adage, "Happy is the bride that the sun shines on," is one that is unknown in many lands. A Breton bride takes it unhappily when the day of her wedding dawns bright and sunny. Rain on her marriage morn is held to signify that all her tears are shed, and that she will therefore have a happy married life. It is said that the Erza of Simbrisk call the day before the wedding the weeping day, and the bride and her girl freinds weep as much as possible, with the idea of getting the mourning of life over, so that only what is joyful may remain. In some countries this result is attained by sousing the bride with water. The Greeks think that a thorough drenching of the bride will bring her lasting good fortune.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.



The Ribbon section is all in a flutter with the news. The styles are catchy, tempting; the colors are soft, mellow—new as the morning. Why not be among the first to wear them? The price concessions are important enough to suggest quick buying.

Plain colored Taffetas in the season's newest shades—new stripes, new plaids, new dots; Velvet Ribbons, black and colors; Wash Ribbons, double or single faced Satin Ribbons, Persian Ribbons; all widths, from the very narrow to the very wide.

Regular 50c Fancy Taffeta, 5 inches wide, at 39c.

12½c Fancy Hair Ribbons, 8c and 10c a yard.

A new lot of Fancy Hair Ribbons, regular 12½c. width, special, 8c and 10c a yard.

Wide Wash Ribbons—for collars and belts—in all colors, 4 inches wide, at 60c a yard.

Persian Ribbons—5 and 8 inches wide, all colors and shades, at 65c and 75c a yard.

New Louisienne Ribbons, 8 inches wide, just the thing for soft collars and belts—at 75c a yard.

Fancy Striped Satin and Taffeta Ribbons—in white, pink, blue, lavender, navy, old rose, red, turquoise, yellow—5 inches wide—at 50c and 60c a yard.

No. 1 Black Velvet Ribbons, 39c piece.

No. 1¼ Black Velvet Ribbon, 50c piece.

15c Fancy Stripe Hair Ribbons at 12½c.

39c 4-inch Fancy Taffeta Ribbons at 25c. Pink, blue and white.

New Dresden Ribbons, beautiful novelty effects, 5 inches wide—65c a yard.

Narrow Persian Ribbons for inserting, 12½c.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Important Sale of Fine Silks. Black and Colors.

Silk values of this sort will be quickly taken advantage of by women folks who appreciate low prices when linked with reliable quality—these are from our regular stock—reliable and up-to-date.

Black.

$1.00 Peau de Soie—75c.

$1.35 and $1.25 Peau de Soie—on sale at $1.00.

$1.65 Peau de Soie—24-inch wide and splendid value at that—on sale at $1.35.

$1.25 Armures, cords, stripes and small polka dots, for waists or trimmings—on sale at $1.00.

$1.25 Satin Duchesse—21 inches wide—on sale at 90c.

$1.25 Rhadimer Silk—21 inches wide—on sale at $1.00.

$1.25 Black Taffeta—27 inches wide—on sale at $1.00.

Colors.

$1.25 and $1.50 Fancy Silks, in all the season's new styles, including figured Liberty Satins, Taffetas and Louisiennes in stripes, cords, lace effects and the very much wanted moderate sized polka dot, sprinkled in broken clusters over the surface of the silk (these are the proper thing among the fashionable set in the East just now)—on sale at $1.00 a yard.

$1.25 Silk Flannel for 75c a yard—As we've decided not to keep up this line, we'll close out all we have left in them by putting them on sale at 75c a yard.

$3.50 Figured Mousseline de Soie—44 inches wide—black ground, with pretty little figure embroidered in color on the ground work. Very stylish for dresses or separate skirts. They're up-to-date and just the thing, but we'll put them on sale at $2.00 a yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

An Admitted Fact

Real Estate, Financial Men and Merchants

ALL SAY

That Quickest and Best Results Are Obtained by Advertising in the

Evening Herald!

You can enter a match play with a handicap and win if you use the J. MacGregor Club.

Play Golf

The most interesting and entrancing of all games—once started you forget yourself and go on winning health and enjoyment—our store is the starting point for Golf Players—here you get our new book, "Golf Rules," pick out the proper clubs and go—it means much to have the right Golf Outfit, and we can supply the whole affair.

Our Specialty—

Vordon's Celebrated **Clubs**

The J. MacGregor Clubs
We show the most complete line in the Northwest.

We have the B. G. I. Clubs

GOLF BALLS
Mussel Burg's, Silver Town, Vordon Flyer and B. G. I.

A full line of the very latest styles in leather Cady Bags. Ask for Book—"New Golf Rules."

Kelley Hdw. Co.

Angling is becoming more and more the popular sport of the summer season—by all means, go fishing, but first come to this store and get the right **TACKLE.**

FOR CIVIL SERVICE

Nearly Fifty Thousand Persons Took the Competitive Examinations.

Chief Examiners' Report of the Work of the Commission.

Porto Rico Examinations Delayed From Uncertainty of Citizenship.

Washington, May 27.—The annual report of the chief examiner, A. R. Serven, of the civil service commission, was made public today. It shows that during the year ended June 30, 1900, 45,641 persons took the competitive examinations for original appointments to the classified service. Of these 2,872 were for the departments, 2349 for the government printing office, 4396 for the custom house service, 435 for positions under collectors of internal revenue and 16,569 in classified postoffices. There also were 248 people examined non-competitively for places. There were 469 different kinds of examinations involving 1188 opportunities for the assemblying of competitors at places widely distributed throughout the states and territories.

The report says that general examinations in Porto Rico have been somewhat delayed because of the uncertainty whether the people of Porto Rico, as denominated by the act establishing civil government there, are citizens of the United States within the meaning of the civil service rules. Expenses have been cut in all directions to enable the establishment of the examination system in both Hawaii and Porto Rico when the citizenship question is settled by the supreme court.

There were 1390 appointments made in the general departmental service of which 500 were to comparatively insignificant places. The report instances some frauds discovered in examinations, resulting in barring offenders from future examinations and says it is well nigh impossible for collusion to occur without leaving its earmarks and being followed by summary punishment. The report makes a plea for more examiners and for ample facilities to renew systematic instruction of local boards of examiners.

MAN MURDERED.

Body Found In Sand Pit Near Courtenay.

St. Paul, May 27.—A Wimbledon, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: The murdered body of an unknown man has been found in a sand pit near Courtenay, and the marshal and a constable are in pursuit of the murderer.

THE TWENTY-THIRD.

New Haven, Conn., May 27.—The twenty-third annual congress of the American Laryngological association opened in Dwight hall, Yale university, today. About twenty-five distinguished specialists were in attendance.

LAW IS CONSTITUTIONAL.

Philadelphia, May 27.—The supreme court today rendered a decision confirming the constitutionality of what is known as the "Pittsburg ripper bill" recently passed by the legislature. The bill establishes a new government for "the second-class" cities of the state, Pittsburg,, Allegheny and Scranton.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

A NEW CABLE.

New York, May 27.—A new submarine cable between England and Germany has just been put down. The cable is owned by a British company, says the Tribune's London correspondent, but the German government contributed to its cost and a German firm was employed to carry out the work.

SANTO I WINS AGAIN.

London, May 27.—George Edwards, Esq.'s Santo I won the great Whitsuntide handicap at the Hurst Park club Whitsuntide meeting today. J. Dawson, Jr.'s Katie was second and Capt. Forester's St. Moritz finished third.

WILL BE A CANDIDATE.

Chttanooga, Tenn., May 27.—Governor McSweeney of South Carolina, who is attending the dedication services of the South Carolina monument at Chickamauga, stated today that he probably will be a candidate for the United States senate in the coming primary, although he had no definite announcement to make.

YES, While our new building is going up, we are going to CUT DOWN PRICES to beat two of a kind.

In our Carpet and Drapery Department is where the cut will be most felt, and then with the ridiculously low prices compare the quality with those of other houses and you will readily see which way the wind blows. Our 75c Velvet Carpets beat them all. Our 65c Ingrain Carpets for 35c is a hard nut to crack.

Our **$2.25** Art Squares are cheap at $4.00.
Our **$3.50** Art Squares are cheap at $5.00.
Our **$4.00** Art Squares are cheap at $6.00.

And many more such bargains too numerous to mention.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

Bayha & Co.

24 to 26 East Superior Street.

WORK OF FIRE BUGS

The Troy Laundry Is Destroyed By Fire.

Police Are Confident That It Is of Incendiary Origin.

Frank Fifer Is Terribly Burned and Suffers Horribly.

An incendiary fire destroyed the Troy Steam Laundry shortly after 1 o'clock this morning. An explosion which occurred during the fire nearly caused one death.

There is not the slightest question in the minds of the police but that the fire was started by amateur burglars in a blundering attempt to cover their work. The building, which is located at 510-514 East Superior street, was swept so completely by the flames, that little was left by which the incendiary might be traced.

Shortly after the fire burst through the front of the building, it was noticed by Frank Fifer, a driver who slept in French & Bassett's barn on Seventh avenue east. He hurried down to awaken the family of Policeman John Link, living just in the rear of the laundry building, and while running through the alleyway a terrific explosion occurred. Flames burst out of the rear of the building and burned him terribly about the face and hands. For a while, early this morning, it was feared he would not recover, but at noon today he seemed to be resting easily.

Friends of young Fifer did not realize how badly he was burned at the time, and took him to a drug store, where they dosed him up with whisky. Later, at his request, they took him back to French & Bassett's barn, where he was sleeping, and left him there. The pain from the burns crazed him, and he wandered about the city during the early hours of the morning. Officer Murray found him at the corner of Lake avenue and First street at about 2 o'clock and started him home, not knowing of his burns. Later the same officer found him lying in the street at First street and Second avenue east. He was in great pain, and was removed to the home of Officer Link.

The opinion of the authorities that the Troy laundry was set on fire is strengthened by the attempt that was made to burglarize and then burn the office of the Pioneer Fuel company at Third avenue east and Superior street. Along about 11:30 this building was broken into through a rear window and drawers and desks looted. The thief or thieves belonged to the strictly amateur class and did not tamper with the safe. Only a directory and a pair of shears were taken. But before leaving the office a pile of papers was touched off in the center of the floor. The papers burned up brightly, but did not set the building on fire. There was a can of oil within two feet of the fire, which the incendiary evidently overlooked. C. H. Weldon, who rooms at 18 Third avenue east, saw the blaze and notified police headquarters. Jailer Robert Johnson murried to the Pioneer office, but by the time he arrived the fire had burned itself out without doing any damage.

The directory and shears taken from this office were found near an old barn at the corner of First alley and Fourth avenue east. It is thought that the incendiary dropped them there and went direct to the Troy steam laundry, gained entrance to the office and after making a bungling attempt to rob the laundry, started another fire, similar to that in the office of the Pioneer Fuel company.

Had the fire department been notified as soon as the fire was discovered it is probable that the blaze would have been easily controlled. But it was one blunder after another. Several men were dashing wildly about the neighborhood looking for keys to the fire alarm box, while the flames rapidly gained headway. These were two fire alarm keys at Fitger's brewery but no box could now be found. Another in a saloon just west of the burning building was known to be hanging in the hallway, but the excited men claimed that the door was barred and they could not get in. Finally after much valuable time had been wasted some person ran to police headquarters and turned in the alarm.

By the time the department arrived there was but scant chance of saving the building. The gas pipes were broken and the accumulated gas caused a series of explosions that scattered the flames to all parts of the building and even set fire to the Fitger ice house located across the alley. It was in one of these explosions that Frank Fifer was so badly burned.

When the flames got through the work of destruction there was nothing in the laundry that was not in ashes, except the iron work and machinery, which was badly twisted out of shape by the heat and the two safes in the office.

The books were in the safe and when examined this morning were found to be in good condition. Those who saw the fire first say that the flames burst out the northwest window of the office, which rather confirms the theory of attempted burglary followed by incendiarism.

S. W. Clark, manager of the Troy laundry, said this morning that there was no possible way in which the fire could have started accidentally. eH is very positive of this, and he, too, says that it must have been of an incendiary source. There was little laundry in the building at the time it having been delivered on Saturday. Had the fire occurred at any other time of the week it is thought that a large quantity of laundry would have been destroyed. The Troy will resume as soon as possible, but at noon a new location had not been secured.

The machinery of the Troy laundry was valued at $8000 and only insured for $3000 as follows:

Royal—Graves-Manley agency	$1,000
Northern—William Schupp	1,000
New York—William Schupp	1,000

The building was valued at $6000 and was owned by A. R. Macfarlane and J. F. McLeod. The damage to the building is between $3000 and $4000.

Lester Park.

Duluth's most prominent pleasure resort promises to become more popular than ever this year. The grand opening takes place Decoration day. La Brosse's orchestra is engaged for every day this season. There will be no intoxicating liquors sold and no dancing on Sunday.

"Decoration Day Outings."

On May 29, 30 and 31 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:

Deerwood and return	$2 85
Sturgeon Lake and return	1 50
Pine City and return	2 40

Tickets good returning June 3.

For tickets, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

CRITICAL POSITION

Condition of the Salisbury Government Not At All Flattering.

Comparatively Little Has Been Done By Parliament This Session.

War Secretary In Trouble In Realizing His Army Scheme.

New York, May 27.—The Salisbury government is in a very critical position as regards legislative business, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Practically when parliament meets after the Whitsuntide holiday there will only be two months of the session left, and so far not a single measure has been seriously proceeded with beyond the demise of the crown bill, which may be regarded as outside the catagory of ordinary legislation, and the budget bill. The rest of the legislature program promised in the king's speech virtually remains untouched. It is not surprising therefore, that rumors continue to circulate as to the probability of an autumn sesion.

There is no doubt, the London correspondent of the Herald thinks, that Mr. Brodrick, the secretary of state for war, is not popular with the British army. It is learned from talk in the military clubs, that no less than one thousand officers have sent in their papers to the war office. In military circles it is the only topic of conversation. Dissatisfaction is expressed on all sides. None of these military men believe Mr. Brodrick will be able to realize a new army scheme. The recruiting outlook is very black indeed.

The British newspapers and reviews do not provide altogether pleasant reading for the British multi-millionaire these days, the London correspondent of the Tribune thinks. Ever since the announcement of Mr. Carnegie's gift to Scotland, men of vast wealth in Great Britain have been vainly called upon to follow in the footsteps of those of America. Sir Henry Rosoe, in an artelie in "The Monthly Review," gives a list of nine American universities endowed with various large sums by single individuals, and it has attracted a lot of notice. In contrast, it is pointed out that although the duke of Devonshire, as chancellor of Cambridge university, not long ago asked for £500,000 to revive the work of that great English institution, which has been hit so hard by the agricultural depression, a good deal less than half the sum required has yet been obtained.

The king has decided to break up his large hackney stud at Sandringham, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Tomorrow there will be a sale at Wolferton farm of thirty-four lots, comprising fifty-eight harness horses, which will be offered without reserve. There will be another sale at Wolferton in September, when more than 100 brood mares, fillies and foals will be disposed of. In future only a small stud of breeding animals will be kept by his majesty at Sandringham.

Interest is being taken in London, says the correspondent of the Tribune, in the news that the government of the Dominion of Canada have dispatched a representative to South Africa to study the trade capabilities of that country, with a view to opening up and extending the markets for Canadian products there when the opportunity occurs for doing so.

THE PAPER COMBINE.

Canadian Government Will Take Up the Cudgel.

Toronto, May 27.—The Canadian Press Association has been advised by Hon. Mr. Fielding, minister of finance, that the government will conduct the investigation and summon all necessary witnesses in the inquiry into the alleged paper-makers' combination. The association had intended prosecuting. Mr. Fielding's communication clears up all doubts as to the government's position in the matter, and meets all the claims of the Press association. Eminent counsel will be employed in the inquiry, which will open before Judge Taschereau in Montreal.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, May 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—M. A. Guy has been appointed postmaster at Cedar, Anoka county, vice T. J. Elin, resigned.

TENOR DEAD.

New York, May 27.—News has been received here of the death, in Turin, of Antonio Ceppi, for several years one of the tenors of the Maurice Grau Opera company.

TRANSPORTS SAIL.

Washington, May 27.—A dispatch received at the war department from Gen. Chaffee at Taku says that the transports Sumner and Lennox sail May 27 (today), and that all of the troops that are to leave China are off for Manilla.

BOUGHT FIVE PER CENTS.

Washington, May 27.—Secretary Gage today bought $53,000 5 per cent short-term bonds at $103.9071, and $6000 4s at $113.7468.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

$5.75 Round Trip to St. Paul & Minneapolis $5.75.

Via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale every day from May 27 to June 4, inclusive. Good to return up to and including June 15. The Bee line limited, at 1:25 p. m., fastest train to Minneapolis, arriving at 6 p. m. and St. Paul 6:25 p. m. Night express leaves at 11:10. Secure tickets and berths at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

DEERWOOD AND RETURN.

Take the Northern Pacific railway to Deerwood for Sunday outing.

Tickets going Saturday, returning Monday.....$2.00

Going Friday, returning Monday.. 2.85

Going any day, returning thirty days..... 3.80

Call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Mail orders promptly filled. TRY US.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

We sell the Butterick Paper Patterns. June number ready

Sweeping Reductions on

Silk Eton Jackets *of all Styles.*

These phenomenal clearing prices on every silk Eton in the house will make this department the center of attraction Tuesday. Absolutely no reservations are made. The startling low prices are made on the entire stock to give it the quickest sort of a send off. Read of the economy—and come.

$10.00 Silk Eton Jackets are now on sale at **$5.00**

$15.00 and $12.50 Silk Eton and Bolero Jackets are now on sale at **$7.50**

$18.50 and $17.50 new Silk Eton Jackets are **$9.50**

$22.50 and $20 Silk Eton and Bolero Jackets are now on sale at **$12.50**

$35, $30 and $25 most fashionable Silk Eton and Bolero Jackets, tucked, corded, elaborately and beautifully trimmed—are now on sale at **$15.00**

Great SUIT SALE Continues.

It's a pleasure to sell such excellent suits at these little prices—only because we bought them at one-third to one-half less than the usual prices are we able to do so. For these suits are new and fresh—the best examples of the tailor's art—not the left-overs from a season's selling, and the prices represent just about the cost of materials alone.

$10.00 and $12.00 Tailor-made Suits of excellent Cheviots and Homespuns—silk lined Eton and Bolero Jackets. Sale price **$6.95**

$25.00 and $26.00 Eton Suits, elegantly made, in new fashionable Eton, Bolero and blouse shapes. Sale price **$15.00**

$27.50 and $30.00 Tailor Suits—highest class tailoring, beautiful materials, Eton, Bolero or vested effects; splendidly trimmed. Sale price **$20.00**

Dress Goods Underpriced.

The saving on most of these is great enough to help largely on the making. This should be interesting to all women—and the goods are most fashionable and desirable, which makes them doubly attractive.

$1.25 and $1.00 Fancy Black Wool Grenadines 69c—Made by the Priestly Mills—40 to 42 inches wide—this splendid $1.25 and $1.00 fabric at **69c**

65c Black Cheviot—good heavy weight, 40 to 45 inches wide, regular 65c Cheviot at **50c**

56-inch Rugby Suiting—Fine all wool goods for separate skirts, ready sponged and shrunk—our price is **$1.25**

$1.25 Mohair Brilliantine—44 in wide—silk finished—our price **$1.00**

Priestly's $1.25 Fine Black Serge—Melrose Soliel—Nun's Veilings—Whip Cords—the regular $1.25 quality of these fashionable cloths Tuesday at **$1.00**

Priestly's $1.50 Black Pierolas—Whip Cords—Prunellas—Silk Eudoras and Etamines, regular $1.50 quality of the beautiful weaves at tomorrow's price only **$1.25**

See window display of "Cravenette" water proof fabrics for skirts and suits.

A Price Flurry Among the Most Wanted Silks.

L. D. Brown's Guaranteed Black Taffeta—21 inches wide—will wear better than most $1.25 Taffetas—our price **$1.00**

Black La Tosca All-Over Nets—42-inches wide—for handsome dresses and skirts—special value at **$1.25**

23-inch Black Peau de Soie—worth $1.50—very soft texture and high lustrous finish—our price tomorrow **$1.25**

Black Sewing Silk Grenadine—44-inch—very fine quality, regular price $2; tomorrow the price is only **$1.59**

Plain colored Liberty Foulards—24 inches wide—splendid quality, all the fashionable shades of green, pink, blue, rose, etc., $1 quality at only **75c**

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Thrown Out at Meeting of Presbyterian Assembly.

Des Moines, May 27.—At today's session of the United Presbyterian general assembly, the question of woman suffrage came up in the report of judiciary committee, which was to the effect that the question is purely civic, and therefore, not one properly can come before an ecclesiastic legislative body. The report was approved.

An appropriation of $600 was made for the establishment of a mission at Dolaib Hal, Soudan, and steps were ordered taken for the establishment of colleges at Asyut, Egypt and Gordon, India.

For ministerial relief, $10,000 was appropriated, the maximum annuity being fixed at $2.50.

For home missions, $100,000 was appropriated.

BRUTAL MURDER.

Ohio Farmer Killed By Two Masked Burglars.

Navarre, Ohio, May 27.—Christian Stahl, a farmer living near this place was brutally murdered last night, by two masked burglars, who broke into the house and demanded his money. Upon being refused, the burglars bound Stahl and the other members of the family with ropes. After beating Stahl until he was unconscious the men left. Stahl's sister managed to free herself and gave the alarm. Stahl died soon after being freed from his bonds. There is no clue to the murderers.

TO SOUTH RUSSIA.

Rioting Spreads as Result of a Play.

London, May 27.—Rioting has spread to South Russia, says a dispatch from St. Petersburg, as a result of the production of the anti-semite play "The Smugglers." At Kutais, thousands of people congregated around the theater and stoned the police. A detachment of Cossacks charged and dispersed the crowd. Thirteen policemen, fifteen Cossacks and two officers of Cossacks were severely injured.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

OVER FIFTY INJURED.

Albany, N. Y., May 27.—Further information from the vicinity of the collision on the Albany & Hudson railroad near East Greenbush shows that the number of injured is over fifty. There have been no other deaths, however, up to this hour.

Reserved Seats

For May festival at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

AT WEST DULUTH

Last season the members of Sitting Bull tribe, No. 25, Order of Redmen, had a first-class ball team and were able to defeat every Redmen team that played against them. The tribe will have a ball team this season that they claim will be even stronger than that of last summer. The team has been organized and is now ready to meet any fraternal, business house or amateur team in the city. The team will play at the state convention of Redmen, which will be held in Walker some time in August. The battery of the team will be Lambert, pitcher, and Frank Wade, catcher. George Shepard will play at short, and Henry Breen will be found at his old position on first base. Peter Campbell will play second base, and J. Ramsbottom will play third base. The fielders are T. J. Ultican, Charles Tracey and Iver Seastead. P. J. Mulligan is managing and coaching the club.

FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

Plans have been made for a special observance of Decoration day at Zenith Park on May 30. The Swedish Salvation Army of the West End has chartered the steamer Mary Mann and will conduct services at the park all day. The steamer will leave the Twenty-first avenue west dock at 9:30 o'clock in the morning, and will make the return trip to this dock in the evening. If the weather is pleasant it is expected that there will be a large attendance at the park on Thursday, as many West Duluthians are planning to spend the day there with their families.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Henry Jamieson has gone to New York to reside. Before leaving, however, he was very pleasantly surprised at his former home, at Fifty-eighth avenue west and Eleanor street, by a number of his friends.

The new machinery has been installed for the West Duluth Shirt factory, and it is expected that the plant will resume operations very soon. The building that the factory occupies, which was badly damaged by fire, has been entirely rebuilt by Contractor Emil Zauft.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cook and little daughter, Kate, from Southern Michigan, are visiting relatives in West Duluth for a few days.

Elmer Smith left this morning for his home in Houghton after a visit with relatives here.

The West Duluth Republicans are feeling very well pleased over the demonstration that they made on Saturday evening.

Capt. Mann will have the grand opening of Zenith Park next Sunday. On Decoration day, steamer Mary Mann will make round trips from West Duluth to Zenith Park every half hour from 1 o'clock. Fare, 10 cents.

For fresh milk and cream try the Murray Bros. company butter store, 521 Central avenue, corner Grand.

PHILADELPHIA HORSE SHOW.

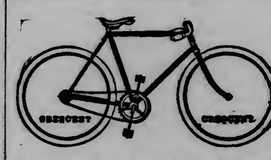
Philadelphia, May 27.—The tenth annual exhibition of the Philadelphia Horse Show association opened today on St. Martin's green, Wissahickon Heights. The weather, cloudy and cold, had a depressing effect upon the attendance. The list of entries is larger than at any previous exhibition. The exhibition will continue six days, and prizes aggregating $15,000 will be distributed.

SUSPECT ARRESTED.

San Francisco, May 27.—Herman Luetgerth, a butcher, has been arrested in conection with the murder of 12-year-old Robert Hislop at his home Saturday night. Luetgerth formerly boarded at the Hislop home. Young Hislop was found dead in his room yesterday morning and was supposed to have been killed by burglars.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures billiousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded, 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.



Crescents the standard of Bicycle construction. They lead all others. Get one and be among the leaders. We have them with coaster brake, cushion frame and all the latest improvements and sell them at fair prices. They are—

$25.00
$35.00
$50.00

We do Bicycle repairing that is satisfactory.

WIELAND & WADE,
323 West First St., Duluth.
317 Central Ave., West Duluth.

GAME WAS A CORKER

Duluth and Superior Open Season With Beautiful Contest.

Score 3 to 2 For Duluth---Hot Finish In the Ninth.

Fifteen Hundred People Delighted With Duluth's Team.

The Duluth baseball team certainly shapes up like a winner. The opening game at Oneota park yesterday afternoon will live in the archives of baseball memory. It was fast, clean and furious. Fifteen hundred people enjoyed it.

Manager Hansell has certainly given Duluth the best team in years—a team that deserves liberal patronage. The players lead strictly to business, and rowdyism promises to be eliminated from the game.

Both Glenney and Hanley pitched phenomenal ball. The Duluth twirler had a decided advantage, however. He had great speed, puzzling slants and splendid control. He gave Superior but five scattering hits, and would have shut them out had it not been for errors in the ninth inning. Again, with two men on bases in the ninth Glenney made a pretty stop of a hard drive from Mullaney, which put an end to the game and made the respiration of 1500 fans normal again.

The new members of the Duluth team showed up exceptionally well. Randall smashed out a screeching triple in the eighth that scored the winning run. Connors and Cameron showed up well, but both need a little practice. Shepard and Lambert played in old-time form and were easily the favorites.

In "Red" Hanley the Superior team has a promising twirler. He is a graduate of the corner lots over there, and with a little experience will be a valuable man.

Duluth scored first in the fourth inning. Connors went clear round to second on errors by Porter and Kline, and scored on Lambert's terrific double over second. In the fifth Cameron got his base on balls, went to second on Hall's sacrifice, reached third on a passed ball and scored on an error by Duff.

In the ninth, with two men out, Superior came very near tying the score. Augustine reached first on an error, and Porter singled, two more errors scored both and left two men on bases. It looked as if the men from across the sad sea waves would win out, but Glenney was equal to the emergency and retired the side with his pretty stop of Mullaney's drive.

The score was as follows:

Duluth—	R	H	P.O.	A	E
Connors, 2d b	1	0	2	1	1
Lambert, c. f	0	1	2	0	0
Shepherd, ss	0	1	0	4	1
Randall, l. f	1	1	2	0	0
Cameron, 1st b	1	1	13	1	0
Hall, c. f	0	0	1	0	0
Goldie, 2d b	0	1	0	1	1
Olson, 2d b	0	1	3	1	0
Glenney, p	0	0	0	2	0
Sturgeon, c	0	1	3	2	0
Total	3	6	27	15	3
Superior—	R	H	P.O.	A	E
Baxter, 2d b	0	1	2	3	0
Augustine, s.	1	0	1	0	0
Porter, 3d b	1	1	2	2	1
Kline, c	0	0	3	0	1
Mullaney, c. f	0	2	2	0	0
McLeod, 1st b	0	0	8	0	1
Hurley, l. f	0	1	1	0	0
Duff, ss	0	0	0	3	1
Hanley, p	0	0	0	2	0
Total	2	5	*26	9	3

*Hall out, hit by batted ball.

Score by innings.

	R	H	E
Duluth	0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0	3	6
Superior	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0	2	5

Other Baseball Games.

The following games in the city league were played yesterday:

Kelleys.....0 0 0 0 4 0 2 0 0—6
Lethbead.....2 2 1 5 0 0 0 1 0—12

Batteries—Kelley Hardware company—Klunkt and Kreeger; Lethbead Drug company—McInisse and Murphy.

Eveleth.....1 2 0 3 3 5 2 1 0—17
M-W. H&W. Co.....0 0 4 1 1 0 2 0 0—8

Batteries—Eveleth—Bennett and Kreeger. Marshall-Wells—Burrows, Bath and Conley.

On Saturday afternoon the Crescents defeated the Tigers on the Sixth street grounds by a score of 12 to 7. W. Duffy pitched a good game for the Crescents and Thrall did the twirling for the Tigers.

A SECOND VICTORY.

Duluth High School Team Defeats Cloquet.

The high school baseball team rubbed it into Cloquet for the second time Saturday afternoon, when they defeated the lumber town team by a score of 5 to 3. Up to the sixth inning the score stood 3 to 0 in favor of Cloquet, when the Duluth boys got in some stick work and raised it. The Cloquet pitcher held his team up well, but received very poor support in return. Cummings for Duluth was a whirlwind and kept the other people guessing throughout the game. Saturday afternoon the high school team will meet the Superior normal school, and it promises to be one of the best games of the season. The line-up Saturday was as follows:

Duluth.		Cloquet.
Potter	catcher	Chavin
A. Cummings	pitcher	Fuller
Dash	first	McCullough
Alworth	second	Peltier
Staacke	third	Sandstrom
Peterson	shortstop	Allen
Berg	left field	Loureugs
Congdon	center field	Laretto
Andrews	right field	Hoyt

STACK & CO.

Remodeling Sale.

Bargains—hard to be matched—can't be beat.

7½c per yard for remnants of "Sea Island" and "White Star" Percales; regular price 12½c and 15c.

5c per yard for best quality Apron Ginghams, worth 7c.

3½c per yard for Unbleached Muslin Remnants, worth 6c.

Remnants of 39c Wool Novelties, at—per yard..... **25c**

SAMPLES from America's foremost Neckwear manufacturer at a fraction of their value—
$1.00, $1.25 and $2.00 Puffs at..... **50c**
75c and 50c Bows, 4-in-hands, etc.. **25c**
25c and 25c Assorted Ties at..... **10c**
Boys' Wool Mixed Pants, made to sell for 39c at..... **19c**

SAMPLES of Silk Shirt Waists at a price to sell—Desirable combinations and colorings—No better make—
$10 Sample Silk Shirt Waists at..... **$5.00**
$7.50 Sample Silk Shirt Waists at..... **$3.75**
$4.00 Sample Silk Shirt Waists at..... **$2.69**

"As we buy, so we sell"—Note the price arguments:
"North Star" Shirt Waists—A big stock bought at about half price—
75c Waists at..... **35c**
$1.00 Waists at..... **50c**
$1.48 and $1.98 Waists at..... **75c**
75c all-wool Henriettas, in popular shades at..... **39c**
"Priestley's" Novelty Dress Goods, worth $1.50 and $1.75 a yd. **88c**
Silesia Remnants, worth 10c a yard, at..... **6½c**
Ladies' Jersey rib sleeveless Vests, seconds of 12½c Vests at.... **5c**
Bed Spread—We have contracted to sell 1000 in six months, full size Marseilles patterns, $1.00 spreads. **69c**
Men's fancy stripe and plain Balbriggan 50c underwear at..... **25c**
Men's Fancy Hose, worth 19c a pair at..... **10c**
$1.00 for samples of Rugs, worth from $1.50 to $2.48.

3rd Infantry Band

J. H. Flaaten, Director.

CONCERT AND DANCE

at the Armory, Next Tuesday Evening, May 28

Admission 50c. Gallery 25c.

SHANNON

Calls On the Secretary of War and Asserts Innocence.

Washington, May 27.—Revision of the sentences imposed by Secretary Root upon the cadets adjudged guilty of causing the recent disturbance at West Point military academy cannot be made by the executive, war department officials say, and no possible benefit can result to the cadets dismissed from the academy from a personal interview with the secretary of war, nor will there be any mitigation order issued suspending the six young men for one year.

Cadet James A. Shannon of Duluth, who belongs to the latter class, called at the war department Saturday. Mr. Shannon informed Secretary Root that at the time of the disturbance he was confined to his room. He furnished proofs substantiating his statement, and asked the secretary to supply him with a copy of the charges filed against him.

Secretary Root listened to the young man's statement and informed him he would make an investigation. If he deems it proper to do so, he will supply Shannon with the copy of the evidence upon which Col. Mills based his recommendation for his suspension.

Shannon insists he can prove an alibi, and he proposes to make a strong effort to prove his innocence.

JOSEPH C. CAREY DEAD.

Well-Known Lakeside Resident Succumbs to Disease.

Joseph C. Carey died yesterday morning shortly after midnight at his home, 5531 London road, of Bright's disease. He has been a sufferer from the disease for some time, and his dissolution was not unexpected. Mr. Carey has been a resident of Duluth for fourteen years and has a large circle of friends. He was born in New York state 63 years ago, and about 50 years ago came to Minnesota with his parents, locating on a farm at Blooming Prairie, Minn., near Owatonna. He lived there until he came to Duluth. Upon coming here he engaged in the contracting business, and continued in that until two or three years ago, when his health failed and he retired from active work. During the progress of the civil war he was very anxious to go to the front and enlisted three times, but was each time rejected because not up to the physical requirement. A severe attack of typhoid fever had left him with an affection of one of his limbs, and this barred him from the army. Mr. Carey was married 29 years and his wife and six children survive him. Five of these children live in Duluth, Frank, Miss Gertrude, Josephine, Martha and Mrs. Julius H. Barnes. Another son, George, is in the West.

The funeral took place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock and the body will be taken this evening to Blooming Prairie and will be buried there. Mrs. Carey, Frank Carey and Miss Gertrude will accompany the remains.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers search the remotest prats of the bowels and remove the impurities speedily with no discomfort. They are famous for their efficacy. Easy to take, never gripe. Max Wirth.

Spring Humors of the Blood

Come to a large majority of people.

Probably 75 per cent. of these are cured every year by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we hope by this advertisement to get the other 25 per cent. to take this great Spring Medicine.

It will sharpen your appetite, cure all stomach troubles, relieve that tired feeling.

Its strength as a blood purifier is demonstrated by its marvelous cures of

Scrofula	Salt Rheum
Scald Head	Boils, Pimples
All Kinds of Humor	Psoriasis
Blood Poisoning	Rheumatism
Catarrh	Malaria, Etc.

All of which are prevalent now.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Will do you a wonderful amount of good. Be sure to get Hood's.

LUMBER CIRCLES

Shipments Are Liberal and Relieve Congestion On Docks.

Eastern Buyers Say Retail Situation Is Excellent.

Streams Already Showing Signs of Drying Up.

Eastern buyers have been in the city during the past week looking up special grades of lumber to replenish their stocks and already there has been a fair sale of new lumber Many of the Eastern lumbermen had purchased their lumber on the docks here last winter and came up to arrange for its shipment, the lumber docks at every mill on the lake being crowded with the old stock and the newly cut lumber of this season. It looked for a time as though some of the mills would have to close down and wait for the lumber boats to clear the docks, but the movement has been very brisk during the last six or seven days and the situation is much better.

Lumber prices are holding firm with no indications of change, at least for the present. One of the Eastern buyers, who was in the city last week, characterized the market in the East as very fair, with prospects of being better before the end of the season. The retailers, he said, are having a steady demand in all grades, and prices range about as they did a year ago.

Shipments from the Duluth-Superior docks have amounted to about 25,000,000 feet thus far this season, a greater part of this being moved within the last ten days. Vessel chartering for lumber shipments has been quite lively and the race of $2.25 for the lower lake ports and $2.50 for Chicago seems to be pretty well established. On Saturday there were about twenty lumber boats in the harbor taking loads, several of which celared by Saturday night.

Timber deals on the north shore continue to be made and at good figures. P. Culligan has disposed of 30,000,000 feet of Lake county standing pine at $4 per 1000 feet to the Weyerhauser. It is understood that other deals in the same locality, of a greater magnitude, are under way at the present time.

The settlement of the wage question at the local mills during the past week has placed the manufacturers in a position to operate more heavily than they had been during the strike of the lumber pilers. Some of the mills have already commenced their night runs and others are preparing to do the same at a near date. The delay caused by the strike has put a few of the manufacturers behind on their contract sawing.

The Longyear Lake Lumber company, at Hibbing, has started up for the season and will cut about 20,000,000 feet. A large quantity of its product will be dressed by the planer for home use. The timber on the townsite of the new town of Chisholm is being taken off by the Mitsak Lumber company, and will be cut at its mill. The Mitsak Lumber company has about 35,000,000 feet of standing pine close to its mill.

The members of the new Minnesota and Oregon Timber company, composed of people of Eveleth, have gone West to take up their claims in a bunch, and will handle the timber together after proving up.

There is very little river driving under way in this district at the present time, most of the streams having low water. In the logging railway districts the winter's cut of logs has been pretty well cared for and some of the roads will have finished up their work for the season by mid-summer. It is expected that the St. Croix & Duluth Logging road, operated by the Empire Lumber company, will finish hauling to the St. Croix river by the latter part of July. The water in the St. Croix is said to be much higher than in other streams in the Northwestern logging districts and logs are being driven down to the Mississippi river mills in large numbers.

Lumbermen say that the man who has white pine logs for sale, where he can deliver them to the manufacturers, will have no trouble in disposing of them this season at a good price. Some of the mills, of course, own their logs, but those mills that are depending on the streams of the district are likely to run short of material to saw before the end of the seasin. In fact, it is said that some of the mill companies are already guessing where their supply is to come from.

The uncertainty of the logging streams of the Northwest is every year compelling the lumbermen to depend more and more on railroad logging. With the exception of the Upper Mississippi, the log driving situation is not very favorable anywhere in the Northwest.

William McAuley, who has been the local agent for the Musser-Sauntry company for many years, has gone to Ashland to take up duties as superintendent of manufacturing and grading for the same concern. The Musser-Sauntry company is putting in a large quantity of logs at Ashland this year.

GO FISHING.

Many People From Duluth Spend Sunday at Various Resorts.

Yesterday there was an exodus of the lovers of the piscatorial art in every direction out of the city. Many left on Saturday night so as to be early at the fishing grounds on Sunday morning. Duluth fishermen were well represented at the Brule river, where they went for trout. Some of the men took their wives for the day's outing. Other fishermen continued on farther eastward, in Wisconsin, and went after bass in the lakes beyond Iron River, while a party of Duluth professional and business men made the trip to Lake Gogebig, in Northern Michigan, on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, which is undoubtedly the most popular fishing and pleasure resort between the head of the lake and Marquette. Lake Gogebic is a beautiful sheet of water, and has the form of a huge boot, the leg about fourteen miles long and the toe some four or five miles. The lake varies from a mile and a half to two miles wide and is wooded to its shores. This body of water teems with black bass and pickerel, and an excellent catch was made by the party that went out there Saturday night. Excellent hotel accommodations are to be had at very reasonable rates, and guides can be secured easily. Several parties have been out to Lake Gogebic from Duluth this season and reports have been brought back to the city on Monday morning of good catches in every instance. It is rumored that one of the party out Sunday, a well known railroad man, was pulled into the lake by a good-sized black bass that he was trying to get into the boat, and in doing so lost his balance. He was pulled out by the guide, and during the noon hour stood out in the sun while his clothes were drying out on the bushes.

OVERDID IT.

Mrs. Bauman Fails To Suicide, Taking Too Much Poison.

Because of the separation from her husband, which occurred a few weeks ago, Mrs. August Bauman made an unsuccessful attempt to commit suicide yesterday afternoon. She was a guest at the Leland hotel, and was sitting in a room with her sister, Miss Kittie Willets, and Corp. E. C. Boyce of the United States army recruiting office. Suddenly Mrs. Bauman arose and left the room. She went to her own apartment and swallowed about eight grains of strychnine. Becoming desperately sick, she returned to the room in which Miss Willets and Corp. Boyce were sitting, and fell to the floor in great pain. A physician was summoned, and after administering an emetic, ordered the woman sent to St. Mary's hospital.

Reports from St. Mary's today indicate that Mrs. Bauman will have a speedy recovery. She passed a good night and is not considered in any danger.

August Bauman was formerly a motorman on the street railway system of this city and is now working in Minneapolis. Although Mrs. Bauman is only 26 years old, she has been married eleven years, and she and her husband never quarreled till about six weeks ago, when they separated.

ENDOWMENT FOR HAMLINE.

Liberal Donations By James J. Hill and Others.

St. Paul, May 27.—Through the liberality of James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern road, M. G. Norton, of Winona, and other friends of the institution, Hamline university has secured an endowment of $100,000. The fund was secured through the instrumentality of President G. H. Bridgman.

Some time ago the trustees of the university decided to raise a productive endowment fund, and secured a pledge from Mr. Hill for $50,000 and from Mr. Norton for $30,000. Their gifts were to be turned over to the trustees when the remainder of the fund was secured. Later the trustees went to Mr. Hill and Mr. Norton and asked them if they would contribute half of their original donations if the trustees raised $60,000, making an endowment of $199,000. This they agreed to do.

President Bridgman then called upon the friends of the institution for funds, and he has succeeded in raising the amount. It was considered advisable to raise the original endowment in two installments, that the university might have the interest from the first while the second is being subscribed.

President Bridgman will now turn his attention to raising the second installment of the endowment, of which $40,000 has been pledged, $25,000 by Mr. Hill and $15,000 by Mr. Norton.

RESIGN.

Tillman and McLaurin To Test Their Strength With People.

Gaffney, S. C., May 27.—It is the unpredicted that happens so often in South Carolina politics which happened Saturday. When the two United States senators agreed to meet here in joint debate—McLaurin to advocate his "Commercial Democracy," and Tillman to attack it—no one dreamed the two senators would, before nightfall, have their resignations in transit to the governor.

Tillman has just entered upon his six-year term and McLaurin had until March 4, 1903, to serve without molestation, yet both have resigned, making their retirement effective Sept. 15 next, in order that they may go before the people to test their strength.

The understanding is this test shall decide whether the people indorse McLaurin's Democracy, with its expansion, ship subsidy, commercial ideas, or that of Tillman, with what McLaurin calls his Bryan Democracy.

McLaurin sought to narrow the fierce contest to Tillman and himself, but Tillman insisted on bare resignation, as originally proposed, on the ground that he could not dictate as to who should be in the race, or when it should be. Both seemed eager to sign their resignations, and about 7 o'clock a paper containing the dual resignation was in the mail.

This means that instead of the campaign coming next summer, it will be this year, and that Tillman will be in the race for his six-year term, while McLaurin will stand for re-election or for Tillman's term, as he sees fit.

For a stiff neck there is nothing better than a free application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It quickly relieves the stiffness and soreness, effecting a complete cure. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

The unusually large and rapid growth of our mail order department indicates that people are beginning more generally to fully realize that shopping by mail is pleasant, satisfactory and economical if it's done at the right place.

PANTON WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINN.

BARGAIN COUNTER 1.

Fancy White Goods—hair line stripe dimity—fancy stripe dimity, plain India linons, white piques—every yard worth from 15c to 20c—a remarkable sale of goods that are just in the prime of their usefulness—Tuesday only **10c**

America reverences her soldier dead.

THE memory of the brave boys of '61 who fought and fell in freedom's behalf will ever be tenderly cherished in the hearts of loyal Americans. Nor will the worthy sons who perished for "Cuba Libre" be forgotten. Each recurring 30th of May endears the soldier's fame more firmly to posterity, and thrills the breast of young America with patriotism and fidelity. The beautiful custom of bedecking the resting places of the dead soldiers with garlands impressively and fittingly exemplifies the deep and abiding regard, honor and deference Americans have for bravery, freedom, and advancement. With due respect this store closes at 12:30 Memorial Day. For the last three and a half days of May we have made remarkable record breaking bargains in every section of the Big Store. You will find it a good time tomorrow not only to buy your decoration day necessities (which we are selling at exceptionally low prices) but all your summer needs.

$7½ hats $5—$5 hats $2.95

Memorial Day Millinery—100 trimmed hats ready for immediate wear—made of excellent quality straw and chiffon, including Leghorn—trimmed in the height of ashion...rich flowers, chiffon and lace trimmings....hats positively worth $7.50...your choice for ------ **$5.00**

Ladies' Fancy Dress Hats and the new, stunning Shirt Waist Hats...styles that are authentic reproductions of the stunning conceits of the brilliant French capital...newest conceits...hats that are selling like wild fire because of their extraordinary beauty, style, and exceedingly reasonable price—hats positively worth $5—one of the many remarkable opportunities to save by trading with the Glass Block—these hats selling for **$2.95**

Children's Bonnets—Prices range from 5c to $2.25—everything you could imagine in these goods.

Children's Hats—*fancy* straws, leghorns, and mull hats—the most complete assortment by all odds ever shown in St. Louis County...prices from $7.50 down to----- **50c**

Bargain counter No. 2.

Cotton goods.

7c *Zephyr Ginghams*—*soft, filmy and* fluffy—as airy as the soft, west wind—a specially favorable purchase of these exceedingly popular fabrics enables us to offer tomorrow a wonderful assortment in beautiful designs, small, medium and large checks and stripes—every color, and the dyeing is perfect—10c Zephyr Ginghams selling for---------- **7c**

Dresden Jackonet...over fifty designs of this beautiful soft, summery fabric...all the new summer shades...our special bargain counter price is only---------- **9c**

Bunting...there will be an extra demand for bunting, occasioned by Memorial Day, and the thrifty ones will buy it from our bargain counter, where every design is sold at—per yard---------- **5c**

Special discount when bought by the piece.

Old Glory Laces Skirts

Will wave from the house-top and flag-pole tomorrow....every family should have a good supply of flags....we offer Mounted MUSLIN FLAGS—

2x3 inches,	per doz.	2c
2½x4 inches,	per doz.	3c
3½x6 inches,	per doz.	5c
4½x7 inches,	per doz.	7c
7x10½ inches,	per doz.	13c
11x18 inches,	per doz.	25c
	each	3c
13x21 inches,	per doz.	45c
	each	5c
20x36 inches,	per doz.	$1.00
	each	10c
30x50 inches,	per doz.	$1.65
	each	15c

All-wool Standard Bunting. Flags in sizes from 3x5 to 20 feet long at very reasonable prices. Flag Staffs, Flag Poles and Pole Holders, a complete line in every size.

Bargain Counter 4.

Thousands of yards of Point de Paris, Normandies, and Orientals—widths up to 5 inches—any quantity you want and worth 35c per yard—your choice at per yard only---------- **10c**

Odds and ends Embroidery Edges and Insertions—lengths from 1 yard to 4½ yards—Nainsook, Swiss, Cambric, and Hamburg—open work on the very best of cloth—formerly sold at 20c and 35c—every yard to go at------ **10c**

White Duck Skirts with deep hem—made to sell at $1.00—here tomorrow at only, per yard---------- **39c**

News of our Dress Skirt Department is very interesting, for it's frought with suggestions of economy such as nowhere else to be found. Our Dress Skirt display is the talk of the town—prices range from $49.50, $47.50, $39.50, $29.50, $24.50, $19.50, $16.50, $15.00, **$12**

This is for the finer qualities—we also offer Dress Skirts made from fine black taffeta, trimmed and finished in the best style—perfect drape and tailoring is excellent—$12.00 values special tomorrow **$7.50**

Odd lot of good Black Serge Skirts—value $2.50 and $3.00—closing a limited number tomorrow at---------- **$1.49**

Cotton and Silk Waists.

MANY little improvements have been added to the charm of the shirt waist that make them more comfortable and desirable than ever—everything of value is found in our waists—tomorrow we have a very important sale, offering

White and colored wash waists in several styles, tomorrow at---------- **49c**

White lawn waists with embroidery insertion down front, tomorrow at ---------- **89c**

Grand collection of colored waists in 25 styles and colors, tomorrow at---------- **98c**

Gorgeous collection of fine colored waists, in all the new effects and made from the stylish soft fabrics, $1.49 and---------- **$1.75**

Finest white lawn waists, every new creation, daintily finished and made, at $1.49, $1.98, $2.25, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50 and $5.00.

Another Sale of Silk Waists.

Adding more lustre to the already brilliant series of silk waist sales held here this season...tomorrow we offer $6, $6.50, $7 and $7.50 colored taffeta silk waists—new, stylish goods, the best on the market in fit, style and appearance...waists that will give such satisfaction in wear and looks as to dispel all prejudices many have against ready-made waists. Tomorrow on sale in the cloak department at---------- **$4.98**

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) May 27.—Fair weather is the rule in districts west of the eighty-fifth meridian, light to heavy showers have fallen to the eastward of that line and over California and Oregon. The barometer is highest in districts immediately west of the Mississippi river, and low over the province of Saskatchewan and off the South Carolina coast. The winds in the lake region are generally fresh northeasterly.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	76	Battleford	80
Memphis	64	Bismarck	82
Miles City	86	Buffalo	56
Milwaukee	64	Calgary	84
Minnedosa	80	Charleston	80
Modena	76	Chicago	58
Montgomery	86	Cincinnati	62
Moorhead	82	Davenport	70
New Orleans	74	Denver	72
New York	54	Detroit	52
North Platte	70	Dodge City	88
Oklahoma	68	Duluth	78
Omaha	72	Edmonton	80
Pittsburg	54	El Paso	78
Port Arthur	56	Escanaba	56
Portland	74	Galveston	74
Qu' Appelle	80	Green Bay	72
Rapid City	74	Havre	84
San Francisco	60	Helena	76
Shreveport	70	Houghton	76
Spokane	66	Huron	76
St. Louis	68	Jacksonville	86
St. Paul	74	Kamloops	92
Sault Ste. Marie	61	Kansas City	76
Swift Current	82	Knoxville	64
Washington	56	La Crosse	74
Williston	58	Los Angeles	68
Winnemucca	70	Marquette	62
Winnipeg	80		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 27.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday.

Upper lakes—Fresh to brisk northerly winds; generally fair Tuesday preceded by showers tonight on Huron and Southern Michigan.

Lake Erie Becoming Shallow.

The report that Lake Erie is becoming too shallow as to offer serious obstacles to navigation is a startling one and would seem almost incredible. This is the report, however, that a chief engineer of the marine department of Canada has just made. He has returned from Ottawa from a tour of inspection of the upper lakes, and states that Lake Erie is lower than was ever known to be the case before. This condition is due, he thinks, to a series of dry seasons, to the drain made by the power development works at Niagara Falls and to the fact that dredging the Tonawanda canal has made it easier for water to escape from the lake. He considers it imperative that the United States government adopt remedial measures at an early date, else navigation upon its present basis will be seriously interfered with. He offers no suggestions as to what remedies should be applied and in fact it is doubtful what course can be pursued to remedy the trouble. Lake Erie at best is one of the shallowest of the great chain. There are three divisions in its floor, increasing in depth toward its outlet. The upper portion has a level floor with an average depth of about thirty feet. The middle portion, taking in the principal part of the lake, has a mean depth of from sixty to seventy feet. The lower portion varies from sixty to two hundred and forty feet. These measurements were taken a number of years ago and are not applicable to the reduced depth that has been reported.

The Experts of Mineral Oils.

The recent oil discoveries in Texas and on the Pacific coast lend especial interest to some facts just presented by the treasury department regarding the exports of mineral oils from the United States. These show that the exportations of the fiscal year about to end will probably be the largest in the history of this remarkable industry which has increased its exports from 204,000,000 gallons of illuminating oil in 1875 to 721,000,000 gallons in 1900. In the quarter century from 1876 to 1900 the total value of mineral oils exported from the United States was about $1,200,000,000, an average of about $48,000,000 a year; and during recent years has averaged about $60,000,000 per annum, or $5,000,000 per month. In the mere question of gallons of oil produced Russia has been for years a close competitor of the United States, though it is probable that the recent discoveries in the United States will enable it to continue to lead in the number of gallons produced; while the fact that American oil produces nearly twice as much refined illuminating oil from a given quantity of crude as from the Russian oil adds greatly to its value as a commercial product. One especially interesting feature of the development of the oil industry is, that there has been a remarkable decrase in th price to th consumer during the period in which the actual exportations and the net value of the exports have been increasing The average value of the illuminating oil exported in 1876 was about 15 cents per gallon, and in 1877, an exceptional year, 20 cents per gallon. By 1881 the price had fallen to about 10 cents per gallon, the figures for that year being 332,000,000 gallons, valued at $34,000,000. By 1891 the average price was about 7 cents per gallon, the exports of that year having been 564,000,000 gallons valued at $41,000,00. By 1896 the average export price was about 5 cents per gallon, the quantity exported having been 824,000,000 gallons and the value reported to the bureau of statistics by exporters through the customs collectors $42,922,682. In the nine months of the present fiscal year for which the figures are completed by the treasury bureau of statistics, the total exports of illuminating oil amounted to 569,624,751 gallons, valued at $37,939,514, or 6 2-3 cents per gallon; while the total value of all mineral oils exported, including crude, lubricating and illuminating oil, naphthas and residum was $52,745,696, and for the full fiscal year seems likely to amount to $70,000,000.

MEMORIAL DAY REQUEST.

Governor Van Sant has issued a proclamation calling upon the people of the state to observe next Thursday as Memorial day and show their appreciation of the veterans who fought and bled and died in the great struggle for the perpetuation of the republic, by uniting with the surviving members of the Grand Army of the Republic in decorating the graves of the patriotic heroes and in holding special services recounting their deeds and extoling the sentiments that inspired them to take up arms beneath the folds of the Stars and Stripes in preservation of the immortal principles contained in the Declaration of Independence and the constitution framed by the founders of the Union. Mayor Hugo has also issued a proclamation addressed specially to the citizens of Duluth recommending that on next Thursday "all our citizens—men, women and children—abstain from all unnecessary work and from all frivolous and disturbing sports, and join, by their presence, in the exercises provided by the survivors of the veterans; and to such as may find it impossible to participate in the public ecxercises, let the music or the talks at their homes partake of the spirit of the day, entitled to the respect and veneration of all."

Extensive preparations have been made by the G. A. R. veterans to celebrate Memorial day in a proper manner, and the members of the committee are anxious that the business men of Duluth shall close their places of business on that day, or at least during the hours that the exercises at the Armory and the cemetery are in progress. They are desirous and request that all observe the day in the true spirit, abstaining from all amusement and instead visiting the city of the dead and strewing flowers over the graves of those who served the flag, whether they died in battle or survived the perils of war to pay the last debt in the due course of nature. The victims of the Spanish war and the Filipino insurrection, some of whom lie buried in a far off land, are to be remembered as well as the members of the Grand Army of the civil and former wars, who have passed to the other side.

It has been well said that no other holiday of national significance is as sacred to the citizen as is Memorial day, when all should remember and honor the dead defenders of the country and of the principles of liberty which form the foundations of the commonwealth. It is a cause of deep regret to those who appreciate the sacred character of the holiday that a large portion of it is devoted by many people to sports and games of a frivolous nature not in harmony with the solemn occasion, and they trust public sentiment will put a stop to this desecration of the day.

RECIPROCITY TALK.

That the tariff laws of the United States will have to be amended, or at least additional reciprocity with foreign countries devised, is a foregone conclusion. The rapid inroad made by this country into foreign trade, while at the same time barring out the manufactures from those countries by a high tariff wall and thus enabling the trusts at home to rob the people, has aroused considerable feeling in the old countries and some action is certain to be taken by them. It is significant that some of the Republican leaders are beginning to agitate the matter. They see the danger in sight for our foreign markets and will hasten to advocate a change for the purpose of gaining credit for such a move. Senator Cullom, who is making a study of reciprocity or tariff reduction this summer, has given his views on the present tariff situation to the Washington correspondent of the Boston Transcript.

"I should not wish to be understood as favoring anything radical," said Mr. Cullom. "I should not want to see anything done which would unsettle business or alarm our manufacturers, but that the time has come when we must think about doing something I am firmly convinced. Our foreign markets are threatened. The rapid and wonderful development of our industries has startled the world. We have leaped into commercial supremacy and the foreign nations who see us invading their markets are already talking of resistance. There is talk of an alliance of European countries to resist the inroads of American trade. There is talk—and it is evidently not mere talk—of retaliatory duties. If we build a wall around our markets the Europeans say we can hardly complain if they follow our example. And that is the situation. It is a simple business proposition that as business men, or as a business nation, we should be on the alert. In danger of losing our markets, we must see what can be done.

"Probably much of the difficulty can be met by reciprocity. It is a case of give and take. We get lower duties on certain of our goods going to other countries, and they are permitted in return, to send certain goods here without paying such a high tariff. While this has been our avowed policy, we have not lived up to it consistently. Our state department has negotiated a number of treaties providing for reciprocal reductions, and then the senate has proceeded to ignore them. To foreign nations this looks like bad faith. In my opinion it behooves the senate to take up these treaties and give them serious consideration. They should be viewed and voted upon from the standpoint of the whole country's welfare, and not simply from supposed local self-interest. I have been giving the subject some special study this spring and will do my part to press it on the attention of congress next winter."

Coming from a conservative Republican senator the views of Senator Cullom may be considered significant.

IN THE HOLY LAND.

If one of the prophets of Bible times should return to the scene of his earthly activities in the Holy Land he would hardly recognize his haunts of old. Yankee ingenuity and commercial vigor have done wonderful things in this famous territory. The railroad from Japan to Jerusalem, at first an experiment, has been placed on a paying basis, and other lines up and down the valley of the Jordan have bene projected or actually in the course of building. In Jerusalem there are now electric lights, telephones, phonographs, sanitary plumbing, modern stores and many of the comforts of civilized life. Trolley lines are being talked of which will connect Jerusalem with Bethany, Bethlehem, the Lake of Galilee, Samaria, Jericho, Nazareth and other places made familiar through Bible history. All these things and others are noted in official reports to the state department. With the introduction of these evidences of modern life and activity, the Palestine of the past will vanish.

Commission houses for the handling of American goods have been opened in nearly every city and town of importance in Palestine and Syria, and in many instances they are being conducted by wideawake American business men. In a single month this year one of the houses imported American leather to the amount of $700. Another one has established a market for American flour, and predicts that in a few years the people of the Holy Land will be good consumers of this staple. Cheap American watches are in demand, and have been sold to scores of the natives, who regard them with increasing favor.

It would be a long story to tell of all the articles of American make which are now being sold in the Land of Promise, but the last, according to late consular advices, embraces cotton fabrics, rope, shoes, clocks, paper, carriage leather, bicycles, coal, wire nails, paints, hardware, electrical novelties of all sorts, iron bars, steel beams, well-drilling machinery, garden tools, a fine line of agricultural machinery, canned meat, cornmeal, oatmeal, mechanics' tools, etc. Wire nails to the amount of almost $5000 were sold in Syria last year, all of them coming from this country.

Thus is ancient Syria giving place to modern Syria, and the modernizing of this famous old country is an object of interest and congratulation.

Chicago people are ruefully considering statistics showing that while New York has one police officer for every 406 inhabitants, Philadelphia one for every 465, St. Louis one for every 420, and Boston one for every 435, Chicago has only one for every 512 of its population. When it comes to officers per square mile, Chicago is even worse off, having only 17.3 to New York's 23.9, Philadelphia's 21.5, St. Louis' 21.7 and Boston's 20.1. Perhaps if Chicago had more police it would not be so wicked.

The Bangor News remarks that "While the last five of the Ten Commandments have been badly fractured in China, and while, by a singular fatality that has appeared in nearly all the great battles of recent years, the day that the fourth commandment declares shall be kept holy has been the scene of the sharpest battles, the commandment that touches most directly on the Chinese controversies is that which says 'Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor.'"

Probably there is no medium of publicity which would bring some trade if judiciously used. Whether a particular kind of advertising pays depends on the cost of each customer which it brings. That a newspaper of large circulation, with the average rate for advertising space, will give the best returns for the cost is beyond all doubt. Business men who consider it expedient to use many forms of advertising invariably place their chief reliance on the newspaper.

In a Georgia revival meeting—the story goes—a aman became a little warmed up and said: "I'm the wickedest man in this town; if I'd die tonight I'd go straight to hell." While the orator was getting rid of a "chaw" to make some further lurid remarks, an old brother started up the hymn: "If you get there before I do, just tell' them I am coming too.' The preacher, who was supposed to have his "nerve" with him, bowed his head in silent prayer.

Some months ago the governor of Kansas, following the example of the late queen of England, offered to pay out of his own private purse $5 each to triplets born in that state; and so enterprising are the Kansas women that the governor is thinking of asking the legislature to raise his salary. He has no idea that so many women, on so small an inducement, would do it. But you cannot tell what the Kansas women can do when they try.

Bishop Mallalieu, of Massachusetts, calls golf "a very silly game for grown men to play." "What is more foolish or silly," he asks, "than to see a man take up a club and whack a little round ball to see if he can place it in a little hole away out in the field?" It would seem as though the learned bishop could find some greater evil than golf to work his massive brain upon.

The long-talked-of pneumatic parcels tube from Boston to New York may be realized before long. At least, a company with $5,000,000 alleged capital, is asking for a charter in New Haven. If a pneumatic tube can work successfully between Paris and Berlin, why should there not be one between New York and Boston? Or between New York and Chicago?

It is a surprising statement, taken from the official reports, that the British troops in South Africa upon the first of this month number 240,416—a quarter of a million of men. The apparent ineffectiveness of this large army suggests some idea of the tremendous difficulties of the still uncompleted task of subduing the Boer republics.

An electric line is being talked of in England as likely to be constructed in the near future that will run between Liverpool and Manchester, a distance of thirty-three miles, at the rate of 110 miles an hour.

It is related that in a Georgia town a few days ago the authorities compelled the ballet-dancers and chorus girls of a comic opera company that drifted that way, to use long skirts on the stage. Naturally the show "went broke" the first night, and everybody was dissatisfied, especially the old men.

The Portland Telegram asks why might not Morgan, Rockefeller, Hill, Harriman, Vanderbilt and George Gould get together and shake dice for the railroads, steamship lines, mines, forests and a few other things of earth? Whoever loses would be put on his feet again by his partners.

What effect will the recent petroleum oil discoveries in California and Texas have on the Standard Oil company and its methods of operation? Will the trust be able to gobble up the new oil wells or is it about to lose the monopoly which it has possessed for years?

An Illinois farmer shot 163 crows in a crow hunt last week. He can supply the needs of all defeated candidates in the next political campaign.

Judge Jerome of New York has got the peculiar idea into his head that the laws ought to be enforced. He may get into trouble.

Sir Thomas Lipton may congratulate himself that the accident to the Shamrock came before she had crossed the Atlantic.

LAUGHING GAS.

Judge: Doctor—You are mentally exhausted. I advise you to send your family to the country.

Patient—But I can't leave my business.

Doctor—Certainly not—you stay in the city and get a rest.

Detroit Journal: "Smith evidently does not think time is equivalent to money."

"Oh, I don't know. He just now asked me to let him have $10 for a couple of days."

Philadelphia Press: Towne—See that man? Well, sir, he landed in this country with bare feet, and now he's got millions.

Browne—Gee whizz! He's worse than a centipede, isn't he.

Somerville Journal: Halleck—Yes, there is no doubt that Paynter has the artistic temperament.

West—Yes. Just what do you mean by that?

Halleck—Well, for one thing, he isn't a safe man to lend money to.

Chicago Tribune: Tommy Tucker, after a surreptitious meal of unripe apples, was heard apostrophizing his stomach.

"Look here," he said, "if you go to kicking up too much fuss, I'll have you taken c'ear out! I don't need you, nohow!"

Chicago Post: Madame—Ah, you're trying to cheat; I poured your quart of strawberries into this quart cup and it doesn't half fill it.

Strawberry Peddler—It's you that's a-cheatin', mum; I'll get th' law on ver for usin' a quart measure that's biggern these yere quart boxes.

Baltimore American: Miss Wunder—I don't see how Tessie Tellum manages to win so many guessing contests.

Miss Smithfelch—Why, her papa is a weather man, and she gets him to predict the result of the contest, then guesses the other way.

Philosophy.

It doesn't pay to fuss and fret when anything goes wrong,
Instead of wailing when you lose, just sing a merry song.
It's always better while you work to whistle than to whine,
And when luck fails, it never pays to sit down and repine.

The man who makes the best of things shows sturdy common sense.
The chances are that he will rise to fame and eminence;
But if he doesn't, none the less he'll make the most of life.
And women all will envy and congratulate his wife.

—Somerville Journal.

THE TRUST OCTOPUS.

San Francisco Bulletin: In these piping days of goods times, the big trust octopus is as serene and snug in his prosperity as an over-fed toad luxuriating in the midday sunshine. From a swaddled infant, harmless and innocent, in 1872, this pampered thing has developed a power and influence which threaten the very foundations of American industrialism. It began with the Standard Oil company, and succeeded so handsomely that in a recent three years it had earned profits of $100,000,000 and paid dividends of 83 per cent. It controlled the railroads, and became so brazen in its operations that in a short time its smaller competitors, owing to outrageous discrimination on the part of the railways, were effectively strangled. The price of refined oil shot upward. From 1894 to 1897 it advanced some 17 per cent, and this in spite of improved process of manufacture and other inventions by which the very minutiae of waste was turned to account. After the oil trust came the sugar combine, which fared so well that our sugar bill has increased from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000 a year. Then followed the paper trust, an infamous concern with a capital stock of some $50,000,000. A monopoly of the wood tracts and water powers was secured, and the small, independent competitor smothered. The price of paper went higher and higher until, by the united opposition of the newspapers, a measure of relief was obtained. Once, however, an organization secures absolute control of the sources of raw material, there is little help for the consumer. But these and all other trusts created within the past few years sink into insignificance when compared with the steel trust just organized in New York. At a single gulp all the steel and wire industries of the country were merged into one prodigious concern. With a capital of $500,000,000 and absolute control of every branch of industry in the entire process of manufacture, from the ore mines to the merchants and consumers, who would attempt to measure the possibilities of profit within its grasp? Will it help the workingman and the mechanic, or will it grind him down to penury and want? In 1866 the old steel trust, from which the present huge affair has evolved, reduced the wages of its employes from 10 per cent to 45 per cent. Will another such reduction follow under the new conditions, and if so, will the thousands of families interested calmly yield? It should be remembered that this big steel trust is independent of both government and people. It has its own mines, its own vessels, its own coke furnaces, and all the products from the raw ore to the finished material.

The question most frequently asked is: Will the government step in and stem the tide by stringent legislation, or is the government a party to the whole miserable business? It is unlikely that Washington has ever soiled its hands by conspiring with capital to oppress the masses, and it is more than probable that President McKinley views the growth of the trust with greater concern, if not alarm, than any of the millions of Americans more directly affected. Nevertheless, some vigorous remedial measure must be thought out quickly, else we shall be swamped. In 1892 and 1893 the government of Russia found itself at the mercy of a sugar trust more tyrannous than her own despotic monarch, and to save its withering, shivering people, was compelled to purchase some 2,000,000 poods of sugar abroad. That was done because the government was the copartner of the trust, but not sufficiently interested to fix the price at which sugar should sell. Owing to our protective tariffs we could not, if we would, resort to such measures. And it is extremely doubtful if it would help us even if we did.

Would not the wiser plan be to fix a tremendous tax upon all trusts, thus crippling their power and restoring commerce to the old level of competition upon an independent basis?

Has It?

The Texas oil octopus
Brings one more good man down,
For it, according to reports,
Has eaten Charlie Towne.
—Chicago News.

Chauncey's Ambition.

Chicago Tribune: Senator Depew evidently aspires to be the original McKinley third term man.

DAILY STORY.

A STRANGE PRISONER.

BY DAVID G. TAYLOR.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

Convict No. 3280 was down on the prison register as George M. Harvey, aged 58 years, single, native born and by occupation a public lecturer. He was a professor of phernology, a spiritualist, a mesmerist and a queer, strange man. He had been sentenced for fifteen years for assaulting a man, but it finally came about that even the jury who brought in the verdict thought him an innocent man. From the first day that No. 3280 entered the prison he exerted a peculiar influence over officials and prisoners alike. The latter nicknamed him "The Mystery," and the title was well bestowed.

A curious thing happened when he had been with us a couple of weeks. One morning he was sent back to his cell roomafter breakfast on his excuse that he was not feeling well. The cells were three tiers in height and had thirty-two cells in a tier. The man had the first cell from the entrance on the ground tier and was in plain sight of the officer having charge of the corridor. The corridor was being cleaned, as usual, and No. 3280 was not locked in. Ten minutes after the prisoner's arrival in the corridor and two minutes after the officer had glanced at him he was missing. There was the cell with the door wide open, but it was empty. The officer was not alarmed, as it would be impossible for the man to get out of the corridor, but he was surprised and mystified and called up all the men at work. Not one of them had seen him leave his cell. The stairway leading to the upper tiers was right there, and the officer was sure that No. 3280 could not have passed up.

A search was made, and he was found seated in the last cell on the upper tier. There were six or seven men to affirm this, and though I was skeptical it wouldn't have been just to declare that their imaginations had played them a trick. The official in charge of the storeroom was a young man of strong character who heard nothing at all about the strange prisoner. The assistant warder took No. 3280 over there and turned him over with a few brief remarks. He was to act as an under clerk in the office. The entrance and exit of the storeroom were in the main yard within the walls.

It was about 10 o'clock when "The Mystery" was left at the storeroom. An hour later a report was made to the assistant warden that a prisoner who did not belong to the gang in the harness shop had entered the place and disturbed the workmen. When sent for, he proved to be No. 3280. A visit was at once made to the storeroom and the official in charge was found asleep in his chair. It was more like a stupor than a sleep, and it was an hour before he recovered his wits, and then all the explanation he could make was:

"After Mr. Phelps left I began to question the prisoner, and the instant his eyes locked fairly into mine I felt very queerly. I couldn't look away from him, and the longer I looked the more strangely I felt, and after a bit I knew that I was going to sleep. For heaven's sake don't ask me to take him here. I'd rather resign than have him about the office a single day!"

After a talk with the prison physician I sent the man to the hospital to assist in waiting upon the half dozen patients in the place. The idea was that the doctor might study him. At the end of a fortnight it was demonstrated that the doctor was the only official around the place who could not be mesmerized, hypnotized, or whatever you may call it, by No. 3280. It was decided that he was a dangerous man and that the only safe place for him was in the hospital. From there he had no show of escape.

I am now going to tell you of a strange incident, and one which somehow got into the papers and created no end of discussion and considerable trouble. Our prison was visited by a committee of three doctors, selected by the state legislature as sanitary inspectors of public buildings. Nothing was said of No. 3280 until they saw him in the hospital, when two of the three recognized him as a traveling professor of mesmerism. One of them had been mesmerized at one of his public exhibitions. Most of the incidents related above were then detailed to the visitors, and their curiosity being aroused they were anxious for an exhibition of the man's mysterious power. I sent for him and told him what was wanted, and after some hesitation he expressed his willingness to comply.

After our noon lunch we entered the west corridor and sent all the cleaners out and saw that every cell was tenantless and the doors wide open. Including No. 3280, there were seven of us present. There was but one stairway, and we took positions within ten feet of it, and some of us could also look down the corridor and see every cell door on each side. No. 3280 was pale and somewhat excited, and we all noticed that his eyelids drooped as if he was sleepy. He stood before us for a minute or two, and then went down the corridor, asking us not to follow him for five minutes. He entered a cell half way down and closed the door after him. At the end of five minutes we walked down there to find the cell empty. On calling to No. 3280 to show himself he appeared from the cell exactly above.

There was a mystery about it, and yet there was not. One of our visitors and the prison doctor were not "susceptible," while the other four of us were. The four of us were ready to make affidavit that the prisoner did not leave the cell. We plainly saw him enter. The two doctors were just as sure that he did not enter it at all, but returned and mounted the stairway. They were, no doubt, correct about this. As I told you, the affair got into the papers, was taken up by some overzealous members of the legislature, and I narrowly escaped being bounced.

At this time we had about 500 prisoners in the institution, and No. 3280 gave us more trouble than all the rest combined—that is, no shop or department would have him, and turnkeys, guards, watchmen and nearly all other officials were afraid of him. As a matter of fact, I had to fit up a room for him and let him play the gentleman. To have forced him upon his fellow convicts would have been to put his life in peril. As he had always declared his innocence, I assisted him in various ways to secure proofs, and after he had been incarcerated about a year and a half he was pardoned by the governor.

It is next to impossible to keep news from circulating through a prison. It came to be known somehow that No. 3280's case had been reopened, and later on that a pardon had arrived, and the rejoicing came near to degenerating into a riot. The prisoner was to leave after dinner. He stood in one of the open windows as the shoe-shop gang came marching up. There were forty-four men in the gang, and all began yelling at him. He began making passes with his hands and mumbling some jargon, and the line was instantly and curiously affected. The march was stopped, every face was turned up to his, and for half a minute there was dead silence. The guards then drove the mesmerist away, and the gang continued its march to the dining-room. When the convicts rose up after the meal they demanded to know if No. 3280 had been pardoned. When informed that he had been the whole crowd began cheering and yelling, and it was five minutes before order could be restored. It was always a pleasant thing for me to open the doors to a prisoner restored to the world, but I never felt so glad and relieved as when "The Mystery" shook hands with me, whispered his thanks and passed out, to be heard of no more.

Uncertainty of Life.

Detroit Free Press: Sympathy from the entire people gone out to the secretary of the treasury in his domestic bereavement. Again there is brought home to all the uncertainty of life and our happy ignorance of what a day may bring forth. For years Mrs. McKinley has been an invalid, yet there is the pleasing news of hope in her case, while the friend of her later years is no more. There is a time of dread and sorrow in the administration circle that stills the voice of faction and makes our poor humanity feel how powerless it is where it would most love to serve.

Effect of Trust Economies.

Springfield Republican: An association of Western furniture manufacturers met at Chicago last week and decided to advance prices 10 per cent. At the same time and place the Northwestern Association of Plow Manufacturers met and concluded, in view of the prices of agricultural products, that the farmers ought to be made to pay more for their implements. And action to this effect will accordingly be taken. And still it is maintained by many people that combinations do not bring higher prices.

Nonsense Rhymes.

There was a young maid of Passaic,
Who with coughs was each night kept awa-ke;
Till the doctor, for fee,
Prescribed a troche,
And she now snores in measure trochaic.

A poet whose first name was Peter,
On the edge of Fame often did teeter;
But he sadly lacked might,
And his verse was so light
It was measured by common gas-meter.

A wise man exploring the Nile,
Said, "The Sphinx is, no doubt all the style,
But yonder there be
Other ruins, I see,
And I'll peer-amid those for a while."

Said a youth, as the sleighbells did jingle,
"All the blood in my veins is a-tingle
When I think that for me
You my fair bridle be."
But she said, "I remain, dear sureingle!"
—BLANCHE ELIZABETH WADE, in the Century.

Hot Air Prestige.

Washington Star: Lord Salisbury thinks that England has gained prestige by the Boer war, and Oom Paul thinks that South Africa will continue delivering an unlimited quantity of the article.

A Bewildered Surprise.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The Crimean war fills a large place in history, but its cost to the English was less than that of the conflict in South Africa. The "holiday jaunt to Pretoria" has been a bewildering surprise in expensiveness.

Will Be Lively.

Hubbard County Enterprise: If Page Morris becomes judge the race for congress in the Eighth district between Adam Bede, Daugherty, Windom and McCarthy will be an exceedingly lively one.

An Easy Way to Do It.

New York World: Senator Frye is reported at work framing a new and simpler ship subsidy bill for next season. If he really wants to see the American flag flying more numerously on the ocean, why not make it a simple bill of one section admitting all vessels owned by Americans to American registry? That would double our ocean-going tonnage within six months.

After the Rest.

Denver Republican: John W. Gates has sailed for Europe to get such rest and recreation as J. Pierpont Morgan has not bought up.

Landed With a Crash.

Baltimore American: Earthquake shocks in Ohio indicate that the Hanna boom started by Mr. eHath has heached earth at last.

High-Salaried Logic.

Washington Post: President Schwab is able to see how organization is a good thing for capital and a bad thing for labor. A man can harbor some very peculiar logic when he is well paid for it.

Wants Cut Rates.

New York World: Papa-in-law Zimmerman will buy the duke's title clear at 12 shillings in the pound. Is it that he looks on the Manchester coronet as a bargain counter acquisition?

Not Needed Now.

Salt Lake Herald: Gen. Alger has sold his timber. He doesn't need it any more now that there is no longer any danger of his having to take to it.

Couldn't Freeze Him Out.

Detroit Free Press: There is no danger of Senator Beveridge being frozen in Siberia. His fellow senators demonstrated that he is frost proof.

A Political Tragedy.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: This swift effacement of Thomas B. Reed, this sudden severance of the connection between him and the current of events while still he is in the height of his powers, is one of the tragedies of politics.

The "Cough" Omitted.

Boston Herald: In trying to get money out of Papa Zimmerman the duke of Manchester finds he is having to combat a severe and confirmed case of grip, but there is no sign of a "cough" with it.

Should Have Some Mercy."

Pittsburg Commercial-Gazette: Perry Heath ought to wait until Mr. Hanna recovers from the nervous embarrassment caused by the first mention of his presidential boom before he goes into further details.

Schwab's Puzzle.

Atlanta Journal: So far nobody seems to have been able to grasp that explanation made by President Schwab before the Industrial commission as to why the "community of interest" plan is a good thing for capital, but a bad thing for labor.

SPAULDING & CO.,

Goldsmiths, Silversmiths and Jewelers.

Pearls.

These beautiful gems were never more in vogue than now. We are showing a rare selection both mounted and unmounted.

Our Suggestion Book mailed free.

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Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

PROMINENT real estate men will answer this question in The Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what C. H. GRAVES has to say about it next Saturday.

A MISTAKE.

Planting of the Willows On the Boulevard.

"Yes, it is a beautiful drive; wonderful. But I cannot understand the misguided spirit that prompted the planting of the willows just where they can most successfully spoil the glorious effect that needed no touch from man."

Thus spoke a stranger in the city, and it is needless to say that he referred to the boulevard drive, and that the willows he mentioned are located on the height of land above the West End, where the drive curves around the brow of the hill, unfolding little by little the grandest panorama that any carriage has to offer.

On the lower side of the boulevard, all along this curve, the park board has planted a row of willow trees that are just getting up where the effect can be seen. They cut off the view almost completely, and in a short time, when they are higher and in full leaf, they will utterly spoil the effect of the best part of the drive. Without them, the person coming from the west—and that is the only way to see the boulevard—would have unfolded before his eyes little by little the entire head of the lakes. First come the West End and West Superior. Then the bay and the point. Then the city proper and the lake. With them, he can get only glimpses of this great piece of scenery, for the leafy tops of the willows cut off most of the view.

Hardly anybody drives over the boulevard without passing some comments on the situation. Before they know that the trees were planted there deliberately and with malice aforethought, the comments are confined to expressions of wonder that the park board does not clear away the trees that obstruct the view. When it is learned that the trees were planted there by someone who thought it would help the appearance of the drive, the comments become too heated for publication.

PAINTED WITH ACID.

Vicious Case of Hazing at Batavia, N. Y.

New York, May 27.—The town of Batavia, a Rochester special to the Times says, is aroused over a case of hazing. Great rivalry has long existed between the graduating class and the class of 1902, in the high school, and the class fights have been most bitter. A climax has been reached, for John Swartz, a member of the graduating class, was waylaid in a lonely section of the town, securely bound to a tree, and his face was painted with a mixture of acid and iodine. The figures "02" were clearly drawn on his left cheek.

Blinded with pain, Swartz was released and secured medical aid in removing the acid. The chances are good that his face will always bear marks of the hazer's brush. Vigorous efforts will be made to bring the hazers to justice.

The least in quantity and most in quality describes DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills for constipation and liver complaints. Max Wirth.

AMUSEMENTS.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

BIG VAUDEVILLE COMP'Y

All the Latest Novelties.

Blood POISON!

MASTER SPECIALIST.

I do not cure all cases, but I cure all I treat; I treat men only and cure them to stay cured.

On account of its frightful hideousness, Contagious Blood Poison is commonly called the king of all venereal diseases. It may be hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it, the disease may manifest itself in the form of scrofula, eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, eruptions or copper-colored spots on the face or body, little ulcers in the mouth, sore tongue, sore throat, swollen tonsils, falling out of the hair or eyebrows, and finally a leprous-like decay of the flesh and bones. If you have any of these or similar symptoms, you are cordially invited to call at our offices immediately. If your fears are unfounded the burden will quickly be removed from your mind, but if your constitution is affected, you will be told so frankly and shown how to get rid of it. My special treatment for Blood Poison is practically the result of my life work, and is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It contains no dangerous drugs or mineral medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

We also cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases,

And all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a **legal contract** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has proved itself new to multitudes of men? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

REFERENCES: **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City.**

Consultation Free and confidential. Office hours—8 a. m. to 8 p.m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

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Pan-American Exposition...

If you go via St. Paul and Chicago take the Burlington Route. Rates are low. Tickets good for from five to thirty days. Your home agent will give you particulars.

ASK HIM FOR TICKET VIA THE BURLINGTON.

CONFIRMED.

James Gayley Says Mining Headquarters Will Be Here.

Three of the leading officials of the United States Steel company are in the city, having arrived yesterday from the East. They are James Gayley, first vice president of the big company and president of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, having succeeded E. T. Gates in that capacity; D. M. Clemson, president of the Pittsburg Steamship company, and C. D. Fraser, secretary of the Oliver Mining company.

Mr. Gayley has charge of the mines and transportation of the ore in his capacity as first vice president of the big company. He confirms the statement that Duluth is to be the headquarters of the mines of the company, and that all of the mining officials of the mines will reside here, including Dr. N. P. Hulst, vice president, who now makes his home at Milwaukee.

T. F. Cole is to be the practical mining man of the company's interests. He will be president and manager of the subsidiary mining interests.

Mr. Gayley also says positively that the two railroads will be operated separately. No one has as yet been selected to be the operating head of either one of the roads.

The visiting officials will remain here several days and will visit the ranges.

Skin affections will readily disappear by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Look out for counterfeits. If you get DeWitt's you will get good results. It is the quick and positive cure for piles. Max Wirth.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

THE DIAMOND MEDAL.

Dr. Day Wins It From John Nelson.

The Central Gun club is shooting for the diamond medal badge every time that a match can be arranged now and there will be two more chances this week to get the badge for there will be shoots on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons. The final shoot which will determine the permanent possession of the badge will take place Thursday afternoon. Dr. D. H. Day won the badge from John Nelson yesterday afternoon with a score of 47. In the shoot for the Wells-Annis medal Dr. Day and T. H. Storey were tied. The scores made were as follows:

Diamond badge—Dr. Day, 47; A. B. Thomas, 46; Fulton, 46; Berry, 45; Kennedy, 45; Warren Mendenhall, 45; Storey, 45; Beyer, 44; Nelson, 43; Farrington, 43; Sachem, 41; Noisy, 41; Duchess, 37; Marks, 36.

Wells-Annis medal—T. H. Storey, 24; Dr Day, 24; Nelson, 23; Beyer, 23; Fulton, 22; Cap, 22; Warren, 22; Berry, 22; Marks, 21; Bennett, 21; Sachem, 20; Bowstring, 19; Zopp, 18; Duchess, 18; Robin Hood, 16.

Practice shoot—Nelson, 19; Farrington, 18; Mendenhall, 18; Bennett, 18; Fulton, 17; Berry, 17; Zopp, 17; Sachem, 17; Bradburry, 17; Marks, 17; Storey, 17; Kennedy, 16; Bowstring, 16; Noisy, 16; Welband, 16; Ferguson, 16; Dr. Day, 16; Gamache, 15; Kellar, 14; Robin Hood, 13; Beyer, 12.

Soaked the Laundry.

Fire broke out on the upper floor of 112 First avenue west Saturday evening about 7:20 o'clock and there was a lively blaze for a few minutes. The fire department quickly quenched it, however. There was a badly demoralized Chinaman when the excitement was all over, for Tong Wo has a laundry on the lower floor and the result of his Saturday labor was gone, as the water that poured down into his establishment effectually destroyed the effect of his starch and ironing. Tom Sidney, a colored man, occupied the apartments on the second floor. Eastern parties own the building.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

SUSPENSION OF CADET SHANNON

Was Not On the Parade Ground When the Offensive Demonstration Occurred---Why He Was Disciplined.

New York, May 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The dismissal and suspension of a number of West Point students, including James A. Shannon, of Minnesota, has attracted considerable attention in military circles here in the East, for the reason that the punishment is believed to be unnecessarily severe. Under the old regime Col. Mills allowed things to sort of run themselves. He was new and green in his position as superintendent of the academy, and some think the appointment ought never to have been made. A story is being retailed in military circles here to the effect that shortly after the Cuban war, President McKinley, while on a visit to Montauk Point, noticed Col. Mills limping around the camp, apparently not having recovered from the effects of the campaign. The president's sympathies were touched and he told Col. Mills that he would gladly do anything for him that was in his power. "I would like that West Point appointment," Col. Mills is said to have replied. The "West Point appointment" that Col. Mills had in his mind was that of a minor position as instructor and no one was more surprised than Mills himself when he received the responsible position of superintendent. He had only applied for a minor position, but he had the good sense to keep his mouth shut and to take the goods that the gods sent. Without experience it is not surprising that he soon came to grief. He was too lax in his management of the academy until after the Booz inquiry and since that time he has undoubtedly been too severe. It is thought that his intention has been to demonstrate to the war department and to congress that he intended to stamp out hazing, no matter what the cost. In his efforts to put an end to hazing, in the opinion of military men he undoubtedly failed to keep faith with the students, in his agreements of what constitutes hazing.

The grievances of the discharged cadets were stated by one of them to be as follows:

"We were not duly reported by an officer. It was heard that we had turned the reveille gun upon the superintendent's house, and then our class was summoned before court of inquiry. Each man was made to give such testimony against the others that would not incriminate himself. When each man finished testifying he was ordered to say nothing whatever at any time about what questions had been asked him or what answers he had given.

"Thus, we never learned what charges had been made against us, nor what the evidence had been. We were then asked to give any explanation of our conduct on that day we wished to do. It was hard to explain our conduct when we did not know exactly in what way we had offended. What we did was entirely unpremeditated. After dismissal on the day of this order, as we were leaving the parade ground, without a thought of preparation or of disobedience, the gun was suddenly turned around and the fellows gave a shout. It was merely a prank that any other colleges would never have remembered."

The case of Cadet Shannon was cited by the cadets as particularly offensive, as he was not even on the parade ground at the time the demonstration took place. In this case, however, the facts are that at the time Shannon was doing an "extra tour" for other breaches of discipline in the areaway between the cadet barracks. When he heard of Halston's degradation, he proposed a cheer for him in a loud voice. There was no response. Shannon then went to his quarters and shouted:

"If nobody else will cheer for him, I'll do it all by myself." And then he shouted again.

That night there was a meeting of the cadets, contrary to all the rules of the academy. Cadets are never allowed to assemble unofficially for any purpose. At this meeting Shannon was an active leader and adviser. He was vice president of his class, and said it was his purpose to see this affair "to its bitter end." It was for these offenses that he was disciplined.

• • •

President Greatsinger of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company has made a record for himself for shrewdness since he came to New York. When he took charge of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit the employes of that company were threatening a strike for higher wages. They had directed their attacks mainly against Clinton L. Rossiter, the retiring president of the company, and when they heard of Mr. Greatsinger's appointment they placed their hope in him. Mr. Greatsinger knew that a controversy with the men would make him unpopular, and he at once began negotiations with them. He was too shrewd, however, to conduct the negotiations personally. He pleaded other business and appointed another officer of the company to take charge of the matter. Through that officer some slight concessions were made to the men and they were temporarily appeased. Since then there have been a number of complaints from the men, but Mr. Greatsinger promptly referred them to the officer referred to, stating that the question of labor is entirely in his hands. In this way Mr. Greatsinger has to a great extent kept his name out of the papers and escaped a great deal of the enmity of the men that formerly was directed towards President Rossiter. Mr. Greatsinger is apparently pleased with his new position, and professes to like New York as a place of residence. He says, however, that his health is not as good here as it was while he was living in Minnesota.

• • •

The big dial which shows the fluctuations in wheat prices has been put away up near the ceiling at the produce exchange, so that the stock exchange members, on the other side of the partition that divides the two exchanges, can see how prices are going. It is reported that the heavy operations of certain members of the stock exchange in the wheat pit have been due to the formation of a "stock exchange pool" in July wheat, and that those who belong to this pool are now carrying 1,500,000 bushels. The headquarters of the pool appeared to be in the United States Steel crowd, for rousing cheers from that crowd greeted the other day every advance in the price of wheat as seen from the floor on the dial of the produce exchange.

• • •

On his country estate at Sands Point, L. I., Howard Gould intends to erect one of the most massive and imposing residences in the United States. It will be a stone structure, modelled exteriorly after the famous Kilkenny castle, in Ireland. The interior, however, is to be arranged according to modern American ideas. A remarkable feature will be that no steel pillars or beams of any kind will be used in the entire building. The employment of heavy stone walls and arches will necessitate a return to methods of building which have become rare, if indeed not wholly disused in this country.

• • •

Wealthy men and their families in New York are continually annoyed by begging letters of all kinds. A daughter of one extremely rich man said a few days ago that her father's aversion to "character studies" of him in magazines, and articles with regard to him anywhere, was largely due to the fact that whenever one of these articles appeared it was but the suggestion for a vast flood of begging letters, in addition to the ordinary stream. After one of these articles had appeared, a woman in Iowa wrote the wife of this millionaire, and without giving any reason why a trousseau was needed, said she would like to have a great number of articles of dress, each kind of silk or linen being carefully designated. The letter ended with the matter-of-fact request that the box be sent by express, prepaid!

• • •

Harrison Simmons, vice president of the Bohn Manufacturing company, of Minnesota, who represents the company in this city, gives as an indication of prosperity in the West the fact that this company is doing more business in the East than it has ever done before. He says that about one-quarter of the lumber used in the construction of buildings in this city now comes from Minnesota and Wisconsin.

MARION J. PIKE.

BASEBALL.

Saturday Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Pittsburg, 4; Boston, 1.
Games at Philadelphia, Brooklyn and Cincinnati postponed on account of the weather.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Washington, 6; Detroit, 5.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 6; Baltimore, 3.
At Chicago—Chicago, 6; Philadelpria, 5.
At Boston—Boston, 5; Cleveland, 0.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 4; St. Joseph, 3.
At Omaha—Omaha, 5; Denver, 3.
At Des Moines—Colorado Springs, 11; Des Moines, 3.
At Minneapolis—Kansas City, 8; Minneapolis, 2.

Sunday Games.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 5; Baltimore, 0.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 6; Philadelphia, 5.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Omaha—Denver, 6; Omaha, 1.
St. Paul—St. Joseph, 10; St. Paul, 4.
At Minneapolis—Kansas City, 4; Minneapolis, 3.
At Des Moines—Des Moines, 13; Colorado Springs, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	21	14	7	.667
Cincinnati	23	15	10	.600
Philadelphia	27	15	12	.556
Pittsburg	21	14	7	.667
Brooklyn	25	12	13	.480
Boston	23	10	13	.435
St. Louis	27	11	16	.407
Chicago	30	11	19	.367

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	27	19	8	.704
Detroit	28	18	10	.643
Washington	22	13	9	.591
Baltimore	19	11	8	.579
Boston	22	11	11	.500
Milwaukee	25	10	15	.400
Philadelphia	24	7	17	.292
Cleveland	27	8	19	.296

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	22	16	6	.727
St. Joseph	21	12	9	.571
St. Paul	21	12	9	.571
Minneapolis	20	11	9	.550
Colorado Springs	20	10	10	.500
Denver	20	8	12	.400
Omaha	21	8	13	.381
Des Moines	21	6	15	.285

County Teachers' Meeting.

The last regular meeting of the county teachers was held in the High School Saturday. Papers were read by Miss Blackwood, Miss Anderson, Miss Swingle, Miss Shaw, and Miss Robinson. The Reading Circle has finished the work outlined in Roark's "Method in Education," and Curtis' "United States and Foreign Powers." One more meeting will be held, however, on June 14. This will be a voluntary meeting at which the class will study "Macbeth."

Contract Is Awarded.

L. D. Campbell has secured the contract for the superstructure of the St. Luke's hospital building at the corner of Ninth avenue east and First street. Work is to begin immediately and it is to be completed in the fall. The cost of the building complete will be about $90,000, although Mr. Campbell's contract is for about $70,000. This does not include the plumbing, wiring or heating or the foundation. The last named was put on last year by George H. Lounsberry. The building is to be 48 by 100 feet in size and three stories. It is to be fireproof and will be very handsome in appearance.

New Service to St. Louis—Via "The Milwaukee" Line.

Commencing Sunday, May 19, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul will inaugurate through sleeping car service between the Twin Cities and St. Louis.

The sleeper will be carried daily on the train leaving Minneapolis 7:50 a. m. and St. Paul 8 a. m., arriving St. Louis at 7 o'clock the following morning.

The route is via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Iowa Central and Wabash railways, making a very direct line—passing through a very interesting portion of the country.

IT IS THE MORROW
Rest as You Ride
THE MORROW
Coaster Brake
Guarantees you Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling. Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.
You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.
100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all dealers. Booklet Free.
Eclipse Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Mme. Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to the original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally indorses its action and gives the public her solemn guaranty that it has been tested in every conceivable way and has proved itself to be the ONLY Hair Specific. It STOPS HAIR FALLING immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy; on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful fluffy and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies, entirely gray and with bald heads, it is especially recommended.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.

March 10, 1900.

Dear Madame Yale:—I wish to say a few words in regard to your Excelsior Hair Tonic and Hair Cleaner. I have used both with the best possible results. My hair had been falling out for some time. I had used various remedies with little or no avail. Finally my attention was called to your Excelsior Hair Tonic. I purchased a bottle and began using it. The result was beyond my expectations; after the second application my hair had ceased to fall out, and as I continued my hair seemed to have more life and vigor and new hairs began to come in. After using the second bottle I was surprised to see that my hair was no longer tinged with gray but had returned to its natural color.

I our Excelsior Hair Tonic is certainly a scientific medicine and I believe the only one that treats the hair as a sick member and feeds and nourishes it until it is restored to its natural and normal state of health. I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is in need of a Hair Tonic or Restorer, as I have the utmost confidence in the efficacy of all your remedies. Respectfully,

MRS. C. L. BROWN,
51 Harper Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Madame Yale's Hair Tonic is sold throughout the world at $1.00 per bottle.

Manufactured only by Madame Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

We carry a full line of Madame Yale's remedies at all times.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic—

89 CENTS.

PANTON-WHITE CO. THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE. DULUTH, MINN.

TO RECLAIM PALESTINE.

Jewish Movement Which Is Under Way.

A local society of the Knights of Zion, a Hebrew order whose announced object is to reclaim Jerusalem and Palestine by buying them from the sultan of Turkey, was organized in Duluth last night with sixty-three members. It will be known as Chave Zion Gate No. 14, of Duluth.

The project of reclaiming the Holy Land, every foot of which is sacred to the Hebrew race and associated with its history, began several years ago, and it has already attained large proportions. Hebrews from all parts of the world have joined in the movement, and it is estimated that over 7,000,000 of them have taken up the idea. The plan is to buy the country and make it a home for persecuted Jews from all over the world. The movement has advanced so far that even now three representatives of the Jewish people are on Constantinople negotiating with the sultan for terms.

Duluth's organization promises to be an important and prosperous one. Money will be raised for the cause by giving entertainments and lectures. The officers are as follows: President, M. Z. Kassmir; vice president, A. Sosnowsky; secretary, I. Sosnowsky; treasurer, J. Polinsky; trustees, I. Rosenburg, J. Alperen, S. Karen, M. Weinberg and A. Marcus.

The next meeting will be held Saturday evening, and a prominent Jewish speaker from St. Paul will make an address.

"Our little girl was unconscious from strangulation during a sudden and terrible attack of croup. I quickly secured a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure, giving her three doses. The croup was mastered and our little darling speedily recovered." So writes A. L. Spafford, Chester, Mich. Max Wirth.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A GREAT BANQUET

West Duluth Republicans Cover Themselves With Glory.

A Number of Expected Visitors Failed to Attend.

Congressman Morris Disclaims Expectancy of Federal Judgship.

Republican enthusiasm, oratory and harmony prevailed at the first annual banquet of the West Duluth Republican club in Great Eastern hall on Saturday evening. The hall has been the scene of many important political meetings, but not even during the frenzy of the most bitter campaign has this hall rang with partisan enthusiasm as it did on Saturday evening. This, too, despite keen disappointment at the non-appearance of Senators Nelson and Clapp.

Three hundred Republicans joined in the banquet and carnival of enthusiasm. Every person was happy and enjoyed themselves to the utmost. The guests of honor were seated around a table on the stage, while the rank and file sat at tables stretching clear down the hall. Among the guests of honor were: Governor Van Sant, Hon. Sherman Smith, of Minneapolis; Hon. C. D. Warner, of St. Paul; Hon. James Larson, of Redwood; C. D. Allen, of Spring Valley; P. J. Schwarg, Dodge Center; Fred C. Schiffman, state oil inspector; Dar Reese, clerk of the supreme court; Hon. W. H. Noyes, of Barnum; Senator Hawkins, of Biwabik, and J. Adam Bede, of Pine City.

Among the distinguished Duluthians occupying seats of honor were: Congressman Page Morris, Mayor Hugo, Dr. Robert Forbes and the Republican members of the Duluth legislative delegation. The spread was served by the women of the Asbury Methodist church and in many respects it was a very great improvement on some banquets that have been served far more expensively at hotels.

Charles W. Nitterauer, president of the West Duluth Republican club, presided. He first introduced Mayor Hugo, who welcomed the out-of-town guests and paid a delightful compliment to the women serving the banquet.

Chairman Nitterauer introduced Congressman Morris as a probable federal judge in the very near future. The congressman took exception to this, saying that he had not the slightest assurance of the appointment in case the office should be created, and he considered it too soon to talk of an appointee to an office, which was not in existence. This was the only time during the evening a chord of discord was struck. Mr. Morris then delivered a brilliant address covering the progress of the government from the period of colonization up to the perplexing world problems of the present administration.

In touching on the problem of trusts he said that before the government should take up this important question it would be necessary to have some experience and then set about working out a solution, calmly, deliberately and wisely. Continuing, he said: "The Republican party is a party of construction and action, and the Democratic party is a party of destruction and negation."

Governor Van Sant followed Congressman Morris. The governor is not much of a speaker. His talk, short as it was, was familiar to all who attended his campaign meetings last fall. He paid a graceful compliment to the women of West Duluth. Aside from his campaign talk, the governor thanked the Republicans of Duluth for the manner in which they stood by him last fall. He said that the legislature was the best the state ever had and referred particularly to the fact that it had adjourned within the constitutional time limit. The governor was compelled to cut his address short in order to catch the 1:15 train for St. Paul.

The other speakers were J. Adam Bede, Dar Reese, Sherman Smith and G. J. Mallory.

AT CLOQUET.

Lively Blaze Early Sunday Morning Quickly Extinguished.

Cloquet, Minn., May 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—An alarm of fire woke up the citizens on Sunday morning. The blaze was in the Northern company's pump house, but was extinguished before much damage was done. It took the fire team and firemen just 60 seconds to pull out of the hose house. Cloquet has one of the best-trained teams in the Northwest.

Hon. H. E. Skelton, probate judge of Carlton county, was in Duluth Thursday and Friday attending to official business.

County Attorney Green came in for a few minutes Saturday to confer with Rev. Sykes, concerning the mysteries of trout fishing.

Hon. Robert C. Dunn, state auditor, was in Carlton on May 24, conducting a sale of state lands in this county.

Frank Elm, David Moses, William Heasley and Joseph Longlin are delegates to the state fire tournament, to be held at Crookston on June 11, 12 and 13.

Councilman Elm returned from St. Paul Saturday, where he went to purchase a sprinkler for the streets.

Will Phalon spent Sunday at home with his parents.

A. R. Batson umpired the ball game on Saturday afternoon, and nearly got mobbed once or twice, on close decisions.

C. W. Kreitzer of the Zenith Telephone company, was in town Saturday, endeavoring to find a location for his central exchange.

The memorial service at the First M. E. church was largely attended. Rev. J. W. Heard preached an eloquent and interesting sermon.

It is rumored that the Eastern Minnesota road is going to erect its new depot east of the village limits. Just why this location should be chosen, it is impossible to say. It would certainly be a serious inconvenience to the traveling public, and to the business men of the place. It is hoped the rumor has no foundation in fact.

The ball game Saturday between the Duluth and Cloquet high schools resulted in a victory for the Duluth team, score 5 to 3. The social in the evening was largely attended, and an interesting program was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

Rev. Poole, of Faribault, father of Mrs. A. N. Clagget, officiated at divine services in the Protestant Episcopal church yesterday.

M. J. Savage, who has been under the weather for the parst week, is on the streets again, but not able to resume work.

Mrs. Joseph Peacha is very ill; at this writing there is grave doubt as to her recovery.

Stephen T. Welch and James A. Collins, of Duluth, spent Saturday and Sunday in town.

He Has Cured Thousands

Given up to die.

DR. REA

Next regular professional visit to Duluth at

Spalding Hotel, Saturday, June 1,

From 9 a. m. until 4 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

DR. REA has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting disease in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles, Varicocele and enlarged glands with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the nineteenth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. REA & CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn. Louisville, Ky.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

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PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1867.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

MINNESOTA EXHIBIT.

Alexander McDougal Says It Is Good.

Capt. Alexander McDougall, of the Minnesota Pan-American exposition commission, returned home yesterday after an absence of ten days. He says that the state has an exhibit there that will attract favorable attention, and St. Louis county's display is attractive and complete. The mining exhibit is a feature, and it will occupy an important sphere. There are four large water-color paintings of views in St. Louis county. One is a view of Duluth, 15 feet by 30 feet, showing the iron ore and lumber districts in the background. The other scenes are of docks and harbor, and there is one of the Biwabik iron mine. The Minnesota building, while not the finest on the grounds, is in the first class. June 18 is Minnesota day, and two special trains will leave the Twin Cities for Buffalo to get there in time for the day. The governor and his staff, the state editorial association, a battalion of militia and others will attend.

Capt. McDougall says that the exposition can be seen to better advantage a little later.

If people only knew what we know about Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, it would be used in nearly every household, as there are few people who do not suffer from a feeling of fullness after eating, belching, flatulence, sour stomach or water-brash, caused by indigestion or dyspepsia. A preparation such as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which, with no aid from the stomach, will digest your food, certainly can't help but do you good. Max Wirth.

Horseshoer's

Board of examiners will hold a session at E. L. Toomey's shop, No. 114 Second avenue west, June 29.

E. L. TOOMEY.
President State Board of Examiners.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

SHOWS AN ADVANCE

Wheat Started Out Firmer and Made An Advance.

Prospect of Bullish Statistics Was the Principal Cause.

Dry Weather Reported In the Southwest and Northwest.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 27.—The wheat market started out firmer this morning and rose during the early part of the session. The strength was ascribed to the prospect of bullish statistics and also to the reports of dry weather succeeding the rains in the Southwest and Northwest. There were no cable quotations from Liverpool, the English markets still being closed. World's shipments for the week were 9,194,000 bus, last year 7,387,000 bus. Wheat on passage showed a decrease of 1,120,000 bus. The visible supply showed a decrease of 2,434,000 bus, which was even larger than expected. Primary receipts of wheat were 574,000 bus, last year 889,000. Shipments 1,-060,000 bus, last year 732,000. Clearances of wheat and flour equalled 900,000 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 419 cars, against 316 last week and 757 last year. Chicago receipts, 52 cars, 1 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was very dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened unchanged at 74¼c, sold at 74c at 10 and was quoted at 73¾c at 12:34 and closed at that price, an advance of ¼c. There were not a half dozen trades in July during the morning. Chicago advanced 3c and Minneapolis ¼c.

Cash sales of wheat were 20,000 bus at July price.

Corn was rather inactive at Chicago today and the price at Duluth was unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 886,000 bus, last year 668,000. Shipments 732,000, last year 382,000. Corn on passage decreased 1,330,000 bus, and the world's shipments were 5,333,000 bus. The visible supply showed a decrease of 585,000 bus.

The cash price was marked down 1c in Duluth today. The September and October options in flax were up 1c, but there was no change in the May price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77c; to arrive 77¼c; May, 77c; September, 71¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 76c; to arrive, 74¼c; May, 74c; September, 72c; July, 74¼c. No. 2 northern, 70c. No. 3 spring, 66c. Oats, 28¼-28c. Rye, 51c. Flax, cash, $1.70; to arrive, $1.50; May, $1.70; September, $1.33; September, Northwestern, $1.34; October, $1.31. Corn, 41½c; May, 42c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 17; corn, 1; rye, 7; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 25,865 bus; corn, 3218 bus; oats, 1256 bus; rye, 2070 bus; flax, 1375 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 380,975 bus; corn, 312,801 bus; rye, 12,703 bus; flax, 9688 bus.

SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.74⅜
No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	75
No. 1 northern, 1 car old	74½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	74⅛
No. 1 northern, 1600 bus	74⅛
No. 2 northern, 6 cars	72
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	72¼
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	72⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71
No. 3 spring, 1 car	67½
Flax, 5000 bus, September	1.33

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Showed Early Strength On Bullish Statistics.

Chicago, May 27.—Prospects of bullish statistics and reported dry weather in the Southwest and Northwest caused some strength in wheat today, despite the holiday in the English markets. July opened unchanged to a shade lower at 72⅞@73c and rose to 73½c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 419 cars, against 316 the week before and 757 a year ago. Local receipts were 52 cars, one of contract grade.

A decrease of 2,434,000 bus in the visible supply gave buoyancy to the market during the remainder of the session, aided by a decrease of 1,100,000 bus on passage. July advanced to 73¾c. Profit-taking subsequently caused a reaction, and the close was steady and ⅜c higher at 73⅛c.

Corn was quiet and shade firmer, July opened unchanged to ¼c lower at 43½@43¾c and rallied to 43¾@43¾c. Local receipts were 370 cars, 372 of contract grade. July oats opened unchanged to 28⅜c, touched 28⅛@28⅜c and rose to 28½@28¾c.

The corn market was helped by the strength in wheat, and July advanced to 44c, reacting on profit-taking. The close was firm and 1c higher at 43¾c.

Provisions were easy on large receipts and lower prices at the yards. July pork opened 5c lower at $14.22½. July lard shade lower at $7.92½@7.95, and July ribs 2½c lower at $8.10.

Close: Wheat—May, 73¾c; July, 73⅜c. Corn—May, 42¾c; July, 43¾c. Oats—May, 26¾c; July, 28⅛@28⅜c. Pork—May and July, $14.57½; September, $14.60. Lard—May and September, $8.10; July, $8.07½@8.10. Ribs—May, $8.20; July, $7.90@7.92½; September, $7.87½. Flax—Cash, Northwestern and No. 1, $1.72@1.73; May, $1.74; September, $1.32; October, $1.30. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 73½75c; No. 3, 72@73c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@74½c; No. 3 hard winter, 70@74c; No. 1 northern spring, 75½@76½c; No. 2 northern spring, 74½@75c; No. 3 spring, 70@75c. Corn —No. 2, 42¾@43c; No. 3, 42@43¼c. Oats—No. 2, 29½@30c; No. 3, 28½@28c. Rye—May, 52¼c; July, 51½c. Barley—Cash, 40@55c. Timothy—September, $3.27. Clover—Cash, $9.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 27.—There was no Liverpool markets today. The weather is cool and clear throughout the West. No damage is reported by the recent frosts and way of crop items. Locally, the wheat market is without selling pressure and operations established the advance. The visible supply decreased 2,324,000 bus, against 1,568,000 last year. It is now 40,600,000 bus there is nothing new particularly in the against 44,700,000 a year ago. The world's wheat shipments were 9,934,000 bus, against 7,387,000 and amount on passage decreased 1,120,000. Primary receipts 857-000, against 887,000 bus. Shipments 1,087,000 bus against 271,000 bus. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 100 cars.

Corn—Local receipts continue large and speculative operations small and feature-

Weare Commission Co

Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds.

Old Colony Building. Chicago.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

428 West Superior St. (Spalding Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.

Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,

Private Wires.

MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, CHICAGO. / CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls

A, Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., 120 Torrey Building.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

Bankers and Brokers,

112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Per Share.	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
Local Stocks, etc.—			
First National bank	100	170	160
Am. Exchange bank	100	128	123
First Nat. Bk. Superior	100	...	96
Parry Sound Copper	1		.45
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	31	...
Copper Crown of Ariz.	1		.25
Zenith Oil Co.	1		.12½
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	...
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Pennsylvania Iron and Steel Co.

Stock For Sale.

Marcus W. Bates, 4 Ex. Building.

Land Scrip. Pine Lands.

Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.

H. W. COFFIN,

Manhattan Building.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Monday, May 27:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. *Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Clear	74	54	.0
Crookston	Clear	68	38	.0
Detroit City	Clear	78	36	.0
Grand Meadow	Clear	78	46	.0
Montevideo	Clear	78	44	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	74	52	.0
New Ulm	Clear	76	44	.0
Park Rapids	Clear	70	50	.0
Winnebugo City	Clear	72	48	.0
Worthington	Clear	72	52	.0
Devils Lake, N.D.	Clear	84	46	.0
Langdon, N.D.	Clear	82	40	.0
Larimore, N. D.	Clear	82	44	.0
Lisbon, N. D.	Clear	78	48	.0
Pembina, N. D.	Clear	86	46	.0
Aberdeen, S.D.	Clear	80	40	.0
Millbank, S.D.	Clear	78	44	.0
Mitchell, S. D.	Clear	80	40	.0
Bismarck, N. D.	Clear	82	50	.0
Duluth	Clear	76	50	.0
Huron, S. D.	Clear	76	44	.0
La Crosse, Wis.	Clear	74	48	.0
Moorhead	Clear	82	50	.0
St. Paul	Clear	74	52	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	80	48	.0

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. *Minimum.	Rainfall.
Minneapolis	18	77	45	.0

REMARKS.

Fair and warmer weather prevailed in the Minneapolis district.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T Indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at much cost from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints		19½@	20
Creamery, tubs		19 @	19½
Dairies, fancy		16 @	17
Dairy, fair		14 @	15
Packing stock		11 @	13
EGGS.			
Fresh		11½@	12
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new		11 @	12
Twins, full cream, old		11 @	12
Full cream, young America		13 @	14
Swiss Cheese, No. 1		14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1		12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice		13 @	
Primos		6 @	6½
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover		19 @	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb		12½@	13
Golden rod		15 @	17
Dark honey		13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark		13 @	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb		12	
Ohio, per lb		12	
Maple syrup, per gal		1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus		2 25	@ 2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus		2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, tacey, bus		1 90	@ 2 10
Green and yellow peas		1 40	
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb		13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb		14	
Cocoanuts, per doz		75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb		17	
Brazils, per lb		14	
Pecans, per lb		12 @	8
Peanuts, roasted, per lb		7 @	
FRUITS			
Strawberries, 24-quart cases		2 40	@ 2 50
Apples, eating		2 50	@ 3 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl		3 50	@ 4 25
California lemons		3 00	@ 3 25
Bananas		1 75	@ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box		2 75	@ 3 00
Dates, Ford, per box		1 25	@ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box		3 50	@ 3 80
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box		7 @	7½
California navel oranges		3 00	@ 3 25
Seedling oranges		2 50	@ 2 75
OLD VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas		35 @	40
Turnips, white		30 @	40
Garlic, per lb		10 @	12
Beets		50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus		45 @	45
Jersey sweet potatoes		4 50 @	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes		2 00 @	4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
New Florida celery, bunch		1 00 @	1 25
Mushrooms		45	
Lettuce, per box		75 @	1 20
Green onions, per dozen		15 @	
Green peas, per bus		1 75	
Pie plant, per lb		1½@	2
Cucumbers, hot house		75 @	85
Spinach, bus		50 @	60
Radishes, round, per doz		15 @	20
Radishes, long, per doz		12 @	15
Asparagus, green, per doz		40 @	45
Pineapple, per doz		1 75 @	2 75
Tomatoes, per basket		60 @	65
Egg plant, per doz		2 50	
Beets, per dozen bunches		40 @	45
Carrots, per dozen bunches		40 @	45
Turnips, per doz bunches		70 @	75
Cabbage, 100 lbs		2 50 @	3 00
Wax beans, per box		75 @	90
New potatoes, per bus		2 25 @	2 50
Cauliflower, per doz		1 50 @	2 00
Mint, per bunch		25	
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl		2 50 @	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl		3 00 @	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl		5 25 @	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl		3 50 @	3 75
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled		3½@	4
Choice, per lb		3 @	3½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Chickens		12	
Turkeys		10 @	11
Ducks		10 @	11
Geese		8 @	9
MEATS.			
Mutton		8 @	8½
Lamb		9 @	9½
Veal, good		8	
Veal, fancy		9	
Beef, dressed		6½@	7½
Hogs		5	
Pork loins		9	
BRAN AND SHORTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc		15 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc		15 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc		15 50	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc		15 00	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots sacked		50	
Oats, car loads, sacked		32	
Hay, upland		14 50	
Hay, timothy		16 50	
Feed, No. 1		20 50	
Feed, No. 2		20 50	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 27.—Butter, firm; creamery, 14@18½c; dairies, 13@16c. Cheese, moderately steady; twins, 9c; young Americas, 10½c; cheddars, 9c; dalsies, 9½c. Eggs steady; loss off, cases returned, 11c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 27.—Butter receipts, 13,421 packages; steady to firm; creamery, 15@19c; factory, 11½@15c. Cheese receipts, 3,732 packages; market firm; fancy large colored, 8¾c; fancy large white, 8½c; fancy small colored, 9¼c; fancy small white, 9½c. Eggs receipts, 14,284 packages; quiet; Western ungraded, 11½@12½c; Western, selected, 13@½c.

Road Race Officials.

The following officials have been selected for the Memorial day road race: Referee, Henry E. Harris; clerk of course, Wallace H. Wells; starter, Roy N. Hoople. Timers, R. C. Kruschke, L. C. Otto, E. E. Esterly and R. Zweifel. Checkers: Bert Erickson, Ben F. Denham, G. H. Festham, E. G. Shepard, C. E. West, and checker at turn, C. S. Wilson.

The course will be the usual one, starting from Fifth avenue east and going out London road to the fish hatchery and finishing at Ninth avenue east.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Trading Was Dull, Owing To Holiday In Foreign Markets.

Heavy Selling of Sugar Forced Down the Price Sharply.

Some Recoveries Late and Close Steady and Almost Stagnant.

New York, May 27.—There was scarcely enough trading in the opening dealings to make an appreciable impression on prices. The holiday on the foreign stock markets was an element in the dullness. Continental Tobacco rose 2½. American Tobacco 1½. Otherwise changes were insignificant.

Stocks generally were strengthened by the buoyancy of the Tobacco issues. American Tobacco rose 4½ and continental Tobacco 4%, but Atchison was the only prominent railroad stock that advanced as much as a point. The leather stocks and Wisconsin Central gained as much. Heavy selling of Sugar then forced it down 2¾ and prices fell sharply all around on light transactions. Tobacco gave way 2½ and Atchison, Pennsylvania, St. Paul, Rock Island, Union Pacific, Erie, Missouri Pacific, Manhattan, Metropolitan Street Railway, Amalgamated Copper and Continental Tobacco declined 1 to 1¾. The tone at 11 o'clock was decidedly heavy and trading was dull.

Covering by shorts checked the reaction, and as offerings diminished the room traders bid up prices gradually, causing rallies of from 1 to 2 points in many of the stocks, which had been depressed earlier. Standard Rope was active and improved 1¼. The bonds were 2% better. Twin City Rapid Transit rose 1¾. By noon the market was at a standstill, but recoveries were maintained. Bonds were quiet and irregular.

New York, May 27.—There were some recoveries late in the day from no other apparent cause than covering by room shorts. Lackawanna rose from the lowest and then reacted 2¼ and Delaware & Hudson rose 1¾ to 2. Pressed Steel gained 1¾. Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific and Rock Island recovered 1 to 2¼. There were declines of 3 in Continental Tobacco and 1¾ in Consolidated Gas and Colorado & Southern first preferred. Northern Pacific sold at 190 compared with 200 on Saturday. Continental Tobacco rose above the previous price. The closing was steady and almost stagnant.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., 100 Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks.	High. Low	Close. May 27.	May 25.
American Ice	37¾ 37¼	36⅞	37
do pfd	73½ 73	73¼	73½
Amal. Copper	115¾ 113	114¾	115¼
Am. M. Co.	50 49	50¼	50¾
American Tobacco	137 134	136¾	138¾
A., T. & S. F.	78 76½	77¼	77½
do pfd	98⅜ 96⅝	97	97⅜
Am. Lin. Oil	18 16½	16⅝	18¾
do pfd	49½ 46¾	46¾	48½
B. & O.	102¾ 101½	101½	102¼
B. R. T.	76¼ 73⅝	73½	...
Can. Pacific	102⅝ 100	102½	...
Con. Tob Co.	66¾ 62½	66	...
Chicago & Alt	41¾ 40¼	40¾	43
do pfd	70 70¾	70¾	73¼
Col. Southern	14⅝ 14⅜	14⅜	15
do 1st pfd	52¾ 51	51	...
Col. F. & I.	92 92	92½	...
C. G. W.	22 21¾	22	23½
Del. & Hudson	164 162¾	162¾	165
Del., L. & W.	231 228	229½	...
Erie	41¾ 40¼	40¾	41¾
do 1st pfd	68 67¼	67½	68¼
Gen. Elec. Co.	222 222	222	...
Gt. N. pfd.	178¾ 178¼	177½	178¼
Glusoce	58 57¾	57	55½
Ill. Central	139 138¾	138¾	...
Int. Paper	23¼ 23	22½	...
do pfd	78¾ 77½	77⅞	...
L. & Nash.	102½ 101½	102	102
Lead	19⅝ 19	19	19
Leather	14⅝ 13⅞	14	...
do pfd	79¾ 78¾	78¾	...
Man. Con	114¼ 113	113¾	114¾
Met. Traction	169⅜ 167¾	168½	169¾
Minn. & St. L.	92 91¼	91¾	...
M., K. & T.	26½ 26¾	26⅝	27¼
Mo. Pacific	106½ 104⅜	105⅝	106
Nor. Pacific	180 180	180	180
do pfd	98 97¼	97¾	97⅜
N. Y. Central	149 148⅜	149	149¾
Nat. Biscuit	45⅜ 45	45	45
Nor. & West	50¾ 50¼	50¼	50¾
Northwestern	197 197	195	192
Nor. American	91 88	89	87
Ont. & West	33⅛ 32¼	32⅝	32⅝
P. Steel Car. pfd	85¾ 85	85	84½
Penn. Ry.	143¾ 142¾	143¾	143⅞
Pacific Mail	35 35	34½	34
People's Gas	114 113⅜	113½	114¼
R. J. & Steel	18⅞ 18	18½	18⅝
do pfd	74½ 73½	74¼	77⅜
Reading	42⅜ 42	42¼	42¾
do 1st pfd	76⅜ 75⅞	76	76
do 2nd pfd	53⅝ 53	53⅜	53½
Rock Island	153½ 151½	152¾	153
Southern Ry.	28⅝ 29	29⅛	29½
South. Pacific	47½ 46⅝	47	47¼
Smelter	56 55	55¾	53⅝
Sur. Refinery	148¼ 144⅜	146	147¼
St. Paul	158⅜ 157½	158⅛	158½
T. C. & I.	56 55½	55	56
Texas Pacific	46⅜ 45⅝	46⅛	46½
Union Pacific	100½ 99	97½	100¼
do pfd	88 87¼	80	87¾
U. S. Steel	44¼ 43⅜	43⅝	43¾
do pfd	93¼ 93	93¼	93
Western Union	91½ 91¼	91⅛	91¾
Wis. Central	20¼ 19⅞	19⅞	20

IMITATIVE BRUTES.

"The aptitude shown by animals of the lower order in acquiring human habits is marvelous," said a student who lives in upper part of the city to the New Orleans Times Democrat, "and the story that the old flea-bitten mule had learned to unlock the crib door with a snagged tooth is not, in my judgment, altogether a legend. The chances are that such things have happened. I have known of instances where mules would pull gate pins with their teeth or shoot a latch up with their noses in order to break into the corn field. There are but few farmers who have not had occasion to observe the same thing. But I have found that horses are more observant than mules. While horses are not as cunning, and not as skilled in the artifices of deception and double dealing, I may say, they are naturally more sensitive in temperament and no doubt reason with more delicacy and more accuracy.

"I know of one horse, for instance, owned by one of the electricians of the city, that will not, under any circumstances, step on a steel railing or go near a swinging wire, because one of her ears was slightly brushed by a live wire several years ago while she had one of her feet on the rail of a car track. She was knocked down by the shock, but was not seriously hurt. Since that time she has been extremely careful about where she puts her feet, and keeps her gaze on the ground at all times.

"But I owned a little bay mare several years ago that caused me considerable trouble and for more than a month. I was very much worried by an unaccountable waste of water on my place. It was before I moved to New Orleans. The water rates of the town where I lived are fearful. I had a hydrant in the back yard. Every few nights the water would be turned on in some mysterious way and the yard would simply be flooded the next morning. Failing to discover the cause of the trouble before the end of the month, when my water bill had doubled, I notified the police, believing that some malicious person was attempting to satisfy some grudge against me. The chief stationed two men at my place to watch thy hydrant. They concealed themselves and along about midnight they heard a squeaking sound at the hydrant and in a few minutes the water was pluttering out at a fearful rate. They made a rush for the place, thinking to capture the culprit, but when they got there they found my little bay mare, with her head stuck down in to flow from the hydrant. She was drinking and dabbling in the water, and seemed to be having a good time generally. They reported the matter to me and I had no more trouble about my hydrant."

STOPS THE TRAIN.

With a view to preventing accidents at level crossings and collisions in the neighborhood of railway stations a very ingenious mechanism has recently been tried in France. It consists essentially of a huge hook, or catch, made of iron, which is connected with a lever at the station by means of a wire, through which a current of electricity passes. When it is lying in its place the train passes over it quite easily, but as soon as it is raised it catches a lever which is attached to the engine. The lever thus caught causes an air valve on the engine to open automatically and applies the brakes at once, so that the whole train is brought to a standstill within a shurt distance. In foggy weather the use of such an apparatus cannot be overestimated, as it is calculated to prevent a train running into another which happens to be delayed at a station.

The rarest and the most costliest of gems, thought not always esteemed the most beautful, are pigeon's-blood rubies, fine opals, and diamonds that are pure but shed a distinct glow of blue or pink. A very perfect pearl of generous size and lustrous skin, tinted a rarely beautiful golden green, was valued, unset, at over $1500. A faultless green pearl is very rare. A curious stone is the Alexandrite. It is a dark green stone that is polished, cut and set, very like a fine topaz or amethyst, in large showy rings, surrounded by diamonds. By the light of day the Alexandrite has no special beauty save its fine luster, but directly a shaft of artificial light strikes the dull stone deep gleams of red flash out of the green, and under the gas or of the firelight one ignorant of this vagary would instantly pronounce it a ruby.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	15½	16
Allouez	2½	3
Anaconda	49	50
Arcadian	16¼	17
Arnold	2½	3
Ashbed	25	50

FINANCIAL.

THE

American Exchange BANK,

DULUTH, MINN.

Capital Stock - $500,000
Surplus Fund - - $75,000

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President;
MELVIN J. FORBES, Vice-President;
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier;
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cashier;
I. S. MOORE, Second Asst. Cashier.

We issue certificates to depositors, allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

Atlantic	30	31
Baltic	41	43
Bingham	22½	23½
Boston and Montana	430	435
Butte and Boston	106¾	107
Calumet and Hecla	820	825
Centennial	27¾	28½
Centennial Eureka	28	30
Copper Range	47	49
Cochita	6½	6½
Dominion Coal	34	35
Elm River	3½	4
Franklin	17	18
Humboldt	50	50
Isle Royale	43½	44½
Mass	15½	16
Michigan	6⅝	7⅛
Mohawk	36	36½
Mayflower	2¼	2½
Old Colony	4	...
Old Dominion	32½	35¼
Osceola	84	84½
Parrot	53	53½
Quincy	168	175
Rhode Island	3½	4¼
Santa Fe	7¼	7½
Tamarack	325	...
Tecumseh	2¼	2½
Trimountain	45	47
Trinity	30	31
Utah	2½	2¾
United States	15	15½
Victoria	4	4½
Winona	2½	3
Wolverine	55½	56½
Washington	55	56
Wyandot	1	1¼

GIFT FROM WISCONSIN

Handsome Silver Banquet Service Formally Presented To the Battleship Wisconsin By the Badger State.

San Francisco, May 27.—The battleship Wisconsin was formally presented today with a silver banquet service, the gift of the state whose name she bears. The presentation took place on board the Wisconsin at 10 a. m. The presentation ceremony consisted of the tender of the service by Julius Bleyer, of Milwaukee, and its acceptance by Capt. George C. Reiter. Accompanying the service is a bronze badger, the emblem of Wisconsin, four feet high, which was cast from cannon captured from Spain during the war, and an artistic piece of embroidery thirty-eight inches square, in colors, enclosed in a large green seal podtfolio bearing the inscription "U. S. S. Wisconsin."

JURY HAS THE CASE

Virginia Fire Damage Suit Being Deliberated Upon.

No Sign of An Agreement Apparent at Late Hour.

Other Cases Dismissed, Defense Not Agreeing To Continue.

The Virginia fire case was given into the hands of the twelve men sworn to try the case, at 10 o'clock this morning. At a late hour this afternoon nothing had been heard from the jury room, and as the length of time that had passed indicated a decided difference of opinion between the members of the jury, a disagreement was considered not at all unlikely.

All that remained when court convened this morning was the delivery of the court's charge, and that was given by Judge Dibell in a very clear, comprehensive and impartial manner. At 10 o'clock the jury retired with the case, and it still occupied the jury room at a late hour.

Halvorson sues for $5250, of which $3050 was the value of his butcher shop and $2200 the value of his home. On the home there was insurance to the amount of $1425, which Halvorson has received, but the court charged the jury that in reckoning his damages, if he was found to be entitled to any, the insurance should be disregarded, and should not be deducted.

Owing to the fact that the defense refused to consent to a continuance, J. L. Washburn, attorney for the defense, was forced to dismiss the remaining four cases without prejudice. He said that he would be unable to stay in court a month and try the other cases, and unless the defense would consent to continue the cases he would be forced to dismiss them and go to the expense of bringing them all over again. The defense did not consent, so he dismissed the cases. They will be brought again later.

The end of the jury calendar is drawing near. This morning the personal injury case of Henry Stevens against the Clark-Jackson Lumber company went to the jury in room No. 1 just at noon, and the jury was still out this afternoon.

At noon there were three jury cases left on the calendar. It was thought that the case of Henry Brown against Panton & White would not be tried because of the absence of the plaintiff. One of the other cases was to come up this afternoon, but it was doubtful if it would be tried. The third case, that of P. McHardy against J. M. Kilnker, will come up tomorrow morning.

Judge Ensign returned yesterday from Ashtabula, Ohio, where he was called by the illness and death of his mother, and he was trying court cases this morning.

GAMBLING.

West Duluth Sports Are Nabbed at Great American Game.

Capt. Resche and Lieut. Briggs raided a poker game at West Duluth Saturday night and caught five prominent people of that part of town in the act of stacking celluloid chips in the center of a green covered table.

It seems that the police captain went out to attend the banquet of the West Duluth Republican club and while out there learned of a poker game in the rear of Archie Ferguson's saloon, 322 Central avenue. He and Lieut. Briggs walked back into the room and found P. McIntosh, W. Leitz, Ernest Coughlin, P. Nelson and P. Sculley seated round the table. Capt. Resche not only captured the jackpot but started a little pot of his own by requesting each man to put up $10 for appearance in police court this morning, unless they wanted to be locked up. Fifty dollars ball money was quickly raised and it was forfeited this morning. Not one of the quintet showed up.

WOULD BID.

Trenton Company Would Figure On Canal Bridge.

R. B. Seymour, of Chicago, on engineer connected with the Trenton Iron works, of Trenton, N. J., is in the city for the purpose of looking into the matter of the construction of a bridge at the canal. His company manufactures suspension bridges, wire cables, etc. He said today that his company knew nothing of the bridge which it was proposed to erect in Duluth or it would have put in a bid. He said he was satisfied that he could make a better figure than the city received from the American Bridge company.

The bridge matter is still in the hands of the war department, the plans being at Washington for the approval of the authorities of the department there. Originally the American Bridge company made its bid good for only thirty days, but has since indicated that it will allow it to hold until the Washington authorities see fit to move.

He Will Pay.

E. Z. Williams, owner and manager of the Lyceum theater was arraigned in the municipal court this morning for conducting a place of amusement without a license. He agreed to take out the $150 license and the case against him was dismissed on payment of $2.50 costs.

FORAKER ACT IS CONSTITUTIONAL

(Continued From Page 1.)

tion of the treaty of peace. It placed this right on the ground of military necessity. With reference to duties levied after the ratification of the treaty, the court said a different rule aplied and it held these duties invalid. Justices Gray, Shiras, McKenna and White dissented, the latter delivering the opinion.

Justice White, in dissenting in the Dooley case, made the announcement that in the Down case, which questions the validity of duties levied on oranges imported from Porto Rico after the Foraker act, the majority of the court would, as Mr. White stated it, reverse itself and hold the duty valid. He said the opinion in the Downs case, which the court would announce later, would thus lead to the inconsistency of the court holding that after the Foraker act Porto Rico ceased to be a part of the United States and before the Foraker act it was a part of the United States. Justice White said the court would later in the Downs case hold that congress had the power under the Porto Rican tariff act to impose a tariff duty on goods coming from Porto. He expressed himself as unable to conceive on what theory they thus proceeded and expressed the opinion that it was due to confusion of thought in the Delima case.

It was settled law, by the decisions in the Woodruff case and the Houston case, he said, that the power of congress to levy an impost duty did not extend to any territory that was a part of the United States and the result of the majority opinion in the Downs case thus would be to bring about a state of things where territory, which was a part of the United States before the Foraker act, became a foreign territory after the Foraker act. The dissenting justices, throughout their dissents, took occasion to criticize sharply the apparent conflict between the majority ruling in the Delima case and that which would follow later in the Downs case.

After Justice White concluded his opinion, Justice Brown announced the decision of the court in the case of Armstrong vs. the United States, covering the shipment of goods to Porto Rico. This case, the court said, was similar to the Dooley case. While duties prior to the treaty were proper these subsequent to the treaty were not. The judgment of the circuit court were reversed.

Justice White announced the dissent of Justice Gray, Shiras, McKenna and himself.

HEAVY PENALTY.

For Operating an Illicit Oleomargarine Factory.

Chicago, May 27.—Having pleaded guilty to operating an illicit oleomargarine factory, Albert T. Dow, proprietor of a creamery company in this city, was today fined $10,000 and sentenced to six months in the county jail, by Federal Judge K

FREE TILL CURED

For the next thirty days will treat all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES of MEN absolutely FREE, except a small charge for medicine only. Call and investigate. THIS MEANS WHAT IT SAYS. Don't run after Fakirs, new fads and would-be Specialists. Call and get a scientific opinion and diagnosis of your case before applying elsewhere. Remember I have been in business thirty years, three years in Duluth, and have a record of 15,000 cases cured. Many of which I have permission to refer to.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

TERRIFIC COLLISION

Rapidly Running Electric Cars Came Together On a Curve.

Five Persons Were Killed and Forty Seriously Wounded.

Cars Were Racing On Single Track to Reach Switch.

Albany, N. Y., May 27.—Electric cars racing for a switch while running in opposite directions at the rate of forty miles an hour, cost five lives yesterday afternoon by a terrific collision in which over forty people were injured, some fatally and others seriously.

The scene of the accident was a point about two miles out of Green Bush, on the line of the Albany & Hudson railway. The point where the cars met on the single track was at a sharp curve and so fast were both running and so sudden was the collision that the motorman never had time to put on the brakes before the south-bound car, No. 2, had gone almost through south-bound car No. 1, and hung on the edge of a high bluff with its load of shrieking, maimed humanity. One motorman was pinioned up against the smashed front of the southbound car with both legs severed and killed instantly, while the other one lived but a few minutes.

Fully one hundred and twenty men, women and children formed a struggling, shrieking pyramid, mixed with blood, detached portions of human bodies and the wreckage of the cars. Some of the more slightly injured of the men extricated themselves and began pulling people out of the rear ends of the two cars and almost every one was taken out this way and nearly all were badly injured. The few women and children who had escaped injury were hysterical and added their cries to the shrieks of the dying and mutilated. Men with broken arms and legs, dislocated joints and bloody heads and faces, tried to assist others who were more helpless.

Help had been summoned from nearby towns and in a little time the bruised mass of humanity with the mutilated dead were loaded on extra cars and taken to Albany. Three ambulances and physicians had been summoned and the postoffice turned into a morgue and hospital. As soon as the physicians could tell the extent of the injuries of the wounded they were taken to their homes. With both motormen killed it is hard to get at the real cause of the accident, but it is pretty well determined it was caused by an attempt of the south-bound car to reach a second switch instead of waiting for the north-bound car at the first siding. The cars weigh fifteen tons each, and the largest electric cars built, but so frightful was the crash that both cars were torn almost to splinters. Both cars were filled with Sunday pleasure-seekers returning from the new recreation grounds. The south-bound car left Albany at 4:30 o'clock and the accident occurred at 5 o'clock. The cars on the line were running at switch headway—that is as a car reached a siding switch it was supposed to wait until another going oppositely should pass. The south-bound car reached one of the switches, but seeing no north-bound car decided to take chances and go on to the next siding. It was at a curve between that the two cars met.

The following were killed:
FRANK SMITH, motorman.
WILLIAM NICHOLS, motorman.
MAUD KELLOGG, of Round Lake.
ANNIE ROONEY, of Stuyvesant Falls.
DAVID MAHONEY, late of the Dean Richard.

Fatally injured: George C. Barry, Troy, internally. Fred J. Smith, Albany, injured internally.

Seriously injured: William F. Barry, Troy, cuts on head. Mary Barry, Troy, leg broken. George P. Elmer, Mooville, cut and bruised. Isaac Blauvelt, Albany, leg broken. Dewitt C. Peltz, Albany, badly bruised. Charles Peltz, Albany, painfully bruised. Howard J. Rogers, Albany, bruised and cut. Mrs. H. J. Rogers, Albany, cut and bruised. Rogers, Albany, leg broken. A. W. Crotzley, Albany, hurt on head. George Lane, Albany, badly cut. Fred Herzog, Albany, shoulder dislocated.

Telephone calls were sent from the scene of the wreck to this city and about 6 o'clock when the first car arrived, loaded with injured, a crowd of several thousand people was massed about the Albany terminus of the road.

One of the pathetic incidents of the disaster was the death of Maude Kellogg of Round Lake. She was on the south bound car with her fiancee, George C. Barry, of Troy, and Mr. Barry's father. When the crash came she was crushed to death almost instantly. Near her, pinned in by the broken wreckage lay her sweetheart. Frantically he tried to reach her, his own agonies from internal injuries forgotten. Finding he could not move, he appealed to his father, who was extricating himself, but the girl was dead. On the way to the city in the car he pleaded with those attending him to let him die. He will probably obtain his wish for his injuries are no doubt fatal. The Albany & Hudson road is the longest road operated by the third rail system in the world. It is the first of what it was announced would be a system of electric lines connecting Albany with New York city.

CABLE FLASHES.

A Reuter dispatch from St. Petersburg says the publication of the Novoe Vremya has been prohibited for a week, because it urged the government to help workmen and the unemployed as the best means to combat revolutionary tendencies.

Thirty-two dead bodies, some of them terribly mutilated, have been recovered in the colliery in Sengneidd, in the Rhondda valley, where an explosion occurred last Friday morning. The gruesome work proceeds very slowly, and many painful scenes are witnessed at the pit's mouth.

The elections of the Spanish have resulted approximately in the return of 120 ministerialists and 30 members of the opposition.

The British war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, May 26: A superior force of Boers made a determined attack on a convoy between Venterdorp and Potschefstrom, May 23, but were driven off. Our loss was four killed and thirty wounded. The convoy arrived in safety.

The Bremen correspondent of the Lokal Anzieger asserts that a special commission of alienists has met to consider the case of Dietrich Weiland, the assailant of Emperor William. Weiland is no longer in the asylum, but has been removed to the Bremen prison.

Mothers of good judgment and experience give their little ones Rocky Mountain Tea this month; keeps them well. 35 cents. Made by Madison Medicine company. Ask your druggist.

$5.75 Round Trip to St. Paul & Minneapolis $5.75.

Via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale every day from May 27 to June 4, inclusive. Good to return up to and including June 15. The Soo line limited, at 1:25 p. m., fastest train to Minneapolis, arriving at 6 p. m. and St. Paul 6:25 p. m. Night express leaves at 11:10. Secure tickets and berths at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

The diseases most feared are those which are inherited—handed down from generation to generation, and family to family. By far the most destructive of these is Cancer, which finds the greatest number of its victims among the children and grand-children of those whose blood was tainted with this dreadful malady. You may carry this poison in the blood for years, but as the vital powers begin to wane a slight bruise or cut, wart or mole, sore or pimple may develop into Cancer. From middle life to old age is the time when the slumbering poison is most apt to break out, a sore or ulcer often degenerating into Cancer, and Tumors become more progressive and ulcerate through the skin, the sharp, shooting pains causing the most intense suffering.

The Cancer patient naturally grows despondent as one after another the usual remedies fail, and the sore shows no sign of healing. The impurities that have been accumulating in the system, perhaps for generations, cannot be eliminated nor the poisoned blood made pure by salves, washes and plasters. The proper treatment is to purify and build up the blood, remove the cause, when the sore or ulcer heals.

Mr. J. B. Arnold, of Greenwood, S. C., writes: "A tiny ulcer came, just under the left eye. It began spreading, and grew worse rapidly, destroying the flesh as it went. As Cancer is hereditary in my family I became thoroughly alarmed, consulting the best physicians and taking many blood medicines, none of which did me any good, when one of our leading druggists advised me to try S. S. S., and by the time I had taken the second bottle the Cancer began to show signs of healing, the discharge grew gradually less and finally ceased altogether, the sore dried up and nothing remains but a slight scar. I feel that I owe my life to S. S. S."

S. S. S. goes directly into the blood, destroys the virus, stops the formation of Cancerous cells and cleanses the system of impurities. What we say of S. S. S. as a cure for Cancer is supported by the testimony of those who have tested it and been restored to health.

Begin in time, don't wait until the blood is so polluted and the system so thoroughly saturated with the poison that no medicine, however efficacious, can check the progress of the disease. If there is a taint in your blood get it out at once, don't wait for some external evidence of it, the appearance of a tumor or ulcer. We have prepared a special book on Cancer which we will mail free. Our physicians are ready to help you by their advice and such direction as your case requires. Write us fully and freely—no charge for medical advice. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GLAD TO SEE HIM RETURN TO CAPITAL

People of Washington Anxiously Await the Home-Coming of President McKinley---A Fierce Contest In Virginia.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The people of Washington anxiously await the return of the presidential party from the Pacific coast. Since the departure of the president and those members of the cabinet who accompanied him, the capital city of the nation has indeed been a very dull town, from an official viewpoint, at least. Very little business of importance or of interest to the country at large has been transacted since President McKinley started from Washington on his Western jaunt. There has occasionally been some news transmitted from Pekin, Manilla, London and elsewhere of international and domestic interest, but outside of this the government has had little to offer to the correspondents who represent outside papers in this city.

The people of Washington, however, have had a sensation which has interested them greatly during the past two weeks, namely, the shooting of James S. Ayres, a census office clerk, at the Hotel Kenmore, in this city, by Mrs. Robert Bonine, the wife of a traveling salesman. As has been telegraphed from Washington, after the whole detective force of the city had been investigating the case for several days Mrs. Bonine confessed that she did the shooting, but stated that it was in self-defense. The case is a queer one. The authorities are still doing everything in their power to clear up what to them still seems to be a mystery. In other words, they do not believe that Mrs. Bonine, in her confession, told half the truth. In the event, however, that her confession stands, it is not unlikely that this woman, who only tips the scales at ninety-two pounds, will be acquitted of the charge of murder now lodged against her.

* * *

Upon the return of the presidential party, it is believed that President McKinley and his cabinet will have some information to give the public which will be important and of interest to the country at large. At any rate this is the view taken by public men who still remain in the capital city.

* * *

The fierce contest now being waged in Virginia between Representative Swanson and Attorney General Montague for the Democratic nomination for the governorship is creating almost as much interest in this city as in the Old Dominion. It may be stated, also, that the peculiarity of this fight is regarded with considerable interest in other sections of the country. So far as the members of the lower house of the national congress are concerned (of course the Democratic members are more interested than are their Republican associates), they seem to perefer that Mr. Swanson shall win. He is quite a favorite in the house, especially among his Democratic colleagues. They all realize, naturally, that the man who secures the Democratic nomination will be the next governor of Virginia.

The Republicans in Virginia, it is said here, will endeavor to oppose the successful Democratic candidate for the gubernatorial nomination by putting up the strongest man in that party in the state. At the present time, however, these politicians do not seem to be able to predict the man who will be willing to stand against the Democratic candidate at the polls next fall.

* * *

Information received at the state department is to the effect that the report on the foreign trade of China for the year 1900, which has just been issued by the maritime imperial customs, shows that the great expansion of Chinese foreign trade for 1899 was continued during the first half of 1900; but the disturbances in the north, which became serious in June, not only stopped for a time all trade at Ninchwang and Tientsin, which had shown such improvement during the previous year, but naturally had a depressing effect throughout the ports.

That the Yangtze was almost quiet in the face of such alarming reports from the north seems remarkable. Notwithstanding the drawbacks of the year, owing to disturbed conditions, etc., the revenue was the largest for the past ten years, excepting 1896, the imports exceeding every year, even the unprecedented year of 1898, and the exports being only $28,628 under that year.

It is gratifying to see in the tables giving quantities of principal articles imported that American drills, jeans and sheetings show a strong advance at the expense of their British rivals.

The importance of our trade in the north, where we have the larger share, is shown by the fact that out of a total of $131,892,000 of foreign imports in 1898, Chefee, Tientsin and Minchwang had $40,252,000, or nearly 30 per cent.

The last ten years also show a large increase in China's export trade from $72,790,700 to $11,4591,300.

* * *

In an interesting bulletin just issued by the department of agriculture, and prepared by O. P. Cook, special agent for tropical agriculture, it is stated that the shading of coffee is one of the vexed questions of tropical agriculture, and the literature of the subject abounds in opinions of the most contradictory import. By some shade is condemned as always and everywhtre hurtful, while others insist with equal emphasis that it is a necessity for the beautiful growth and productiveness of the coffee tree. Some experts admit a limited use of shade at low altitudes and in regions subject to drought, while others insist that coffee cannot be profitably cultivated where shade is necessary. A favorite argument for shade is the greater longevity of the trees, but this is answered by the assertion of decreased productiveness.

Testimony in favor of shade has come almost entirely from Central America, Venezuela and Colombia, in which region the custom of planting leguminous trees with coffee is general; in Brazil and in the East Indies, where experiments have been made with figs and other non-leguminous trees, theory and practice have generally ignored or directly opposed the use of shade. To reconcile these contrary ideas it is necessary only to observe that the coffee and cocoa planters of the Central American region have been practicing unconsciously a system of soil fertilizing. Like the clovers, vetches and other fodder and soiling crops now extensively used and highly valued in the agriculture of temperate regions, the leguminous shrubs and trees are also able to avail themselves of the atmospheric nitrogen by means of their root tubercles and attendant hectaria. Although the planting of a leguminous soiling crop with coffee was suggested many years ago in Java, and although several writers who favored shade have mentioned the increase of nitrogen among the incidental advantages possible under the shade, this simple interpretation of the general problem seems never to have been made, and the practice of growing coffee under shade is still defended on grounds at once illogical and insufficient.

Without denying that shade may be a necessity in a few instances when coffee is grown in arid regions, like parts of Arabia and Mexico, it is evident that the increasing use of shade in the moist tropics is irrational and unjustifiable on the basis of any existing theories. If the increased fertility of soil through leguminous trees be left out of account, the adverse opinions of Defert and other scientific investigators must be admitted as justified, and shade must be condemned as a cultural error of huge practical dimensions. If, on the other hand, the nitrogen fixed in the soil by the bacteria of the root tubercles of the leguminous shade trees be held as a factor of prime importance, to which other alleged advantages of shade are negative or merely incidental, estimates of the relative wisdom of existing systems of culture are entirely changed. New lessons from the past and new experiments for the future suggest themselves, and it becomes apparent that scientific coffee culture holds possibilities as unsuspected as they are unrealized.

The question of shade in coffee culture is fundamental, in the sense that from the clearing away of the forest to the harvesting of the crop the operations of the plantation are largely influenced or determined by the presence or absence of shade trees. The selection of suitable sites for plantations, whether the forest shall be completely destroyed or merely thinned out, which trees to leave for shade, or which to plant in advance of the coffee, how to lay out the plantation, the spacing of the trees, the drainage, cultivation, catch crops, soiling crops, weeding, fertilizer and irrigation—none of these details can be intelligently dealt with until a decision has been reached in matter of shade. Not that a general decision for or against shade is to be expected; shade is a cultural question which each planter must decide from the study of his local conditions. There are soils and climates where shade trees are unnecessary, or even harmful; there are others where leguminous shrubs or herbs can be utilized to much better advantage than trees, but in the broken and mountainous regions, where a large proportion of the world's coffee crop is grown, and in arid regions, where a great extension of the industry is possible, leguminous trees have, and will doubtless continue to have, enormous agricultural importance. To determine the true extent of the utility of shade trees and the different kinds of trees adapted to this purpose is a scientific problem which should receive early experimental attention.

In many coffee-growing regions, such as Porto Rico, steep slopes and rainfall forbid agricultural methods similar to those generally employed in temperate regions. The soil cannot be stirred lest it be washed away by the next rain, and the application of commercial fertilizers is for the same reason more or less impracticable. The use of leguminous annuals would also be attended with the difficulties of frequent replanting and the disposal of vegetable debris, which often invites the dangers of plantation fires. Leguminous trees, however, hold the soil in place, and seldom require replanting or other care; their shade discourages the growth of weeds, diminishes the cost of cultivation, and lessens the bad effect of drought. Rational shade culture thus renders it possible to utilize and maintain the fertility of extensive regions favorably located climatically, but too broken to be amenable to agriculture as practiced in temperate regions. In addition it has a most important bearing on coffee and many other tropical industries throughout their present extent and future expansion.

* * *

Consul Chester sends from Budapest the following: The coal question has become more important for Hungary than the problem of her industrial development. While England and Germany produce good coal, and the latter consumes almost all it produces, Austria produced in 1898 about 32,200,000 tons and exported 1,833,000 tons to Hungary. Hungary produced in 1899 only 5,200,000 tons, and had to import from Austria, as before stated, over 1,000,000 tons. As this import just covers the decrease in production from 1896, it is important that American exporters should not be deterred from their efforts by reports of the decrease of Hungary's import. The decrease in 1900 took place in stone coal only, while the import since Jan. 1, 1901, from Austria and Germany has increased, from Great Britain it is five times as great, and there was an import from Italy of 2½ tons. In December, 1900, there was an import of 2,986 tons of stone coal from Asiatic Turkey, and 2 1-7 tons only from the United States—signs that the American exporters need to get into more direct connection with Hungarian importers.

There is at present no duty on coal in Austro-Hungary. The principal consumers are the state railroad and the numerous distilleries. The production of stone coal in Hungary is entirely in private hands. A feeble attempt is now being made to float new shares of the largest coal concern of Hungary on the local market; but only some 25 per cent of the whole production of Hungary is stone coal, and the approaching changes in international commerce are not favorible to the rapid success of new mining schemes in Hungary. More than half the stone coal imported by Hungary has hitherto come from Austria, yet the trade of both countries from the beginning in this article has always been in favor of the competing outside world. The United States has only to step in and win the market.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

A Very Remarkable Remedy.

"It is with a good deal of pleasure and satisfaction that I recommend Chamberlin's Colic, Choler and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Druggist A. W. Sawtelle, of Hartford, Conn. "A lady customer, seeing the remedy exposed for sale on my show case, said to me: 'I really believe that medicine saved my life the past summer while at the shore,' and she became so enthusiastic over its merits that I at once made up my mind to recommend it in the future. Recently a gentleman came into my store so overcome with colic pains that he sank at once to the floor. I gave him a dose of this remedy, which helped him. I repeated the dose, and in fifteen minutes he left my store smilingly informing me that he felt as well as ever." Sold at Boyce's Drug store.

"Decoration Day Outings."

On May 29, 30 and 31 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:

Deerwood and return	$2 85
Sturgeon Lake and return	1 50
Pine City and return	2 40

Tickets good returning June 3.

For tickets, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The body of Henry Mingers, who last Sunday shot and killed his brother-in-law, Frank Greipel, in St. Paul, was found Sunday in a small lake near Rosemount, Minn., a short distance southwest of St. Paul. Mingers had attached a stone to a rope and tied the rope about his neck. The feet were above water when the body was discovered.

Frang Siegel, late president of the Siegel-Sanders Commission company, in which Frank Rockefeller is largely interested, surrendered himself to the county marshal in response to the warrant charging him with embezzlement, which was sworn out by Receiver Utley Wedge. Siegel is now in the county jail.

Postmaster Lowry and son, of Carter, in Washita county, New Mexico, were shot and killed by a man named Fowler. The shooting was the outcome of a feud.

"La Union," a large soap factory controlled by Messrs. Serrano and Farjas, owned by various stockholders, of Torreon, Mexico, and surrounding neighborhood, has been destroyed by fire. Loss, $225,000; insurance, $190,000.

A strike of oil has been made at Sour Lake, twenty miles north of Beaumont. A well was struck at 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon in the rear of Sour Lake hotel and at once became a gusher, flowing 15,000 barrels a day. This new strike so far from the Beaumont fields has caused renewed excitement all over the state and a rush to the new district is already on.

Passengers who arrived at Vancouver on the steamer Tees estimate the season's clean-up at Dawson at $30,000,000. Gold Run creek, it is said, will be the top liner of the Yukon gold-producing streams, while Quartz creek is giving indications of unusually rich pay dirt.

Samuel Parker, foreign minister in Hawaii when Liluokalani was on the throne, who arrived in Chicago Sunday, in speaking of existing conditions on the island said: "You hear about the Hawaiian or patriotic native party demanding Governor Dole's position. It is simply politics. The outs want to get in. They assume virtuous names, that's all."

The remains of former Governor Tanner were consigned to the grave at Oak Ridge cemetery, at Springfield, Sunday. The funeral, which was both military and civic in character, was the largest ever known in Springfield with the exception of the burial of President Lincoln in April, 1865.

Monsignor Leonard Batz, pastor of St. Peter and St. Paul Catholic church, of Milwaukee, and former vicar general of the Milwaukee arch-diocese, died Sunday night after four weeks' illness, aged 80 years. The imediate cause of death was hydrostatic pneumonia complicated with heart and stomach trouble.

For a Summer Trip

You cannot do better than to visit the East. Scenically and historically it is rich in interest, and with the added attraction of the Pan-American exposition, at which you have the privilege of stopping off with tourist tickets reading over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway—an ideal vacation may be spent. Our publication, "Lake Shore Tours," a copy of which will be sent on application, contains outline maps of a number of the choicest and most popular trips, with rates. Chautauquans will be interested in the opening of our new and direct line to this famous recreative and educational resort. "Book of Trains" gives full information concerning our very complete passenger service to the East. Address W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott arcade, St. Paul, Minn. F. M. Byron, G. W. A., Chicago.

Over "The North-Western Line."

The "Twilight Limited" daily at 4:30 p. m. for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater.

The "Chicago Fast Mail" daily at 5 p. m. for Eau Claire, Marshfield, Wausau, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Milwaukee and Chicago. Parlor cars, dining cars, Pullman sleepers.

See Here!

When it comes to size and assortment of

Spring Suits

You may rest assured we are right in the race, both as to fit, finish and style. Take for instance—bright, snappy effects of Spring Suits at

$15

One can't resist investing in one of them. Remember we guarantee each and every suit to give satisfaction.

Fresh Supply of that

Catchy Neckwear

in those up-to-date makes at 25c, 50c and 75c.

The "Hawes" and "Stetson" Hats.

always on hand in the latest blocks.

Our Motto:

"One Price and That Right."

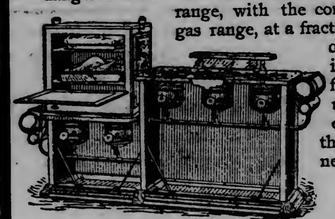
C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier.

219 West Superior Street.

WICKLESS Blue Flame OIL STOVE

It will do any cooking that can be done on any kind of a stove. It is clean, quick, convenient, and cool for the cook. It uses the cheapest fuel—kerosene—but without wicks and without the least danger or odor. It does better cooking than a coal range, with the convenience of a gas range, at a fraction of the cost of either. Made in various sizes, from one burner up. If your dealer *does not* have them write to the nearest agency of



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MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2078, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 18th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. Louisa Stewart, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of A. Louisa Stewart, deceased, late of the county of Tompkins, state of New York, being granted to David B. Stewart,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in said probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 29th day of August, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office. In the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 18th day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-20-27-June-3-1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 18th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie C. Clearman, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Jennie C. Clearman, deceased, late of the county of Tompkins, state of New York, being granted to David B. Stewart,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 29th day of August, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 18th day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-20-27-June-3-1901.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Seventeenth judicial district and county of Jackson, on the 20th day of April, 1901, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Emil Koch was plaintiff and Enoch Erickson defendant in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of one hundred one and 20-100 dollars a transcript of which said judgment was docketed in the office of the clerk of the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota on the 19th day of April, 1901, at 3:10 o'clock p. m. of that day, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 17th day of April, 1901, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit: South half of southeast quarter (s½ of se¼) and northeast quarter of southeast quarter (ne¼ of se¼) section nineteen (19), township fifty (50) north range fifteen (15) west fourth principal meridian in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 20th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minnesota.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

KNOX & FABER,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor,
Jackson, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-22-29-May-6-13-20-27-1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 13th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of George A. Campbell, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Mary F. Campbell of the village of Peshtigo, of the county of Marinette, Wisconsin, representing, among other things, that George A. Campbell, late of the county of Marinette, in the state of Wisconsin, on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1899, at the county of Marinette, Wisconsin, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said county at the time of his death, leaving real estate within St. Louis County, Minnesota, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Mary E. Campbell granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on the fifth day of June, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 13th day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May-13-20-27-1901.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 20th day of April, 1901, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Charles E. Hasey was plaintiff, and A. R. Merritt and Cassius C. Merritt, co-partners, under the firm name of A. R. Merritt & C. C. Merritt, and Cassius C. Merritt, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of ten hundred seventy-five and 38-100 ($1075.38) dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 17th day of January, 1894, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

South half of northwest quarter (s½ of nw¼), and west half of northeast quarter (w½ of ne¼), section eleven (11), township fifty-eight (58) north, range eighteen (18), west Fourth Principal Meridian, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 20th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By VICTOR A. DASH,
Deputy.

PHELPS & McMANNUS,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 22-29-May-6-13-20-27-1901.

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

We Must Dispose of This Property at Once.

$250 Lots in Lester Park—50x140 ---------- **$250**
$650 Lots in Endion—50x140 feet ---------- **$650**
$1200 Double corner on East Fifth street ---------- **$1200**
$4700 Fine modern residence—with 50 foot lot—East First street
$3000 Modern house—with 50 foot lot—at Lakeside—worth $6000.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Three Masted Schooner Found Capsized Off Manitowoc.

Had a Big Cargo of Hardwood Slabs on Board.

It Is Thought That the Whole Crew Had Perished.

Milwaukee, May 27.—An Eevning Wisconsin special from Marinette, Wis., says: Capt. Robert Evans of the steam barge Francis Hinton, bound from Milwaukee to Marinette, arrived here today and reports the finding of a capsized schooner fifteen miles off Manitowoc, Sunday afternoon. It was a three-masted schooner, with a cargo of hardwood slabs aboard. He was unable to ascertain the name of the craft on account of the high seas. It looked as though the crew had perished with her. Marine men in Milwaukee believe the schooner C. H. Hackley to be safe somewhere in the Manitous. She left Milwaukee light for Pine lake, on the east shore on Wednesday and has not had time to load and return. The name of the sunken craft cannot even be surmised here.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Gettysburg, 1:40 a. m.; Masaba, Corliss, 2:30; Bunson, Manda, 2:40; Presque Isle, 3:30; Chili, Tower, Yukon, Thompson, whaleback 5; Cadillac, 6:40; China, 8:30; Kennebec, Hadley, 10; Yuma, Whitaker, 11. Down: Rees, Norton, Choctaw, Algonquin, Andaste, 10; Cambria, Emory Owen, Australia, Senator, 11:30; Ed Smith, Iron City, Warmington, midnight; Griffin, Appomattox, Santiago, 2; Osceola, Corning, Filer, 3:30; Sacramento, Granada, Superior City, 4; Manola, Murphy, 5:40; Caledonia, Polynesia, Naples, Roman, 7; Harper, Lagonda, Athabasca, Passadena, 8:30; Kalkaski, Fryer, Oakleaf, Saturn, Hill (steel), 9:30; Gladstone, McWilliams, Langell, Arenac, Moore, Interlaken, 11.

Up yesterday: Crescent City and whaleback, 1 a. m.; Frontenac, 5; Siemens, Holley, 5:10; Meriden, 6; Hanna, 7; Selwyn Eddy, 7:30; Oliver, 8; Wall and whaleback, La Salle, 8:30; Carnegie, 8:30; Bielman, 10:30; Roumania, 11; United Empire, noon; V. H. Ketchum, 1 p. m.; Schuylkill, 1:35; Outhwaite, Ravenscraig, 2:20; Iron Age, J. M. Hutchinson, 4; Castle Rhodes, 4:30; Fulton, Nasmyth, Chicago, 6; Donaldson, 8:20; John Eddy, Ambroy, 8:40.

Down: Strathcona, 12:40 a. m.; North Wind, Japan, Argo, Dobbins, 3:30; Fairbairn, Louisiana, 5; Nipigon, Melbourne, Knapp, 6; Angeline, Queen City, 6:30; Santa Maria, Wayne, Marvin 7; Neptune, 7:30; Pickands, Pioneer, 7:30; Strong, Commodore, Erie, Danforth, 9; Vulcan, Jupiter, 9:40; Spokane, 10; Tempest, Ralston, Peerless, Empire City, 10:20; Von, Hoyt and two whalebacks, noon; Ruby, Niagara, Briton, 1:30 p. m.; Zenith City, Milwaukee, 2:30; Van Hise, Maderia and whaleback, Grecian, 5:20; Newaygo, Anderson, 6:40; Linn, Krupp, Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, Viking, Vinland, 7:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, May 27.—Up: Maryland, 9 last night; Gratwick, Antrim, 9:10; Lockwood, 9:30; Hebard, consorts, Scranton, 9:40; Whitney, 10:40; Mabel Wilson, 10:20; Paliki, 3 a. m.; Cornell, Bell, 4:20; Monkshaven, Business, 6; Glasgow, Abyssinia, 8:40.

Up yesterday: Harvard, Ericson, 6 a. m.; Ossifrage, 7; Roome, 7:40; Ranney, 9; Portage, 9:20; Fayette Brown, 9:30; Princeton, Prick, Stevenson, 105, 9:40; Albright, Malleton, Marsala, 10:20; Maunoloa, Manilla, 11; Seattle, 12:30; Topeka, noon; Bartlett, 131; 12:10 p. m.; Lafayette, 1; Mahoning, 1:20; Edenborn, Theans, 3:30; Minch, 4; Fiske, Sunshine, Sprague, 4:20; Samuel Mitchell, Chickamauga, 4:30; Italia, Amazon, 5; Douglass Houghton, Martin, Roebling, 5:20; Curry, 5:30; Boscobel, 5:50; Rensselaer, 137, 6:30; Mohawk, 6:40; Pesht, 7:30; Eads, 8.

Down: Thomas Wilson, Whitworth, 116, 12:40 a. m.; Wyandam, 201, 3:20; Northern Light, 6; Iroquois, Matoa, 129, 7:40; Charles Eddy, 8:50; Richards, 9:10; Davidson, 9:40; Bascobel, Marquette, George R. Jr., Wilcox, 11:10; Houghton, Feltz, 11; Wocoxa, 11:30; Pabst, Armenia, 12:20 p. m.; Fedora, 2; Herchel, Senaca, 2:10; Runnells, Pope, 3:20; Pridgeon, 4:20; Neosho, Centurion, 4:30; Atlantic, Pontiac, 5; Rutgee, 5:30; Case, 6; Oneida, Canon, 6:05; Cart, 7:10; Aztec, Miztec, 7:40; Scott, 8:20.

THE LITTLE RED BOOK.

Almost everybody identified with lake shipping awaits more or less anxiously the annual appearance of the "Little Red Book," the 1901 edition of which has just come from the press of the Marine Review Publishing company, Cleveland. It is purposely made small—vest pocket size—but contains a list of about 2000 vessels of the great lakes, together with the name of master, engineer and owner of each. The arrangement is such that by simply knowing the name of a vessel, one is enabled to find not only the names of the officers and manager, or owner, but a list of the other vessels controlled by the same interest. The value of the book as a work of reference is obvious. It is extensively used by business houses that furnish supplies to the vessels, as well as by persons desiring to send out circulars or other business communications. The book sells for $1.

TO BEGIN TOMORROW.

The work of raising the tug Zenith, which sank at the Missabe ore docks last week will be begun tomorrow morning. Everything was made ready for the work today, in order that an early start may be made tomorrow. The task is not expected to be difficult, and it is doubtful if the damage to the tug is very serious.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Leland, Montgomery, Racine.
Buffalo—Cleared: Light—Walter E., Scranton, Duluth.
Marquette—Arrived: Frontenac.
South Chicago—Cleared: Constitution, Duluth; Minnesota, West Superior.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Chisholm, Bissell, Cranage, Fryer, London, Wade, Johnson, Tacoma, Gilchrist, Prentice, Cumberland, Lake Erie, coal; Mills, Chicotha, Stimson, Bissell, Turner, Oneonta, Pringle, Harrison, Middlesex, Westover, Jeanette, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Argo, Port Arthur, pass and mdse; Hunter, Ashland, pass and mdse; Lagonda, Progress, Lake Erie, light for ore; Venus, Buffalo, light for grain; Paisley, Kelley's island, limestone.

Departed—Palmer, Two Harbors, light; Pasadena, Orinoco, Gladstone, Nicholas, Saturn, McWilliams, Reynolds, Buffalo, grain; James Hill, Gates, Lagonda, Clyde, Colgate, Elwood, Mather, Lake Erie, ore; Emily, Gebhart, Wetmore, Brunette, Holland, Bradley and consorts, Lake Erie, lumber; City of Collingwood, Collingwood, pass and flour; Chicago, Buffalo, flour.

Later—Arrived—Northern King, Buffalo, mdse; Bradshaw, south shore, pass and mdse; Bon Ami, north shore, pass and mdse; Tecumseh, Marengo, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Moore, Buffalo, grain; Bon Ami, north shore, pass and mdse; Kelly, Negaunee, Two Harbors, light.

THE STRIKE SITUATION

Iron Moulders of San Francisco Will Return To Shops, But Will Work Only On Material From Union Workmen.

San Francisco, May 27.—Trades union men met yesterday in secret session to deliberate on strike conditions. Iron Molders' Union No. 164 passed a resolution that its members return to their respective shops this morning, but work only from patterns made by union patternmakers and on such castings only, which are to be finished by union machinists. Since all union patternmakers and machinists are on strike and every new pattern from which a casting is to be made, will be suspected of being the work of a non-union patternmaker and have to be finishedby ternmaker and will have to be finished by non-union machinists, the molders will refuse to handle the castings. This is likely to lead to a strike of the molders, though the order has not come from the international organization.

New York, May 27.—The boilermakers employed by Babcock & Wilcox company, of Bayonne, N. J., numbering about 300, have struck for a nine-hour day without a reduction of wages. In addition to the boilermakers 100 machinists and as many helpers, riveters and millwrights employed at the works are on strike, having gone out last week when the general strike of machinists was begun.

Dunkirk, N. Y., May 27.—Work was resumed at the Brooks' Locomotive works today, about two-thirds of the employes reporting for work. None of the striking machinists or allied metal workers returned to work. All departments of the work are running, but with a reduced force. The officers of the company have submitted terms of settlement to the strikers, which have been forwarded to President O'Connell at Toronto for his consideration.

Denver, May 27.—The Western Federation of Miners and its ally, the Western Labor union, assembled here in joint convention today. About 175 delegates are in attendance.

Matters of importance to Western workingmen, including the Coeur d'Alene mining troubles and Oriental labor, will be discussed. The Chinese exclusion act expires May 5, 1902, and the convention will, it is understood, recommend its renewal, as well as the adoption of an act to exclude Japanese laborers.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

EAST END LOTS.

$250—For a lot near the Normal school.
$400—For a lot on Center street.
$400—For a lot on Jefferson street.
$1200—For a corner lot on London road.
$1500—For a lot on East Superior street.
$700—For a lot on Fourth street.
$750—For a lot on Third street.

These lots are all 50x140 feet. Easy terms can be made if desired. For sale by

George H. Crosby,
106 Providence Building.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

EAST END LOTS.

$250—For a lot near the Normal school.
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106 Providence Building.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

FLAT—SEVEN ROOMS — STEAM heat; appointments first class.

STORE ROOM—BEST LOCATION on Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BUSINESS or residence property. Any amount and lowest rates.

FIRE INSURANCE CAREFULLY written in best companies.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

We are Selling Lots

fast on 23rd and 24th avenues west on 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th streets, and have a few left which are for sale at lower prices than they have been offered for 10 years. Terms very easy.

MONEY to loan on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

$1400 Takes 50 feet upper side Third street, near 15th avenue east.
$2500 Takes 7-room modern house in East End.
$2700 Takes 8-room modern house in East End.

A. C. VOLK & Co.
202 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT—7-room house in East End; water, sewer, etc.; per month ---------- **$20**

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

WILL BUY OR SELL ALICE A. New telephone **1150**

Will sell:

500 shares Blue Grass ---------- 17½c
1000 shares Ramona ---------- 25c
1000 shares Randolph ---------- 5c
1000 shares Golden Star ---------- 8½c

M. C. FRENCH,
312-313 Trust Building. Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

119 Tenth avenue east—Six-room flat, bath, hot and cold water, steam heat, janitor service, etc.

Flat No. 2, over 13-15 East Superior street; steam heat, water, electric light, etc. Central location.

1105 Fifty-first avenue east; five rooms, pleasant location, $8.

Flats in Wieland flats, four rooms, water, steam heat, etc.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949. 217 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

FOR BANK WRECKING.

Lieutenant Governor Allen of Vermont Is Arrested.

Vergennes, Vt., May 27.—Lieutenant Governor M. F. Allen, vice president and director of the Farmers' National bank, which recently suspended here, and J. W. Ketcham, a representative to the legislature from this place, were arrested today by United States officers, under indictments charging them with complicity with Cashier D. Q. Lewis in wrecking the bank.

OCEANSTEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Zeland from Antwerp; Marquette, London.
New York—Arrived: Sicilia, Genoa and Naples.
New York—Arrived: Minnehaha from London.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PLANTS

For the house, garden, window box and cemetery; also vegetable plants, at Lindsay's New Greenhouses, Lester Park bridge

Car Fare both ways on every dollar purchase.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

$400 will purchase a good-paying restaurant on Superior street.

$1000 will purchase furniture, lease and good-will of a large first-class private boarding house, thirty-two rooms; centrally located. The house is now full of boarders and paying well.

We have many good openings to offer in all lines of legitimate business.

We can sell your business.

DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY, Albert L. Preston, Manager, 309 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—THREE THOROUGHBRED Irish setter pups from prize stock, $10 each. 324 East Eighth street.

FOR SALE—ALL GOODS MUST BE sold before June 1. Temple second hand store, 211 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—1200 ACRES 52-19, $2.75 PER acre. For rent, desk room and desk. Neil McLachlan, 514 Burrows building.

CELERY AND CABBAGE PLANTS FOR sale. 50 cents per 100. Jacob Dryke, Woodland.

JERSEY COW FOR SALE, CHEAP. Fresh this spring, also a nice little stable if desired. We are going away. Call after 6 o'clock at 1415 East Third street.

BUY YOUR NEW OR SECOND HAND engines, boilers, sawmills, planing mills and second hand machinery and supplies of us. We can save you money. Harris Machinery Co., J. U. Durant, Mgr 1011 Washington Ave, se., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALE—2-HORSE PACKING COMpany wagon, made to order; also single horse top buggy and one phaeton. 213 West First street.

FOR SALE—ALL OR PART OF 5000 shares "Alice A" stock. M 67, Herald.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF MULES OR trade for heavy horses. Address W. W., Herald.

FOR SALE—20,000 BRICK, $5.00-M. at 2012 West First street. I. Downie.

FOR SALE—HEAVY DRAY WAGON. Inquire 519 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—FOLDING BED AND COcart. 1513 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR real estate. Tobacco and confectionery store. 10, Twentieth avenue west.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seven room flat centrally located, within walking distance of business section. For full particulars address P. O. Box 679, Duluth.

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, ALmost new, cheap. Call afternoons or evenings. 1213 East Fourth street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.

Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 3, 1901. Work, Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 27, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 12, 1901. Work, M. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 4, 1901. Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

IMPORVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMUROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2266, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD COOK; HIGHEST wages paid. Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, 1802 East Superior street.

A BAD COMPLEXION NEVER GETS better of itself. Doctor with Satin-Skin Cream and Powder, gaining healthy skin. 25c. Leading stores.

GIRLS! GIRLS! GIRLS!—CALL AT 225 East Superior street for good places.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, at 1914 East First street.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY TO CANvass city for calling cards. Address Card Writer, care Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL OR woman by the day. Good cook. 221 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; no washing; one who can go home nights preferred. 31 West Fourth street.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings, 5302 West Main street, West Duluth.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A BRIGHT DELIVERY BOY. Apply at 17 East Superior street.

WANTED — OFFICE PORTER AND bell boy at Spalding hotel.

WANTED—STATE MANAGER FOR Minnesota. Salary $1500 and commissions. References and $1000 cash required. Money secured and returnable with interest. Address Secretry, Box 440, Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—BOYS TO DISTRIBUTE circulars, 50 cents per day. Meet man with circulars at Sixth avenue and West Superior street at 8 o'clock in the morning.

CIVIL SERVICE GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—About 5000 appointments were made last year. Probably 10,000 this year. Those standing highest at the examinations soon to be held will secure these positions. Catalogue of information free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—TEN BRICKLAYERS TO start work Tuesday morning on Lovejoy building, 816 Tower avenue, West Superior. Schmidt Bros.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN to the wholesale and retail trade only. Salary $1200 and expenses. The National, 304 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—AN EDGERMAN AT HUBbard & Vincent.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, present complete outfit of tools, include board and guarantee good wages after only two months practice. Catalogue and particulars free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

GOOD SALARIES—Earn good wages while learning electrical engineering. Call on or address C. S. Calle, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206-208 New Jersey Building, Duluth, Open evenings. 2

WANTED—AGENTS.

WE HAVE A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS proposition valuable to an educated and well bred lady or gentleman of acquaintance whether otherwise engaged or not, which will return a handsome monthly income. Something entirely new, no meddling or canvassing proposition. Particulars by addressing R. Hynes, 502 Washington street, San Francisco, Cal.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — GOOD SEAMSTRESS wants work by the day in shop or families. M 72, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY, washing or cleaning. 1103 East Second street. Call evenings.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED cook, a job of cooking for a small crew; wages moderate. Address J. M., Highland Park P. O., Duluth.

A SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS YOUNG man, age 24, wants work of some kind, has experience as teamster. References furnished if required. Address T 85, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION TO DO LIGHT housework in a nice Christian family. No children preferred. Call at 313 East First street.

WANTED—A POSITION AT LIGHT housework in a nice family; no children preferred. Call at 313 East First street.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

MEDICAL.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars; sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A LIGHT SINGLE delivery wagon. Gasser's grocery.

WILL BUY PINE IN ITASCA, ST. Louis and Lake counties. Maginnis & Bull, 526 and 527 Manhattan building.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

VIOLIN, MANDOLIN, GUITAR, FLUTE, piano. Ch. Trautvetter, 3 over Big Duluth.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

GARFIELD HOUSE FOR RENT. UNdergoing repairs. Inquire Williamson, 113 Fourth street west, 8 a. m., noon, 6 p. m.

WILL RENT EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, East End at $13 per month, providing year's rent will be paid in advance. Call 1905 Dingwall street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 2609 West Third street; strictly modern. J. H. Whitely, 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace; ten rooms. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 206 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM FLAT, SIXTYfourth avenue west, two blocks from street cars. Inquire Board & Daniels store.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. Modern. $6. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms. 30 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished 5-room steam-heated flat, centrally located, East End, June 1 to Oct. 1. Reasonable rent. Address M. H., Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board. 119 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, SUITABLE for man and wife, water included. 329 East Seventh street.

FOR RENT — FRONT FURNISHED room. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO WELL FURNISHED rooms cheap. 1109 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; gentleman preferred. 2021 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM with bath. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; will allow light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM MODern. 125½ Tenth avenue east.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF WALTER TELLS EVERYthing. 314 East Fifth street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

LOST.

LOST—A LETTER BETWEEN FIRST and Seventh avenue east, on Second street, Sunday morning. Please return to the one to whom address 17 East Third street.

LOST—PERSONAL GRIP ON FIRST street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenue west. Return to Dibbell's livery 1925 West First street or Herald office and receive reward. Owner's name inside, W. A. Riddle.

LOST—A POCKETBOOK BELONGING to Rev. B. R. Patrick and containing some money and papers of value to the owner. If returned with the papers, the finder will be rewarded with all the money contained in it.

LOST—ONE BAY PONY WITH ONE white foot, branded T on hip. Return to Thomas Doyle for reward. 5519 Rawley street, West Duluth.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—A LADY WOULD LIKE TO take children to board for summer. Terms reasonable. Also wet nursing. M 70, Herald.

ROOM WITHOUT BOARD. 725 EAST Fourth street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIvate house at East End for man and wife. Address B 84, Herald.

PASTURE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HORSE PASTURE AT Spirit Lake. Telephone 3060.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—TRY MY MONTHLY REGUlator, Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First street.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.
In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Loretta A. Richards, Plaintiff,
vs.
William D. Richards, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court, in and for St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 405 Providence building, in the city of Duluth, said county and state within thirty (30) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint, within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 20th day of May, 1901.

JNO. P. MORROW,
405 Providence Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-27—June-3-10-17-24—July-1-1901.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 228 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3rd st. 'Phone 1235

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. Telephone 313.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2500 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT—We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Sup street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 Palladio building.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING. C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

TRAINED NURSE.

TRAINED NURSE. 327 EAST SUPErior street.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes

STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a.m.
for Two Harbors, Grand Marais Isle Royale, Port Arthur and Intermediate ports.

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p. m.
for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Mgr.
2 Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv. Duluth Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar. Proctor Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar. Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar. Sparta Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv. Duluth Ar		12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar. Virginia Lv		7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar. Eveleth Lv		7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar. Ely Lv		7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
*1:25 pm	ST. PAUL	*1 55 pm
12 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 12:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	**9 55 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—	Ashland and Fast	Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 15 am
*7 30 pm	No Coast Ltd.	* 7 55 am
*8 40 am		* 4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*8 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily *Ex.Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	†8 30 am
8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	*8 00 pm

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, MAY 28, 1901. TWO CENTS.

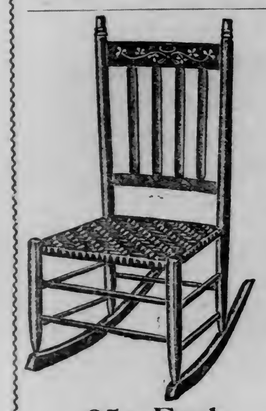
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

French & Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.

Prices will always be found much lower here than in the ordinary store. The assortment will usually be found as large as all other similar stores in town combined.

We invite the closest comparison of both price and quality.



95c Each

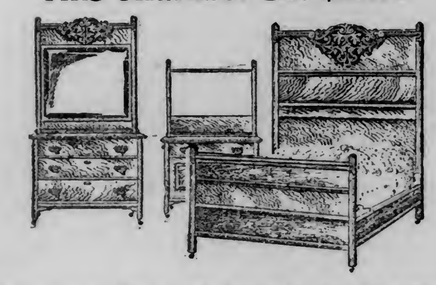
for these first-class Porch or Sewing Rockers. 100 of them will be placed on sale Monday morning. Three finishes, white maple, red enamel and green enamel, with old-fashioned splint seats. The sort our grandmothers had.

$4.35

for these good Morris Chairs, solid golden oak frames, with moss cushions, covered in handsome velours.

These are the sort of Chairs you will find priced in the ordinary stores at $8.50 and $10.00.

This Chamber Set $18.75



This is a regular $25 set, made of solid ash, with rich golden finish, consisting of Dresser, Bedstead and Commode, all nicely carved with brass mountings and beveled plate mirror—22x28 inches.

The construction is perfect and the suite was made in Grand Rapids, Mich., by one of its old and reliable manufacturers.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

FOR RENT!

Two-story and basement brick building, No. 22 E. Superior street, freight elevator, steam heat. Will make repairs to suit tenant.

We have for sale a very desirable 9-room dwelling in Lester Park located on the lower side of London road. Description furnished on application.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,

FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

INVESTIGATION IS THE SEARCHLIGHT OF PROGRESS.

CAN YOU LEARN THIS LESSON?

IF YOU CAN, YOU CAN LEARN SHORTHAND.

A LESSON IN GREGG'S SHORTHAND.

K, G. R, L. N, M. T, D. A. E. I.

WRITE BY SOUND:

me meek get day eat

meet make tray cake my

TO BE MEMORIZED:

A, an Can Good In He The Will Period

WRITE:

The lad will meet me in the lane.

READ:

GREGG SHORTHAND—the wonderful modern system of stenography which has, for the past several years, amazed and astounded the shorthand-writing world, is now being taught in Duluth. For information regarding the possibilities of this new system, call or address—

THE DRENNING SCHOOL, Eighth Floor, **Torrey Bldg.**

ONLY BUTTER MADE IN DULUTH.

SEPARATOR CREAMERY

Primus

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED BY,

BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, - DULUTH, MINN.

BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

BLOWN UP

Boer General and Daughter Were Killed.

They Were Examining a 4.7 Lyddite Shell.

Pretoria, May 28.—The Boer general, Shoeman and his daughter have been killed and his wife and two others have been badly injured by the explosion of a shell.

Gen. Schoeman, his family and some friends were examining a 4.7 inch lyddite shell, which was kept in the house as a curiosity, when the shell exploded, killing the general on the spot, mortally wounding his daughter and severely injuring his wife and two other persons. Gen. Schoeman was a great Krugerite. He led the commando of Colesberg. He was captured by the British. Since then Gen. Schoeman has resided in Pretoria.

THE COURT ADJOURNS

Supreme Bench Held Three Minute Session and Adjourned to October Without Reporting on Remaining Insular Cases.

Washington, May 28.—After a session of three minutes today the United States supreme court adjourned until the second Monday in October. The brief session was devoted to the formal disposition of motions. The two remaining insular cases, one of them that of the fourteen diamond rings, dealing with importations from the Philippines, and the other known as the second Dooley case, involving the question of exportations from the United States to Porto Rico, failed to receive attention today, and go over until the next term.

The United States supreme court today affirmed the judgment of the supreme court of the state of Washington in the case of Charles W. Nordstrom, under sentence of death on the charge of murder committed in that state, and directed that the mandate be issued at once. The mandate in the Nordstrom case coming from the federal court of Washington also was affirmed. These orders dispose of all the Nordstrom cases before the court, and, so far as this tribunal is concerned, leave him to his fate. The case has become famous by reason of the fact that Nordstrom's death sentence has been postponed for nine years by reason of legal complications.

PORTO RICANS HUNGRY

Immigrants Arriving at Honolulu Kept at Quarantine and Fed to Gain Strength to Proceed to Interior.

Honolulu, May 18, via San Francisco, May 28.—Inspection of the Porto Rican immigrants brought here by the steamer Colon shows that they are in such state from the need of food that they must be held at the quarantine station and fed until they regain strength sufficient to enable them to bear the journey to the other islands and to plantations on which they will work. A joint committee yesterday paid a visit to quarantine island to inspect the immigrants. The trip is said to have ended in disagreement as to the condition of the immigrants and their value as citizens of Hawaii.

Over half the immigrants on the Colon were women and children, and a considerable number of the men were infirm, while all were more or less emaciated. This is attributed to lack of food in their old homes.

SHOOT GRASSHOPPERS

French Agriculturists to Turn Cannon's Mouths on the Little Pests as Well as on the Hail Storms.

Washington, May 28.—The French agriculturists intend to fight frost and grasshoppers, as well as hail storms, with cannon and smoke, according to an interesting report received at the state department from Consul Covert at Lyons. It has just been determined to hold an international cannon congress at Lyons in November next, and Consul Covert is authorized to extend an invitation to Americans to take part. The success that has attended the experiment of firing at approaching hail storms to prevent their ravages upon French vineyards has prompted steps for a still further extension of the usage of cannon in agricultural society circles. The theory in some quarters prevails that it is not the frost itself which blasts the budding fruit, but the sun's rays following a night of frost, which find the grape, already sensitive from the cold, an easy victim to the heat. Cannon fired horizontally over vineyards at Asti at sunrise produced interesting results. A strip of vineyard, 500 feet wide, over which the smoke from two cannon had been spread, was entirely protected from the effects of the frost, while the vines on either side were badly injured.

An invasion of grasshoppers is announced to occur this summer in Southern Algeria, and the cannons' mouths are to be turned against them also.

MUTILATED.

Sensational Murder Case In the Famous Whitechapel District.

London, May 28.—A sensational murder and case of mutilation has occurred in a low lodging house in Dorset street, Whitechapel, close to the scenes of the "Jack the Ripper" tragedies. The victim, a woman named Annie Austin, 28 years old, was found dying in a bedroom on Sunday morning and was removed to a hospital, where she died.

The murderer escaped and the police were not notified of the crime until early yesterday. The murderer's long start and the total lack of a description of him renders his apprehension unlikely.

The wounds on the lower part of the victim's body are too revolting for description. The woman was conscious when found, but died without making a statement.

The police are apprehensive of further outrages, and a panic has been created in the neighborhood.

DUBUQUE CAN BE RAISED.

Burlington, Iowa, May 28.—The steamer W. J. Young arrived here today with passengers and part of the freight of the steamer Dubuque, which sunk eighteen miles above Burlington last night. The boat lies in shallow water and can be easily raised. It is not much damaged. There was no excitement among the passengers.

RED SKINS.

Band of Sioux Indians Give Chicago Police a Scare.

Chicago, May 28.—A party of forty-six Sioux Indians, including six squaws and three children passed through Chicago today en route to Glen Island, N. Y., where they are to take part in an Indian village exhibit during the summer.

At police headquarters commotion was caused by the reported arrival of the red skins. The police have been expecting an invasion of the Pottawattomies, who have threatened to seize the lake front under alleged government grants made many years ago. Therefore a wagonload of officers started out to quell a possible riot. The Indians were found at a railroad station, and after witnessing an impromptu war dance the police departed.

MOULTON HELD.

To Answer the Grand Jury on Assault Charge.

New York, May 28.—Robert Hayden Moulton, who is charged with shooting A. W. Dingwall, a theatrical manager, several weeks ago, and who has since been in Bellevue hospital in a serious condition, was held in $2500 bail, to the grand jury on a charge of felonious assault, by Magistrate Seeler today.

BRING BOTH.

Shamrock I and Shamrock II to Cross the Atlantic.

Glasgow, May 28.—After consultation with Mr. Fife, Sir Thomas Lipton has decided to send the Shamrock I to America with the challenger in order that he may continue the trial races right up to the date of the cup races. This will cost an additional £4000, but Sir Thomas is confident that the advantage to be gained justifies the expense. Capt. Wringe will command the Shamrock I, with the same crew that has sailed her here this season.

IN SOUTH CAROLINA

"Bluff," Say Senators When Referring to Resignations.

Tillman Thinks That There Will Be Many Candidates.

McLaurin Hopes the Fight Will Be Left to Them.

Columbia, S. C., May 28.—Senator Tillman is very much pleased with himself. He considers that he has gained a very important advantage over Senator McLaurin, and that he risked little while McLaurin's chances of coming out vindicated were one in a hundred.

"McLaurin made a bluff at me," he said, "and didn't think I would call him. After I made an assault on his honesty and integrity of purpose, he tried to parry that by taunting me with the assertion that I would not leave my six-year bomb-proof.

"I saw the opportunity to make a ten-strike for Democracy. I was ready to make it regardless of the personal sacrifice. I want South Carolina to say whether she wants two Democrats or two Republicans in the senate. If the people don't want to re-elect me I don't care to serve them. I shall announce my candidacy to succeed myself, and shall take such other steps as I find desirable.

"I regard it fortunate that this is an off year, so that we can discuss these

SENATOR TILLMAN.

national issues without any trading and combinations, and voters can decide upon the issues without outside interference. If I relieve the state of eighteen months of McLaurin I think I will be entitled to credit and thanks. If a commercial Democrat isn't a Republican I don't know what he is. If McLaurin is a Democrat I am not. I wish the people to decide between us."

"Will you and Senator McLaurin both enter the primary?" was asked.

"I am going before the people, and there will be a number of other candidates. I presume if McLaurin's health permits he will also run."

"Will you both run for the long term you have just vacated?"

"He can run for either one. There is no restriction about that. The resignation is unconditional, and he might as well run for my seat as his own."

As to whether he thought McLaurin weaker now than the last time he ran, when it was well understood that Tillman backed Evans, the senator said: "I did not oppose him then and my friends did not fight him. There are a whole lot of people who voted for him against Evans who will see him in Jericho before they will support him."

In reply to a request for a statement, Senator McLaurin said: "Tillman just made one of his bluffs, but this time he got called. I put him in a position where he either had to resign and go into a senatorial race with me or confess he was bluffing and afraid to risk his political scalp, though willing to knife me in a campaign in which he was not a candidate and had nothing at stake, and he could not afford to crawl in public. All I desire is a free and open fight with Tillman on the issues upon which we differ.

"I earnestly hope that all others will keep out of our race and run for the other senatorship, so that Tillman and I may meet as man to man and fight it out. He said he was unwilling to bulldoze me into debate if I was afraid to meet him. I was not afraid and now I hope that he will not be afraid to meet me alone in the senatorial race. I hope he will not get off his strikers into the race to dodge behind. Let the others scramble for the place I vacate."

The resignations of the senators, which are to take effect Sept. 15, had not been taken out of the postoffice when the governor left, and he declined to be interviewed.

The campaign will probably take place in October, so as to give time for primaries to be held and the appointment to be made before congress meets.

Latimer is the only one of the known candidates who belongs to the original "Wool Hats" of 1890, and, as he has recently been on "the street" and come away with an even hundred thousand, he may not be able to stir the old-time enthusiasm.

PAVILION IS BURNED

Hilltop Amusement Hall Destroyed By Fire.

Blazing Car Dashed Down the Steep Incline.

Minn. Hist'l Society

The Pavilion is in ruins. Fire, which broke out at 7:30 this morning, reduced the popular resort to a mass of smouldering ashes within an hour. It was a terrific fire. Hundreds of people watched the burning from the tops of downtown business blocks. The scene will long be remembered. It was a fire replete with thrilling and perilous incidents.

The heat melted the heavy steel cable and released a 27-ton incline car at about 8:30. Swifter than the flight of a Parthian arrow, it dashed down the hill—a whirlwind of flame. It covered nine blocks from the burning Pavilion to Superior street in less than ten seconds. Ordinarily it took four minutes to cover the distance.

The flight of the car eclipsed the interest in the burning playhouse. The engineer and assistants at the top of the incline had anticipated such a dash and feared that the car might jump the track and do great damage to houses along Seventh avenue. At great peril to themselves they lashed the car to the tracks. But the heat was fierce. It melted the steel cable and twisted up the rails. The chains with which the car had been lashed, broke like thread and the dash began.

Hundreds of people saw the car from the top of downtown business blocks. They saw a streak of fire, heard a rumble and a crash. One young man on the top of the Lyceum had the presence of mind to time the dash. He says that it was seven seconds, though it is probable that ten seconds is more correct.

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Passengers on the car which left just before 7:30 say that they noticed smoke coming from under the platform at that time.

As soon as Fireman Greenwood communicated his discovery to Engineer Ed Williams, the entire force set about fighting the fire, while a telephone message was sent to fire headquarters.

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It took but little more than an hour for the entire plant to burn to the ground.

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Home	2,000
Total	$ 7,500

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, MAY 28, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

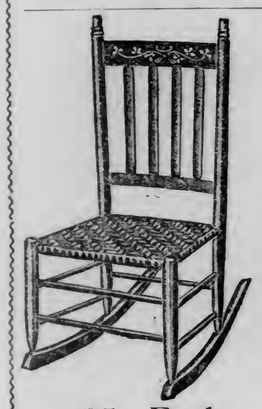
Minn. Hist'l Society

French & Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.

Prices will always be found much lower here than in the ordinary store. The assortment will usually be found as large as all other similar stores in town combined.

We invite the closest comparison of both price and quality.



95c Each

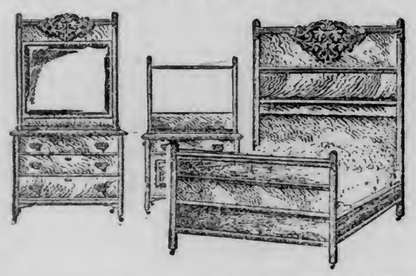
for these first-class Porch or Sewing Rockers. 100 of them will be placed on sale Monday morning. Three finishes, white maple, red enamel and green enamel, with old-fashioned splint seats. The sort our grandmothers had.

$4.35

for these good Morris Chairs, solid golden oak frames, with moss cushions, covered in handsome velours.

These are the sort of Chairs you will find priced in the ordinary stores at $8.50 and $10.00.

This Chamber Set $18.75



This is a regular $25 set, made of solid ash, with rich golden finish, consisting of Dresser, Bedstead and Commode, all nicely carved with brass mountings and beveled plate mirror—22x28 inches.

The construction is perfect and the suite was made in Grand Rapids, Mich., by one of its old and reliable manufacturers.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

FOR RENT!

Two-story and basement brick building, No. 22 E. Superior street, freight elevator, steam heat. Will make repairs to suit tenant.

We have for sale a very desirable 9-room dwelling in Lester Park located on the lower side of London road. Description furnished on application.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,

FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

INVESTIGATION IS THE SEARCHLIGHT OF PROGRESS.

CAN YOU LEARN THIS LESSON?

IF YOU CAN, YOU CAN LEARN SHORTHAND.

A LESSON IN GREGG'S SHORTHAND.

K, G. R, L. N, M. T, D. A. E. I.

WRITE BY SOUND:

me meek get day eat

meet make tray cake my

TO BE MEMORIZED:

A, an Can Good In He The Will Period

WRITE:

The lad will meet me in the lane.

READ:

GREGG SHORTHAND—the wonderful modern system of stenography which has, for the past several years, amazed and astounded the shorthand-writing world, is now being taught in Duluth. For information regarding the possibilities of this new system, call or address—

THE DRENNING SCHOOL, Eighth Floor, **Torrey Bldg.**

ONLY BUTTER MADE IN DULUTH.

SEPARATOR CREAMERY

Primus

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED BY,

BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, - DULUTH, MINN.

BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

BLOWN UP

Boer General and Daughter Were Killed.

They Were Examining a 4.7 Lyddite Shell.

Pretoria, May 28.—The Boer general, Shoeman and his daughter have been killed and his wife and two others have been badly injured by the explosion of a shell.

Gen. Schoeman, his family and some friends were examining a 4.7 inch lyddite shell, which was kept in the house as a curiosity, when the shell exploded, killing the general on the spot, mortally wounding his daughter and severely injuring his wife and two other persons. Gen. Schoeman was a great Krugerite. He led the commando of Colesberg. He was captured by the British. Since then Gen. Schoeman has resided in Pretoria.

THE COURT ADJOURNS

Supreme Bench Held Three Minute Session and Adjourned to October Without Reporting on Remaining Insular Cases.

Washington, May 28.—After a session of three minutes today the United States supreme court adjourned until the second Monday in October. The brief session was devoted to the formal disposition of motions. The two remaining insular cases, one of them that of the fourteen diamond rings, dealing with importations from the Philippines, and the other known as the second Dooley case, involving the question of exportations from the United States to Porto Rico, failed to receive attention today, and go over until the next term.

The United States supreme court today affirmed the judgment of the supreme court of the state of Washington in the case of Charles W. Nordstrom, under sentence of death on the charge of murder committed in that state, and directed that the mandate be issued at once. The mandate in the Nordstrom case coming from the federal court of Washington also was affirmed. These orders dispose of all the Nordstrom cases before the court, and, so far as this tribunal is concerned, leave him to his fate. The case has become famous by reason of the fact that Nordstrom's death sentence has been postponed for nine years by reason of legal complications.

PORTO RICANS HUNGRY

Immigrants Arriving at Honolulu Kept at Quarantine and Fed to Gain Strength to Proceed to Interior.

Honolulu, May 18, via San Francisco, May 28.—Inspection of the Porto Rican immigrants brought here by the steamer Colon shows that they are in such state from the need of food that they must be held at the quarantine station and fed until they regain strength sufficient to enable them to bear the journey to the other islands and to plantations on which they will work. A joint committee yesterday paid a visit to quarantine island to inspect the immigrants. The trip is said to have ended in disagreement as to the condition of the immigrants and their value as citizens of Hawaii.

Over half the immigrants on the Colon were women and children, and a considerable number of the men were infirm, while all were more or less emaciated. This is attributed to lack of food in their old homes.

SHOOT GRASSHOPPERS

French Agriculturists to Turn Cannon's Mouths on the Little Pests as Well as on the Hail Storms.

Washington, May 28.—The French agriculturists intend to fight frost and grasshoppers, as well as hail storms, with cannon and smoke, according to an interesting report received at the state department from Consul Covert at Lyons. It has just been determined to hold an international cannon congress at Lyons in November next, and Consul Covert is authorized to exetend an invitation to Americans to take part. The success that has attended the experiment of firing at approaching hail storms to prevent their ravages upon French vineyards has prompted steps for a still further extension of the usage of cannon in agricultural society circles. The theory in some quarters prevails that it is not the frost itself which blasts the budding fruit, cut the sun's rays following a night of frost, which find the grape, already sensitive from the cold, an easy victim to the heat. Cannon fired horizontally over vineyards at Asti at sunrise produced interesting results. A strip of vineyard, 500 feet wide, over which the smoke from two cannon had been spread, was entirely protected from the effects of the frost, while the vines on either side were badly injured.

An invasion of grasshoppers is announced to occur this summer in Southern Algeria, and the cannons' mouths are to be turned against them also.

MUTILATED.

Sensational Murder Case In the Famous Whitechapel District.

London, May 28.—A sensational murder and case of mutilation has occurred in a low lodging house in Dorset street, Whitechapel, close to the scenes of the "Jack the Ripper" tragedies. The victim, a woman named Annie Austin, 28 years old, was found dying in a bedroom on Sunday morning and was removed to a hospital, where she died.

The murderer escaped and the police were not notified of the crime until early yesterday. The murderer's long start and the total lack of a description of him renders his apprehension unlikely.

The wounds on the lower part of the victim's body are too revolting for description. The woman was conscious when found, but died without making a statement.

The police are apprehensive of further outrages, and a panic has been created in the neighborhood.

DUBUQUE CAN BE RAISED.

Burlington, Iowa, May 28.—The steamer W. J. Young arrived here today with passengers and part of the freight of the steamer Dubuque, which sunk eighteen miles above Burlington last night. The boat lies in shallow water and can be easily raised. It is not much damaged. There was no excitement among the passengers.

RED SKINS.

Band of Sioux Indians Give Chicago Police a Scare.

Chicago, May 28.—A party of forty-six Sioux Indians, including six squaws and three children passed through Chicago today en route to Glen Island, N. Y., where they are to take part in an Indian village exhibit during the summer.

At police headquarters commotion was caused by the reported arrival of the red skins. The police have been expecting an invasion of the Pottawattomies, who have threatened to seize the lake front under alleged government grants made many years ago. Therefore a wagonload of officers started out to quell a possible riot. The Indians were found at a railroad station, and after witnessing an impromptu war dance the police departed.

MOULTON HELD.

To Answer the Grand Jury on Assault Charge.

New York, May 28.—Robert Hayden Moulton, who is charged with shooting A. W. Dingwall, a theatrical manager, several weeks ago, and who has since been in Bellevue hospital in a serious condition, was held in $2500 bail, to the grand jury on a charge of felonious assault, by Magistrate Seeler today.

IN SOUTH CAROLINA

"Bluff," Say Senators When Referring to Resignations.

Tillman Thinks That There Will Be Many Candidates.

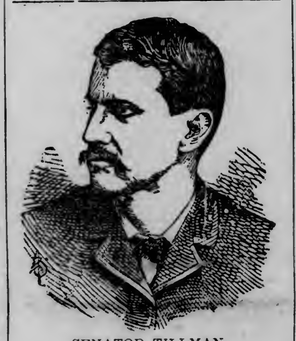
McLaurin Hopes the Fight Will Be Left to Them.

Columbia, S. C., May 28.—Senator Tillman is very much pleased with himself. He considers that he has gained a very important advantage over Senator McLaurin, and that he risked little while McLaurin's chances of coming out vindicated were one in a hundred.

"McLaurin made a bluff at me," he said, "and didn't think I would call him. After I made an assault on his honesty and integrity of purpose, he tried to parry that by taunting me with the assertion that I would not leave my six-year bomb-proof.

"I saw the opportunity to make a ten-strike for Democracy. I was ready to make it regardless of the personal sacrifice. I want South Carolina to say whether she wants two Democrats or two Republicans in the senate. If the people don't want to re-elect me I don't care to serve them. I shall announce my candidacy to succeed myself, and shall take such other steps as I find desirable.

"I regard it fortunate that this is an off year, so that we can discuss these



SENATOR TILLMAN.

national issues without any trading and combinations, and voters can decide upon the issues without outside interference. If I believe the state of eighteen months of McLaurin I think I will be entitled to credit and thanks. If a commercial Democrat isn't a Republican I don't know what he is. If McLaurin is a Democrat I am not. I wish the people to decide between us."

"Will you and Senator McLaurin both enter the primary?" was asked.

"I am going before the people, and there will be a number of other candidates. I presume if McLaurin's health permits he will also run."

"Will you both run for the long term you have just vacated?"

"He can run for either one. There is no restriction about that. The resignation is unconditional, and he might as well run for my seat as his own."

As to whether he thought McLaurin weaker now than the last time he ran, when it was well understood that Tillman backed Evans, the senator said: "I did not oppose him then and my friends did not fight him. There are a whole lot of people who voted for him against Evans who will see him in Jericho before they will support him."

In reply to a request for a statement, Senator McLaurin said: "Tillman just made one of his bluffs, but this time he got called. I put him in a position where he either had to resign and go into a senatorial race with me or confess he was bluffing and afraid to risk his political scalp, though willing to knife me in a campaign in which he was not a candidate and had nothing at stake, and he could not afford to crawl in public. All I desire is a free and open fight with Tillman on the issues upon which we differ.

"I earnestly hope that all others will keep out of our race and run for the other senatorship, so that Tillman and I may meet as man to man and fight it out. He said he was unwilling to bulldoze me into debate if I was afraid to meet him. I was not afraid and now I hope that he will not be afraid to meet me alone in the senatorial race. I hope he will not get off his strikers into the race to dodge behind. Let the others scramble for the place I vacate."

The resignations of the senators, which are to take effect Sept. 15, had not been taken out of the postoffice when the governor left, and he declined to be interviewed.

The campaign will probably take place in October, so as to give time for primaries to be held and the appointment to be made before congress meets.

Latimer is the only one of the known candidates who belongs to the original "Wool Hats" of 1890, and, as he has recently been on "the street" and come away with an even hundred thousand, he may not be able to stir the old-time enthusiasm.

BRING BOTH.

Shamrock I and Shamrock II to Cross the Atlantic.

Glasgow, May 28.—After consultation with Mr. Fife, Sir Thomas Lipton has decided to send the Shamrock I to America with the challenger in order that he may continue the trial races right up to the date of the cup races. This will cost an additional £4000, but Sir Thomas is confident that the advantage to be gained justifies the expense. Capt. Wringe will command the Shamrock I, with the same crew that has sailed her here this season.

PAVILION IS BURNED

Hilltop Amusement Hall Destroyed By Fire.

Blazing Car Dashed Down the Steep Incline.

The Pavilion is in ruins. Fire, which broke out at 7:30 this morning, reduced the popular resort to a mass of smouldering ashes within an hour. It was a terrific fire. Hundreds of people watched the burning from the tops of downtown business blocks. The scene will long be remembered. It was a fire replete with thrilling and perilous incidents.

The heat melted the heavy steel cable and released a 27-ton incline car at about 8:30. Swifter than the flight of a Parthian arrow, it dashed down the hill—a whirlwind of flame. It covered nine blocks from the burning Pavilion to Superior street in less than ten seconds. Ordinarily it took four minutes to cover the distance.

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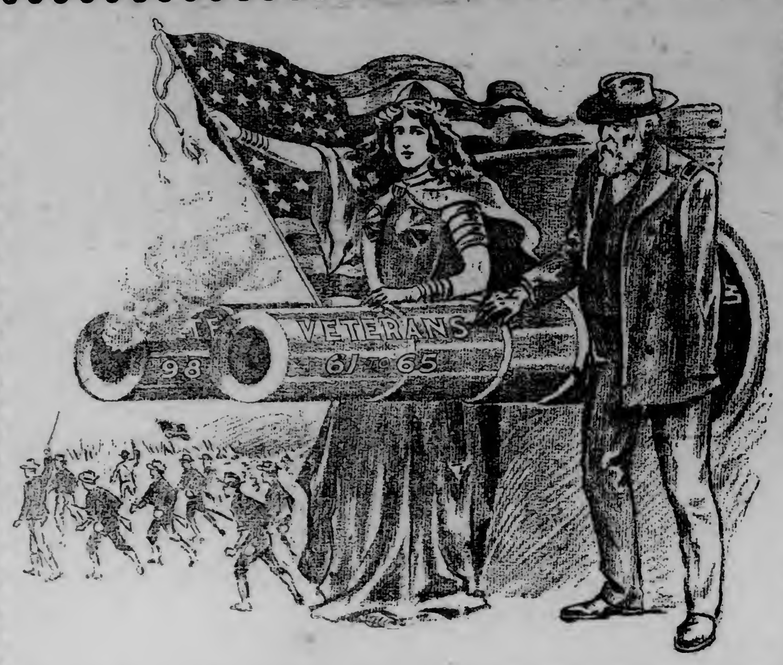
INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE



The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS, Prop.

Bicycle Suits
Less Than Half Price—
$4.00 and $6.00
If we have your size this will prove the best investment you ever made.
BIKE PANTS. BIKE CAPS.

Will Close Thursday, Decoration Day, at 12:30.

FEARLESSLY, honestly and bravely the heroes of '61 to '65 and the heroes of '98 fought for liberty, justice and love of principle—successfully because rightfully. The individuality of true Americanism makes America the most admired and beloved and the most honored of the great nations. The American with sterling qualities finds a hearty welcome in every civilization. We have much to remember and be grateful for—much to profit by the example set to us and to those yet unborn.

Special Suit and Spring Overcoat Sale at "The Great Eastern" Tomorrow.

Swell Suits at $15.00—The military and regular sack styles, very shapely garments with perfect set to the broad, square shoulders. We show twenty styles from the pronounced to invisible stripes—equal qualities cost you $20.00 or more elsewhere—our price tomorrow **$15.00**

Serge Suits at $12.00—Blues, grays and other correct shades, with stripes in contrasting colors; also Scotch effects, in tweeds and cassimeres—suits of this high grade sell elsewhere at $16.50—our special low price is only **$12.00**

Fine Black Suits at $10.00—Also serges and mixtures, all styles and some silk faced garments included—suits of this high grade sell elsewhere at $15.00—our price tomorrow is **$10.00**

Spring Top Coats at $9.50—Stunning garments, expressly designed for us to meet the demands of correct dressers. See the light and dark whipcords and coverts—also vicunas in Oxford grays, in short, medium and extra lengths, some silk faced, all with Skinner's best grade sleeve lining—these coats usually sell at much higher prices than we quote. Prices $12.50, $10.00 and **$9.50**

Men's Pants.

Patterns that will appeal to men of taste, and qualities that sell here at $3.50—tomorrow **$2.50**

Newest novelties—ready for you to put on, tomorrow at **$3.50**

Opening Sale of the New Straw Hats Tomorrow.

We are pleased to announce that tomorrow morning we will be ready to show our complete lines of Straw Hats. After weeks and months of preparation we are enabled to display a selection that surpasses anything ever shown in Duluth before. The collection consists of the cheap, yet reliable grades, up to the finest. In other words from Imported Panamas down to a stylish Straw Hat at 50c.

Dress Your Boy for Decoration Day

Boys' Vestee Suits, ages 3 to 10 years, 50 styles to choose from—in prices ..... **$1.98 to $7.00**

Boys' Sailor Suits, ages 3 to 12 years, beautiful styles—prices from ..... **$3.45 to $8.00**

Boys' Russian Blouse Suits, ages 2½ to 6 years, in all the new styles, prices from ..... **$4.95 to $8.00**

Boys' Spring Overcoats, ages 3 to 10 years, more styles than we have ever shown, from **$2.98 to $7.00**

Boys' knee pants—the 75c kind for **50c** The $1.50 and $2 ones for **$1.00**

Boys' Shirt Waists, Blouses, Underwear, Shoes, Neckwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Sweaters, Belts, Boys' Straw Hats and Caps.

Men's Haberdashery For Decoration Day.

The day is likely to be warm, so better provide yourself with one of those cool and stylish looking Negligee Shirts. No other such line in the city as ours. Every good practical idea of the foremost shirt makers in this country is represented here—pleated and plain fronts—cuffs attached or separate—prices ..... **50c to $5.00**

New line of Men's Leather Belts just received—narrow and wide English Pigskin and all other proper kinds of leather—with or without siderings—all new colorings ..... **25c to $1.50**

New Neckwear—Windsors, four-in-hands, batwings and butterfly shapes—in foulards, grenadines, baratheds and soft twill silks, that tie soft and fluffy, very swell and immensely popular in the East—large showing tomorrow **50c**

Underwear—Medium weight wool and Merino Underwear—just the kind one needs in this climate.
A special value, unshrinkable Gray Merino at **$1.00**
Worsteds and Cashmeres of soft agreeable texture **$1.50**
Union suits that fit properly in Merinos, cotton and lisle thread ..... **$1 to $5.00**

Men's Spring Hats—Dunlap, Youman and other late blocks, cost $2.50 at exclusive hat stores—here for **$1.35**

Boys' Spring Hats—from latest shapes—any color you fancy—sold everywhere at $1.50—here for **98c**

Burrows' Regent Shoes, **$3.50**. Burrows' Wear-well Shoes, $2.50. Hanan Shoes, best in the world, for **$5.00** and **$6.00**. Dugan & Hudson's Shoes for boys, never wear out—**$1.50**.

TEXAS OIL.

H. B. Moore Talks of It and the State.

H. B. Moore has been besieged with questions as to Texas and the oil country since his return and has prepared the following for The Herald:

"The center of the oil wells is about three miles south of Beaumont, Texas. The discovery of oil found Beaumont a city of 8000 to 10,000 inhabitants and poorly equipped to take care of the immense crowd of speculators and investors who rushed there from all points of the United States. The situation has greatly improved by the erection of new buildings which are going up very rapidly, and also by the retirement of the curbstone brokers who are seeking other and newer fields, viz: Sabine, Orange, Lake Charles, Sulphur, Vinton, Sour Lake and other points. There are some 200 derricks erected for exploration purposes but only nine wells. The usual depth of the wells is 1200 feet. Some dry wells have been found. Everyone will not strike a gusher, yet enough have been found to safely predict a complete revolution of the fuel question of the Atlantic and gulf states. It certainly seems as if nature had placed this oil where it would do the greatest good to the greatest number at an exceedingly low cost of production, only eighteen miles from the seaboard, the true significance of which it is hard to grasp. The oil seems to be in apparent inexhaustible quantities. One pipe line is already in operation from the wells to Port Arthur and vessels have loaded for Atlantic ports. The cost of taking this oil from the wells and putting on board oil vessels is estimated by good authority to be 5 cents per barrel. Beaumont oil is so near a seaport that no great transportation system is required nor will its transportation ever be monopolized.

"The oil is chiefly a fuel oil, at least 80 percent of it is. The Santa Fe and Southern Pacific railroads have commenced the use of this oil and local manufacturing plants are doing likewise. The claim is made that for steam purposes three and one-half barrels of oil are equal to one ton of coal. With oil at 50 cents a barrel and coal at $3 a ton the anxious ones will be the coal producers.

"The annual production of oil in the United States is about 53,000,000 barrels. Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Indiana and New York produce 92 per cent of this amount. California 4,000,000 and Colorado, Kansas and Wyoming the balance. What will nine gushers with present capacity of from 15,000 to 70,000 barrels a day do? Take the lowest 15,000 barrels for an average for 300 days and you have the enormous annual production of 40,500,000 barrels. This does not include new wells sure to come. The Beaumont market would be the the gulf and Atlantic states. The California market would be the Pacific coast.

"The Standard Oil company has bought a large tract of land at Port Arthur and indirectly is in the Beaumont field, not as owners of wells, but as purchasers of products of those wells. For oil well owners I think the advent of the Standard means much. Texas laws are decidedly anti-trust in their nature but I believe public sentiment at Beaumont favors the Standard's entrance to the field as a purchaser of the oil product. Oil companies alone have been formed—many with merit and some altogether problematical as to value. Hon. C. A. Towne and his associates have bought some land in the spray of the great Beatty 70,000 barrel gusher and only eight feet from that well.

"The weather during my stay in Baumont was not uncomfortable, 86 degrees above being the highest temperature. The nights are cool owing to the cool breeze off the gulf. I missed our Lake Superior water. Rain water being used almost exclusively. Rice culture is receiving a good deal of attention and is a very profitable crop. The lumber interest, which interested me most, is growing very rapidly. I saw mills in Texas and Louisiana that would compare very favorably with Duluth mills. 'La Musquitoes' are very much in evidence, running day and night crews without strikes. In short Texas is an empire in itself rich in its timber, rice, cotton, oil, grazing and agricultural land and it is no wonder that we hear the expression 'Texas and the United States.'"

KENTUCKY OIL COUNTRY.

M. C. French There Making Development Contracts.

The Pineville (Ky.) Messenger says: "Messrs. Walter Fowler and M. C. French, of the Blue Grass Oil company, are here to inspect the No. 1 well of the company, which was just drilled; also to make arrangements to shoot the well and let contract for sinking additional wells on the property. Both gentlemen are well pleased with the property. Mr. French is not a stranger here, having investigated this oil district last fall, and was the gentleman who promoted the organization of the Blue Grass Oil company. Mr. Fowler is president of the company and is said to be a prominent business man of Superior, Wis.

"The well, when examined this morning, had 756 feet of oil in it and is considered a very good one. Mr. French, who also organized the Mountaineer Oil company and is secretary of the company, will let contracts while here for the sinking of four wells on that company's property, which is in the Turkey creek section and where the Woodson well is now being drilled. It is on the same 45-degree line as the Blue Grass Oil company's No. 1 well.

"Both the Woodson well, in the Turkey creek section, and the Young well, at Tye Bend, struck oil and gas since the last issue of our paper."

USING BOTH DOCKS.

Rush Work Makes It Necessary.

The shipbuilding company has found it necessary to use both drydocks in the yards at Superior. The old one is in need of repairs and it was thought best not to use it this season, but the rush of repair work at the yards necessitates more drydock room and both are now very busy. The gate at the entrance of the old one leaks badly and the pumps have to be kept going all the time to keep the water out. The Steamer Waldo is in the new dock for repairs and the Wallace in the old one. The Randolph S. Warner which was launched a couple of weeks ago has been fitted out and left the shipyards on her initial trip yesterday. The Warner will join the new steamer G. A. Flagg in the copper trade between Houghton and the lower lakes. Both boats belong to the Hanna line of boats.

BOOMED FOR CONGRESS.

Alderman Honore Palmer of Chicago Is Ambitious.

Chicago, May 28.—Alderman Honore Palmer wants to change his title to Congressman Honore Palmer. The occasion for launching his boom will, it is said, be the opening of a summer garden of the Tuscarora club next Saturday night. Alderman Palmer was invited to attend the dedication of the summer garden and make the principal speech. That function had been intended for Mayor Harrison, but the mayor declined and put forward instead the millionaire's son, whom he helped place in the city council at the last election.

Knowledge that the mayor is behind Palmer for the Democratic nomination for congress in the North Side district is expected to be a severe blow to the friends of Alderman Julius Goldzier, who has been urged many times to make the race against Congressman Henry Sherman Boutelle next year.

"Mrs. Palmer wants her son to go to congress," said a well-known politician. "She wishes him to emulate the example of the Belmonts, George B. McClellan, Astor's grandson, William A. Chanler and other members of the 'four hundred.' She was also stimulated in this ambition for her son by the example of wealthy young men in England."

KILLED BY COWBOY.

Sheepman Dead and Another Man Mortally Wounded.

Medicine Bow, Wyo., May 28.—Richard England, a well-to-do sheepman, was killed and Fred Mole was mortally wounded in a fight with a cowboy named Ambler. Mole is said to have accused Ambler with interfering in his family affairs and, securing the assistance of England, attempted to drive Ambler out of town. They were unsuccessful, however. Ambler was arrested.

Opening at Lester Park

Afternoon and evening, Decoration day. Rain or shine. Two elegant dancing floors. Two first-class orchestras.

LOOKING BACK

To the time when she was plucked from the very grasp of death, the natural impulse of the womanly heart is thankfulness for the means which saved her, and a desire to help other women in like case. Those are the motives which prompted Mrs. Eva Burnett to write the accompanying testimonial to the curative power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This is only one cure out of thousands. No one would dare say that the average woman was not as truthful as she is good. And it is the truthful testimony of the average woman that "Favorite Prescription" cures womanly diseases when all other means and medicines absolutely fail. It establishes regularity, dries the drains which weaken women, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep.

"I have intended for some time to write to you," says Mrs. Eva Burnett, of Russellville, Logan Co., Ky., "and give a testimonial in regard to what your medicine has done for me. My baby came in July, 1889, and I had congestive chills, and lay at death's door for ten long weeks. I was in a dreadful condition and had six of the best doctors of the city. After everything had been done and I had been given up to die I asked my husband to get me a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. He had no faith in it, but he got it, and when I had taken it two weeks I was able to walk to the dining room to my meals, and by the time I had taken three bottles I was able to cook for my family of four. I can never praise Dr. Pierce and his medicine enough."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

THE DAKOTAS.

Quarantine Is Raised Between Two South Dakota Counties.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—After a conference between the conflicting interests an agreement was reached to release all quarantines between this county and Stanley county, and to arrange for a house quarantine whenever required. Dr. Edwards of the state board of health, who was on the ground, at once issued an order to the effect and crossing was resumed, over 200 people who were waiting to cross being brought over last night and this forenoon.

Deadwood—Two interesting cowboy races are being planned by the carnival committee. The first will be participated in by five mounted men, and will be run from Chadron to Deadwood. The other races will be from Belle Fouche to Deadwood.

Evarts—Engineer Daniels has completed the work of marking the cattle trail across the reservation. Iron stakes have been set on both sides of the trail, which is six miles wide by eighty-four in length. Water in abundance was found and is supplied mostly by springs. Ducks and chickens are plentiful and this will be the hunter's paradise this fall. Indian relic hunters will also come in for their share of sport.

Full 5000 people were brought in by the five excursion trains on the Milwaukee Sunday morning.

Aberdeen—Hans J. Hanson, a prosperous farmer of Gem township and an old resident of the county, fell dead in his wagon box after unloading a load of wheat at the mill. His son, Rev. C. Hanson Jortholm, is a paster at Duluth.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mandan—Some Twin City insurance companies are attempting to evade the insurance law by sending out special or salaried agents to write risks on grain and elevator storages. The plan is to issue the policy from the Eastern cities and avoid paying commissions to agents and the 2½ per cent tax on the premiums received. The law is mandatory in its requirements that all risks written on North Dakota property must be countersigned or approved by a resident agent. If some one makes the doings of these companies public there will be trouble ahead.

Neche—The Victoria day celebration at Gretna, Man., one mile from here, was attended by large crowds from Bathgate, emblna, Walhalla, Hyde Park and Neche, emblna county, and Emerson, Winkler, Altona, Rosenfelt and Plum Coulee, Man.

IN MICHIGAN.

Mark Perkins Drowned In the Menominee River.

Menominee—The body of Mark Perkins was found in the Menominee river above the third dam. He fell into the water late in the afternoon, but the fact was not discovered until some hours later when it was noticed that he had not taken his dinner pail and bicycle. Search was at once instituted with the result that the body was recovered. Perkins was 25 years of age. He resided at Peshtigo.

Andrew Jochs, a sailor on the steambarge Green, is lying in a critical condition at Menominee as a result of a fall from a lumber pile. He was handling boards from a high pile at the docks of the Menominee River Lumber company, when, through a misstep, he fell a full thirty feet to the deck of the Green, sustaining surious injuries. Monday afternoon of this week Jochs had another fall from a lumber pile. On the occasion of his first mishap he went into the water and narrowly escaped being drowned.

Justice Martin Van Den Berg, of Menominee, is probably one of the busiest magistrates in the Upper Peninsula. During the past four years he has tried 646 criminal and 892 civil cases. By careful construction of the law, judicial strength and faithfulness, Justice Van Den Berg has won the confidence of all the Menominee lawyers.

It has been announced from the office of the Boom company at Menominee that in all probability, the main river drive will not start for three weeks. The log drives are now as well up as could be expected. To date 40,000,000 feet of logs have been sorted. The boomage rates are practically the same this year, a few adjustments having been made. The tolls and driving charges have been somewhat increased. The Boom company will handle 28 per cent less logs this year than last. About 220,000,000 feet will come down the river as compared with 270,000,000 feet last season. The rail business will show an increase.

Iron Mountain—Twenty-one men walked into Iron Mountain from Waucedah and applied to Mayor Hammond for assistance to get out of the city. They were all originally from Chicago where they agreed with the manager of an intelligence office to go to Waudecah to work on the Northwestern road, it being expressly understood that they should receive $1.80 per day and pay $3.50 a week for board. At Waucedah they were offered $1.00 instead of $1.50. They refused to accept this wage and they struck out for Iron Mountain. Now the city authorities are debating what disposition of them may best be made.

Quinnesec—John Tim, oneside foreman of the Kimberly-Clark company, was carried over Quinnesec Falls. He landed on a rocky ledge after falling fifty feet. The falls are 105 feet high, but there is a ledge near the middle, on which Tim landed. His fellow workmen did not expect to see him alive again, but he escaped serious injury.

ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAY.
Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Itching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

TO UNIONIZE ALL.

Denver, May 28.—At the convention of the United Hotel and Restaurant Employes' association in this city, steps are being taken to unionize hotel and restaurant employes thoughout the country. At present the organization is confined to this city.

CHICAGO NEXT.

Buffalo, May 28.—The International Association of car workers will hold their next convention in Chicago in October, 1902.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

"Decoration Day Outings."

On May 29, 30 and 31 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:

Deerwood and return	$2 85
Sturgeon Lake and return	1 50
Pine City and return	2 40

Tickets good returning June 3.

For tickets, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

HORRIBLY CRUSHED

By Falling Walls Was Chinese Buddha In Philadelphia.

Foundation Walls of Joss House Weakened By Alterations.

The Chinese Decalogue of Great Value Was Saved.

Philadelphia, May 28.—Buddha got it in the neck good and strong last Saturday morning when the ceiling dropped in the Joss House and a ton of bricks and mortar fell on his serene higness, the great god of seven worlds and ruler extraordinary of the pearly throne of heaven and potentate of hell—all of which title belongs to four pounds of colored bisque fashioned into a hideous idol, commonly known in Chinatown as Buddha.

The joss house is packed from celair to garret with Chinese stores, and no less than 250 Chinamen and women eat and sleep under the greatest and largest collection of Chinese idols in the Christian world. Sixteen priests deal out peace on earth and happiness in heaven at so much per peace and so much per happiness.

The foundation walls of the joss house have been weakened by numerous alterations and changes made in the temple. Chinese architects do not consider safety when it comes to working on the temple of God, which is supposed to be protected by 300 separate and distinct idols, each possessing exclusive virtue and each controlling the destinies of the building itself as well as the well being of those who worship therein.

The crash that followed the wreck of the joss house brought thousands of "chinks" to the scene, and the Buddhist priests, who dashed up the rickety stairs at the peril of their lives to save the sacred idols that stand for sure and easy money in their business.

Sophia Wo, the Chinese wife of Lung Tae Wo, a Taurist priest, was carried to the sidewalk by two Chinamen, while Lizzie Wo, the priest's white wife, trotted on behind carrying a basket filled with idols and tablets erected to the dead.

Lee Toy, the famous mayor of Chinatown, who is a high church Episcopalian on Sunday and and any old thing the rest of the week, rescued the god of hell and saved Nguk Huong Siong Ta, who ran things on earth 4000 years ago and now bosses pretty much everything in heaven.

Two priests entered the temple after the sairs had lost their stays and dug up Tai Sing, grandson of the supreme ruler of the somber heaven god of life and death, who was buried under a heap of lumber and brick, but fortunately was found intact and able to resume business tomorrow morning.

The Chinese decalogue was saved. This remarkable publication has survived nearly 6000 years of wear and tear and is a wonderful specimen of ivory carving and inlay work. The Chinese ten comandments are cut on ivory blocks and buried in tablets of carved rocks by some process wholly unknown to the artisans of this age. These tablets are the most sacred possession of the Chinese colony, and represent a fabulous sum of money. They were torn from their fastenings in the tottering walls by the half-crazed priests and safely lowered to the sidewalk before the walls dropped.

The outside walls of the temple are badly cracked and bulged. The wreck is all within the building. The street has been roped off and the building inspectors say that the structure will have to come down.

FOR RELIEF OF SUFFERERS.

Rochester, N. Y., May 28.—The Rochester Red Cross society has decided to send $1000 for the relief of the sufferers by the Jacksonville fire.

GRANTED DEMANDS.

Buffalo, May 28.—The Iroquoise iron works have acceded to the demands of their striking employes who returned to work today.

If You Have Rheumatism
Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 92, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, express paid. If cured pay $5.50. If not it is free

A WORD ABOUT
WHEELS!

Such beautiful weather makes one think of long morning rides. You're missing part of this if you don't purchase your bike at once. There's only one point to consider—namely what wheel. But there's no two ways around that when we carry 2 such excellent Bicycles.

THE COLUMBIA
THE IMPERIAL

Chain Wheels—very best equipment $27.50
Chainless Wheels—improved models $55.00
Cushion Frames. Coaster Brakes.

All wheels sold on easy payments. Complete house furnishings at

The G. C. Steele Company
226-228 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.
226-228 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Free Trip to the Pan-American Exposition....

Providing you buy your drugs at—

Boyce's Drug Store

And can guess the number of pills in the big case in the window of the store. Call in and have it explained to you.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO. | The New Store | HENDREN & TALLANT CO.

QUALITY AND PRICE SHOULD FIT

This is only what a fair minded and reasonable trading public should expect, and they have a right to expect it. Money is often hard earned and should have a chance to do full duty when it is spent. Match your dollars against our merchandise and see how well we fit—QUALITY AND PRICE.

INTERESTING NEWS FOR WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY.

Suit Room News.

Kimonas and Dressing Sacques

In a large variety of pretty materials such as fancy Muslins, Dimity, Lawns, Foulards, etc. Very prettily trimmed, etc, have just opened up a splendid line, prices range from..... **50c up**

LADIES' JACKETS—In Kersey, Broadcloth, Covert or Melton—Colors in Tan, Brown, Blue Red or Black, worth up to $10 each; your choice at—each..... **$5.75**

LADIES' ETONS—In Cheviot or Homespuns, with or without collar, braid or applique trimming; colors and Black—only..... **$4.87**

LADIES' ETONS—All silk, tucked all over; some with ruches, braided, Pan Velvet, Applique Persian band and chenille trimmings; prices from **$7.50 to $17.00**

SHIRT WAISTS—Black Mercerized Sateen, with White stitching, all over; tucked; very swell waist for the money—only..... **$1.75**

UNDERSKIRTS—Black and White striped, double flounce, one is accordeon pleated; edged with ruffle, regularly sold for $1.75; extra special..... **$1.19**

Men's Furnishings.

We are showing a splendid line of Men's Shirts in colored stripes—with or without collars and cuffs attached; good fitting and good styles, worth 75c; for only..... **49c**

You can see them in the windows.

GENTS' HOSE—In solid Black and warranted stainless—better hose you haven't seen for the money; sold at 15c regular—per pair..... **9c**

BATWING TIES—All colors and Black; our 50c line; now at half price..... **25c**

JAP SILK UNDERWEAR—A little heavier than Balbriggan, Pink and Blue, splendid wearing and fit perfect; sold usually at $1.25 per garment; as a special..... **98c**

Hosiery.

Ladies' finest Maco Yarn Hosiery, solid Black, soft silky finish—Hermsdorf dye, nicely put up 3 pairs in a box—per box, only..... **$1.00**

CHILDREN'S FANCY RIBBED Hermsdorf dye, good assortment of sizes; regular price is 25c a pair—only..... **10c**

We are still Running that Black Stocking with White split sole at—per pair..... **10c**

"The best ever" for the money.

Ladies' Furnishings.

FANCY LACE LISLE VESTS—In White only; Crochet Silk edging—silk-taped—VERY beautifully finished garment; low neck and short sleeves or sleeveless; each..... **25c**

LADIES' COMBINATION SUITS—In White only, prettily edged and taped with silk; an excellent bargain; low neck, short sleeves, knee length, only..... **25c**

LADIES' UMBRELLA COMBINATIONS—A garment shown exclusively by us; white only; lace trimmed and Silk taped—fancy stitching—only..... **50c**

LADIES' FANCY RIBBED VESTS—In White and Ecru; low neck, short sleeves or low neck and sleeveless, 15c garments; for only..... **10c**

Ladies' Neckwear.

Our line of Neckwear is unequalled in the city. We are showing a splendid line of Black Liberty Silk Ruches; prices run up as high as $1.50, but our special leader is one at only..... **98c**

It is worth $1.50.

Splendid line of Stocks in Batiste, Satin, Pan Velvet, etc.—at only..... **25c**

BELTS—In every imaginable style and leather that is desirable; the prices are too varied to enumerate; range up from. **10c**

Carpets, Rugs, Etc.

For a short time, we will sell the BEST TAPESTRY BRUSSELS manufactured, (a quality that is found in but few Duluth stores) at special price—sewed—per yard..... **75c**

MATTINGS—Splendid assortment—the kinds that wear—per yard— **20c to 45c**

MATTING—We have a cheap Matting that is good for one season only, at—per yard..... **12½c**

MATTING RUGS—Something new—only..... **90c**

Large line of Bigelow, Lowell, Wilton and Axminster Rugs at prices as low as others ask for inferior makes.

LACE CURTAINS.

Don't buy Lace Curtains until you have visited us. Everything in Lace Curtains go at 75c on the dollar. The sale will end Saturday evening. Remember ALL LACE CURTAINS AT ONE-QUARTER OFF REGULAR PRICES.

BRASS AND IRON BEDS, Mattresses, Springs, Pillows, Etc., at most economical prices. We are showing as a Special an Iron Bed **At $2.25**

We have them up to $35.00.

VISIT OUR HAIR DRESSING PARLORS ON THE SECOND FLOOR. CONDUCTED BY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ARTISTS IN THEIR LINE.

The New Store Closes Memorial Day at 12:30 p. m.

DAY OF REPORTS

Followed Lively Debate By Presbyterians Over Approval of Minutes.

Moderator Winton Elected Chairman of Committee on Revision.

Resolutions Adopted Relating to Plans For Vacancy and Supply.

Philadelphia, May 28.—The Presbyterian general assembly engaged in a lively debate today over the approval of the minutes. Rev. Dr. Moffat objected to the phraseology of the resolution creating the committee on revision. The resolution authorized the continuance of Dr. Dickey's committee and Dr. Moffat claimed that this committee had been dissolved when the report was adopted. He suggested that the reports show that it consisted of the old committee. This resolution was accordingly altered and the minutes were adopted. Then there arose the question as to the chairmanship of the committee. Dr. Harry Johnson, in view of the fact that Dr. Dickey had acted as chairman of the old committee, it would be discourteous to select a new chairman. A motion was made empowering the committee to elect their own chairman, but this was defeated.

Dr. James E. Moffat, of Cumberland, Md., said that Dr. Dickey had been made chairman of the last committee because of his office of moderator. He moved the election of Moderator Minton as chairman of the new committee on revision and the motion was carried.

The first order of the day was the report of thes pecial committee on vacancy and supply, read by Judge Robert N. Wilson, of this city. The report contains plans for the employment of unemployed ministers and the supply of vacant churches. To carry out these plans, the adoption of the following resolutions is recommended:

"That all ecclesiastical changes shall be reported immediately upon their occurrence, by the stated clerk of the presbytery to the stated clerk of the general assembly, who shall issue a supplement to the minutes at regular intervals containing a list of such changes. These lists shall be furnished without charge to the chairman of presbyteries and synodical committees to the clerks of presbyteries and synods, and upon request, to unemployed ministers and to the clerks of sessions of vacant congregations.

"That a standing committee of the assembly, consisting of five ministers and four elders is hereby constituted to be known as the standing committee on vacancy and supply. To this committee shall be referred for consideration all matters connected with the subjects of unemployed ministers and the supply of vacant churches.

The committee, with the exception of seven, deemed it inexpedient for the establishment of a permanent committee to act as a bureau of information in the matter of vacancy and supply. Dr. Sample offered resolutions appointing this permanent committee, with a salaried secretary. The portion of the report, in which all agreed, was adopted and the remainder referred back to the committee to be reported upon at the next assembly.

Dr. Roberts, stated clerk, as chairman, read the report of the special committee on young people's work. The committee expressed option that the pastor should be the recognized head of all departments of congregational activity and, therefore, also the head of young people's organizations. The committee also presented a plan for the Presbyterian and synodical supervision or oversight of young people's societies. Much discussion was aroused over this paragraph, "In so far as assembly oversight of the societies is concerned, it has been deemed best to confine supervision at present to the establishment of a standing committee on young people's work."

Many of the commissioners were of opinion that the work of young people's societies would be handicapped rather than assisted by this plan of oversight.

J. W. Willis Baer, general secretary of the Christian Endeavor society, said the report was complicated and liable to misinterpretation. For that reason he would not object to seeing it voted down, although he agreed with the committee that young people's organizations should be under the guidance of the pastor. As a representative of the Christian Endeavor society he could make no objection to the report as a whole.

Rev. Dr. Vance, of Chicago, offered as a substitute for the committee's report a resolution conseling Young People's societies to seek counsel and guidance of the pastors and sessions in all their affairs.

Dr. Vance's was the only vote in favor of the resolution.

The report was then taken up seriatim. The resolutions authorizing the adoption of a plan of oversight and establishing a standing committee on young people's work were defeated. The remainder of the report was adopted.

Rev. S. J. Niccolls, of St. Louis, moved to reconsider the motion electing Moderator Minton chairman of the revision committee. Dr. Niccolls said the election of Dr. Minton was a severe reflection on the chairman of the former committee.

"I suggest as a substitute motion," said Dr. Niccolls, "that the members of the revision committee be instructed to meet tomorrow in the Witherspoon building and elect their own chairman." The substitute was ruled out of order. Dr. Niccolls not having been present when the first motion was carried. The motion to reconsider was then made by Rev. W. C. Crockett, of Canton, Pa.

Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, thought it better to allow the committee to determine who should be the chairman.

Dr. Moffat said he must insist the revision committee is a new committee, having no connection with the committee with which Dr. Dickey was chairman.

"It is the custom of the general assembly," said Dr. Moffatt, "to elect the moderator ex-officio chairman of such a committee, and the selection of any other brother would be an affront to the moderator."

Dr. Dickey secured the floor and requested the assembly to vote down the motion to reconsider. He did not think the assembly meant to cast any reflection on him, but he desired to honor his successor. The motion was lost.

The assembly donated $3000 to Laurel street church, Jacksonville, Fla., to reimburse the congregation for losses sustained during the recent conflagration.

Decoration Day Flowers.

Headquarters for all cut flowers for school closings and Decoration Day. Our supply consists of all the best varieties of Roses, Carnations, Paeonies, American Beauties, Cape Jasmine, Marguerites, etc. Decoration goods—such as Galax Leaves, Bouquet Green and the latest made up wreaths for that day, something sweet. Also have the largest supply of plants in the city for all purposes.

Do not fail to see our Display—the best that was ever shown on that day.

EISCHEN BROS.,

LEADING FLORISTS.

129 West Superior Street.

Zenith Phone 692. Greenhouses—Arlington. Duluth, Minn.

The May Festival.

All arrangements for the May festival at the High School tomorrow evening are complete and the universal interest taken in the event on all sides assures the success of the most comprehensive musical enterprise in the history of the city. The reserved seats are selling rapidly and the probability is that there will be no vacant seats at all.

3rd Infantry Band

J. H. Flaaten, Director.

CONCERT AND DANCE

at the Armory, Next Tuesday Evening, May 28

Admission 50c. Gallery 25c.

TO THE PUBLIC

The city clerk, at the council meeting last night, read the letters of endorsement from the following companies: Powers & Simpson, Stitt & Howe, Cochran & Co., W. H. Gilbert, Le Sure Lumber company, Mitchell & McClure, Duncan, Brewer & Co., the Nester estate, the Duluth Fuel and Transportation company, L. R. Martin, Cody, Addis & Co., Peyton, Kimball & Barber, A. B. Smith, George Wilkenson, Swan River Lumber company and the C. M. Hill company. Many of these stated that I had hired more men for them than all the other employment agencies combined. In view of this, is it not reasonable to suppose that the men were certainly treated square, or why should they come to me for work. I desire to publicly apologize for any mistakes I made last evening on the impulse of the moment, and will leave it to the fairness and justice of the council to say whether I deserve a license or not on the strength of the above endorsements. Your truly,

JOE SHEEHY.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures billousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded, 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Memorial Day Millinery.

Our entire line—admittedly of the latest and the most correct styles, including Modish Gainsboroughs, Dress and Street Hats—will go on sale Wednesday at one-third off the regular price. Patterns at cost.

$2.25 Sailors at $1.25
$1.50 Sailors at 75c
75c Sailors at 35c
50c Sailors at 25c

Flaaten's

29 West Superior Street.

'Phone 1104.

GIVES A WARNING

Secretary Hill Says That Merchants Should Move Deliberately.

Duluth's Desire to Get Trade Might Discourage Excursions.

Must Not Antagonize the Country Merchants and Press.

With the agitation of the summer excursion business into this city, there has been talk among some of the merchants of calling a meeting of the business men to consider ways and means of increasing their business among the people that are bound to come to the city on the excursions this summer. It has been suggested by some of the merchants that the mayor call a meeting of business men at the earliest possible date to consider the matter. There is said, however, to be another side to the ideas advanced by the merchants to get the business of the people that are coming to the city. There are those who say that if the merchants are not careful they will defeat the very ends they wish to secure.

Secretary Thomas E. Hill has been prominently connected with the excusion business to the city for the past few years and he has sounded the note of warning. Salsod Mr. Hill today:

"There are several things that the merchants should take into consideration before going too far into the excursion matter. On is that a too vigorous effort on the part to draw the trade away from the country merchants along the line of the excursions is very apt to antagonize those business men and they will in turn do everything possible to give Duluth a black eye. Everyone knows that it is possible for a few persons to do a great deal of harm by speaking sneeringly of a place that they have visited.

"Then, too, if the merchants are antagonized it is pretty sure to follow that the country press will take sides with the merchants and they will not have a good thing to say of Duluth. This can be readily understood from the fact that the country merchants helps to support the country paper by his advertising, and the latter is not apt to see its patrons get the worst of it.

"Last year the plan adopted by the Improvement association regarding excursions was, first, to suggest an excursion from a certain locality to the railroad company that reached it. The company if it considered the idea feasible would notify the Improvement association and the latter would then systematically advertise Duluth in all the little towns throughout the country that would be reached through the excursion. The secretary would forward posters and reading notices to the station agents, also good reading notices with descriptions of the city to the editors of the country papers with the request that they give it a little space and send a paper to the association. In this manner and in various other ways a thorough advertising has been carried on, not so much by the railroads, as some would think, but by the Duluth Improvement association.

"Everybody in Duluth knows what the results were last year, when every excursion to the head of the lake brought large crowds of visitors. The time limit was too short last year and one of the features of the excursions this season will be that the people coming to Duluth will have more time to look around and do a little trading if they so desire. Systematic and ample arrangements were made to care for the largest crowds that visited the city and the same plan will be adopted this year unless a better one is suggested. In fact the association would be glad to have a conference with the merchants in regard to the excursion matter.

"The danger of a setback to the excursion business lies in the antagonism that is likely to arise if the merchants try to get the people to Duluth for the purpose of getting their trade."

CANDIDATES.

Three Are Chosen For the Rectorship of American College.

Rome, May 28.—Three candidates have been chosen by the congregation of the Propaganda for the rectorship of the American college here, vacant owing to the appointment, May 7, of Monsignor O'Connell to the bishopric of Portland, Me. The names are kept secret, but they include the Rev. Dr. Thomas F. Kennedy, of Overbrook, Pa. Forecasts of the results are premature at present. The congregation meets in June and will then make a choice, which will require the confirmation of the pope.

Although the pope conversed with Cardinal Gibbons on Philippine matters, it is understood that the main objects of the cardinal's trip were to pay a visit ad limina, and to deal with the rectorship questions. In regard to the Philippines, that question will be dealt with by the apostolic delegate in Cuba and the Philippines (Archbishop Chappelle) and Cardinal Martinelli.

Rev. Dr. Thomas F. Kennedy is a professor in the theological seminary of St. Charles Borromeo, at Overbrook, in the archdiocese of Philadelphia. Father Kennedy is 43 years of age, and completed his studies in the American college at Rome.

All admit Satin-Skin Cream and Powder are the finest toilet articles. Ten thousand testimonials mean much.

JURISDICTION.

Venezuela Supreme Court Has It In the Asphalt Cases.

Caracas, Vez., May 28, (via Haytien cable).—The president of the supreme court sitting alone, as examining judge in the Bermudese asphalt case has decided in favor of the jurisdiction of the court and ordered Messrs. Quinlan and Warner, of Syracuse, to deposit $20,000 guarantee to abide by the final decision. The question of jurisdiction was decided under a decree issued by President Castro May 1. The full court will probably be asked to finally decide the question.

Suits at Half

The usual price for the next ten days at Charles A. Stevens' agency, 633 Manhattan building.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Store Closes Thursday at Noon.

Decoration Day Needs

Everything in dress is here for Thursday's outing including

Summer Shirt Waists,

White and colors—of lawn, linen, percales, dimities, etc.

Silk Waists,

Walking Skirts,

Dress Skirts—of cloth or silk.

Cloth or Taffeta Etons —Reduced.

Cloth Box Coats—Reduced.

Tailor Made Suits—Reduced.

Shirt Waist Hats,

Gloves of Kid or Silk,

Belts, Belt Buckles and other novelties

Ribbons, and a large showing of

Shirt Waist Suits of white and in all the latest colors, including tan, ecru, pink, blue and black and white.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Invitations, Announcements, Visiting Cards, Etc., Printed and Engraved.....

Best work at Right Prices. **Peachey & Lounsberry,** Zenith 'Phone 336. Long Distance 307-3. 15 2nd Ave. W.

FINE STATIONERY.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store

323 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED SHARES OF

Calumet & Arizona

in lots of 5 shares or more at $30 a share

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

Would be pleased to write your **FIRE INSURANCE** Representing only millionaire companies.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Building.

WANTS QUIET.

Lord Milner Is Home For Rest and Not Lionizing.

New York, May 28.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Lord Milner has endeavored to convince his friends that he has come to England for rest and that he is anxious to escape public lionizing and private hospitality. In reality, he has returned for an exchange of views with Mr. Chamberlain on many points connected with the South African policy, and he will remain in constant communication with the colonial office. His movements will be regulated by Mr. Chamberlain's convenience, and every important detail of the future government of the colonies will be discussed between them. His friends assert, that while he shows signs of the weight of responsibility which he has been carrying, his health is not permanently impaired. He will be entertained quietly by Lord Roberts, Arthur Balfour and many public men before he returns, but it is not likely that there will be any public banquet.

ENDORSED STRIKE.

Denver, May 28—The western labor unions convention, in session here, has endorsed the strike of the Lead (S. D.) retail clerks who are contending for 6 o'clock closing.

CHIEFS MEET.

New York, May 28.—The eighth annual convention of the National Association of Chiefs of Police of the United States and Canada, began in this city today. A. H. Leslie, chief of the Pittsburg, Pa., force and president of the association, presided. Inspector Cross, of this city, delivered an address of welcome.

GAME POSTPONED.

Detroit, May 28.—Detroit-Washington, no game, wet grounds.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?

So physicians say.

Quit them and the headaches quit.

Grain-O has the coffee taste but no headaches.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

PHILLIPS

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Memorial Day Shoes.

"PRINCESS" shoes for ladies; we have them in all the new leathers and shapes ---------- **$3.50**

Special for tomorrow --- Ladies' patent leather Oxford, welted sole, Cuban heel, new toe---worth $3 **$2.50**

Children's Slippers---in endless variety, black, tan and red, kid and patent leather; prices---

89c to $1.50

The best for your money—WALK-OVER Shoes for Men—blacks and tans ---------- **$3.50**

Patents and Enamels at---------- **$4.00**

Buy a pair of "ARMORED CRUISERS" for your boy—they never wear out—prices

$1.25, $1.50, $2.00

"Little Gent's" Shoes—We have them in black and tan—They are made just like papa's—prices

98c to $2.00

AT WEST DULUTH

The incident of the car rushing down the Incline railway this morning and smashing into kindling wood, at the foot of the Incline, recalled to the mind of Harry Sawyer, of West Duluth, an accident somewhat similar that happened way back in the '60s in Pittston, Pa. At that time Mr. Sawyer was a lad about 14 years of age and attended the switches at the foot of a long incline railway that ran up to the head works of the Butler Coal company. The incline was much longer and steeper than the one in Duluth. One day two "gondolas," or flat cars, each with a load of twenty-five tons of coal, broke away at the top and rushed down the steep incline at lightning speed. Near the foot of the incline, where Mr. Sawyer tended switches, the track branched off, one track to the railroad line at the foot and the other to the chutes at the canal, where the coal was loaded on the canal boats, on the Susquehanna river. On this occassion the two cars took the track to the canal. The first car went off the chutes and leaped clear across the canal to the tow path on the other side, but the second car dropped off into the canal, about thirty feet below, on top of two canal boats underneath, cutting them in two and sending the ends to the bottom of the canal.

FIRE ENGINE QUESTION.

The lumber fire at the Mitchell & McClure lumber yards the other day has stirred up the West Duluth fire engine question, and at the council meeting last evening Alderman Cochrane asked if there was not a way of having the engine manned without increasing the appropriation. The matter is up to the board of fire commissioners for their reply next Monday night. During the summer season, while the mills are in operation, the danger of fire at the yards is much greater than during the winter, and there is a feeling among the millowners that in view of all the money they have invested in their plants the best of protection should be afforded them. To properly man the West Duluth engine two more men and a team are needed. At the beginning of the winter the force at the West Duluth department was fifteen men, but this was afterward cut down to eleven men.

IMPROVEMENT TALK.

About 10 o'clock Wednesday morning Secretary Thomas E. Hill of the Duluth Improvement company will speak to the pupils of the Irving school along the lines of improving and beautifying the city. This will be one of the series of talks on this subject that Mr. Hill is giving at the city schools. The talk is not confined alone to the pupils, but is for the benefit of the school patrons that may care to attend. In the afternoon Mr. Hill will speak at the Whittier school, on Minnesota Point, and on Friday morning at the Fairmount school. Friday afternoon Mr. Hill will be at the Lincoln school.

RALEIGH STREET EXTENSION.

The other side of the Raleigh street extension matter was presented to the city council last evening in the form of a petition from O. H. Simonds, who, representing George D. Beatty as receiver for J. E. Searles, the Metropolitan Life Insurance company and the West Duluth Land company, asked that the street be not opened from Central avenue through to Fiftieth avenue. Mr. Simonds' petition set forth that the signers of the petition asking for the opening of the street owned none of the abutting property, also that the proposed extension would cut through the yards of the car works and a resumption of the plant rendered difficult. If the council orders the street opened the people represented by Mr. Simonds will fight the matter in the courts.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Agness May Gillis died last evening at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Alfred Merritt, at Oneota. The decedent had been suffering from tuberculosis. She was 23 years of age and has made her home in this city for some time. The funeral arrangements have not yet been announced.

Joseph Cochrane has purchased the restaurant business of E. A. Rock on Central avenue and will continue the business. Mr. Rock will leave very soon for Butte, Mont., where he will reside.

The repair work on the viaduct over Forty-second avenue west having been completed, the board of public works began this morning the repair of the long viaduct at Forty-ninth avenue west. This viaduct is also in a bad condition, and from the rotting out of the supports underneath the roadway at the top is very uneven.

The street railway company has improved a good-sized lot on Superior street near the car barns and at the rear of the school house by filling in with earth and leveling off. A side track has been built in and the additional yard will be used for the purpose of storing the old rails and material that will be taken out on Superior street when the company lays its new track.

West Duluth's population continues to increase at a steady rate, the following births having been reported: To Mr. and Mrs. Axel Nystrem, of 3318 Halifax street, May 25, a girl; to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Wold, of 217 Sixty-first avenue west, May 25, a girl; to Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Doyle, of 312 Fifty-sixth avenue west, May 27, a girl; to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rossader, of 22 Fifty-sixth avenue west, May 27, a boy.

Edward Dubruiel, Charles Castrid, David Smith, Lewis Knudson and Ralph Ward made up a party of West Duluth fishermen that were out on the Cloquet river on Sunday. They report a good catch.

Miss Beta Carlson left yesterday for Chicago, where she will remain until Christmas.

Miss Adelaide Thurston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sawyer, is expected back from New York on June 3.

Arthur Young, Thomas Robinson and Emanuel Buska were at the ball game at Cloquet on Sunday.

L. S. Neumann is down from Eveleth on a business trip.

The Senate club will have a business meeting this evening. The club is planning on a private party to be given very soon.

A number of her friends surprised Mrs. Doty, of Fifty-seventh avenue west, on Friday evening.

Miss Meta Krakenberger is entertaining Miss Margaret Fink, of Cass Lake.

The Good Templars held open lodge last evening. A program was rendered and a very interesting meeting was reported.

For rent, 5-room flat, Sixty-fourth avenue west, two blocks from street cars. Inquire Board & Daniels' store.

Fancy Drill and Dance

By team of Imperial Camp, M. W. A., under command of Maj. F. E. Beseche, at ARMORY on Monday Evening, June 3, 1901. La Brosse orchestra; drill at 10 o'clock. Tickets for spectators: Gallery, 25c per couple; dancing floor, 50c per couple.

AN ODD MARRIAGE.

Chow Hee Joe, a West End native of the Celestial empire, and Lizzie Eckerson, a young Scandinavian woman, yesterday took out a license to wed, and they were married according to the customs of Christianity yesterday by Rev. T. H. Cleland, of the First Presbyterian church. Chow Hee Joe conducts a laundry in the West End, and he is a convert to Christianity and a member of the Chinese Sunday school that is conducted by the First Presbyterian church.

First May Music Festival.

2—GRAND CONCERTS—2

At High School Auditorium, Wednesday and Friday evenings, May 29 and 31.

Admission at either concert, 25 cents. Reserved seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's, 25 cents extra.

FELL OVER.

Baltimore, May 28.—A peculiar accident, which came near causing loss of life, occurred about 2 o'clock this morning at William Skinners & Co.'s dry dock, at the foot of Cross street. The steamer Hudson of the Merchants and Miners Transportation company's fleet, without any apparent reason, suddenly fell over on her side in thirty feet of water. All the members of the crew were on board at the time of the accident, many of them having narrow escapes from droning.

The Hudson plies between Baltimore and Savannah. The cause of the accident and the extent of the damage have not been ascertained.

OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, May 28.—Stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington & Northern railroad met here today and re-elected directors whose terms had expired. The directors then re-elected the present officers of the company.

STOVES

Largest Stock, Lowest Prices

On Stoves and Ranges at the head of the lake. Our stock is too large and we are making prices that are rapidly reducing it. Should you need a Stove any time this summer, it will pay you to buy it now.

$15.00 Stoves going at ---------- $12.00
$18.00 Stoves going at ---------- $15.00
$20.00 Stoves going at ---------- $16.50
$25 00 Stoves going at ---------- $21.00

We carry all kinds and sizes of Gasoline and Blue Flame Oil Stoves. Refrigerators at factory prices.

WIELAND & WADE,

Reliable Hardware, Stoves and Bicycles.

317 CENTRAL AVE.

TALK OF THE TOWN

Nothing But Discussion of Pavilion Fire Is Heard.

All Kinds of Speculation as to Speed of Car.

An Effort Was Made to Drop Car Part Way.

The Pavilion fire is the talk of the town today. The chain-lightning dash of the incline car will be a source of talk for those that witnessed it, for days to come.

Officer Pat Tulley, of the police department, is given great credit for the manner in which he kept the curious crowds back from the Seventh avenue gates. His work was of the highest order. One woman in particular gave the officer great trouble. She persisted in standing directly in front of the gate. Officer Tulley put her out of the way several times, but the woman evidently did not realize the danger. She would probably have been killed outright, as big pieces of heavy structural steel were hurled over the spot where she stood.

The police department had a force of men at Seventh avenue within two minutes after the car came down, and in five minutes was holding the crowds back with ropes so that the firemen could get into the burning wreck, which covered Superior street.

* * *

A rumor that several people had been killed by the car when it struck the bottom caused a suspension of business in the down town district. Clerks and business men, woodsmen, and in fact all sorts and condition of people, jostled each other on the Bowery in a mad effort to see if any person was injured.

* * *

There were numerous conflicting reports as to the manner in which the Pavilion employes tried to hold the car at the top of the incline. The car was first blocked at the direction of Chief Black, and it was later lashed to the rails by the street railway employes. Every effort was made to prevent its getting away, but the intense heat melted the 1⅝-inch cable, turned up the rails and the car was off like a shot.

People on the street today are wondering why the employes did not run the car half way down the track and lash it. This was thought of, but when it was tried the fire had gained such headway that the engineer could not get to his engine.

* * *

People on Duluth Heights are much agitated today. They are trying to figure out the valuation of their property in case the street railway company should not rebuild. It is not settled as to the future of the Pavilion, but it was said that the incline would be repaired as soon as possible. The machinery cannot be replaced for some time, and the cable is simply torn into shreds. The street car company officers were unable to say definitely just what arrangements would be made. Meanwhile the Duluth Heights' people are in a bad way for transportation.

* * *

There has been all kinds of argument relative to the time it took the car to travel the nine blocks. Several people claim to have timed its flight, and their time ranges all the way from six to ten seconds. In case the car did the trip in six seconds it perpetrated a palpable infraction of the laws of gravitation. The law of gravitation is that a body falls 16 1-10 feet the first second and increases speed at the rate of 16 1-10 feet for every additional second. Assuming that the Pavilion was about 650 feet above Superior street, the estimate of ten seconds is not so far out of the way, according to the speed allowed falling bodies by the law of gravitation.

* * *

During the burning of the building a large number of people gathered on the hillside below the Pavilion. When the tower toppled over it rolled down this embankment and caused a general scattering.

* * *

The burning of the Pavilion settles two rather puzzling questions. Nearly every person that has made the trip for the first time has wondered and inquired what would happen if the car should get loose. Many a heated argument has started as to whether or not the car would keep the track. This question was settled in the affirmative. The car stayed on the rails till it hit the bottom, and even then the heavy truck did not leave the track. It was simply the superstructure that was hurled over Superior street.

The other perplexing question is settled for the council. The matter of granting the Pavilion a license to sell liquor was to have been before the council in a few weeks, and the indications were that it would cause quite a fight.

AMOUNT IS SMALL.

Suit Over Rental of Hibbing House.

The last jury case of the May term of district court is on trial today. The case is that of P. McHardy against J. M. Klinker, to recover $16.80, alleged to be due for rent on a house in Hibbing occupied by the defendant, who is principal of the Hibbing schools. Klinker lost when the case was tried in the justice court at Hibbing, and he appealed to the district court. He claims that McHardy did not put the house in the condition he promised, and he therefore claims that the house was not worth to him what McHardy asks for it. The costs have already amounted to more than the claim, and the service of the jury alone will cost more than the amount involved. The case has therefore some feeling back of it, and it is of interest as well, perhaps, to tenants who may be similarly situated. John H. Norton is McHardy's attorney, and Miller & Adams represent Klinker.

The jury in the case of Henry Stevens against the Clark-Jackson Lumber company yesterday afternoon returned a verdict for the full amount asked, $1999. Stevens was injured in the company's mill, his clothing catching in a bolt in the shafting, and he claimed that the company was negligent in leaving the shafting unprotected. John Jenswold, Jr., was Stevens' attorney.

Judges Ensign and Dibell are hearing court cases.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, Undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

To Success in the five-cent cigar trade is our already, successful and popular Alaskan Nuggets.

Frank B. Daugherty has begun suit in district court against Edward Z. Williams to recover $1108.73 alleged to be due on a note. He says that when the note was given the defendant gave him a deed on lot 10, block 27, West Duluth, First division, to secure the claim, and he wants that deed declared a mortgage and the mortgage foreclosed. Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Chow Hee Joe and Lizzie Eckerson and to Frank Brozinski and Annie Muller.

The probate court has issued orders to take three orphans to the state school at Owatonna. One is Eddie Hall, aged 2 years, a son of a chimney sweep who died from drink two years ago, and the others are Howard and Robert Quayle, of Hibbing, aged 12 and 13.

Richard Cullen this morning filed in the office of the register of deeds four mining leases from the state of Minnesota, covering an entire section near the Vermilion range. The four leases cover each of the four quarters of section 16-62-13.

Mrs. Lucile Buchanan, of Thirty-eighth avenue west, appeared in the municipal court this morning charged with assaulting a neighbor's chilren. Mrs. Buchanan said that she was not guilty and the hearing was set for Saturday morning.

Elmer J. Morrison, proprietor of the St. James Annex died suddenly last evening at the St. James hotel of heart trouble. He was 36 years of age. The funeral will be held sometime tomorrow from the Cathedral and will be in charge of the Eagles and Royal Arch. The body will be taken to Oshkosh for burial.

The money for the creditors of the tug E. T. Carrington has been received by Deputy Cleark Pressnell of the United States court and will be paid out as it is called for.

Tom Reed cigars is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. H. Thomas, of Great Falls, Mont., is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. S. Simpson, at 529 West Third street. She is accompanied by her daughter, Marian.

W. A. Sanborn, of Faribault, Minn., is in the city today.

W. J. McAllister and A. Kleme, from the Beaumont, Texas, oil fields, arrived in the city this morning.

F. M. Horn, of Winnipeg, is a guest of the Spalding.

O. W. Blodgett, of Bay City, Mich., and Capt. J. A. Callick, of Chicago, representing a vessel firm, are in the city looking up the lumber shipping business.

C. G. Breiting, of Ashland, is registered at the St. Louis this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Richards, of St. Louis, are visiting in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Nelson, of Two Harbors, are spending the day in the city.

John Glode, of Ely, is a business visitor here today.

John A. Jacobs, of Washburn, Wis., is a guest of the St. James.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Thomas, of Ely, are among the range visitors in the city today.

Dr. W. W. Routh has returned from Florida, where he has been for several months for the benefit of his health.

A. D. Davidson is considerably better today.

VETERANS

Of the Confederate Army Are In Session at Memphis.

Memphis, May 28.—Gen. George W. Gordon, of Memphis, today called the annual convention of the United Confederate veterans to order with a gavel from a tree which shaded the favorite seat of Jefferson Davis at Beauvoir, Miss.

Rev. J. Jones, of Richmond, Va., offered prayer while veterans stood bareheaded. Gen. Gordon then introduced Governor McMillin, of Tennessee.

Governor McMillin gave a most hearty welcome to the visitors. He complimented the men of the South on their glorious record in the war and deplored the fact that so many had passed away.

Mayor William was next introduced and extended to the visitors a most cordial welcome.

Still More Counterfeiting.

The secret service has unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a large quantity of bogus bills, which are so cleverly executed that the average person would never suspect them of being spurious. Things of great value are always selected by counterfeiters for imitation, notably the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and general debility. The Bitters set things right in the stomach, and when the stomach is in good order it makes good blood and plenty of it. In this manner the Bitters get at the seat of strength and vitality, and restore vigor to the weak and debilitated. Beware of counterfeits when buying.

Mrs. J. No matter what causes facial eruptions, absolute cleanliness inside and out is the only way to cure them. Rocky Mountain Tea taken this month will drive them away. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

$1

Per Week Payments

If brought to us will enable you to dress as well as you could if you had a million. Our credit system is the safest and easiest. The safest because you test the quality of the article before paying for it. The easiest because it is easier to raise $1 per week than to raise $15 or $20 at one time, enabling you to use your money for other purposes to good advantage. Our stock is all strictly first-class and up-to-date. Prices to suit everyone. Ladies', Men's and Boy's Clothing.

Gately Supply Co.

No. 8 East Superior St.

Freimuth's Freimuth's Freimuth's

We Mourn Our Nation's Dead!

ONCE more the busy wheels of industry stand still—once more the perfume of flowers—the saddened countenance—the muffled drum and measured steps—all tell more elegantly than language can do of the nation's appreciation of their dead heroes—what treasured memories does the day bring back—what thoughts of service rendered, duty done—of unselfish sacrifice and devotion to the flag—that the nation might live—all honor to those who died for the cause—in '61 and in '98—meet it is to scatter flowers and recount in song and story the history of their deeds and to give one day to the perpetuation of their memories—a day sacred to a nation's hallowed dead.

This store closes at 12:30 Thursday—Decoration Day.

Closing Out Sale of Every Silk Eton Jacket in the House.

Fortunate for you wearers of these Silk Jackets that your wearing time for them comes just when we are anxious to bid them good-bye; for we are cleaning house of every silk Eton and sweep them out by means of these prices—

$5.00 for handsome $10.00 silk Eton Jackets.

$7.50 for $15.00 and $12.50 silk Eton and Bolero Jackets.

$9.50 for $18.50 and $17.50 new and fashionable effects in silk Etons and Boleros.

$12.50 for $22.50 & and $25 Silk Eton Jackets—natty and unusual effects in trimmings and makes.

$15.00 for $35, $30 & $25 Silk Eton and Bolero Jackets—fashionable shapes, with cording, tucking and other fine trimmings.

More Tailor Suits, Vastly Underprice.

The "why" of these startling price changes concerns us only. It's for you to realize the great savings which present prices make possible. These tailor suits are all new and fresh—representing the very best of work and material—and in the most fashionable shapes. The regular and present prices stand thus.

$10 and $12.50 Tailor Suits are ---------- $6.95
$20 and $22.50 Tailor Suits are ---------- $12.50
$25 and $26 Tailor Suits are ---------- $15.00
$30 and $27.50 Tailor Suits are ---------- $20.00
$35 and $32.50 Tailor Suits are ---------- $25.00

Dress Skirts.

Just one price that will suggest the other extra values throughout the stock.

Black Mohair and Cheviot Skirts—in the new flare and flounce effects—splendidly tailored—nicely lined—all lengths—there's a saving of about $2 on each of these—price **$4.50**

POPULAR PRICED.. HATS.

Shirtwaist Hats—the smartest models of the year—each one has a fetching jauntiness not to be found anywhere else—special values tomorrow at—

$1 $2.50

Tailor-made Hats—Trimmed Hats—chic, dressy affairs that will appeal to every woman; made after models by the very best milliners and in all the fashionable shapes, including Toques and Turbans and Trimmed Sailors. Each one has a charm of individuality and fashion unknown heretofore in hats at these low prices. Tomorrow we have these special hats that can't be duplicated under $5.00, $6.00 and $7.50—our price is but

$3, $4 and $5

Children's Trimmed Leghorns—attractive, girlish effects—very prettily trimmed in flowers, foliage, chiffon, etc. Special values tomorrow at—

$1.25, $1.75 and $2.50

*Mexican Sombrero Play Hats—those cunning cone-*shaped hats in bright, pretty colors and fancy braids and straws—*Two Specials*—

40c Mexican Hats are 25c
75c Mexican Hats are 50c

Plain and Fancy Fabrics for all kinds of

White Dresses and Gowns.

40-inch Sheer India Linon—extra quality—very fine and nicely finished — should bring 20c—tomorrow ---------- **12½c**

White Dimities in checks and stripes—India Linons, Lawns and fancy white goods—mostly 25c cloth—it's the third refilling of this counter of 25c goods at 15c—there's plenty ready for all—25c white goods for ---------- **15c**

42-inch Batiste Mull — We have no hesitation in saying 50c is nearer its value—a lucky trade chance permits our selling it at ---------- **28c**

Pure Shirt Waist Linens, sheer or heavy—in these fabrics—36-inch plain linen $1 quality at 75c—45 and 36-inch all linen lawn for waists, $1 quality 75c—pure linen dimity, 36 inches wide, 85c quality at ---------- **68c**

Candies for Tomorrow.

Your picnic or drive won't be complete without a box of these delicious hand-made *CHOCOLATE CREAMS*—plain or nutted tops—put up in neat boxes — the regular 40c quality priced thus for tomorrow—

1-lb boxes, 21c ½-lb boxes, 12½c

Decoration Day Parasols

Children's pretty Parasols in red, white and blue—polished handles—at only ---------- **15c**

Children's one ruffle Parasols with scalloped edges—various pretty colors—neat handles—special value at **25c**

Women's white silk Parasols with white enamel handles—good quality silk with silk cord and tassel—$1.25 Parasols at ---------- **98c**

Women's Fancy Gloria Silk Parasols—in a splendid assortment of colors and designs—handsome natural wood handles—extra values at only ---------- **$1.25**

Women's Fine Silk Parasols with hemstitched borders—pretty colors—handsome bamboo and natural wood handles—a $2.50 quality—tomorrow at only ---------- **$1.95**

See our finer grades—extra and unequalled values—at $12.00, $6.00, $5.00 and ---------- **$3.00**

The New Cachemire Neck Ribbons.

New and beautiful colorings in this splendid wash ribbon—soft and fluffy, especially designed for stylish neck dressing. You can see them here only.

No. 9—regular hair ribbon width, in black, white and all colors—tomorrow's introductory price ---------- **9c**

No. 16—2 inches wide—beautiful ribbons for dress trimmings or for neck dressing—white and all spring shades—tomorrow's introductory price is only ---------- **13c**

No. 40—3½ inches wide, exquisite colors; also black and white—for neck dressing, sash ribbons, dress trimmings; tomorrow's introductory price—per yard ---------- **18c**

No. 60—4½ inches wide—for neck ribbons, sash ribbons—for everything for which fine ribbons are needed—tomorrow's introductory price ---------- **25c**

New Stocks and Twice-Around Ties.

White Lawn Twice-Around Ties; 3 inches wide with pretty edge of plain or fancy colored lawn; a regular 25c Stock—tomorrow at ---------- **19c**

White Lawn Stock Ties; cunning trimmed with tucking, lace and open and drawn work—in a charming variety of new shapes—75c, 45c, 39c and ---------- **29c**

Real Duchesse Lace Collar Edges and Turnovers—beautiful patterns—at only ---------- **32c**

Men's Shirts and Neckwear.

Men's Soft Shirts of excellent Percales in new colors and stripe patterns—stylish and elegant Shirts that bring $1 in exclusive furnishing stores—our price only ---------- **75c**

*Men's Negligee or Stiff Bosom Shirts—in an as-*sortment of patterns unmatchable—all beautiful stripes and designs, with pair detached cuffs—it's a great value at ---------- **$1.00**

Decoration Day Neckwear, in any of the new and fashionable shapes and colors; it's a hobby to show the richest effects at a popular price—that's why you get these $1 silk ties at ---------- **50c**

NEEDS A MUZZLE

Joe Sheehy's Unruly Mouth Ruins His License Chance.

Council Disposed to Grant It Until He Interfered.

Superior Street Paving Contract Let to Watterworth & Fee.

The council last night:

Refused to be bulldozed by Joe Sheehy.

Approved Superior street paving contract.

Approved Garfield avenue viaduct contracts.

Ordered Tenth avenue west viaduct.

Received protest to Raleigh street extension.

Received invitation to Woodman's fancy drill.

Received invitation to participate in July 4 celebration.

Joe Sheehy, the ex-paperweight pugilist appeared before the council last night, hurling forth vast quantities of monologue which sounded like a seltzer siphon doing a stunt in ragtime hysterics. He became so vile in his personalities that he was put out of the chamber. It was a surprising episode.

Sheehy has been running an employment agency on Fifth avenue west. When he applied for a renewal of his license this year, the renewal was objected to by the associate city attorney on the ground that Sheehy did not deal fairly with the laboring men. The chief of police backed up the recommendations of the attorney. Sheehy made a game fight, however, and succeeded in getting strong recommendations from many large labor employing concerns.

On the strength of these recommendations the council was about ready to renew the license when Sheehy ruined his chances with his vile talk.

D. M. DeVore appeared against Sheehy, saying that he had filed formal protest against the granting of the license, and turning to the employment agent-pugilist said:

"Why, that man ought to be here in sackcloth and ashes begging this council's pardon instead of demanding a license. He knows as well as I do that he has obtained money from workingmen under fraudulent representations."

Here Sheehy cut in with: "Say you're filled with injections of hot air. Tell you what I'll do. I'll let the council revoke my license and I give you $100 if this man can prove that he know's what he's talking about. Why, he can't get credit for a pound of crackers out at West Duluth. Say—are you goin' to give me the license? Why, say, DeVore, I'll buy you a new suit of clothes if you can prove what you say."

At this point Alderman Krumsieg made a motion that the entire matter be referred to the committee on police and licenses, and the matter was so referred for one week. This did not suit Sheehy.

He ignored the rules of the council and drowned the sound of the raps of the president's gavel with his voice. The harder President Cromwell rapped for order the faster and more violent became the ex-pugilist's monologue. Finally turning to Mr. DeVore he muttered out some vile stuff. There was a lull for a moment and then Alderman Johnson, of the Fifth ward, jumping to his feet moved that Sheehy be ejected from the council chamber. There was a chorus of support and President Cromwell ordered Sergeant-at-Arms Brian to put the ex-pugilist out.

Sheehy saw the sergeant-at-arms coming and hastily putting on his hat he made for the door closely followed by Mr. Brian, who was fairly aching to throw him down the stairs. Sheehy, however, didn't stop till he got outside the building.

After the meeting a number of the aldermen who had been favorable to Sheehy expressed themselves as being in the strongest way against him. It is safe to say that he will not get a license of any kind as long as the present council is in office.

The contract for the paving of Superior street from Eighth avenue West to Third avenue east, awarded to Watterworth & Fee, was confirmed by the council. There was no debate. The various bids were read and a resolution adopted approving the contract of Watterworth & Fee in the sum of $54,568.

The brick to be used by Watterworth & Fee is manufactured by the Purington Paving company of Galesburg, Ill. It will take about 1,500,000 brick to do the paving and this can be shipped at once, but there is 950 yards of special paving to be put in between the street car tracks which may delay the work. This paving has to be manufactured in a special design and the company cannot turn out the order within three weeks.

In connection with the paving matter, the city officers who were out on the recent paving junketing trip presented a bills for $66 for expenses to St. Louis. Alderman Krumsieg objected to this claim, but it was finally allowed by a vote of 12 to 2.

The contracts made by the department of public works for the material to be used by the city in the approach to the Garfield avenue viaduct, was approved. Macleod & Smith received the masonry contract for $7,700, and the Northern Pacific railway gets the contract for the structural steel for $339.

A resolution was passed giving the Police Relief association 50 per cent of all money collected through dog taxes in excess of $800.

A communication was received from George D. Bentley, receiver for the insolvent estate of John E. Searles, and also from the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, protesting against the proposed extension of Raleigh street at West Duluth.

A number of West Duluthians have asked that this street be extended through the car works property from Fifty-fifth to Fiftieth avenue west. The protest goes on to cite that the receiver for Mr. Searles is doing all in his power to dispose of the works in such a manner that the plant will be started up, but if a street is opened through the property, it would be in the nature of a serious handicap. The communication was referred to the committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks.

City Engineer Patton reported that the West Duluth viaducts would be serviceable for two years. This report was made at the request of the council and was somewhat of a surprise as the aldermen were under the impression that the viaducts were in much worse condition than the report of the city engineer would indicate.

A petition was received from a number of residents of the West End asking that the license of Charles Sellman, 22 Twentieth avenue west, be renewed. This is a counter-petition to the one received last week protesting against the renewal of this license. There were 123 signatures to the petition in favor of Mr. Sellman and about 100 against him.

A resolution was passed asking the board of fire commissioners to inform the council if it were not possible to man the West Duluth fire engine without exceeding the department appropriation.

Another resolution was passed authorizing the board of public works to advertise for bids for the construction of the Tenth avenue west foot viaduct.

A Log of Mahogany

in its crude state is not impressive. When through artistic manipulation it appears transformed upon a beautiful

Emerson

Piano, it is worthy of unstinted admiration. The tone qualities of this fine instrument are in keeping with its handsome exterior, and are constant delights to the buyer.

Prices lower than you would expect for such a Piano.

Shall we send you a free descriptive booklet?

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

THE STRIKE.

Eastern Minnesota Railway Operating Its Ore Dock.

The latest reports from the Eastern Minnesota company's ore dock at Allouez bay indicate that the company has won out in its trouble with the men that went on a strike a few days ago. The docks are now running on full time, every crew having been filled with men brought there from the Twin Cities. Two carloads of men are expected from St. Paul today, so that the company claims to have all the men that it can possibly use. A little trouble was experienced in getting started yesterday morning, many of the new men being inexperienced and some of them quitting as soon as they learned the situation. The boats are being loaded regularly and sent out, and aside from the presence of special officers scattered about the docks, it would be difficult to understand that there was a strike on. The men had been getting $1.65 per day and demanded $1.90. The railroad company submitted a scale of $1.75 instead, which the men refused. Efforts have been made to bring the two sides to an agreement, but it seems to be out of the question.

CONNOR RE-ELECTED.

Douglas County Board Selects Him For Physician.

The new county board of Douglas county, Wisconsin, met yesterday afternoon in West Superior and filled the appointive offices of the county. Dr. H. J. Connor was re-elected county physician, William Kennedy was re-elected county poor commissioner and Charles Anderson was elected superintendent of the county poor farm, to succeed G. J. Anderson. William Conness, of Brule, who was this year returned to the board, was elected chairman after a close contest with Edward Donley, of West Superior. Dr. Connor has been the county physician for some years. This year the board, by resolution, fixed his salary at $3300, out of which he must furnish medical and surgical attendance, drugs and medicines and pay his assistants. In previous years this office was considered one of the best in the county, but every succeeding year the county has cut down the emoluments of the office. Some of the other West Superior physicians put in bids for the county work at sums ranging from $1000 to $2500.

A change was also made that will reduce the expenses of the county poor commissioner's office. Heretofore he received a salary of $1200 a year and had an assistant who received a salary of $50 a month. Hereafter the poor commissioner will receive a salary of $1600 a year and out of this amount must pay his assistant. The Evening Telegram and the Superior Citizen were made the official county papers.

POSTPONED ONE WEEK.

Rev. Olaf Bodien's Lecture on June 4.

The lecture by Rev. Olaf Bodien, of Minneapolis, arranged by the Young People's society of the First Swedish Baptist church, which was to have taken place tomorrow, will be postponed until Tuesday evening, June 4. A telegram was received Saturday from Rev. Bodien saying that it was impossible for him to be here on the appointed date, but that he would come up from Minneapolis June 4. Mr. Bodien is a speaker of great ability, and has been pastor of the First Swedish Baptist church in Minneapolis for about ten years.

Not Working on It.

The street car company has not yet begun its new construction work on Belknap street, in West Superior, for the East End line, although the material for the new track is lying along the street. The Y at the corner of Belknap and Tower avenue has been completed and but a little paving about one of the tracks remains to be done. Thomas Lowry and President Goodrich of the street car company, who were expected up from Minneapolis to have a conference with the city authorities of West Superior over the present controversy, had not put in an appearance this morning, but are expected today. City Attorney McKay has said that he will defer any action against the company until he hears from the street car men, that is, within the next day or two.

Mozart Club Recital.

The recital and dance given last evening at the Armory by the Mozart club, composed of a number of the young musical students of the city, who work under the direction of Mrs. D. H. Day, was a very pleasing affair and realized a nice sum for the Women's and Children's home for which it was given. The recital began about 8 o'clock and continued for about two hours. Following that Flaaten's orchestra took the stage and there was dancing for a couple of hours.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents

IS HELD LIABLE

Verdict Against Lumber Company In Virginia Fire Case.

Jury Holds That Fire Originated at the Mill.

D. H. Moon Says Upholding of the Verdict Means Ruin.

A jury in district court shortly before 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon returned the most important verdict the court has ever recorded. In effect the verdict holds the Moon & Kerr Lumber company responsible for the fire that destroyed the business portion of the city of Virginia June 7, 1900. If the decision is upheld by the court of last resort, which will undoubtedly have an opportunity to pass upon it, this verdict means that the lumber company will be compelled to pay—if it is able—the damages incurred by all of the residents of Virginia that suffered through the fire.

According to the principal member of the company, D. H. Moon, that spells ruin.

The case was given into the hands of the jury at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and the verdict was returned after a deliberation of seven hours. When the announcement was made that the jury had agreed, it was something of a surprise, because nearly everybody had argued from the intricate nature of the case and the length of time that had elapsed that a disagreement was certain.

The verdict was for the full amount asked by Ole Halvorson for the loss of his home and butcher shop, $5250. There was no dispute on the amount of his claim, the company in its defense contenting itself with fighting the general principle of its liability. The verdict is important not on account of the size of that one verdict, but because there are four other cases pending, and because there are suits ready to be begun by a large number of the losers in the Virginia fire.

D. H. Moon, of the Moon & Kerr Lumber company, was greatly surprised at the verdict. He said that the company would be unable to pay the damages if the verdict, in all its full effect, is sustained. He said:

"If the verdict is sustained by the higher courts, it will wipe me out of existence financially. It will break Isaac K. Kerr, of Eau Claire, as well. I own 45 per cent of the stock of the Moon & Kerr Lumber company. Mr. Kerr owns 27½ and Weyerhaeuser and Dinkham own the remaining 27½ per cent. Weyerhaeuser and Dinkham can, of course, be holden only for their percentage. Mr. Weyerhaeuser went into the company for me and offered to turn his interest over to me at such time as I might be able to buy it, paying him only 6 per cent on his investment. I would have taken his interest before this had I been able.

"If the verdict of the jury is sustained, it will take about $1,000,000 to settle the claims, and, as I have said, the company will not begin to be able to pay them. In addition to bankrupting Mr. Kerr and myself, there will be a large number of unsatisfied judgments piled up against us. The result is a great surprise to me. I don't see how the jury could have arrived at the verdict it did. But I have strong hopes of more favorable results in the higher courts."

It has been a long time since a case so interesting and so important has been tried in the district court. The fact that a large amount, aside from the single claims of Ole Halvorson, was involved made it practically a test case for the whole question of the company's liability for the fire. It has been well and thoroughly fought, and the fact that three of the best attorneys in the state were concerned in it, and that each side laid out its best efforts for success, makes the result still more important, for no stone was left unturned on either side. It was a battle of legal giants, and J. L. Washburn, who was assisted by M. C. Palmer, of Virginia, as attorney for the plaintiff, is entitled to the credit for a great victory.

A stay of proceedings was granted, and the defense will make a motion for a new trial, if that is not granted, an appeal will be taken to the supreme court. It is hardly probable that all of the claims will be tried in court, for if the general principle of the company's liability is upheld, the other claims will likely be settled.

The Moon & Kerr Lumber company has operated a logging and sawmill business in the vicinity of Virginia for ten years. Its plant there was cleaned out by the fire, and it is said that one great reason why it was never rebuilt was that the citizens of Virginia who had losses in the fire threatened to bring suit.

About noon on June 7, 1900, fire broke out in the sawmill of the company, in the city of Virginia. While the mill was burning fire started in the butcher shop of the plaintiff, Ole Halvorson, and swept over the principal portion of the city, utterly destroying it.

The claim of the losers is that the fire started at the mill because of defective machinery connected with the waste-burning portion of the plant, and that, therefore, the company's negligence was responsible for the blaze. It is also claimed that the fire in the city proper resulted from flying brands from the mill fire, which the wind carried over to the city and which started the blaze that destroyed the city.

The company, on the other hand, denies the allegations of negligence, claiming that the mill was properly equipped. Its most important defense, however, was a denial that the mill fire had anything to do with the burning of the city. It claimed that the wind was not blowing in a direction that would have carried any brands to the city, and that the only buildings that were burned from the mill fire were a few in a different direction from the mill than the city. It was claimed that the negligence of Halvorson and his employes was responsible for the fire. The story of the defense was that Halvorson's butcher, who is now dead, was frying out fat in a large kettle when the mill fire broke out. He went out to look at the fire, and in his absence the kettle boiled over and caught fire. The fire spread rapidly under the influence of the heavy wind and destroyed the town.

These divergent claims combined with much confusion in the testimony to make the case an intricate one. The time of the fire was, of course, a period of great excitement, and it was, therefore, to be expected that the stories of many of the witnesses would be of necessity somewhat confused and uncertain. That or something else certainly produced a considerable variety of opinions among the sixty-three witnesses that appeared on the stand during the trial. The trial took considerable time, the case going to the jury on the tenth day.

J. L. WASHBURN COMMENTS.

J. L. Washburn, one of the attorneys in the case, was seen today and gave M. C. Palmer, the Virginia lawyer and former mayor of the city, a large part of the credit for the victory which the plaintiff obtained.

Mr. Washburn said that the case was won with truthful testimony from reputable witnesses, the best people in Virginia, and that the evidence of many witnesses for the defendant, all who were worthy of credence, tended more or less to corroborate the plaintiff's witnesses, and the verdict could not have been otherwise than it was on the evidence. He said no new principle of law was involved in the case, and that the law books are full of such cases and that our own supreme court has several times declared the law on which the action was based.

He said the Moon & Kerr company was organized under the manufacturing act, and that there is no individual liability of stockholders, and that the suit was against the corporation. That it appeared in the evidence that the corporation had disposed of all its property and divided the assets. He said that the sufferers by the fire had been willing all along to make some reasonable compromise on a basis that would in no wise cripple the defendant company, and had so indicated to defendant, but that no response had ever been made indicating any willingness on the part of the Lumber company to make any restitution whatever to the losers by the fire.

SHE QUIT.

But It Was a Hard Pull.

It is hard to believe that coffee will put a person in such a condition as it did Mrs. E. S. Brown, of Apple Creek, O. She tells her own story:

"I did not believe coffee caused my trouble, and frequently said I liked it so well I would not, nor could not quit drinking it, even if it took my life, but I was a miserable sufferer from heart trouble and nervous prostration for four years. I was scarcely able to be around at all. Had no energy and did not care for anything. Was emaciated and had a constant pain around my heart until I thought I could not endure it. For months I never went to bed expecting to get up in the morning. I felt as though I was liable to die at any time during the night.

"Frequently I had nervous chills and the least excitement would drive sleep away, and any little noise would upset me terribly. I was gradually getting worse until finally one time it came over me and I asked myself what is the use of being sick all the time and buying medicine so that I could indulge myself in coffee?

"So I thought I would see if I could quit drinking coffee and got some Postum Food Coffee to help me quit. I made it strictly according to directions and I want to tell you that change was the greatest step in my life. It was easy to quit coffee. One by one the old troubles left, until now I am in splendid health, nerves steady, heart all right and the pain all gone. Never have any more nervous chills, don't take any medicine, can do all my housework and have done a great deal beside.

"My sister-in-law, who visited me this summer, had been an invalid for some time much as I was. I got her to quit coffee and drink Postum. She gained five pounds in three weeks, and I never saw such a change in anyone's health. Anyone by writing me can receive verification of these statements."

LIVELY WAKE.

All Got "Soaked" and Danced Around the Corpse.

Sharon, Pa., May 28.—A case is reported from Butler county, just across the Mercer line, which is probably without a parallel for disrespect for the dead. Patrick Gallagher, an old soldier, who is said to have been a hard drinker, died last week, and his son at the time he engaged an undertaker also laid in a supply of whisky for the wake. As the undertaker concluded his work the son returned with some boon companions, and they held a wake that was certainly a "corker."

The mourners, who were all friends of Gallagher, got hilariously intoxicated, took the corpse from the coffin, stood it up on a chair, and then executed a war dance about it.

At the funeral today it is alleged that the pallbearers were drunk, and some of them stopped on the way to the cemetery and went to sleep.

At the cemetery one man fell into the grave, and the others interrupted the minister with adjurations to "cut it short."

Returning to the home of the deceased some one found a will in which the late lamented wished to be buried beneath a large pine tree in front of his house. Bent on fulfilling his wishes the mourners went back to the cemetery and had half dug up the corpse when neighbors interfered and stopped them.

Warrants have been sworn out against several of the parties, charging them with disorderly conduct. The neighbors are very indignant over the proceedings.

THINLY CLAD

When She Returned Home After Having Been Kidnaped.

Argosa, Ind., May 28.—In the disappearance of Miss Ora Atkinson, aged 16, a rival to the famous Nellie Berger case has developed. Miss Atkinson started for church Sunday evening, April 28. On the way she met Calvin Tuggle, son of a prominent United Brethren minister, who invited her to take a drive. She consented, and after entering the buggy he informed her, she alleges, that she was in his power, that he would run away with her and in case she attempted to escape death would be inflicted.

The pair drove to Rensselaer, where they boarded the train for Monon, there registered as husband and wife. Later they went to North Judson, San Pierre, Knox, Medaryville, Plaisville, reaching here Monday. When the girl left she was warmly and attractively attired. Now she has but a thin shirt waist, skirt, shoes and stockings. As a result of abuse and exposure she is critically ill. Tuggle has disappeared.

LEASE SOLD.

Pearce Forty Is Taken By Cleveland Parties.

The Hibbing News of Saturday announced that the lease of the Pearce forty had been sold. It said:

"The lease of what is known as the Pearce forty, ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 28, 58-20, was sold yesterday to E. A. Gorger, representing a Cleveland, Ohio firm of ore dealers. The consideration has not yet been made public, but the minimum yearly output is placed at 50,000 tons, with the royalty at 35 cents. The lease was owned by A. M. Chisholm, of this city; M. L. Fay, of Virginia; Capt. J. H. Pearce, of Duluth, and John R. Mitchell, of Winona, who yet own the lease of an adjoining forty and on which explorations will be continued. Mr. Gorger advises the News that it is the intention of his company to go right ahead and develop the property without delay and place it on the list of shippers this season if possible. The property joins the Clark mine on the north and the drill work has shown that it contains an immense body of high grade ore."

Belongs to Peet & Son.

In speaking of the new building that is to be erected near the corner of Third avenue west and Michigan street, the statement has been made that the property belongs to the Mutual Life Insurance company. This is not the case. The property belongs to E. W. Peet & Son, of St. Paul, who have made arrangements to erect the building referred to in a former issue of this paper.

WITHDRAWING MARINES.

Berlin, May 28.—A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette, under date of May 26, says the withdrawal of the German marines to Tsing Tau has begun, and that the German quarter of Pekin has been handed over to the Chinese authorities experimentally for the fortnight.

Successful selling is utterly impossible without shrewd, intelligent buying.

Thursday, Memorial Day, We Close at 12:30.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Special Floral Designs of all kinds at the Flower Dept.

$11.50 ladies' suits for $4.98

TWENTY-FIVE ladies' handsome tailor-made home-spun suits.....formerly selling at $10 and $11.50.....conclude their season's engagement with the Glass Block tomorrow and leave the store at the uniform price of $4.98 per suit---another packed day Wednesday in the cloak department as a result---one of the many features that daily proves to the public that the *ONE* store for *BARGAINS*, real and genuine, is the big Glass Block Store---always cutting prices *boldly* and *fearlessly*---advertising *accurately* and *liberally*---reaping the results of *honesty* and *progressiveness*---this store is scoring triumphs and enjoying patronage and crowds that are the *envy* of all the lesser merchants---there are only twenty-five of these suits, in gray, brown and blue---quality of material is such as is customary to use in our best $12.50 and some of the $15 suits---the styles are *new*---cut according to the accepted fashion plates---jackets silk lined, made in the blouse or Eton styles---skirts elegantly finished and made with the correct flare effect---this is not a sale of discarded *job lots*---nor is it a "*measly*" lot of solled, mussed and picked-over suits that have been hauled from Maine to California in some traveler's trunk ---all new---all fresh---all meeting the very high requirements of style, *fit* and *workmanship* exacted from every suit that ever gets counter room at Panton & White's---when you want to get into a *REAL* sale, where buying is *BRISK* and *INTERESTING*, where goods are *JUST AS REPRESENTED*, where disappointments *NEVER* occur, come *HERE*---to *headquarters*---tomorrow twenty-five of our $11.50 and $10.00 suits for---------- **$4.98**

Bargain counter 1 **Summer corsets.**

Balance of those French Model Corsets that created such a sensation last week...only ten dozen left...selling tomorrow on Bargain counter 1 at---------- **25c**

Muslin Gowns...neatly made...from first-class materials...worth 65c... on sale on Bargain counter 1, at---------- **49c**

Bargain counter 2 **Ladies' Neckw'r**

Everything from the dainty, cool, simple wash tie for shirt waists to the most elaborate ideas in neck dressings---stocks, boas, scarfs, fronts, collars, jabots, etc---all at Glass Block Bargain Counter Prices—

Wash Ties in plain white...white with colored edge...fancy ties with turn over collar...five-cord wash ties...good values for 35c...special, each---------- **19c**

Embroidered turn-over Collars...a new lot ...regular 15c quality...special price for tomorrow---------- **10c**

A large variety of the latest in Pique Collars, Ties, and real Middy Shaped Collars... prices range from 25c to---------- **75c**

*A new lot of Chiffon Plaited Puffs at re*duced prices...excellent goods...prices range from $1.00 up to---------- **$6.00**

Silk Ties....Windsors....Four-in-Hands.... five-cord full length Bows...Bat Wings... regular 35c and 50c goods...each---------- **25c**

Bargain counter 3. **Umbrellas.**

Ladies' and Men's Gloria Umbrellas...steel rods....congo handles...fast black....50c umbrellas for---------- **39c**

Ladies' and Men's Umbrellas...mercerized corola covers..steel rods...paragon frames...natural, dresden, princess and metal handles...extra special at---------- **95c**

Ladies' and Men's Gloria Silk Umbrellas ...26 and 28-inch...handsomely mounted ...steel rods...large variety of handles--- **$1.50**

Ladies' all silk serge Umbrellas...in high colors...26-inch princess handles, elegantly designed and finished...equal to any shown elsewhere at $4.25---------- **$3.25**

Bargain counter 4. **Wash goods.**

Zephyr Ginghams...10c quality---------- **7c**

Dresden Jaconets...all the newest spring and summer styles and colors of this winsome French weave...special, per yard---------- **9c**

Memorial Day Bunting...largest assortment...per yard---------- **5c**

Special discount by the bolt.

CONTENTS OF

FASHIONS

For June, 1901.

	Page
Frontispiece	1
Editorial Comment...Augusta Prescott	2
"Something Worth Reading"	3
"An Early Step" ... Harriet Prescott Spofford	4
"Novelties in Evening Dress"	4
"The Mosquito and His Bite"	5
"Simple Remedies for Everyday Accidents"	5
"New York Fashions" ... Helen Grey-Page	6
"Paris Fashions" ... Annette Rierdon Reed	7
"A Friend in Need" ... Margaret Pulling	8
"Light Gymnastics for the Girls"	8
"Advice By Well-Known Singers"	9
"Queer Facts About Colors"	9
"A Stormy Wooing"	10
"The Value of Honey"	10
"The Latest Modes in Hats, Coats, Gowns and Parasols"	10, 11
"Midnight Suppers"	12
"Women Herb Doctors of the South"	12
"The Home Garden in June" ... Mabel F. Scofield	13
"The Children's Corner"	14
"In My Lady's Boudoir"	15
"The Housekeeper"	16, 17
"Between Editor and Reader"	18
"The Small Things of Dress"	19

Fashions can only be secured at The Glass Block.

CALL AND ASK FOR A COPY.

PREMATURELY OLD.

How Many Old People Are There in This City?

Nine-tenths of them are older than they need be, due to lack of timely care.

Nature cries out for assistance. Why don't you heed the call?

Do something for your body to revive and preserve it. Neglected machinery soon rusts and is worn out for the want of a little oil now and then.

Impoverished blood, worn-out nerves and their consequences make you prematurely old.

Youth is a Priceless Jewel.

No one wants to grow old.

Get a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic and note the change it will work for you within a very short time. It is a combination of Grapes, Fruit and health-giving Herbs. It is the only remedy of the kind known. It will reduce age more closely to a level with youth. It nourishes and builds up the worn-out tissues, brings health and glow to your body, revives, rejuvenates and works wonders for those who use it.

Recommended for men, women and children.

Absolutely harmless, yet all powerful and necessary to every system.

We implore you to test its wonderful curative powers.

You get a large bottle for 50c, almost as large as the $1.00 size of other remedies. One bottle is sufficient for the test. Every dose is worth a dollar to your health.

Yours truly,

YOUR DRUGGIST.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer relieves the body of all aches and pains. Rub it on or drink it. 25c.

IRON ORE AT ANOKA.

Options Are Reported Taken on Two Farms.

Anoka, Minn., May 28.—It is reported on good authority that Patrick Manley, of Coon Creek, has given an option on his farm of 180 acres for $75,000, and that George McNally, of the same place, has given an option on his farm for $32,000. The options are given to a mining company of the Mesaba range district and run for a term of one year, and in the meantime the land will be thoroughly prospected.

Ore was found there recently that assayed 90 per cent pure iron, and assayists who have been on the ground say that the land adjoining, and in fact all the land in that vicinity, show traces of iron and other minerals even on the surface.

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 28.—Light to heavy rains fell over Atlantic states, Tennessee, the Middle Mississippi and Ohio valleys, eastern lake region, Montana, Washington and Alberta. The barometer is high over Western Ontario and low over Alberta and off the Massachusetts coast. Warmer weather prevails in Southern states and the Northwest. The winds in the lake region continue fresh northeasterly, with rain falling over the southern portion of Lake Huron and over Lake Erie, with fair weather elsewhere.

Maximum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	74	Memphis	72
Battleford	88	Miles City	94
Bismarck	88	Milwaukee	68
Boston	52	Minnedosa	80
Buffalo	56	Modena	72
Calgary	82	Montgomery	72
Charleston	74	Moorhead	84
Chicago	54	New Orleans	76
Cincinnati	58	New York	60
Davenport	72	North Platte	78
Denver	78	Oklahoma	78
Detroit	62	Omaha	80
Dodge City	78	Pittsburg	58
Duluth	60	Port Arthur	70
Edmonton	82	Portland	64
El Paso	86	Prince Albert	86
Escanaba	68	Qu'Appelle	88
Galveston	74	Rapid City	80
Green Bay	66	San Francisco	60
Havre	88	Santa Fe	72
Helena	80	Shreveport	74
Houghton	66	Spokane	86
Huron	84	St. Louis	66
Jacksonville	74	St. Paul	68
Kamloops	80	Sault Ste. Marie	68
Kansas City	80	Swift Current	88
Knoxville	54	Washington	62
La Crosse	80	Williston	92
Los Angeles	68	Winnemucca	72
Marquette	70	Winnipeg	86

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 28.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota—Fair tonight and probably Wednesday. Upper lakes—North to northeast winds brisk over Michigan and Huron; generally fair except showers over Huron and possibly Southern Michigan tonight or Wednesday.

Surprises For Andrew Carnegie.

The amount of adverse criticism of Andrew Carnegie's proposed gift to Scotch universities must have staggered the worthy steel magnate. His proposal is at present all up in the air, and while in all probability it will not be withdrawn, radical changes will be made in the plans for its use. Mr. Carnegie is finding out in this country that not every city desires the benefits of his philanthropy. Several cities have refused his gifts, the latest being Cumberland, Md., which has declined point blank. He proposed to give $25,000 for a building and several public spirited citizens stood ready to present the land, provided the city would agree to appropriate $2500 a year for its maintenance. This, by a vote of nearly three to one, has been refused, the opposition carrying every ward. It is said that the laboring people objected to the increase of taxation but this seems unaccountable since the sum named would amount to a per capita of only 20 cents a year, a small price for book privileges. The negroes also voted against acceptance because they say they do not get equal rights in the libraries of the South. Mr. Carnegie has in many places been appealed to but has made it a policy not to interfere with local regulations. In many Southern cities the colored people are assigned a reading room in which to use the books but are not allowed to carry them home as are the whites. The motives of Mr. Carnegie are most praiseworthy. He desires to do good to his fellow men and it is to be regretted that there are even a few people who do not appreciate the efforts mare for their benefit.

How to Govern the Orient.

The problem of "Governing the Orient on Western Principles," so urgent just now for the American people, is discussed in the June Forum by Professor Paul S. Reinsch, who contributes toward its solution a thorough but popular investigation of the Oriental temperament and an account of the political experiments of the leading European nations in the management of alien races. He shows the difficulty of imposing upon any conquered country in the East the institutions of the conqueror, and goes so far as to say that any Western nation which would maintain successfully an Oriental empire must, to a certain extent, modify its own domestic institutions to meet the exigencies of Oriental life. He regards the application of progressive methods to the static society of the East as fraught with the greatest danger to the peace of the world. Professor Reinsch says: "We cannot escape the conclusion that our Western ideas of political organization are utterly unadapted to the Orient, and that, when applied, they often lead to the opposite result from that intended. The political complexion of the Orient is a theocratic absolutism combined with local self-government. This absolutism, the expression of divine will and the result of custom, is itself bound by divine law and customary observance. Thus, the ruler of old India had to move within the limits of the Brahman law; in China Confucianism takes the function of government; while the sultan of Turkey must yield to the commands of the Koran as interpreted by the Turkish pope, the sheik of the Islam. Local self-government is protected by this customary law, and so in Oriental countries there is very little interference by the central governments in ordinary affairs. But, should the ruler decide to act in any particular case, his authority is unquestioned, and punishment, death and disgrace are taken at his hand with the same fatalism with which the Oriental suffers disease and misfortune. Indeed, every Oriental ruler looks upon himself, and is regarded by his people, as a direct representative of God. He claims direct relationship with divinity, and he is accorded the deepest personal loyalty by his subjects. While representative institutions cannot build up the feeling of nationality and solidarity, the sentiment of loyalty to an emperor, of personal attachment to a revered master, can be utilized as a unifying principle. It is urged, with great truth, that her religious czardom gives Russia the greatest advantage in dealing with Orientals, and that England, to hold her own, must develop a similar institution. Although it may at first seem amusing to think of Edward VII as a son of heaven and the emblem of all divine virtue, we can readily imagine a Hindoo multitude kneeling before his image and doing worship to 'his imperial highness.'" May be also expect that the pacific Filipinos will bow reverently before the statute of President McKinley and regard him as the representative of heaven?

THE INSULAR DECISIONS.

By a narrow majority, the United States supreme court has decided that the constitution did not ex proprio vigore at once apply to the ceded territories of Porto Rico and the Philippines, placing their people, their products and their ports on an immediate equality with ours and conferring upon them all the rights, privileges and immunities enjoyed by the people, products and ports of the several states—in short, that the constitution dies not follow the flag. It is worthy of note that the strongest members of the court dissented from this view. Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Harlan, Brewer and Peckham declined to endorse this decision and united in a strong dissenting opinion.

The first decision by the court yesterday was in the Delima case, arising over the collection of duty on goods imported from Porto Rico after the island was ceded by Spain and before the passage of the Foraker act by congress. This decision was adverse to the government, the court holding that territory acquired by the United States is a part of the United States and not foreign territory and that such import duties could not be levied. The natural inference was that the court had held that "the constitution follows the flag," but this view was upset by a decision that followed in the Downes case, wherein the government's contention was upheld, the Foraker act being declared constitutional and it being held that congress has full power to control the territories without reference to the limitations of the constitution.

It is announced that the point of the two opinions, considered collectively, is that Porto Rico was never, after the acquisition of that island, foreign territory; that, until congress acted upon the question, no duty could be collected, but that as soon as congress outlined a method of controlling the island's revenues, that action became binding; in other words, that congress has power under the constitution to prescribe the manner of collecting the revenues of this country's insular possessions, and has the right to levy a duty on goods imported into our insular possessions from the United States. The decision holds, in brief, that for taxation purposes they are not a part of the United States to the extent that goods shipped between their ports and the United States are entitled to the same treatment as though they were shipped between New York and New Orleans.

There will be many people who will agree with Justice White that the opinions in the Delima case and the Downes case are curiously inconsistent. In the former case the court held that before the Foraker act Porto Rico was a part of the United States, and in the latter case it held that after the enactment of the Foraker law Porto Rico ceased to be a part of the United States and congress had power to impose a tariff duty on goods coming from Porto Rico.

However, this is the decision of the highest court in the land and it must be accepted with due respect, although there must be regret that the court was so evenly divided in opinion. The effect is to sustain the so-called insular policy of the McKinley administration and uphold the scheme of colonialism and imperialism.

RAPID TRANSIT.

Reference was made by The Herald yesterday to the project of constructing an electric line between Liverpool and Manchester, England, over which cars will run at a speed of 110 miles an hour. The distance between the two cities is thirty-three miles, and the trip will be made within twenty minues. This is fast traveling, but it is considered safe as well as feasible. In the Fortnightly Review there are some rapid transit prophecies by H. G. Wells, who wrote about "The Invisible Man" and "The War of the Worlds." The subject of Mr. Well's article is the effect that the development of rapid transit will have on cities. He expresses the opinion that within a century railroad trains will run at an average speed of 100 miles an hour, and cabs and omnibuses at thirty. This is a conservative estimate. Most people of the present generation would not be surprised to see it fulfilled themselves. In Mrs. Wells' opinion this will lead to the expansion of the great cities, and he figures on a population of 20,000,000 each for London, Berlin and St. Petersburg, and of 40,000,000 for New York and Chicago. These people would be distributed over so large an area that the density would be less than it is in the city today.

He gets at the size of the future center of population by straightforward methods. Men cannot afford to spend more than an hour a day in going to their work. So long as most of them were forced to walk, the urban area was limited to a radius of about four miles from the business center. With the introduction of cheap omnibuses and horse cars the radius was extended to eight miles. Waterways afforded an easy means of travel, so cities naturally grew along rivers and lakes. Trolley cars and railways have now increased the radius to about thirty miles. A century hence, with the increased speed and cheapness of conveyance, Mr. Wells predicts the city's radius will become 100 miles, and its area equal to the whole of Ireland. "It is not too much to say," he declares, "that the London citizen of the year 2000 A. D. may have a choice of nearly all England and Wales, south of Nottingham and east of Exeter as his suburb, and that the vast tract of country from Washington to Albany will be all of it available to the active citizen of New York and Philadelphia before that date."

The whole territory, he fancies, will be dotted with homes, each set in its spacious yard. The postoffice will bring everything that a family wants to its door, and the telephone will allow much business to be transacted by persons who need not leave their homes. It might be added that with the extension and cheapening of rapid transit the farmer would be brought into much closer contact with the city than heretofore. He would have many of the advantages of urban life, and would escape most of the evils that now attend it. The developments of the last century have been more remarkable than that predicted by Mr. Wells for the coming 100 years. The fusion of town and country to which he looks forward will be no more wonderful than the unity already brought by the railphone.

BOUNTIES FOR THE NAVY.

The auditor of the navy department at Washington has just received from the court of claims a certified judgment for $181,830 in favor of the officers and crew of the American fleet that defeated the Spanish in Manilla bay on May 1, 1898. All the men who participated in that fight, with the exception of Admiral Dewey, will share in the distribution of the $181,830 and will get their portions just as soon as the clerks in the auditor's office can ascertain the amount due to each. Admiral Dewey got his part of the spoils by a direct and special judgment of the court some months ago, receiving $9570. When it was decided by the court that Admiral Dewey's fleet was superior to that of Admiral Montejo, the bounty obtainable by the Americans for their victory was reduced to $100 for each Spaniard on the enemy's vessels at the time of the fight. It was on this basis that the size of the total bounty was finally fixed. Something like 800 men will divide this money between them, including the officers and crews of the Olympia, Boston, Concord, Baltimore and McCulloch. The size of each man's bounty will be determined according to his grade and rank, the commanders getting the bulk of the money, the awards gradually decreasing in value as the lower grades are reached.

The question of the prize money resulting from both the Manilla bay and Santiago fights is still pending in the courts. The matter has been argued at some length in the United States district court, but as yet no decision has been reached. There are several points that are being fought over, which will mean much to the naval officers, according to the way they are settled. Claims have been put in for the payment of prize money on the various Spanish vessels that were either sunk or captured and which were afterward raised, repaired and put into active service by the government. It is contended that these ships properly come under the heading of prizes and that the captors should get paid for them. In the case of the Manilla fight, bounties were awarded at the rate of $100 per head for the crews of the Spanish gunboats that were rescued and converted to our navy. The argument has been advanced that the government cannot pay a bounty for the ships and consider them as prizes, also. The auditor for the navy department has distributed several hundred thousand dollars in settlement of claims for prize money growing out of captures of vessels seized by the North Atlantic fleet during the Spanish war. There were about forty captures of this kind and decrees have been returned by the prize courts in about twenty of them. The amounts of money decreed by the court have been disbursed among the officers of Sampson's fleet, according to grade and rank.

It is to be hoped that after the awards pertaining to the Spanish war have all been made, the plan of giving bounties to the navy will be done away with. It is a relic of olden days that should have no place in the laws of today. Then, again, it works an injustice to the army. The soldiers work as hard, are in as much danger and receive nothing for their captures. It is a poor, antiquated custom which should be abolished as soon as possible.

The body of as true a hero of the American navy as ever fell on the deck of his ship in fierce warfare, reached New York last week. It was the body of Lieut. Commander Jesse Mims Roper, who sacrificed his life at Cavite while trying to rescue a seaman from death by fire on board the United States gunboat Petrel. How bravely and zealously the dead commander undertook the work of rescue is told by Lieut McLean, who, although on the sick list at the time of the fire on the Petrel, did his best to save the life of the intrepid Roper. No wonder that he was very popular, or that his loss is most sincerely mourned. Heroes such as he are not to be met with every day, even in the American navy.

According to a bulletin of the agricultural department the total cotton production of the twelve Southern southern states in which that staple is cultivated, amounted last year to 9,000,000 bales in round gures. Of this, 1,570,712 bales were worked up in the factories of those states. This shows a remarkable increase in the manufacture of goods and it evidently will not be long before the South will manufacture the most of its own cotton.

The Harvard club of New York is meeting with success in its enterprise of offering to members a three-course dinner at moderate price of 45 cents. The Boston Globe says it should be remembered, however, that many of its members had the advantage of early training at Memorial hall, where they learned not to be extravagant and not to expect too much.

The Des Moines News says: "The people do not care particularly whether the isthmian canal is dug at Panama or through Nicaragua, but they want it dug." Where does the News discover this popular want?

The late Sir Arthur Sullivan of "Patience," "Pinafore" and hymn renown, is likely soon to have a memorial in St. Paul's cathedral, London. Incidentally, American subscriptions are solicited, as a matter of course.

Mayor Tom Johnson of Cleveland is regarded as a very dangerous man by certain interests, because he wants the railroads and other corporations to pay their equal share of the taxes.

The sultan did not lose any time in apologizing to the foreign ambassadors, but he is not quick about settling those little bills.

An Eastern exchange says that several corkscrews were used at the formal opening of the Buffalo exposition.

Some people think Senator Beveridge is a great man, and he has no doubt in regard to it.

Even in benighted Spain the Liberals are said to be much in the lead as a result of the late elections.

CHEERY CHAFF.

Detroit Free Press: Clara—It seems so strange to be in love.

Maud—Why, haven't you ever experienced that feeling?

"Oh, yes, but not for several weeks."

Richmond Dispatch: "So your son has returned from college, has he?"

"Yes."

"Did he get his degree?"

"Yes, he got about fifteen degrees below the graduating requirements."

Detroit Journal: "He was threatened at one time, as I understand the case, with a complication of disorders."

"Good land! What saved him?"

"Professional courtesy, they say."

Baltimore World: Higgins—I thought you said you did not understand Russian? I saw you talking to that Russian peddler.

Wiggins—I wasn't talking. I was merely sneezing and he answered me.

Chicago Record-Herald: "Harold, how do you like my new foliage hat?"

"Harriet, you must hear the truth; you look like a plant-stand."

Judge: Crawford—He is trying to get up a health food that is palatable.

Crabshaw—That's ridiculous. The medical profession would never agree that anything palatable was wholesome.

Puck: She—Goodness! They say the dry goods stores are going to combine!

He—Don't worry. They can't expect to do any dry goods business unless they continue to sell everything below cost.

Chicago Post: "Why was he dropped from the yacht club? Didn't he know anything about yachting?"

"Oh, he knew all about yachting, but he lacked the requisite liquid capacity to be really companionable on a cruise."

Philadelphia Press: "Talking about college spirit," said the first fair co-ed, "Sophie Moore carries it to the extreme."

"You don't say?" remarked the other.

"Yes, she won't even eat anything but strawberry and vanilla when she's being treated to ice cream, because red and white are the college colors."

The Posters.

She was a maiden, tall and slim,
He was in brown and yellow,
And they met one day on the study wall
(She thought him a charming fellow).
She rustled and cringed, and her eyes upcurled
As he flutter and flared before her,
And as slowly her splendid smile unfurled
He began at once to adore her!

He sadly sighed and he sang like this:
"Oh, beautiful poster lady
Throw me a palpitant Nile green kiss
From your lips so cool and shady!"
She quivered and crooned, and her toes turned in
At his eloquent poster meter,
While a flush came over her spangled skin
And her curly eyes grew sweeter.

She crinkled her chin with a lilting laugh
As she threw him a gilt-edged sample.
A poster kiss is as light as chaff,
But its stamped crepe joys are ample.
And into the study the moonlight came
And wrapped them both in its glory,
And the wall gleamed up with a sudden flame
While he told her the old, old story.

But they did not travel to poster land
With her head on his fluted shoulder,
And a wedding ring on her gold-flecked hand
While his sepia love he told her.
No—they are still hang there where they met last Fall.
When the moonlight first disclosed her.
Just those two on the study wall
And one little spangled poster!
—KATE MASTERSON, in New York Herald.

CONGRESSIONAL TALK.

St. Paul Globe: The reticence with which residents of the Eighth congressional district, especially those who live in the Duluth vicinity, talk of the next nominee for congress, shows that Page Morris is still after the place, providing a new judgeship is not created for him. If Morris fails on the bench proposition, he is in the field for his old place again. For an office-seeker the bench job would be far better, as it would involve no such chances as having to run for re-election every two years does. Realizing this, Morris' friends are striving zealously to provide him with this new crib.

* * *

It is quite impossible to obtain any expression of sentiment from a Morris Duluthian as to the candidacy of Adam Bede. They prefer to talk of other subjects when this one is broached. Adam is building some pretty high fences, it is said, and this is one reason for the intense anxiety on the part of the Morris faction. No one appreciates the fact better than his closest friend, that Page Morris will be a great deal weaker man in the new Eighth district that he was in the old Sixth. Besides this, to be pitted against Bede or a man of his character in a primary election, would be fatal to Page.

The Tyranny of Man.

Baltimore American: Another instance has occurred to show that woman never will get justice while men reserve the reins of government to their own hands. A woman in a New York court was refused a divorce, although she testified that for four years her husband had compelled her to wear old clothes. No female judge would have overlooked such marital brutality.

Justice Limping Slowly.

Philadelphia Record: At last, all processes available for securing delay having been exhausted, the contractors supposed to have been implicated with Capt. Carter in robbing the government at Savannah are to be brought to trial in that city. Carter was found guilty and is undergoing punishment for his crime because of the swifter movement of justice in the military courts. If injustice has been done, as Capt. Carter claims, the trial of his supposed accomplices will no doubt bring out the fact and furnish the means of repair.

Rescued From Oblivion.

Baltimore World: The Buffalo exposition has already accomplished one great end. Through it the people have been reminded that Mr. Roosevelt is still in existence.

Entitled to the Degree.

New York World: But for his anti-college prejudice President Schwab's $35,000 palace car fould entitle him to a degree as a bachelor of luxuries.

WE SHINE SHOES FOR 5 CENTS.

Shoes for Decoration Day

We save you 50c to $1.00 on every pair of shoes you buy here. Styles the very latest—qualities the best. Special low prices for tomorrow:

Child's and Misses' $1.25 Strap Slippers—made in red, black and tan, patent leather, sizes 8½ to 2. Special sale price ---------- 98c

Child's $1.00 Strap Slippers, tan, red and black, vici or patent leathers, sizes 5 to 8. Special sale price ---------- 85c

Children's tan, red or black vici shoes—all the latest styles at prices that are sure to please.

Ladies' $1.50 vici kid Oxfords, new styles. Special sale price ---------- $1.25

Ladies' $1.25 House Slippers—opera or common sense, one strap. Special sale price tomorrow ---------- 98c

Ladies' $1.00 3-point House Slippers. Special sale price ---------- 59c

100 pairs Boys' and Youths' $1.25 tan bicycle shoes. Special sale price ---------- 98c

Boys' and Youths' tennis and outing shoes and slippers at 50c and ---------- 75c

The Famous Shoe Store

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DAILY STORY.

The Sonata Pathetique.

BY CURREN R. GREENLEY.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

Ralph Hendrick thankfully closed the door upon the windy, rain-washed streets. The glowing fire had an almost human welcome, and, with a luxurious sigh of content, he settled down to pipe and book.

A pile of letters on the table caught his eye, as he stretched out lazily. "Mestaver & Son." "Took their time about that deal." "Carter & Co." "That's settled," and so on, down to a small envelope "suspiciously feminine." "Mr. and Mrs. Charles Blakewell, Music." "Now I am in for it." He laid the card down with a groan of comic despair. "This comes of making rash promises. And tomorrow night, Well? I have survived them before."

Behold, some twenty-four hours later Mr. Ralph Hendrick, duly tricked out in social sameness, bowing himself down the line of Mrs. Blakewell's regiment.

Pretty Jane Eldredge came to his rescue. "You are going to be terribly bored. Now do not pretend that you are not expecting it. That is what you came for. Find me a seat and I will point out the latest victim. Presently Herr Schonn will play; then we can talk."

Ralph Hendrick followed his lively mentor into a sheltered nook among the window draperies.

"See, there is the latest sensation—Edgeworth Combe. Dear boy, he never owned an idea by himself, but he does own five million. Mamma is high priestess of the Combe cult. That is Bessie Martin, Pretty? Is she?—but she is not a success. That woman in red? It is possible that you do not know the celebrated Mrs. Vun Clausel? It really is your duty to read the papers. Now, please do not ask me. I am not supposed to know. Mr. Hendrick, do you know that man who is talking to Miss Clevedon?"

"Yes; Rob Hayne. What has he been doing?"

"Oh!—er—nothing."

Hendrick turns quickly. To his surprise, the girl's face is flushed.

"Please hold up that fan—there, that will do. Mamma is trying to telegraph me. I want to know what you think of him." Hendrick assumes a distinctly aggrieved air. "Think of him." There it is again. Now will you—along with some other misguided people—insist on appealing to me as a sort of modern edition of the Delphic Oracle? I am not the Ancient Mariner, his sister, his cousin or his aunt and—Jane Eldredge laughs nervously, and lays one white-gloved hand upon his arm. "Tell me," she entreats.

And thereupon he does tell her, in words that carry conviction; for which the unconscious Hayne should be duly thankful.

The herr professor has arrived, and under cover of the friendly music, the surge of small talk rises to full tide.

Hendrick is less in the "Nurne." To the girl at his side, the silence is grateful. For, across the crowd Bob Haynes' eyes meet hers, and—nobody minds Ralph Hendrick—she is conscious that Hayne is making his way to her.

The herr professor pauses, and a wave of expectation ripples through the rooms—then the wailing moan of the "Sonato Pathetique."

At the first note Hendrick leans out and looks eagerly to where the violinist stands, beside Herr Schonn. The tall, black robed figure is strangely familiar—finally, too, that pose, as she lays her cheek against the dark wood of the instrument, and the firm white arm flashes out in that sweeping curve.

The crowded rooms grew dim, and in their place a moonlit garden. In far-off Mississippi. That lithe, young figure outlined against a background of white roses, and the music that rose and fell and sobbed itself away among the moss-draped live-oaks that towered above.

Seven years since that night when Almy Varens listened to his half-uttered avowal—listened and answered with the royal gift of her love. That night, with its white witchery, a perfumed glory. And then—the reality that smote across his dreams. He had left her without one word of explanation. In his blind despair he had deemed none possible—and yet, thank God! it was no crime, only poverty and poverty's pitiful, that barred him from Gen. Varens' daughter.

He saw his mistake—had realized it years ago, but felt his silence unpardonable until—until that violin spoke across the years.

Almy never raised her head, but played on, with a nerve that went beyond her audience. The little professor lifted his eyebrows with an expressive shrug. "Ach, Gott! Pearls to the swine, Fraulein, you haf der soul, but dese—" and he swept the rooms with comprehensive glance. At the final bar, as her bow trembled down the crescendo she raised her eyes to meet Ralph Hendrick's intent gaze. The lights, the murmured applause, the enthusiasm, the little German, melted into a blur, from which the one face stood out distinct.

She laid the violin down, mechanically closing the case, conscious the while that he was coming nearer.

She made no reply, but yielded passively as he drew her hand through his arm and led her out through the flowers to the little balcony, where they were alone with the starlit night—the city below them, far, dim and unreal—as Hendrick pleaded the old story with a voice that broke uncertainly as the girl's silence chilled him into doubt. He had ceased, and stood with bowed head awaiting her answer. Inside the hum of voices came to them, as some echo from another world. To both the years had rolled back, and the heat, beat of the gulf surf seemed to throb through the haunted night, even to the heavy sweetness of the jasmine hedges that walled them in that lost dream garden at Haulboys.

"Peace and good-will to men. The chimes rang from the tall spire that loomed above them. "Good will to men." Almy turned and laid her hand in his. "Until death do us part," she said. The solemn words that bound them to a new day's dream.

Impertinence at West Point.

Kansas City Star: The students of West Point are scoring Superintendent Mills because he does not tolerate "bracing," "rat funerals" and other light forms of hazing, as he led them to understand he would at the time of the congressional investigation. It is about time that the students of this institution were made to understand that they must conduct themselves as gentlemen or suffer dishonorable dismissal. Hazing is a low, vulgar practice, and is an offense which is accentuated by the impertinence of attempting to defend it.

Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

PROMINENT real estate men will answer this question in The Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what C. H. GRAVES has to say about it next Saturday.

THE WELLS.

I.

Hear the gushing of the wells,
Oily wells;
What a world of dizzy riches their sputtering foretells!
How it oozes, oozes, oozes,
In the daytime, in the night,
While the speculator chooses,
And the speculator boozes,
In maniacal delight;
Keeping tab, tab, tab,
On the grab, grab, grab—
Hear the tintinabulation that so musically swells
From the wells, wells, wells, wells,
Wells, wells, wells,
Hear the splutter and the mutter of the wells.

II.

Hear the music of the wells,
Gushy wells;
What a world of easy comfort the harmony foretells!
Through the balmy air it shoots,
Through the gusher, how it scoots!
From the oily, oily stream
As it flows,
What a dainty, daisy dream
For the dreamer as he dreams of his theme!
How it glows!
What a rush and a gush voluptuously swells!
How it dwells!
How it tells
Of the future and compels
Adoration of the wells—
Oh, the whirling and the swirling
Of the wells, wells, wells,
From the wells, wells, wells, wells,
Wells, wells, wells,
Oh the mutter and the splutter of the wells!

III.

Hear the sighing of the wells,
Empty wells;
What a tale of rifled wallets their turbulency tells!
What a world of vain regretting their money spells!
They recall the fearful fight
By the groaning in the night
But their only squeak, squeak,
They are played out in the leak—
They are dry.
In a clamorous appealing to the avaricious gang,
How they sought, to stay the havoc of the merciless shebang,
Getting dryer, dryer, dryer,
Burning up with hot desire!
But in spite of their endeavor
They will now remain forever
Just empty, sighing holes in the ground.
Oh, the wells, wells, wells,
What a tale their dryness tells
Of despair.
How they hushed forevermore!
What a story they outpour
On the palpitating bosom of the air;
Yet the man he fully knew
By the slipping,
And the dripping,
How the fortunes quickly flew,
And he now distinctly tells
In the rushing,
And the gushing,
How the danger often swells
By the sinking and the boring of the oily, oily wells,
Musty wells, crusty wells,
Wells, wells, wells,
Oh the melancholy splutter
And the melancholy mutter
Of the wells, wells, wells!
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

How About the Midway.

Buffalo Express: It has come to pass that at great expositions the exhibits—the things for which the whole is in theory planned—are least thought of by the crowds. Are we drifting towards a form of exposition in which the exhibits will be left out? The thing is conceivable.

Robust Trade Figures.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: In these days the exports of the United States are almost double the imports. For the fiscal year, which ends with next month, the exports will foot up $1,360,000,000 and the imports $850,000,000. The balance of trade is one of the greatest instances of expansion the world has seen.

Winter as an Ally.

Chicago Chronicle: The British, having wasted the two little African republics with fire and sword without dissipating their armies or breaking their spirit, now express the hope that the cold of the coming winter will freeze them to death. A valiant, or magnanimous people, outnumbering their foes ten or twenty to one, would blush to express such a hope.

Hasn't a Sweet Tooth.

Baltimore Star: Senator Carmack accurately describes the situation when he intimates that the South does not appreciate political taffy at the hands of Hon. Mark Hanna & Co.

Easy Acquisition.

New York World: President Loubet praised Mr. Morgan's fluent French. Mr. Morgan never did have any difficulty in acquiring things. Foreign languages should be easy for him.

A LITTLE FABLE FOR WIVES

Dorothy Dix in the New York Journal: Once upon a time there was a handsome and Prosperous Bear who had Married in his early Youth. His Wife was a most estimable Creature, but she did not know her Business. She thought when you Caught a Husband you had Got him for Keeps, and did not understand that Fascinating anything Masculine is like Washing your Face. It has to be done over Fresh every Morning.

Because she was Married and a Mother, Mrs. Bear ceased to care for her Looks. She wore an old Fur Coat that was Motheaten and Mangy, and her Conversation was all of the Sterilized Milk Bread. Mr. Bear approved of this Course, and said a Mother's place was with her Babies. Personally, though, he did not enjoy the odor of Soothing Syrup and Paregoric, so he got Gay, and became a Charter Member of the Married Flirts. He went out every night, and after the Theater bought Bottles and Birds for the Chorus, who devoured them Greedily and called Him a Good Thing.

In society he cultivated an air of languishing sorrow, and when He met a young and beautiful Female Animal he told Her his Troubles.

"My Life," he said, "is Blighted by an Uncongenial Marriage. My Wife does not Understand Me. She cares for nothing but Bread and Butter, while I am All Soul. You are the First Woman I have Ever Met finely Attuned enough to respond to my Heart Throbs. Ah, what a Dream existence would have been if we had only Met in Time!"

He had also a beautiful System of Platonic Friendship, which made it Perfectly Proper for Other People's Husbands and Wives to Love Each Other if they were Affinities, and it was only after Several Married ladies, to whom he explained it, had gotten Severely Hurned that they Suspected they Had been Playing with Fire.

Female Animals the world over feel that they have a government Contract to Console Masculine sorrows, and they sympathized greatly with the Bear in his Domestic Misfortunes. A Number of Debutantes Made Porous Plasters of themselves trying to Bind up the Wounds in His Heart, but Nobody Pitied Poor, forsaken Mrs. Bear, sitting alone at home with the little Cubs.

At length she could bear her Plight no longer, and she Hied to the Owl, who was her Family Lawyer.

"I have been a Good Wife," she said, "I have stayed at Home and kept House, and taken care of my Children, and Prepared Mr. Bear's favorite Dishes myself, and he repays my Devotion by Neglect and Desertion; but I will endure it No Longer. I will go back to my Mother."

"Divorces," replied the Owl, "are generally Messy and Vulgar. Besides, it is hard to collect Alimony. Your mistake was in making a Doormat of yourself, instead of a Parlor Ornament. Go home and retrieve Your Error. If your Husband likes pretty clothes, outdress your Rival. If he likes Flattery, give it to him in Doses that will make that of all Other Females seem like Homeopathic Pills. If He enjoys Flirtations, lead him a Dance instead of Throwing Yourself at His Feet. Many Wives Cease to be Kissed because they are No Longer Kissable. Farewell."

Mrs. Bear Dried her Tears and did as she was bidden, and in the End Mr. Bear was Invigled into a Flirtation with his own Wife, and Ceased to Wander from His Own Fireside, and They Lived Happily ever after.

Moral: This Fable Teaches that if a Wife Doesn't want to Get Left She must Keep in the Running.

Can We Lose Ragtime.

New York Sun: The safe rule is to like what you please, and if you like ragtime music or unmusic like it, bid those who would interfere with you go hang. It is better to be tolerant than to be learned. But ragtime strains are delightful all the same. We doubt if the man who haughtily turns his ears upon them can really appreciate either Bach or Handel.

A Decided Departure.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Occasionally some prominent member of the present administration has the audacity to talk about the sacredness of the Monroe doctrine. Our attitude toward the Philippine islands has been a standing invitation to every European power to come over and "play horse" with the Monroe doctrine. We have departed from the doctrine which was part of the historic creed of the republic, that it was our duty to attend to the Western hemisphere, and attend to it well, and to that end keep out of embroilments on the other side of the globe.

Timely Reinforcements.

Portland Oregonian: It is fortunate that the government is withdrawing troops from the Philippines. They are badly needed at West Point.

How Do They Explain It?

Boston Globe: Is the continued heavy emigration from Porto Rico to Hawaii construed by Mr. McKinley and his entourage as a compliment to "the blessings of American sovereignty," or what?

The Latest Brand.

Atlanta Journal: We had had almost every other kind except the "McKinley Democrat," and now we've got that.

WHAT CAUSES DEAFNESS.

The Principal Cause is Curable but Generally Overlooked.

Many things may cause deafness, and very often it is difficult to trace a cause. Some people inherit deafness. Acute diseases like scarlet fever sometimes cause deafness. But by far the most common cause of loss of hearing is catarrh of the head and throat.

A prominent specialist on ear troubles gives as his opinion that nine out of ten cases of deafness is traced to throat trouble; this is probably overstated but it is certainly true that more than half of all cases of poor hearing were caused by catarrh.

The catarrhal secretion in the lungs and throat finds its way into the Eustachian tube and by clogging it up very soon affects the hearing and the hardening of the secretion makes the loss of hearing permanent, unless the catarrh which caused the trouble is cured.

Those who are hard of hearing may think this a little far fetched, but any one at all observant must have noticed how a hard cold in the head will affect the hearing and that catarrh if long neglected will certainly impair the sense of hearing and ultimately cause deafness.

If the nose and throat are kept clear and free from the unhealthy secretions of catarrh, the hearing will at once greatly improve and anyone suffering from deafness and catarrh can satisfy themselves on this point by using a fifty cent box of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a new catarrh cure, which in the past year has won the approval of thousands of catarrh sufferers as well as physicians, because it is in convenient form to use, contains no cocaine or opiate and is as safe and pleasant for children as for their elders.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is a wholesome combination of Blood root, Guaiacol, Eucaluptol and similar antiseptics and they cure catarrh and catarrhal deafness by action upon the blood and mucous membrane of the nose and throat.

As one physician aptly expresses it; "You do not have to draw upon the imagination to discover whether you are getting benefit from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets; improvement and relief are apparent from the first tablet taken.

All druggists sell and recommend them. They cost but fifty cents for full sized package and any catarrh sufferer who has wasted time and money on sprays, salves and powders will appreciate to the full the merit of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

LAUNCHING NEW MAINE

On Memorial Day the New Battleship Will Be Launched.

Much More Powerful War Machine Than Her Predecessor.

Cannot Be Finished Before the End of Next Year.

Philadelphia, May 28.—The new United States battleship Maine will be launched next Thursday, Memorial day.

It is now three years and more since the tragedy in Havana harbor, and since then the survivors have been scattered to all quarters of the globe. But so far as it can be found practicable the navy department will arrange to have all who are still in the service present at the ceremony. Invitations will be issued to the families of those who were lost with the Maine, and to the families of the survivors. Capt. Charles D. Sigsbee, who commanded the Maine at the time of her destruction, has applied for the command of the new Maine, and it is more than likely that the request will be granted.

Of the twenty-five officers who were attached to the Maine at the time of her destruction four are dead, two losing their lives in that tragedy. Capt. Sigsbee, who was given command of the St. Paul when the war broke out, is now chief of the naval intelligence office in Washington. His most efficient first lieutenant of the Maine, Lieut. Commander Richard Wainwright, he who commanded the Gloucester in that bloody reprisal off Santiago, is now superintendent of the naval academy at Annapolis.

Also stationed at the academy as instructor to cadets is Lieut. John Hood, another of the Maine's old officers. Still another survivor, Lieut. C. W. Jungen, whose work during the war as commander of the Wompatuck elicited warm praise from the navy department, is now attached to the battleship Kearsarge. Chaplain John P. Chadwick, whose name is revered by all, is now chaplain of the cruiser New York, flagship of the Asiatic station. Among other survivors who are now serving on ships cruising in the far off waters are Lieut. G. F. W. Holman, Ensigns Bronson and Boyd, Paymaster Charles M. Ray, Lieut. Commander F. C. Bowers and Lieuts. Washington and Crenshaw.

Capt. of Marines A. W. Catlin is now stationed at Port Royal, S. C. Surgeon Heneberger is doing duty in the naval laboratory in Brooklyn. Ensign W. Haldan is attached to the cruiser Buffalo, which recently arrived from Manilla; Ensign Cluverius is at the naval academy. Boatswain Larkin is on the battleship Kentucky, Gunner Hill is stationed in San Francisco and Carpenter Helms at Thurlow, Pa. Lieut. George P. Blow recently resigned from the service.

Between the new Maine and the old are few points of resemblance. The first was rated as a second-class battleship with a displacement of only 6682 tons. Her namesake is nearly twice as large, displacement 12,300 tons at normal draught.

The principal dimensions of the new battleship are: Length between perpendiculars, 388 feet; length over all, 393 feet 10½ inches; extreme breadth, 72 feet; mean draught, 23 feet 6 inches displacement at normal draught, 12,500 tons; estimated displacement at full load draught, 13,500 tons. As to type, the new vessel is to be an improved Alabama, two knots faster than that fine battleship, equipped with a more powerful armament and hedged about with a greater area of armor protection.

In the contract it is stipulated that she must on her official trial maintain a speed of eighteen knots for four consecutive hours.

The armament designed for the vessel is a very powerful one. It will consist of four 12-inch breech loading rifles mounted in pairs in two elliptical balanced turrets, one forward and one aft. In addition there will be sixteen 6-inch rapid fire guns mounted in broadside, six 14-pounders, eight 3-pounders, six 1-pounders, two Colt automatic and two 3-inch rapid fire field guns. In the Maine the 14-pounder type of rapid fire gun will be installed for the first time on an American battleship. There are two submerged torpedo tubes on the ship, the Maine class being also the first in which these tubes have been placed below the water line.

Krupp armor is to be used throughout. The armor belt, which is to be eleven inches thick at the top, tapering to seven and a half inches at the bottom, extends to within sixty feet of the stern, shielding the ships three and a half feet above the water line and four feet below it. The casement armor is to be six inches thick; the barbette armor twelve inches in front, tapering to eight inches in the rear. The protective deck will be two and a half inches thick, while aft, where there is no belt armor protection, it is thickened, being four inches on the slope and three on the flat.

The forward conning tower will have 10-inch armor and the signal tower 6-inch armor. Leading from the conning tower to the protective deck is a steel tube intended to protect the voice tubes and telegraphs extending from the commanding officer's station to the stations below. This tube is twelve inches in diameter inside and is protected by a steel covering seven inches thick.

The engines are of the twin screw, triple expansion inverted vertical type. The twenty-four Niclausse boilers are expected to give 16,000 horse power. The vessel will have a bunker capacity of 2000 tons. This, at an 8-knot speed, will give her a steaming radius almost sufficient for two round trips from New York to Liverpool.

In the matter of wood fittings the new battleship will be remarkable for what it does not contain. If it furnished no other lesson, the Spanish war proved that wood has no place on a ship of war and the very little that has been used in the Maine's construction is made thoroughly fireproof. It will be remembered that by a wise precaution all of the woodwork of our navy ships was ruthlessly ripped out and sent ashore or thrown overboard when the order came to prepare for hostilities. In our case subsequent events proved that no great good resulted from this precaution, as the Spaniards, to use an expression of "Fighting Bob" Evans, "didn't hit a damn thing but the water." But the more deadly aim of our gunners and the quick destruction, mainly by fire, of the enemy's ships showed how wise had been the prudition of removing display steel was largely used. Our own navy department, however, did not find it advisable to adopt this idea, and all the boats of the Maine will be of wood, as has been the custom in the past. There will be one 40-foot steam cutter, one 36-foot steam cutter, four 30-foot sailing cutters, one 26-foot gig, one sailing launch, two 30-foot whaleboats, two 20-foot dingies, one 16-foot dingy, a captain's gig, an admiral's barge and several 18-foot balsas.

Congress authorized the construction of the Maine May 4, 1898, and the keel was laid Feb. 15, 1899, the anniversary of the destruction of the first battleship Maine in Havana harbor. The probable time of completion is late in 1902.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Interesting booklet sealed, free. Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions in plain sealed letter. MARVEL CO., Room 1130 Times Bldg., New York.

Notice

To all persons, that after this date, Alfred Rix has severed his connections with the firm of Lindsay, Bartholomew & Rix. We, the undersigned, will not assume the responsibility of his representations.

DAN LINDSAY,
J. L. BARTHOLOMEW.

Horseshoer's

Board of examiners will hold a session at E. L. Toomey's shop, No. 114 Second avenue west, June 29.

E. L. TOOMEY,
President State Board of Examiners.

Reserved Seats

For May festival at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

Your Eyes?

Do they trouble you? Remember, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Don't delay! Attend to them at once.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE.

GEIST & ERD,

Jewelers and Opticians,

121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE DECISION IN THE DOWNES CASE

Supreme Court Holds That Constitution Did Not of Its Own Force at Once Apply to Ceded Territories.

Washington, May 28.—The most far-reaching decision delivered by the supreme court yesterday in the insular cases was that in what is known as the Downes case, as it affects our future relations. The court stood 5 to 4 on this decision, those dissenting being Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Harlan, Brewer and Peckham. The decision sustains to the fullest extent the so-called insular policy of the administration.

The opinion was written by Justice Brown, who outlined the distinction between the Downes case and the Delima case which had just been decided. The opinion said:

"In the case of Delima vs. Bidwell we hold that upon the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain Porto Rico ceased to be a foreign country and that duties were no longer collectable upon merchandise brought from that island. We are not asked to hold that it became a part of the United States in that provision of the constitution which declares that 'all duties, imports and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.' If Porto Rico be a part of the United States, the Foraker act imposing duties upon its products is unconstitutional, not only by reason of a violation of the uniformity clause, but because by section 9 'vessels bound to or from one state cannot be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.'

"The case also involves the broader question whether the revenue clauses of the constitution extend of their own force to our newly acquired territories. The constitution itself does not answer the question. Its solution must be found in the nature of the government created by that instrument in the opinion of its contemporaries, in the practical construction put upon it by congress and in the decisions of this court."

Justice Brown then entered upon a review of the formation of the government and the constitutional provision requiring that "duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States," saying that is explained by subsequent provisions of the constitution and "no tax or duty shall be laid upon articles exported from any state" and "no preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another, nor shall vessels bound to or from one state be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another."

"In short," he concluded on that point, "the constitution deals with states, their people and their representatives."

The acquisition of territory and the formation of territories was discussed and many authorities quoted. As a result of these citations Justice Brown laid down the following general conclusions:

"Eliminating, then, from the opinions of the court all questions unnecessary to the disposition of the present case and gleaning therefrom the exact point decided in each, the following propositions may be considered as established:

"1—That the District of Columbia and the territories are not states, within the judicial clause of the constitution giving jurisdiction to courts of different states.

"2—That territories are not states within the meaning of revised statutes, section 709, permitting writs of error from this court in case where the validity of a state's statute is drawn in question.

"3—That the District of Columbia and the territories are states, as that word is used in treaties with foreign powers with respect to the ownership, disposition and inheritance of property.

"4—That the territories are not within the clause of the constitution providing for the creation of a supreme court and such inferior courts as congress may see fit to establish.

"5—That the constitution does not apply to foreign countries or to trials therein conducted and that congress may lawfully provide for such trials before insular tribunals, without the intervention of a grand or petit jury.

"6—That where the constitution has been once formally extended by congress to territories neither congress nor the territorial legislature can enact laws inconsistent therewith."

In his opinion Justice Brown referred at length to the decision of Chief Justice Taney in the Dred-Scott case, giving special consideration to the sentiment expressed by him that "There is no power given by the constitution to the federal government to establish or maintain colonies bordering on the United States or at a distance to be ruled and governed at its own pleasure, and if a new state is admitted it needs no further legislation by congress, because the constitution itself defines the relative rights and powers and duties of the state and the citizens of the state, and the federal government. But no power is given to acquire a territory to be held and governed permanently in that character."

Justice Brown expressed the opinion that it was unfortunate in view of the excited condition of the country at the time the Dred-Scott decision was rendered, just before the civil war, that the chief justice felt called upon to discuss the case on its merits.

"It is," he says, "sufficient to say that the country did not acquiesce in the opinion and the civil war which shortly afterwards followed produced such changes in judicial as well as political sentiment as to seriously impair the authority of this case."

He added: "The power to prohibit slavery in the territories is so different from the power to impose duties upon territorial products and depends upon such different provisions of the constitution that they can scarcely be considered as analogous unless we assume broadly that every clause of the constitution attaches to the territories as well as to the states—a claim quite inconsistent with the position of the court in the Canter case. The difficulty with the Dred-Scot case was that the court refused to make a distinction between property in general and a wholly exceptional class of property."

Taking up the case in hand, the justice continued his opinion, saying: "The practical interpretation put by congress upon the constitution has been long continued and unifor to the effect that the constitution is applicable to territories acquired by purchase or conquest only when and so far as congress shall so direct. Notwithstanding its duty to 'guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government,' congress did not hesitate in the original organization of the territories of Louisiana, Florida, the Northwest territory and its subdivision of Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin, and still more recently in the case of Alaska, to establish a form of government bearing a much greater analogy to a British crown colony than a republican state of America, and to vest the legislative power either in a government and council or a governor and judges, to be appointed by the president.

"We are also of opinion that power to acquire territory by treaty implies not only the power to govern such territory, but to prescribe upon what terms the United States will receive its inhabitants and what their status shall be in what Chief Justice Marshall termed the 'American Empire.' There seems to be no middle ground between this position and the doctrine that if their inhabitants do not become, immediately upon annexation, citizens of the United States, their children thereafter born, whether savages or civilized, are such and entitled to all the rights, privileges and immunities of citizens. If such be their status, the consequence will be extremely serious. Indeed, it is doubtful if congress would ever assent to annexation of territory upon the condition that its inhabitants, however foreign they may be to our habits, traditions and methods of life, shall become at once citizens of the United States. In all its treaties, hitherto, the treaty-making power has made special provisions for this subject.

"Grave apprehensions of danger are felt by many eminent men—a fear lest an unrestricted possession of power on the part of congress may lead to unjust and oppressive legislation, in which the natural rights of territories, or their inhabitants, may be engulfed in a centralized despotism. These fears, however, find no justification in the action of congress in the past century, nor in the conduct of the British parliament toward its outlying possessions, since the American revolution."

Further along Justice Brown remarked: "Whatever may be finally decided by the American people as to the status of these islands and their inhabitants—whether they shall enter into the sisterhood of states or be permitted to form independent governments—it does not follow that in the meantime, awaiting that decision, the people are in the matter of personal rights unprotected by the provision of our constitution and subject to the mere arbitrary control of congress. Even if regarded as aliens, they are entitled under the principles of the constitution to be protected in life, liberty and property.

"Large powers must necessarily be entrusted to congress in dealing with these problems, and we are bound to assume that they will be judiciously exercised. That these powers may be abused is possible. But the same may be said of its powers under the constitution as well as outside of it. Human wisdom has never devised a form of government so perfect that it may not be perverted to bad purposes. It is not conclusive to argue against the possession of certain powers from possible abuse of them. It is safe to say that if congress should venture upon legislation dictated by selfish interests, it will receive quick rebuke at the hands of the people. Indeed, it is scarcely possible that congress could do a greater injustice to these islands than would be involved in declaring that it cannot place upon the states taxes and exercises without extending the same to them. Such requirement would bring them at once within our internal revenue system, including stamps, licenses, exercises and all the paraphernalia of that system and applying it to territories which have had no experience of this kind and where it would prove an intolerable burden."

Commenting upon the virtual absence of provision in the constitution for the acquisition of territory, Justice Brown says it can only be accounted for on the ground that the framers of the constitution did not foresee the country's future possibilities in that respect.

"If," he said, "it be once conceded that we are at liberty to acquire foreign territory, a presumption arises that our power with respect to such territories is the same power which other nations have been accustomed to exercise with respect to territories acquired by them. If, in limiting the power which congress was to exercise within the United States, it was also intended to limit it with regard to such territories as the people of the United States should thereafter acquire, such limitations should have been expressed. Instead of that, we find the constitution speaking only to states, except in the territorial clause, which is absolute in its terms and suggestive of no limitations upon the power of congress in dealing with them. The states could only delegate to congress such powers as they themselves possessed, and as they had no power to acquire new territory they had none to delegate in that connection. The logical inference from this is that if congress had power to acquire new territory, which is conceded, that power has not been hampered by the constitutional provisions.

In the last paragraph of his opinion, before announcing the court's opinion, Justice Brown said:

"Patriotic and intelligent men may differ widely as to the desirableness of this or that acquisition, but this is solely a political consideration. We can only consider this aspect of the case so far as to say that no construction of the case had been adopted which would prevent congress from considering each case upon its merits, unless the language of the instrument imperatively demands it. A false step at this time might be fatal to the development of what Chief Justice Marshall called the American empire. Choice in some cases, the natural gravitation of small bodies towards larger ones in others, the result of a successful war in still others, may bring about conditions which might render the annexation of distant possessions desirable. If those possessions are inhabited by alien races, differing from us in religion, customs, laws, methods of taxation and modes of thought, the American government, justice according to Anglo-Saxon principles, may, for a time, be impossible, and the question at once arises whether large concessions ought not to be made for a time, that ultimately our own theories may be carried out and the blessings of a free government, the constitution extended to them. We decline to hold that there is anything in the constitution to forbid such action."

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

$5.75 Round Trip to St. Paul & Minneapolis $5.75.

Via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale every day from May 27 to June 4, inclusive. Good to return up to and including June 15. The Bee line limited, at 1:25 p. m., fastest train to Minneapolis, arriving at 6 p. m. and St. Paul 6:25 p. m. Night express leaves at 11:10. Secure tickets and berths at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

Doctors and Midwives Recommend

"Mother's Friend"

because it is used externally in cases of the delicate situation of expectant mothers. It is a constant relief, robbing childbirth of its terrors. Internal remedies are dangerous. "Mother's Friend" is a blessing in a bottle. There is nothing like it.

"No. I've no pain." "The mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of each, obtained a bottle of 'Mother's Friend' at my drug store before her fourth confinement, and was relieved quickly. All mothers who have used it agree their labor was shorter and less painful." JOHN C. POLHILL, Macon, Ga.

Sent by express paid on receipt of price, $1 per bottle. Book, "Motherhood," mailed free to ladies, containing sensible advice and testimonials.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TRADE MARK. Fifty Cents Per Box. **Palmo Tablets**

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and seed rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, Re-Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous, Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate, Restores small, undeveloped every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand, organs. Imparts vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS

Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

AT CASS LAKE

Sunday's Baseball Game Was a Very Poor Exhibition.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The baseball game played here on Sunday, betwen the Cass Lake and Bemidji teams, was one of the worst exhibitions of the national game ever seen on the local diamond. The Cass Lake players were all decidedly "off" in their work, and the visitors were very little better. There were errors galore, intermixed with some brilliant plays. Berry and Ludwig were the battery for Cass Lake. Berry was hit for a total of twelve safe drives, including one two-bagger. Bemidji used two pitchers and as many catchers during the game, Skogsberg, the first Bemidjite to officiate in the box, being overcome by the heat and forced to retire. The Cass Lake players secured eleven hits off the Bemidji twirlers, including a home run by Ludwig, which was the longest hit ever made on the local grounds. The players on both sides made many errors, the game finally ending in a score of 21 to 15 in favor of the visitors. The next game will be played on Sunday, June 2, when the strong Akeley team will appear here. An excursion will be run from Park Rapids to Cass Lake that day, and it is expected that a large crowd will be here to witness the game. The management of the Cass Lake team will have several new players here for the Akeley game, and the locals will undoubtedly do much better work than in last Sunday's game. The Akeley team has for pitcher Guy Allen, of Melrose, who has the reputation of being one of the best semi-professional twirlers in Northern Minnesota.

For a Summer Trip

You cannot do better than to visit the East. Scenically and historically it is rich in interest, and with the added attraction of the Pan-American exposition, at which you have the privilege of stopping on tourist tickets reading over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway—an ideal vacation may be spent. Our publication, "Lake Shore Tours," a copy of which will be sent on application, contains outline maps of a number of the choicest and most popular trips, with rates. Chautauquans will be interested in the opening of our new and direct line to this famous recreative and educational resort. "Book of Trains" gives full information concerning our very complete passenger service to the East. Address W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 122 Endicott arcade, St. Paul, Minn. F. M. Byron, G. W. A., Chicago.

Over "The North-Western Line."

The "Twilight Limited" daily at 4:30 p. m. for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater.

The "Chicago Fast Mail" daily at 5 p. m. for Eau Claire, Marshfield, Wausau, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Milwaukee and Chicago. Parlor cars, dining cars, Pullman sleepers.

Worth a Thought

This Statement Will Interest Scores of Duluth Readers.

THE FACTS GIVEN BELOW ARE WORTH A PERUSAL BY ALL WHO ARE ANXIOUS ABOUT THEIR PHYSICAL CONDITION OR ARE SIMILARLY SITUATED TO THIS RESIDENT OF DULUTH. IT IS A LOCAL OCCURRENCE AND CAN BE THOROUGHLY INVESTIGATED.

Mrs. E. Jackson, of 23 First avenue east, says: "I had kidney complaint for eight or ten years and during that time endured suffering that I can scarcely describe. I had heavy bearing-down pains through the small of my back and in the kidneys. The least cold or over-exertion always affected me, and for days at a time I have been so bad that I could hardly get around. I could not rest at night and had to brace my back by placing a pillow beneath it. The secretions from the kidneys were highly colored, distressing and annoying. I also suffered from severe throbbing pains through the temples, especially when I first arose in the morning. The least exertion used me up, and I felt generally run down. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store and used them. I never had anything to do me so much good."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 20th day of April, 1901, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Cash Winters was plaintiff, and E. T. Merritt, A. R. Merritt and A. R. Merritt & C. C. Merritt, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of five hundred fourteen and 11-100 ($514.11) dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said County of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor E. T. Merritt had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 10th day of July, 1893, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

North half of southeast quarter (n½ of se¼) and north half of southwest quarter (n½ of sw¼), of section eleven (11), township fifty-eight (58) north, range eighteen (18), west Fourth Principal Meridian, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 20th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By VICTOR A. DASH, Deputy.

PHELPS & McMANNUS,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 23-30-May-7-14-21-28-1901.

ORDER TO HEAR PETITION FOR LICENSE TO SELL LAND OF MINOR.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 14, 1901.

In the matter of the guardianship of Freddie Hoff also known as Frederick N. Hoff, minor:

On reading and filing the petition of Celia Hoff, guardian of said minor, representing among other things, that the said ward, seized of certain real estate in said county and that for the benefit of said ward the same should be sold and praying for license to sell the same; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, from said petition, that for the benefit of said ward said real estate should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be), why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said petition.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 14th day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-14-21-28-1901.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 2nd AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best goods no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

WHEAT IS STRONGER

Dry Weather In Northwest Causes Strength In Price.

Crop Reports From Continental Europe of Bullish Nature.

Some Excitement In May Flax on Duluth Board.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 28.—Dry weather in the Northwest was the cause of an advance in the price of wheat today. The situation has not yet reached the point of alarm for conditions are generally reported as very favorable, almost ideal, except for the need of rain. It is not yet an urgent need but a continued drouth would give rise to much uneasiness. This possibility gave a strengthening tone to the price. The receipts were light, too, being 324,000 bus, against 349,288 bus last year. Brandstreet reported a decrease of 4,080,000 bus in the world's visible. Clearances of wheat and flour were 785,175 bus. Illinois reported the wheat crop as considerably deteriorated. Russian cables also reported the wheat crop there as suffering from dry weather. New York reported 25 loads of wheat worked for export.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 198 cars, against 389 last week and 398 last year. Chicago receipts, 117 cars, 6 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened unchanged at 74¾c, sold up to 74⅞c at 10, then reacted to 74⅜c at 10:27, advanced to 74⅜-½c at 11:20 sold at 74⅜c at 1:10 and closed at 74⅜c, an advance of ⅛c. Chicago advanced ½-⅝c and Minneapolis ⅝c.

Cash sales were light and the July price was paid.

There was considerable excitement in May flax today. The price was bid up by shorts and about 7000 bus was settled at $1.75. Later the price was bid up to $1.79 without any trading. The close was at $1.77, an advance of 2c over yesterday. The new crop futures were also up, September 3c and October 2c. Cash flax was up 1½c and to arrive 7c.

Corn was rather inactive. The May option in Chicago took a little spurt, advancing ⅝c as compared with ¼c for the July option.

Other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77⅝c; to arrive, 77⅝c; May, 77⅝c; September, 72¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 74⅜c; to arrive, 74¾c; May, 74⅝c; September, 71¾c; July, 74¾c. No. 2 northern, 70⅝c. No. 3 spring, 69¾c. Oats, 28½-28c. Rye, 51c. Flax, cash, $1.77; to arrive, $1.71; May, $1.77; September, $1.36; September Northwestern, $1.37; October, $1.33. Corn, 41½c; May, 42c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 35; corn, 3; oats, 1; rye, 4; flax, 6. Receipts—Wheat, 47,771 bus; corn, 556 bus; rye, 10,619 bus; flax, 3660 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 244,117 bus; corn, 118,483 bus; flax, 146,314 bus.

SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars		$0.74½
No. 1 northern, 1 car		74½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars		74¾
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus		74⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars		70⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car		70½
No. 2 northern, 1 car		67¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car		68¾
Flax, 7000 bus, May		1.75

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Was Extremely Dull But Steady.

Chicago, May 28.—Wheat was extremely dull early in the session but steady. Traders were inclined to await the resumption of business at the English markets tomorrow. July opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 73⅝c to 73¾c. On light receipts, the absence of rains in districts that need precipitation, bullish crop reports from continental Europe and the decrease of 913,000 bus in contract stock, July rose to 73⅝@73¾c but quickly reacted to the opening figure. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 198 cars against 389 last week and 398 a year ago. Local receipts, 117 cars, 6 of contract grade.

On covering by shorts frightened by reports of extensive Hessian fly damage the market advanced to 73⅞@74c, where it closed firm and ½@¾c higher.

Despite big receipts the corn market exhibited improvement. July opened from a shade higher to ⅛c higher at 43⅞c to 43⅝@43¾c, fell to 43⅛@43⅜c and then reacted to 43¾c. Local receipts were 1082 cars, 310 of contract grade.

July corn continued firm. From 41c it reacted to 43⅛@43⅜c, but recovered, and closed firm and ¼c higher at 41c.

Oats were firm. The commission house demand was noticeably large. July opened unchanged at 28½@28¾c, sold to 28¾c and reacted to 28½c. Local receipts were 586 cars.

Chicago, May 28.—Close: Wheat, May, 73⅝@74c; July, 73¾@74c. Corn, May, 43¼c; July, 44c. Oats, May, 30¼c; July, 28½@28¾c. Pork, May, $14.62½; July, $14.62½; September, $14.70. Lard, May, $7.87½; July, $8.15; September, $8.17½. Ribs, May, $8.02½; July, $7.80; September, $7.87½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.72; No. 1, $1.72; May, $1.75; September, $1.34; October, $1.31. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 73@76c; No. 3 red, 71½@75c; No. 2 hard winter, 73¾@74¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 73@8c; No. 1 northern spring, 74½@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 73½@76c; No. 3 spring, 70½@75c. Corn, No. 2, 43c; No. 3, 42½@43c. Rye, May, 52½c; July, 51½@52c. Barley, cash, 40@53c. Timothy, September, $3.30. Clover, cash, $9.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 207 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 28.—The tone of the wheat market was strong. While there is not enough bad crop news to induce present holders to stand still and the tendency of crop news is unfavorable, Nebraska is complaining of dry weather while the Northwest is not suffering, yet there has been a deficiency of moisture. In the winter wheat belt there are increasing complaints from scattered sections of the appearance of damage by Hessian fly. As we have before repeatedly called to mind this pest was in evidence over much of the entire winter wheat belt last fall and this makes the general feeling sensitive to any appearance of damage from that cause at this time. So far the weather has been cool and unfavorable for the development of damage but this feature of the crop situation will be closely watched from now on. Bradstreet's makes the world's visible decrease 4,086,000 bus against 3,075,000 bus. We may add our Oregon correspondent wires us today that damage by fly has made its appearance in that quarter. Little hot air.

The corn market is neglected in a speculative way, local receipts are large. The continued cool weather throughout the West is commented but is not so far regarded as important.

The oats market was steady and without material change. Local conditions are largely featureless except that the spot oats in the May options are steadily at a premium.

The provision market was steady to firm. Hog receipts 35,000 against 85,000 and cash demand continues about on a par or a little in excess of last year.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, July wheat, 72½c.
Calls, July wheat, 73½c.
Curb, July wheat, 72¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 28.—Wheat, cash, 74⅝c; July, 74⅝c; September, 71¾c.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 28.—Close: Wheat, May, 81c; July, 79½c. Corn, May, 49⅝c; July, 48¾c.

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	189,050	90,533
Philadelphia	17,667	.....
Baltimore	49,742	36,000
Toledo	7,940	2,960
Detroit	1,702	.....
St. Louis	56,000	77,000
Boston	5,211	116,895
Chicago	91,175	321,880
Milwaukee	48,750	1,470
Minneapolis	83,430	24,410
Kansas City	56,000	53,600
Duluth	47,771	244,117

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	74¼A	72¼	73⅝-½	79-½
High	74¾	72⅝-¾	74	79⅝
Low	74⅜	72¼	73⅝-½	79-¼
Close	74⅜	72⅝-¾	73⅞-74	79½B
September—				
Open	71B	69¾-½B	71	76-¼
High	71¾B	70	71¾	76⅞
Low	71B	69¾-¼	70⅞	76-¼
Close	71⅜B	70¼	71¾	76¾B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	28½@28⅝	43⅞@43-⅞	$14.60
High	28⅞	44	14.65
Low	28⅜-½	43⅜	14.55-14.57
Close	28½-⅝	44	14.62

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 28.—Cattle: Receipts, 5000; steers, shade easier; butchers' stock, slow; good to prime steers, $5.35@6.00; poor to medium, $4.25@5.25; stockers and feeders, $3.55@5.10; cows, $3.00@4.70; heifers, $3.10@5.00; canners, $2.35@3.00; bulls, $3.00@4.40; calves, $4.00@6.25; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.40; Texas bulls, $2.75@3.90. Hogs receipts today, 24,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 1255; 5c higher; active; top, $5.10; mixed and butchers, $5.05@5.90; good to choice heavy, $5.75@5.90; rough heavy, $5.60@5.70; light, $5.55@5.82½; bulk of sales, $5.75@5.85. Sheep receipts, 14,000; steady; lambs, weak; good to choice wethers, $4.30@4.55; fair to choice mixed, $4.10@4.35; Western sheep, $4.35@4.55; Texas sheep, $4.50@4.75; native lambs, $4.25@5.65; Western lambs, $5.00@5.65. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 25,086; hogs, 42,607; sheep, 25,349. Shipments—Cattle, 7227; hogs, 7905; sheep, 3907.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report market opened moderately active, but developed indications of strength in demand from all sources. Buying was general in all branches of the market at firm prices. Horses of all grades were large enough to readily furnish the request. Values:

Drafters, extra	$145@185
Drafters, choice	135@145
Farm mares extra	115@120
Farm mares, choice	100@115
Farm mares, common to good	65@ 85
Mules	115@145

NEW MERGER.

American Linseed and Union Lead and Oil Companies.

Regarding the proposed merger of the American Linseed company in the Union Lead and Oil company, President Guy G. Major, of the first named company, says that he has no doubt that the necessary two-thirds of the stock of his company would be deposited before June 5, in exchange for the stock of the Union Lead and Oil company. "Our stockholders," said Mr. Major, "perfectly understand the reasons that have impelled us to make this recommendation, and they can easily see that it is greatly to their advantage to have the consolidation carried out.

"The reasons are," said Mr. Major, "that when our company was organized, a little more than three years ago, we expected to do a business of about ten to twelve million dollars a year. We had $5,000,000 of working capital, but at the end of the first year we found that it amounted to about $20,000,000. It had been profitable enough, and there was evident room for expansion. But the supply of flaxseed was seriously deficient in quantity, and the price went to a high figure and it was necessary for us to double our working capital.

"Besides we had to rebuild several of our mills, and increase our elevator service and tank equipment. We were enabled to do this by making a loan on fairly favorable terms, but at the same time the new Bailey Dutch process of manufacturing white lead was brought to undoubted perfection. I saw at once that it meant a revolution in the white lead business, and that there was no way to obtain results for our oil business without going into the white lead field, and by so doing to combine, without material increase of cost, our own selling facilities with those of a white lead company. This meant a call for vastly increased capital.

"Meanwhile the Union Lead and Oil company had been organized and had acquired important mining properties. A combination of interests was suggested under conditions which gave us the advantage of the new Bailey Dutch process, enabled us to expand our own business in the direction indicated and enabled our stock to earn profits from the manufacture of white lead. The truth is that the white lead business and the linseed oil business are so closely related, that it is foolish to go into the one enterprise without the other. We manufacture our white lead at a cost of about $5 a ton under the new Bailey Dutch process, while it costs under any other process $14 to $18 a ton. I take it, therefore, that we can sell our product cheaper than anybody else."

Weare Commission Co

Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds.

Old Colony Building. Chicago.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

428 West Superior St. (Spalding Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.

Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,

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CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Tuesday, May 28:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. **Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Pt. cldy	80	50	0
Crookston	Clear	80	48	0
Detroit Lake	Clear	80	48	0
Grand Meadow	Pt. cldy	84	44	0
Montevideo	Pt. cldy	86	40	0
Minneapolis	Clear	78	46	0
New Ulm	Clear	78	48	0
Winnebago City	Clear	80	56	0
Worthington	Clear	74	46	0
Devil's Lake	Clear	80	54	0
Langdon	Clear	80	42	0
Larimore	Clear	86	46	0
Lisbon	Clear	82	42	0
Pembina	Clear	88	46	0
Moorhead	Clear	84	54	0
Millbank	Clear	84	44	0
Mitchell	Clear	84	44	0
Redfield	Clear	82	48	0
Bismarck	Clear	88	58	0
Duluth	Clear	60	46	0
Huron	Clear	84	48	0
La Crosse	Clear	80	50	0
Moorhead	Clear	84	54	0
St. Paul	Clear	80	48	0
Winnipeg	Clear	86	48	0

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. **Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	23	66	48	.10
Columbus	18	66	50	.62
Des Moines	14	78	60	0
Indianapolis	21	80	60	.68
Kansas City	21	80	50	0
Louisville	17	60	48	.04
Minneapolis	18	84	48	0
Omaha	11	80	48	0
St. Louis	13	70	50	.08

REMARKS.

Light to heavy rains fell over Eastern Missouri, Southern Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky; warmer weather prevails in the Northwest.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

AS BEFORE.

Treasury Officials Will Make No Change In Philippine Duties.

Washington, May 28.—The treasury officials discussed with much interest today, the supreme court decisions yesterday in the insular cases, and the conclusion has been reached that nothing in these decisions is conclusive upon the government to change its administration of the custom laws as to the Philippine islands and, therefore, duties will continue to be collected on imports from the islands as heretofore, and until the court has decided that the islands are in the same situation in respect to the United States as Porto Rico.

HEADQUARTERS.

Buffalo Selected By the United Switchmen.

Milwaukee, May 28.—Buffalo, N. Y., has been selected as the permanent headquarters of the United Switchmen of North America, and the Switchmen's Journal now published at Omaha, will shortly be removed from that city to Buffalo. The convention has just about completed a revision of the constitution, the main feature of which is a clause making it compulsory for all members to take out life insurance in the order in either a $900 or $1200 class.

The convention expects to complete its work tomorrow.

LOADED WITH CHAINS.

Body Found Believed to Be That of Romagnoli.

Berlin, May 28.—The Lokal Anzeiger reports, on the authority of its Buda Pest correspondent, that there has just been taken from the river Danube near that city a dead body heavily loaded with chains, which the Hungarian police firmly believe to be that of Romagnoli, the anarchist reported to have been sent from America to murder the German emperor. The police of every country in Europe and America have been notified of the discovery.

SATISFACTION

Will the Government of Morocco Give France.

Paris, May 28.—The government of Morocco has agreed to give France full satisfaction for the murder of Paul Poset, a wealthy planter, who with his son-in-law, was murdered by pirates while on a shooting expedition off the Riff coast, in April last, at which time his two daughters were carried off. Morocco will also settle all pending questions affecting Algeria. A Moroccan minister has started for Tangier to see that the agreed conditions are carried out.

BRITISH CRUISER ASHORE.

London, May 28.—The British third-class cruiser Pegasus is stranded off Graine Spit, outside of Sherness. Tugs have failed to tow her off. She is being lightered and it is hoped she will float at the next high tide.

TRADING IN STOCKS

Was Dull During the Greater Part of the Session.

The Tobaccos Fluctuated Widely, With a Yielding Tone.

Closing Was Heavy With Prices Below the High Point.

New York, May 28.—The only active interest in the opening trade of the market was in the Tobacco stocks. American Tobacco jumped 2¾ on the fuller comprehension of the Porto Rico decisions. Continental sold at 66½ to 66¾ compared with 66¼ last night. The Readings were inclined to be heavy on a statement of poor April earnings. Southern Railway preferred lost nearly a point and Lackawanna was up a point.

Moderate buying of some of the low priced stocks imparted a firmer tone. Atchison, Amalgamated Copper and Union Pacific also gained a point each. Anthracite coal road stocks were pressed for sale when the Readings drooped. New Jersey Central declining 1¾ and Lackawanna 1½. The Reading's losses extended to 1¾ in first preferred, but the group was supported later and recovered somewhat. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville was active and 2¾ higher. American Car and Foundry advanced 2¾ and Standard Rope and Twine ⅞. The American Car and Foundry preferred stock improved 3¾. Tobaccos fluctuated widely with a yielding tendency. American Tobacco ran off 2 points from the highest and recovered half of the break, while Continental moved up to 67 and fell back below 66. American Snuff preferred lost a point. The general market was intensely dull but without any indications of weakness.

The Wabash and Kansas & Texas stocks made improvements of over a point before midday. Sugar was marked up to 147¼ and Chicago Union Traction gained 1⅜. Meanwhile the Tobaccos were drooping steadily and their heaviness caused a later sagging of prices all around. Sugar dipped 2¾, Metropolitan 1½, American Car a point, and the preferred 1¼. The general market was neglected. Bonds were irregular. Wabash debentures rose above 68 on heavy transactions and Standard Rope 6s were up 3 points at one period.

There were various independent upward movements, extending in Consolidated Gas to 6, General Electric 1¾, Des Moines & Fort Dodge 4½ and Hocking Valley, Pullman, the Baltimore & Ohio stocks, Brooklyn Transit, and Denver & Rio Grande, preferred, a point or over. Other stocks, meanwhile, were yielding their highest prices and the market became very dull again. The closing was without animation and heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., 100 Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks.	High.	Low.	Close. May 28.	Close. May 27.
American Ice	37⅜	36¾	36⅞	36¾
Amal. Copper	116⅜	114¾	115⅞	114¾
Ana. M. Co.	49⅝	48¾	49¼	49
Am. Tobacco	139½	138⅝	138	136⅝
Atchison	77	75⅞	76½	77¾
do pfd	98¾	97¾	98	97
B. & O.	103¾	102½	102¾	101¼
Brook. R. T.	76¾	75⅜	76⅛	75¼
Cont. Tobacco	68	65	67¾	66
Col. Southern	15¼	14⅞	14⅞	14½
Col. F. & I.	93	92½	93¼	92¼
D. & H.	168	163	167	162¾
D., L. & W.	244	239	240	229¼
Erie	41¾	40¼	40⅝	40⅝
G. Nort'n, pfd	178	176	178	177½
Hocking Valley	54	53	52⅝	52⅜
Ill. Central	139	135	135½	134½
L. & Nash.	102¾	102¼	102⅝	102
Leather	14¼	13⅞	14	14
do pfd	79¼	79⅛	79	78¾
Manhat'n Con.	114½	114	114	113⅝
Mo. Pacific	107¼	106¼	106¾	105⅝
N. P.	....	....	140	180
do pfd	....	....	97¼	97¼
N. Y. C.	151⅝	149¾	150¾	149
Nat. Biscuit	45	45	45	44
N. W.	196	196	195	195
Ont. & West.	33¼	32¾	32⅞	32⅝
Pacific Mail	35½	35⅛	34	34¼
People's Gas	114¼	113⅞	114	113½
Rep. Iron & S.	19	18⅜	18½	18½
Reading	42⅝	41½	42½	42¼
Rock Island	153	152¼	152	152¾
Southern Ry.	29¼	28⅞	29	29¼
South. Pacific	48¼	47¾	47⅞	47
Sug. Refinery	147½	145¼	145¾	146
St. Paul	159⅝	158¼	159½	158½
T. C. & I.	....	....	75¼	75
Union Pacific	103	99¼	102¾	87½
do pfd	88¾	87½	88½	80
U. S. Stee'	44½	42⅜	44⅜	43⅝
do pfd	96⅞	94½	96⅜	93⅝
Western Union	92	91¼	92	91¼

AGREED TO SETTLE.

English Northern Pacific Shorts May Pay 153.

London, May 28.—Rumors were current on the stock exchange today that the Morgans and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have finally agreed to settle with the Northern Pacific shorts at 153 which is the figure previously suggested. Inquiries made by a representative of the Associated Press lead to belief that this solution will be adopted, though it is not yet actually consummated. J. P. Morgan, Jr., said:

"We can say nothing about the Northern Pacific situation. We do not know definitely what will be done.

"However, a more hopeful feeling prevailed, and it was generally believed that all serious consequences of Northern Pacific squeeze would be averted by a settlement either at 153 or figures thereabouts, thus enabling the stock exchange committee for general purposes to abrogate the suspension of buying in."

Mr. Morgan was busy at his desk in his London office all the morning. It is not yet decided when he will sail for America.

Mr. Morgan, Jr., was questioned regarding the Copenhagen dispatch to the London Daily Express, saying that his father was negotiating for the control of the United States Steamship company of Denmark. He said:

"Really, these rumors are too absurd. We acted as brokers in one shipping deal, and ever since that matter the papers have persisted in attributing to us a desire to buy up every steamship line in the world. We are tired of denying such nonsense."

New York, May 28.—Kuhn, Loeb & Co. will settle with the Northern Pacific shorts in London at 150, the same figure at which an adjustment was effected here. Otto Kuhn, speaking in behalf of the firm today said to a reporter of the Associated Press:

"We have by cable directed our London agents and the brokers there, who represented us to settle with all persons who are short of Northern Pacific and honestly unable to deliver the stock at 150. Settlement upon that basis is now in progress."

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 28.—Cotton opened easy, 2 to 5 points lower, under heavy selling for both accounts and absence of substantial support. Despite our rise of some 20 points during the English holidays, Liverpool indicated a bare 3 to 3½ points advance, most of which was lost before our opening. The first wave of selling in the local pit carried July off to 781; August to 733 and October to 704. A hasty turn for profits soon sent prices up 6 to 9 points, after which the market followed a comparatively narrow, though irregular course. Within the first hour July had stiffened to 790, August to 740 and October to 710. A slight reaction from this rally later gave way to another upward movement of several points on covering and investment buying.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 8¼c; middling gulf, 8¼c; sales, 222 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. June, 7.74; July, 7.77; August, 7.30; September, 7.03; November, 7.07; December, 7.00; January, 7.02; February, 7.03.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	13	14
Allouez	3½	3½
Anaconda	49½	50
Arcadian	16½	17
Amalgamated	116	....
Arnold	2½	3
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	30½	31
Baltic	41	43
Bingham	23½	23½
Boston and Montana	441	442
Butte and Boston	110¾	111
Calumet and Hecla	822	827
Centennial	27¼	28¼
Centennial Eureka	28½	30
Copper Range	48	49
Cochita	6¼	6¾
Dominion Coal	35	35½
Elm River	4	4½
Franklin	17	18
Humboldt	30	50
Isle Royale	45	46
Mass	15¾	16½
Michigan	6¾	7½
Mohawk	36½	37
Mayflower	1½	2½
Old Colony	3	4
Old Dominion	32¾	32¾
Osceola	84½	85½
Parrot	53½	54
Quincy	168	175
Rhode Island	2¾	4½
Santa Fe	7	7½
Tamarack	328	335
Tecumseh	2	2½
Tri-Mountain	46	47
Trinity	30½	31½
Utah	29½	29½
United States	18	19
Victoria	4¼	4½
Winona	2⅞	3
Wolverine	56	57
Washington	25	50
Wyandot	1½	..

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, May 28.—Consols for money, 93⅞; for the account, 93 15-16.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 28.—Money on call easy at 3½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83¾@4.83⅞ for demand and $4.85@4.85¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.84¾. Silver certificates, nominally, 66c; bar silver, 58¾; Mexican dollars, 45¾c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¾; 3s registered and coupon, $1.08; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.38; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.13½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.03¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 28.—Bank clearings, $26,948,448; balances, $1,404,026; posted exchange, $4.85¼@4.89; New York exchange, 25c premium.

CROKER'S HORSES.

Won Two Races at Hurst Park Club.

London, May 28.—Richard Croker's Viper (J. Reiff) won the all-maiden plate at the Hurst Park club Whitsuntide today.

Murray Griffith's Simon Glover (J. Reiff) won the Holiday handicap. Blue Diamond, owned by E. Foster, was second, and A. M. Singer's O'Donovan Rossa (Maher) finished third. Thirteen horses ran.

Mr. Croker's Minnie Dee, beat Mr. Ascot's Ecoles in the race for hte Durham plate.

SENATORS TO CONFER.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 28.—Senators Quay and Penrose reached Harrisburg this afternoon from Washington to confer with leaders of the senate and house on legislative matters. It is expected that the date of final adjournment will be fixed for June 27, and hat the bill calling a constitutional convention will be pushed.

H. WITT GREEN DEAD.

Louisville, Ky., May 28.—H. Witt Green, of this city, who last March was appointed secretary of United States legation to Guatemala, died here today. He had never been able to leave for his post.

IN CHICAGO

Chicago, May 28.—Butter, weak; dairies, 14@16c; creameries, 14@15c. Cheese, firm; young Americas, 10@10½c; cheddars, 9½c. Eggs, strong; loss off, cases returned, 11¼c.

Store will close Thursday at 12:30.

Supply Your Decoration Day Needs In

Footwear

Tomorrow at Special Low Prices.

Oxfords.

Ladies' Oxfords—hand turn and welt sewed—tomorrow—

$2.00 a pair

Slippers.

Special bargains in Children's Slippers—misses' and children's sizes—8½ to 2—

98c a pair

Children's Red Shoes and Slippers. Patent Leather Shoes for the little, as well as for grown folks.

Wieland Shoe Co.

123 W. Superior St.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Belief That Schooner Lost Off Sheboygan Was the Rand.

The Description Fits and Nothing Has Been Heard of Her.

Escanaba Ore Is a Scarce Commodity at Cleveland.

Racine, Wis., May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is a belief here that the vessel lost off Sheboygan during the storm is the schooner Rand of Racine, commanded by Capt. Jefferson. The description of the wreck tallies with the Rand and no tidings have been received of the Rand since the storm.

The crew of the Rand consisted of Capt. Ralph Jefferson, Racine; Frank Seebert, Sheboygan; Harry Lucas, Milwaukee; Miss Daisy Jefferson, the 27-year-old daughter of Capt. Jefferson, accompanied her father, and all probably are lost. Mrs. Jefferson said today she had no doubt that her husband crew had been drowned as she had word from him that he was to leave Coyne, Mich, with hardwood slabs, a day before the storm.

RATES FOR WHEAT.

Chicago, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—For wheat cargoes in the south branch, 1¾ cents was offered today. There was some corn on the market at 1½ cents in the north branch. Four or five ships will be placed at these figures.

ESCANABA ORE SCARCE.

Cleveland, May 28.—(Special to The Herald)—Escanaba ore is the only scarce commodity in the Cleveland freight market, but it is fortunate for the shippers that few vessels are offered for that port. Plenty of ore is to be moved from the head of Lake Superior and is to be had at 80 cents. The market was weak as regards coal for head of Lake Superior, but the number of vessels offered for that trade is reduced today.

FIRE ON THE HENNEPIN.

Mackinaw City, Mich., May 28.—The steamer Hennepin of the Soo line, bound from Buffalo to Gladstone with a cargo of general merchandise for the Northwest, was on fire in Lake Michigan for eight hours yesterday morning, and was only saved from complete destruction by the assistance rendered by the steamer Cuba who went to her aid. The extent of the damage done the Hennepin and her cargo cannot be retermined until the cargo is broken out when she arrives at her destination. It is believed that it will be very heavy for the general merchandise is easily affected by smoke and water. The repairs on the steamer will probably be large.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Arabia, 9 last night; Clinton, Pope, 3 a. m.; Wallula, 4; Castalia, Rappahannock, Pretoria, 7:50; Saxon, 8:10; John Owen, 10.

Up yesterday: Morse, 11:40; McDougall, 12:30 p. m.; J. B. Ketcham, 1:10; Craig, 2:30; Toltec, Zapotec, 3:10; Raleigh, Tokio, 3:30; Glengarry, Minnedosa, 4; Northern Wave, 7. Down: New Orleans, 12:30 a. m.; Helena, Neshoto, 1; Denver, 5:40; Hutchinson, 7:20; Harvey Brown, 8:30; Orion, 8:40; Wolvin, 9:30; Corsica, 8; Thomas 10; Williams, 10:30; Fairbairn, 11; Neptune, 11:30; Argeline, noon; Pioneer, 12:40 p. m.; Stafford, McWilliams, 1; Louisiana, Japan, 1:20; Jupiter, Ira Owen, McLachlan, 3:30; Mariska, Marcia, Russell, 3:50; Iron Duke, Case, 4; Empire City, 5:30; Briton, Vulcan, 6:40; Argo and consort, 8:20.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Houghton, 10:40 last night; Mohawk, 11; Curry, two Parkers, 11:20; William Brown, 12:30 a. m.; Mallet-on, Marsala, 2:20; Edenborn, 2:40; Matafa, whaleback, 4:30; Manualoa, Manilla, Portage, 5:30; Seattle, 6; Ends 7; Rensselaer, whaleback, Scranton, 8:30; Rome, 9; Lockwood, Italia, Amazon, 10; Mitchell, Chickamauga, 11. Down: Nelson, Loyalty, Aurania, 9:40 last night; Orinoco, Nestor, Mariscopa, 11:40; Bradley, Woolson, Brightie, 1 a. m.; Frontenac, 2:20; Colgate, 3:40; Whitney (steel), 5; Coffinberry, Blow, 6:30; Elwood, Mather, Ellinmere, 6:30; Ravenscraig, 7; Rhoda Emily, Hattie, Gebharit, 8.

Up yesterday: Albright, Frick, 2 p. m.; Cormorant, Norris, 2:30; Harvard, 3; Hooper, Martha, Princeton, 5; Lafayette, 6:20; Stephenson and whaleback, 8:40; Holton, 10:40; Mohawk, 10:50; Curry, 11:40; two Parkers, 11:10 p. m. Down: Madden, Nopueboy, Mautenee, William Palmer, Maritana, Nicholas, Street, Lozen, 1 p. m.; Gates, Clyde, Reynolds, 1:30; Lindsay, Smith, Castle of Collingwood, 3; Black, 2:40; Colby, Drake, Michigan, 4; Orion, Barnes, 4:30; Birckhead, Bourke, Burton, Keweenaw, 7; Nelson, Loyalty, Aurora, 9:40; Orinoco, Nestor, Mariscopa, 11:40 p. m.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal, Peshtigo, Hancock; light, Bell, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Light, Mitchell, Mingoe, Superior; Iron King, Oglebay, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal, Castalia, Marquette; Cobb, Two Harbors. Light, Republic, Wawatam, Duluth; Centurion, Marquette.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light, Reis, Pathfinder, Hurdred Thirty-seven, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: Light, Smeaton, Gilbert, Frick, Duluth.

Huron—Cleared: Coal, Rappahannock, Duluth.

Lorain—Cleared: Light, Morse, Edenborn, Duluth.

Marquette—Arrived: Presque Isle; cleared, Frontenac, Ashtabula; Ravenscraig, Cleveland.

South Chicago—Cleared: Holden, Maia, Duluth.

Toledo—Departed: Coal, Sandusky, John Owen, Page, Duluth.

NOT THE HACKLEY.

Milwaukee, May 28.—The schooner which was wrecked off Sheboygan last week was not the C. H. Hackley, of Milwaukee. A special to the Sentinel from Boyne City says that the missing boat arrived at 6:30 o'clock last night, after having lain at a small harbor on the east shore of Lake Michigan till the storm was past. The overtur

Health and Happiness

depend on the Kidneys and Liver. If you have pains everywhere and at all times in your back, and in your head, a dull, heavy, tired sensation, you are sick and miserable—cross and unhappy.

Your pains indicate trouble—growing trouble. They may be the forerunner of Rheumatism, or Lumbago, or Diabetes, Jaundice, or Bright's Disease of the Kidneys. Statistics prove that nearly all ills originate from a disordered Liver or diseased Kidneys, or both. These much abused organs are unable to perform the work imposed upon them until they have regained their normal condition of health.

In the effort to obtain relief, don't use liniments or lotions. Rubbing the muscles and joints may temporarily ease the pain or drive it into some other part of the body. You are not curing the disease by external applications. Constitutional treatment is necessary.

Take a vegetable remedy only. Mineral remedies, that are almost universally prescribed, fail to cure, because they weaken the digestion, thus impairing instead of building up.

DR. McLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM

cures Kidneys and Liver, and tones the stomach. During the one-half century of its use it has cured hopeless cases. If you are one of the many who have become disheartened by repeated failures with other remedies, don't despair. A bottle ($1.00) will convince you that Health and Happiness can still be yours. It's purely vegetable. It's absolutely safe. At your druggist's.

Made by The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ORE RATES.

The Railway and Warehouse Commission Discusses the Matter.

St. Paul, May 28.—The railway and warehouse commission tackled the iron ore rate case this morning. It held a secret session of an hour and a half with Attorney General Douglas and Senator Clapp. The latter has been retained as counsel.

As a result of the conference it is likely that proceedings will be begun to compel the iron ore roads to file their ore rates and thus acknowledge the authority of the commission to regulate such rates. If the commission acts on the advice of the two attorneys it will bring such proceedings.

The commissioners have been disposed to let the matter drag along until the hearing, which is to take place July 9, and then to have both questions tried at once, that of the commission's authority over the ore rates, and that as to whether the rate fixed by the commission is reasonable. One is a question of law; the other a question of fact.

Messrs. Clapp and Douglas agreed, however, in advising the commission to settle the question of law first. They advised the commission to serve notice on the offending roads, directing them to file copies of their rate sheets before a certain date, or to show cause for not doing so. If they refuse, the commission can institute mandamus proceedings. This will compel a decision as to the commission's authority. That once settled, the decks will be cleared for the question of fact.

Meanwhile the roads will get their hearing before the commission. That body will probably change front to the extent of following the advice, but it will reopen the case, suspend the order of the last commission while the hearing is pending and not require the roads to concede anything.

It has not yet suspended the order, but the roads have begun to ship their ore and are disregarding the rates ordered in by the old commission. The roads have prepared for an unusually heavy output this year, and will probably ship it all under the old contract rates. The Duluth & Iron Range, it is estimated, will ship 5,000,000 tons of ore this year as against 4,000,000 last season.

The mandamus action advised by Messrs. Douglas and Clapp could have been brought any time this year. Had it been begun early, a decision could have been had from the state supreme court this spring. It will not be possible to reach it now before fall.

Absolutely Clean

In the Schlitz brewery cleanliness is carried to extremes. We do more than is necessary to be certain of doing enough.

The caldrons in which the beer is brewed are kept scrupulously clean and covered. The air in which the beer is cooled is filtered.

The barrels in which it is stored are cleaned with steam and soda, then glazed with rosin on the inside, then cleaned again. The bottles are cleaned with utmost precaution.

Still we filter the beer, then sterilize every bottle, for the slightest uncleanliness taints the whole product. It is in these ways that Schlitz beer has gained its reputation for purity, and made Milwaukee famous.

'Phone 378, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Ave., Duluth.

SCHLITZ

HERRON MARRIED.

Much Advertised Professor and Miss Rand Wed.

New York, May 28.—Announcement is made of the marriage, on Saturday night last, of Professor George D. Herron and Miss Carrie Rand, the ceremony having been performed in the apartments of Dr. Charles Brodie Patterson, of this city. The Rev. W. T. Brown, pastor of Plymouth church, Rochester, N. Y., performed the ceremony, which was extremely simple, there being no vows taken by either party. Miss Rand, prior to her marriage, devoted considerable time and money to the cause of socialism, and it is the intention of her husband and herself to devote their lives to socialism.

CABLE FLASHES.

"It is reported here," says the Copenhagen correspondent of London Daily Express, "that J. Pierpont Morgan is negotiating for the control of the Union Steamship company of Denmark."

The supreme court of Venezuela has refused to allow the exceptions taken by the New York and Bermudez Asphalt company in the lawsuit resulting from the asphalt controversy. Messrs. Quinlan and Warner, of Syracuse, are the plaintiffs in the case.

Advices received from Lord Kitchener announce that since May 20 the British columns report sixty-three Boers killed, thirty-six wounded, 267 taken prisoners and eighty-three surrendered.

The wreckage of Shamrock II was grappled up and drawn into shallow water Monday. The topmast, it develops, was sprung, but was not actually broken. So far as the divers perceive, the gaff forestay and main rigging are intact.

Lord Rosebery, when questioned by the Associated Press as to the truth of the report published in the United States, that he was to succeed the late Baron Herschell as a member of the Canadian-American high joint commission, replied that this inquiry was the first time this matter had been brought to his atetntion.

A newspaper published in Verona reports the attempted suicide of a youthful blacksmith named Pietrucci, who has confessed that he belonged to a society of anarchists and was chosen by lot to kill the emperor of Germany. He preferred suicide to making the attempt. In his confession he also divulged the names of certain of his comrades, who had been selected to kill Queen Helena, of Italy, President Loubet, of France, and the czar of Russia.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 10; Baltimore, 3.
At Detroit—Washington, 8; Detroit, 4.
At Milwaukee—Philadelphia, 8; Milwaukee, 3.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Minneapolis—St. Joseph, 5; Minneapolis, 4.
At Des Moines—Des Moines, 6; Denver, 5.
At Omaha—Omaha, 1; Colorado Springs, 0.
At St. Paul—Kansas City, 5; St. Paul, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	21	14	7	.667
Cincinnati	27	15	10	.600
Philadelphia	27	15	12	.556
Pittsburg	21	14	7	.667
Brooklyn	25	12	13	.480
Boston	23	10	13	.435
St. Louis	27	11	16	.407
Chicago	30	11	19	.367

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	27	19	8	.701
Detroit	29	18	11	.701
Washington	23	11	9	.609
Baltimore	20	11	9	.550
Boston	22	11	11	.500
Milwaukee	26	10	16	.385
Philadelphia	25	9	16	.360
Cleveland	27	8	19	.295

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	23	17	6	.739
St. Joseph	22	13	9	.591
St. Paul	22	12	10	.545
Minneapolis	21	11	10	.524
Colorado Springs	21	10	11	.476
Omaha	22	9	13	.409
Denver	21	8	13	.381
Des Moines	22	7	15	.318

New Service to St. Louis—Via "The Milwaukee" Line.

Commencing Sunday, May 19, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul will inaugurate through sleeping car service between the Twin Cities and St. Louis.

The sleeper will be carried daily on the train leaving Minneapolis 7:50 a. m. and St. Paul 8 a. m., arriving St. Louis at 7 o'clock the following morning.

The route is via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Iowa Central and Wabash railways, making a very direct line—passing through a very interesting portion of the country.

COMMERCE OF JAPAN

Report By the Swiss Consul General at Yokohama.

Steady Increase In the Importations Shown Last Year.

There Was Marked Decrease In Imports of Raw Cotton.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The commerce of Japan, in which the United States is greatly interested, is discussed by the Swiss consul general at Yokohama in a report which has just reached the treasury department. It shows a steady increase in the importations of Japan in 1900 over those of the preceding year, though in the matter of raw cotton there has been a marked decrease. Japan's importations of raw cotton in 1899 were very large, and owing to the higher price in 1900 and the large stock of American cottons laid in during 1899, her imports of that single article from the United States in the nine months ending with March, 1901, have been but $1,729,580 in value, as against $11,517,968 in the corresponding months of the fiscal year 1900. As a consequence, the total figures of our exports to Japan show a material decrease, chargeable, however, almost exclusively to the single item of cotton. Even with this great reduction our total exports to Japan in the nine months for which the bureau of statistics has completed its figures of the present fiscal year are nearly $2,000,000 in excess of the corresponding months of the fiscal year 1899, though, as above observed, less than those created by the abnormal importation of American cottons in the fiscal year 1900.

The following statement of commercial conditions in Japan is taken from the report of the Swiss consul general above referred to:

"Owing to the recent political troubles, Japan's foreign trade in 1900, unlike preceding years, shows a considerable falling off. Money has been scarce, one bank after another has had to suspend payments, and the Japanese merchants, unable to find a market for ordered goods, simply break their contracts. It is reported that there are at present goods to the value of about $20,000,000 which have been ordered but not taken by Japanese merchants and manufacturers.

"The imports as compared with those of the preceding year have been higher by about $33,000,000, while the exports have been lower by $5,500,000. This means for Japan an outflow of over $40,000,000. It is hoped that after the end of the Chinese troubles, which impose upon Japan altogether excessive sacrifices, a turn to the better may take place. The total value of the foreign trade in 1900 was $243,791,000, an increase of $27,000,000 over the figures of 1899. This increase is due chiefly to the extraordinary demand for rails and other iron products, woolen cloths, sugar and petroleum. The exports show a decrease of $5,500,000, chiefly owing to the depression in the trade of raw silk, 'kaiki,' matches and cotton yarns."

The comparative figures of the foreign trade of 1899 and 1900 are as follows:

	1899.	1900.
Imports	$109,760,159	$142,095,821
Exports	107,034,589	101,695,521
Excess of imports	$ 2,725,570	$ 40,400,300

Increased imports are shown by the following classes of goods:

	1899. Yen.	1900. Yen.
Cotton yarn	4,963,326	7,041,456
Rails	455,000	4,753,372
Bar and rod iron	2,604,000	5,244,000
Machinery and engines	5,657,000	8,964,000
Other iron and steel manufactures	10,940,000	14,196,000
Indigo	2,904,000	3,903,000
Paper	1,934,000	4,445,000
Leather	1,067,000	2,085,000
Cotton piece goods	9,047,000	18,323,000
Woolen piece goods	9,078,000	17,755,000
Sugar	17,516,000	25,607,000
Kerosine	7,918,000	14,163,000
Salted fish	1,213,000	2,185,000
Coal	937,000	2,100,000
Flax and other fibers	1,245,000	1,700,000
Eggs	827,000	1,243,000

Decreased exports are shown by the following articles:

	1899. Yen.	1900. Yen.
Silk, raw	62,628,000	44,657,000
Cotton yarns	28,521,000	20,589,000
Rice	10,282,000	3,577,000
Matches	5,891,000	5,761,000
Mats for floors	3,717,000	3,310,000
Cuttle fish, fish oil, etc.	4,179,000	4,000,000

The value of a yen is 49.8 cents.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Mothers of good judgment and experience give their little ones Rocky Mountain Tea this month; keeps them well. 35 cents. Made by Madison Medicine company. Ask your druggist.

HOLE IN THE LUNGS

There are thousands of men and women, as well as ever with holes in their lungs: consumption stopped.

What did it?

Some change in way of life and Scott's emulsion of cod liver oil.

A hole in the lungs, once healed, is no worse than a too-tight waist or waistcoat. Take the emulsion and give it a chance to heal the wound.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York

Watch Out
for our famous
Red Box Trade Mark
which absolutely guarantees
a perfect smoke
WINECKE AND DOERR'S
RED BOX
GUARANTEES QUALITY
When you see the above trade mark on a box of cigars you know they're good
Progressive dealers handle our Cigars

AT CLOQUET.

Fire In Upper Yards of Northern Lumber Company.

Cloquet, Minn., May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire started this morning in the upper mill yards of the Northern Lumber company and burned fiercely. The fire department and mill hands made a hard fight to subdue the flames, and at 10:30 a. m. the fire was under control. It is estimated that about 200,000 feet of lumber has been destroyed.

The baseball game between the West Duluth and Cloquet teams resulted in a surprising victory for the latter. West Duluth simply was not in. Score, 19 to 4.

The Samaritans are expecting to have a fine time Wednesday evening. They have a large number of candidates to initiate, and are making elaborate preparations to entertain a number of brethren from Duluth.

Two vags and one solitary drunk in Justice Skemp's court Monday morning. Things seem to be very quiet and orderly in town just now.

Mrs. J. O. Peterson and family left on a visit to friends in Aitkin on Monday morning.

Mrs. Charles Holmberg paid a visit to Duluth yesterday.

J. L. Bennett, the jeweler, left suddenly last Saturday for Chicago, on receipt of a telegram announcing his father's death.

Rev. J. N. Heard left unexpectedly yesterday morning for Duluth, having ben summoned to attend the funeral of Mr. Carey, the father of our well known music teacher.

C. J. McNair, of the Northwest Paper company, was at his desk yesterday for the first time in five days. He has been very much under the weather, but is improving.

The Northwest Paper company has commenced the construction of a tramway on the north side of the river, to haul pulp from the mill on the Water Power island.

Ed Lambert has sold out his draying business to E. Irish, who has lately removed to this place from Paupore's Siding.

Professor Reed's address at the Memorial exercises in the M. E. church, Sunday evening, was highly appreciated. He closed by reciting two original poems, giving evidence that he is a poet of no mean order.

The annual meeting of the library board was held Monday evening, President Thompson in the chair, and all members present. The new building project was the principal topic of discussion.

The stone crusher started up yesterday, and now all hoboes had best give Cloquet a wide berth.

Andrew Lindquist met with an accident at Johnson-Wentworth mill yesterday morning. One foot was seriously jammed, but he will be able to resume work in a few days.

CROKER'S ABSENCE.

Villagers Suspect He Has Gone to America.

New York, May 28.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: A great mystery is made at Moat house of Mr. Croker's absence. He is reported to have left home on Saturday for a fortnight's enjoyment of the races, including Hurst park and Epsom, but the protestations were so emphatic that the villagers suspected that he had sailed for America on the St. Louis, getting off so quietly as to elude observation. He had several horses entered for the Hurst park races, where two of them were in third place Monday after being well backed.

PHILIPPINE JUDGES.

Native Officials Found to Be Incompetent.

Manilla, May 28.—The Philippine commission has begun the discussion of the bill to reorganize the courts. Concerning the criticisms of the non-appointment of native judges, Mr. Ide said the commission following its instructions, to the effect, that other things being equal, Filipinos should receive the appointments; but the Filipinos had proved incompetent from the outset. Native speakers welcomed the Anglo-Saxon judicial procedure. All the American judges were averse to the provisions making Spanish the language to be used in the courts for a period of five years, but the commission desires to avoid inconvenience to the lawyers.

DASH CHECKED.

Cape Town, May 28.—The dash of Kritzinger's invaders of Cape Colony to the south was checked at Vandoesberg by the swift movement of Gorringer's and other columns. The invaders, finding their way barred, swerved to the northeast toward Cloethe. The continued capture of horses by the British is appreciably impairing the Boers mobility.

GRIGGS PLEASED

Says Porto Rico Decision a Victory For the Administration.

It Sustains the Vital Principle of Expansion.

London Says Imperialist Policy of Administration Is Sustained.

New York, May 28.—Former Attorney General Griggs, in an interview upon the supreme court Porta Rican decisions said:

"It is a splendid victory for the administration on the vital principle of expansion. It is unnecessary for me to say that I am thoroughly satisfied with the result. It is a clear-cut victory for the government on the only really important point involved. Three distinct classes of action were involved; one protesting against the collection of tariff upon imports from Porto Rico after the date of our armed occupancy of the island and before the date of the ratification of the treaty of peace; another protesting against tariff charges on imports between the ratification and the passage of the Foraker act and a third attacking the Foraker law as unconstitutional.

"This decision scores a victory for the administration in the first of these classes and upon the all-important third.

"The anti-administration party is in the second class. That triumph is a mere matter of dollars and cents. Importers will get back the money paid in tariff between the ratification and the passage of the Foraker act. Importers who paid without protesting will not get their money back.

"The court decides that the Foraker act is constitutional; that this country has the legal right to govern its new possessions as territories, to make special laws for them and to tax their products. This has been the contention of the administration from the very start. It was the principal issue in the last campaign for president. Porto Rican legislation was selected by Mr. Bryan as the main point of attack in his Indianapolis speech. The decision puts a quietus upon that sort of thing and takes the matter out of politics for al time.

"The decision is final. There can be no appeal. The decision will not hurt Porto Rican trade in the least."

Secretary Root is quoted in a Washington dispatch to the Tribune as saying of the supreme court decisions in the insular cases:

"Unquestionably the decision of the court sustains the contentions, theories and the policy adopted by the administration in conducting the affairs of the Spanish islands since the ratification of the Paris treaty. The upholding of the Foraker act signifies that congress has the power to legislate without being limited by the provisional contingencies of the constitution. For instance, the constitutional provision setting forth that uniform duties must be collected does not apply to the islands. The general result of the decision is certainly very gratifying.

"Of course, this will be some little embarrassment caused by the holding that no duties can be collected, except by congressional legislation, but it will be only a temporary embarrassment."

A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: More or less contradictory accounts have been received here of the decision of the United States supreme court. The Standard considers that America can now govern her conquests as wholly separate territory, while the Daily Graphic takes the view that the supreme court has given its sanction to "the imperialist policy of the McKinley administration."

The Post's dispatch from Washington holds that the court has decided that "imperialism" is contrary to the constitution.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

William H. Hazen, chief agent of the United States secret service bureau, with headquarters in New York, has tendered his resignation to the government, to take effect on June 12.

An explosion of mine dust occurred in the new Richland coal mine of the Dayton Coal and Iron company at 5 o'clock Monday afternoon and the dead bodies of twelve white miners have been taken from the outer drift. Five more are known to be dead. It is stated that thirty-five men were at work in the mine, all white, and it is feared all have perished.

The Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern strike, involving about 300 men, was declared off Monday, and the men who have not found other employment will return to work at once. The strike was caused by the introduction of the piece work system, which is not referred to in the terms of settlement.

A Great Northern freight train collided with a dynamite car at Tacoma Monday. The engine and entire train were totally destroyed.

A man giving the name of H. C. Winter was arrested Monday on suspicion of having been implicated in the Mineral Point bank robbery on Friday night last. Winter had $35 on his person when found, but absolutely refused to give any information about himself. He was arrested in the woods, near the city, and it is supposed was after hidden wealth.

A dispatch from Union, B. C., says the steamer Kinghurst is on the rocks, off Derman Island, in the Gulf of Georgia. The Kinghurst is a new steamer, and was built for the trade from Cape Nome to adjacent points. She sailed from Port Townsend Saturday morning, in command of Capt. Davis.

The Diamond Jo packet, Dubuque, southbound, struck a rock eighteen miles north of Burlington, Monday night and sank in five feet of water. There were fifty passengers on board, but all were saved without serious injuries.

James Post and his nephew were burned to death, and Mrs. Post, the mother of one of the victims, was very badly burned at Havelock, Ont., and she may not recover, in a fire Monday in their residence.

Little progress was made toward terminating the Rapid Transit tunnel strike at the conference held Monday. When the conference adjourned it was the understanding that the situation had grown more difficult.

A dime buys Jap Rose.

A dollar can buy nothing better.

A transparent soap of vegetable oil and glycerin, perfumed with roses.

Can soap be any finer?

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] Soap

Made by Kirk, as the utmost result of 62 years spent in soap making.

Made of the finest materials, without regard to their cost.

Worth a quarter--costs a dime.

LAKE SHORES

Pan-American Exposition

Buffalo, N. Y., May 1 to Nov. 1.

In its court settings, architectural, fountain and electrical effects, sculptural adornment, horticultural and floral embelishment, and color decorations this exposition will surpass all others.

To enjoy its charms, with the added attraction of Niagara Falls will be a most delightful privilege.

As the only double track railway from the West to Buffalo (meaning greater safety and dispatch in traveling) and by reason of its furnishing the most complete and frequent service of any line, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern with its eight through trains daily, including the only daylight train, will prove the most desirable route for exposition travel.

In making it your choice you will travel well. It takes you through the richest and fairest portion of the Middle States, including the beautiful Western Reserve country with nearly 300 miles of ride along the picturesque south shore of Lake Erie.

All tickets over this route afford use of steamers either way between Cleveland and Buffalo, also stop at Chautauqua on return trip within limit of ticket.

"Book of Trains" containing full information about Lake Shore service free on application to F. M. BYRON, G. W. A., Chicago.

The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 767—Zenith

212 W. Superior St

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS."
BE WISE AND USE

SAPOLIO

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

A Choice $9000 Deal Netting 9 Per Cent Per Annum.

Well located, perfect condition. Will loan $5000 on it, thus making equity net fourteen per cent per annum.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Real Estate, Loans and Investments.

EN ROUTE.

Presidential Party Making Satisfactory Progress Towards Home.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, May 28.—President McKinley and party reached Omaha today at 7:30 a. m. A cheer went up from the crowd at the depot as the president appeared upon the rear platform of his car. A beautiful wreath of American Beauty roses was given to President McKinley for Mrs. McKinley.

Mrs. McKinley had a comfortable night and she is gaining in strength. The president is much encouraged. Before leaving Omaha the president sent for the engineer and train crew and personally thanked them for the pleasant run over the Union Pacific. A short stop was made here, where the train passed to the tracks of the Chicago & Northwestern.

LUCKY MAN.

Bought Texas Land For $200 and Sold For $665,000.

Austin, Texas, May 28.—Of the many fortunes that have been made in the Beaumont oil field none quite equal in magnitude that which has come to J. N. Page, who has lived for many years in the little town of Georgetown, twenty miles north of Austin. Mr. Page has been a hard-working man all his life. He is now of middle age, and has a wife and several children, who will enjoy his great fortune with him.

About two years ago an acquaintance of Mr. Page wrote him informing him that he owned a tract of fifteen acres of land situated about four miles south of Beaumont, which he desired to sell as he needed money. Mr. Page had a few hundred dollars saved, and he bought the land, paying less than $200 for the whole tract. He gave but little further thought to his purchase, having determined to hold the little piece of land for his children.

When the great Lucas gusher was "brought in" Mr. Page began receiving offers for his land. He went to Beaumont and found that the tract was on Spindle Top Heights, in the very heart of the proved oil district. Later developments have proved conclusively that there is oil under every foot of the land, as it is now almost surrounded by flowing oil wells. Land values went up with lightning rapidity, and still Mr. Page declined to sell. He held against all offers until ten days ago, when he sold one acre for $65,000.

Last Saturday he sold the remaining fourteen acres of the tract for $600,000.

The purchaser of the fourteen acres is a syndicate in which former Governor J. S. Hogg is largely interested. Governor Hogg says that it is the intention of the company to put down a number of wells on the land and to build and operate a great system of pipe lines, which will probably include Dallas, Galveston, Austin, Houston and other cities of the state in its ramifications. It is also the intention of thes syndicate to pipe the oil to the new Birmingham iron fields and use it in the smelting of iron ore.

Mr. Page, who is now the possessor of so much wealth, returned to his home at Georgetown and was given a warm welcome by his fellow-citizens of that town. He has not formed his plans for the future.

CORPSE WAS FINED

By the Mayor For Not Being Dead.

Hundred, W. Va., May 28.—Last Friday morning John McComas, a druggist, was called from his home to the store. On his way he stumbled over what appeared to be a dead body. McComas, to call aid, rang the fire bell, and soon had the entire community on hand. The body was carried to the front porch of David Franklin's store, where it was viewed by hundreds, but no once could recognize the man. His team and buggy were found near where the body was picked up, and they too were strange. Coroner Henry Kellar was soon on the scene and impaneled a jury, consisting of Foreman W. H. Lee, John McComas, John Brooks, Alexander Van Horn, Wood Hamilton and Donald Franklin. Drs. Kern and Cole viewed the body, and from a superficial examination decided that the man had evidently left his carriage because of illness and died of heart failure. The jury examined the body and found no marks, and gave a verdict according to the doctors' views, giving the unknown the name of John Doe. Doe was carried to the morgue to await identification. When comfortably placed on a big couch the supposed dead man rose to a sitting position and in a loud voice began to sing, "Praise God, from whom all blessings flow."

The mayor, who is also the coroner, felt outraged at this performance, hauled the fellow to court and fined him $5 and costs for disturbing the peace, declaring his belief that the coroner's costs ought to be added. At 7:30 the stranger paid up, boarded his buggy and drove out of town. He still refused to tell his name.

CONFUSING JUDGMENT.

So English Papers Characterize Insular Decision.

London, May 28.—The London newspapers have paid scant attention to the decision of the United States supreme court in the insular cases. The few comments made deal principally with the "confusing nature of the judgment. It is, however, agreed that the practical result is obvious—that it leaves congress free to deal with the annexed territories as it pleases.

The St. James Gazette says: "It is one of those legal fictions which had so much to do with the development of our own institutions. It is certainly a convenient judgment for President McKinley's government and probably will clear away many difficulties bequeathed to American statesmen by the Spanish war.

EIGHT-HOUR-DAY.

Resolution Passed By International Miners' Conference.

London, May 28.—The international miners' conference now in session in London and which is attended by many continental delegates, passed a resolution today in favor of a universal 8-hour day. The chairman, William Abraham, M. P., expressed the belief that parliament will pass an 8-hour law in 1902.

M. Cotte, delegate of the French miners said that if the 8-hour bill now before the chamber of deputies did not progress rapidly that the French miners were prepared to declare a general strike.

KINDRED SCORCHED.

Bad Fire In a North Dakota Town.

Kindred, N. D., May 28.—Fire here early this morning destroyed twenty-two buildings at a loss of $100,000 with less than one-third insurance. Nearly all the buildings in three business blocks were burned.

KILLED BY TRAMPS.

Son of Policeman Shot at Carrollton.

Carrollton, Mo., May 28.—Charles McKinney, son of a policeman was killed today while assisting his father in arresting a gang of tramps. Three were placed in jail. Half a dozen others escaped and were pursued by the sheriff and posse and finally surrounded. After a lively fight in which many shots were exchanged and the sheriff's horse was killed, two of the tramps were captured. The rest escaped.

SIGNED AGREEMENT.

Rochester, N. Y., May 28.—The Otis Elevator company, with a dozen or more branch establishments in various cities throughout the country including Rochester, has signed the new agreement submitted by the machinists, and the men will go back next Monday.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

EAST END LOTS.

$250—For a lot near the Normal school.
$400—For a lot on Center street.
$400—For a lot on Jefferson street.
$1200—For a corner lot on London road.
$1500—For a lot on East Superior street.
$700—For a lot on Fourth street.
$750—For a lot on Third street.

These lots are all 50x140 feet. Easy terms can be made if desired. For sale by

George H. Crosby,
106 Providence Building.

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.
50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.
Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

GOVERNMENT LAND!

We have some fine farming locations on line of new railway. Spruce and meadow. Minutes guaranteed.

McGINNIS & BULL,
526 and 527 MANHATTAN BLDG.

The Climax Building & Loan Association

Loans money on Duluth house and lot security for three or five years at 6 per cent interest. No commission.

Pays investors 5 per cent per annum dividends in cash.

Pays depositors 3 and 4 per cent interest.

Any amounts from $1 up received at any time.

Office No. 2 First Av. W., Hunter Blk
CHAN SMITH, Sec'y.

SUBURBAN LAND WANTED!

A tract of about 20 acres for house lot development. Must be on line of electric cars, preferably on 3c line. In describing, state acreage price.
WALTER B. PERKINS,
57 Fairfield Ave., Bridgeport, Conn.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

FLAT—SEVEN ROOMS — STEAM heat; appointments first class.

STORE ROOM—BEST LOCATION on Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BUSINESS or residence property. Any amount and lowest rates.

FIRE INSURANCE CAREFULLY written in best companies.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

We are Selling Lots

fast on 23rd and 24th avenues west on 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th streets, and have a few left which are for sale at lower prices than they have been offered for 10 years. Terms very easy.

MONEY to loan on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

HERE YOU ARE!

A fine 8-room modern house on upper corner in East End—must be sold. Come and see us at once.

A. C. VOLK & Co.
202 Palladio Building.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

4½% 5% 5½%
Money to Loan.
Fire Insurance.
Employers' Liability Insurance.
General Agents Travelers' Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Fire Insurance Written.
Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

For Sale
WEST END.

$600—5-room house West 1st street.
$800—5-room house West 1st street.
$1200—6-room house West 2nd street.
$1200—7-room house West 1st street.
$1350—8-room house West 2nd street.
$1800—7-room house West 3rd street.
$1850—6-room house West 4th street.
$1000—50-foot lot on West Michigan st.
$1250—50-foot lot on West 3rd street.
$350—25-foot lot near West 3rd st.

FOR RENT.

Building on Michigan street, 3 stories and basement, heavy construction; has elevator and boiler for heat and power—suitable for manufacturing or commission. Small building on West Michigan street, near Garfield avenue; store room on street level, and rooms above, $12 per month. Modern residence, 1429 East Second street—nine rooms and bath, hardwood finish, hot water heat; gas and electric lights and city water, $40 per month.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$1500 9-room house, city water, fine condition; Piedmont ave., near Fourth street.
$3750—strictly modern 9-room house, centrally located; this is a bargain.
Four choice corners at 28th ave. west, $450—Lots fronting Lincoln Park, on 26th avenue west, near 3rd street.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANOS MANUFACTURERS' CLOSing out sale. This stock of pianos and organs must be sold at one-half price or less to get rid of them:
$300 pianos closing out price, $100.
$300 pianos closing out price, $150.
$400 pianos closing out price, $195.
Monthly payments with 8 per cent interest on balance. Organs $20 upwards. Geo. W. Tietz, 2 Columbus block, over Stack's. Open evenings.

GOOD SQUARE PIANO, $55; $7 CASH and $4 a month. French & Bassett.

PLANTS

For the house, garden, window box and cemetery; also vegetable plants, at Lindsay's New Greenhouses, Lester Park bridge.
Car Fare both ways on every dollar purchase.

A SNAP—$400 WILL PURCHASE GOOD-paying restaurant on Superior street. Duluth Purchasing Agency, 309 Palladio building.

UPRIGHT PIANO, $88.50; THOROUGHly repaired and case refinished; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WE BRING TOGETHER, either in person or by correspondence, sellers and buyers of business opportunities.

Only high grade, clean, legitimate deals undertaken. No publicity.

If you want to sell your business;
If you want a partner with capital;

If you want to buy an established business;

If you want to buy or sell a stock of goods, etc.;

Address or call on
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
309 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—A FINE 7 YEARS' BROWN mare, 1500 lbs; perfectly sound and fast driver, and very good worker. Have no use for her. Call 30 East First street.

KIMBALL UPRIGHT PIANO, $148; AN excellent instrument in good repair; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—THREE THOROUGHBRED Irish setter pups from prize stock, $10 each. 324 East Eighth street.

FOR SALE—ALL GOODS MUST BE sold before June 1. Temple second hand store, 211 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—1200 ACRES 52-19, $2.75 PER acre. For rent, desk room and desk. Neil McLachlan, 514 Burrows building.

CELERY AND CABBAGE PLANTS FOR sale. 50 cents per 100. Jacob Dryke, Woodland.

ORGANS, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25. VERY easy terms. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF MULES OR trade for heavy horses. Address W. W., Herald.

FOR SALE—20,000 BRICK; $5.00-M, at 2012 West First street. J. Downie.

FOR SALE—HEAVY DRAY WAGON. Inquire 619 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—FOLDING BED AND COcart. 1513 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR real estate. Tobacco and confectionery store. 10, Twentieth avenue west.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seven room flat centrally located, within walking distance of business section. For full particulars address P. O. Box 679, Duluth.

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, ALmost new, cheap. Call afternoons or evenings. 1213 East Fourth street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIvate house at East End for man and wife. Address B 84, Herald.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

PERSONAL.

CLARICE LE LONG WISHES TO CALL the attention of her patrons to the fulfillment of her prediction about the loss of the Bon Ami and Bon Voyage. These predictions have repeatedly been published in the papers by her, which prove to the people her wonderful connection with the spirit world. She is sorry that the narrow mindedness of the public should prevent them from learning the wonderful truth laid bare through her as an instrument in the power of spirit guides. One more boat she predicts will go down in 1901 bound for Duluth, the name beginning with McD. Clarice Le Long has opened her parlors at 1516 North Fourth street, West Superior.

LADIES—TRY MY MONTHLY REGUlator. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 735; office 119 W. First street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosoy, 106 Providence Bldg.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING. C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

TRAINED NURSE.

TRAINED NURSE. 327 EAST SUPErior street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

FOUND.

FOUND—METAL PURSE WITH SMALL amount of money. Smith Confection company, 207 West Superior street.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED laundry girl. Apply to Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2725 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL AT 317 FIFTH AVEnue east; small family.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL, GOOD cook. 221 Sixth avenue west.

ALL ADMIT SATIN-SKIN CREAM AND Powder are the finest toilet articles. Ten thousand testimonials mean much.

WANTED—GOOD COOK; HIGHEST wages paid. Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, 1902 East Superior street.

GIRLS! GIRLS! GIRLS!—CALL AT 225 East Superior street for good places.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, at 1914 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL OR woman by the day. Good cook. 221 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; no washing; one who can go home nights preferred. 31 West Fourth street.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings, 5302 West Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED — A COMPETENT BOOKkeeper for an out of town position. Apply in person to Davidson & McRae, Exchange building.

WANTED—FOUR SMART BOYS TO work at refreshment counter, Oatka Bench Auditorium. Apply to G. W. Alexander, manager, at Auditorium.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WHITE goods, linen and domestic salesman. Apply tomorrow, Panton & White.

WANTED—TEN BRICKLAYERS TO start work Tuesday morning on Lovejoy building, 516 Tower avenue, West Superior. Schmidt Bros.

WANTED—AN EDGERMAN AT HUBbard & Vincent.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, present complete outfit of tools, include board and guarantee good wages after only two months practice. Catalogue and particulars free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

ORDINARY MECHANICS are plentiful. You can be something better. Learn how. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 302-3 New Issues Building, Duluth. Open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

GENERAL ALL-AROUND UTILITY man wants job as porter in hotel; watchman or any kind of inside work. Address C. C., Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced seamstress in shop. Fifteen years' experience. Also position for young lady, either in store or shop. Best references. No. 731 East First street.

WANTED — GOOD SEAMSTRESS wants work by the day in shop or families. M 72, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY, washing or cleaning. 1103 East Second street. Call evenings.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED cook, a job of cooking for a small crew; wages moderate. Address J. M., Highland Park P. O., Duluth.

A SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS YOUNG man, age 24, wants work of some kind, has experience as teamster. References furnished if required. Address T 88, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

MEDICAL.

CURSE OF DRINK
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY.
If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. frauds; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED---TO BUY.

WANTED—A FEW SHARES OF CONsolidated Elevator common stock. Will pay $35. Turle & Co.

WILL BUY PINE IN ITASCA, ST. Louis and Lake counties. Mcginnis & Bull, 526 and 527 Manhattan building.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

VIOLIN, MANDOLIN, GUITAR, FLUTE, piano. Ch. Trautvetter, over BigDuluth.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

PASTURE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HORSE PASTURE AT Spirit Lake. Telephone 2660.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

GARFIELD HOUSE FOR RENT, UNdergoing repairs. Inquire Williamson, 113 Fourth street west, 8 a. m., noon, 6 p. m.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 2909 West Third street; strictly modern. J. H. Whitely, 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace; ten rooms. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms at 917 London road. No children.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room, modern conveniences, Gentlemen only. Private family. Call 1609½ West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnished, suitable for two gentlemen, with or without board. 120 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. Modern. $6. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms. 30 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished 5-room steam-heated flat, centrally located, East End, June 1 to Oct. 1. Reasonable rent. Address M. H., Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board. 119 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, SUITABLE for man and wife, water included. 329 East Seventh street.

FOR RENT — FRONT FURNISHED room. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO WELL FURNISHED rooms cheap. 1109 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM MODern. 125½ Tenth avenue east.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER. TELLS EVERYthing. 314 East Fifth street.

LOST.

LOST — GENTLEMAN'S HORSESHOE scarf pin, at Armory last night. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Herald office.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN — ONE Crawford bicycle. Report 312 Palladio or 'phone 720. Reward.

LOST—PERSONAL GRIP ON FIRST street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenue west. Return to Dibbell's livery 1925 West First street or Herald office and receive reward. Owner's name inside, W. A. Riddle.

LOST—A POCKETBOOK BELONGING to Rev. B. R. Patrick and containing some money and papers of value to the owner. If returned with the papers, the finder will be rewarded with all the money contained in it.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM WITHOUT BOARD. 725 EAST Fourth street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 75, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 3, 1901. Work, Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 27, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 12, 1901. Work, M. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 4, 1901. Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccenee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street, W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3rd st. 'Phone 1223

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. Telephone 313.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2500 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT—We buy consolidated stock, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Sup street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 PALladio building.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
1ST CLASS PASSAGE $ DAYS TO N.Y. 2ND MINN.
HIGH CLASS PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NEW GIGANTIC TWIN SCREW
BOSTON AND PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.
Perfect service and table at reasonable account of enormous size no steamer has fewer ships cross the Atlantic.
T. H. LARKE, GEN'L NORTHWESTERN AGENT.
127 50 THIRD ST. GUARANTY BLD'G MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a.m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.
STR. MABEL BRADSHAW 8 p. m.
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p. m. for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Mgr.,
2 Lyceum Bldg. Lake ave. and Canal

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.	Duluth	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.	Proctor	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar.	Iron Jctn.	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.	Wolf	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar.	Virginia	Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.	Eveleth	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.	Sparta	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar.	Biwabik	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar.	Mtn. Iron	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.	Hibbing	Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv.	Duluth	Ar 10 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar.	Virginia	Lv 7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar.	Eveleth	Lv 7:38 am
7 50 pm	Ar.	Ely	Lv 7:49 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave		Arrive
†*1 25 pm	DULUTH. ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†† 55 pm
†† 10 pm		*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	* 4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†8 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave			Arrive
† 7 00 pm	†Daily.	*Ex. Sunday.	† 8 30 am
* 8 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED	Copper Country Local.	*5 00 pm